

YARRA CITY COUNCIL

Internal Development Approvals Committee

Agenda

to be held on Wednesday 31 January 2018 at 6.30pm in Meeting Rooms 1 & 2 at the Richmond Town Hall

Rostered Councillor membership

Councillor Stephen Jolly (substitute for Cr Amanda Stone) Councillor Mi-Lin Chen Yi Mei Councillor Jackie Fristacky

I. ATTENDANCE

Amy Hodgen (Co-Ordinator Statutory Planning) Nikolas Muhllechner (Principal Planner) Cindi Johnston (Governance Officer)

- II. DECLARATIONS OF PECUNIARY INTEREST AND CONFLICT OF INTEREST
- **III. CONFIRMATION OF MINUTES**
- IV. COMMITTEE BUSINESS REPORTS

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"Welcome to the City of Yarra. Yarra City Council acknowledges the Wurundjeri as the Traditional Owners of this country, pays tribute to all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in Yarra and gives respect to the Elders past and present."



Guidelines for public participation at Internal Development Approval Committee meetings



Council provides the opportunity for members of the public to address the Internal Development Approvals Committee.

The following guidelines have been prepared to assist members of the public in presenting submissions at these meetings:

- public submissions are limited to a maximum of five (5) minutes
- where there is a common group of people wishing to make a submission on the same matter, it is recommended that a representative speaker be nominated to present the views of the group
- all public comment must be made prior to commencement of any discussion by the committee
- any person accepting the chairperson's invitation to address the meeting shall confine himself or herself to the subject under consideration
- people making submissions shall address the meeting as a whole and the meeting debate shall be conducted at the conclusion of submissions
- the provisions of these guidelines shall be made known to all intending speakers and members of the public generally prior to the commencement of each committee meeting.

For further information regarding these guidelines or presenting submissions at Committee meetings generally, please contact the Governance Branch on (03) 9205 5110.

Governance Branch 2008

1. Committee business reports

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1.2	278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - PLN17/0301 - Use of the land as a Place of Assembly (Function Centre) and a reduction in the car parking requirement	176	189
1.3	202 - 204 Johnston Street, Fitzroy VIC 3065 – Planning Permit Application No. PLN17/0228	208	222
1.4	PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicolson Street, Abbotsford - Development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition.	232	247

1.1 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington - PLN17/0040 - Development of the land for construction of a multi-storey building, use of land for dwellings and reduction in the statutory car parking requirements

Executive Summary

Purpose

1. This report provides the Internal Development Approvals Committee with an assessment of a planning application submitted for 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington. The report recommends approval of the application subject to a number of conditions.

Key Planning Considerations

- 2. Key planning considerations include:
 - (a) Land Use (Clauses 11.01, 16.01, 17.01, 21.04 and 34.01)
 - (b) Built form (Clauses 15.01, 21.05 and 22.10)
 - (c) Off-site amenity impacts (Clause 15.01 and 22.05)
 - (d) Apartment development guidelines (Clause 58)
 - (e) Car parking, bicycle parking (Clause 18.02, 21.06, 52.06 and 52.34)

Key Issues

- 3. The key issues for Council in considering the proposal relate to:
 - (a) Strategic justification
 - (b) Land use
 - (c) Built form and design
 - (d) Off-site amenity impacts
 - (e) Internal Amenity
 - (f) Sustainable design
 - (g) Car parking and bicycle facilities
 - (h) Traffic and access
 - (i) Objector concerns

Objector Concerns

- 4. 151 objections were received to the application, these can be summarised as:
 - (a) Excessive height and massing
 - (b) Inadequate setbacks
 - (c) Design incongruous with existing character
 - (d) Amenity impacts overshadowing, overlooking and visual bulk
 - (e) Poor internal amenity
 - (f) Insufficient ESD standards
 - (g) Impact on street trees
 - (h) Impact on Alphington War Memorial vista
 - (i) Insufficient parking
 - (j) Traffic impacts
 - (k) Impacts during construction

Conclusion

5. Based on the following report, the proposal is considered to comply with the relevant planning policy and should therefore be supported subject to conditions.

CONTACT TITLE: TEL:	OFFICER:	Amy Hodgen Coordinator Statutory Planning 9205 5330		
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1.1 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington - PLN17/0040 - Development of the land for construction of a multi-storey building, use of land for dwellings and reduction in the statutory car parking requirements

Trim Record Number: D18/2148 Responsible Officer: Manager Statutory Planning

Proposal:	Development of the land for construction of a multi-storey building, use of land for dwellings and reduction in the statutory car parking requirements
Existing use:	Restricted Retail tenancies
Applicant:	Aleks Nominees Pty Ltd & I & E Hagenauer c/o Urbis Pty Ltd
Zoning / Overlays:	Commercial 1 Zone, Neighbourhood Residential Zone / Environmental Audit Overlay
Date of Application:	23 January 2017 (Amended 9 November 2017)
Application Number:	PLN17/0040

Planning History

- 1. Planning Permit No. 4404 was issued on 4 May 1982 to replace glass windows with single brick walls and replace four single sash windows with heavy plywood. At this time, the land was used for storage of paper making products and machinery spares associated with the Australian Paper Manufacturers Ltd.
- 2. Planning Permit No. 805/139/704-718 was issued 4 November 1985 for buildings and works (showroom/warehouse).

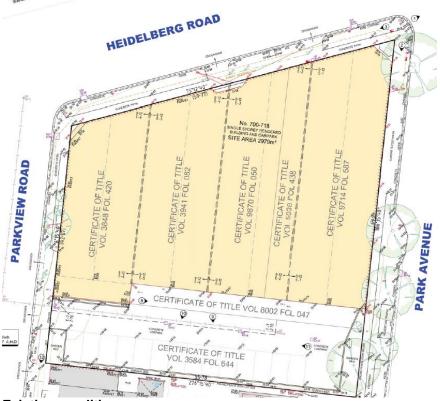
Background

- 3. An amendment to the application was made on 9 November 2017 pursuant to Section 57A of the Planning and Environment Act 1987. The amendments were in response to initial issues raised by Council and involved the following amendments:
 - (a) Deletion of one storey (from 9 storeys to 8 storeys) consequently reducing the overall height from 32.1m to 27.3m,
 - (b) Reduction in the number of dwellings from 109 to 105,
 - (c) Improvements to the internal amenity of dwellings in line with Clause 58 (Apartment guidelines);
 - (d) Reduction in the number of car parking spaces from 157 to 153,
 - (e) Increase the bicycle storage facilities from 82 spaces to 140 spaces,
 - (f) Reduction in the podium heights,
 - (g) Increased street activation at ground level along Parkview Road and Park Avenue,
 - (h) Increased setback of 2.2m from Heidelberg Road at ground floor (previously on boundary),
 - (i) Modification to southern terraces and setbacks,
 - (j) Reduction in the overshadowing impact.
- 4. The development summary submitted with the amended application (and advertised) was incorrect in regard to the dwelling and bicycle numbers.
- 5. On 16 January 2018, Planning Scheme Amendment VC142 was gazetted by the Minister for Planning. Among various changes, this amendment removed the permit requirements within clause 52.07 of the Yarra Planning Scheme for a loading bay.

Existing Conditions

Subject Site

- 6. The subject site is located on the southern side of Heidelberg Road, extending between Parkview Road and Park Avenue. The site is generally rectangular in shape with an angled frontage associated with Heidelberg Road.
- 7. The site has a frontage of 59.77m to Heidelberg Road and an overall site area of 2,979sqm. There are six lots making up the subject site, which contains various party wall easements between one another. There are no restrictive covenants or agreements registered on the titles provided.
- 8. The site is developed with a single storey building comprising four tenancies, each with a frontage to Heidelberg Road. The rear (southern) portion of the site is undeveloped, containing a car parking area accommodating 16 spaces. This is accessed via Parkview Road. A roller door is also provided along Parkview Road immediately north of the car park entry. A double crossover of approximately 13.5m extends along Parkview Road.
- 9. The site is largely devoid of landscaping with the exception of a small tree and shrubs adjacent to Park Avenue and garden bed along Parkview Road.



Existing conditions survey

Surrounding Land

10. The site is located at the western end of the Alphington Neighbourhood Activity Centre, which extends along both sides of Heidelberg Road. The centre comprises mainly single storey and occasional double storey commercial buildings supporting local conveniences such as cafes, banks and a post office. The streetscape comprises an irregular streetscape pattern and varying front setbacks. Heidelberg Road forms the boundary between Yarra and Darebin Councils.

- 11. Public transport access includes Alphington Railway Station north of Heidelberg Road, which is approximately 250m from the subject site. Bus service No. 546 traverses along Heidelberg Road, with No. 609 bus service also servicing Heidelberg Road, stopping north of Chandler Highway.
- 12. The site is well supported by community facilities including Alphington Primary School approximately 250m to the south-east and Alphington Park approximately 75m to the south.
- 13. Land immediately surrounding the subject site is described as follows:
 - (a) North On the northern side of Heidelberg Road is a large single storey self-storage facility. East of this is the un-signalised intersection of Harker Street and Heidelberg Road, also north of the site. This is a local street that provides access to the Alphington Train Station. There is a car sales yard located on the eastern side of Harker Street facing Heidelberg Road.
 - (b) East East of Park Avenue on the corner of Heidelberg Road is a two storey office building circa 1980s. The building is built to all boundaries. The land to the south of this (separated by a lane) is a line-marked asphalt car park. This is accessed from Park Avenue via the laneway. Further south again are single and double storey detached dwellings fronting Park Avenue.
 - (c) South immediately south of the subject site is No. 4 Parkview Road and No. 4 Park Avenue. These sites contain a single and double storey dwelling facing the respective streets. No. 4 Park Avenue has secluded private open space to the west, immediately abutting the subject site. No. 4 Parkview Road has two areas of private open space toward the rear which are separated by a glazed corridor. One of these areas immediately abuts the subject site. Further to the south are five properties facing Riverview Grove. These properties contain one and two storey dwellings with private open space to the north (rear). Further to the south of Riverview Grove is Alphington Park and the Alphington Bowls Club, which is situated on the south-east corner of Riverview Grove and Parkview Road.
 - (d) West On the western side of Parkview Road is the former Alphington Paper Mill site. This is discussed below.

Alphington Paper Mill Site

- 14. The former Alphington Paper Mill is located on the western side Parkview Road. This is identified as a Strategic Redevelopment Site within the Yarra Planning Scheme (Clause 21.08) and has an approved Development Plan guiding its future development. The Development Plan includes preferred and mandatory height limits. In the case of Heidelberg Road, there is a preferred height of 8 storeys for the majority of its length, which increases to 14 storeys near the Chandler Highway intersection. (Refer to Built Form map extract below)
- 15. The land immediately to the west of Parkview Road has a preferred height limit of 8 storeys with a podium height of 4-6 storey to Heidelberg Road and 3 storey podium along Parkview Road. Setbacks above the podium are required to be a minimum of 2.2m. A garden interface along Parkview Road is also required under the Development Plan.



Built form and Interfaces map for the northern portion of the site

16. A planning application (PLN17/0272) has been submitted for an eight storey apartment building on the corner of Parkview and Heidelberg Roads (image below). The building is set back from the Heidelberg Road kerb between 4.8m to 6.15m. A boundary setback of 3.4m is provided along Parkview Road. This application is yet to be determined.



Image of the current application on the south-west corner of Parkview and Heidelberg Roads

- 17. Planning Permits have been issued for most of the Parkview Road interface. These have approved townhouses and detached houses ranging between two and four storey.
- 18. In addition to housing, the former Paper Mill Site will also deliver two new supermarkets, various retail and cafes, a new school campus for Alphington Primary School, community facilities, a gym and office space. A planning application (PLN17/0703) has been received for this development.
- 19. As part of the Alphington Paper Mill Development site, the intersection of Latrobe Avenue and Heidelberg Road is to be signalised in addition to a new pedestrian crossing to be constructed across Heidelberg Road providing better pedestrian connection to the Alphington Train Station.

The Proposal

- 20. The application seeks approval for development of the land for construction of a multi-storey building, use of land for dwellings and reduction in the statutory car parking requirements.
- 21. The decision plans, being the plans submitted 9 November 2017 under Section 57A of the Planning and Environment Act 1987 are summarised as follow:

General

- (a) 105 apartments; 43 x 1 bed, 51 x 2 bed and 11 x 3 bed
- (b) Retail premises (shop) of 300sqm and café (food and drink premises) of 356sqm
- (c) 153 car spaces
- (d) 140 bicycle spaces
- (e) Overall height of eight storeys plus a roof terrace, with an overall height of 30.2m

Basement

- (f) Two basement levels are proposed comprising car parking, bicycle storage and general storage cages. The lower basement comprises approximately a third of the site's footprint.
- (g) The basements are connected by ramps with two lift/stair cores
- (h) Services contained within the basement including a 20kL rainwater tank, fire pump room and water metres

Ground floor

- (i) Café and shop are located on the ground floor fronting Heidelberg Road and wrapping around Parkview Road and Park Avenue.
- (j) Two residential lobby areas are provided, one accessed from Parkview Road and the other from Park Avenue of 7.59m and 9.495m in width respectively
- (k) Car parking and bicycle parking is provided within the rear (southern) section of the ground floor, with vehicle access to both Parkview Road and Park Avenue.
- (I) A substation is located to the southern corner of the site facing Parkview Road, a window gallery faces Park Avenue. The extent of the window gallery is not consistent shown on the floor plans and elevations. This would need to be addressed via a permit condition if one is to issue.
- (m) The ground floor is set back 2.3m from Heidelberg Road. The front portion of the building is also set back 2.24m from the Parkview Road and Park Avenue, with the balance abutting the boundaries.
- (n) A 1.125m planter box is proposed along the majority of the southern boundary, except for the substation in the south-west corner which is to abut the boundary.

First floor

- (o) The first floor contains 18 dwellings arranged in a 'horseshoe' shape. Dwellings are generally orientated to the street abuttals, with the exception of four apartments facing inward to the site.
- (p) The dwellings are accessed by one of two lift cores and common corridors of 1.8m in width.
- (q) A communal terrace is located within the middle of the 'horseshoe'
- (r) Communal residential facilities including a spa & sauna and a gymnasium are located at this level facing the communal terrace.
- (s) The balconies associated with the dwellings at the first floor extend to the front boundary, with the building line set back a minimum of 1.8m from the Heidelberg Road, Parkview Road and Park Avenue.
- (t) To the rear, the first floor balconies are set back 3.67m from the boundary, with the building line of the eastern portion set back 12.19m and the western portion set back 5.17m.

Second & third floors

- (u) These levels contain 20 and 18 dwellings respectively, which wrap around the street frontages in a similar horseshoe arrangement as the first floor level.
- (v) The eastern portion of the second floor is entirely set back 12.19m from the southern boundary; the western portion balcony is set back 6.29m from the southern boundary and 7.745m to the building line.
- (w) The eastern section of the third floor balcony steps back a further 1.075m from the southern boundary and a further 3.26m to the building line (total setback of 13.8m).
- (x) The western section of the third floor is setback 8.87m to the balcony and 10.32m to the building line.

Fourth floor

- (y) This horseshoe arrangement of the dwellings continues up the building with this level containing 16 dwellings. The building line setback increases from the street abuttals to 3.241m. Balconies project within this area along Heidelberg Road and the northern sections of Parkview Road and Park Avenue.
- (z) The eastern portion is set back 15.47m from the southern boundary, while the balcony of the western section is set back 10.895m, with the building line set back 12.985m.

Fifth floor

- (aa) Similar layout to Level 4, except the balconies are inset at this level, providing a minimum set back of 3.3m to Heidelberg Road and 3.241m to the side streets. A total of 14 dwellings are provided at this level.
- (bb) The built form within the north-eastern corner is also eroded.
- (cc) The eastern portion is set back 15.47m from the southern boundary to the balcony, with the building line set back 18.045m.
- (dd) The western portion is set back from the southern boundary 12.89m to the balcony and 15.47m to the building line.

Sixth floor

- (ee) There are 13 dwellings provided at this level.
- (ff) The setbacks from Heidelberg Road and the side streets mirror Level 5, however the north-east corner is further eroded.
- (gg) The setbacks from the southern boundary are further increased, with a setback of 15.47m to the balcony at the eastern and western ends, and 18.045m to the building line, also at both ends.

Seventh Floor

- (hh) A total of 6 dwellings are located at this level.
- (ii) The building line of this level is set back 4.3m from Heidelberg Road, with balconies projecting within 3.3m of the boundary.
- (jj) A 4.241m setback to the building line provided along both Parkview Road and Park Avenue, with balconies projecting within 3.241m of these boundaries.
- (kk) The eastern portion is set back 28.27m from the southern boundary, with the exception of a green roof, which is within 18.045m of the southern boundary. The western portion balcony is set back 18.05m from the southern boundary, with the building line set back 20.62m.

Roof terrace

- (II) The roof terrace is accessible via both lift cores. It will be landscaped and will contain the following residential amenities:
 - (i) BBQ/lounge area
 - (ii) swimming pool
 - (iii) farmers garden
- (mm) A pergola is proposed above most of the roof terrace. This will support the solar PV system comprising 88 solar panels.

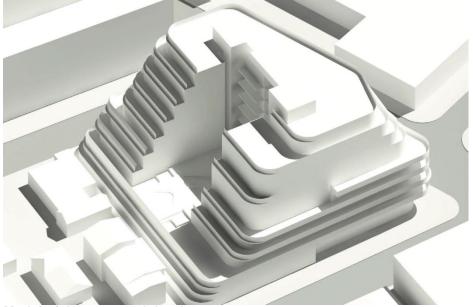
(nn) The above description is based on the XO Projects plans, with the Landscape plans showing a slightly different arrangement, such are provision of 5 spas as opposed to a swimming pool. A condition of any permit that issues will require the plans to correlate.

Materials

- (oo) The building comprises a predominately glazed façade with the lower levels (podium) applied with a light grey clear reflective glass and the upper levels a dark grey reflective tinted glass. The balconies are also to be glazed matching the corresponding façade.
- (pp) The vehicle access doors will be perforated metal
- (qq) Fritted glazing is proposed to conceal the service rooms where adjacent to a street frontage.

Landscaping

(rr) Integrated landscaping is proposed throughout the development including balcony tree planters and landscape communal gardens on the Level 1 podium and the roof top.



Model of the proposed development

Planning Scheme Provisions

<u>Zoning</u>

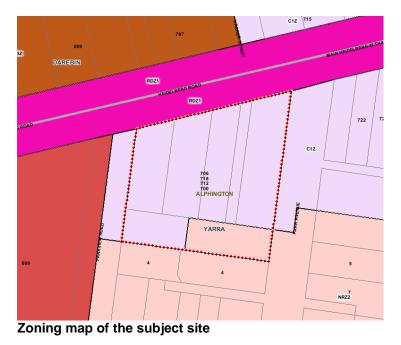
Clause 34.01 – Commercial 1 Zone

- 22. Pursuant to Clause 34.01-1 of the Yarra Planning Scheme (the Scheme), a planning permit is required to use land for accommodation (dwellings) if a frontage at ground floor exceeds two metres. Residential lobby entrances are proposed to both Park Avenue and Parkview Road exceeding 2m in width. Pursuant to Clause 34.01-1, a planning permit is not required for a shop or retail premises, which includes a food and drink premises.
- 23. Pursuant to Clause 34.01-4 of the Scheme, a planning permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works.
- 24. Also pursuant to Clause 34.01-4, an apartment development must meet the requirements of Clause 58.

Clause 32.09 – Neighbourhood Residential Zone

25. The south-eastern portion of the site is zoned Neighbourhood Residential Zone, Schedule 1 (NRZ1). Refer to zoning map below.

- 26. Pursuant to Clause 32.09-2 of the Scheme, a planning permit is not required for a dwelling. A planning permit is required for a food and drink premises, however a shop (retail premises other than listed) is prohibited. The portion of the subject site zoned NRZ1 contains residential land uses only (and associated residential car parking), therefore there are no permit triggers associated with the use of this portion of the site.
- 27. A permit is required to construct two or more dwellings on a lot pursuant to clause 32.09-6 within the portion of the land within the NRZ1.
- 28. Pursuant to clause 32.09-9, a building must not be constructed for use as a dwelling or residential building that exceeds 9m or contains more than 2 storeys at any point within the NRZ1 land.



Overlays

Clause 45.03 – Environmental Audit Overlay

- 29. Pursuant to Clause 45.03-1 of the Scheme, before a sensitive use (residential use, child care centre, pre-school centre or primary school) commences or before the construction or carrying out of buildings and works in association with a sensitive use commences, either:
 - (a) A certificate of environmental audit must be issued for the land in accordance with Part IXD of the Environment Protection Act 1970, or
 - (b) An environmental auditor appointed under the Environment Protection Act 1970 must make a statement in accordance with Part IXD of that Act that the environmental conditions of the land are suitable for the sensitive use.
- 30. As the proposed development includes a residential use, the requirements of this overlay apply. Should the application be supported, a note is recommended on any permit issued to advise the permit holder of their obligations.

Particular Provisions

31. Pursuant to Clause 52.06-2, before a new use commences, the required car parking spaces must be provided on the land. The following table identifies the car parking requirement under Clause 52.06-5.

Proposed Use	No. Apt/ area	Statutory Parking Rate	No. of Spaces Required
One & Two- bedroom dwelling	96	1 space per dwelling	96
Three or more- bedroom dwelling	10	2 spaces per dwelling	20
Residential visitors	105	1 space per 5 dwellings	20
Shop	300sqm	4 spaces per 100sqm of LFA	12
Food and drink premises (café)	356sqm	4 spaces per 100sqm of LFA	14
Total Required			162
Allocated			153
Reduction required under Clause 52.06			9

32. Pursuant to Clause 52.06-3, a permit is required to reduce the number of car spaces required under Clause 52.06-5. As can be seen in the above table, the retail premises is assumed as a 'shop' in the Transport Impact Assessment submitted with the application. Given that there are various uses also nested under retail premises, a condition of permit will require the plans to be updated to show 'shop' rather than 'retail premises' to avoid confusion.

Clause 52.34 – Bicycle Facilities

33. Pursuant to clause 52.34-1, a new use must not commence until the required bicycle facilities and associated signage has been provided on the land. The following table identifies the bicycle parking requirement under Clause 52.34-3, the provision on site, and the subsequent reduction below the statutory requirement:

Use	Quantity/Size	Statutory Rate	No. Spaces required
Dwellings (four or more storeys)	105 dwellings	1 per 5 dwellings for residents	21 resident spaces
		1 per 10 dwellings for visitors	11 visitor spaces
Retail (includes Food & Drink)	356sqm	1 per 300sqm of LFA for staff	2 staff spaces
		1 per 500sqm of LFA for visitors	1 customer space
Shop	300sqm	1 to each 600sqm of LFA if it exceeds 1000 sqm.	Not applicable
		1 to each 500sqm of leasable floor area if the leasable floor area exceeds 1000	

Total: 35 spaces	
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34. The proposal provides 140 bicycle spaces and as such the requirement of Clause 52.34-3 is exceeded.

Clause 58 – Apartment Developments

- 35. The purpose of this clause is:
 - (a) To implement the State Planning Policy Framework and the Local Planning Policy Framework, including the Municipal Strategic Statement and local planning policies.
 - (b) To encourage apartment development that provides reasonable standards of amenity for existing and new residents.
 - (c) To encourage apartment development that is responsive to the site and the surrounding area.
- 36. A development must meet of the objectives of this clause and should meet all of the standards.

General Provisions

37. The decision guidelines outlined at Clause 65 of the Scheme are relevant to all applications. Because a permit can be granted does not imply that a permit should or will be granted. Before deciding on an application, the Responsible Authority must consider a number of matters. Amongst other things, the Responsible Authority must consider the relevant State and Local Planning Policy Frameworks, as well as the purpose of the zone, overlay or any other provision.

State Planning Policy Framework (SPPF)

38. The following SPPF provisions of the Scheme are relevant:

Clause 11.03.01 – Activity Centre Network

- 39. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To build up activity centres as a focus for high-quality development, activity and living for the whole community by developing a network of activity centres.

Clause 11.03-2 – Activity Centre Planning

- 40. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To encourage the concentration of major retail, residential, commercial, administrative, entertainment and cultural developments into activity centres which provide a variety of land uses and are highly accessible to the community.

Clause 11.06-2 - Housing Choice

41. The objective of this clause is:(a) To provide housing choice close to jobs and services.

Clause 11.06-5 – Neighbourhoods

- 42. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To create a city of inclusive, vibrant and healthy neighbourhoods that promote strong communities, healthy lifestyles and good access to local services and jobs.

Clause 13.03-1 – Use of contaminated and potentially contaminated land

- 43. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To ensure that potentially contaminated land is suitable for its intended future use and development, and that contaminated land is used safely.

Clause 13.04 – Noise and Air

The objective of this clause is: (a) To assist the control of noise effects on sensitive land uses.

Clause 15.01.1 – Urban Design

45. The objective of this clause is:

44.

(a) To create urban environments that are safe, functional and provide good quality environments with a sense of place and cultural identity.

Clause 15.01-2 – Urban Design Principles

- 46. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To achieve architectural and urban design outcomes that contribute positively to local urban character and enhance the public realm while minimising detrimental impact on neighbouring properties.
- 47. This clause also states that planning must consider as relevant:
 - (a) Urban Design Guidelines for Victoria (Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, 2017).
 - (b) Apartment Design Guidelines for Victoria (Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, 2017).
 - (c) Urban Design Charter for Victoria (Department of Planning and Community Development 2009).

Clause 15.01-4 – Design for Safety

- 48. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To improve community safety and encourage neighbourhood design that makes people feel safe.

Clause 15.01-5 – Cultural Identity and Neighbourhood Character

49. The objective of this clause is:(a) To recognise and protect cultural identity, neighbourhood character and sense of place.

Clause 15.02 – Sustainable Development

- 50. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To encourage land use and development that is consistent with the efficient use of energy and the minimisation of greenhouse gas emissions.

Clause 16.01-1 – Integrated Housing

51. The objective of this clause is:(a) To promote a housing market that meets community needs.

Clause 16.01-2 - Location of residential development

- 52. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To locate new housing in or close to activity centres and employment corridors and at other strategic redevelopment sites that offer good access to services and transport.

Clause 16.01-3 – Housing opportunity areas

- 53. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To identify areas that offer opportunities for more medium and high density housing near employment and transport in Metropolitan Melbourne.

Clause 16.01-4 – Housing Diversity

54. The objective of this clause is:(b) To provide for a range of housing types to meet increasingly diverse needs.

Clause 16.01-5 – Housing affordability

55. The objective of this clause is:(a) To deliver more affordable housing closer to jobs, transport and services.

Clause 17.01.1 - Business

- 56. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To encourage development which meets the communities' needs for retail, entertainment, office and other commercial services and provides net community benefit in relation to accessibility, efficient infrastructure use and the aggregation and sustainability of commercial facilities.

Clause 18.01 – Integrated Transport

- 57. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To create a safe and sustainable transport system by integrating land-use and transport.

Clause 18.02-1 – Sustainable personal transport

58. The objective of this clause is:(a) To promote the use of sustainable personal transport

Clause 18.02-2 - Cycling

- 59. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To integrate planning for cycling with land use and development planning and encourage as alternative modes of travel.

Clause 18.02-3 – Principal Public Transport Network

- 60. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To facilitate greater use of public transport and promote increased development close to high-quality public transport routes in Metropolitan Melbourne.

Clause 18.02-5 – Car parking

- 61. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To ensure an adequate supply of car parking that is appropriately designed and located.

Local Planning Policy Framework (LPPF)

Clause 21 – Municipal Strategic Statement (MSS)

Clause 21.04 – Land Use

Clause 21,04-1 – Accomodation and Housing

- 62. The relevant objectives of this clause are:
 - (a) Objective 1 To accommodate forecast increases in population.
 - (i) Strategy 1.1 Ensure that new residential development has proper regard for the strategies applicable to the neighbourhood in question identified in clause 21.08;
 - (ii) Strategy 1.2 Direct higher density residential development to Strategic Redevelopment Sites identified at clause 21.08 and other sites identified through any structure plans or urban design frameworks.
 - (b) Objective 2 To retain a diverse population and household structure; and
 - (c) Objective 3 To reduce potential amenity conflicts between residential and other uses.

Clause 21.04-2 – Activity Centres

- 63. The relevant objective and strategies of this clause is:
 - (a) Objective 5: To maintain the long term viability of activity centres.
 - (i) Strategy 5.2 Support land use change and development that contributes to the adaptation, redevelopment and economic growth of existing activity centres.
 - (ii) Strategy 5.3 Discourage uses at street level in activity centres which create dead frontages during the day.
 - (iii) Strategy 5.4 Permit residential development that does not compromise the business function of activity centres.

Clause 21.04-3 – Industry, office and commercial

64. The objective of this clause is 'to increase the number and diversity of local employment opportunities.'

Clause 21.05-2 – Urban design

- 65. The relevant objectives and strategies of this clause is:
 - (a) Objective 16 To reinforce the existing urban framework of Yarra.
 - (b) Objective 17 To retain Yarra's identity as a low-rise urban form with pockets of higher development.
 - (i) Strategy 17.2 Development on strategic redevelopment sites or within activity centres should generally be no more than 5-6 storeys unless it can be demonstrated that the proposal can achieve specific benefits such as:
 - Significant upper level setbacks
 Architectural design excellence
 - Best practice environmental sustainability objectives in design and construction
 - High quality restoration and adaptive re-use of heritage buildings
 - Positive contribution to the enhancement of the public domain
 Provision of affordable housing.
 - (c) Objective 18 To retain, enhance and extend Yarra's fine grain street pattern.
 - (d) Objective 20 To ensure that new development contributes positively to Yarra's urban fabric.
 - (e) Objective 21 To enhance the built form character of Yarra's activity centres.
 - (f) Objective 22 To encourage the provision of universal access in new development.

Clause 21.05-4 Public environment

66. The relevant objectives and strategies of this clause is:

- (a) Objective 28: To a provide a public environment that encourages community interaction and activity:
 - (ii) Strategy 28.1 Encourage universal access to all new public spaces and buildings.
 - (iii) Strategy 28.2 Ensure that buildings have a human scale at street level.
 - (iv) Strategy 28.3 Require buildings and public spaces to provide a safe and attractive public environment.
 - (v) Strategy 28.5 Require new development to make a clear distinction between public and private spaces.
 - (vi) Strategy 28.8 Encourage public art in new development.
 - (vii) Strategy 28.9 Apply the Public Open Space Contribution policy at clause 22.12.

Clause 21.06 - Transport

- 67. The relevant objectives of this clause is:
 - (b) To provide safe and convenient pedestrian and bicycle environments.
 - (c) To facilitate public transport usage.
 - (d) To reduce the reliance on the private motor car.
 - (e) To reduce the impact of traffic.

Clause 21.07 - Environmental Sustainability

- 68. The relevant objectives of this Clause are:
 - (f) To promote environmentally sustainable development
 - (g) To improve the water quality and flow characteristics of storm water run-off.

Clause 21.08 – Neighbourhoods

Clause 21.08-6 - Fairfield and Alphington

- 69. Clause 21.08-6 identifies that 'the Heidelberg Road neighbourhood activity centre is on the boundary between the Cities of Yarra and Darebin. It is a small convenience centre, with limited furniture and home wares outlets and a small amount of office space.'
- 70. Implementation of the built form strategies at clause 21.05 includes:
 - (a) Supporting development that maintains and strengthens the preferred character of the relevant Built Form Character type.
- 71. Figure 16; the built form character type identifies the subject site within a Main Road precinct, which seeks to:
 - (a) Maintain the hard urban edge of development
 - (b) Reflect the fine grain of the subdivision pattern in building design where this exists along main roads.

Relevant Local Policies

Clause 22.05 – Interface Uses Policy

- 72. The objectives of this clause are:
 - (a) To enable the development of new residential uses within and close to activity centres, near industrial areas and in mixed use areas while not impeding the growth and operation of these areas as service, economic and employment nodes.
 - (b) To ensure that residential uses located within or near commercial centres or near industrial uses enjoy a reasonable level of amenity.

Clause 22.10 – Built form and design policy

73. The policy applies to all new development not included in a heritage overlay and comprises ten design elements that address the following issues: urban form and character; setbacks and building heights; street and public space quality; environmental sustainability; site coverage; on-site amenity; off-site amenity; landscaping and fencing; parking, traffic and access; and service infrastructure.

Clause 22.12 – Public Open Space Contribution

- 74. The objectives of this clause are:
 - (a) To implement the Yarra Open Space Strategy;
 - (b) To identify when and where land contributions for public open space are preferred over cash contributions; and
 - (c) To ensure that where appropriate, land suitable for public open space is set aside as part of the design of a development so that it can be transferred to or vested in Council, in satisfaction of the public open space contribution requirement.
- 75. The subject site is in an area where cash contribution is the preferred method of public open space contribution (Area 3078B).

Clause 22.16 – Stormwater Management (Water Sensitive Urban Design)

- 76. The relevant objectives of this clause are:
 - (c) To achieve the best practice water quality performance objectives set out in the Urban Stormwater Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines, CSIRO 1999 (or as amended). Currently, these water quality performance objectives require:
 - (i) Suspended Solids 80% retention of typical urban annual load
 - (ii) Total Nitrogen 45% retention of typical urban annual load
 - (iii) Total Phosphorus 45% retention of typical urban annual load
 - (iv) iv. Litter 70% reduction of typical urban annual load
 - (d) To promote the use of water sensitive urban design, including stormwater re-use.

Clause 22.17 – Environmentally Sustainable Development

77. This policy applies to residential development with more than one dwelling. The overarching objective is that development should achieve best practice in environmentally sustainable development from the design stage through to construction and operation.

Advertising

- 78. The original application was advertised during August 2017 in accordance with Section 52 of the *Planning and Environment Act* 1987 (the Act) by way of 1,396 letters sent to the surrounding property owners/occupiers and by four signs on the site. A total of 151 objections were received. The concerns can be summarised as:
 - (a) Excessive height and massing
 - (b) Inadequate setbacks
 - (c) Design incongruous with existing character
 - (d) Amenity impacts overshadowing, overlooking and visual bulk
 - (e) Inequitable development opportunities
 - (f) Poor internal amenity
 - (g) Insufficient ESD standards
 - (h) Impact on street trees
 - (i) Impact on Alphington War Memorial vista
 - (j) Insufficient parking
 - (k) Traffic impacts
 - (I) Impacts during construction
- 79. The grounds of objections will be considered and addressed where relevant throughout the following assessment.

- 80. The amended application was readvertised in November 2017
- 81. A consultation meeting was held on 28 November 2017, where the key issues raised in the objections were discussed with the permit applicant, objectors and planning officers present. No resolutions were reached at the meeting.

Referrals

External Referrals

82. The application was required to be referred to the following referral authorities, with their comments attached to this report:(a) PTV

Internal Referrals

- 83. The application was referred to the following areas, with their full comments attached to this report:
 - (a) Engineering Services Unit
 - (b) City Works branch
 - (c) ESD Advisor
 - (d) Strategic Transport
 - (e) Open Space Unit (Landscape Architect and Arborist)
 - (f) Urban Design Consultant David Lock Associates (DLA)
 - (g) Council's Urban Designer
 - (h) Wind Consultant MEL Consultants
 - (i) Acoustic Consultant SLR Consulting Australia

OFFICER ASSESSMENT

- 84. The relevant considerations for this assessment are as follows:
 - (a) Strategic justification
 - (b) Land use
 - (c) Built form and design
 - (d) Off-site amenity impacts
 - (e) Clause 58 (Apartment Developments)
 - (f) Sustainable Design
 - (g) Car parking, bicycle facilities and traffic generation
 - (h) Streetscape works
 - (i) Objectors' concerns

Strategic Justification

- 85. State Policy expressly supports housing at higher densities on this site, being within a Neighbourhood Activity Centre (NAC) and proximate to services, infrastructure and amenities. Specifically, Clause 11.03 (Activity centres) encourages '*diversity of housing types at higher densities in and around activity centres.*' Situated within the Alphington NAC, this policy direction is applicable to the subject site.
- 86. Housing intensification is further encouraged within clause 16 (Housing) of State planning policy. Notably, Clause 16.01-1 (Integrated housing) seeks to '*Increase the supply of housing in existing urban areas by facilitating increased housing yield in appropriate locations, including under-utilised urban land*.' The subject site, at 2,979sqm in area, predominately within a Commercial 1 Zone and with three street abuttals presents an opportunity for increased housing yield.

- 87. Additionally, clause 16.01-2 seeks to 'Encourage higher density housing development on sites that are well located in relation to jobs, services and public transport.' The subject site benefits from access to jobs, services and public transport within the Alphington NAC as previously outlined in the description of the surrounding area.
- 88. At a local level, there is an expectation stated at Clause 21.04-1 that Commercial 1 Zones will accommodate some of Yarra's housing growth, however potential amenity conflicts between residential and other uses needs to be managed, with Strategy 3.1 requiring that 'new residential development in the Commercial 1 Zones to be designed to minimise potential negative amenity impacts of existing non-residential uses in the vicinity'. Potential interface issues with non-residential uses will be discussed as relevant through this report.
- 89. Housing diversity is encouraged at both a State and local level, with State policy at clause 16.01-4 identifying the objective 'To provide for a range of housing types to meet increasingly diverse needs.' Including the strategy to 'support opportunities for a wide range of income groups to choose housing in well-serviced locations.' Objectives within the MSS on land use (Clause 21.04) are very similar, advocating for the retention of a diverse population and household structure. The proposed development supports these policies by incorporating a mix of one, two and three bedroom dwellings at various sizes and layouts.
- 90. State and local policies on built form (Clause 15.01 and 21.05) are consistent in their objectives for the delivery of responsive and high quality built form environments. More specifically and relevantly, Objective 17 of Clause 21.05 seeks 'to retain Yarra's identity as a *low-rise urban form with pockets of higher development*'. The consistency with built form policies will be discussed in greater detail within the built form assessment.
- 91. Yarra recognises the importance of environmentally sustainable development within its MSS (Clause 21.07) and through its Environmentally Sustainable Development Policy at clause 22.17 and Stormwater Management (WSUD) Policy at Clause 22.16. The environmental sustainability of the proposed development will be covered in greater detail within this report.
- 92. Both State and local policy directives seek to promote the use of sustainable personal transport and increased development close to high-quality transport routes (Clauses 18.02-1, 18.02-2, 18.02-3 and 21.06). In regard to car parking, Clause 18.02-5 encourages an adequate supply of car parking to be provided with consideration to '*existing and potential modes of access including public transport, the demand for off-street car parking, road capacity and the potential for demand management of car parking.*'

At a local level, clause 21.06 acknowledges that whilst parking availability is important for many people, *'unrestricted car use and parking is neither practical nor achievable.'* Matters relating to transport relevant to the proposed development will be covered later within this report.

93. The site is well-positioned to accommodate more intensive development of the site, with the NAC offering accessibility to jobs, services and public transport. Having regard to the above discussion, the proposal demonstrates strong policy support at both a State and local level.

Land Use

- 94. As stated within the planning controls section earlier, a permit is only triggered to use the land for dwellings within the Commercial 1 Zone as the ground level residential lobbies to Parkview and Park Avenue are wider than two metres.
- 95. The intention of this permit trigger is to ensure that residential uses do not erode active retail frontages within commercial areas. The proposed residential component of the development does not alter the Heidelberg Road retail frontage with retail uses to be maintained for the full length of the frontage.

The ground level residential frontage to both Parkview Road and Park Avenue is considered appropriate given the existing residential uses on the opposite side of Park Avenue and the proposed residential uses anticipated on the western side of Parkview Avenue (under the Paper Mill Development Plan).

- 96. Residential use of the land has clear policy support within both State and local policy as outlined within the 'Strategic Justification' section earlier. The residential use is also consistent with the purpose of the Commercial 1 Zone, which includes: '*To provide for residential uses at densities complementary to the role and scale of the commercial centre.*'
- 97. While residential use of the land is supported and will contribute toward a vibrant mixed use commercial centre, consideration needs to be given to potential land use conflicts with non-residential uses. This will be covered later within the report as relevant.
- 98. In regard to the Neighbourhood Residential Zoned portion of the subject site, only residential land uses are proposed within this section of the site thus no planning permit is triggered under the Neighbourhood Residential Zone.

Built Form and Design

- 99. In considering the design and built form of the proposed development, the most relevant aspects of the Scheme are found at Clauses 15, 21.05 and 22.10. As supplementary guidance, the recently released *Urban Design Guidelines for Victoria* prepared by the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning are also of relevance.
- 100. These provisions and guidelines seek a development outcome that responds to the existing or preferred neighbourhood character and provides a contextual urban design response reflective of the aspirations for the area. Particular regard must be given to the acceptability of the design in terms of height and massing, street setbacks and its relationship to adjoining properties.

Street Level Interface

- 101. Pursuant to Clause 22.10.3-3, *new development constructed with a front setback to the street should include soft landscaping within the setback area. The setback should not be used for ancillary services, carparking, basement car parking, ventilation shafts or major promotional signs.* The ground floor of the development provides a setback of 2.3m from Heidelberg Road. The purpose of the setback is to increase the width of the currently narrow footpath, furthermore this setback also provides weather protection, with the level above projecting to the boundary line. While the setback does not propose soft landscaping, the intent of the setback is considered appropriate for its context within Heidelberg Road, which does not typically include landscaping within frontages.
- 102. DLA however has criticised the ground floor recess, suggesting that it results in a weaker degree of public realm definition than the original proposal, which extended predominately to the street edge. Further advice was sought from Council's urban designer on this matter. Council's urban designer was supportive of the ground floor setback given that it is an island site along Heidelberg Road. The setback to Heidelberg Road will also allow pedestrians to be a greater distance away from the busy and fast moving traffic along Heidelberg Road. It will also provide an opportunity for outdoor seating for the future café.
- 103. Additionally, the widened footpath corresponds with the proposed Heidelberg Road footpath treatment adjacent to the former Paper Mill Site. The application on the south-west corner of Parkview and Heidelberg Road proposes a setback of 4.8m to 6.15m from the back of kerb. The approximate 6m setback from the kerb proposed in the current application will therefore sit comfortably along the Heidelberg Road context. Noting also that further to the east of the Alphington NAC presents a relatively irregular street setback pattern.

- 104. On balance, the benefits of the recess are considered to outweigh the concerns raised in the DLA referral advice. As such, it is considered appropriate to maintain the recess as proposed.
- 105. It was also recommended by Council's Urban Designer that the bicycles hoops along Heidelberg Road are relocated to an alternative location within the public footpath to allow more space for pedestrians in the covered area. Furthermore that the 'supply air fan room' to Parkview Road be set back to align with the prevailing setback to open up this space and avoid concealment areas. These matters can be dealt with by way of condition on any permit that issues.
- 106. Clause 22.10.3-4 (Street and Public Space quality) includes the following design guidelines; The design of the ground level street frontage of new development should provide a high level of pedestrian amenity and visual interest by:
 - (a) Providing well-defined entries at ground level on the street frontage.
 - (b) Incorporating commercial/display or retail space (where appropriate).
 - (c) Installing glazed areas allowing permeability into the interior spaces.
 - (d) Matching ground floor level with street level.
 - (e) Avoiding sub-basement car parks where the structure of the car park and vents are raised above the footpath level.
- 107. DLA do not believe there is sufficient activation of the ground floor side streets and also do not support the proposed 'window gallery' space along Park Avenue as an alternative to an active use. The lack of activation was a concern raised by DLA to the original application. This extent of glazing was increased in the amended application along Parkview Road from 14m to 24.8m (58% of the frontage) and Park Avenue from 28.6m to 34.3m (53%).
- 108. Whilst not an ideal outcome, the 'window gallery' is adjacent to the ground floor car park, therefore it would be difficult to accommodate an active use without further reductions in the car parking. Additionally, given the Neighbourhood Residential Zoning that applies to part of this land, it would be inappropriate to introduce non-residential activation in this area via a permit condition. Conversely, it would be difficult to incorporate a residential use in this location without substantially modifying the ground floor footprint. The internal amenity of a dwelling in this location would also likely to be compromised in respect to privacy and open space.
- 109. Given the difficulty of further activating the 'window gallery' area, additional advice was sought from Council's urban designer. Whilst the first preference was for an active use in this area, the constraints of the proposal were acknowledged. The window gallery was seen as an opportunity to screen the car park and provide visual interest along this frontage. However further detail is required to understand how the window gallery would look and how it would be managed. In this regard, it was recommended that Council's Arts and Culture unit provide further advice. It was also suggested by Council's urban designer that recessing the gallery behind glass may require excessive maintenance. Also it is desirable to wrap the artwork around the southern side of the car park entry.
- 110. A condition of any permit that issues will require a public art management plan to be prepared with details of the art to be provided. Input from Council's Arts and Culture Unit can be provided at this time.
- 111. In regard to Parkview Road, it is considered that the level of activation could be improved by relocating the fan room away from the street frontage and bringing the bicycle storage area forward to align with the façade. Applying a clear or semi-transparent glazing to the bicycle storage facility would also improve the activation along Parkview Road. In addition to activating the streetscape, this would have added benefits including improved passive surveillance within the storage facility and encouraging alternative transport modes. This condition could be placed on any permit that issues.

Height and setbacks of upper levels

- 112. The design guidance at clause 22.10.3-3 for setbacks and building height states that the overall height of new development (including the height between the primary setback and the secondary setback) may exceed the prevailing building height of the area if the site does not cause off-site impacts and is either:
 - (a) Located on a corner site of a main road; or
 - (b) Of substantial land area.
- 113. The proposal is considered to fulfil the above criteria, being a much larger site than many of the surrounding allotments and extending between two streets along Heidelberg Road and as discussed within the report, would also not result in unreasonable off-site amenity impacts.
- 114. Objective 5.1.1 of the Urban Design Guidelines for Victoria seek 'to ensure that the building scale and form supports the context and preferred future character of the activity centre.' While there is no specific guidance for the Alphington NAC, general guidance for Yarra's activity centres and strategic redevelopment sites at clause 21.05-2 anticipates buildings of 5-6 storeys or higher where specific benefits can be achieved. As outlined in the policy section earlier in the report, these benefits relate to upper level setbacks, design excellence, best practice in sustainable development, positive contribution to the public domain and affordable housing.
- 115. As will be discussed in this report, the proposed development will achieve benefits in respect to setbacks, public realm contribution and sustainable development subject to recommended permit conditions; moreover, the specific context of the site also lends itself to a taller built form. While the Alphington NAC is presently low scale, the large allotment sizes of many sites and the strategic direction at clause 21.05-2 (referenced above) is likely to see an increase in built form scale within the Alphington NAC. Contextually, directly to the west of the site, the former Paper Mill Strategic Redevelopment Site contemplates heights of eight storeys. The subject site, being a large predominately island site, can comfortably accommodate a taller built form to Heidelberg Road, offering a transition from the 8 storey form to the west to the anticipated future 5-6 storey scale to the east. DLA in their urban design assessment of the application, also contemplate the transitionary role of the subject site.
- 116. Clause 22.10.3-3 further encourages that developments 'use massing or articulation or changes of surface treatment, or a combination of these, to relate taller buildings to the scale of their surrounds, and to diminish visual bulk.'
- 117. DLA were not comfortable that the proposal had addressed the above policy guidance, recommending that the building achieve '3+4+1' (3 storey podium, 4 storey middle and a single storey top) composition. Their initial advice suggested that the building be no greater than 8 storeys with the uppermost storey set back to read as a recessive cap from longer range views. While the original 9 storey scheme has been reduced to 8 storeys, DLA are still not satisfied with the massing of the building, with the podium presenting as four storeys to Heidelberg Road and the top level not reading as a recessive cap. Arguably the pergola structure and lift access areas to the roof top is now reading as the "recessive cap" as per the initial DLA advice.
- 118. The four storey podium and overall height continues to present too much visual bulk to the street and fails to adequately transition down to the lower order Alphington Neighbourhood Centre. It is considered that this could be addressed by deleting one of the podium levels. Given that Level 1 contains the residential communal facilities, it would be preferable to retain this level and instead delete Level 2. This could be done by way of permit condition if one is to issue. As a consequence of this condition, it would be desirable for the balcony planters to be shifted within the remaining podium levels to maintain their staggered design.

- 119. The podium height was reduced within the amended plans to 14.9m transitioning down to approximately 11.8m along the sides. While this has been reduced in height from the original application, DLA recommend that the podium height be further reduced. The aforementioned deletion of Level 2 would address this concern, it would further provide a more comfortable transition in building height to the residential interface to the rear particularly along Park Avenue.
- 120. As outlined under the planning controls applicable for the site, there is a mandatory maximum height limit of 9m and two storeys under the Neighbourhood Residential Zone. The storey height does not include basement levels. The height of the building (to the top of the balustrade) within this section is 5.7m and is single storey with terrace above, therefore complying with the mandatory height limit.

Detailed Design and Materiality

- 121. DLA support the proposed podium/tower form for the site and the use of expressed balconies at the podium levels to distinguish this.
- 122. The contemporary architectural concept is considered by DLA to be broadly responsive to the pattern of emerging development within Heidelberg Road, in which they point toward the architectural design responses within the Paper Mill Site. DLA are satisfied that *the spectrum of proposed materials is broadly appropriate and is employed in a manner that further reinforces the podium/tower distinction and achieves a visual interesting architectural outcome.*

Micro climate

- 123. A Wind Effects Statement prepared by Vipac was submitted with the original application and has been peer reviewed by MEL Consultants. MEL is supportive of the assessment criteria used by Vipac and whilst generally agreeing with the assumptions made, the following shortfalls have been identified:
 - (a) The report does not consider possible footpath seating at ground level adjacent to the café on Heidelberg Road.
 - (b) The residential lobby entry to Parkview Road is likely to experience wind conditions above walking comfort.
 - (c) It would be preferable for wind conditions on adjacent street corners to be considered in the analysis, however it is anticipated that they would still meet the walking comfort criterion.
 - (d) On the roof top, additional wind-break screens may be required under the pergola and within seating areas to achieve wind conditions of sitting comfort criteria.
- 124. MEL Consultants recommend a Wind Tunnel Study be conducted to qualify the wind conditions at the aforementioned locations and if necessary, mitigation strategies developed. This can be addressed via a condition of permit if one is to issue.
- 125. It is expected that the wind conditions above the lobby entry will have likely been addressed by the ground floor recess and overhang of the upper level introduced as part of the amended plans however this can be further tested via a Wind Tunnel Study as recommended by MEL Consultants.

Offsite Amenity Impacts

126. The policy framework for offsite amenity considerations is contained within Clause 22.05 (Interface Uses Policy), with additional guidance within the *Urban Design Guidelines* and the Decision guidelines within the Commercial 1 Zone. Clause 55 (ResCode) of the Scheme does not apply to an apartment building; however it contains standards that can assist in a more measurable assessment of the application.

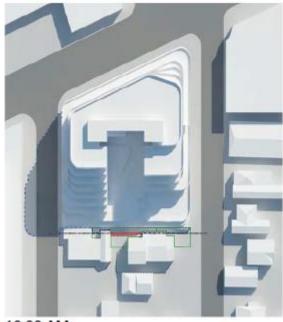
Visual bulk

- 127. As discussed earlier within the report, it is recommended that Level 2 of the proposed development be deleted to better respond as a transition between the Paper Mill site and the lower order neighbourhood centre to the east. This condition will also assist in reducing the visual bulk impact as viewed from the south to an acceptable degree. As will be discussed later within the report, it is also recommended that the basement and ground floor levels be set back from the southern boundary adjacent the private open space areas by 6m to accommodate deep soil planting. This amendment will further reduce the visual impact as viewed from these areas.
- 128. While the building will still be clearly visible from the residential properties to the south, the amenity expectations of the residential area also need to be tempered given the commercial zoning of the land and the strategic expectations for more intensive development. This is a well-established position at the Tribunal, such as mentioned in the case of Calodoukas v Moreland CC [2012] VCAT 180, which stated at Paragraph 13 that:
 - (a) Owners of residential properties next to a business or industrial zone cannot realistically expect the same level of residential amenity as someone residing in the middle of a purely residential area.
- 129. Having regard to the above Tribunal decision and the additional amendments recommended via permit conditions, it is considered that the proposed development would not result in an unreasonable level of visual bulk to the residential properties further to the south.

Overshadowing

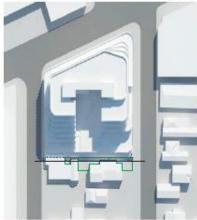
- 130. Under ResCode, overshadowing is assessed at the September Equinox as an average impact, rather than winter, which would be a worst case scenario.
- 131. While the original plans had quite substantial overshadowing impacts, the amended proposal has addressed this to an acceptable degree. At 9am on the September Equinox, approximately 1.5sqm of additional shadowing will be cast within the private open space area of No. 4 Parkview Road. This area is already substantially in shadow at this time therefore the additional shadowing would have a negligible impact on the amenity of the property at this time. At 10am there will be an increase of 4sqm (4%) of additional overshadowing cast within the secluded private open space area of No. 4 Park Avenue. The shadow impact is linear, thus retaining a useable area of open space with access to sunlight. For the remaining hours of the day there is no additional shadow impact to any of the adjacent properties. This is illustrated in the diagrams below.
- 132. On this basis, the proposed development is not considered to unreasonably impact upon solar access to the surrounding residential land.

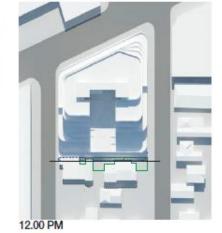




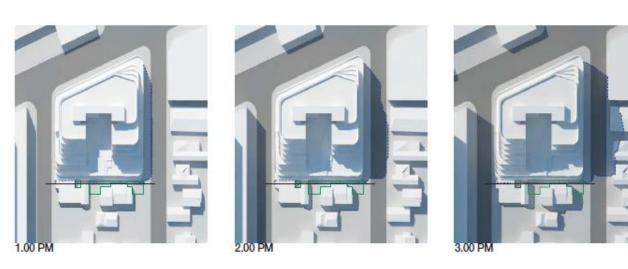
9.00 AM

10.00 AM





11.00 AM



Proposed shadow diagrams (additional shadow in red)

Daylight/solar access to existing windows

- 133. There are north-facing windows to the properties to the south facing the subject site. As demonstrated in the shadow diagrams above, the shadow cast by the development generally falls within the shadow line of the existing fence with the exception of 9am and 10am. Only at 9am does the additional overshadowing appear to cast a shadow on any adjacent walls. On this basis, the impact on solar access to north facing windows is considered to be negligible.
- 134. The proposed additional setback of 6m for deep soil planting discussed later in the report will also further mitigate the potential daylight impacts to the adjacent windows to an acceptable degree.

Overlooking

135. The dwellings immediately to the south have secluded private open space and habitable room windows that are within 9m of the subject site that may be overlooked from the communal terrace and balconies on Level 1. While planters adjacent to these areas are shown, it is not clear whether this is sufficient to manage potential overlooking opportunities to the private open spaces and habitable room windows to the south. While ResCode (Clause 55) does not apply to this application, it contains a useful measure (Standard B22) for mitigating unreasonable overlooking. Deriving from this standard, a condition of any permit issued will require the proposal to demonstrate no direct views in adjacent secluded private open space or habitable room windows within 9m.

Clause 58 (Apartment Developments)

Standard D1 – Urban context

136. This standard has two purposes; to ensure that the design responds to the existing urban context or contributes to a preferred future development of the areas and that development responds to the features of the site and the surrounding area. How the development sits within the urban context has been discussed earlier in this report.

Standard D2 – Residential Policies

137. As outlined earlier in this report within the Strategic Justification section, the proposed development is considered to hold strong policy support under the purpose of the Commercial 1 Zone and local policies of the Yarra Planning Scheme.

Standard D3 – Dwelling diversity

138. The application contains a mix of dwelling types and sizes as encouraged under this Standard. The applicant has also advised that opportunities for further consolidation of apartments are also available to potential purchasers.

Standard D4 - Infrastructure

139. The proposal is located within an established area with existing utility services and infrastructure. A substation electrical switch room is proposed, ensuring that the development will not unreasonably overload the existing capacity of the utilities. There is no evidence to suggest that the proposed development would impact on the operation of the existing services and therefore the purpose of the Standard is considered to have been met.

Standard D5 – Integration with the street

140. Integration with the abutting streetscapes has been discussed previously within the report within the built form and design section.

Standard D6 – Energy efficiency

- 141. This standard seeks to ensure that buildings are orientated to make appropriate use of solar energy and also sited to ensure that the energy efficiency of existing adjoining dwellings is not unreasonably reduced. The proposed development orientates living areas and balconies to the north where practical to do so. While some south-facing balconies are unavoidable within an apartment typology, the horseshoe shape of the site reduces the extent of entirely south-facing apartments and provides greater opportunities for easterly and westerly aspects.
- 142. The NatHERS annual cooling load for the sample dwellings indicates that cooling loads are above the maximum cooling load of 21Mj/m2 for this climate zone. Council's ESD advisor recommends additional changes to ensure the cooling loads are not exceeded, which could be achieved through different glazing specification, glazing reduction or external shading. If a permit is to issue, a condition will require an updated SMP report, in addition to any necessary changes to the plans to demonstrate a maximum cooling load of 21 Mj/m2.
- 143. With respect to the impact on the energy efficiency of surrounding properties, the proposal is considered acceptable. As discussed within the offsite amenities section, the additional overshadowing cast by the proposed development at the September Equinox is minimised by the generous setbacks from the southern boundary.

Standard D7 – Communal open space

- 144. This Standard requires developments with greater than 40 dwellings to provide a minimum of 2.5sqm of communal open space per dwelling or 250sqm, whichever the lesser. In the case of the subject site, the lesser is 250sqm. The proposed development comfortably meets this requirement, providing 612sqm of communal open space at first floor. A second area of communal open space is provided on the roof top with an area of 760sqm.
- 145. The location and design of these spaces is also consistent with Standard D7, such as:
 - (a) Passive surveillance opportunities of the first floor courtyard can be provided from the abutting communal facilities (gymnasium, spa and sauna) on Level 1 and from balconies of apartments to the levels above.
 - (b) However, to ensure that views from the Level 1 communal open space do not unreasonably compromise the privacy and amenity of dwellings also on this level, additional detail of the privacy screening between the private open spaces and the communal open space area is required by way of condition on any permit that issues.
 - (c) By virtue of being at the top of the building, the roof terrace does not receive passive surveillance from within the development, however it has been designed as a large open area to avoid any concealment spaces and maximise visibility;
 - (d) The Level 1 communal terrace appears to offer more passive recreation, with social gatherings more likely to occur on the roof top, which contains a bbq/lounge seating area and a pool. Locating these more social activities on the roof top will assist in reducing the noise spill impacts within the development. The acoustic report submitted with the application also indicates that access to the roof top area will be restricted to between 7am and 10pm. Further discussion is contained in the noise assessment below.
 - (e) As discussed within the assessment of Standard D10 (landscaping), detailed landscape treatment is proposed within the communal areas.

Standard D8 – Solar access to communal open space

146. The standard encourages communal outdoor open space to be located on the northern side of a building if appropriate. In the case of the subject site, locating the Level 1 terrace on the southern side is considered more appropriate and respectful of the residential interface to the south. As a result of this configuration, the building is set back substantially further from this sensitive interface.

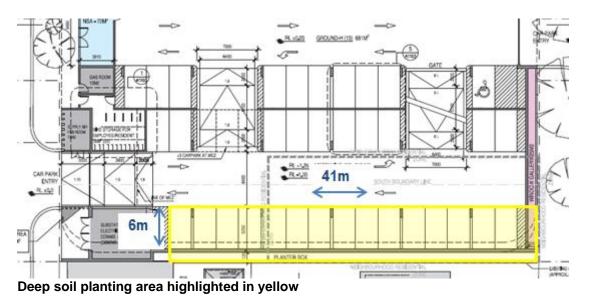
However the provision of a second area of open space on the rooftop of the building ensures that an adequate degree of solar access penetrates the communal open space area.

Standard D9 – Safety

- 147. This standard seeks to ensure that the layout of development provides for the safety and security of residents and property. The proposed development achieves the standard by providing identifiable residential entries to Parkview Road and Park Avenue, both with glazed entrance lobbies facing the street for clear lines of sight. The projecting fan room along Parkview Road was identified by Council's Urban Designer as a potential concealment space. A condition of any permit that issues will require this section of the ground floor to be set back to align with the remainder of the wall.
- 148. No lighting details are provided, however it is considered that there would be sufficient illumination from the street lighting to avoid safety concerns. Ambient light would also be anticipated from the lobby entrances and the commercial frontage along Heidelberg Road.
- 149. The car parking and bicycle storage facilities (other than the hoops on street) are located within secure areas within the development thus not posing any safety or security concerns to the future residents, staff and visitors.

Standard D10 – Landscaping

- 150. A landscape concept plan was submitted with the application with details of proposed planting, soil depth of planters and maintenance details. This has been reviewed by Council's Open Space Unit and deemed to be acceptable.
- 151. Pursuant to Standard D10, a site with an area greater than 2,500sqm should provide deep soil areas for 15 per cent of the site, with a minimum dimension of 6m with 1 large tree or 2 medium trees per 90sqm of deep soil. The proposed development has not allocated any deep soil areas within the site.
- 152. Deep soil planting would be most appropriately located to the rear (south) of the site, specifically where it has an interface with the private open space areas. A minimum width of 6m from the rear (south) boundary, extending from the eastern boundary for a length of 41m would equate to an area of 246sqm and 8.25% of the overall site could be realisably accommodated on the site (Refer to image below). A condition of any permit that issues can require this allocation of deep soil planting, with provision for an updated landscape plan demonstrating compliance with the minimum tree provision within this space (i.e. 1 large tree or 2 medium trees per 90sqm).



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- 153. To accommodate the deep soil planting described above, approximately 30 car spaces would need to be removed from the ground and basement levels. The first floor would also need to be pushed slightly further back. The deletion of the car parking spaces to accommodate deep soil planting is acceptable as will be further discussed in the car parking and traffic assessments. The increased first floor setback could be readily accommodated without significant impact upon the dwelling layouts.
- 154. While not meeting the standard, it is considered that this allocation of deep soil planting would provide meaningful contribution toward the landscape character of the area. Additionally, the proposal comprises substantial landscaped areas throughout the development, including balcony planters capable of supporting trees and landscaped gardens at the Level 1 podium and the roof top. Council's ESD advisor noting within referral comments that these areas would marginally improve the ecological value of the site.
- 155. Additional streetscape planting is also proposed, this will be discussed in streetscape works later within the report.

Standard D11 – Access

- 156. The proposed development seeks to obtain vehicle access into the development from both Parkview Road and Park Avenue. Both accessways are approximately 6.4m in width, comprising approximately 10% of the Park Avenue frontage and 15% of the Parkview Road frontage. Thus both achieve Standard D11, which discourages accessway widths exceeding 33 per cent of the frontage. A condition of any permit that issues will require that the width of the vehicle crossovers are dimensioned.
- 157. The proposed car park entrance from Park Avenue will not result in the deletion of any car parking spaces; however there is a narrowing of Park Avenue at the point where access is proposed that will need to be modified. The swept path diagrams submitted with the application did not show the kerb outstand on the eastern side of Park Avenue, so it is unclear to what extent the eastern kerb outstand will need to be modified. Council's Traffic Engineers have requested that swept path diagrams for a B99 design vehicle entering and existing the site from the north are provided accurately depicting both kerb outstands. Also required are updated swept path diagrams for the proposed waste collection vehicle, which also omitted the eastern kerb outstand. This additional detail can be requested by way of permit condition on any permit that issues.
- 158. Modification to the kerb outstands in Park Avenue has been discussed with Council's Engineering Services Unit who have advised that the modifications to Park Avenue are acceptable, however the redesign and construction costs of these modifications will need to be borne by the permit applicant, this will be reflected in conditions of any permit that issues. The accessway also requires the removal of a Plane Tree, this will be discussed within the streetscape works section later in the report, however it is noted that Council's Open Space team support the tree removal.
- 159. The new vehicle crossover on Parkview Road will replace two existing side by side crossovers of approximately 13.5m in total width with a single crossover of approximately 6.4m in width. This will improve the streetscape presentation to Parkview Road and may also facilitate an additional on-street parking space.

Standard D12 – Parking location

160. Lift and stair access is provided from within the car parking areas to all levels of the development. This ensures convenient access for residents, staff and visitors in accordance with Standard D12. The car parking area is also secure, with the SMP report indicating that it will be naturally ventilated.

161. The acoustic report submitted with the application does not cover potential noise impacts from the car park access areas. As discussed within the noise section, a revised acoustic report is required as a condition of any permit that issues to ensure that unreasonable noise impacts associated with the proposed car park access do not occur.

Standard D13 – Integrated water and stormwater management

162. A MUSIC report has been provided within the submitted SMP demonstrating best practice in stormwater management. This is achieved by a 20kL rainwater tank within the basement, to be connected to all apartment toilets. Stormwater runoff from the rooftop and Level 2 to Level 7 terrace areas is also proposed to be diverted to rooftop landscaping, a green roof on Level 7 and planter box modules on the podium façade. While Council's ESD officer was generally comfortable these initiatives, it was noted that the WSUD aspects of the planter boxes and lawns were not noted on the landscape plans. This is still not detailed on the landscape plans, however can be addressed by way of permit condition.

Standard D14 – Building setbacks

- 163. The predominately island site minimises the potential impact of building setbacks on adjoining sites. Heidelberg Road, Parkview Road and Park Avenue provide sufficient separation to ensure that the existing and future development of these sites is not adversely affected with respect to daylight access, privacy and reasonable outlook.
- 164. In regard to the residential interface immediately to the south, as discussed within the offsite amenity impacts section, the proposed setbacks (subject to conditions) are adequate to minimise potential amenity impacts in relation to overshadowing and daylight access. Further overlooking analysis of Level 1 will also ensure that there is not any unreasonable overlooking to the properties to the south.
- 165. Building separation internally to the site is also relevant given the horseshoe shape of the building. A 16m separation (inclusive of balconies) is provided at all levels. Based on the daylight modelling that has been provided and advice from Council's ESD advisor, the internal building separation is considered adequate to maintain sufficient daylight dwellings. The separation also negates the need for privacy screening and maintains a good outlook for all dwellings.

Standard D15 – Internal views

166. As discussed above, the 16m separation negates the need for privacy screening to be provided between dwellings. Downward views are addressed via planter boxes where necessary. Views to immediately abutting balconies are addressed via 1.7m high privacy screens in most cases, with the exception for between the south facing apartments north of the Level 1 courtyard. There is no notation of the plans to suggest that this is provided however this can be addressed by way of condition.

Standard D16 – Noise impacts

- 167. The proposed development is not be located in proximity to noise generating areas as listed under this Standard. Notwithstanding this, an acoustic report was submitted with the application prepared by Acoustic Logic. This identifies that traffic noise on Heidelberg Road and mechanical plant on the roof of the commercial tenancy at 720-724 Heidelberg Road are the key noise sources.
- 168. The acoustic report has been peered reviewed by SLR. While SLR were generally comfortable with the analysis and recommendations, it was suggested that minimum Rw rating for lightweight external walls exposed to high levels of road traffic should be provided.

- 169. Whilst identifying the mechanical plant at 720-724 Heidelberg Road as a potential noise source, the Acoustic Logic report has not measured the existing noise emissions. It assumes compliance with SEPP N-1 internal targets, however SLR have further recommended that the lower daytime targets of 35 dBA are also met, in addition to the consideration of noise to balconies. Testing of this existing noise source and additional noise protection can be addressed by way of condition.
- 170. SLR were satisfied that internal noise sources such as mechanical plant and domestic air condensers were being appropriately managed, however SLR have requested that more detail be provided in regard to potential noise of the carpark entrance gates to the apartments above. This can be addressed via condition on any permit that issues.
- 171. The function room referenced within the Acoustic Logic report and the SLR review has been removed from the amended plans so will no longer present a potential noise source. Given that this has been removed, it also reduces the likelihood of the function activities to spill out into the Level 1 courtyard. SLR had suggested that elevated balustrades may be needed along the courtyard adjacent to No. 4 Park Avenue, however given that the function room has been removed and the courtyard now further setback and buffered by landscaping, it would negate the need for 2.4m screens along the southern boundary.

Standard D17 – Accessibility objective

- 172. This standard requires at least 50 percent of dwellings to have:
 - (a) Clear opening with of at least 850mm at the entrance to the dwelling and main bedroom
 - (b) Clear path with a minimum with of 1.2m connecting a dwelling entry to the main bedroom, an adaptable bathroom and living area
 - (c) Main bedroom with access to an adaptable bathroom
 - (d) At least one adaptable bathroom meeting Design A and B within Table D4 contained within the Standard.
- 173. Individual floor layouts for a sample of six typical apartments have been provided. This includes dimensions confirming an opening width of 920mm at the dwelling entry and 870mm to the main bedroom and bathroom. Circulation spaces within the dwellings are also shown with a 1.2m wide clear path. The bathrooms within the sample apartments also demonstrate compliance with either Design Option A or B. However, it is unclear whether the sample of apartments reflects 50 per cent of the dwellings within the development. A condition of any permit issued will require this to be demonstrated.

Standard D18 – Building entry and circulation

- 174. As assessed earlier in this report, the proposed residential lobby entries would be readily visible from Parkview Road and Park Avenue providing a clear sense of address. A canopy was introduced as part of the amended plans that provides shelter to both entrances. The lobby areas have clear glazing to the street frontages offering a sense of personal address and transitional space.
- 175. The ground floor lobby areas have generous lobby spaces, with a minimum width of 3.2m. The corridor spaces to levels above each have a minimum width of 1.8m, with natural light provided by windows adjacent to the lift cores on each level. It is understood that natural ventilation will also be provided via these windows, however it is not clearly shown on the plans. This will be conditioned according on any permit that issues.

Standard D19 – Private open space

176. Relevantly, the standard states that a dwelling should have a balcony with an area and dimensions specified in Table D5 (below), with convenient access from a living room:

Table D5 Balcony size

Dwelling type	Minimum area	Minimum dimension
Studio or 1 bedroom dwelling	8 square metres	1.8 metres
2 bedroom dwelling	8 square metres	2 metres
3 or more bedroom dwelling	12 square metres	2.4 metres

177. The development summary table provided confirms that all dwellings achieve the minimum areas as required pursuant to Table D5. All balconies are also conveniently accessed from the main living areas of each dwelling. However, it is unclear whether the minimum dimensions have been met. This will be addressed via condition.

Standard D20 – Storage

178. The standard encourages each dwelling to have convenient access to usable and secure storage space in accordance with Table D6 (below)

Dwelling type	Total minimum storage volume	Minimum storage volume within the dwelling
Studio	8 cubic metres	5 cubic metres
1 bedroom dwelling	10 cubic metres	6 cubic metres
2 bedroom dwelling	14 cubic metres	9 cubic metres
3 or more bedroom dwelling	18 cubic metres	12 cubic metres

Table D6 Storage

179. There are 39 storage cages located within the lower basement level. The allocation and volume of each storage cage has not been nominated on the plans. This could be resolved via condition. The sample of apartment layouts includes internal storage details. This confirms that the sample of dwellings will met the minimum storage requirement for within dwellings however it is unclear whether the overall storage volumes have been met. This can be addressed by way of condition.

Standard D21 – Common property

180. The common property areas within the development are clearly delineated from private areas via fencing. The communal areas are functional and readily accessible from communal corridors and lift access. The proposed common property areas do not appear to create any spaces that would be difficult to maintain into the future.

Standard D22 – Site services

- 181. Site services appear to be adequately accommodated within the development. These are mostly located internally within the building, either within the basement or ground floor. Services that are required to be externally accessible such as the fire booster, have been located away from the primary Heidelberg Road frontage. The elevations also indicate that these service cupboards will be treated with a fritted glass so that they will integrate with the façade.
- 182. Mail boxes are located within both lobby areas. This is considered an appropriate location for convenient access to future residents and mail delivery services.

Standard D23 – Waste and recycling

- 183. A Waste Management Plan (WMP) has been prepared by RB Waste Consulting (dated 12 January 2018) containing details on how waste is to be managed including noise and odour control.
- 184. On each level are two bin chutes adjacent to lift cores. These chutes will provide separate waste and recycling disposal and are to be signposted accordingly. The waste chutes connect into the bin storage room on the ground floor. It is identified that the waste chutes are also shown on the basement plan, despite the waste storage room being located on the ground floor. This will be corrected via permit condition.
- 185. The café and shop are to store their own receptacles in each of the areas to be then transferred into each waste stream within the communal refuse room. Waste collection will occur from within the development via a mini rear loader vehicle. The vehicle will enter and exit the development from Park Avenue via the entrance ramp. The proposed hours for collection are consistent with Council's local law requirements and will be reflected on any permit that issues.
- 186. The WMP was reviewed by Council's City Works Branch. They have advised that the WMP is acceptable.

Standard D24 – Functional layout

Bedrooms

187. Table D7 within Standard D24 states that the main bedroom should have minimum dimensions of 3.4m x 3m with remaining bedrooms of 3m x 3m. The sample apartment types are all compliant with Table D7. However, it is unclear whether the sample is representative of all apartments within the development. A condition will require that the proposal demonstrate compliance with these minimum dimensions for all apartments.

Living areas

188. Table D8 within Standard D24 specifies a minimum area of 10sqm and width of 3.3m be provided for single bedroom dwellings, and for two or more bedrooms; a minimum area of 12sqm and minimum width of 3.6m. The sample apartment types demonstrate compliance, however similarly with the bedrooms, a condition is recommended for any permit that issues that the proposal demonstrate compliance with these minimum dimensions for all apartments.

Standard D25 – Room depth

- 189. This Standard discourages single aspect rooms exceeding a room depth of 2.5m times the ceiling height. As demonstrated on Section DD, all levels have floor to ceiling heights of 2.7m, thus room depths should not exceed 6.75m.
- 190. However, the standard states that this can be increased to 9m for open plan habitable rooms, providing the kitchen is the furthest from the window and the ceiling is at least 2.7. This is met within the development, with the deepest single aspect apartments on Levels 1 and 2 meeting the aforementioned criteria with a room depth of 7.5m.

Standard D26 – Windows

191. This standard requires all habitable room windows to have a window to an external wall of a building. This is the case for all bedrooms and main living spaces. There are a number of one bedroom apartments that have 'study nooks' receiving only borrowed light from the main living area. However given the small size of these 'study nooks' and that they are open to the main living area, the level of daylight into these areas is considered acceptable.

Standard D27 – Natural ventilation

- 192. This standard encourages that at least 40 per cent of dwelling provide effective cross ventilation that has:
 - (a) A maximum breeze path through the dwelling of 18m
 - (b) Minimum breeze path through the dwelling of 5m
 - (c) Ventilation openings with approximately the same area.
- 193. Cross ventilation is demonstrated for three of the apartment sample types in accordance the above criteria. It is unclear what percentage of dwellings within the development achieve natural ventilation opportunities. The 'horseshoe' shaped building offers greater opportunities for dual aspect dwellings, with 37 dwellings (35%) within the development composed of two sides that could readily achieve cross ventilation. A condition of permit is required for the proposal to demonstrate that at least 40 per cent of dwellings within the development provide cross ventilation opportunities in accordance with Standard D27.

Environmentally Sustainable Design

- 194. In addition to previously discussed energy efficiency and integrated water and stormwater management objectives and standards of Clause 58 (Apartment Developments), Council's local policies at Clause 22.16 and Clause 22.17 also call for best practice water quality performance objectives and best practice in environmentally sustainable development from the design stage through to construction and operation.
- 195. The applicant submitted a Sustainable Management Plan (SMP) prepared by Sustainable Development Consultants (SDC) dated April 2017. An updated report dated January 2018 was submitted to reflect the amended plans. The SMP proposes to implement the following initiatives into the development:
 - (a) A 22kW solar PV array affixed to a pergola structure to the roof terrace, to contribute toward common area electricity consumption.
 - (b) Electric vehicle charging facilities (connected to the solar PV power supply)
 - (c) NCC energy efficient requirements exceeded by 15% for non-residential areas.
 - (d) Centralised heat pump hot water system
 - (e) Energy efficient light and reverse cycle heating/cooling systems.
- 196. Council ESD advisor has reviewed the revised plans and SMP report and whilst a number of the initial issues have been resolved, further amendments need to be made to address the following:
 - (a) As previously discussed, revisions in the report and on the town planning plans to demonstrate a minimum of 21 MJ/m2 cooling load to all dwellings.
 - (b) Recommended changes to meet NCC need to be implemented on the town planning drawings
 - (c) Confirmation on the plans that natural ventilation is provided for common area corridors
 - (d) Operability of habitable room windows to be clearly marked on elevations and floor plans.
 - (e) Non-committal language e.g. "where possible" to be removed from the SMP.
 - (f) Prior to occupation, demonstration that a minimum 10% energy efficient improvement for the non-residential areas will be achieved.
- 197. The above matters can be addressed via condition on any permit that issues.

Car & Bicycle parking and Traffic Generation

Car Parking

- 198. As outlined in the Particular Provisions section earlier in this report, the proposal is seeking a statutory car parking reduction of 9 car spaces. This has reduced from the initial application, which sought a statutory car parking reduction of 20 spaces. The initial application was referred to Council's Traffic Engineers who raised no objection to the car parking reduction.
- 199. Consequent to conditions discussed earlier in this report, it is expected that the car parking shortfall will increase from 9 spaces to 18 spaces. Specifically the deletion of Level 2 is expected to reduce the number of dwellings and the subsequently car parking requirement by 21 spaces. A condition regarding the deep soil planting however anticipates a reduction of the onsite car parking provision by approximately 30 spaces. With these two changes, the car parking reduction would be 18 spaces, however would still be less than the reduction of 20 spaces initially sought and supported by Council's Traffic Engineers. On this basis, the proposed amendments discussed within the report are considered satisfactory.
- 200. In terms of assessing the car parking demand generated by the proposed development, it is important to note that Clause 52.06 is a State wide provision and the rates are not always relevant to inner city locations such as Yarra. In considering a reduction, Clause 52.06 requires that an assessment is undertaken of the actual number of car spaces likely to be generated by the use.
- 201. It is imperative to consider the site context and whether there are opportunities to encourage sustainable transport alternatives and assist with reducing existing traffic congestion. In respect to the current proposal, reduced car parking provision is considered appropriate, specifically:
 - (a) The site is within a Neighbourhood Activity Centre where a concentration of activities and services promotes greater walkability and multi-purpose trips;
 - (b) Further retail and service offerings are proposed to be accommodated within the Former Paper Mill Strategic Redevelopment site, including two supermarkets, a gym, café and school.
 - (c) The site is reasonably well serviced by public transport, including bus services along Heidelberg Road and Alphington train station a short walk to the north of Heidelberg Road site.
 - (d) Residents would be ineligible for on-street parking permits. Whilst at this stage there is limited permit parking restricted areas around the site, these could be introduced if the need arises; and
 - (e) The provision for on-site bicycle parking facilities is well in excess of the minimum statutory requirements, supporting cycling as a form of travel for residents, employees and visitors.
- 202. Furthermore, based on information contained within the GTA report, it is understood that the current area and use of the land (Restricted Retail at 2,100sqm) operates with 16 on site spaces and a deficiency of 47 spaces, most likely associated with customer parking. Council's Traffic Engineers were satisfied that the customer parking overflow of the proposed redevelopment would be much less than the existing parking deficiency of the site.

Bicycle parking

203. As outlined in the planning controls section earlier in this report, pursuant to Clause 52.34-3, the proposed application requires a minimum of 35 bicycle spaces to be provided. The proposal exceeds the requirements, providing 140 spaces across the basements and ground floor. This has increased from the original proposal, which provided 82 spaces. Council's Strategic Transport Unit reviewed the original application and recommended that a minimum 28 visitor bicycle spaces are provided, the revised application now proposes 30 spaces with 16 bicycle spaces (8 hoops) along Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue and a further 14 visitor spaces within the ground floor.

- 204. In regard to the provision for resident/employee bicycle parking, the initial advice from Council's Strategic Transport Unit was that one space should be provided per dwelling. The revised plans accommodate 104 bicycle spaces for residents within the basement in addition to a further 22 bicycle spaces for both employees and residents on the ground floor. This achieves a one space per dwelling ratio based upon the current 105 dwellings, with a further 21 spaces that can be shared between employees and residents. The bicycle space provision is well in excess of the Standard and the recommended bicycle provision by Council's Strategic Transport Unit.
- 205. Turning to the location of the bicycle facilities, it is considered that the visitor spaces are conveniently located for visitors, however the location of the spaces along Heidelberg Road will encroach within the footpath and the covered area. An alternative location for these hoops is therefore recommended as a condition of any permit that issues. The visitor spaces within the ground floor car parking area are readily accessible, however offer a more secure location than on the footpath for longer term visitors.
- 206. In regard to the resident and employee spaces, these are appropriately located within secure facilities. The resident bicycle facilities within the basement are conveniently positioned adjacent to each lift core. The shared resident and employee spaces at ground floor are positioned with direct access from Park Avenue and the ground floor carpark, which will facilitate convenient access to the shop, café and residential lobbies either via the street or internally via the ground floor car park.

Traffic Generation

- 207. GTA in their traffic report adopts a traffic generation rate of 0.35 trips per dwelling, with peak hour accounting for 10% of the daily volume. In the case of retail/food a drink premises, 0.5 trips per allocated car space is expected within the peak hour. The original proposal was anticipated to have a daily total of 393 trips, with 45 trips in the peak hour.
- 208. Based on the amended proposal, traffic generation rates are slightly reduced, with the number of dwellings reducing from 109 to 105 and number of car spaces reducing from 157 to 153. This would be further reduced by the recommended permit conditions discussed earlier in the report, which involve the deletion of Level 2 and subsequently removal of 20 dwellings. The reduction of approximately 30 car spaces is also anticipated as a consequence of a condition for deep soil planting. The expected traffic generation rates for the amended proposal and the impact from the recommended permit conditions is contained in the tables below:

	Daily traffic volume	Peak Traffic volume					
Residential dwellings	360	36					
Retail/food and drink	13	7					
Tota	l: 373	43					

Amended Application (under consideration)

Impact from proposed permit conditions

	Daily traffic volume	Peak Traffic volume
Residential dwellings	300	30
Retail/food and drink	13	7
Total:	313	37

209. The GTA report assumes that all traffic exiting the development would do so via Parkview Road or Park Avenue. Local residents of the area have advised in their submissions however that vehicles making a right hand turn movement into Heidelberg Road were more likely to do so via Yarralea Street.

Council's Traffic Engineers were made aware of this information but nevertheless considered the traffic distribution assumptions made by GTA Consultants to be reasonable in the context of assessing the intersection performances of Park Avenue and Parkview Road with Heidelberg Road.

- 210. SIDRA intersection modelling was undertaken in the GTA report on both the Park Avenue and Parkview Road intersections with Heidelberg Road. This modelling suggested that the intersections have capacity to accommodate the peak hour development traffic (noting this was based upon the original application rather than the amended reduced rates). A gap analysis was also undertaken of the Heidelberg Road traffic stream to accommodate entering or exiting vehicles. This analysis also identified that the proposed pedestrian lights to be delivered as part of the former Paper Mill Development would increase the gap opportunities for entering vehicles. These signals in addition to the proposed traffic signalisation of the Latrobe Street intersection with Heidelberg Road would facilitate coordinated breaks in traffic, thus limiting the need for motorists to use Yarralea Street.
- 211. Council's traffic engineers where satisfied that the SIDRA and gap analysis indicated that traffic generated by the proposed development would be able to reasonably enter and exit the Heidelberg Road traffic stream during peak hours.

Streetscape works

- 212. The landscape plans submitted include proposed landscaping works within the public realm along Heidelberg Road, Parkview Road and Park Avenue as follows:
 - (a) Provision for a grassed nature strip along part of Parkview Road and introduction of four eucalyptus Lleucoxylon (Euky Dwarf) street trees.
 - (b) Removal of a Plane Tree along Park Avenue to accommodate the proposed vehicle access.
 - (c) Provision of two Acer Platanodies 'Crimson Sentry' street trees along Park Avenue.
 - (d) Feature entrance paving to the retail entry on Heidelberg Road and the residential lobby entrances to Parkview Road and Park Avenue.
- 213. The removal of the Plane Tree along Park Avenue was reviewed by Council's arborist, who subsequently recommended the removal of the three existing trees along Park Avenue, with the retention of only the tree toward the corner of Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue. It was advised that these trees have a low useful life expectancy and therefore it was preferable that the trees are removed and replaced with four new trees. This can be addressed by way of condition.
- 214. Council's Streetscape landscape architect has reviewed the plans and has requested that the following changes are made:
 - (a) The grassed nature strip along Parkview Road to extent toward the Heidelberg Road corner and be a minimum of 1.4m wide. By extending the nature street toward Heidelberg Road, it is expected that an additional two Euky dwarf trees could also be accommodated.
 - (b) The Crimson Sentry is not supported within Park Avenue due to its foliage colour and vulnerability to higher temperatures. Alternatively, an Acer Negundo 'sensation' is requested, which will also better integrate with the existing Plane trees along Park Avenue, a further two trees (total of four) along Park Avenue of the same species is also requested to offset the removal of the three Plane Trees along Park Avenue.
 - (c) The existing street trees in Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue should be protected during construction works according to Australian Standard AS 4970-2009, including a TPZ for the duration of the building works. Protection Bonds should also be placed on these trees.
 - (d) Street paving materials need to be consistent with Council's Public Domain Manual. Feature paving at the retail and lobby entrances should be sawn bluestone, rather than black granite and the carpark entrance thresholds to be bluestone setts rather than porphyry stone.

- 215. Protection of the existing street trees during construction as well as protection bonds are matters dealt with by Council's Construction Management Unit under the construction Management Plan. The remaining requests can be addressed via conditions of permit if one is to issue.
- 216. In addition to standard infrastructure conditions, Council's Engineering services branch has also requested the following works/upgrades be undertaken to Council's satisfaction and at the cost of the permit holder:
 - (a) Reconstruction of the kerb and channel along Parkview Road, Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue
 - (b) Re-sheeting of the pavement along Parkview Road immediately outside the property's frontage
 - (c) Corner splays of the existing building at the intersections of Parkview Road and Park Avenue with Heidelberg Road must not be encroached.
- 217. These matters can also be dealt with via permit conditions. In regard to the corner building splays, it appears that this has already been accommodated on the plans, however to ensure this is the case, a condition will require that it is clearly shown that these splays have been are retained.

Objector Concerns

- 218. The following objector issues have been addressed in the report within the paragraphs described:
 - (a) Excessive height and massing (Paragraphs 112 to 120)
 - (b) Inadequate setbacks (Paragraphs 112 to 120 and 163 to 165)
 - (c) Design incongruous with existing character (Paragraphs 121 to 122)
 - (d) Amenity impacts overshadowing, overlooking and visual bulk (Paragraphs 126 to 135)
 - (e) Poor internal amenity (Paragraphs 166 to 193)
 - (f) Insufficient ESD standards (Paragraphs 141 to 143, 162, 194 to 197)
 - (g) Impact on street trees (Paragraphs 213 and 215)
 - (h) Insufficient parking (Paragraphs 198 to 202)
 - (i) Traffic impacts (Paragraphs 207 to 211)
- 219. Matters not addressed in the report are summarised as follows:
 - (a) Impact during construction

Minimising disruption during construction is a matter relevant to all developments within the municipality, however it is not a determining factor is respect to whether a permit should be granted. If a permit were to be issued, a condition would require a construction management plan to be prepared and submitted to Council for approval. This would be assessed and enforced by Council's Construction Management Unit.

(b) Impact on Alphington War Memorial vista

The subject site is not within or directly adjoining a heritage overlay area. The nearest heritage precinct is located further to the south of Park Avenue. The precinct statement for this heritage precinct does not reference the War Memorial vista. Similarly, the War Memorial Vista is also not referenced in the Neighbourhood description for Alphington.

Conclusion

- 220. The proposed development is considered to demonstrate a high level of compliance with policy objectives contained within the State and Local Planning Policy Framework. Notably, the proposal achieves the State policies' urban consolidation objectives and Council's preference to direct housing within commercial areas.
- 221. The proposal, subject to conditions outlined in the recommendation below, is an acceptable planning outcome that demonstrates compliance with the relevant Council policies. Based on the above report, the proposal complies with the relevant Planning Scheme provisions and planning policy and is therefore supported.

RECOMMENDATION

That having considered all objections and relevant planning policies, the Committee resolves to issue a Notice of Decision to Grant a Planning Permit PLN17/0040 for Development of the land for construction of a multi-storey building, use of land for dwellings, reduction in the statutory car parking requirements and waiver of loading bay requirements (associated with café and shop) at 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington, generally in accordance with the plans noted previously as the "decision plans" and subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Before the development commences, amended plans to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the plans will be endorsed and will then form part of this permit. The plans must be drawn to scale with dimensions, and three copies must be provided. The plans must be generally in accordance with the decision plans but modified to show:
 - (a) Deletion of Level 2 and subsequent relocation of balcony planters to maintain a staggered design.
 - (b) Provision of deep soil planting to the southern portion of the site with a width of 6m and length of 41m measured from the eastern boundary.
 - (c) Consistent treatment of the roof top terrace with the landscape plans;
 - (d) Retail tenancy relabelled as 'shop' on the ground floor plan;
 - (e) Relocation of bicycle hoops along Heidelberg Road to an alternative location that does not intrude the footpath
 - (f) 'window gallery' to be replaced with a public art installation and extending to the southern side of the vehicle entrance
 - (g) Extent of the public art installation as required by Condition 1(f) to be shown consistently on plans and elevations;
 - (h) Relocation of the 'supply air fan room' from the Parkview Road frontage to internally within the site, subsequently bringing forward the bicycle storage facility to align with the remainder of the façade
 - (i) Bicycle storage facility to Parkview Road, as modified by Condition 1(h), to incorporate a transparent or semi-transparent interface to Parkview Road.
 - Any additional overlooking treatments to the southernmost apartments and the Level 1 communal courtyard to demonstrate there is no direct views in adjacent secluded private open space or habitable room windows within 9m;
 - (k) Details of privacy screening measures to the private balconies on Level 1 to prevent overlooking from the communal courtyard;
 - (I) Details of privacy screening proposed between the south-facing apartments north of the Level 1 courtyard;
 - (m) Dimension the width of the proposed vehicle crossovers.
 - (n) 50 per cent of dwellings within the development achieve Standard D17 (Accessibility) of Clause 58 of the Yarra Planning Scheme
 - (o) Notations to confirm common corridor spaces receive natural ventilation
 - (p) Balcony sizes of all apartments meet the minimum dimensions for the minimum areas as per Table D5 of standard D19 (Private Open Space) of Clause 58 of the Yarra Planning Scheme

- (q) Allocation and volume of the storage cages located within the lower basement level;
- (r) Overall storage volumes in accordance with the minimum storage volumes pursuant to Table D6 of standard D20 (Storage);
- (s) Confirmation that all apartments achieve the minimum bedroom and living area dimensions pursuant to Standard D24 of Clause 58 of the Yarra Planning Scheme;
- (t) A minimum of 40% of apartments within the development receive cross ventilation in accordance with standard D27
- (u) Operability of habitable room windows to be clearly notated
- (v) Demonstrate that existing corner building splays Heidelberg Road are not encroached by built form;
- (w) Remove reference to the waste chutes within the basement plans;
- (x) Swept path diagrams for a B99 design vehicle and the waste collection vehicle entering and exiting the site in a northerly direction, depicting the full road profile of Park Avenue, including the existing kerb outstand on the eastern side of the street.
- (y) Any amendments as required by the Amended Landscaping Plan pursuant to Condition 4
- (z) Any amendments as required by the Amended Sustainable Management Plan pursuant to Condition 6, including recommended changes to meet NCC
- (aa) Any amendments as required by the Amended Acoustic Report pursuant to condition 8
- (bb) Any amendments as required by the Wind Tunnel Study pursuant to Condition 14
- 2. The use and development as shown on the endorsed plans must not be altered (unless the Yarra Planning Scheme specifies that a permit is not required) without the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority.

Ongoing architect involvement

- 3. As part of the ongoing consultant team, XO Projects or an architectural firm to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be engaged to:
 - (a) oversee design and construction of the development; and
 - (b) ensure the design quality and appearance of the development is realised as shown in the endorsed plans or otherwise to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Amended Landscaping Plan Required

- 4. Before the development commences, an amended Landscape Plan to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the amended Landscape Plan will be endorsed and will form part of this permit. The amended Landscape Plan must be generally in accordance with the Landscape Plan prepared by Urbis and dated 11 October 2017, but modified to include (or show):
 - (a) Reflect amended plans pursuant to Condition 1
 - (b) WSUD initiatives contained within the endorsed SMP report to be notated
 - (c) Removal of the three southernmost Plane Trees along Park Avenue
 - (d) Replace the two proposed *Acer platanoides* 'Crimson Sentry' trees with four *Acer negundo* 'Sensation' along Park Avenue
 - (e) Increase the width of the nature strip along Parkview Road to a minimum of 1.4m.
 - (f) Street paving materials consistent with Council's Public Domain Manual including:
 - (i) Sawn blue stone feature paving to entrances
 - (ii) Bluestone setts to carpark entrance thresholds

Ongoing Landscaping Plan Requirement

5. Before the new building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, the landscaping works shown on the endorsed Landscape Plan must be carried out and completed at the cost of the permit holder and to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority. The landscaping shown on the endorsed Landscape Plan must be maintained by:

- (a) implementing and complying with the provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Landscape Plan;
- (b) not using the areas set aside on the endorsed Landscape Plan for landscaping for any other purpose; and
- (c) replacing any dead, diseased, dying or damaged plants,

to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Amended Sustainable Management Plan

- 6. Before the development commences, an amended Sustainable Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the amended Sustainable Management Plan will be endorsed and will form part of this permit. The amended Sustainable Management Plan must be generally in accordance with the Sustainable Management Plan prepared by SBE and dated 9 June 2017, but modified to include or show:
 - (a) Demonstrate a maximum cooling load of 21 Mj/m² for all apartments
 - (b) Removal of non-comital language (e.g. "where possible")
 - (c) Prior to occupation, proposal is to demonstrate that a minimum 10% energy efficient improvements for the non-residential areas will be achieved
- 7. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Sustainable Design Assessment must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Amended Acoustic Report

- 8. Before the development commences, an amendment Acoustic Report to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be prepared by a suitably qualified acoustic engineer and must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the Acoustic Report will be endorsed and will form part of this permit. The Acoustic Report must be generally in accordance with the Acoustic Report prepared by Acoustic Logic dated 7 April 2017, but modified to include:
 - (a) Reference to the decision plans and any changes pursuant to condition 1
 - (b) Potential noise impacts from the car park entries to the apartments above;
 - (c) Minimum Rw rating for lightweight external walls exposed to high levels of road traffic;
 - (d) Testing of existing noise emissions of the mechanical plant at 720-724 Heidelberg Road
 - (e) Daytime targets of 35dBA Leq to be met for habitable rooms and 30dBA Leq in bedrooms at night
 - (f) Consideration of noise levels on balconies
- 9. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Acoustic Report must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Waste Management Plan

10. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Waste Management Plan generally in accordance with the Waste Management Report prepared by RB Waste Consulting Service dated 12 January 2018 must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Public Art Management Plan

- 11. Before the development commences, a Public Art Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the Public Art Management Plan will be endorsed and will then form part of this permit. The Public Art Management Plan must include, but not be limited to:
 - (a) The location of the artwork (to be consistent with the endorsed development plans);
 - (b) Outline of methodology for commission;
 - (c) Details of the commissioned artist(s);

- (d) Description of art work, including:
 - (i) Materials;
 - (ii) Colours;
 - (iii) Dimensions;
 - (iv) Conceptual and site context rationale;
 - (v) Special features (for example lighting);
- (e) Details of the installation process;
- (f) Details of art work maintenance schedule and ongoing ownership/caretaker details; and
- (g) Attribution plans (eg signage or plaque)
- 12. Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, the approved public art must be completed at no cost to Council and to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority. Once completed, the public art must be maintained in accordance with the endorsed Public Art Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 13. Prior to the completion of the development, subject to the relevant authority's consent, the relocation of the public light poles adjacent to Allowah Terrace necessary to facilitate the development must be undertaken:
 - (a) in accordance with any requirements or conditions imposed by the relevant authority;
 - (b) at the permit holder's cost; and
 - (c) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Wind Tunnel Study

- 14. Before the development commences, a Wind Tunnel Study to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the Wind Tunnel Study will be endorsed and will form part of this permit. The Wind Tunnel Study is to test the wind climate conditions at the following locations:
 - (a) Areas discussed within the Wind Effects Statement prepared by Vipac dated 7 April 2017
 - (b) Along the Heidelberg Road façade and any recommendations to achieve an acceptable wind comfort level for outdoor seating;
 - (c) Residential lobby entry to Parkview road
 - (d) Adjacent street corners (Parkview Road & Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue & Heidelberg Road).
 - (e) Area under the pergola and any other seating areas on the roof top, with recommendations to demonstrate sitting comfort criteria if necessary.
- 15. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Wind Tunnel Study must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Public realm and Infrastructure

- 16. Within three months of commencement of the development, the owner of the site must submit detailed engineering documentation to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority and approved by the Responsible Authority and at the full cost of the owner showing the following:
 - (a) Redesign of Park Avenue to accommodate the proposed vehicle crossovers and turning circle movements
 - (b) Reconstruction of the kerb and channel along Parkview Road, Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue
 - (c) Resheeting of the pavement along Parkview Road immediately outside the property's frontage

Timing of works

17. Before the building is occupied, all works required by condition 14 must be fully constructed and completed at the full cost of the owner to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Relocated assets

- 18. Prior to the completion of the development, subject to the relevant authority's consent, the relocation of the power pole on Park Avenue adjacent to the proposed vehicle entrance necessary to facilitate the development must be undertaken:
 - (a) in accordance with any requirements or conditions imposed by the relevant authority;
 - (b) at the permit holder's cost; and
 - (c) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Damage to Council Infrastructure

- 19. Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, any damage to Council infrastructure resulting from the development must be reinstated:
 - (a) at the permit holder's cost; and
 - (b) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Vehicle Crossovers

- 20. Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, any new vehicle crossing must be constructed:
 - (a) in accordance with any requirements or conditions imposed by Council;
 - (b) at the permit holder's cost; and
 - (c) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 21. Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, any redundant vehicular crossing must be demolished and re-instated as standard footpath and kerb and channel:
 - (a) at the permit holder's cost; and
 - (b) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

PTV Condition

22. The permit holder must take all reasonable steps to ensure that disruption to bus operations along Heidelberg Road are kept to a minimum during the construction of the development. Foreseen disruptions to bus operations and mitigation measures must be communicated to Public Transport Victoria fourteen (14) days prior.

Lighting

- 23. Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, external lighting capable of illuminating accesses to the car park, dwelling entrances and the residential lobby must be provided within the property boundary. Lighting must be:
 - (a) located;
 - (b) directed;
 - (c) shielded; and
 - (d) of limited intensity,

to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

- 24. Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, all new on-boundary walls must be cleaned and finished to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 25. All pipes, fixtures, fittings and vents servicing any building on the land must be concealed in service ducts or otherwise hidden from view to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

- 26. Except with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority, demolition or construction works must not be carried out:
 - (a) Monday-Friday (excluding public holidays) before 7 am or after 6 pm;
 - (b) Saturdays and public holidays (other than ANZAC Day, Christmas Day and Good Friday) before 9 am or after 3 pm; or
 - (c) Sundays, ANZAC Day, Christmas Day and Good Friday at any time.

Construction Management Plan

- 27. Before the development commences, a Construction Management Plan to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the plan will be endorsed and will form part of this permit. The plan must provide for:
 - (a) a pre-conditions survey (dilapidation report) of the land and all adjacent Council roads frontages and nearby road infrastructure;
 - (b) works necessary to protect road and other infrastructure;
 - (c) remediation of any damage to road and other infrastructure;
 - (d) containment of dust, dirt and mud within the land and method and frequency of clean up procedures to prevent the accumulation of dust, dirt and mud outside the land,
 - (e) facilities for vehicle washing, which must be located on the land;
 - (f) the location of loading zones, site sheds, materials, cranes and crane/hoisting zones, gantries and any other construction related items or equipment to be located in any street;
 - (g) site security;
 - (h) management of any environmental hazards including, but not limited to,:
 - (i) contaminated soil;
 - (ii) materials and waste;
 - (iii) dust;
 - (iv) stormwater contamination from run-off and wash-waters;
 - (v) sediment from the land on roads;
 - (vi) washing of concrete trucks and other vehicles and machinery; and
 - (vii) spillage from refuelling cranes and other vehicles and machinery;
 - (i) the construction program;
 - (j) preferred arrangements for trucks delivering to the land, including delivery and unloading points and expected duration and frequency;
 - (k) parking facilities for construction workers;
 - (I) measures to ensure that all work on the land will be carried out in accordance with the Construction Management Plan;
 - (m) an outline of requests to occupy public footpaths or roads, or anticipated disruptions to local services;
 - (n) an emergency contact that is available for 24 hours per day for residents and the Responsible Authority in the event of relevant queries or problems experienced;
 - (o) the provision of a traffic management plan to comply with provisions of AS 1742.3-2002 Manual of uniform traffic control devices - Part 3: Traffic control devices for works on roads.
 - (p) a Noise and Vibration Management Plan showing methods to minimise noise and vibration impacts on nearby properties and to demonstrate compliance with Noise Control Guideline 12 for Construction (Publication 1254) as issued by the Environment Protection Authority in October 2008. The Noise and Vibration Management Plan must be prepared to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority. In preparing the Noise and Vibration Management Plan, consideration must be given to:
 - (i) using lower noise work practice and equipment;
 - (ii) the suitability of the land for the use of an electric crane;
 - (iii) silencing all mechanical plant by the best practical means using current technology;
 - (iv) fitting pneumatic tools with an effective silencer;

- (v) other relevant considerations; and
- (vi) any site-specific requirements.

During the construction:

- (q) any stormwater discharged into the stormwater drainage system must be in compliance with Environment Protection Authority guidelines;
- (r) stormwater drainage system protection measures must be installed as required to ensure that no solid waste, sediment, sand, soil, clay or stones from the land enters the stormwater drainage system;
- (s) vehicle borne material must not accumulate on the roads abutting the land;
- (t) the cleaning of machinery and equipment must take place on the land and not on adjacent footpaths or roads; and
- (u) all litter (including items such as cement bags, food packaging and plastic strapping) must be disposed of responsibly.
- 28. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Construction Management Plan must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

Time Expiry

- 29. This permit will expire if:
 - (a) the development is not commenced within two years of the date of this permit;
 - (b) the development is not completed within four years of the date of this permit; or
 - (c) the use is not commenced within five years of the date of this permit.

The Responsible Authority may extend the periods referred to if a request is made in writing before the permit expires or within six months afterwards for commencement or within twelve months afterwards for completion.

Notes:

A building permit maybe required before development is commenced. Please contact Council's Building Services on 9205 5585 to confirm.

Provision must be made for drainage of the site to a legal point of discharge. Please contact Council's Building Services on 9205 5585 for further information.

All future property owners, residents, employees and occupiers residing within the development approved under this permit will not be permitted to obtain resident, employee or visitor parking permits.

The site is located within an Environmental Audit Overlay. Pursuant to Clause 45.03 of the Yarra Planning Scheme, the requirements of the Environmental Audit Overlay must be met prior to the commencement of development permitted under the permit.

In accordance with the Yarra Planning Scheme, a 4.5 per cent public open space contribution will apply in the event of the subdivision of the land.

A local law permit (e.g. Asset Protection Permit, Road Occupation Permit) may be required before development is commenced. Please contact Council's Construction Management Branch on Ph. 9205 5585 to confirm.

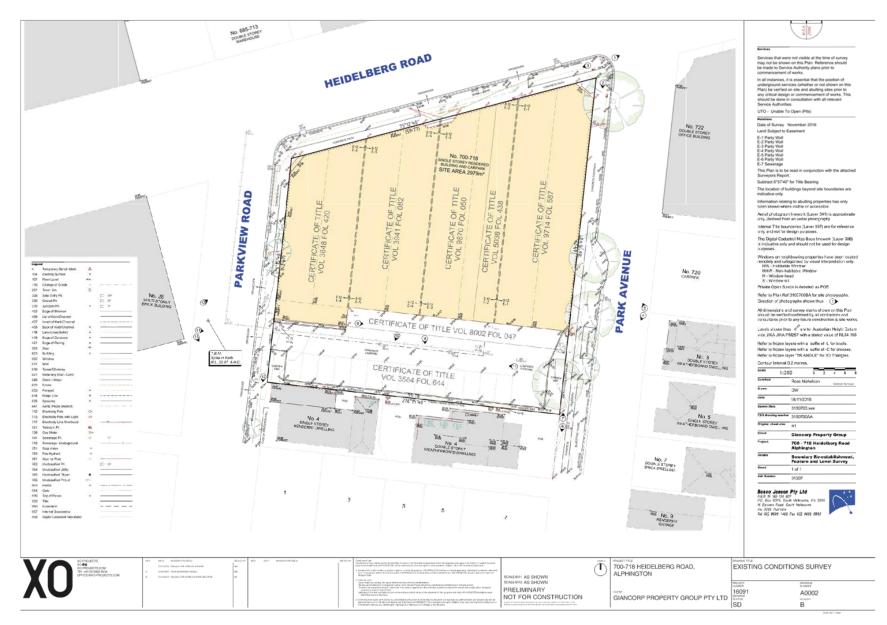
The permit holder must obtain approval from the relevant authorities to remove and/or build over the easement(s).

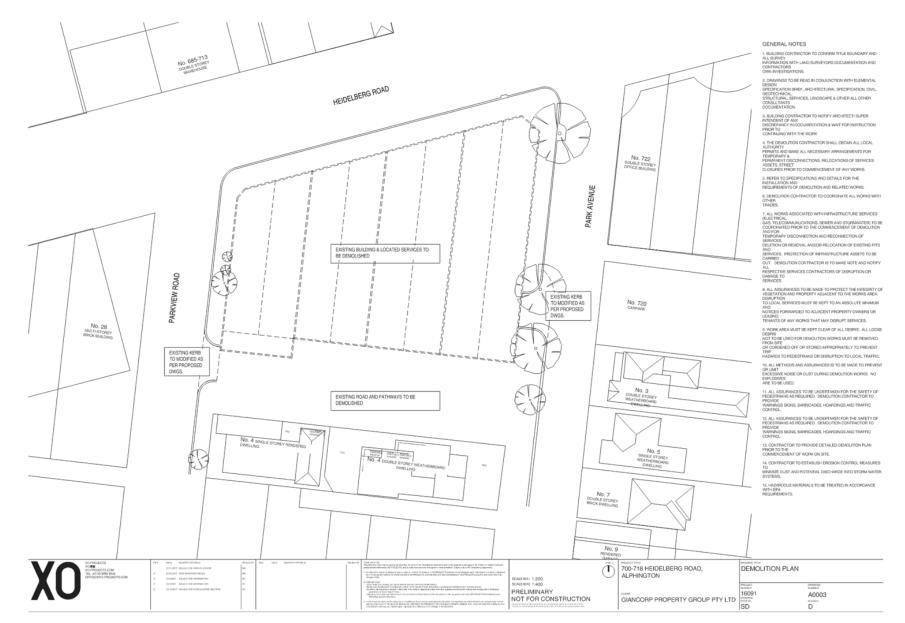
CONTACT OFFICER:	Amy Hodgen
TITLE:	Coordinator Statutory Planning
TEL:	9205 5330

Attachments

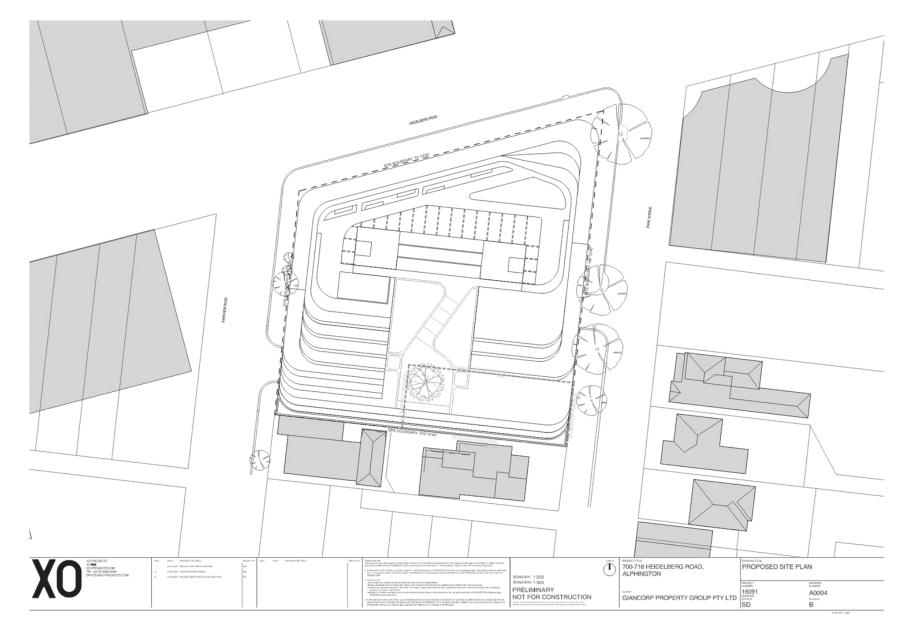
- 1 Decision Plans
- 2 Rendered Images
- 3 Shadow Analysis
- 4 Landscape Plans
- 5 PTV Referral Comments
- 6 Engineering Services Referral Comments
- 7 Engineering Services additional comments on Park Avenue
- 8 Strategic Transport Referral Comments
- **9** ESD Advisor Referral Comments
- 10 ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans
- **11** Open Space Referral Comments
- 12 Open Space Referral Comments on Original Plans
- 13 DLA Urban Design Referral Comments
- 14 MEL Consultants Referral Comments
- **15** SLR Acoustic Referral Comments
- **16** City Works Referral Comments
- 17 Internal Urban Design Referral Comments

Min desirità DOUBLE MONTEL	700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD ALPHINGTON TOWN PLANNING ISSUE FOR CONSULTATIVE CONFERENCE
	DRAWING LIST A0001 - LOCATION PLAN & DRAWING LIST A0002 - EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY A0003 - DEMOLITION PLAN A0004 - PROPOSED SITE PLAN A0098 - BASEMENT 2 FLOOR PLAN A0099 - BASEMENT 1 FLOOR PLAN A0100 - GROUND FLOOR PLAN A0101 - LEVEL 01 FLOOR PLAN A0102 - LEVEL 02 FLOOR PLAN A0103 - LEVEL 04 FLOOR PLAN A0104 - LEVEL 04 FLOOR PLAN
TOD-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD, ALPHINGTON	A0105 - LEVEL 05 FLOOR PLAN A0106 - LEVEL 06 FLOOR PLAN A0107 - LEVEL 07 FLOOR PLAN A0108 - ROOF FLOOR PLAN A0109 - ROOF TOP FLOOR PLAN A0200 - TYPICAL ONE BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE A) A0201 - TYPICAL ONE BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE B) A0202 - TYPICAL TWO BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE A) A0203 - TYPICAL TWO BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE A) A0204 - TYPICAL THREE BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE A) A0205 - TYPICAL THREE BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE B) A0205 - TYPICAL THREE BEDROOM APARTMENT LAYOUT (TYPE B) A0200 - NORTH ELEVATION
	A0901 - EAST ELEVATION A0902 - WEST ELEVATION A0903 - SOUTH ELEVATION A0950 - SECTION AA A0951 - SECTION BB A0952 - SECTION CC A0953 - SECTION DD A1100 - ELEMENTAL DETAILS A1101 - ELEMENTAL DETAILS A1102 - ELEMENTAL DETAILS A1103 - ELEMENTAL DETAILS

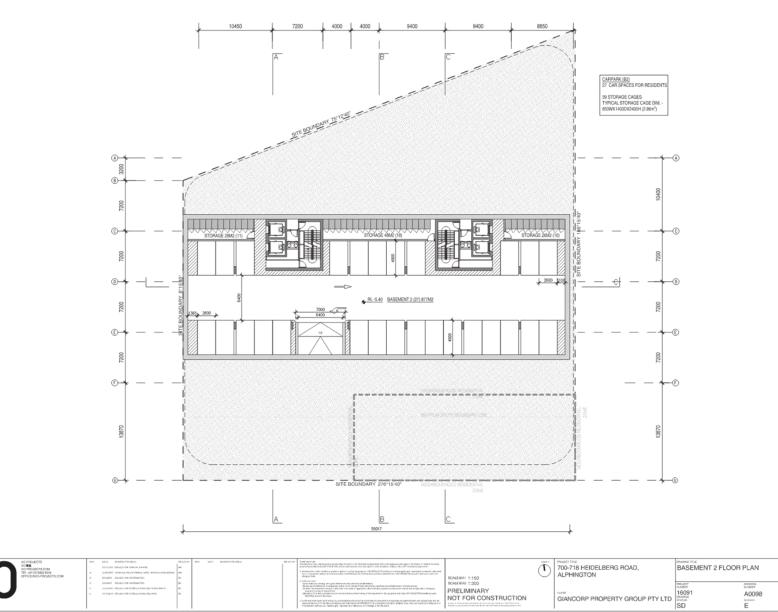


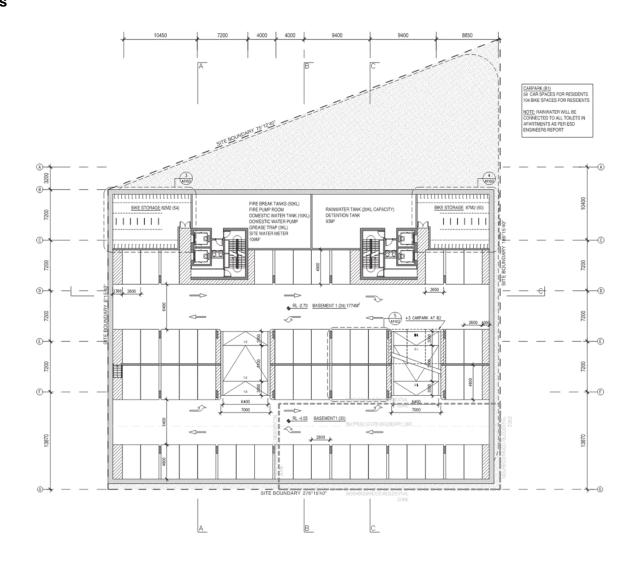


Attachment 1 - Decision Plans

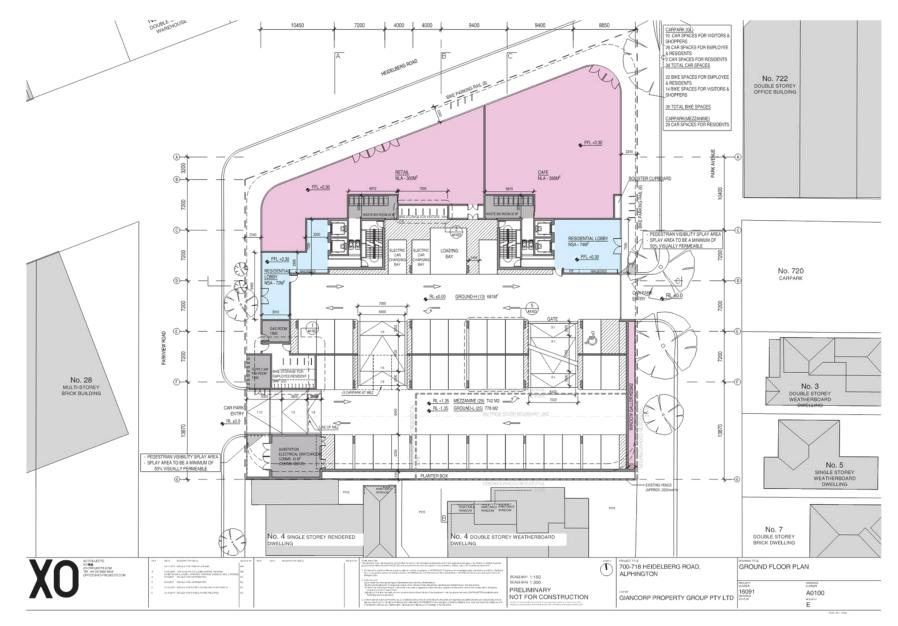


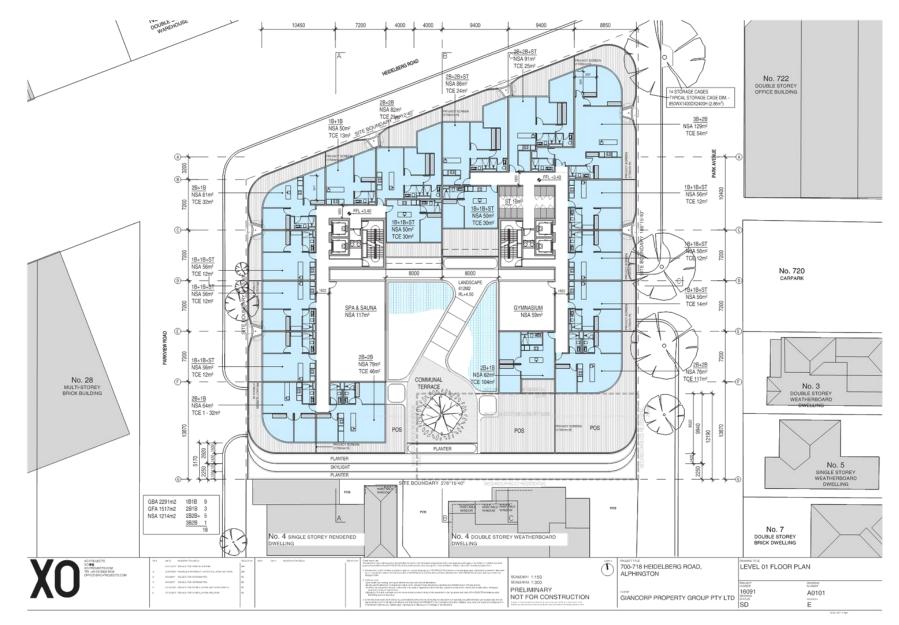
Yarra City Council – Internal Development Approvals Committee Agenda – Wednesday 31 January 2018

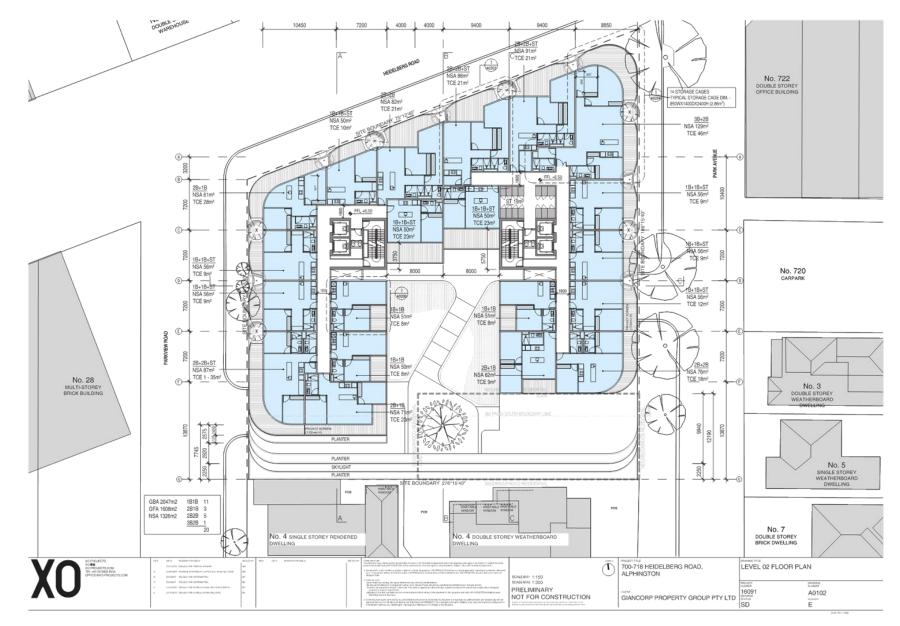


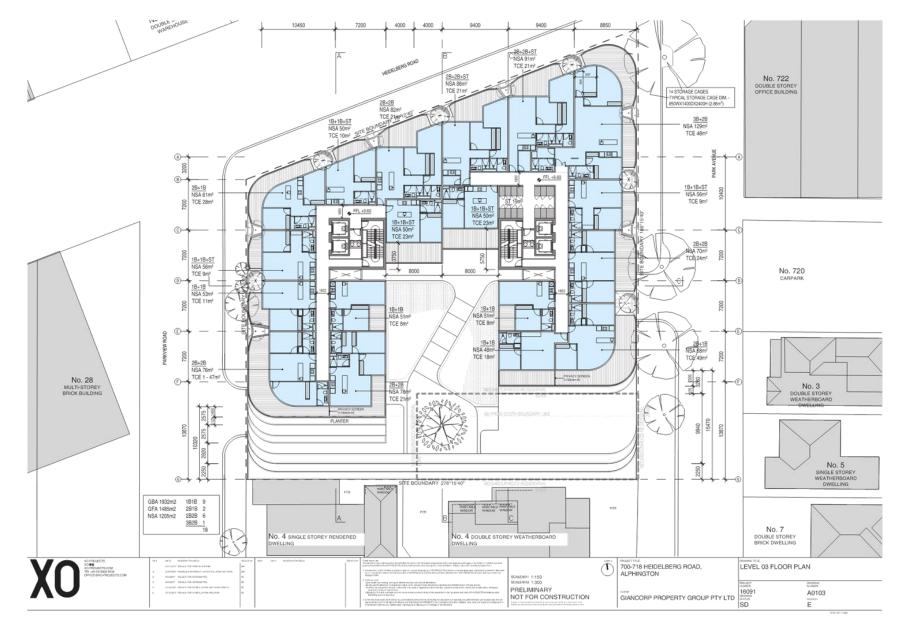


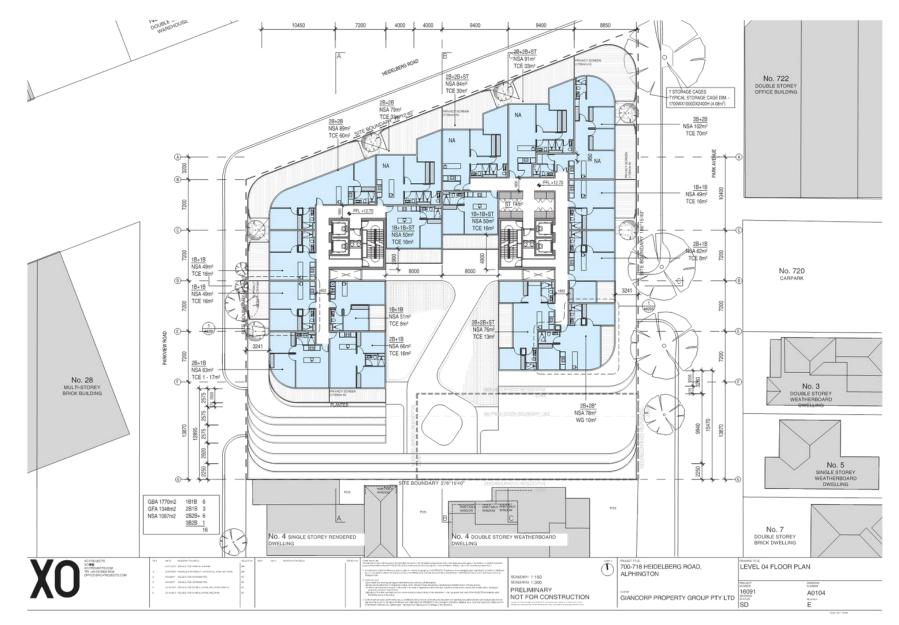
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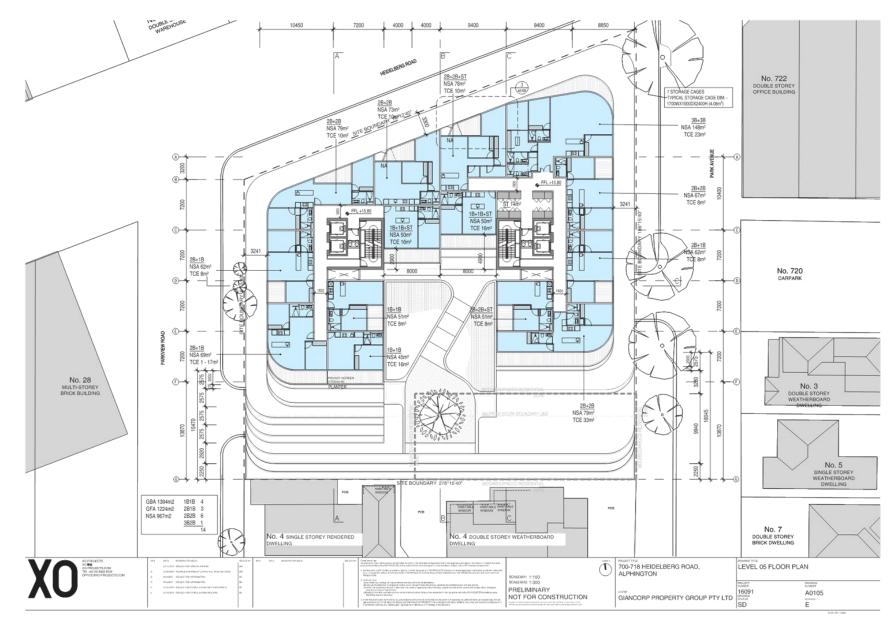


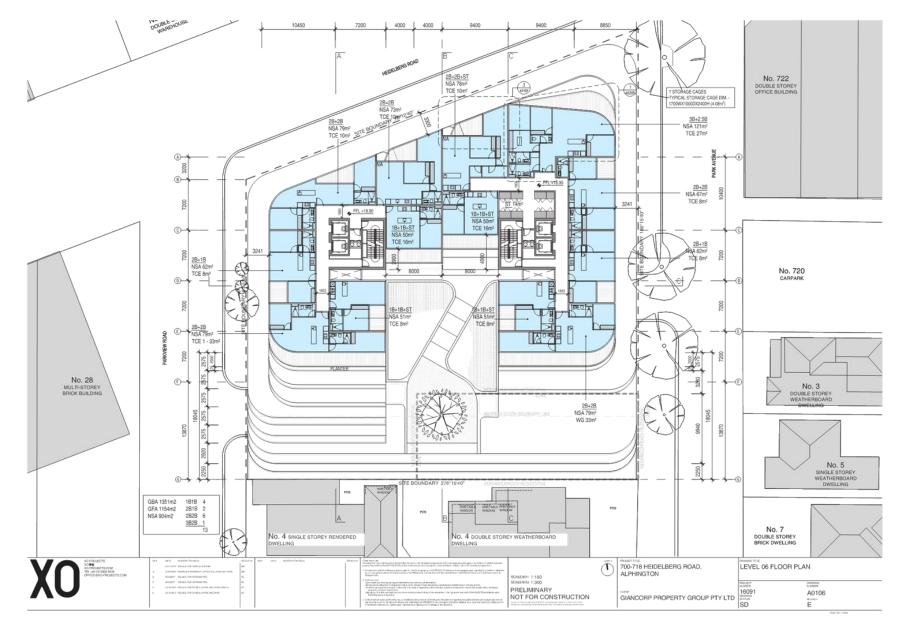


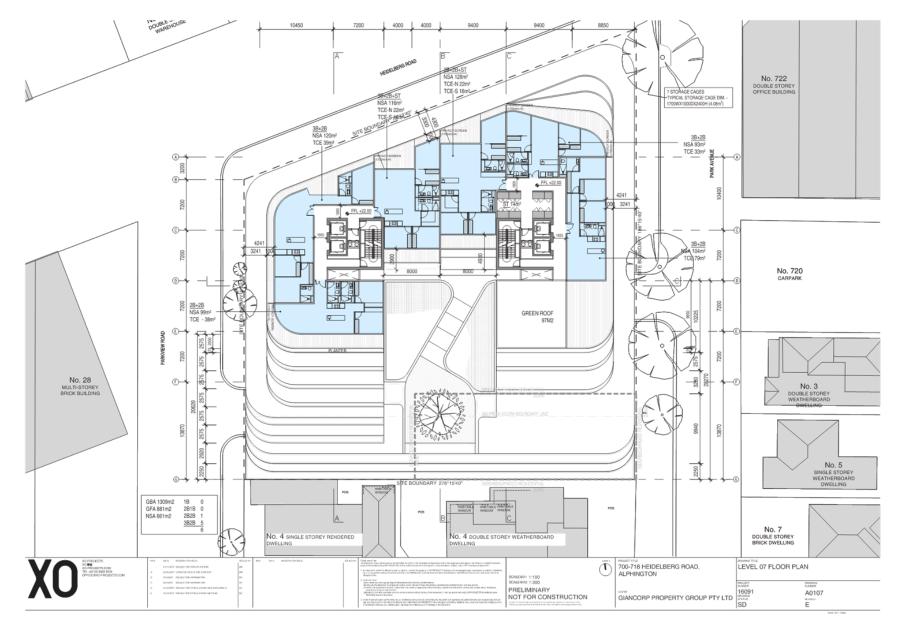


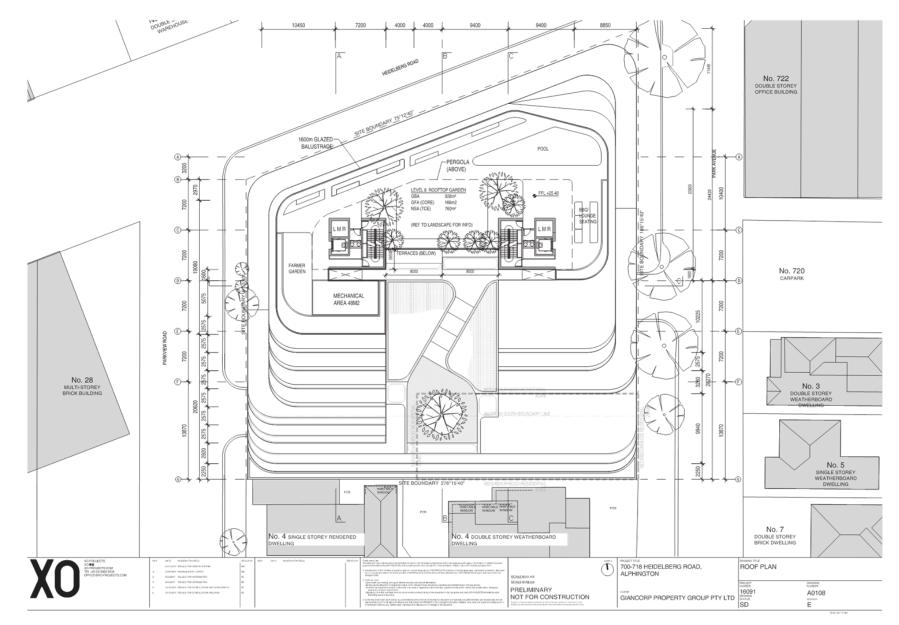


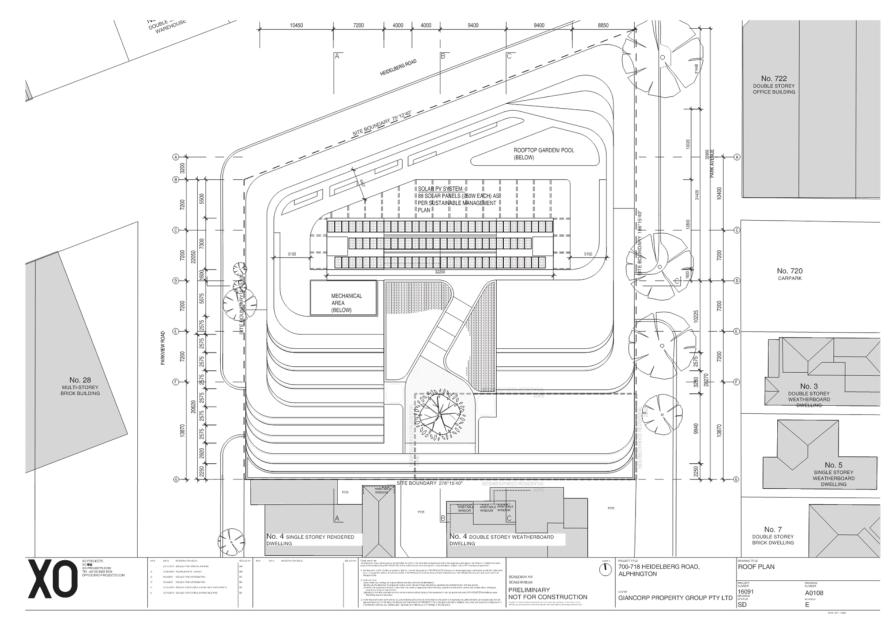


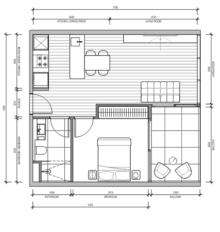








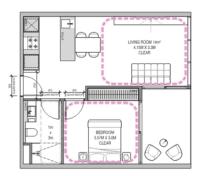




 TYPICAL ONE BEDROOM APARTMENT (18+18)

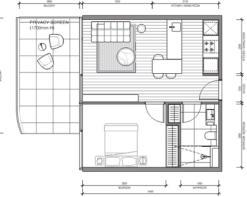
 NET SALEABLE AREA
 = 51m²

 BALCONY AREA
 = 8m²



TYPICAL ONE BEDROOM APARTMENT (1B+1B) DWELLING AMENITY STORAGE VOLUME WITHIN THE APARTMENT =





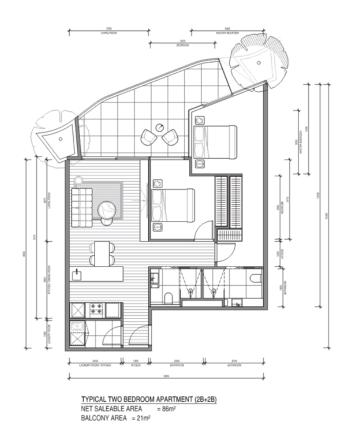
TYPICAL ONE BEDROOM APARTMENT (1B+1B) NET SALEABLE AREA = 49m² BALCONY AREA = 16m²

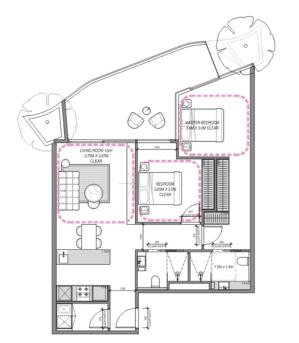


TYPICAL ONE BEDROOM APARTMENT (1B+1B) DWELLING AMENITY

STORAGE VOLUME WITHIN THE APARTMENT = 6.76m⁰

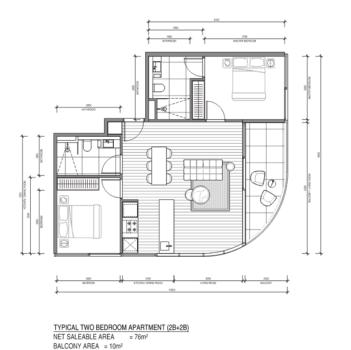


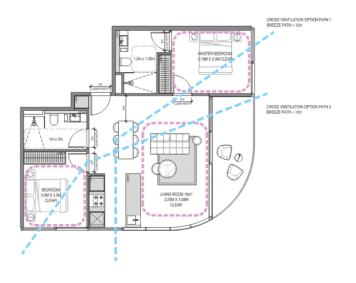




TYPICAL TWO BEDROOM APARTMENT (2B+2B) DWELLING AMENITY

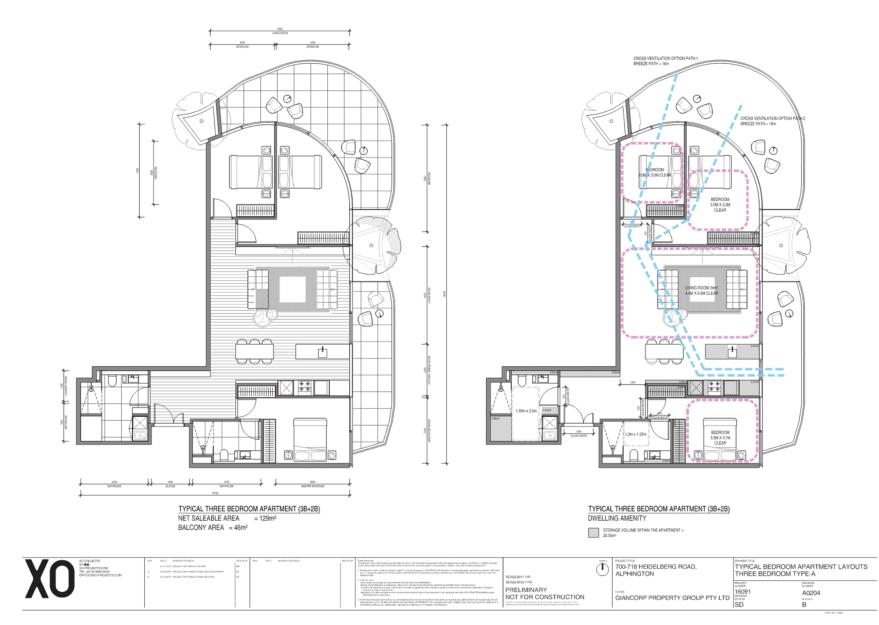


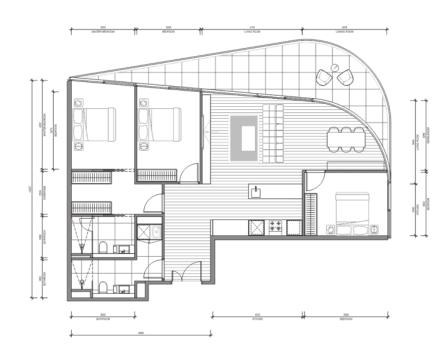




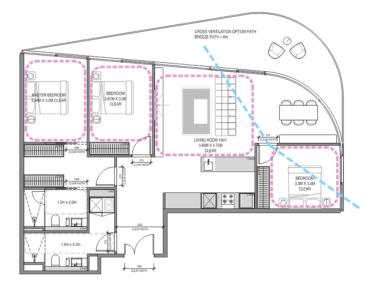






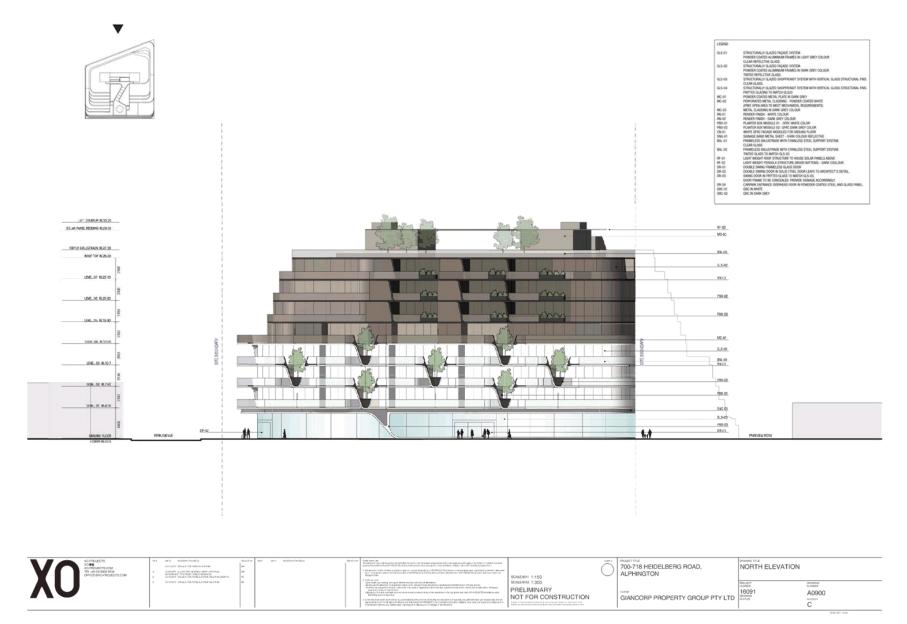


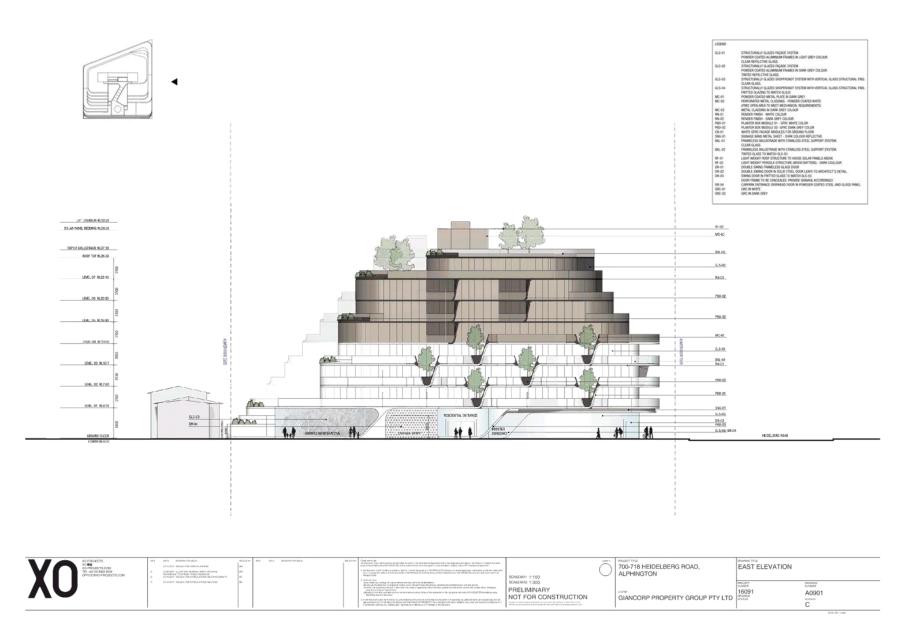


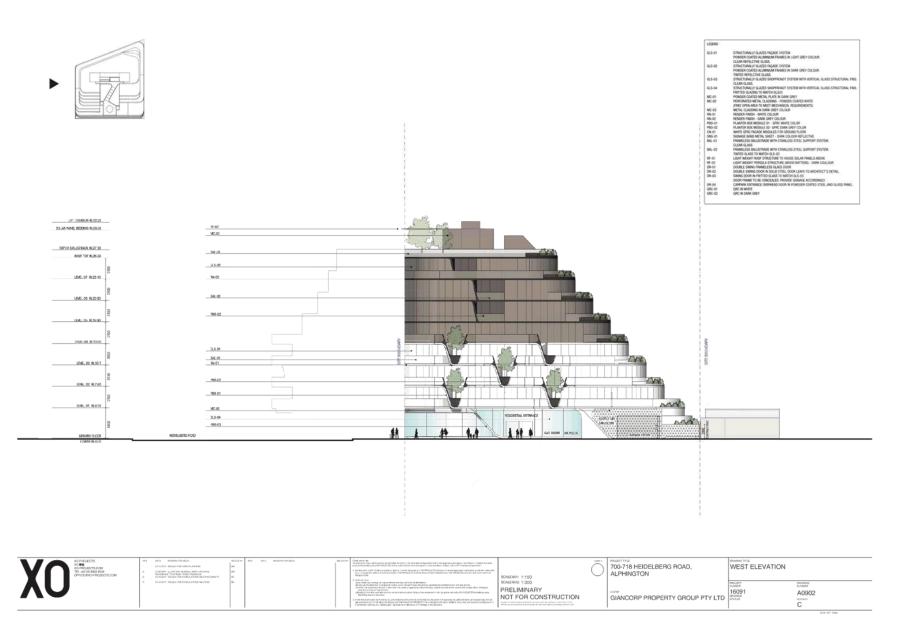


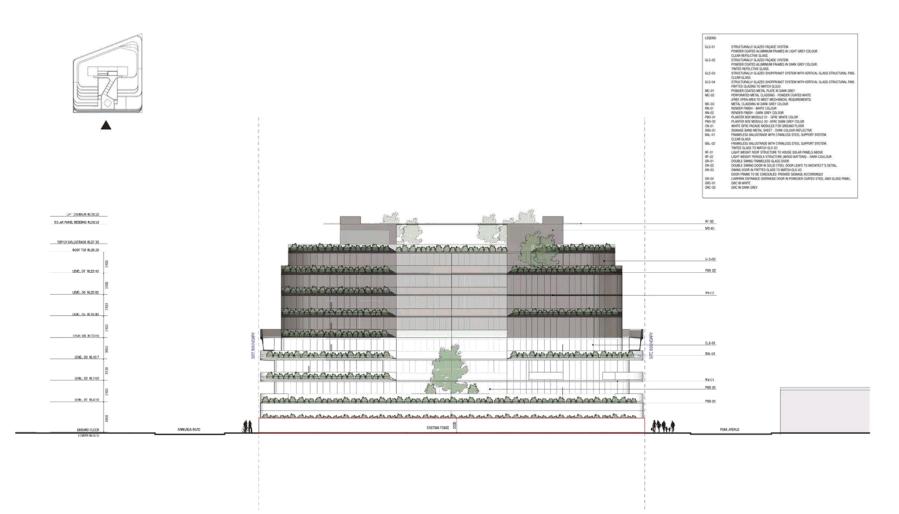
TYPICAL THREE BEDROOM APARTMENT (3B+2B) DWELLING AMENITY STORAGE VOLIME WITHIN THE APARTMENT = 15.57ht²



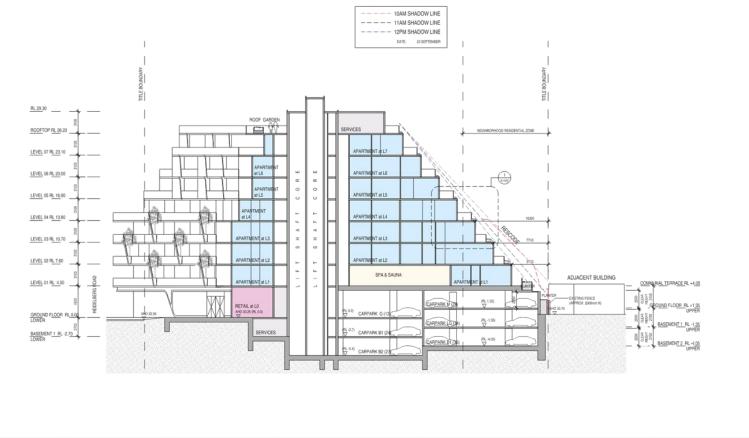




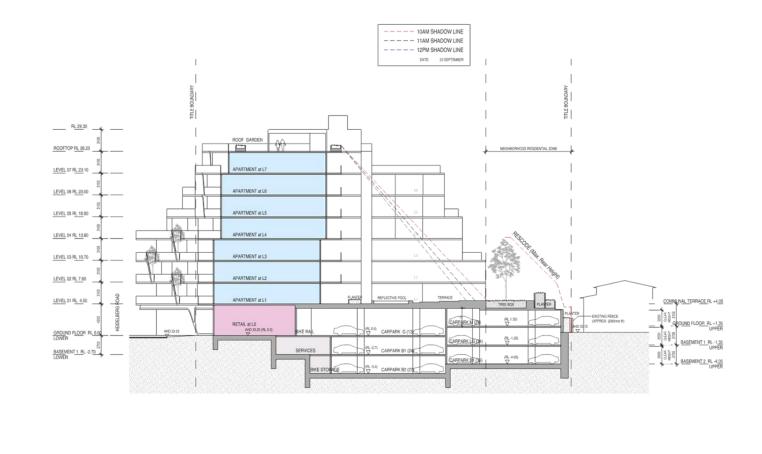




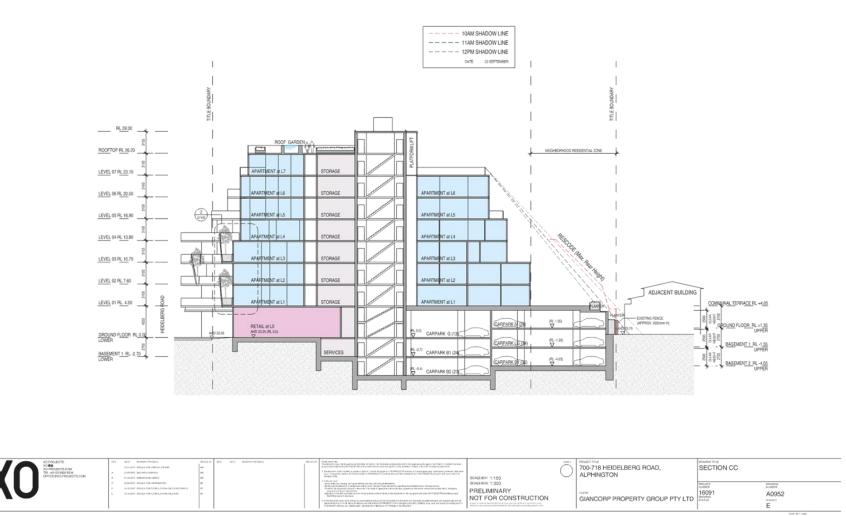


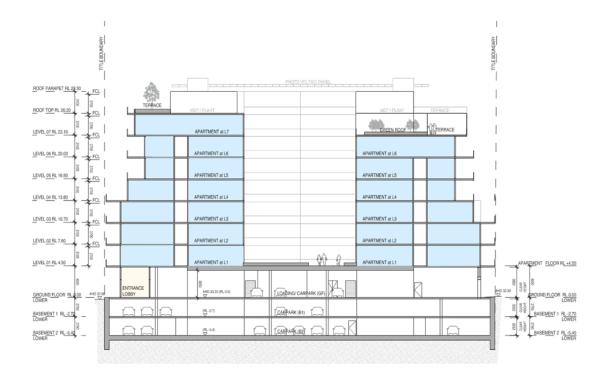




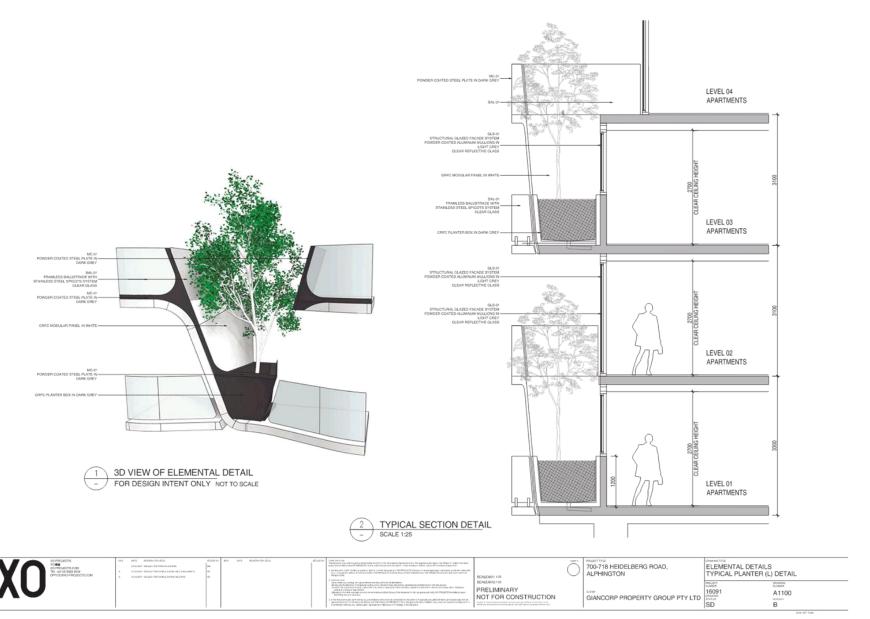


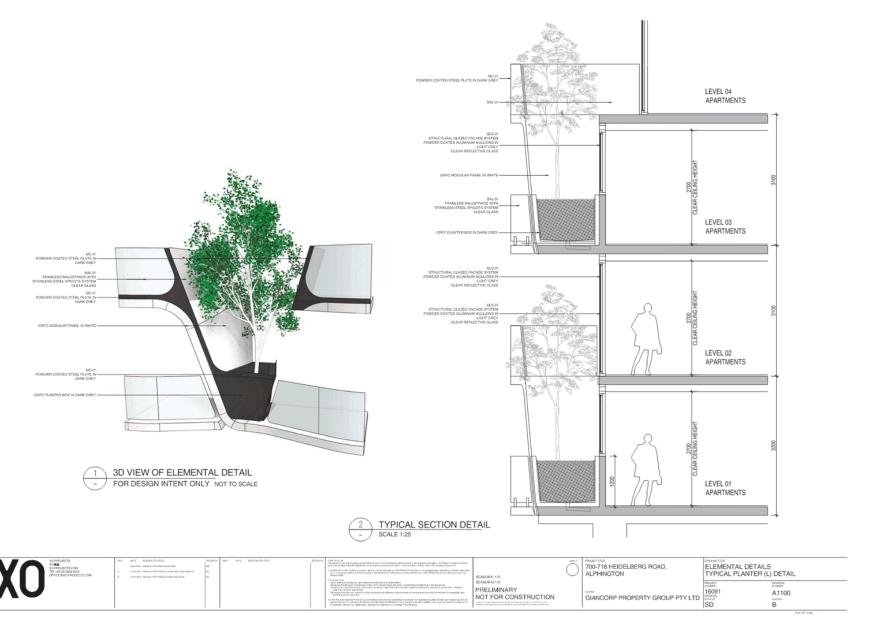


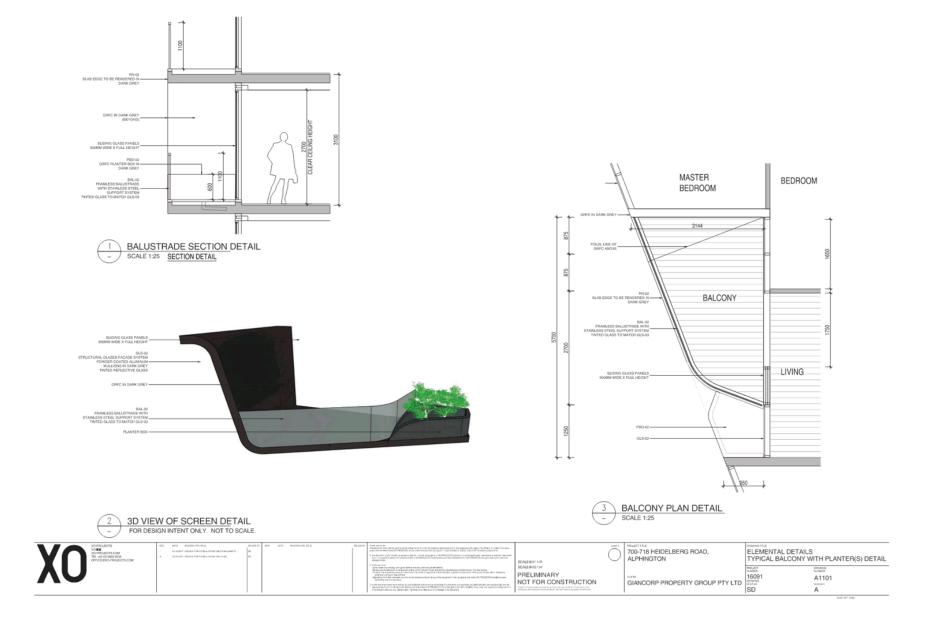


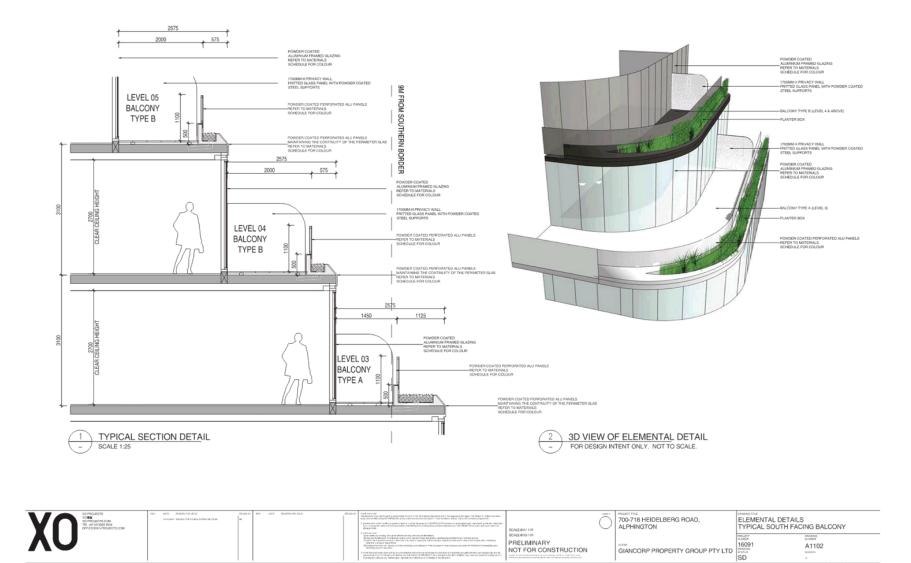


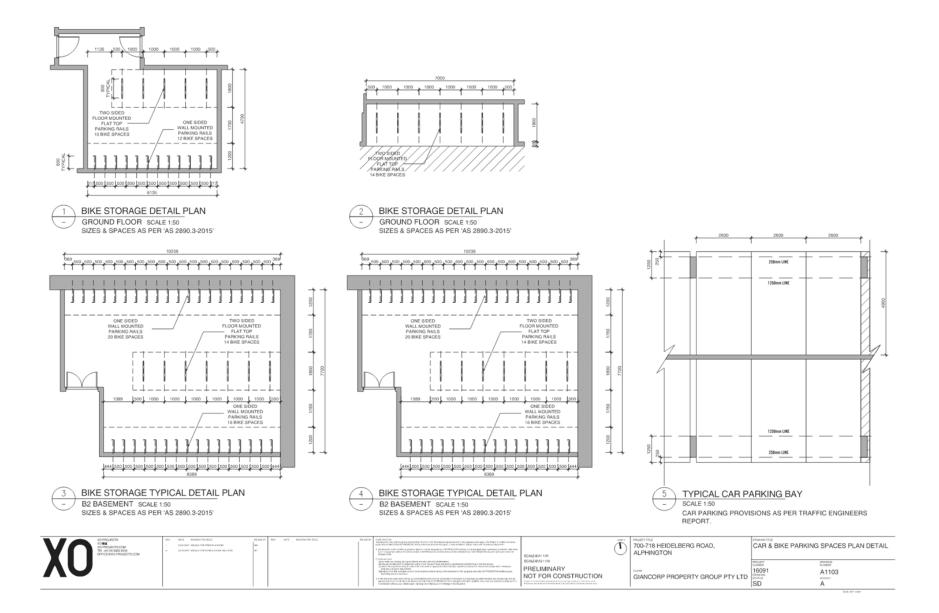












Attachment 1 - Decision Plans



16091_700-718 Heidelberg Road Alphington, VICTORIA

 16091
 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington, VICTORIA

 DATE
 17/01/2018

 STAGE
 TP

REV В

DEVELOPMENT SUMMARY_700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington, VICTORIA

BUILDING DATA		Notes and Dictainse:
PROGRAM	Residential, Commercial, Retail, Carpark	1. This scheme has been produced without planning advice or preliminary meetings with the responsible authorities and as such may not comply with building or other statutory regulations. It represents a possible development that may be achieved with full consultation and failson with state government and other relevant authorities, however no
SITE AREA	2,979m2	warrantly is given that the yield or layouts will be acceptable to the automations or other interested parties. Hence 3D Projecter presents the information, subject to council approval. 2. This scheme and schedule have been presented for prelimines in the state of the interest in a spossible schular only, subject to council approval.
LEVELS	8 Storey	3. The layouts contained herein were prepared without structural or services advice hence no allowance has been made at this stage.
BCR	1.0	4. Orange to the layots and associated Sparse will be made during the development of the project innon recipients must rely on their own explaines to safely themselves in all aspects. 5. Partner are marken the been ensuined on the contention of any addret bunding will be reindexis, in the second scalar during the development of the project in the second scalar during the development of the project in the second scalar during the development of the project integration of the development of the project integration of the project integrating of the project integration of the project integration of the
FSR	4.6	
BUILDING HEIGHT	Podium: / Tower:	

		RESIDENTIA	-													RETAIL / CO	MMERCIAL			CARPARK		BICYCLE STO	ORAGE	TOTAL	
1		TYPES	1B1B	2B1B	2B2B	3B2B							SERVICE												GFA
1		NSA	50	70	75	115																		1	(excl.
1	LEVELS	TCE (MIN)	8	8	8	12	NR.	NSA	GFA	GBA	EFFICIENCY		SERVICE /	0700405	OUTDOOR	NLA	GFA	EFFICIENCY	SERVICE /	NR.	GFA	NR.	GFA	NSA	Carpark &
		CARPARK	1	1	1	2						AMENITY	CORE / CORRIDOR	STORAGE	OUTDOOR				AMENIT					1	Bicycle
		NSA+TCE	58	78	83	127																		1	Parking)

	ROOF								166	926			166		760									-	166
	L7		0	0	1	5	6	661	881	1,309	75%		196	24	428									661	881
	L6		4	2	6	1	13	904	1,154	1,351	78%		226	24	197									904	1,154
	L5		4	3	6	1	14	967	1,224	1,394	79%		233	24	170									967	1,224
	L4		6	3	6	1	16	1,086	1,348	1,770	81%		238	24	422									1,086	1,348
	L3		9	2	6	1	18	1,205	1,485	1,932	81%		250	30	447									1,205	1,485
	L2		11	3	5	1	20	1,326	1,608	2,047	82%		252	30	439									1,326	1,608
	L1		9	3	5	1	18	1,214	1,517	2,903	80%	175	273	30	1,386									1,214	1,517
	M																			29	757			-	-
	L0/ GROUND								383	383		153	230	-		708	708			38	1,448	36	52	708	1,091
	B1								520	520		-	337	183						59	1,803	104	182	-	520
	B2								250	250		-	129	121						27	884			-	250
TOTAL			43	16	35	11	105	7,363	10,536	14,785	80%	328	2,530	490	4,249	708	708		-	153	4,892	140	234	8,071	11,572
		BALANCE	41%	15%	33%	10%																(*incl.	Carpark & Bic	(cle Parking)	16,464
		41%	6	49	9%	10%						328	amenity		109	total number of	external storage								
												3.1	sqm/units		346	total m3 of exter	nal storage (req	uired = 332m3)						-1,702	-1,825
															(calculation bas	ad on 2.7m H sto	rage)							-17%	-19%

1.6 FACADE ARTICULATION AND DESIGN

RENDER SUBMITTED FOR RFI TO

COUNCIL ON 18.05.2017

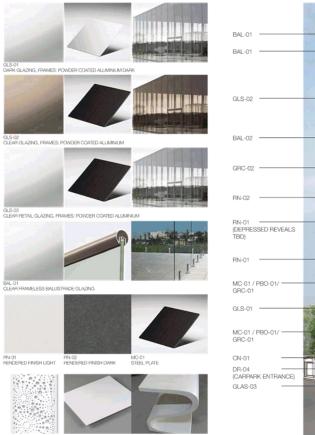
GLS-01	STRUCTURAL GLAZED FAÇADE SYSTEM. POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM FRAMES IN LIGHT GREY COLOUR, CLEAR REFELCTIVE GLASS.
GLS-02	STRUCTURAL GLAZED FAÇADE SYSTEM. POWDER COATED ALUMINIUM FRAMES IN DARK GREY COLOUR. TINTED REFELCTIVE GLASS.
GLS-03	STRUCTURAL GLAZED SHOPFRONOT SYSTEM WITH VERTICAL GLASS STRUCTURAL FINS. CLEAR GLASS.
GLS-04	STRUCTURAL GLAZED SHOPFRONOT SYSTEM WITH VERTICAL GLASS STRUCTURAL FINS. FRITTED GLAZING TO MATCH GLS03
MC-01 MC-02	POWDER COATED METAL PLATE IN DARK GREY PERFORATED METAL CLADDING - POWDER COATED WHITE (FREE OPEN AREA TO MEET MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS)
MC-03	METAL CLADDING IN DARK GREY COLOUR
RN-01 RN-02	RENDER FINISH - WHITE COLOUR RENDER FINISH - DARK GREY COLOUR
PBO-01 PBO-02	PLANTER BOX MODULE 01 - GFRC WHITE COLOR PLANTER BOX MODULE 02- GFRC DARK GREY COLOR
CN-01 SNG-01	WHITE GFRC FACADE MODULES FOR GROUND FLOOR SIGNAGE BAND IN ANODIZED FINISH
BAL-01	FRAMELESS BALUSTRADE WITH STAINLESS STEEL SUPPORT SYSTEM. CLEAR GLASS
BAL-02	FRAMELESS BALUSTRADE WITH STAINLESS STEEL SUPPORT SYSTEM. TINTED GLASS TO MATCH GLS-03
RF-01	LIGHT WEIGHT ROOF STRUCTURE TO HOUSE SOLAR PANELS ABOVE
RF-02	LIGHT WEIGHT PERGOLA STRUCTURE (WOOD BATTENS)
DR-01	DOUBLE SWING FRAMELESS GLASS DOOR
DR-02	DOUBLE SWING DOOR IN SOLID STEEL DOOR LEAFS TO ARCHITECT'S DETAIL.
DR-03	SWING DOOR IN FRITTED GLASS TO MATCH GLS-03. DOOR FRAME TO BE CONCEALED. PROVIDE SIGNAGE ACCORDINGLY.
DR-04	CARPARK ENTRANCE OVERHEAD DOOR IN POWEDER COATED STEEL AND GLASS PANEL.
GRC-01 GRC-02	GRC IN WHITE FINISH GRC IN DARK GREY FINISH



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Attachment 2 - Rendered Images

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL



MC-02 GRC-01/02 GRC-01/02



Proposed Facade Articulation - View from Heidelberg Rd and Park Ave.

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View 05 towards Park Avenue

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Attachment 2 - Rendered Images

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL



View 06 from Park Avenue

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View 07 towards Parkview Road

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Attachment 2 - Rendered Images

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL

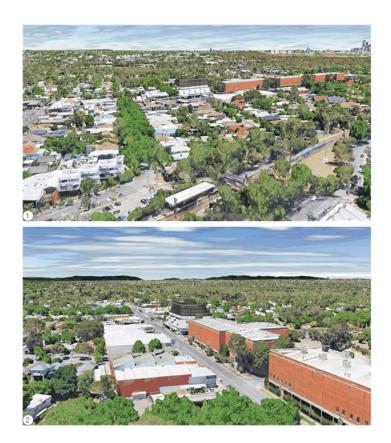


View 06 from Parkview Road

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1.6 VANTAGE POINTS SIMPLIFIED STREET VIEWS



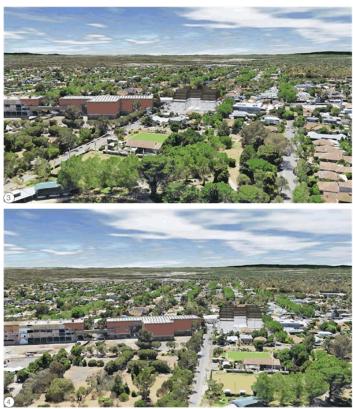


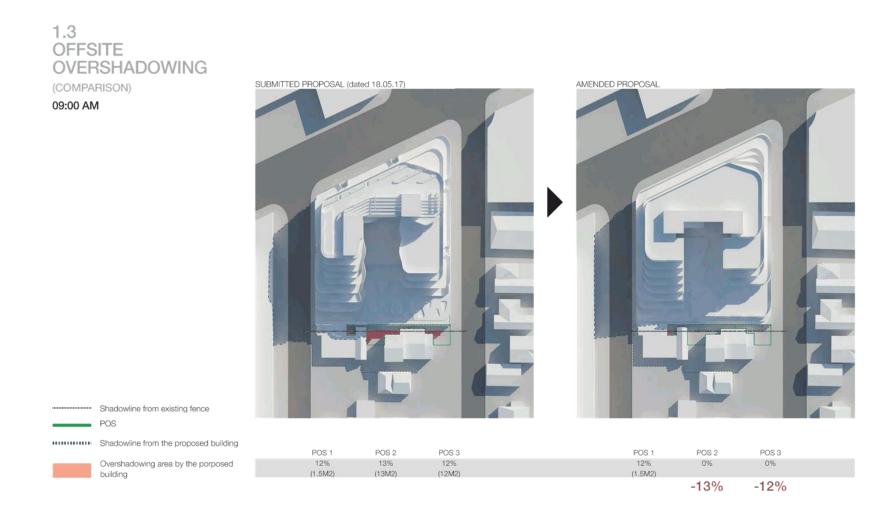
Yarra City Council – Internal Development Approvals Committee Agenda – Wednesday 31 January 2018

Attachment 2 - Rendered Images

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL



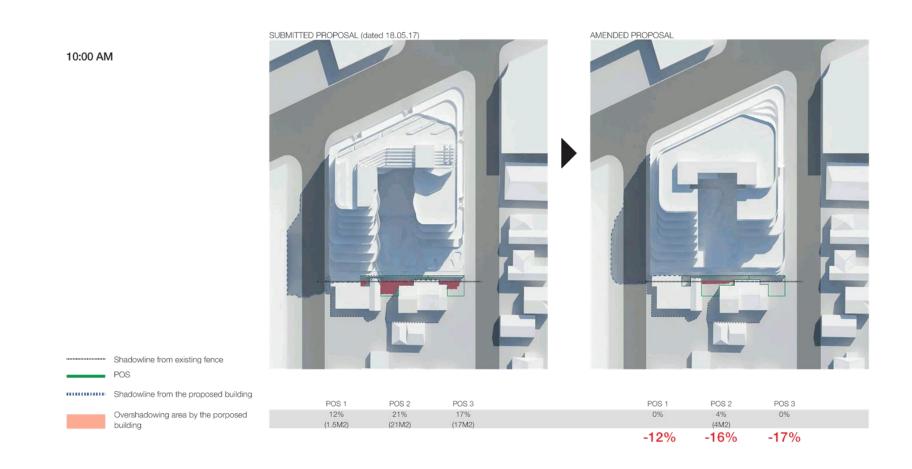




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Attachment 3 - Shadow Analysis

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL



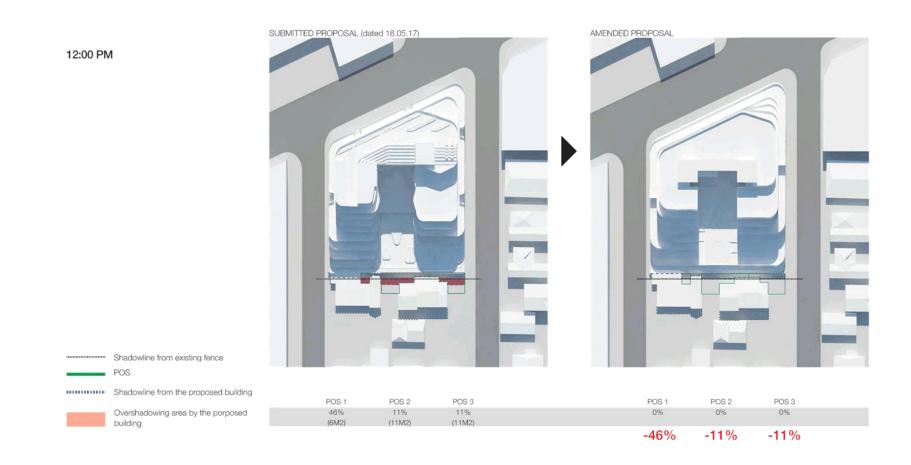
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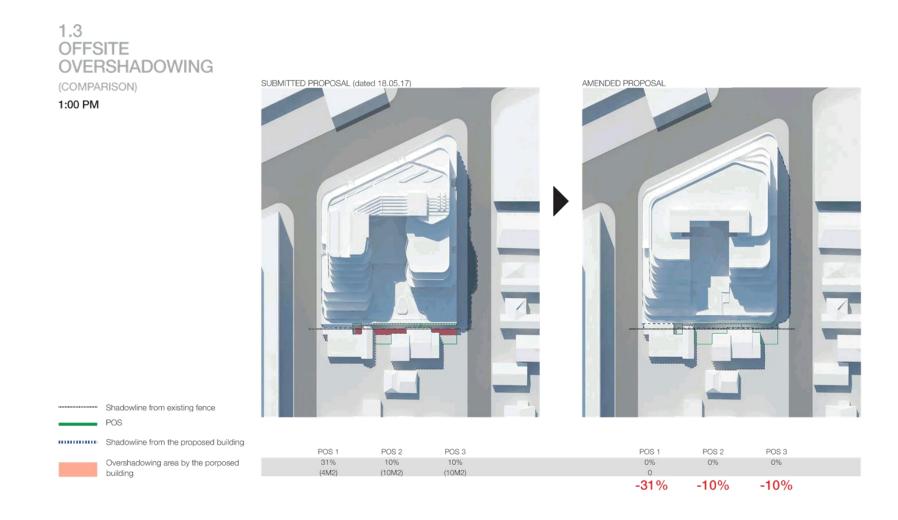
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Attachment 3 - Shadow Analysis

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL



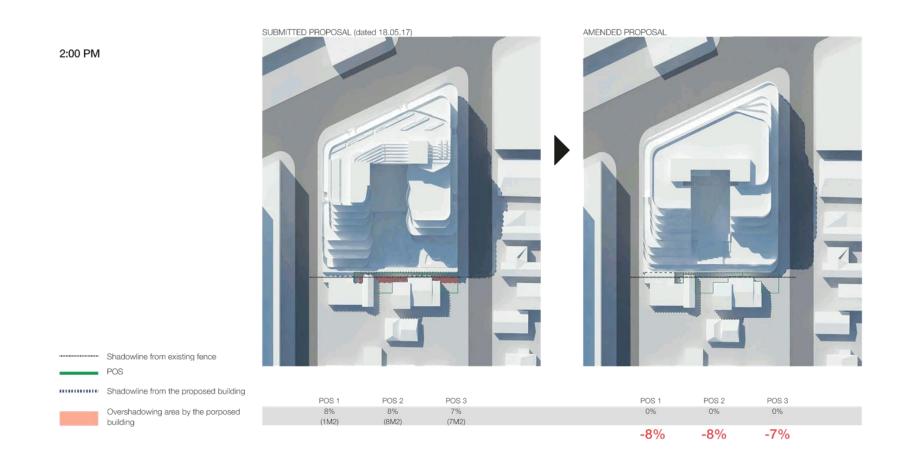
© XO PROJECTS / XO 项目



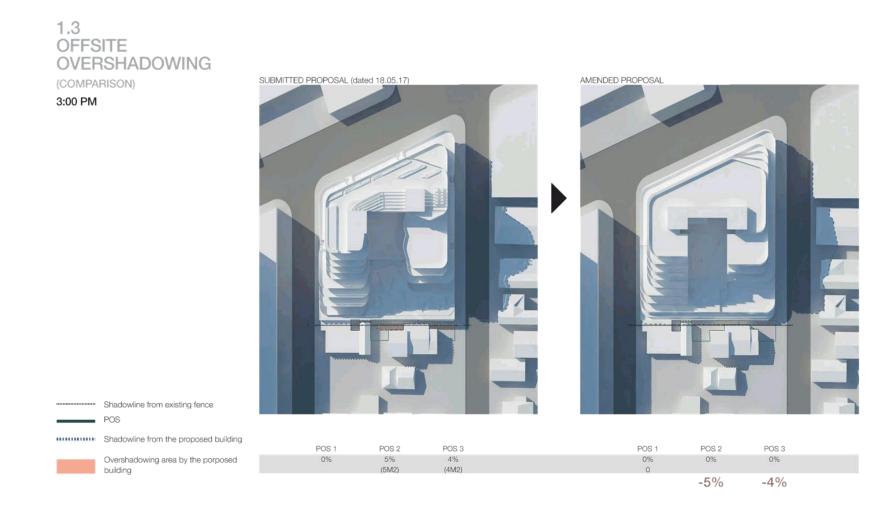
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Attachment 3 - Shadow Analysis

700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD_RESPONSE TO REFERRAL



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Attachment 4 - Landscape Plans

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TYPICAL BALCONY PLANTER DETAILS Planting strategy	
	10
PLANTING STRATEGY	10 11



3 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report

LANDSCAPE DESIGN STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION

This landscape architectural report presents the landscape design philosophy for the proposed development at 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington.

The scope of the landscape design intervention for this project involves the creation of a number of landscaped spaces; comprising a streetscape landscape response and communal gardens on both the rooftop and level 1 which offer BBQ facilities, gardens for resident-use, spas and a sun deck. To complete the landscape offering balcony planter boxes line the southern edge of each level giving the site a 'greening effect'.

SITE CONTEXT

The site is located in Alphington on Heidelburg Road which is busy and predominantly exhibits retail and industrial frontages. Low density residential housing is located immediately to the south. Alphington Park and Oval which connects to the Yarra Bend Park city trail is only a 6 minute walk from site. Alphington Train Station is only a 4 minute walk from site.

LANDSCAPE PROPOSAL & APPROACH

The main design approach for the landscaped spaces within the development is evolved from the nearby Yarra River edge landscape, with dense vegetation that is centred upon the creation of vibrant, inviting spaces which evoke a forest inhabiting a river bank environment; with plants thriving in the valleys and inclines of river's path. The design's diverse landscaped spaces foster the discovery of moments of intrigue and surprise for residents and their visitors.

From the lobbies on Parkview Road and Park Avenue frontages, to the sculptural planters with advanced trees in balconies at levels one to four, to the terrace viewing garden and roof level garden which evoke vegetated rock outcrop within a rainforest, the development conjures nature at every turn. The proposed unique spa lounge and a 'park' lounge on roof level garden, add a level of sophistication in a structured 'natural' settings.

The open spa lounge features five large spas, three located for maximum solar exposure, and two which utilises shade for a cooler environment. Adjacent to these spas, raised planters provide a lush and refreshing backdrop with shrubs and small cascading plants providing visual relief from hard-surfaces, whilst the timber decking surface treatment to the lounge allows maximum flexibility of spatial arrangement.

The 'park' lounge provides a dynamic and flexible outdoor area, providing a large barbecue area for entertaining, a garden for residents, and even a possible fire-pit for outdoor living in the colder months. A large amount of vegetation has been provided to this area, with small trees and lush shrubs and ground covers ensuring the podium presents a place of escape and shelter from the busy world below.

The high quality materials and finishes throughout the development tie in with the overall XO's architectural vision, and will assist in positioning the proposal as relevant to both the existing and future character of the surrounding urban context.

4 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report

Existing Street Trees

Retained and Protected **During Construction**

Hakea sp. to be

Attachment 4 - Landscape Plans

LEGEND

GROUND FLOOR LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

Design for the ground level of the development is concerned chiefly with the provision of an inviting and cohesive entry experience for the site, whether as a visitor or a resident.

Elegant bluestone or black granite feature paving is proposed as a paving type for entries on the street frontage of the development, to give a clean and sophisticated character, that will aid in tying the landscape to the colours and tones of the broader Architectural offering. In addition, these cool and classic materials will contrast to the vibrant and rich greens of the proposed planting pallete.

At the interface between Heidelberg Road, and the development, outdoor dining opportunities may be utilised by the provision of space and paving for cafe seating, bringing life and activation to street-level.

Fronting the existing Parkview Road streetscape, new feature entrance paving will be installed as part of this development (subject to Council approval), and 4 new advanced native street trees in the form of Eucolyptus leucoxylon (Euky Dwarf) are proposed to be planted, tying in with the future planting of Eucalyptus further along Parkview Road. The existing smaller tree and shrubs will be replaced as the development does not allow for their retention. New advanced deciduous Acer platanoides 'Crimson Centry' (Crimson Centry Maple) trees are proposed on Park Avenue to speak to the deciduous theme of the street.



Retail

HEIDELBERG ROAD

Retail Entry

Cafe

5 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report

Prepared by Urbis for Giancorp PTY LTD 5

POSSIBLE OUTDOOR CAFE SEATING

Existing Street Tree

Plantanus sp.

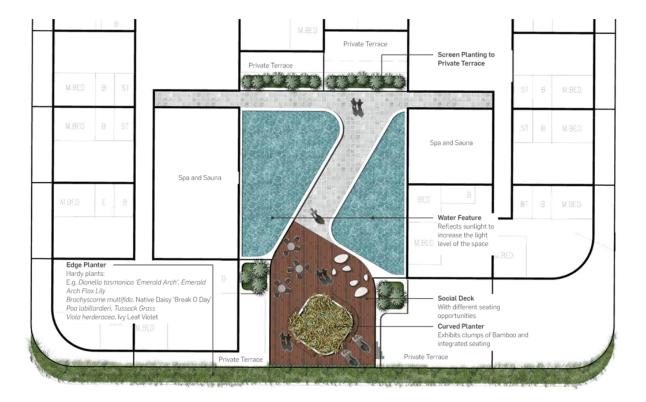
New Street Tree

2 x ACE cri

LEVEL 1 LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

The level 1 landscape proposal comprises spaces that foster social interaction, enjoyable for inhabitants of apartments on level 1 and above, as well as an extensive and lush green façade running along the length of the rear interface.

The communal garden uses the magic of a shallow water feature to reflect sunlight into the space. The raised 'social deck' space to the south exhibits different seating opportunities for residents to socialise and interact. Specially located curved inbuilt seats are integrated within the central planter giving a 'pause' opportunity to admire the landscape.



LEGEND PLANTER SOMM DEEP SEATS wit: stained hardwood timber bend seats PROPOSED SHRUBS AND GROUNDCOVERS In mulched and inighted rendered concrete raised planter box. Plants to be selected form plant IMBER DECK Proposed high quality stained hardwood timber chine. CLASS BARRER To Architect's Details 0 Scale: 1 : 200 @ A3 0 2 4 6 8 10

Figure 2 Landscape Concept Plan - Level 1 Communal Terrace

6 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report

Planter Hardy colourful plants:

Combatalade

Helleborus orientalis,

Phormium tenax,

Edge Planter

Daphne odora

Colourful plants:

Attachment 4 - Landscape Plans

ROOFTOP LANDSCAPE CONCEPT

Three contrasting multi purpose activated spaces have been created on level 8 (Roof Garden) of the development, with a large vegetated garden binds these two spaces.

The first of these is the spa lounge. This dynamic terrace area is anchored by a relaxation and entertainment space, with all round views out to the open air terrace area, and the city context beyond. On the terrace itself, a number of activities have been designed for, allowing residents and visitors to make the most of the space year-round.

At the centre of the design resides a sun lawn (composed of artificial turf) which provides ample space for residents to do yoga or fitness classes while taking advantage of the summer sun. A garden has been proposed along the north of edge, allowing residents to mingle or relax in the lush vegetation and enjoy the views, whilst an extensive barbecue and entertaining area on the east side of the building helps users to make the most of the winter afternoon sun.

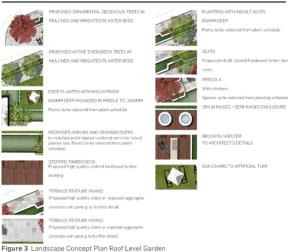
The materiality of the space includes rich stained hardwood timber, stone pavers and crisp rendered concrete raised planter boxes.

A generous band of planting wraps around the entirety of the level 9 roof garden, creating a wind mitigation and privacy buffer with the surrounding context.

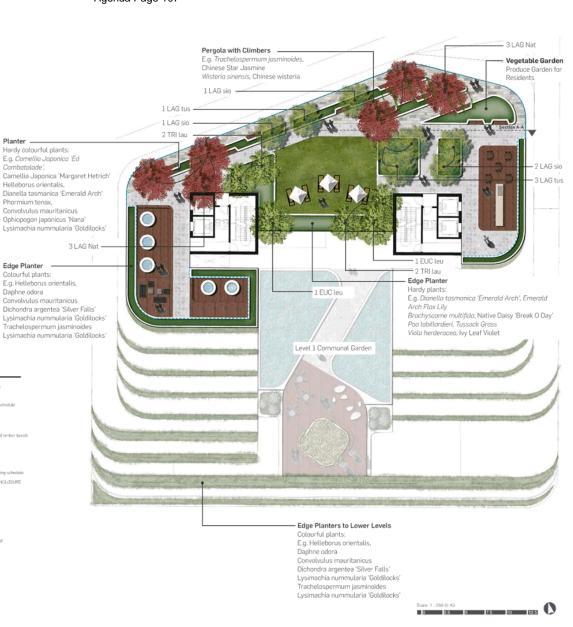
The spa lounge is catered towards relaxation in the warmer months. An extensive sun-deck encompasses the floor space of the whole lounge, meaning that residents can follow the sun and relax wherever they desire.

Five large spas have been provided, providing a fantastic option for relaxing on warm or cool days and nights.

LEGEND



7 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report

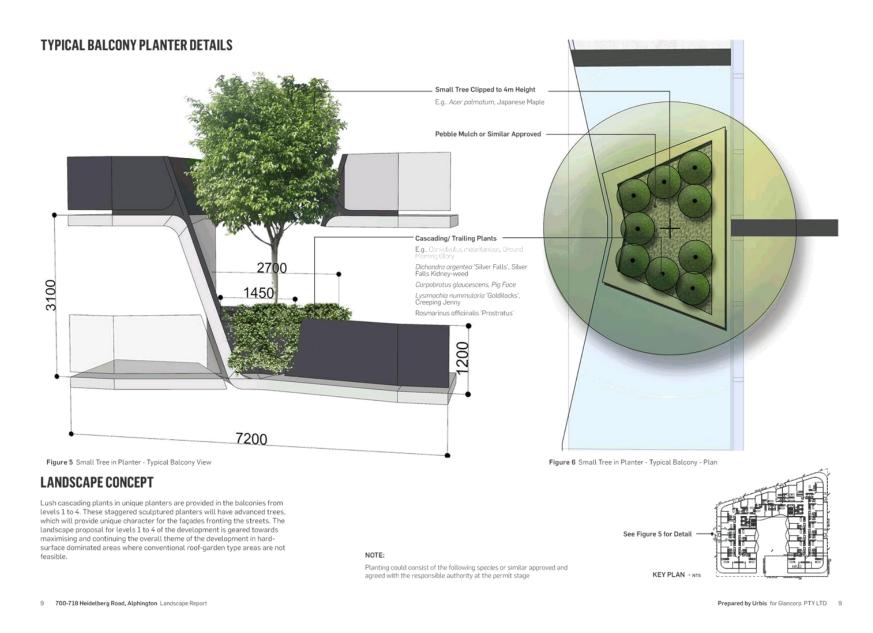


ROOFTOP LANDSCAPE SECTION



Figure 4 Rooftop Section A-A Scale: 1:75 @ A3

8 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report



PLANTS

ంర SHRUBS

Clivia miniata

Attachment 4 - Landscape Plans

PLANTING STRATEGY

The aim of the planting strategy for the development is to create a vegetated landscape that is lush and evocative with deep and strong foliage colour and textures.

This ties into the 'bush-like' and 'rain forest' concepts of the overall development, bringing lush and vibrant vegetation to the various areas of the site.

A balance has been considered between utilising unique and striking plant species, whilst considering sustainability and maintenance factors to achieve a high quality and maintainable outcome.

Texture, form and colour have all been championed within the proposed plant palette. From the bright flowering character of the Azaleas and camellias, to the curvaceous moss-like character of the Zoysia, the project is filled with contrasting plant species which together help to form a landscape with moments of surprise and delight as one explores the different spaces throughout the development.

PLANTING SCHEDULE

Code	Botanical Name	Common name	Pot size	Size at maturity (HxW)	Density (per m ³
REES					
CE ori	Acer platanoides 'Crimson Sentry'	Crimson Sentry Maple	Advanced, 400 Lt	7m x 4m	as shown
OR cit	Corymbia citriodora 'Scentuous' syn. 'Dwarf Pink'	Dwarf Pink Corymbia	Advanced, 100 Lt	7m x 3m	as shown
UC leu	Eucalyptus leucoxylon 'Euky Dwarf'	Euky Dwarf Ecalyptus	Advanced, 100 Lt	6m x 5m	as shown
IC ben	Ficus benjamina	Weeping Fig	Advanced, 100 Lt	6m x 4m	to be determine
AG Nat	Lagersfroemia indica x L. fauriei 'Natchez'	Natchez Crepe Myrtle	Advanced, 45 Lt	6m x 4m	as shown
AG Sio	Lagerstroemia indica x L. fauriei 'Sloux'	Sioux Crepe Myrtle	Advanced, 45 Lt	4m x 3m	as shown
AG Tus	Lagerstroemia indica x L. fauriei 'Tuscarora'	Tuscarora Crepe Myrtle	Advanced, 100 Lt	6m x 4m	as shown
RI lau	Tristaniopsis laurina 'Luscious'	Water Gum Luscious	Advanced, 100 Lt	6m x 4m	as shown
				SUBTOTAL	
HRUBS	& TUFTING PLANTS				
CM smi	Acmena smithii	Lilly Pilly	200mm	1.5m x 0.8m	1.2
ZA Hon	Azalea 'Honey Bunch'	Honey Bunch Azalea	200mm	0.75m x 0.6m	1.8
ZA Sca	Azalea 'Scarlet Gem'	Scarlet Gem Azalea	200mm	0.75m x 0.6m	1.8
AP odo	Daphne odora	Winter Daphne	200mm	0.75m x 0.75m	1.2
AM Con	n Camellia Japonica "Ed Combatalade"	Ed Combatalade Camellia	200mm	0.8m x 0.8m	1.2
AM Mar	Camellia Japonica 'Margaret Hetrich'	Margaret Hetrich Camellia	200mm	0.8m x 0.8m	1.2
AU Cou	Casuarina 'Cousin It'	Cousin It Casuarina	200mm	0.8m x 0.8m	1.2
Ll min	Clivia miniata	Assorted Cultivars	150mm	0.7m x 0.7m	1.4
OR aus	Dianella 'Cassa Blue'	Cassa Blue Dianella	150mm	0.5m x 0.5m	2.4
IA tas	Dianella tasmanica 'Emerald Arch'	Emerald Arch Flax Lily	200mm	0.5m x 0.5m	2.4
EL ori	Helleborus orientalis	Winter Rose	200mm	0.6m x 0.6m	1.8
R gig	Liriope gigantea	Giant Evergreen Lily	200mm	0.6m x 0.6m	1.8
R mus	Liriope muscari	Lilyturf	200mm	0.6m x 0.6m	1.8
HI Con	Philodendron Congo	Congo Philodendron	200mm	0.6m x 0.6m	1.8
Hi Xan	Philodendron Xanadu	Xanadu Philodendron	200mm	0.8m x 0.6m	1.8
HO ten	Phormium tenax	New Zealand Flax	200mm	0.6m x 0.6m	1.8
OA lab	Poa labillardieri	Tussock Grass	200mm	0.6m x 0.6m	1.8
OY ten	Zoysia tenufolia	Zoysia	Tubestock	0.5m spread	2.4
				SUBTOTAL	
ROUND	COVERS & CLIMBERS				
RA mul	Brachyscome multifida	Native Daisy 'Break O Day'	tubestock	0.2m x 0.7m	1.8
ON mau	Convolvulus mauritanicus	Ground Morning Glory	tubestock	spreading	3.2
IC arg	Dichondra argentea 'Silver Falls'	Silver Falls Kidney-weed	tubestock	spreading	3.2
AR vio	Hardenbergia violeacea	Sarsaparilla	tubestock	spreading	3.2
PH jap	Ophiopogon japonicus 'Nana'	Nana Dwarf Mondo Grass	tubestock	0.3m x 0.3m	4,6
RA jas	Trachelospermum jasminoides	Chinese Star Jasmine	tubestock	spreading/climbing	3.2
	Lysimachia nummularia 'Goldilocks'	Creeping Jenny	150mm	spreading	3.2
IO her	Viola herderacea	Ivy Leaf Violet	150mm	0.3m x 0.3m	3.2
				SUBTOTAL	0.2
				GRAND TOTAL	

Advanced tree min 2.5 m. tall with 30 mm caliper

10 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report







Tristaniopsis laurina 'Luscious'

fauriei 'Tuscarora'

Lagerstroemia indica x L. Lagerstroemia indica x L. fauriei 'Sioux'







Carnellia Japonica 'Ed Helleborus orientalis Philodendron xanadu

Combatalade'











Nandina domestica 'Blush'

Zoysia tenuifolia Liriope muscari

Poa labillardieri



Brachyscome multifida Ophiopogon japonicus Convolvulus mauritanicus Wisteria sinensis nana

Trachelospermum jasminoides

Figure 7 Design Intent - Planting Strategy











Attachment 4 - Landscape Plans

MATERIAL PALETTE

The proposed landscape treatments will feature high quality materials which complement the proposed architectural design to create vibrant and engaging spaces with which people can interact and relax.

PAVING / SURFACES



Concrete raised planter with contrasting textures, such as vegetation, decking and stone unit paving.



Curved concrete raised planter



Concrete planter box with inbuilt timber seating elements.



Example of step lighting for timber deck

Feature up-lighting of trees to illuminate

foliage and create vibrant night-time

LIGHTING

FEATURE

landscape



11 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Landscape Report



Porphyry stone rumble strip to driveway areas

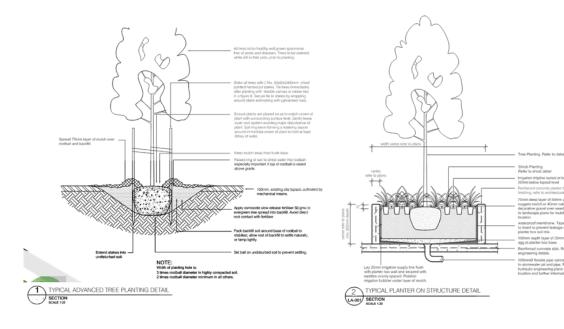


Stained hardwood decking areas with stone paving



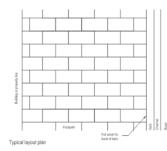
Feature stone paving

LANDSCAPE DETAILS





Typical section



3 TYPICAL ENTRANCE FEATURE PAVING DETAIL

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LANDSCAPE MANAGEMENT PLAN

OWNERSHIP STATUS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Responsibilities for the ongoing care, standard and maintenance of landscaped public spaces, balcony planters and podium & roof planting areas will fall in the first instance with the nominated construction contractor during the construction period and maintenance period of the project.

After this time, and once a certificate of Final Completion has been issued, responsibilities will fall with the building management group or Owners Corporation.

Elements for which the parties listed above are responsible includes (but is not limited to) the following:

-Ongoing operation and maintenance of any irrigation system; Re-staking and tying of trees whilst maturing; -Pruning of plant species (both in garden beds and on wires); -Replacement of dead plant specimens; -Removal of rubbish -Management of plant pests and diseases; -Weed control; -Re-spreading / topping up of surface mulch; and -Management of any leaf build up;

IRRIGATION AND FERTILISATION

Irrigation of planter boxes for both planter beds and balcony planters will be conducted by way of automatic system controlled and fed by a lockable cabinet with required pipes, filters, control valves and associated infrastructure stored securely inside. Separate irrigation and control systems will need to be put in place for the ground level landscape, mezzanine level podium garden, staggered balcony planters and roof garden. Power and water (mains, recycled or mixture) will be provided to these irrigation cabinets, and from here the water is piped to the landscaped areas.

Regular maintenance access will be required to the cabinets. This will be allowed for in the design of the system and when choosing the location for the cabinet/s. Any irrigation control cabinets and associated infrastructure can be located in plant rooms near their associated landscape zones.

Fertilisation is to be conducted by maintenance staff, based on the needs of different plant species within the landscaped spaces. Fertiliser choice to be a high-nutrient natural all-purpose fertiliser such as Seasol or similar approved. Refer to maintenance regime table for frequency / timing information.

MAINTENANCE REGIME

Maintenance is key for any roof gardens and, for the proposed development, the landscape elements will be managed with an industry best-practice approach. This section of the management plan outlines and annunciates the proposed maintenance regime to be undertaken as part of the delivery and ongoing operation of landscaped spaces for this project.

Task	Frequency	Timing
Weeding (mechanical and herbicide)	7 x per year	Spring (x4)
		Summer (x1)
		Autumn (x2)
Re-spread / top up mulch	2 x per year	Spring
		Autumn
Check for and replace dead / dying or severely damaged plants (physical, diseased or insect attacked)	12 x per year	Monthly
Trim / remove any broken minor	6 x per year	Autumn (x3)
branches		Spring (x3)
Check for insect damage / spray	6 x per year	Spring (x4)
		Autumn (x2)
Refix any tree / shrub stakes	4 x per year	Autumn (x2)
		Spring (x2)
Check irrigation system	Weekly	All year-round
		(especially Spring – Summer)
Management of tree and shrub growth	6 x per year	Spring (x3)
conflicting with access ways / public areas on podia		Autumn (x3)
Management of any leaf build up	4 x per year	Autumn (x2)
		Summer (x2)
Fertilisation of landscaped areas	9 x per year	Autumn (x3)
		Spring (x3)
		Summer (x3)
Prune any climber tendrils to ensure	9 x per Year	Autumn (x2)
adherence to design intent (i.e. any long strands not knitting onto wires)		Winter (x1)
		Spring (x3)
		Summer (x3)

ACCESS PROVISIONS

The access to the various components of landscaped areas will depend on the location of these areas as detailed below.

GROUND LEVEL, STAGGERED BALCONY PLANTERS, LEVEL 1 AND ROOF GARDEN PLANTERS

GROUND LEVEL LANDSCAPE

All maintenance to ground level planting will be provided my the Owners Corporation.

LEVEL 1 / PODIUM LEVEL GARDEN

The level 1 garden is accessible from the main building with access control to be detailed with the client / project managers. The ownership of this area would be with Owners Corporation and access provisions would be detailed later. The trees and plant species for these areas will be selected according to the theme portrayed in the landscape plan and are to be planted in formed concrete planter boxes with irrigation and drainage provisions that are suitable for the locations.

STAGGERED BALCONY PLANTERS

The balcony planters will need to be accessed either from the residential apartments or externally from the roof via a cherry picker or platform decent system for maintenance. Since the balconies are private, the access provisions will need to be worked out with the clients / project managers or Owners Corporation. Access via rope and platform from the roof could be an option and will be detailed in the future.

The trees and other plant species are selected based on suitability and design principles. Trees and plants will be installed in concrete planter boxes with the adequate provision for irrigation and drainage.

LEVEL 8 ROOF GARDEN

Roof garden is accessible from the main building with access control to be detailed with the client. This roof top garden would be under Owners Corporation ownership and access provisions would be detailed later.

The trees and other plant species will be selected based on the appropriateness and design criteria. These plants are proposed to be installed in formed concrete planter boxes with the provision for irrigation and drainage as required by the plants.

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BRISBANE GOLD COAST MELBOURNE PERTH SYDNEY CISTRI — SINGAPORE An Urbis Australia company cistri.com

URBIS.COM.AU

Attachment 5 - PTV Referral Comments



File: FOL/17/39801 Ref: DOPT2017/0274 PO Box 4724 Melbourne Victoria 3001 Australia Telephone 1800 800 007 ptv.vic.gov.au

Amy Hodgen Manager Statutory Planning Yarra City Council PO Box 168 Richmond VIC 3121

Dear Ms Hodgen

YARRA PLANNING SCHEME PLANNING APPLICATION NO: PLN17/0040 PROPOSAL: APARTMENTS ADDRESS: 718 HEIDELBERG ROAD ALPHINGTON

Thank you for your letter dated 9th June 2017 referring the above application to Public Transport Victoria pursuant to Section 55 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*.

Public Transport Victoria, pursuant to Section 56(1) of the *Planning and Environment Act* 1987 **does not object** to the grant of a planning permit subject to the following conditions:

Conditions:

 The permit holder must take all reasonable steps to ensure that disruption to bus operations along Heidelberg Road are kept to a minimum during the construction of the development. Foreseen disruptions to bus operations and mitigation measures must be communicated to Public Transport Victoria fourteen (14) days prior.

Should you require any further clarification, please feel free to contact James Noy on telephone 03 8392 7984.

Yours sincerely

lagent Bunge

MARGARET BURGE Senior Lawyer ון / אין

cc: Applicant:

Agenda Page 116 Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments





То:	Amy Hodgen	
From:	Mark Pisani	
Date:	3 July 2017	
Subject:	Application No: Description: Site Address:	PLN17/0040 Mixed Use Development 700-718 Heidelberg Rd, Alphington

I refer to the above Planning Application received on 13 June 2017 and the accompanying report prepared by GTA Consultants in relation to the proposed development at 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington. Council's Engineering Services unit provides the following information:

CAR PARKING PROVISION

Proposed Development

Under the provisions of Clause 52.06-5 of the Yarra Planning Scheme, the development's parking requirements are as follows:

Proposed Use	Quantity/ Size	Statutory Parking Rate	No. of Spaces Required	No. of Spaces Allocated	
One-bedroom dwelling	31	1 space per dwelling	31		
Two-bedroom dwelling	56	1 space per dwelling	56	131	
Three-bedroom dwelling	22	2 spaces per dwelling	44		
Residential visitors	109 Dwellings	1 space per 5 dwellings	21	13	
Retail	325 m ²	4 spaces per 100 m ² of leasable floor area	13	- 13	
Food and Drink	316 m ²	4 spaces per 100 m ² of leasable floor area	12	15	
		Total	177 Spaces	157 Spaces	

The development would have a parking shortfall of eight residential visitor spaces, and 12 commercial spaces.

To reduce the number of car parking spaces required under Clause 52.06-5 (including to reduce to zero spaces), the application for the car parking reduction must be accompanied by a Car Parking Demand Assessment.

Car Parking Demand Assessment

In reducing the number of parking spaces required for the proposed development, the Car Parking Demand Assessment would assess the following:

Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments

- Parking Demand for Residential Visitors. Peak parking for residential visitors generally occurs on weekday evenings and at weekends. An empirical peak residential visitor parking rate of 0.12 spaces per dwelling has been often quoted in other traffic impact reports we have reviewed in the past. Applying this rate would result in a peak residential visitor parking demand of 13 spaces. During normal business hours (off-peak residential visitor times), the visitor parking rate would be much less than the 0.12 spaces per dwelling. Daytime visitor parking would be 0.07 spaces per dwelling, which would result in seven to eight spaces. The on-site residential visitor parking provision of 13 spaces is considered acceptable.
- Parking Demand associated with the Retail and Food and Drink Uses. Both the retail and food and drink premises uses have been allocated 13 on-site car parking spaces. Staff parking demand at these two uses would constitute around 25% of the parking demand. Customers would park account for the balance of the parking demand. Therefore, the uses would generate six staff spaces and 19 customer spaces. If six on-site spaces are allocated to employees, the remaining seven spaces would be allocated for customers.
- Availability of Public Transport in the Locality of the Land. The site is within walking distance of bus services operating along Heidelberg Road. Rail services can be accessed from Alphington railway station a few hundred metres to the north.

Appropriateness of Providing Fewer Spaces than the Likely Parking Demand

Clause 52.06 lists a number of considerations for deciding whether the required number of spaces should be reduced. For the subject site, the following considerations are as follows:

- Availability of Car Parking. GTA Consultants had conducted an on-street parking occupancy survey of the surrounding area (with the exception of Parkview Street, which is to be redesigned as part of the AMCOR redevelopment) on Thursday 3 November 2016 between 9:00am and 8:00pm and on Saturday 5 November 2016 at 1:00pm and 8:00pm. The study encompassed an area roughly within 200 metres of the site. The times and extent of the survey are considered appropriate. An inventory of 178 on-street publicly available spaces was identified within the study area. The results of the survey indicated that the peak on-street parking occupancy was observed during the weekday daytime (time not specified), with a minimum of 71 spaces available. By comparison, on the weekend evening (8:00pm), some 102 spaces were vacant. The results clearly indicate that the area has an availability of on-street parking and could potentially accommodate any parking overflow from the site.
- Relevant Local Policy or Incorporated Document. The proposed development is considered to be in line with the objectives contained in Council's *Strategic Transport Statement*. The site is ideally located with regard to sustainable transport alternatives and the lack of on-site car parking would discourage private motor vehicle ownership and use.
- Car Parking Deficiency associated with Existing Land Use. The existing site contains a number of separate titles of commercial premises. According to GTA Consultants, the properties comprise of restricted retail with a combined area of around 2,100 square metres. Some 16 on-site spaces are contained within the site. The site would have a car parking deficiency of 47 spaces. These spaces would likely be customer parking spaces, and some of these would be parked on-street. The customer parking overflow of the proposed redevelopment of the site would be much less than the existing parking deficiency of the site.

Adequacy of Car Parking

From a traffic engineering perspective, the waiver of eight residential visitor spaces and 12 retail/café spaces is considered appropriate in the context of the development and the surrounding area. Any parking overflow from the site should not adversely impact on existing parking conditions within the local streets. The existing parking deficiency of the site is greater than the anticipated parking overflow from the site.

Engineering Services has no objection to the reduction in the car parking requirement for this development.

Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments TRAFFIC GENERATION

The traffic generation for the site adopted by GTA Consultants is as follows:

December 111-1	Adams d Troffic Occurstics Data	ted Traffic Generation Rate Traffic	Peak Hour	
Proposed Use	Adopted Traffic Generation Rate		АМ	РМ
Residential dwellings	Peak hour volume – 0.35 trips per dwelling* Peak hour volume is 10% of daily volume	380	38	38
Retail/Food and Drink	0.5 trips per retail space per peak hour (13 spaces)	13	7	7
	Total	393 trips	45 trips	45 trips

* The rate of 0.35 trips per peak hour is based on the rate taken from the approved Development Plan for the AMCOR site.

GTA Consultants had conducted turning movement counts at the intersections of Heidelberg Road/Parkview Road and Heidelberg Road/Park Avenue during AM and PM peak periods. Data from these surveys were superimposed with peak hour traffic volumes generated from the site to determine post development traffic volumes.

GTA have assumed that all traffic exiting the development would use either Parkview Road or Park Avenue. It is possible that some motorists from the development may attempt to use Yarralea Street to access the arterial road network since it is signalised (particularly for motorists who wish to proceed east). It should be noted that the traffic distribution assumptions adopted by GTA Consultants are, in part, based on existing trip patterns in the local area. Other factors taken into account include the location of places of employment, education and retail centres relative to the site. Overall, the traffic distribution assumptions made by GTA Consultants are considered reasonable in the context of assessing the intersection performance of Heidelberg Road/Parkview Road and Heidelberg Road/Park Avenue.

The traffic impact of these two intersections was assessed using the SIDRA INTERSECTION program, which measures intersection performance. The results of the intersection modelling suggest that the intersections have capacity to accommodate peak hour development traffic. SIDRA modelling works well under free flowing traffic conditions and may have limitations, such as queuing of downstream traffic.

To determine the absorption of traffic onto Heidelberg Road from the development, GTA conducted a gap analysis. This analysis has been used to determine whether the critical movements at these intersections have adequate capacity once the development is operational. When entering major roads from minor roads (such the left and right turn movements from Parkview Road or Park Avenue into Heidelberg Road), motorists must wait for an acceptable time gap in the traffic stream to which they must give way before proceeding. The analysis undertaken by GTA Consultants confirms that the intersections have capacity to accommodate the critical movements.

GTA have indicated that the intersection of Heidelberg Road and Latrobe Street will be signalised as part of the AMCOR redevelopment. According to GTA, these signals would increase the number of gap opportunities for vehicles wishing to exit the peripheral streets and enter Heidelberg Road.

The SIDRA modelling and gap acceptance indicates that the development traffic should be able to enter and exit the Heidelberg Road traffic stream during peak hours.

Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments DEVELOPMENT LAYOUT DESIGN Layout Design Assessment

ltem	Assessment		
Access Arrangements			
Development Entrances	The two entrances each have clear carriageway widths of at least 5.95 metres and satisfy <i>Design standard 1 – Accessways</i> of Clause 52.06-8.		
Visibility	Each entrance has a pedestrian sight triangle located at the edge of the exit lanes and also satisfies <i>Design standard</i> 1.		
Headroom Clearance	A minimum headroom clearance of 2.5 metres has been provided and satisfies the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.1:2004.		
Vehicle Entry and Exit Movements	The swept path diagrams for the B99 design vehicle entering and exiting the two entrances are considered satisfactory. A B99 design vehicle can prop just in front of the security door and be entirely off the road carriageway (both entrances).		
Internal Ramped Accessways – Widths	The 6.4 widths of the internal ramped accessways satisfy AS/NZS 2890.1:2004.		
Internal Ramped Accessways – Vehicle Turning Movements	The swept path diagrams for a B99 design vehicle satisfactorily demonstrate vehicle turning movements as an oncoming vehicle waits.		
Car Parking Modules			
Parking Spaces	The dimensions of the at-grade car parking spaces satisfy Design standard 2: Car parking spaces.		
Accessible Parking Space	With the exception of the length (which satisfies <i>Design standard 2</i>), the accessible parking space and associated shared area satisfy the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.6:2009. A bollard must be inserted in the shared area as required by the Standard.		
Aisles	The aisles within the car parking levels also satisfy Design standard 2.		
Column Locations and Depths	Not dimensioned on the drawings. To be dimensioned.		
Blind Aisle Extensions	Not dimensioned on the drawings. To be dimensioned.		
Gradients			
Ramp Grade for First 5.0 metres inside Property (Parkview Road)	The ramp grade for the first 5.0 metres inside the building line is 1 in 10 and satisfies <i>Design standard 3: Gradients</i> .		
Ramp Grades and Changes of Grade	The ramp grades and the changes of grade for the ramped accessway and the internal ramps satisfy <i>Design standard 3</i> .		
Loading Arrangements			
Loading Bay – Dimensions	The Loading Bay on the Ground Floor measures 5.2 metres by 6.6 metres with an area of 34.32 m ² and satisfies Clause 52.07.		
Loading Bay – Access by Vehicles	The swept path diagrams for a mini waste collection vehicle (6.34 metre long Hino truck) are considered satisfactory.		

Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments ENGINEERING CONDITIONS Civil Works

- Upon the completion of all building works and connections for underground utility services, the footpaths immediately outside the property's Parkview Road, Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue road frontages must be reconstructed to Council's satisfaction and at the Permit Holder's expense.
- The footpath cross-fall must be no steeper than 1 in 40 for DDA access at the pedestrian entrance.
- The kerb and channel along the property's Parkview Road, Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue road frontages must be reconstructed to Council's satisfaction and at the Permit Holder's expense.
- Al redundant property drains in the road reserve must be removed to Council's satisfaction.
- All redundant vehicle crossings must be demolished and reinstated to Council's satisfaction and at the Permit Holder's cost.
- The road pavement of Parkview Road immediately outside the property frontage must be profiled and re-sheeted to Council's satisfaction and at the Permit Holder's cost. Any areas of failure must be reconstructed in full depth road pavement to Council's satisfaction.
- The two new vehicle crossings must be constructed in accordance with Council's Standard Drawings and *Infrastructure Road Materials Policy*.
- The proposed vehicle crossings must be dimensioned on the drawings. Distances to nearby trees and other fixed roadside objects to the edges of the new vehicle crossings must be shown on the drawings.

Corner Splays

• The corner splays at the intersections of Heidelberg Road/Parkview Road and Heidelberg Road/Park Avenue must not be reduced in size or encroached over by the new building.

Impact of Assets on Proposed Development

- Any services poles, structures or pits that interfere with the proposal must be adjusted, removed or relocated at the owner's expense after seeking approval from the relevant authority.
- Areas must be provided inside the property line and adjacent to the footpath to accommodate pits and meters. No private pits, valves or meters on Council property will be accepted.

Road Asset Protection

 Any damaged roads, footpaths and other road related infrastructure adjacent to the development site as a result of the construction works, including trenching and excavation for utility service connections, must be reconstructed to Council's satisfaction and at the developer's expense.

Construction Management Plan

 A Construction Management Plan must be prepared and submitted to Council. The Plan must be approved by Council prior to the commencement of works. A detailed dilapidation report should detail and document the existing and post construction conditions of surrounding road infrastructure and adjoining private properties.

Discharge of Water from Development

• Only roof runoff, surface water and clean groundwater seepage from above the water table can be discharged into Council drains.

Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments

- Contaminated ground water seepage into basements from above the water table must be discharged to the sewer system through a trade waste agreement with the relevant authority or in accordance with EPA guidelines.
- Contaminated groundwater from below the water table must be discharged to the sewer system through a trade waste agreement from the relevant sewer authority.
- Council will not permit clean groundwater from below the groundwater table to be discharged into Council's drainage system. Basements that extend into the groundwater table must be waterproofed/tanked.

Removal, Adjustment, Changing or Relocation of Parking Restriction Signs

- No parking restriction signs or line-marked on-street parking bays are to be removed, adjusted, changed or relocated without approval or authorisation from Council's Parking Management unit and Construction Management branch.
- Any on-street parking reinstated as a result of development works must be approved by Council's Parking Management unit.

NON-PLANNING ADVICE FOR THE APPLICANT

Legal Point of Discharge

The applicant must apply for a Legal Point of Discharge under Regulation 610 – Stormwater Drainage of the *Building Regulations 2006* from Yarra Building Services unit. Any storm water drainage within the property must be provided and be connected to the nearest Council pit of adequate depth and capacity (legal point of discharge), or to Council's satisfaction under Section 200 of the *Local Government Act 1989* and Regulation 610.

Vehicle Crossings - Cross Sectional Drawings

The applicant must prepare and submit 1 in 20 scale cross sectional drawings of the development's two vehicular entrances, showing the actual reduced levels to three decimal places (not interpolated levels from the application drawings) of the Parkview Road and Park Avenue road profiles (from the centre line of the road to the property line). The required levels include the building line level, top of kerb level, invert level, lip level and road pavement levels. The existing road profiles the accessways inside the property (for the first 2.0 metres) must be accurately drawn. The applicant must demonstrate by way of a ground clearance check using the B99 design vehicle that vehicles can traverse the new vehicle crossings without scraping or bottoming out. The 1 in 20 scale cross sectional drawings must be submitted to Council's Construction Management branch for assessment and approval.

Preparation of Detailed Road Infrastructure Design Drawings

The developer must prepare and submit detailed design drawings of all road infrastructure works and drainage works associated with this development for assessment and approval.

Protection of Basement

The Permit Holder/developer is responsible for the management and protection of their building from groundwater.

The developer needs to ensure that the basement car park and any portions of the development at or below natural surface level have a level of protection to minimise the seepage of subterranean water (groundwater) or any rainfall run-off from penetrating the walls or floors of the site.

The excavation for the basement would be to a depth of in excess of 10.0 metres and it is possible that groundwater would be encountered.

In the event that any contaminated groundwater seeps through the walls of the basement, this water must not be discharged into Council's stormwater drainage system under any circumstances. Any contaminated groundwater that is present within the site must be treated and

Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments

disposed of in accordance with a Trade Waste Agreement and as per EPA guidelines and Melbourne Water/City West Water guidelines.

It is also the Permit Holder's onus and responsibility to ensure that rainfall run-off does not enter the property in the event of a heavy storm. Adequate measures should be in place to prevent backwash from entering the property.

Additional Comments provided by Construction Management

- On Parkview Road, the current location of the power pole limits the useable footpath space for pedestrians. Footpath is proposed to be widened, resulting in the removal of vegetation. Current gas infrastructure located within the road reserve are to be relocated (please see photo).
- Overhead power lines are located close to property lines along Heidelberg Road, Parkview Road and Park Avenue road frontages. Some of these power lines are HV (high voltage) and require special attention from Jemena. (This area is not under CitiPower's jurisdiction).
- On Parkview Road, the electrical pole AO14453 has an existing transformer. Comment from Jemena is required regarding clearances from the transformer.
- In Park Avenue, a tree protection zone is to be implemented. Trees on Park Avenue significantly extend over building line. Tree roots could cause an issue when reconstructing the channel.
- Proposed new vehicle crossing on Park Avenue is located very close to the existing tree and proposed alteration the existing kerb extension/traffic management device has to be approved by Council's Open Space unit and Traffic unit.

Regards

Mark Pisani Senior Development Engineer Engineering Services Unit

Agenda Page 123 Attachment 6 - Engineering Services Referral Comments



Existing gas infrastructure located in Parkview Road road reserve, adjacent to property boundary. This would need to be relocated once construction works commence.

Attachment 7 - Engineering Services additional comments on Park Avenue

Hodgen, Amy

From:	Millican, Danny
Sent:	Wednesday, 27 December 2017 1:48 PM
То:	Pisani, Mark; Hodgen, Amy
Cc:	Maher, Ciaran
Subject:	RE: 700 Heidelberg Road - Park Avenue vehicle access

Hi Amy

I have no issue with the east side of the road being modified if needed. I would say that the process is as per the usual statutory planning and subsequent permit and design processes managed by the engineers and construction. I can't see any objections unless trees start being removed with no suitable alternative being identified.

Hopefully this addresses your query. If not, let me know.

Cheers

Danny

From: Pisani, Mark Sent: Wednesday, 20 December 2017 2:26 PM To: Hodgen, Amy; Millican, Danny Cc: Maher, Ciaran Subject: RE: 700 Heidelberg Road - Park Avenue vehicle access

Hi Amy

A check of Council's GIS indicates that the distance between the eastern boundary and the face of the kerb extension on the east side of Park Avenue is approximately 9.2 metres. The road narrowing is approximately 3.1 metres. A B99 design vehicle should be able to make a ninety-degree turn within this geometry.

The original swept path diagram from GTA Consultants had shown the swept path of a B99 design vehicle entering the site's Park Avenue access from the south. The swept path from the north was not provided. A left turning swept path from the north was also not provided.

The applicant should provide swept paths for B99 design vehicle entering the site from the north(right turn movement in), and for a vehicle exiting the site and proceeding north (left turn movement out). The kerb extensions on both side of the Park Avenue should be accurately depicted.

In the non-planning advice for the applicant, it was indicated that the proposed new vehicle crossing on Park Avenue is located very close to the existing tree and the proposed alterations to the existing kerb extension/traffic management device has to be approved by Council's Open Space unit and Traffic unit.

Regards Mark

Mark Pisani Senior Development Engineer

City of Yarra Level 2, 31 Gleadell Street

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Agenda Page 125 Attachment 8 - Strategic Transport Referral Comments





То:	Amy Hodgen
From:	Julian Wearne
Date:	10/07/2017
Subject:	Strategic Transport Comments
Application No:	PLN17/0040
Description:	Development of the land for construction of a nine (9) storey building plus two levels of basement containing 109 dwellings and a café and shop at ground floor, use of land for accommodation (dwellings), reduction in the statutory car parking requirements and waiver of loading bay requirements (associated with café and shop).
Site Address	700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington

I refer to the above Planning Application referred on 13 June 2017, and the accompanying report prepared by GTA Consultants in relation to the proposed development at 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington. Council's Strategic Transport unit provides the following information:

Bicycle Parking Provision Proposed Development

Under the provisions of Clause 52.34-3 of the Yarra Planning Scheme, the development's bicycle parking requirements are as follows:

Proposed Use	Quantity/ Size	Statutory Parking Rate	No. of Spaces Required	No. of Spaces Allocated
Dwellings	109	In developments of four or more storeys, 1 to each 5 dwellings	22 (21.8) resident spaces	
		In developments of four or more storeys, 1 to each 10 dwellings	11 (10.9) visitor spaces.	
Retail Premises	641 m ²	1 to each 300 sq m of leasable floor area	2 (2.14) employee spaces	
(including Food & drink premises)		1 to each 500 sq m of leasable floor area	1 (1.28) visitor space	
24 resident / employee Bicycle Parking Spaces Total spaces			74 resident / employee spaces	
12 vis			12 visitor spaces	8 visitor spaces
Snowers / Linande rooms		1 to the first 5 employee spaces and 1 to each additional 10 employee spaces	0 showers / change rooms	0 showers / change rooms

Attachment 8 - Strategic Transport Referral Comments

The development provides a total of 50 additional resident / employee spaces above what is required by the planning scheme, but provides 4 less visitor spaces than required by the planning scheme.

Adequacy of visitor spaces

- 8 spaces are suitably located to be used as visitor spaces. This does not meet the statutory requirement and is inadequate. At minimum 28 visitor spaces should be provided for the following reasons:
 - No visitor car parking appears to be provided onsite (all car parking is located within a secure car park);
 - Best-practice requires a rate of 0.25 visitor spaces to each dwelling¹, requiring 27 spaces for the 109 dwellings.
 - 1 visitor space is required to meet the retail requirement.
- The current location of the 8 visitor spaces is generally acceptable, however the bicycle hoops should be shown slightly closer to the building line, as bicycles will partially obstruct the footpath if the hoops are within 300mm of the title-boundary as shown. The hoop should be located to allow a 1.8m long bike sit entirely within the title boundary, whilst centred on the hoop.

Adequacy of employee spaces

Number of spaces

Whilst the proposal includes a surplus of 50 resident / employee spaces above the requirements of the planning scheme, it is noted:

- A reduction in car parking spaces is sought (20 spaces, including 8 residential visitor spaces);
- the subject site is located in an inner-urban area with already high cycling-to-work demand, and trends indicate demand will continue to increase; and
- both local and state planning policies include objectives to promote sustainable transport modes, including cycling;
- Given the above, best-practice requires a rate of 1 space to each dwelling². Therefore it is recommended a minimum of 111 resident/employee spaces be provided.
- It would be acceptable if a further reduction in car parking spaces was sought to provide additional bicycle parking spaces.

Design and location of employee spaces and facilities

- According to the Traffic Impact Assessment, all bicycle parking spaces are to be floor mounted spaces. This is above the requirements of Australian Standard AS2890.3, which requires that at least 20% of spaces in any bicycle facility to be floor mounted spaces; and is therefore acceptable.
- Access to all resident/employee bicycle storage spaces appears to be acceptable.

Recommended Conditions

The following conditions should be included in the Planning Permit as part of the proposed development:

 Before the use and/or development commences, amended plans to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the plans will be endorsed and will then form part of this permit. The plans must be drawn to scale with dimensions, and three copies must be provided. The plans must be generally in accordance with the decision plans but modified to show:

¹ Category 6 of the Built Environment Sustainability Scorecard (BESS) offers the following best-practice guidance for residential visitor bicycle parking rates: Residential developments should provide 0.25 visitor spaces per dwelling.

Attachment 8 - Strategic Transport Referral Comments

- a. A minimum of 28 visitor bicycle parking spaces be provided, in a location and configuration easily accessible, and suitable for short-term bicycle parking. Visitor spaces must be floor-mounted.
- b. The 8 existing visitor bicycle parking devices (bicycle hoops) be relocated further within the title boundaries, so a bicycle centred against the device does not encroach outside the title boundaries.
- c. At least 111 resident/employee bicycle parking spaces. All resident/employee bicycle storage spaces must:
 - i. Be located within a secure storage facility,
 - ii. Be easily and safely accessible;
 - iii. Not cause a hazard to vehicles or pedestrians.

Regards

Julian Wearne

Sustainable Transport Officer Strategic Transport Unit



TO:	Amy Hodgen
cc:	
FROM:	Euan Williamson, ESD Advisor
DATE:	17.01.2018
FILE:	PLN17/0400 – 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington
SUBJECT:	ESD response to updated plans and SMP (re-issued)

Amy,

I have reviewed the amended architectural drawings prepared by XO Projects, dated the 30.10.2018, and accompanying SMP prepared by SDC report. In summary, some issues have been resolved, specifically those concerning daylight, number of bike spaces, swimming pool efficiency; have all been resolved.

However, other issues remain and additional changes are still required; these are detailed here below;

Energy efficiency

Additional work on the NatHERS ratings and BESS report is required to demonstrate best practice.

 The sample NatHERS results include several sample groups that have high cooling loads well above the maximum cooling load of 21, for this climate zone. 14 of the 21 sample groups presented in the SMP exceed the maximum cooling threshold and represent a significant proportion of the proposed dwellings.

Recommend that additional changes are made to the development to ensure the 21 MJ/m² cooling load threshold is not exceeded. Design options include glazing specification, glazing reduction, external shading. Please update plans and SMP and re-submit to Council.

• The SMP also describes a few changes required to meet the minimum NCC requires in a handful of dwellings, these are detailed in Appendix 7 of the SMP and must be implemented.

Natural Ventilation

- Common area corridors appear to have access to natural ventilation, but it is not entirely clear on the architectural drawings. Please confirm that the glazing into the corridors is operable into the courtyard and clearly mark this on plans.
- Window operability is not marked on elevations/floorplans, and is not particularly clear on all of the dwelling layout pages. Ensure that all habitable rooms have an operable window, positioned to effectively ventilate the dwelling, and clearly note on architectural drawings.

Language Used in the SMP

• The SMP states the project will include composting and green waste, and steel from a 'Responsible Steel' maker "where possible". Please remove the terms "where possible" from the SMP. Please

Attachment 9 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments

avoid the use of vague or open language that can lead to different interpretations and potential misunderstanding.

Outstanding Information to Follow up

• Prior to occupation please demonstrate that a minimum 10% energy efficiency improvement for the non- residential areas will be achieved via JV3 modelling and report or equivalent.

If you or the applicant would like to discuss my comments or recommendation further, please contact me.

Euan.

Euan Williamson

Environmental Sustainable Development Advisor City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond 3121 T (03) 9205 5366 F (03) 8417 6666 E Euan.Williamson@yarracity.vic.gov.au W www.yarracity.vic.gov.au

Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

Sustainable Management Plan (SMP)



ESD in the Planning Permit Application Process

Yarra City Council's planning permit application process includes Environmentally Sustainable Development (ESD) considerations. This is now supported by the ESD Local Policy Clause 22.17 of the Yarra Planning Scheme, entitled *Environmentally Sustainable Development*.

The Clause 22.17 requires all eligible applications to demonstrate best practice in ESD, supported by the Built Environment Sustainability Scorecard (BESS) web-based application tool, which is based on the Sustainable Design Assessment in the Planning Process (SDAPP) program.

As detailed in Clause 22.17, this application is a 'large' planning application as it meets the category *Residential 1. Ten or more dwellings.*

What is a Sustainable Management Plan (SMP)?

An SMP is a detailed sustainability assessment of a proposed design at the planning stage. An SMP demonstrates best practice in the 10 Key Sustainable Building Categories and;

- Provides a detailed assessment of the development. It may use relevant tools such as BESS and STORM or an alternative assessment approach to the satisfaction of the responsible authority; and
- Identifies achievable environmental performance outcomes having regard to the objectives of Clause 22.17 (as appropriate); and
- Demonstrates that the building has the design potential to achieve the relevant environmental performance outcomes, having regard to the site's opportunities and constraints; and
- Documents the means by which the performance outcomes can be achieved.

An SMP identifies beneficial, easy to implement, best practice initiatives. The nature of larger developments provides the opportunity for increased environmental benefits and the opportunity for major resource savings. Hence, greater rigour in investigation is justified. It may be necessary to engage a sustainability consultant to prepare an SMP.

Assessment Process:

The applicant's town planning drawings provide the basis for Council's ESD assessment. Through the provided drawings and the SMP, Council requires the applicant to demonstrate best practice. The following comments are based on the review of the architectural drawings, prepared by *XO Architects (Rev A 23.03.2017)* and the accompanying SMP, prepared by *SDC Consultants (V3 prepared April 2017)*.

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

Sustainable Management Plan (SMP) Referral Response by Yarra City Council



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Sustainable Management Plan (SMP) Referral Response by Yarra City Council



Assessment Summary:

Responsible Planner:	Amy Hodgen		
Responsible Flanner.	Any hougen		
ESD Advisor:	Euan Williamson		
Date: 04.07.2017	Planning Application No: PLN17/0040		
Subject Site:	700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington		
Site Area: Approx. 2,979m ²	Site Coverage: 100%		
Project Description:	Nine storey building comprising 109 dwellings, café and shop on the ground floor.		
Pre-application meeting(s):	None.		

The standard of the ESD <u>does not meet</u> Council's Environmental Sustainable Design (ESD) standards. Should a permit be issued, the following ESD commitments (1) and deficiencies (2) should be conditioned as part of a planning permit to ensure Council's ESD standards are fully met.

Furthermore, it is recommended that all ESD commitments (1), deficiencies (2) and the outstanding information (3) are addressed in an updated SMP report and are clearly shown on Condition 1 drawings. ESD improvement opportunities (4) have been summarised as a recommendation to the applicant.

(1) Applicant ESD Commitments:

- A MUSIC report that demonstrates best practice and relies on 258m² of roof connected to a 20,000 litre rainwater tank for flushing to toilets in all dwellings, and 0.2 Ha of rooftop and balconies connected to 165m² of podium planter boxes and rooftop lawn, as well as 0.035 Ha of communal terrace connected to 120m² of mezzanine lawn.
- Good access to natural ventilation to dwellings provided all habitable rooms have operable windows. Flyscreens, window locks and door catches provided to all apartments.
- A 22kW solar PV array to contribute to common area electricity consumption.
- Electric vehicle charging facilities (3 spaces), connected to common area solar PV power supply.
- Non-residential areas to exceed NCC energy efficiency requirements by 15%.
- · Reverse cycle heating/cooling systems within one star of the most energy efficient available.
- · Centralised heat pump hot water system, with efficiency unknown.
- Energy efficient lighting.
- Water efficient fixtures and taps.
- · Landscaping to terraces and rooftops will marginally improve the ecological value of the site.

(2) Application ESD Deficiencies:

- Internal common area corridors with no access to natural ventilation. Recommend a floor-plate
 redesign to ensure an external operable window to all common area corridors, or another strategy
 to introduce natural ventilation into common area corridors.
- Good access to daylight to most dwellings, with the exception of living rooms noted in the daylight
 modelling report within the SMP. The glazing specification on the architectural drawings includes
 tinted glazing, but the daylight modelling assumes clear glazing throughout. Recommend re-design
 the dwellings that are noted in the SMP to reduce room depth and improve daylight access into
 living rooms. Recommend clear glazing to all glazing in dwellings (as assumed in the daylight
 assessment of the SMP).
- Most habitable windows have good shading at lower levels via balcony overhangs and wing-walls.
 Upper levels have large amounts of north, east and west facing glazing exposed to summer sun angles and unwanted amounts of solar gain. Recommend that the extended cantilevered concrete overhangs that feature on the lower levels continue to the top level of dwellings giving solar protection to the north, east and west, or another similarly effective shading strategy.

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

Sustainable Management Plan (SMP)



- A total of 34 secure bicycle spaces for residents on the ground floor, plus eight spaces on the footpath for visitors, plus 40 additional spaces on the lower basement (B2). This is not enough bike spaces to meet our best practice standard for bike parking, which is one per dwellings (109) plus spaces for staff and visitors.
- The SMP states the project will use "environmentally innovative" materials "where possible". Please
 remove the terms "where possible" from the SMP. Please avoid the use of vague or open language
 that can lead to different interpretations and potential misunderstanding.

(3) Outstanding Information:

- It is unclear what the average NatHERS Star rating is for dwellings. The SMP report states dwellings will have an average 6.2 Star NatHERS rating, the sample table (p.23) states 6.44 Stars and the BESS project file uses 6.6 Star average. Please confirm. Recommend that a 6.6 Star average NatHERS thermal efficiency rating is adopted.
- Ensure that all habitable rooms have an operable window, and clearly note on architectural drawings.
- The WSUD aspects of the planter boxes and lawns are not noted in the landscape plans. Please confirm that the WSUD strategy is consistently adopted across all plans and designs.
- Prior to occupation please demonstrate that the 15% energy efficiency improvement for the nonresidential areas will be achieved via JV3 modelling and report or equivalent.
- It appears that there are three swimming pools on the plans (coloured blue areas) in courtyard area and on rooftop that are not labelled nor mentioned in the SMP. Please confirm if swimming pools are included in this development. If so, then strongly recommend high water and energy efficiency measures such as including rainwater for pool top-up and solar thermal pre-heating and VSDs on pumps.

(4) ESD Improvement Opportunities

- Recommend a high COP energy efficiency standard be specified for the centralised heat pump hot water system.
- See comments on building redesign above.

Further Recommendations:

The applicant is encouraged to consider the inclusion of ESD recommendations, detailed in this referral report. Further guidance on how to meet individual planning conditions has been provided in reference to the individual categories. The applicant is also encouraged to seek further advice or clarification from Council on the individual project recommendations.

Sustainable Management Plan - Referral Assessment Yarra City Council, City Development Page 4 of 16

1. Indoor Environment Quality (IEQ)

Objectives:

- to achieve a healthy indoor environment quality for the wellbeing of building occupants.
- to provide a naturally comfortable indoor environment will lower the need for building services, such as artificial lighting, mechanical ventilation and cooling and heating devices.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Natural Ventilation and Night Purging	Internal common area corridors with no access to natural ventilation. Good access to natural ventilation to all dwellings provided all dwellings have operable windows. Flyscreens, window locks and door catches provided to all apartments.	Recommend a floor-plate redesign to ensure an external operable window to all common area corridors, or another strategy to introduce natural ventilation into common area corridors. Ensure that all habitable rooms have an operable window, and clearly note on architectural drawings.	2
Daylight & Solar Access	Good access to daylight to most dwellings, with the exception of living rooms noted in the daylight modelling report within the SMP. The glazing specification on the architectural drawings includes tinted glazing, but the daylight modelling assumes clear glazing throughout.	Recommend re-design the dwellings that are noted in the SMP to reduce room depth and improve daylight access into living rooms. Recommend clear glazing to all glazing in dwellings (as assumed in the daylight assessment of the SMP).	2
External Views	External views from most dwellings.	-	1
Hazardous Materials and VOC	All paints, adhesives and sealants and flooring are low VOC type. All engineered timber contain no formaldehyde.	-	1
Thermal Comfort	Good thermal comfort is determined through a combination of good access to ventilation, balanced passive heat gains and high levels of insulation. The application proposes for the office areas: - Good access to natural ventilation - Some shading to manage heat gains - Good thermal efficiency standards.	Please refer to section on, NCC Energy Efficiency Requirements Exceeded and Effective Shading	1

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY
- 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: <u>1. Indoor Environment Quality</u> Good Environmental Choice Australia Standards <u>www.geca.org.au</u> Australian Green Procurement <u>www.greenprocurement.org</u> Residential Flat Design Code <u>www.planning.nsw.gov.au</u> Your Home <u>www.yourhome.gov.au</u>

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

2. Energy Efficiency

Objectives:

- to ensure the efficient use of energy •
 - to reduce total operating greenhouse emissions
- •
- to reduce energy peak demand to minimize associated energy costs. •

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
NCC Energy Efficiency Requirements Exceeded	It is unclear what the average NatHERS Star rating is for dwellings. Non-residential areas to exceed NCC by 15%.	The SMP report sates an average 6.2 Star, the sample table (p.23) states 6.44 Stars and the BESS project file uses 6.6 Star average. Please confirm. Recommend that the 6.6 Star average is adopted. Prior to occupation please demonstrate that the 15% energy efficiency improvement for the non-residential areas will be achieved via JV3 modelling and report or equivalent.	2
Hot Water System	Centralised heat pump hot water system, with efficiency unknown.	Recommend a high COP heat pump system.	4
Peak Energy Demand	Peak demand reduced through various initiatives.	-	1
Effective Shading	Most habitable windows have good shading at lower levels via balcony overhangs and wingwalls. Upper levels have large amounts of north, east and west facing glazing exposed to summer sun angles and unwanted amounts of solar gain.	Recommend that the extended cantilevered concrete overhangs that feature on the lower levels continue to the top level of dwellings giving solar protection to the north, east and west, or another similarly effective shading strategy.	2
Efficient HVAC system	Reverse cycle heating/cooling systems within one star of the most energy efficient available.	-	1
Efficient Lighting	Energy efficient lighting 4W/m ² in apartments and carparks and at least a 10% improvement for non-residential areas.	-	1
Electricity Generation	A 22kW solar PV array to contribute to common area electricity consumption.	-	1
Embedded network	Embedded network provided 100% Green Power at competitive prices.	-	1

* Council Assessment Ratings:

1 – Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 – Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY

3 - MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 - ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

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SDAPP Fact Sheet: <u>2. Energy Efficiency</u> House Energy Rating <u>www.makeyourhomegreen.vic.gov.au</u> Building Code Australia <u>www.abcb.gov.au</u> Window Efficiency Rating Scheme (WERS) <u>www.wers.net</u> Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS) <u>www.energyrating.gov.au</u> Energy Efficiency <u>www.resourcesmart.vic.gov.au</u>

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

3. Water Efficiency

Objectives:

- to ensure the efficient use of water
- to reduce total operating potable water use
- · to encourage the collection and reuse of rainwater and stormwater
- to encourage the appropriate use of alternative water sources (e.g. grey water)
- · to minimise associated water costs.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Minimising Amenity Water Demand	Water efficient taps and fittings throughout, including: - 4 Star toilets - 5 Star tapware - 3 Star showers <7.5 litres/min	-	1
Water for Toilet Flushing	A 20,000 litre rainwater tank connected to toilets in all dwellings.	-	1
Water Meter	Water metering for individual dwellings and each non-residential area.	-	1
Landscape Irrigation	Primarily native and drought tolerant vegetation provided with rainwater drip-irrigation system.	-	1
Swimming pools	It appears that there are three swimming pools on the plans (coloured blue areas) that are not labelled nor mentioned in the SMP.	Please confirm if swimming pools are included in this development. If so, then strongly recommend high water and energy efficiency measures such as including rainwater for pool top-up and solar thermal pre-heating and VSDs on pumps.	3

* Council Assessment Ratings:

1 – Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 – Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY 3 – MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 – ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: 3. Water Efficience

Water Efficient Labelling Scheme (WELS) <u>www.waterrating.gov.au</u> Water Services Association of Australia <u>www.wsaa.asn.au</u> Water Tank Requirement <u>www.makeyourhomegreen.vic.gov.au</u> Melbourne Water STORM calculator <u>www.storm.melbournewater.com.au</u> Sustainable Landscaping <u>www.ourwater.vic.gov.au</u>

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4. Stormwater Management

Objectives:

- to reduce the impact of stormwater runoff
- to improve the water quality of stormwater runoff
- to achieve best practice stormwater quality outcomes
- to incorporate Water Sensitive Urban Design principles.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
STORM Rating	A MUSIC report that demonstrates best practice and relies on 258m ² of roof connected to 2,000 litre rainwater tank for flushing to toilets in all dwellings, and 0.2 Ha of rooftop and balconies connected to 165m2 of podium planter boxes and rooftop lawn, as well as 0.035 Ha of communal terrace connected to 120m2 of mezzanine lawn.	The WSUD aspects of the planter boxes and lawns are not noted in the landscape plans. Please confirm that the WSUD strategy is consistently adopted across all plans and designs.	3
Discharge to Sewer	-	-	-
Stormwater Diversion	-	-	-
Stormwater Detention	-	-	-
Stormwater Treatment	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY
- 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: <u>4. Stormwater Management</u> Melbourne Water STORM calculator <u>www.storm.melbournewater.com.au</u> Water Sensitive Urban Design Principles <u>www.melbournewater.com.au</u> Environmental Protection Authority Victoria <u>www.epa.vic.gov.au</u> Water Services Association of Australia <u>www.wsaa.asn.au</u> Sustainable Landscaping <u>www.ourwater.vic.gov.au</u>

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

5. Building Materials

Objectives:

 to minimise the environmental impact of materials used by encouraging the use of materials with a favourable lifecycle assessment.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Reuse of Recycled Materials	The SMP states the project will use "environmentally innovative" materials "where possible".	Please remove the terms "where possible" from the SMP. Please avoid the use of vague or open language that can lead to different interpretations and potential misunderstanding.	2
Embodied Energy of Concrete and Steel	A minim of 50% of concrete to use recycled water and a minimum of 25% of sand is recycled or manufactured sand.	-	1
Sustainable Timber	All timber to be certified by FSC or PEFC as sustainable, or recycled/reused.	-	1
Design for Disassembly	No information has been provided.	Consider a small pallet of materials and construction techniques that can assist in disassembly.	4
Other		-	-

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY
- 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: <u>5. Building Materials</u> Building Materials, Technical Manuals <u>www.yourhome.gov.au</u> Embodied Energy Technical Manual <u>www.yourhome.gov.au</u> Good Environmental Choice Australia Standards <u>www.geca.org.au</u> Forest Stewardship Council Certification Scheme <u>www.fsc.org</u> Australian Green Procurement <u>www.greenprocurement.org</u>

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

6. Transport

Objectives:

- to minimise car dependency
- . to ensure that the built environment is designed to promote the use of public transport, walking and cycling.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Minimising the Provision of Car Parks	Reduction in car parking proposed.	-	1
Bike Parking Spaces	A total of 34 secure bicycle spaces for residents on the ground floor, plus eight spaces on the footpath for visitors, plus 40 additional spaces on the lower basement (B2).	This is not enough bike spaces to meet our best practice standard for bike parking, which is one per dwellings (109) plus spaces for staff and visitors.	2
End of Trip Facilities	-	-	-
Car Share Facilities	No information has been provided.	-	1
Electric vehicle charging	Electric vehicles charging facilities (3 spaces) connected to common area solar PV power supply.	-	1

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: 6. Transport Off-setting Car Emissions Options www.greenfleet.com.au Sustainable Transport <u>www.transport.vic.gov.au/doi/internet/icy.nsf</u> Car share options <u>www.yarracity.vic.gov.au/Parking-roads-and-transport/Transport-</u> Services/Carsharing/ Bicycle Victoria www.bv.com.au

Sustainable Management Plan - Referral Assessment Yarra City Council, City Development

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7. Waste Management

Objectives:

- to ensure waste avoidance, reuse and recycling during the design, construction and operation stages of development
- to ensure long term reusability of building materials.
- to meet Councils' requirement that all multi-unit developments must provide a Waste Management Plan in accordance with the *Guide to Best Practice for Waste Management in Multi-unit Developments 2010*, published by Sustainability Victoria.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Construction Waste Management	The building contractors will achieve a minimum 80% recycling/reuse target.	-	1
Operational Waste Management	Two dual waste chutes, one in each core, with bins for general waste and recycling.	-	1
Storage Spaces for Recycling and Green Waste	Area for separate recycling and general waste bins can be identified on the plans.	-	1
Others	-	-	-

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY
- 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: <u>7. Waste Management</u> Construction and Waste Management <u>www.sustainability.vic.gov.au</u> Preparing a WMP <u>www.epa.vic.gov.au</u> Waste and Recycling <u>www.resourcesmart.vic.gov.au</u> Better Practice Guide for Waste Management in Multi-Unit Dwellings (2002) <u>www.environment.nsw.gov.au</u> Waste reduction in office buildings (2002) <u>www.environment.nsw.gov.au</u>

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

8. Urban Ecology

Objectives:

- to protect and enhance biodiversity
- to provide sustainable landscaping
- ٠ to protect and manage all remnant indigenous plant communities
- to encourage the planting of indigenous vegetation.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
On Site Topsoil Retention	There is no productive topsoil on this site.	-	NA
Maintaining / Enhancing Ecological Value	Landscaping on rooftop and terraces will marginally improve the ecological value of the site.	-	1
Heat Island Effect	No specific information has been submitted.	-	1
Other	-	-	-

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: 8. Urban E Department of Sustainability and Environment www.dse.vic.gov.au Australian Research Centre for Urban Ecology www.arcue.botany.unimelb.edu.au Greening Australia www.greeningaustralia.org.au Green Roof Technical Manual www.yourhome.gov.au

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Attachment 10 - ESD Advisor Referral Comments on Initial Plans

9. Innovation

Objective:

 to encourage innovative technology, design and processes in all development, which positively influence the sustainability of buildings.

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Significant Enhancement to the Environmental Performance	-	-	-
Innovative Social Improvements	-	-	-
New Technology	-	-	-
New Design Approach	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY
- 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: <u>9. Innovation</u> Green Building Council Australia <u>www.gbca.org.au</u> Victorian Eco Innovation lab <u>www.ecoinnovationlab.com</u> Business Victoria <u>www.business.vic.gov.au</u> Environment Design Guide <u>www.environmentdesignguide.com.au</u>

Sustainable Management Plan - Referral Assessment Yarra City Council, City Development Page 14 of 16

10. Construction and Building Management

Objective:

 to encourage a holistic and integrated design and construction process and ongoing high performance

Issues	Applicant's Design Responses	Council Comments	CAR*
Building Tuning	Post construction commissioning and tuning to ASHRAE and other relevant standards.	-	1
Building Users Guide	A Building Users Guide will be provided to residents and staff explaining optimal usage of building services and sustainability features within the development and will include information on public transport.	-	1
Contractor has Valid ISO14001 Accreditation	No information has been provided.	-	1
Construction Management Plan	A Waste Management Plan will be developed by the building contractor to monitor and control activities undertaken during construction.	-	1
Others	-	-	

* Council Assessment Ratings:

- 1 Design Response is SATISFACTORY; 2 Design Response is NOT SATISFACTORY
- 3 MORE INFORMATION is required; 4 ESD IMPROVEMENT OPPORTUNITIES

References and useful information:

SDAPP Fact Sheet: 10. Construction and Building Management

ASHRAE and CIBSE Commissioning handbooks

International Organization for standardization – ISO14001 – Environmental Management Systems Keeping Our Stormwater Clean – A Builder's Guide www.melbournewater.com.au

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Sustainable Management Plan (SMP) for planning applications being considered by Yarra Counci



Applicant Response Guidelines

Project Information:

Applicants should state the property address and the proposed development's use and extent. They should describe neighbouring buildings that impact on or may be impacted by the development. It is required to outline relevant areas, such as site permeability, water capture areas and gross floor area of different building uses. Applicants should describe the development's sustainable design approach and summarise the project's key ESD objectives.

Environmental Categories:

Each criterion is one of the 10 Key Sustainable Building Categories. The applicant is required to address each criterion and demonstrate how the design meets its objectives.

Objectives:

Within this section the general intent, the aims and the purposes of the category are explained.

Issues:

This section comprises a list of topics that might be relevant within the environmental category. As each application responds to different opportunities and constraints, it is not required to address all issues. The list is non-exhaustive and topics can be added to tailor to specific application needs.

Assessment Method Description:

Where applicable, the Applicant needs to explain what standards have been used to assess the applicable issues.

Benchmarks Description:

The applicant is required to briefly explain the benchmark applied as outlined within the chosen standard. A benchmark description is required for each environmental issue that has been identified as relevant.

How does the proposal comply with the benchmarks?

The applicant should show how the proposed design meets the benchmarks of the chosen standard through making references to the design brief, drawings, specifications, consultant reports or other evidence that proves compliance with the chosen benchmark.

ESD Matters on Architectural Drawings:

Architectural drawings should reflect all relevant ESD matters where feasible. As an example, window attributes, sun shading and materials should be noted on elevations and finishes schedules, water tanks and renewable energy devices should be shown on plans. The site's permeability should be clearly noted. It is also recommended to indicate water catchment areas on roof- or site plans to confirm water re-use calculations.

Sustainable Management Plan - Referral Assessment Yarra City Council, City Development Page 16 of 16

Attachment 11 - Open Space Referral Comments



Memo

To: Amy Hodgen	diverse
Cc: Julia Mardjuki	vibrant
From: Clare Lee	UIUYAAA
Date: 23/02/2018	exciting
Subject: PLN17/0040 - 700-718 Heidelberg Rd, Alphington –	J
revised plans 17.10.2017	inclusive

Dear Amy,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the revised landscape plans submitted for PLN17/0040. We have the following comments:

Level 1

• Noted that the previous mezzanine level has been replaced with Level 1. The Level 1 plan provided is satisfactory.

Balcony planters

• The depth of the balcony planters is adequate. The width of the balcony planters should provide adequate space to sustain the proposed tree planting and the dimension/s noted on the drawings.

Roof level

• Proposed tree species have been revised to those which will cope with full sun.

Heidelberg Road

• The species of the existing 4 trees is accurate and notes included about tree retention and protection during construction.

Parkview Road

- The grassed nature strip and tree planting has been positioned on the outer edge of the footpath as requested. The nature strip does however appear narrow it should be 1.4 m wide to be consistent the existing nature strip along the street and to provide adequate space for tree growth. It would also be preferable to extend the nature strip further towards the Heidelberg Road corner. This would provide opportunity to plant two additional Euky Dwarf trees to provide shade to the retail business on this corner.
- Clarification has not been provided on maintenance responsibility for the grassed nature strip.

Park Avenue

Attachment 11 - Open Space Referral Comments

- Deciduous trees are now proposed for planting in Park Avenue in keeping with the existing street tree type. Council's recommended species is *Acer negundo* 'Sensation' to link with the existing Plane trees along Park Avenue. *Acer platanoides* 'Crimson Sentry' is not supported due to its foliage colour and its likely vulnerability to future temperature rises (refer to City of Melbourne document: <u>Future Urban</u> <u>Forest: Identifying vulnerability to future temperatures</u>).
- Only two replacement trees have been shown rather than the four replacement trees requested. The applicant should investigate placement of the two additional trees on the roadway within parking bays, allowing for a 1.5m x 1.5m tree cut out size.

In addition, I have the following comments:

Street paving materials:

- Feature paving at the entrances on Heidelberg Road, Parkview Road and Park Avenue should be sawn bluestone rather than black granite.
- Car park entry threshold paving bluestone setts should be used instead of porphyry stone.
- The street paving materials palette is required to be consistent with Yarra's Public Domain Manual (refer to Section 4.1.3: <u>https://www.yarracity.vic.gov.au/-/media/files/roads/technical-notes/yarra-citycouncil-public-domain-manual-technical-notes.pdf</u>).

Please get back to me if you have any questions or require anything further.

Kind regards,

Clare Lee – Landscape Architect, Streetscapes Julia Mardjuki – Open Space Planner

Attachment 12 - Open Space Referral Comments on Original Plans



Memo

To: Amy Hodgen	diverse
Cc:	uibrant
From: Clare Lee and Julia Mardjuki	ULUYAAA
Date: 29/06/2017	exciting
Subject: PLN17/0040 - 700-718 Heidelberg Rd, Alphington	J
	inclusive

Dear Amy,

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on PLN17/0040. We have the following comments:

Landscape Plan

Ground level

- Provide further details for the entry planter beds at the retail entry in the public realm.
- Please confirm this will be managed by the Owners Corporation.
- Extra maintenance requirements may be needed for green spaces in the public realm and provisions should be made for this.

Mezzanine level

- Provide details on the 'edge planter' and how it sits on the building footprint to ensure safety standards are maintained and there is no risk to the area below.
- Please update the section line on the plan and update the section to accurately reflect the design.
- Proposed tree species *Ficus hillii* can quickly grow to a large mature species and will require regular foliage pruning to keep in check. The vigorous root system, when restricted in a planter can grow up and out of the container and break the planter. This will be a future maintenance concern if the trees require root pruning. Queensland grown species will require six weeks hardening off before planting in Melbourne.
- Proposed tree species *Hymenosporum flavum, Laegrstoemia indica* and *Ginko biloba* prefer full sun, given this area will be shaded for most of the day, please review the proposed selection.
- Provisions for universal access could be considered in this space to cater for residents of all abilities.

Balcony planters

- We support the proposed inclusions of tree planting in balcony planters to provide amenity to the building façade and surrounding area.
- Refer to the point on Ficus Hilli above.
- The creepers and climbers selected will tend toward a vertical ascent, consider plants that will have a cascading form if that is the desired effect.

Roof level

Agenda Page 149

Attachment 12 - Open Space Referral Comments on Original Plans

- Proposed tree species *Acer palmatum* and *sp.,* prefer shady conditions. Given this area will be in full sun for most of the day, please review the proposed selection.
- Provide more details on the edge planters and how this area sits on the main building footprint.

Streetscapes

Heidelberg Road

• The existing 4 trees are *Hakea* species (rather than *Acacia implexa* as noted on the landscape concept plan).

Parkview Road

- It is preferable that the new street trees and grassed nature strip area are positioned on the outer edge
 of the footpath rather than on the boundary line of the building as shown on the landscape plan (page
 5). This will be in keeping with the existing nature strip in this block.
- Please confirm that the development body corporate would be responsible for maintenance of the grassed nature strip.
- *Hymenosporum flavum* is not supported as the species to be planted as it is does not respond well to pruning under powerlines. The preferred species is dwarf *Eucalyptus leucoxylon* (Euky Dwarf) to be in keeping with the future planting of Eucalypts further along Parkview Road.

Park Avenue

- Council's arborist has recommended removal of 3 of the 4 Plane trees adjacent to the site. The Plane tree closest to Heidelberg Road is to be retained.
- Deciduous trees are required for planting in Park Avenue in keeping with the existing street tree type (rather than Brachychiton and Euky Dwarf which are referred to on page 5). The recommended species is Acer negundo 'Sensation'.
- It is preferable that 4 replacement street trees are allowed for along the Park Avenue frontage of the site.

Protection of existing street trees

 The existing street trees in Heidelberg Road and Park Avenue should be protected during construction works according to Australian Standard AS 4970-2009, including a TPZ for the duration of the building works. Protection Bonds should also be placed on these trees. The contractor should liaise with Council's arborist during construction works in the vicinity of the car park entry driveway which is close to an existing street tree.

Street tree planting

• Council's tree planting contractor would undertake sourcing, planting and maintenance of all new street trees. The Developer would be required to pay a contribution to the Open Space Developer Fund to cover this work.

Public Open Space Contribution

Much of the proposed landscape elements will be internal to the building to benefit residents. We would seek a cash contribution for this development.

Please get back to us if you have any questions or require further information.

Kind regards,

Clare Lee - Landscape Architect Streetscapes Julia Mardjuki – Open Space Planner



700-718 Heidelberg Road, ALPHINGTON

Urban Design Referral

Date	4 th January 2018		
Council Reference	PLN17/0040		
То	Amy Hodgen		
From	David Lock Associates		

INTRODUCTION

In May 2017, City of Yarra requested that David Lock Associates ('DLA') undertake an urban design assessment of a proposed development at 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington (the subject site). The proposal seeks approval to construct a nine storey mixed use development consisting of ground floor retail with eight storeys of residential development above (126 dwellings).

In undertaking this assessment we have had regard to the following:

- The physical context of the subject site as well as the wider area;
- The relevant provisions of the Yarra Planning Scheme and Reference Documents (including the approved Alphington Paper Mills Development Plan [2015]);
- The relevant provisions of the Darebin Planning Scheme (insofar as they apply to the northern side of Heidelberg Road);
- The architectural plans and urban context report prepared by XO Architects (dated May 2017);
- The town planning report prepared by Urbis (April 2017); and
- The landscape plan prepared by Urbis (April 2017).

In December 2017, City of Yarra requested that David Lock Associates undertake un updated urban design assessment of an amended eight storey proposal for the subject site. In undertaking this assessment, we have had regard to the amended plans prepared by XO Architects (Revision B, dated October 30, 2017) as well as the 'Comparison Study' prepared by XO Architects (no date). All urban design comments pertinent to the amended plans are identified in this referral in red.

CHARACTER

Context

The subject site is a large amalgamated allotment located on the southern side of Heidelberg Road, Alphington, between Park Avenue (to the east) and Parkview Road (to the west). The site constitutes the northern end of the block in which it is located and consequently presents with three street frontages to each of these streets respectively. The site is currently utilised for the



commercial purposes and contains single storey commercial built form within the north of the site and at-grade car parking within the south (with vehicle access/egress by way of both Park Avenue and Parkview Road), and is generally flat and devoid of vegetation. The subject site is also located in general proximity to a range of services (Station Street Fairfield is located approximately 1km west) and transportation options (Alphington train station is located 350m north-east of the site).

In terms of abuttals, Heidelberg Road is located directly north of the subject site and is a 21m wide regionally significant road reserve. The municipal boundaries of the City of Yarra also terminate mid-way within the Heidelberg Road reserve, noting that the City of Darebin is the Responsible Authority for all properties along the northern side of Heidelberg Road. East and west of the subject site are the Park Avenue and Parkview Road road reserves respectively, which are both lower order local access streets with widths in the order of 15m. South of the subject site is 4 Park Avenue and 4 Parkview Road, which both comprise low set (single and double storey) detached dwellings with POS elements.

The subject site forms part of the 'Alphington Neighbourhood Activity Centre' (NAC) pursuant to Clause 21.03 of the Yarra Planning Scheme, which is partly reflected in the site's predominant Commercial 1 (C1Z) zoning. Of relevance, the purpose of the C1Z is to 'create vibrant mixed use commercial centres' and 'provide for residential uses at densities complimentary to the role and scale of the commercial centre' – noting that a number of properties with Heidelberg Road frontages within proximity of the subject site are similarly zoned C1Z. Notably, a portion of the site's south east corner is zoned 'Neighbourhood Residential Zone Schedule 2 (NRZ2)', whose primary purpose is to recognise areas of predominantly single and double storey residential development and ensure development respects the neighbourhood character. All southern abutting properties are similarly zoned NRZ2, which mandates a maximum two storey (9m) built form expectation for future development. None of the site's overlays are of relevance from an urban design perspective.

The wider Alphington NAC is a declining commercial strip that is somewhat 'disjointed' by way of Heidelberg Road (divisive, high volume road reserve) and the differing Responsible Authorities. Existing built form heights are typically in the order of one to two storeys, with the notable exception being the remnant built form within the former Alphington Paper Mill precinct (directly west of the subject site) that presents to Heidelberg Road with heights in the approximate order of 3-4 commercial storeys. Conversely, the hinterland south of the subject site is distinctly residential in character and comprised of typically single and double storey detached dwellings that will be protected in perpetuity by way of the hinterland's NRZ zoning.

The pertinent policy framework within the Yarra Planning Scheme in-principle supports higher density development on sites such as this (within an Activity Centre and proximate to services and transport), whilst simultaneously requiring development to have regard to existing and preferred neighbourhood character as well as off-site and public realm amenity (Clauses 15.01, 16.01, 21.05 and 22.10). More specifically, built form policy guidance stems for Activity Centres such as the Alphington NAC primarily from Clause 21.05-2, which specifies a maximum building height for of five to six storeys that can be exceeded provided a development achieves specific benefits (such as

DAVID LOCK ASSOCIATES - 700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD, ALPHINGTON

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significant upper level setbacks, architectural design excellence and a positive contribution to the public realm).

Further compounding the preferred future character of the broader Heidelberg Road precinct is the 2015 approval of the Amcor Paper Mill Development Plan (DPO11), which applies to all land immediately west of the subject site across Parkview Road. Although the Development Plan (DP) does not technically apply to the subject site itself, it does articulate a future built form expectation for future built form that ranges in height from six storeys (street wall) to fourteen storeys (where closest to Grange Road). It is also understood that Council is in receipt of the first planning permit application under the approved DP for an eight storey scheme at 680 Heidelberg Road (Stage 1b, immediately west of the subject site).

The final determining factor that will influence the built form future character of Heidelberg Road are the intermittent 'pockets' of GRZ and NRZ zoned land in both relevant Planning Schemes, with commensurate 3 storey and 2 storey mandatory height controls respectively. Pockets of INZ3 opposite the subject site are also relevant factors. Figure 1 below captures this and articulates the likely future built form character of the subject site's broader area (Heidelberg Road between Grange Road and Darebin Creek) based on the spectrum of abovementioned drivers and policy considerations.

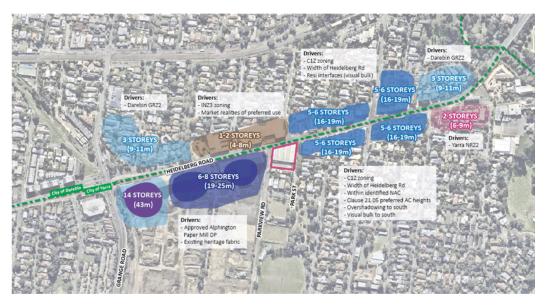


Figure 1 – Likely future built form character of Heidelberg Road (between Grange Road and Darebin Creek) based on existing planning controls in the Yarra and Darebin Planning Schemes

Therefore, in lieu of specific built form guidance for the Alphington NAC and subject site within the Yarra Planning Scheme (such as within a Structure/Local Area Plan or DDO), future development of the subject site should strike the balance between the preferred *future* built form character of more intensive development within Heidelberg Road, and the embedded mandate for a response

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to *existing* built form character within both Park Avenue and Parkview Road. The site's physical context - combined with the provisions of the site's dual zoning and future built form character guidance under existing planning policy –provide the most pertinent built form guidance on how best to achieve this.

Height and Massing

As viewed from the public realm, the proposal has been fundamentally designed as an extruded Ground Floor program with effectively 0m street setbacks (~300mm), with all built form above arranged in an outward 'U' shape and which are set back approximately 2m from each street interface. The use of cantilevered balconies at Levels 1-3 provides the impression of a four storey streetwall as viewed from Heidelberg Road (approx. 16.5m high, or the equivalent of a five storey residential building), with the retained 'inset' of balconies for the upper remaining levels relied upon to create an impression of podium/tower distinction. The overall height of the proposal is approximately 34.1m (or the equivalent of an 11 storey residential building), and the massing of the proposal relies on a 'cascading' built from response to the southern abutting residences.

With respect to the proposed 'street wall', the use of expressed balcony cantilevers at the lower levels is an effective approach to emphasising a podium/tower typology, which in principle is an appropriate design response having regard to site context and the future character aspirations of the western abutting DP. However, Clause 22.10 and the DP together envision street wall heights that respond to surrounding built form character, and the 'maximisation' of the envisioned built form height within Activity Centres under Clause 21.05 (five to six storeys, which is the equivalent height of the proposed street walls) for the proposed street wall alone is challenging within this context – particularly within side street contexts such as Park Avenue and Parkview Road which are distinctly residential in character.

A more useful indicator regarding appropriate street wall heights to side street interfaces stems from the approved DP, which envisions three storey street wall heights to Parkview Avenue. This is further reinforced by our understanding that the first of the planning permit applications for Stage 1b of the Alphington Paper Mill respects the implied three storey street wall height to Parkview Road. Given this – combined with the likely future built form character of Heidelberg Road east of the subject site, and the presence of NRZ2 zoned properties immediately south of the subject site - we recommend reducing the height of the proposed street wall to a clear maximum of three storeys (11m) for all C1Z-zoned street interfaces of the site that retains the currently proposed street wall height transition to the southern abutting NRZ properties.

Amended Plan Comments: As viewed from Heidelberg Road, the design of the revised street wall is proposed to be 14.9m (approx.) in height, which constitutes a reduction of approximately 1.7m from the applicant's previous street wall iteration. The height of the street wall is generally proposed to transition southward along each side street interface through a reduction in height to 11.8m (approx.). Whilst the transition is supported in principle, the height of the proposed street wall height as viewed from Heidelberg Road continues to remain insufficient within the context of the emerging preferred future character of Heidelberg Road.



Turning now to the overall height of the proposal, Figure 1 earlier outlined the clear envisioned future built form character of Heidelberg Road and identified that the tallest built form is intended to be located closest to Grange Road (14 storeys under the DP) before reducing to a likely maximum of 5-6 storeys east of the site within the remnant commercially zoned pockets of the Alphington NAC (Clause 21.05 and the offsite amenity impacts of excessive height upon their immediate southern NRZ abuttals). Pockets of double storey built form will also characterise the Heidelberg Road future built form character east of the site by way of the NRZ zoning. Whilst there are aspects of the site that would support taller buildings (including large land area and abuttal to the Alphington Paper Mill future built form), the proposal's 34m height is the equivalent of 11 residential storeys and is far in excess of the preferred emerging future character of the subject site's portion of Heidelberg Road and the Alphington NAC - particularly given the height proposed comes at the expense of the reasonable amenity expectations of the site's southern abuttals (refer to the 'Offsite Amenity' section of this statement). The question of height also needs to be considered within the context of the compositional architectural outcomes of a taller tower form atop a reduced street wall height (as recommended earlier). We therefore recommend reducing the height of the proposal to a maximum of eight storeys (25m), with the uppermost storey set back so as to read as no more than a recessive 'cap' in longer range views toward the proposal. Doing so will reduce overshadowing to the southern abutting properties, respect the envisioned emergent built form scale within the Alphington Paper Mill, and achieve a '3+4+1' compositional outcome that better responds to the reduced height of the proposed street wall.

Amended Plan Comments: The applicant's revised proposal also indicate an overall reduction in height to 27.3m (approx.), which has been achieved primarily through the removal of an upper residential level and the 'crunching' of the FTC heights of the Ground Floor. The composition of the revised proposal has also been amended, with the resultant built form outcome being one that effectively 'reads' as 4-storey podium with a 4-storey recessed upper form. In our view, the revised height is still too high – particularly when considered in conjunction with the revised '4+4' composition of the proposal. We therefore continue to recommend a maximum building height of approximately 25m, and strongly encourage the adoption of a clearly legible and elegant '3+4+1' built form composition.

At the rear of the proposal, an alternating cascading setback profile is proposed that consists of basecase B17 compliance (where closest to the southern abutting residential properties) before 'splitting' into two separate 'wings': the westernmost of which incorporates incremental built form steps at every storey (along Parkview Road) and the easternmost of which adopts 'two level increments' (along Park Avenue, noting that incremental balcony cantilevering interrupts the continuity of the double storey steps within the eastern wing at Levels 4 and 6). From a compositional perspective, there is a certain aesthetic to the juxtaposition between each of the alternate approaches to the rear setbacks of each 'wing', and it is recommended that each be retained (along with B17 compliance) within the recommended street wall and overall height recommendations made earlier.



Design Detail

There is a clear contemporary architectural concept underpinning the proposal, which is broadly responsive to the pattern of emerging development within Heidelberg Road as evidenced by the recent planning permit application for 680 Heidelberg Road. The spectrum of proposed materials (coloured glazing, precast concrete and metal accents) is broadly appropriate, and is employed in a manner that further reinforces the podium/tower distinction and achieve a visually interesting architectural outcome.

Of note is the incorporation of pockets of deeper soil greenery within the overall architectural expression of the proposal, including within the cantilevered balconies of the proposed 'street wall'. In principle, this will provide a further level of visual interest to the proposal and will 'soften' the ultimate built form outcome, particularly when coupled with the landscape intent for the NRZ-zoned communal rooftop component. Council should satisfy itself that any proposed species within these landscape balcony elements is sufficiently hardy within the context of Heidelberg Road.

PUBLIC REALM AND OFFSITE AMENITY

Public Realm Amenity

Clauses 15 and 21.05 together seek to ensure a broad range of public realm urban design outcomes in environments such as the Alphington NAC. In response, the proposal fully activates the Heidelberg Road public realm by way of Ground Floor commercial uses (retail space and a café) with full height glazing, which is an appropriate response to the site's predominant commercial zoning and location within an identified NAC. However, the architect should be invited to clarify the point of entry to the proposed café use within drawing number A0100.

The proposal also seeks to provide a communal pedestrian entry lobby to each side interface, which combine with the commercial use 'returns' to activate approximately one third of each side street. The balance of each side street Ground Floor interface has been poorly resolved, however, and consists of a mix of car parking, servicing and sheer walls. Far more needs to be done with respect to Ground Floor public realm activation to both Park Avenue and Parkview road and the applicant should be invited to consider this further. Potential solution include core relocation (particularly within the western 'wing' where the uppermost floor plan shows room to move), a 'sinking' of the substation to Parkview Road within the basement, and glazing of storage cages (or swapping these with the internal bicycle storage element, and giving this an activated street frontage).

The proposal also fails to provide meaningful weather protection to Heidelberg Road commensurate with reasonable expectations for a commercially zoned NAC. This should be provided for the entirety of the Heidelberg Road frontage, and return along each side street to provide weather protection for each residential lobby.



Amended Plan Comments: The applicant's revised proposal seeks to address the spectrum of identified Ground Floor public realm amenity concerns through built form recession (in response to weather protection comments) and a range of minor design mechanisms, such as inclusion of a 'gallery space' to Park Avenue, lobby amendments through core relocation (both side street interfaces) and an extrusion of commercial street interface widths (both side street interfaces).

Beginning with the applicant's response to weather protection, insetting at Ground Floor results in a built form condition that counter-intuitively reduces the length and extent of public realm activation to all street frontages, and which results in a far weaker degree of public realm definition compared to that provided previously. We recommend reverting to the previously-proposed 0m setback at Ground Floor, and including a cantilevered weather.

With respect to the applicant's revised lobby arrangements, we appreciate the intent behind the proposed amendments (as well as the difficulties associated with core relocation) but continue to believe that far more can be done with respect to side street activation. The majority of each side street interface continues to remain inactivated under the revised arrangement (defined as <50% of the width of each), when the narrative could easily be one in which the majority of each interface is active through previously-recommended design amendments.

Finally, in no way do we support the proposed 'gallery' space design mechanism as a substitute for meaningful active design and the previously-recommended design changes.

Above the Ground Floor, the proposal seeks to provide a number of 'shoptop' dwellings generally oriented outward to the street network where they will be capable of passively surveying and activating the public realm to the benefit of public realm amenity. This is consistent with Clause 15 and 22.10 and therefore supported.

The shadow diagrams provided indicate that public realm equinox overshadowing of Parkview Road and Park Avenue will occur within the Equinox morning and afternoon respectively. The aforementioned reduction in building height will further improve the public realm overshadowing outcome of the proposal.

Finally, all proposed vehicle access and egress is proposed to be taken from each side street, which are inherently logical locations that will avoid disruption of the Heidelberg Road public realm and reduce the likelihood of pedestrian/vehicle conflict.

Offsite Amenity

The proposal is located in direct abuttal to two NRZ2-zoned properties to the south at 4 Park Avenue and 4 Parkview Road, which are both detached low-set dwellings primarily oriented eastward and westward respectively. Whilst 4 Parkview Road appears to have a small south-facing primary POS courtyard that is enveloped by the dwelling's own built form, 4 Park Avenue has a rear POS component within the north west of the property that is open to the sky. Both dwellings



also have a number of sensitive north-facing windows. There are therefore considerations with respect to overshadowing, visual bulk and overlooking.

Beginning with overshadowing, the shadow diagrams submitted by the applicant are misleading in that they do not appear to pick up on the nuances of the south-facing POS component of 4 Parkview Road, nor acknowledge that the rear POS of 4 Park Avenue consists of a 'less sensitive' southern half (by way of the existing patio) and a 'more sensitive' northern half. The applicant should be invited to rectify this in order to make an informed assessment (Section 3.8 of the architectural plans). What is evident, however, is that the proposal in its current form will result in an excessive degree of Equinox overshadowing of each throughout the day that is far in excess of the provisions of Standard B21 of Clause 55, particularly within the context of the NRZ zoning and the reasonable expectations for commensurate overshadowing of 4 Park Ave by way of the subject site's NRZ zoned abuttal. The subject site is also a deep site more than capable of containing it's own shadow impacts, and accordingly it is recommended that strict compliance with the provisions of Standard B22 to both 4 Park Avenue and 4 Parkview Road be achieved. We suspect that the aforementioned height reduction recommendations will assist in this, as it will also assist in reducing the extent of overshadowing to 3 and 5 Park Avenue (eastern side of Park Avenue) from 2.00pm onwards at the Equinox.

Amended Plan Comments: The overshadowing outcome associated with the applicant's revised envelope (and the degree of overshadowing analysis provided in support of this) is compelling and supported with respect to the subject site's southern residential abuttals.

With respect to visual bulk, the applicant's section diagrams (AO950 and AO951) generally demonstrate that the proposal achieves a high level of compliance with the provisions of B17 from the site's southern boundary, which will only be further achieved through the aforementioned height reduction recommendations. What is more challenging, however, is the extent of boundary wall proposed to the southern residential abuttal (a 3.6m high wall that runs the entirety of the site's southern interface). Consideration needs to be given to reducing the continuity of this, particularly given reasonable boundary wall expectations for the portion of the site's southern common boundary that is zoned NRZ/NRZ. No other visual bulk considerations appear to apply.

Amended Plan Comments: The amended proposal has reduced the visual bulk presenting to the southern boundary through a series of stepped planters, which terrace and which are proposed to contain garden beds and landscaping. Whilst the revised arrangement sufficiently reduces the dominance of the proposed southern boundary wall from our perspective, Council should satisfy itself of the proposed access and maintenance program.

Finally, with respect to overlooking, the proposed floorplans indicate a number of south-facing balconies within the western 'wing' to Parkview Road at Level 2 to Level 4 that are within 9m horizontal of 4 Parkview Road. Further information should be provided regarding the intended preclusion of downward views from these aspects. Similarly, the proposed communal terrace at the 'mezzanine' level will also require further explanation as to how downward views are intended to be precluded to the southern residential abuttals.



Amended Plan Comments: The amended plans have addressed overlooking to the south inprincipal through a series of planter boxes along the terrace edges within 9m of the southern property boundary. Whilst this will sufficiently preclude downward views to the southern abutting residential properties in principal, we were unable to locate a section diagram similar to Section 1 on A1102 for balconies within 9m horizontal and recommend requesting the applicant prepare this (if they have not already) to provide clarity and closure on this issue.

OTHER

Internal Amenity

Whilst not an urban design issue per se, it is clear that the proposed 'mezzanine top' communal open space will experience very little solar access by virtue of it's location at the south of the proposed tower form. Whilst this could be interpreted as 'secondary' within the context of the proposed rooftop communal open space (and whilst cognisant of the limitations placed upon this portion of the site by the NRZ mandatory height control), Council should satisfy itself of the proposed amenity of this space and the viability of any proposed landscaping.

Similarly, a number of dwellings are proposed that internally face inwards into the 'U' and which are also screened by way privacy screening. These dwellings will already have limited access to sunlight, and the addition of further screening as a result of the proposed yield will further reduce daylight access too. Any balcony that is screened to a height of 1.7m and which is also 'capped' by the balcony of the level above should be 'offset' from the level below to allow primary amenity to be derived from above rather than out.

In the same vein, a number of dwellings within the upper levels are proposed to be primarily oriented southward where the opportunity for alternative eastern or western orientations is readily available. Consideration should be given to amending the orientation of these dwellings accordingly.

Equitable Development

By virtue of the site's large amalgamated landholding and the zoning of the site's southern abuttals, the site is not in abuttal to any significant future development sites that would warrant a form of equitable development response above that which is generally proposed currently.

SUMMARY

There are many attributes of the subject site that position it as a candidate for higher density mixed use infill development, including its predominant zoning, location within the Alphington NAC and proximity to transport and services. Within this context, it is the site's physical context, relevant provisions of the Yarra Planning Scheme (Clauses 15, 21.05 and 22.10) as well as the implied future character of the site's broader area (including Alphington DP and certain provisions of the Darebin Planning Scheme) that provide the most useful built form guidance.



In response, the proposal as a typology is generally acceptable. However, it is too tall in terms of street wall height and overall height and fails to appropriately respond to the reasonable amenity expectations of its southern NRZ-zoned abuttals. The proposal also fails to respond appropriately from a public realm amenity perspective.

Whilst the applicant's revised proposal has responded well to previous commentary regarding offsite amenity, far more needs to be done with respect to built form and character. Importantly, in our opinion the composition of the proposal reads as far less 'elegant' and refined as viewed from Heidelberg Road compared to that which was submitted previously.

In our view, the applicant's revised concept sufficiently responds to the following previous urban design recommendations:

- Reduce the extent of offsite overshadowing to 4 Park Avenue and 4 Parkview Road to full compliance with the provisions of Standard B21 of Clause 55. Invite the applicant to update their offsite shadow analysis with additional information on the nuances and details of the existing condition of each southern abutting dwelling;
- Explore alternative approaches to the proposed sheer 3.6m high boundary wall that is proposed to run the full length of the site's southern boundary;
- Include design mechanisms that preclude downward views of all south facing balconies within 9m horizontal of 4 Parkview Road. Invite the applicant to confirm the intent regarding overlooking preclusion from the 'mezzanine top' communal open space; and
- Any balcony that is required to be screened to a height of 1.7m and which is also 'capped' by the balcony of the level above should be offset so that primary amenity is derived from above, rather than out.

However, the following recommendations remain outstanding:

- Reduce the height of the proposed 'street wall' to no more than three storeys (11m) to all C1Z-zoned street interfaces. Retain the proposed street wall height transition where closest to the southern abutting NRZ properties;
- Reduce the height of the proposal to no more than eight storeys (25m). The eighth storey should be further recessed so as to read as no more than a recessive 'cap' in longer views toward the proposal and to reinforce a '3+4+1' built form composition;
- Significantly enhance the extent of Ground Floor activation of both Park Avenue and Parkview Road;
- Provide a weather canopy for the full length of the proposal's Heidelberg Road frontage, which 'returns' along each side street to also provide weather protection to each

DAVID LOCK ASSOCIATES - 700-718 HEIDELBERG ROAD, ALPHINGTON

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proposed communal pedestrian lobby. The height of the canopy should be no more than 3.6m above the footpath NGL, and should extend no less than 750mm from the kerbline.

Please do not hesitate to contact Brodie Blades or Danielle Cull on (03) 9682 8568 or at <u>brodieb@dlaaust.com</u> should you wish to discuss any aspect of this information further.

DAVID LOCK ASSOCIATES

Agenda Page 161 Attachment 14 - MEL Consultants Referral Comments

 22 CLEELAND ROAD SOUTH OAKLEIGH VIC 3167 AUSTRALIA

(ACN 004 230 013)

Ref: D136/17

27 September 2017

City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond VIC 3121

Attn: Amy Hodgen Coordinator - Statutory Planning

Dear Amy,

700 – 718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Review of Vipac Wind Impact Assessment Vipac Document Number: 30N-17-0026-TNT-615079-1

The review of the Vipac Wind Effects Statement is based on our experience of wind flow around buildings and structures. This experience has been developed from a company experience of more than 40 years of desktop, wind tunnel, and full scale studies of environmental wind conditions in urban and sub-urban areas. No wind tunnel studies have been undertaken to support the review. Our comments are as follows:

- The Vipac Wind Effects Statement has been prepared based on the experience of the consultancy and no wind tunnel testing by Vipac has been carried out to support the report. We have no issue with this approach for a desktop study as this is a common approach to provide architects, developers, and responsible authorities' advice on the wind effects of the design.
- We have no issue with the Analysis Approach, Site Exposure, and Regional Wind Climate that have been used as the basis for the assessment. Vipac has clearly identified the process for the desktop assessment and this is consistent

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with the approach that MEL Consultants would take to prepare a desktop wind impact assessment. A clear description of the proposed development has been provided along with reference drawings list in the Appendix of the report. The desktop assessment has also identified the adjacent developments as the heights of the existing buildings.

- We have no issue with the assessment criteria that Vipac have used for the desktop assessment. The recommended criteria for the immediate surroundings streetscapes would be walking comfort and the standing criteria for the entrances to the building.
- We note that on the ground floor plan (drawings A0100-Rev A) the entrance to the proposed northeast corner café has not been indicated. If an external entrance to the café is proposed, then depending on its location, wind conditions would be expected to be between the standing comfort and walking comfort criterion as indicated in Figure 7 from the desktop assessment. Additionally if there is a potential for outdoor seating (not shown on the drawings), then wind conditions for outdoor seating area would need to be reassessed.
- We agree that the gradual setback from Levels 1-6 and balconies from Levels 1-4 would reduce some downwash by northerly winds. However due to the exposure of the majority of the broad north face and its angled orientation to the northerly winds, which would skew the stagnation point on the north face towards the east side of the facade, additional wind flow would be expected to accelerate towards the northwest corner of the development. As a result we would expect wind conditions near the northwest corner of the development to be above the walking comfort criterion and wind conditions near the Parkview Road entrance to the lobby to be above the standing comfort criterion. We would suggest that wind conditions in these areas be quantified by a wind tunnel study and, if necessary, mitigation strategies developed to achieve the recommended criteria.

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- We note that the wind impact across the road from the development have not been assessed. Based on the height and exposure of the proposed development at 700 – 718 Heidelberg Road, we would expect the wind conditions across the roads from the development would be higher than the current conditions but still meet the walking comfort criterion for all wind directions.
- We agree that the rooftop level with 1.6 m high glazed balustrades would achieve the criterion for walking comfort wind conditions on the outdoor communal terrace and localised porous screens around seating area would mitigate wind conditions to achieve the standing/seating criteria. However, being on the rooftop, the proposed pergola over the shaded blue region in Figure 8 of the desktop assessment would not be expected to mitigate wind flow rolling off over the top of the balustrades for wind directions that approach the balustrades at an angle. Therefore, we would expect that additional wind-break screens around that area would be required for wind conditions to achieve the sitting comfort criteria.
- We agree with Vipac's general commentary on the utilisation of balconies; the need to educate residents on the usage of these spaces, the tethering of objects, and would add that any objects that are not tethered should not be left unattended or permanently on the terraces.

In conclusion, the Vipac Wind Impact Assessment has been prepared based on the consultant's experience of wind flow around buildings and structures. We have no issues with the Analysis Approach, Site Exposure, Regional Wind Climate, and description of the development used in the preparation of the assessment. This is consistent with the approach MEL Consultants would take to prepare a similar desktop environmental wind assessment. We agree with many aspects of the Vipac Wind Impact Statement for the assessment of the wind conditions. However, we have commented on the possibility of wind conditions being above the walking comfort criterion near the northwest corner and above the standing comfort criterion near the Parkview Road entrance to the lobby, due to the exposure and orientation of the

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building. Therefore, we would recommend a wind tunnel study be conducted to quantify wind conditions at these locations and, if necessary, mitigation strategies developed to achieve the recommended criteria. We have commented on an expected increase in wind conditions across the roads from the development which we would expect to still meet the walking comfort criterion. We have also commented on the wind conditions on the rooftop, especially under the pergola and seating areas where we would expect that additional wind-break screens would be required to mitigate wind conditions in areas where standing/sitting comfort criteria are desired.

Prepared by:

VIA.

Y. Padayatchy MEL Consultants Pty Ltd

Checked and Released by:

M. Eackly

M. Eaddy MEL Consultants Pty Ltd



21 July 2017

640.10090.04840 700-718 Heidelberg Rd Alphington 20170720.docx

City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond VIC 3121

Attention: Amy Hodgen

Dear Amy

700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Planning Assessment Acoustical Review PLN 17/0040

SLR Consulting Pty Ltd (SLR) has been retained by the City of Yarra to provide a review of the acoustic assessment report for the mixed use development proposed for 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington.

Details of the report are as follows:

- Title: 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington
- Reference: 20170378.1/2803A/RO/SG
- Date: 7 April 2017
- Prepared by: Acoustic Logic

The proposal is for a nine storey mixed use development with ground floor retail and cafe, eight levels of apartments and underground carparking. The project is proposed to have a range of residential amenities including communal terraces, a gym, pool and function room. A planning permit has not been issued for the project and the acoustic report has been prepared to address Item 35 of the City of Yarra Request for Further Information on the project. Item 35 is reproduced below:

An acoustic report assessing noise sources both internally and externally to the site (including traffic noise and any service equipment etc) and any recommendations for addressing impacts.

1 Preliminary (agreed / no comment)

(Section 2 of the acoustic report)

The proposed development and the surrounding area are described in this section of the report. The main noise impacts to the subject development are identified as being road traffic on Heidelberg Road and mechanical plant on the roof of the commercial tenancy at 720-724 Heidelberg Road.

ABN 29 001 584 612

City of Yarra 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington Planning Assessment Acoustical Review PLN 17/0040 21 July 2017 640.10090.04840 700-718 Heidelberg Rd Alphington 20170720.docx Page 2

2 Road Traffic Noise

2.1 Design Targets

(Section 6.1 of the acoustic report)

Road traffic noise is proposed to be assessed to AS/NZS 2107:2016 recommended internal noise levels for developments near major roads. The recommended ranges are provided in Table 5 of the report.

SLR Comment: Acoustic Logic do not nominate which part of the AS/NZS2107 ranges they propose to meet and under what conditions. The specific design targets should be nominated in the report to avoid ambiguity. We recommend the following:

- Average traffic noise levels not to exceed 40 dBA Leq,16h in all habitable rooms and 35 dBA Leq,8h in bedrooms. These targets are in line with the recently released Better Apartments Design Standards and are within the AS/NZS 2107 ranges, and
- Loudest hour of road traffic noise is not to exceed 45 dBA Leq,1h in habitable rooms from 7 am to 10 pm, and 40 dBA Leq,1h in bedrooms from 10 pm to 7 am the following morning. The basis for the loudest hour targets is AS/NZS2107:2016, with the day and night periods defined in accordance with Victorian EPA legislation and guidelines rather than in accordance with the Better Apartment Design Standards.

2.2 Traffic Noise Measurements

(Section 5 of the acoustic report)

Traffic noise impacts to the subject site have been quantified through attended and unattended noise measurements. The unattended measurements were undertaken on the northern boundary of the adjacent site for 6 day period (photo and graphical logging data provided). The microphone was 3 m above ground. Logging was undertaken from 2 to 8 March 2017. Attended measurements were undertaken during morning peak hour on Wednesday 8 February, in the same area, with the microphone 1.5 m above ground in front of a building.

The noise logging data is summarised in Table 2 of the report. The day and night average levels, and the typical repeatable loudest hour levels are presented. The results of attended measurement are reported in Table 4.

SLR Comment: The traffic noise measurements were undertaken at appropriate times and in suitable locations. The results are clearly reported and the data looks reasonable.

2.3 Façade Upgrade Treatments for Road Traffic

(Section 7 of the report and marked up drawings included in Appendix 1)

Substantial glazing upgrades are proposed for north facing apartments to control road traffic noise ingress. Some advice is provided for roof / ceiling and external wall construction.

SLR Comment: The glazing upgrades proposed appear appropriate for controlling the high levels of road traffic noise measured at this site.

We recommend that the report include a recommended minimum Rw rating for lightweight external walls exposed to high levels of road traffic.

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3 Commercial Noise Impacts (existing sources)

3.1 Design Targets

(Section 6.4 of the report)

Noise from existing commercial uses is proposed to be assessed to SEPP N-1 externally and, if an exceedance of SEPP N-1 limits is identified, façade upgrade treatments are proposed to ensure that the SEPP N-1 internal noise targets are met. The internal targets are provided in Table 9 of the acoustic report and are equal to 40 dBA Leq, day, 34 dBA Leq, evening, and 29 dBA Leq, night.

SLR Comment: We agree that internal noise targets for existing commercial noise are appropriate, however our recommendation would be that the targets adopted are equal to the lower of the following:

- The effective SEPP N-1 internal noise limit, taking into consideration any relevant corrections for noise character (corrections for character are required under SEPP N-1), and
- Not more than 35 dBA Leq in habitable rooms during the day period or 30 dBA Leq in bedrooms at night.

In addition to the above, consideration of noise from the plant to balconies should be provided.

We recommend adopting this more conservative approach to indoor targets to minimise the likelihood of complaint. Strictly speaking, SEPP N-1 indoor limits do not apply to noise from the mechanical plant, and if the equipment is found to be annoying by future occupants of the development, there is potential for an external SEPP N-1 noise assessment to be conducted. A finding of non-compliance with the SEPP N-1 external limits could result in the owner of the plant being required to control the noise. The likelihood of this outcome would be minimised if the equipment does not cause annoyance.

Our recommended targets are approximately 5 dB lower than Acoustic Logic are proposing for the day period. For the day and evening periods, the targets provided in the acoustic report are lower.

3.2 Noise Measurements and Assessment

(Section 7.4 of the report)

Noise from roof mounted mechanical plant at 720-724 Heidelberg Road has been identified as audible and potentially non-compliant at the subject development. However, measurements of noise from this equipment have not been undertaken. Acoustic Logic propose to conduct the measurement during the detailed design phase in order to quantify noise impacts. Façade upgrade advice to achieve the nominated internal targets is proposed to be provided at that time.

SLR Comment: Our preference would be for the commercial noise to be assessed and for the façade upgrade works (if required) to be developed during the planning stage of the project. This ensures that any difficult problems are identified in a timely fashion. However, the approach proposed by Acoustic Logic is reasonable provided that there is some means for ensuring that the work is undertaken before the façade design is finalised. This could take the form of submission of a revised acoustic report addressing the planning permit conditions, or a post construction acoustic report demonstrating that SEPP N-1 internal limits have been met.

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4 Project Mechanical Plant

4.1 Criteria

(Section 6.2 and 6.3 of the report)

Centralised mechanical plant associated with the project is proposed to be assessed to SEPP N-1 and fixed domestic plant (e.g. balcony mounted condenser units) to the EPA Noise Control Guidelines. SEPP N-1 noise limits are provided in Table 7 of the report. The limits take into consideration measured background noise levels and the calculated SEPP N-1 zoning levels.

Background noise levels for the purpose of determining SEPP N-1 noise limits were conducted on an adjacent site, at the same distance from Heidelberg Road as the potentially most impacted existing dwellings in Riverview Grove, south of the subject development.

SLR Comment: The identified zoning levels are appropriate for dwellings to the south of the subject site.

The background noise monitoring undertaken to determine SEPP N-1 noise limits was conducted in an appropriate location. Some commentary should be included regarding the source of the background noise, as there is potential for contribution from earth works and truck movements at the Amcor site to the west of the logger location. However, Acoustic Logic appear to have used some of the lowest of the measured background noise levels to determine noise limits. This is a conservative approach as the SEPP allows for averaging of the day, evening and night levels. Additionally it would seem unlikely that there was much noise from the Amcor site during the evening and night periods.

The identified SEPP N-1 noise limits are classified as 'neutral', and are consequently not directly affected by the measured background noise levels.

4.2 Assessment

(Section 8 of the report)

Assessment of noise from mechanical plant is proposed to be undertaken during the detailed design for the development, once equipment selections have been made.

SLR Comment: This is a reasonable approach for most items of mechanical plant. We recommend that more detail is provided during the planning stage for potentially high risk items only (e.g. car stackers proposed to be installed close to existing dwellings).

5 Noise from the Development

5.1 Gymnasium

A gymnasium is proposed for the ground floor of the development. The gym will be separated from apartments on the same level by a common wall, and will have apartments directly above.

(Section 9.1 of the report)

Guidelines for minimising noise and vibration impacts from the gym are provided in the report. These include both administrative controls (restricted operating hours, provision of headphones for music and the like), and building construction works. The building upgrades comprise installation of an approved floor system and upgraded walls and ceiling (Rw+Ctr not less than 55 dB).

SLR Comment: The advice for controlling noise from the gym is sufficient for the planning phase of the project.

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5.2 Function Room

A ground floor function room is proposed for the southern side of the development. The function space opens onto a communal terrace, which abuts the residential boundary to the south. The space is separated from a ground floor apartment by a common wall and has apartments above. A number of apartments also overlook the communal terrace.

(Section 9.2 of the report)

Guidelines for minimising noise and vibration impacts from the function room are provided in the report. These include both administrative controls (restricted operating hours, restricted access to the terrace during functions and installation of a music noise monitor), and building construction works. The building upgrades comprise installation of an approved floor system and upgraded walls and ceiling (Rw+Ctr not less than 55 dB). Carpet or a hard floor system on an acoustic underlay is also proposed.

SLR Comment:

The advice provided is adequate for a small, limited operation function room. This space is too close to apartments to be able to be used for large, late or particularly noisy gatherings.

Upgrading the glazing of the function room north wall and door may improve the flexibility of this space, particularly given the close proximity of apartments.

5.3 Rooftop Swimming Pool

An open air swimming pool is proposed for Level 9 of the development.

(Section 9.3 of the acoustic report)

The pool is proposed to be isolated from the building structure with the design of isolation proposed to be undertaken during detailed design phase of the project. Access to the pool is proposed to be restricted from 7 am to 10 pm. The architectural drawings show a 1.6 m high glass balustrade around the rooftop communal area.

SLR Comment:

The issue of noise and vibration from the pool to apartments is adequately addressed through the proposed measures.

The 1.6 m high solid balustrade shown on the architectural drawings should be adequate to control voice noise from the pool and associated communal area to existing dwellings (which are approximately 50 m away).

5.4 Café and Retail

A ground floor retail outlet (325 m²) and large café (316 m²) is proposed for the northern side of the development.

(Section 10 of the report)

This section of the report lists the regulatory requirements to be met by noise from the retail and café premises, and includes administrative guidelines for minimising noise impacts.

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SLR Comment:

The information provided is generally appropriate for this stage of the development. In addition to the issues addressed in the report we would also recommend that the fitout of the spaces address the issue of structureborne sound transfer from hard floors to the apartments above. This can be a problem where trolleys or heavy furniture are moved over hard floors.

5.5 Carpark Entry Gates

The carpark entrance gates are proposed to be installed approximately 15 m from an existing dwelling at 3 Park Street.

(Section 11 of the acoustic report)

A target of 65 dBA L_{max} has been nominated for noise from the carpark entrance gate. Advice is provided in the report for controlling structureborne sound from the gate to the apartments above. The report also includes the statement that doors are to be 'quiet in operation'.

SLR Comment:

Noise from the carpark entrance gate is also required to comply with SEPP N-1. The SEPP N-1 assessment takes into consideration the frequency and duration of use, and the characteristics of the noise produced (decibel penalties apply if the noise includes a tonal or impulsive component). For large developments such as this one, where the carpark entrance gate may be in frequent use, the SEPP N-1 noise limits can drive the design.

The gate should also comply with sleep disturbance and amenity targets in apartments within the development. Targets we have proposed for developments within the City of Yarra in the past are:

- 35 dB LAmax inside bedrooms of apartments within the development (corresponding to a AAAC '4 star' level)
- 40 dB LAmax inside living rooms of apartments within the development (corresponding to a AAAC '4 star' level)

Sufficient information should ideally be included in the report to provide the builder / developer with guidance for selecting appropriate equipment. This may include a recommended maximum noise level at 1 m for any item of plant and equipment, such that SEPP N-1 and Lmax targets are likely to be met at noise sensitive locations.

6 Ground Floor Communal Outdoor Area

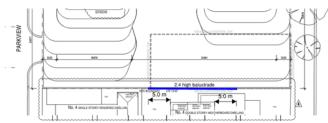
Noise from the ground floor communal terrace is not explicitly addressed in the report. The terrace is shown as having a 1.2 m high glass balustrade around it. The terrace will be overlooked by the upper level windows of the dwelling at 4 Park Avenue. The only access to the terrace appears to be via the function room, which is proposed to be closed from 10 pm to 7 am. This will address the issue of sleep disturbance. However, there is nevertheless potential for activity on the terrace to result in unacceptably high levels of voice noise at the dwelling at other times, particularly if the area is used for functions.

It may be appropriate to increase the height of the balustrade from 1.2 m to 2.4 m in the vicinity of the second level of the dwelling, with the elevated section extending at least 5 m either side of the second level (see marked up drawing below for concept).

Additionally, voice noise from the terrace should meet the targets applied to commercial outdoor patron areas (i.e. SEPP N-1 limits or the MDA background noise based targets). If these targets cannot be met by functions, further restrictions on the use should be applied.



Possible location of elevated balustrade to control voice noise to 4 Park Avenue



7 SLR Summary

Figure 1

The acoustic report for 700-718 Heidelberg Road, Alphington has been prepared to address potential noise impacts to and from the project. The areas we recommend addressing in further detail are listed below.

Road Traffic Noise

- 1. The specific road noise targets adopted for the project should be nominated in the report to avoid ambiguity.
- 2. Recommended minimum Rw ratings should be provided for lightweight walls exposed to noise from Heidelberg Road.

Existing Commercial Noise

- 3. Noise from exisiting roof mounted mechanical plant at 720-724 Heidelberg Road has been identified as a potential impact to some parts of the site, however the noise has not been assessed. We recommend that either an assessment is undertaken during the planning phase, and included in the acoustic report, or that a post construction report is provided to demonstrate compliance with the internal noise targets.
- 4. The SEPP N-1 internal targets identified in the report are generally appropriate, however we recommend that the façade should also be designed to ensure that the lower daytime target of 35 dBA will also be met. Consideration of noise to balconies should also be provided in the report.

Café / Retail

 In addition to the issues raised in the acoustic report we recommended that fitout of the café and retail outlet address the issue of structureborne sound transfer from these spaces to the apartments above.

Carpark Entrance Gates

- Noise from the carpark entrace gate should be required to meet SEPP N-1 noise limits and indoor amenity targets of 40 dBA Lmax in apartment living rooms and 35 dBA Lmax in apartment bedrooms (windows closed), as well as the sleep disturbance targets nominated in the report for existing dwellings.
- Indicative advice should be included in the acoustic report to assist the developer / builder in selection of this equipment. The advice can comprise a recommended sound level (e.g. Lmax and Leq) at a reference distance, such that SEPP N-1 and sleep disturbance targets are likely to be met.

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Ground Floor Communal Outdoor Area

- 8. Consideration should be given to control noise from the ground floor outdoor communal area to the nearby dwellings. Increasing the height of the balustrade to 2.4 m in the vicinity of the second level of the dwelling at 4 Park Avenue would assist.
- 9. Additionally, voice noise from the terrace should meet the targets applied to commercial outdoor patron areas (i.e. SEPP N-1 limits or the MDA background noise based targets). If these targets cannot be met by functions, further restrictions on use of the terrace should be applied.

Regards,

Dianne Williams Associate - Acoustics

Checked by: JA

Attachment 16 - City Works Referral Comments

Hodgen, Amy

From:	Agostino, Joe
Sent:	Wednesday, 17 January 2018 5:54 PM
To:	Hodgen, Amy
Cc:	Orr, Patrick
Subject:	RE: PLN17/0040 - 700-718 Heidelberg Rd, Alphington - Internal referral of
	Application

Hi Amy

The Waste Management Plan prepared by RB Waste Consulting Group dated 12th Jan 2018 for 700-718 Heidelberg Rd, Alphington is satisfactory from the Cityworks Branch's perspective. This WMP supersedes all previous WMP's.

Kind Regards

Joseph Agostino Project Officer City Works Yarra Operations Depot, Clifton Hill

City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond 3121 T(03) 9205 5540 F(03) 8417 6666 E Joe.Agostino@yarracity.vic.gov.au W www.yarracity.vic.gov.au

6 Please consider the environment before you print this email!

Hodgen, Amy	
From:	McNicol, Hayley
Sent:	Tuesday, 16 January 2018 4:25 PM
To:	Hodgen, Amy
Subject:	RE: PLN17/0040 - 700-718 Heidelberg Rd, Alphington - Request for comments on
	Streetscape works

Hi Amy

Nice to catch up yesterday.

Following our discussion about this development, I have added below responses to the two questions you had:

• Is the ground floor setback acceptable?

I understand the proposal has been amended to increase the setback at ground floor level, along Heidelberg Road as well as the Park Avenue and Parkview Road frontages. As this is an island site, it provides a good opportunity to improve to the public realm by setting the ground floor back and increasing the footpath space over a reasonable distance. We support the ground floor setback, particularly on Heidelberg Road which is a busy road with fast moving traffic – the setback will provide greater space for pedestrians away from the carriageway. The setbacks along the side streets will also allow for additional pedestrian space too which is welcomed. A few things to consider:

- How does the setback and extent of covered footpath align with what is proposed on the Amcor site? It
 would be beneficial to synchronise these as much as possible to create a consistent pedestrian environment
 along Heidelberg Road. I don't know much about the current status of Amcor, but remember Richa having
 some previous discussions about setting the buildings back along the Heidelberg frontage, so is worth
 checking.
- The bicycles are located in the setback, which interrupts the covered pedestrian environment at all times, and also means that bicycles parked there would be half covered and half not. We recommend that the bicycle parking located within the setback is relocated on the public footpath, to allow more space for pedestrians in the covered area. Our Strategic Transport team can recommend the exact location/orientation of the cycle parking if that would be helpful.
- We recommend that the 'Supply air fan room' on Parkview Road is also set back to align with the prevailing setback, so that it opens up this space and reduces any hiding spots.

Is the window gallery on the Park Avenue frontage acceptable?

A section of the Park Avenue frontage is occupied by a 'window gallery', which sits in front of the ground floor car park. It is our first preference that an active use is provided along this stretch, but I accept the points you have raised around the zoning of the land that would make it difficult to put in any commercial unit along here. If a residential unit is not possible here, we consider that the window gallery could help to screen the car park and add visual interest along this frontage. However further detail is required to understand what this window gallery would look like and how it would be managed, and we recommend that Arts and Culture are involved in any discussions on this. A few thoughts:

1

Not sure if having the recess gallery with the glass is the right approach as it might require lots of
maintenance. It is worth getting advice from Arts and Culture on what options would work best here, and
the value of having temporary/changeable artworks vs. more permanent ones.

It may be worth opening the window gallery (or artwork/treatment) slightly around on the northern end
where the car park entry is, and extending the treatment on the northern edge. This would help to improve
the appearance of this corner at the car park entry and make the artwork more visible from Heidelberg
Road.

There is an opportunity for improved lighting along here, to ensure that the frontage does not appear dead
and dark. This should consider any amenity requirements/impacts on the adjoining residential properties.

I hope this helps – please let me know if you need anything further.

Thanks

Hayley

1.2 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - PLN17/0301 - Use of the land as a Place of Assembly (Function Centre) and a reduction in the car parking requirement

Executive Summary

Purpose

1. This report provides the Internal Development Approvals Committee with an assessment of Planning Application PLN17/0301 at 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy. The report recommends approval of the application subject to a number of conditions.

Key Planning Considerations

- 2. Key planning considerations include:
 - (a) Land Use (Clause 17.01, Clause 21.04, Clause 32.09)
 - (b) Amenity impacts (Clause 13.04-1, Clause 22.01, Clause 22.05)
 - (c) Car Parking (clause 52.06).

Key Issues

- 3. The key issues for Council in considering the proposal relate to:
 - (a) Land Use;
 - (b) Off-site amenity;
 - (c) Car parking and traffic; and
 - (d) Objector concerns.

Objector Concerns

- 4. A total of thirty (30) objections were received to the application, these can be summarised as:
 - (a) Off-site amenity impacts (noise from deliveries, people and music, hours of operation);
 - (b) Car parking reduction and traffic issues; and,
 - (c) Inconsistency in application material (i.e. longer hours of operation).

Conclusion

5. Based on the following report, the proposal is considered to comply with the relevant planning policy and should therefore be supported.

CONTACT OFFICER:	Lara Fiscalini
TITLE:	Senior Statutory Planner
TEL:	9205 5372

1.2 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - PLN17/0301 - Use of the land as a Place of Assembly (Function Centre) and a reduction in the car parking requirement

Trim Record Number: D17/199484 Responsible Officer: Principal Statutory Planner

Proposal:	Use of the land as a Place of Assembly (Function Centre) and a reduction in the car parking requirement
Existing use:	Residential
Applicant:	Converted Church
Zoning / Overlays:	Neighbourhood Residential Zone (Schedule 1) Heritage Overlay
Date of Application:	19 April 2017
Application Number:	PLN17/0301

Planning History

- 1. Planning Permit PL02/0138 was issued on 23 August 2002 for *part demolition, alterations and additions in association with a residence within the existing building (three levels).*
- 2. Planning Permit PLN14/0869 was issued on 17 October 2014 for *development of the land for part demolition and works.*

Background

3. The function centre use has been operating retrospectively, with a letter from Council's Planning Enforcement Department (dated 20 March 2017) included with the application and instructing the applicant to cease using the land in this manner. Two complaints were received during this time regarding the non-compliant use of the land.

Existing Conditions

Subject Site

- 4. The subject site is located on the south-eastern intersection of Gore Street and Greeves Street, approximately 60m to the west of Smith Street, Fitzroy. The principal frontage addresses Gore Street for a length of 12.6m and extends along Greeves Street for 21.48m. A laneway extends along the rear, eastern boundary. The overall site area is approximately 270sqm.
- 5. A former church, converted for residential use, occupies the site. The façade is set back 1.1m from Gore Street, with a 1m high metal fence and bluestone plinth extending along this boundary. A central arched, pedestrian entrance sits within the façade, with two vertical arched windows to either side. A gabled parapet sits above.
- 6. The building is constructed along the Greeves Street boundary and set back 0.9m from the southern boundary, with a pedestrian pathway located within this setback. Built form also directly abuts the rear boundary, with a garage door providing vehicle access from the rear laneway to a basement level garage.
- 7. The basement contains two separate storage rooms and a WC, along with a garage providing space for three cars and four bicycles. The proposed function space is located at ground level, with an elevated courtyard at the rear. A mezzanine level sits above; this level contains bedrooms associated with the residential use, and an area of storage.

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Gore Street facade



Greeves Street frontage

Surrounding Land

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- 8. The only site with direct abuttal to the subject site is to the south. A double-storey Victorian terrace is located on this land, with a blank wall extending along the shared boundary for a length of 9.4m. Secluded private open space (SPOS) is on the eastern side of the site, with a garage door providing vehicle access to this space via the rear laneway.
- 9. To the east is the laneway, which provides access to sites addressing Gore Street to the west and Hargreaves Street to the east. The laneway extends from Greeves Street in the north to St David Street in the south. On the opposite side of the laneway is a double-storey Victorian dwelling, addressing Greeves Street, with the side wall constructed directly along the eastern side of the laneway. Three windows address the subject site, in the dwelling's western wall. It is not clear whether these are associated with habitable rooms.
- 10. To the north, on the opposite side of Greeves Street, is a single-storey dwelling. This dwelling has a substantial front setback from Gore Street and extends along the Greeves Street boundary.
- 11. To the west, on the opposite side of Gore Street, is a double-storey building, known as Russian House. This building is occupied by the Russian Community Centre and the Russian Ethnic Representative Council (RERC) of Victoria. The building is used to host talks, discussions, films, folk dancing and social gatherings. The website for Russian House indicates that up to 80 patrons can be accommodated on the premises, with hours of operation varied throughout the week and weekends, including evenings. The building has been operating in this manner for a number of years, and has established existing use rights allowing this.
- 12. The site is located within proximity to the following public transport options;
 - (a) Smith Street tram routes 60m to the east;
 - (b) Johnston Street bus routes 160m to the north;
 - (c) Brunswick Street tram routes 400m to the west.

The Proposal

- 13. The key elements of the proposal can be summarised as follows:
 - (a) A proposed function centre, to operate with the following hours:
 - (i) Friday & Saturday 9am to 9pm;
 - (ii) Sunday 9am to 8pm.
 - (b) A maximum of 40 patrons is proposed; the patrons will only be accommodated at ground level. The proposed floor plan indicates that patrons can access the stairway to the mezzanine level, however this area does not form part of the proposed function centre space. If a planning permit is to issue, access to this stairway should be removed from the ground floor plan;
 - (c) Three car parking spaces and four bicycle spaces are provided within the basement (whilst three bicycle spaces are shown on the plans, the applicant intends to provide four. If a planning permit is to issue, amended plans can be required via a condition to show four spaces);
 - (d) Music within the premises would be limited to background levels at all times, via a single (small speaker) sound system.

Planning Scheme Provisions

<u>Zoning</u>

Neighbourhood Residential Zone (Schedule 1)

14. Pursuant to Clause 32.09-2 of the Scheme, a planning permit is required to use the site as a Place of Assembly, with a Function Centre nested under this use at Clause 75.09 of the Scheme.

<u>Overlays</u>

Heritage Overlay

15. As no buildings and works are proposed, there is no permit requirement under this overlay.

Particular Provisions

Clause 52.06 – Car parking

- 16. Pursuant to Clause 52.06-2, before a new use commences, the required car parking spaces must be provided on the land. The following table identifies the car parking requirement under Clause 52.06-5, the provision on site, and the subsequent reduction requested.
- 17. It is highlighted that the planning report submitted with the application specified that 5 on-site car parking spaces would be provided; however the plans demonstrate only 3 car parking spaces within the basement. The Applicant has confirmed that only 3 spaces will be accommodated.

Proposed Use	Quantity/ Size	Statutory Parking Rate	No. of Spaces Required	No. of Spaces Allocated
Place of Assembly	40 patrons	0.3 to each patron permitted	12	3

18. The development would have a parking shortfall of 9 spaces. Pursuant to Clause 52.06-3, a permit is required to reduce the number of car spaces required under Clause 52.06-5.

Clause 52.34 – Bicycle Facilities

19. Pursuant to Clause 52.34-1, a new use must not commence until the required bicycle facilities and associated signage has been provided on the land. The following table identifies the car parking requirement under Clause 52.34-3, the provision on site, and the subsequent reduction requested.

Proposed Use	Size	Statutory Rate - Employee	Statutory Rate - Visitor	No. of Spaces Required	No. of Spaces Allocated
Place of Assembly	Approx. 266sqm	1 to each 1500sqm of net floor area	2 plus 1 to each 1500sqm of net floor area	4	4

20. The statutory rate is met.

General Provisions

Clause 65 – Decision Guidelines

21. The decision guidelines outlined at clause 65 of the Scheme are relevant to all applications. Before deciding on an application, the Responsible Authority must consider a number of matters. Amongst other things, the Responsible Authority must consider the relevant State Planning Policy Frameworks, Local Planning Policy Frameworks and any local policy, as well as the purpose of the zone, overlay or any other provision.

State Planning Policy Framework (SPPF)

Clause 11 – Settlement

22. Planning is to anticipate and respond to the needs of existing and future communities through provision of zoned and serviced land for housing, employment, recreation and open space, commercial and community facilities and infrastructure.

Clause 13.04-1 – Noise abatement

23. The objective of this clause is 'to assist the control of noise effects on sensitive land uses'.

Clause 17.01-1 – Business

24. The objective is 'to encourage development which meets the communities' needs for retail, entertainment, office and other commercial services and provides net community benefit in relation to accessibility, efficient infrastructure use and the aggregation and sustainability of commercial facilities'.

Clause 18.01-1 – Land use and transport planning

25. The objective is 'to create a safe and sustainable transport system by integrating land-use and transport'.

Clause 18.02-1 – Sustainable personal transport

26. The objective is 'to promote the use of sustainable personal transport'.

Clause 18.02-2 – Cycling

27. The objective is 'to integrate planning for cycling with land use and development planning and encourage as alternative modes of travel'.

Clause 18.02-5 – Car parking

28. The policy is relevant to the proposal because the application seeks a reduction in the standard car parking requirement of the Scheme. The objective is to ensure an adequate supply of car parking that is appropriately designed and located.

Local Planning Policy Framework (LPPF)

Municipal Strategic Statement Clause 21.04-3 – Industry, office and commercial

29. Within Yarra the volume of commercial and associated uses is so significant that they form clusters of interrelated activity. The commercial and industrial sectors underpin a sustainable economy and provide employment. Yarra plans to retain and foster a diverse and viable economic base. The objective of this clause is 'to increase the number and diversity of local employment opportunities'.

Clause 21.08-7 – Fitzroy

- 30. The following descriptions of the Fitzroy Neighbourhood are taken from the Scheme;
 - (a) Fitzroy is a mixed commercial and residential neighbourhood notable for the consistency of its Victorian streetscapes. It comprises a dense combination of residential areas, shopping precincts and commercial/ industrial activities.
- 31. Figure 18 Built Form Character Map under clause 21.08 of the Scheme identifies the subject site as being located in a heritage overlay which includes the objective to:
 - (a) Ensure that development does not adversely affect the significance of the heritage place.

Relevant Local Policies

Clause 22.01 – Discretionary Uses in the Residential 1 Zone

32. The objective of this clause is to ensure that residential amenity is not adversely affected by non-residential uses.

Clause 22.05 – Interface Uses Policy

- 33. Pursuant to Clause 22.05 of the Scheme, this policy applies to applications for use or development within a Residential 1 Zone where the subject site is within 30 metres of a Business or Industrial Zone. In this instance, the Commercial 1 Zone is located 29m to the east of the site.
- 34. A relevant objective is 'To ensure that residential uses located within or near commercial centres or near industrial uses enjoy a reasonable level of amenity'.

Advertising

- 35. The application was advertised pursuant to Section 52 of the *Planning and Environment Act* 1987 (the Act), by way of 50 letters sent to adjoining and neighbouring owners and occupiers and two signs displayed on site.
- 36. A total of thirty (30) objections were received to the application, these can be summarised as:
 - (a) Off-site amenity impacts (noise from deliveries, people and music, hours of operation);
 - (b) Car parking reduction and traffic issues; and,
 - (c) Inconsistency in application material (i.e. longer hours of operation).
- 37. A Planning Consultation Meeting was conducted on 14 November 2017, with Council Officers, the Applicant and Objectors in attendance. There were no changes made to the proposal as a result of this meeting.

Referrals

External Referrals

38. The application was not required to be referred to any external referral authorities.

Internal Referrals

- 39. The application was referred to the following areas, with their full comments attached to this report:
 - (a) Engineering Services Unit;
 - (b) Civic Compliance;
 - (c) Acoustic (SLR Consultants);

OFFICER ASSESSMENT

- 40. The primary considerations for this application are:
 - (a) Land Use;
 - (b) Off-site amenity;
 - (c) Car parking and Traffic; and
 - (d) Objector concerns.

Land Use

- 41. The subject site is located within the Neighbourhood Residential Zone, with the relevant purpose of this zone to allow educational, recreational, religious, community and a limited range of other non-residential uses to serve local community needs in appropriate locations.
- 42. In assessing whether the location is appropriate for the proposed function centre, relevant decision guidelines outlined at Clause 32.09-12 of the Scheme note that the following elements of the non-residential use must be considered;
 - (a) Whether the use or development is compatible with residential use.
 - (b) Whether the use generally serves local community needs.
 - (c) The scale and intensity of the use and development.
 - (d) The provision of car and bicycle parking and associated accessways.
 - (e) Any proposed loading and refuse collection facilities.
 - (f) The safety, efficiency and amenity effects of traffic to be generated by the proposal.
- 43. Further, Clause 22.01 (Discretionary Uses in the Residential 1 Zone) provides the following policy to be met by such non-residential uses;
 - (a) Existing buildings constructed for non-residential purposes are the preferred location for non-residential uses.
 - (b) Food and drink premises, places of assembly, places of worship and plant nurseries should have access to and adjoin a road in a Road Zone.
 - (c) Except on land adjoining and gaining direct access from a road in a Road Zone:
 (i) all required car parking should be on-site.
 - (ii) the scale of the proposed use should be compatible with providing service to the local residential community.
 - (d) Hours of operation should be limited to 8am to 8pm except for convenience shop.
 - (e) New buildings and works should be consistent with the scale, bulk and character of the area.
 - (f) Noise emissions should be compatible with a residential environment.
- 44. The proposed function centre is to be located within a former church building (constructed in 1859), with the site also used in the past as a furniture factory. This indicates that the original uses of the land were non-residential. A letter of objection indicates that the commercial use of the land was converted to residential in 2002, and has been operating as such for the past 15 years. It is highlighted that whilst the applicant seeks to use the building as a function centre on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays, the primary use of the land would remain residential for the majority of the week.
- 45. A Patron Capacity Report was submitted, which confirmed that the facilities are adequate to cater for a total of 40 people, as is proposed.
- 46. The hours of operation and the scale of use is considered to be appropriately limited with reference to the residential zone. The maximum number of patrons is restricted, and the hours do not extend into the more sensitive night-time period (after 10pm). Whilst the 9pm close exceeds the recommended 8pm closing time in Residential Zones as outlined in Clause 22.01 of the Scheme, this is considered acceptable given it is limited to one hour, on Friday and Saturday nights.
- 47. The nearby Commercial 1 Zone and the proximity of the Smith Street Activity Centre are also relevant in light of the acceptability of the non-residential use proposed. It is widely accepted that dwellings within close proximity to commercially zoned land may experience higher than typical noise and activity impacts than those located centrally within a residential hinterland. In this instance, the site is less than 30m from the Commercial 1 Zone. The context of the site is therefore a relevant consideration.
- 48. The site has direct abuttal with one residential dwelling, with two street frontages and one laneway providing a degree of separation between the other surrounding residential sites.

It is highlighted that Russian House, to the west of the site, operates in a larger capacity and more often than the proposed function centre, with the long-term nature of this use appearing highly compatible with the residential environment. Council records indicate that no complaints have been lodged against the use of this venue in the past.

- 49. Whilst the site does not provide direct access to a Road Zone, on-site parking is available within a basement level, with access provided from the rear laneway. This car parking will be used by function employees only. This will allow catering staff to become familiar with the site access, thereby minimising traffic disruption to the adjacent residential properties also utilising this laneway. The context of the land with regards to car parking and vehicle access will be discussed in detail later within this report.
- 50. It is noted that the site has three road abuttals, with Greeves Street to the north, Gore Street to the west and the laneway to the east. With vehicle access restricted to the laneway, off-site amenity impacts to the remaining street interfaces will be limited. The two street frontages will also ensure that the impact of additional traffic generated by the use (in the form of taxis/uber etc.) will be shared, with Gore Street not being the only accessible pick-up/drop-off point to the site. In addition, the set times under which functions operate will ensure that any traffic impacts will be short-term, with minimal disruption once the function is underway. This outcome is acceptable.
- 51. The site's proximity to an activity centre provides good access to services, infrastructure and public transport. This provides for a sustainable outcome with regards to land-use and transport integration. This is consistent with clause 21.06 (Transport) at the local level, which aims to reduce car dependency by promoting walking, cycling and public transport use as viable and preferable alternatives.
- 52. Noise emissions, along with other potential off-site amenity impacts, will be discussed below; however it is considered that based on the restricted scale and hours of the use and its proximity to an activity centre; the proposed location for a function centre of this capacity is appropriate.

Off-site amenity impacts

- 53. Clause 22.05-1 identifies that commercial activities must be well managed with regard to their proximity to residential uses. The policy includes various considerations for non-residential uses located near residential properties, with decision guidelines relating to overlooking, overshadowing, noise, fumes and air emissions, light spillage, waste management and other operational disturbances that may cause unreasonable detriment to the amenity of nearby residential sites.
- 54. The most direct interface with the site is the dwelling immediately to the south (No. 276 Gore Street), with a number of windows associated with a dwelling also located on the eastern side of the rear laneway (at No. 126 Greeves Street). In order to ascertain potential noise impacts generated by the use, an acoustic assessment was undertaken by TTM Consultants. This assessment provided the following recommendations to ensure that noise levels were at appropriate levels at all times. It is noted that the noise assessment was based on the windows within the premises and the doors to the rear courtyard being open.
 - (a) A noise limiter should be installed to ensure amplified background music is below the acceptable limits at all times. The device to be used is to be restricted to a phone/multimedia dock;
 - (b) The use of the rear courtyard should be limited to a maximum of 2 patrons during functions. Should more people use the courtyard, an acoustic barrier should be constructed.

- 55. The acoustic assessment was reviewed by SLR Consulting, who acknowledged that potential music noise levels would be reasonable, based on the use of a noise limiter. A number of conditions relating to the use of the noise limiter were recommended, with follow-up testing required to demonstrate that the identified SEPP N-2 limits would be met. It was also recommended that music not be played until 10am on Saturdays and 12midday on Sundays, unless further background noise monitoring is conducted to identify limits at these times, and the noise limiter is set to ensure that they are not exceeded. Any changes to the speaker position or the sound system should be reviewed by a suitably qualified acoustic engineer. All of these recommendations can be incorporated into an amended acoustic report and permit conditions, should a permit be issued.
- 56. Concerns were raised with the level of patron noise associated with the use, with SLR determining it likely that patron noise levels would be higher than the level of music if the windows and doors were open, and that there is the potential for patron noise to cause nuisance to No. 126 Greeves Street (to the east), particularly from the rear courtyard. A number of windows associated with this dwelling address the rear section of the site, which may allow views into the rear courtyard and doors. In their assessment, SLR recommended that if there is a line of sight from No. 126 Greeves Street to the venue, then the doors should be kept closed when the functions are taking place.
- 57. The Applicant has indicated that they could keep the doors and windows closed during functions and were also agreeable to allowing no access to the rear courtyard during functions in order to alleviate noise concerns from this space. This outcome is considered reasonable and can be facilitated via conditions of the permit, if one is to issue. Whilst the restricted use of the rear courtyard will require smokers to use the Gore Street or Greeves Street footpaths, this issue was not highlighted as a concern by SLR, who noted that there is no external seating on either footpath and the red line plan associated with any liquor licence is unlikely to include these areas. These factors tend to limit impacts of noise from people on the pavement.
- 58. Council's *Footpath Trading Policy* (June 2013) provides guidance as to whether external seating is an appropriate addition to a business. In this instance, the following relevant matters would be considered if the Applicant was to apply for a Public Space Licence Agreement;
 - (a) having regard to local conditions, whether the footpath trading proposal has the potential to compromise pedestrian or traffic safety, public amenity or impact negatively on the functionality of a footpath, roadway, car parking space, loading bay, public amenity and or asset or the like;
 - (b) the potential amenity impacts of the proposal, including the cumulative impact of footpath trading on nearby occupancies;
 - (c) the interaction between the proposed use of the footpath area including proposed structures with existing heritage elements;
 - (d) key features of the local environment.
- 59. The policy specifically discusses sites not in commercial zones, and notes 'Where the site is not in a commercial zone or in a commercial area, but rather a standalone site, the further intensity of the trading and its impact on the local amenity by reasons of car parking, noise, safety will be a further consideration. In these instances, as a general rule, outdoor trading in residential zones will be kept to a minimal supply to enable some improved vitality in the street but not impact unduly on the immediate area by reason of intensity and consequential impacts'.
- 60. Based on these considerations and the potential for unreasonable amenity impacts to the residential zone if activity is increased beyond the boundaries of the site, it is highly unlikely that a footpath trading licence would be granted by Council.

- 61. Due to the nature of the use there may be some noise generated by pedestrian activity, however this will be restricted to the hours in which the function begins and ends, and is not an ongoing issue throughout the day. The uses are not proposed to take place after 9pm on any night, so there is no issue of sleep disturbance when patrons depart the venue. In accordance with the State Environment Protection Policy Control of Music Noise from Public Premises (SEPP N-2), the night-time period for an indoor venue that operates two or three days per week begins at 11pm on Friday and Saturday, and 10pm on Sundays. The proposed use will therefore not encroach into these night-time periods.
- 62. Council's Community Amenity Unit raised no objection to the use of the land as a function centre, based on the limited hours being sought and the restricted scale of patrons. To ensure that off-site amenity impacts are appropriately managed, the recommendations provided by TTM Consulting were supported, in that a maximum of 2 patrons should be allowed in the rear courtyard at any one time, and a noise limiter should be installed. As discussed, as permit conditions will restrict any use of the rear courtyard by patrons and will require the installation and follow-up testing of a noise limiter, these recommendations are exceeded.
- 63. Based on the incorporation of these conditions in any planning permit issued, it is considered that noise emissions will be compatible with the surrounding residential environment and are acceptable.
- 64. The proposed function centre will involve the service of food, with a kitchen located within the premises, however external catering companies will be used. This will limit the extent of food preparation within the site, thereby also limiting any odours or air emissions that would unreasonably impact on the surrounding area. While this may be the case, a condition of permit would require that the proposed uses not detrimentally affect the surrounding area through:
 - (a) the transport of materials, goods or commodities to or from land;
 - (b) the appearance of any buildings, works or materials;
 - (c) the emission of noise, artificial light, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, dust, waste water, waste products, grit or oil, or
 - (d) the presence of vermin.
- 65. There is no liquor licence being sought as part of the proposal. Whilst the majority of catering companies operating on the site will have a 'renewable limited licence' which allows the service of alcohol to patrons, this liquor licence type is associated only with the catering company and cannot be assessed as part of this proposal. Renewable limited licences can have restrictions which limit the range of products that can be served, along with the number of patrons and hours in which liquor can be supplied.
- 66. The applicant has provided limited details regarding the management of deliveries and the collection of waste. A standard Council condition restricts the delivery and collection of goods to between 7am and 10pm on any day. Given the residential environment in which the venue is located, it is considered appropriate for these hours to be further restricted in line with the potential operating hours of the venue. A condition of the permit could therefore restrict deliveries to and from the site to the following;
 - (a) Friday & Saturday 9am to 9pm;
 - (b) Sunday 9am to 8pm.
- 67. In line with Council policy, the collection of any waste associated with the commercial use of the premises must be undertaken by a private contractor in order to alleviate disruption to nearby properties. A Waste Management Plan (WMP) outlining how waste will be stored, managed and collected to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority can be required via a permit condition, if a permit is to issue.
- 68. Council's standard condition regarding the management of waste stipulates that the emptying of bottles and cans into bins may only occur between 7am and 10pm on any day.

Again, given the more sensitive residential interfaces, it is reasonable to further restrict these activities to accord with the operating hours of the function centre. An additional condition, if a permit is to issue, can restrict the emptying of bottles and cans into bins between the following hours;

- (a) Friday & Saturday 9am to 9pm;
- (b) Sunday 9am to 8pm.
- 69. With regards to the remaining off-site amenity impacts such as overlooking and overshadowing, the restricted use of the rear courtyard and the lack of development associated with the application will ensure that these will not occur. The proposed function centre would be located within an existing building, with no internal or external modifications proposed. This ensures the maintenance of the existing heritage streetscape, which is considered appropriate.
- 70. In summary, the proposal is not expected to adversely affect the amenity of surrounding land and based on the conditions outlined above, will be consistent with relevant objectives outlined in clause 22.05 of the Scheme.

Traffic, access, and car parking

71. As noted earlier, the proposed use of the site as a Place of Assembly (Function Centre) for 40 patrons generates a statutory car parking requirement of 12 spaces, with 3 on-site car parking spaces provided. A reduction of 9 car parking spaces is to be considered. In assessing this car parking reduction, the Responsible Authority must have regard to a number of factors outlined at clause 52.06-6 of the Scheme. These relate to the associated car parking demand that the use may generate, the availability and proximity of alternative transport options, provisions for bicycle parking within the site and the likelihood of multipurpose trips within the locality which may incorporate the proposed use. These are discussed throughout the assessment below.

Car parking demand

72. With regards to the car parking demand generated by the proposed use, the comments received from Council's Traffic Engineering Unit have suggested it would be acceptable to utilise a car parking rate of 0.2 spaces per patron to reflect the inner-city context. This is based on evidence presented at a VCAT Hearing (P2915/2012), where the Tribunal accepted a rate adopted by SALT Traffic Consultants for a function centre in South Yarra with a rate of 0.2 spaces per patron. The context of this site is similar, and applying this rate to the current proposal would generate a reduced parking demand of 8 spaces. As the on-site car parking is to be used for function staff, these spaces must be accommodated off-site.

Car parking & public transport availability

- 73. The site is conveniently located close to alternative and more sustainable modes of transport, including trams along Smith Street and Brunswick Street to the east and west respectively, and buses along Johnston Street to the north. Given the closing time of 9pm on Friday and Saturday nights, these services will be operational and easy to access for all patrons at this time.
- 74. From a traffic engineering perspective, the waiver of car spaces for the function centre should not result in an adverse impact on existing parking conditions in the area. The area's coverage of restrictive short-stay parking, permit only parking zones and high parking demand would encourage patrons to utilise public transport or other methods (taxi/uber) to access the site.
- 75. It is also highlighted that based on the function centre use, people who intend to consume alcohol are less likely to drive to the premises.

- 76. The provision of basement car parking allows for catering companies to park on-site. Given this provision, it is considered reasonable for a condition to be added to the permit to ensure that parking for function employees is accommodated within the garage.
- 77. On balance it is considered that the statutory shortfall of on-site car parking is acceptable for the proposed use and site context and can be justified on the basis of the car use demand generated in the study outlined above.

Car parking layout

- 78. The basement garage is accessed via a 3.01m wide laneway along the site's eastern boundary. The width of the doorway is 5.57m. These dimensions have been assessed by Council Engineers, who determined that the doorway width is adequate to provide entry and exit for a B85 design vehicle.
- 79. Three car parking spaces are provided within the garage, with each space 2.6m x 4.9m and satisfying AS/NZS 2890.1:2004. Whilst internal movements will be required to access all spaces, this is considered acceptable and the on-site parking would be managed by the owners at the function centre. As only function staff will access these spaces, they will be familiar with the basement layout and any vehicle movements required.

Provisions for bicycle parking

80. The site has very good accessibility to the on-road bicycle facility network. The provision of 4 spaces on-site meets the statutory requirement outlined within clause 52.34 of the Scheme and will ensure that ample opportunities for bike storage will be provided. The promotion of sustainable personal transport as an alternative transport method is also consistent with clause 18.02-1 of the Scheme.

Traffic

- 81. The traffic generated by the proposed use is expected to be in the form of private vehicles associated with patrons, taxis, ubers and delivery vans. Due to the limited capacity of the venue, the use is not anticipated to result in a discernible increase in traffic conditions, with the proximity of the function centre to alternative transport modes encouraging patrons to access the site in various ways.
- 82. Any additional traffic will be restricted to the beginning and ends of each function, with the nature of the use ensuring that on-going traffic impacts will not occur throughout each day of operation. Any additional impacts will be limited in duration. Further, given the proximity to the Smith Street Activity Centre, there are already likely to be a higher number of vehicle movements than in a typical residential street.
- 83. It is therefore not considered that the proposal will generate a high rate of traffic in addition to the existing traffic conditions and will not adversely affect current conditions within the residential neighbourhood.

Objector Concerns

84. Objector concerns have been addressed within the body of this report, the following section provides a summary of the assessed outcomes discussed earlier:

Off-site amenity impacts (noise from deliveries, people and music, hours of operation);

(a) These impacts have been discussed within paragraphs 53-70 of this report, with a number of conditions recommended if a planning permit is to issue to restrict impacts associated with these activities.

Car parking reduction and traffic issues;

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(b) These issues have been discussed within paragraphs 71-83 of this report.

Inconsistency in application material (i.e. longer hours of operation).

(c) The hours of operation being sought are clearly outlined in the planning report at paragraph 13 and have been referenced throughout this assessment.

Conclusion

85. The proposal is considered to be acceptable having regard to the relevant State and Local policies under the Yarra Planning Scheme as outlined in the above assessment and should therefore be approved, subject to conditions.

RECOMMENDATION

That having considered all objections and relevant planning documents, the Committee resolves to issue a Notice of Decision to Grant a Permit PLN17/0301 for use of the land as a Place of Assembly (Function Centre) and a reduction in the car parking requirement at 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Before the use and development commences, amended plans to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the plans will be endorsed and will then form part of this permit. The plans must be drawn to scale with dimensions, and three copies must be provided. The plans must be generally in accordance with the decision plans (received by Council on 14 July 2017) but amended to show;
 - (a) The external rear courtyard and stairs to the mezzanine level removed from the 'function area use' for patrons as outlined on the ground floor plan;
 - (b) The basement car parking spaces allocated to catering staff when the venue is used for functions;
 - (c) Four separate bicycle parking spaces in the basement.
- 2. The use as shown on the endorsed plans must not be altered (unless the Yarra Planning Scheme specifies that a permit is not required) without the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority.
- 3. Except with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority, no more than 40 patrons are permitted within the function centre at any one time.
- 4. Except with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority, the function centre use authorised by this permit may only operate between the following hours;
 - (a) Friday & Saturday 9am to 9pm;
 - (b) Sunday 9am to 8pm.
- 5. All windows and doors must be closed during functions.
- 6. The rear courtyard must not be accessed (or used) by patrons.
- 7. The amenity of the area must not be detrimentally affected by the use, including through:
 - (a) the transport of materials, goods or commodities to or from land;
 - (b) the appearance of any buildings, works or materials;
 - (c) the emission of noise, artificial light, vibration, smell, fumes, smoke, vapour, steam, soot, ash, dust, waste water, waste products, grit or oil, or
 - (d) the presence of vermin.
 - to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.

- 8. The use must comply at all times with the State Environment Protection Policy Control of Noise from Commerce, Industry and Trade (SEPP N-1).
- 9. The use must comply at all times with the State Environment Protection Policy Control of Music Noise from Public Premises (SEPP N-2).
- 10. Before the use commences, an amended Acoustic Report to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the amended Acoustic Report must be generally in accordance with the Acoustic Report prepared by TTM and received by Council on 13 July 2017, but modified to include;
 - (a) The location of the noise limiter;
 - Specifications that music must not be played until 10am on Saturdays and 12midday on Sundays, unless further background noise monitoring is conducted to identify limits at these times, and the noise limiter is set to ensure that they are not exceeded;
 - (c) All windows and doors must be closed when a function is underway;
 - (d) Access to the rear courtyard is restricted when a function is underway, with no patrons to access this space.
- 11. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed Acoustic Report must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 12. Prior to the commencement of the use authorised by this permit, a Noise Limiter must be installed on the land. The Noise Limiter must;
 - (a) Be set at a level specified by a qualified acoustic engineer;
 - (b) Ensure the emission of noise from amplified music does not exceed the levels specified in the State Environment Protection Policy – Control of Music Noise from Public Premises (SEPP N-2);
 - (c) Be located within a secure location, accessible only to the duty/floor manager, with any changes to the speaker position or the sound system reviewed by a suitably qualified acoustic engineer; and,
 - (d) Be maintained and operated at all times;
 - To the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 13. The provision of music and entertainment on the land must be at a background noise level.
- 14. Speakers external to the building must not be erected or used.
- 15. Before the use commences, a Waste Management Plan (WMP) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. The WMP must specify that the collection of waste from the site associated with the function centre use must be by private collection, unless with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority.
- 16. The provisions, recommendations and requirements of the endorsed WMP must be implemented and complied with to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 17. Except with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority, the emptying of bottles and cans into bins must only occur between 9am to 9pm Friday & Saturday and 9am to 8pm Sunday.
- Except with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority, the delivery and collection of goods to and from the land must only occur between 9am to 9pm Friday & Saturday and 9am to 8pm Sunday.

19. This permit will expire if the use is not commenced within two years from the date of this permit. The Responsible Authority may extend the period referred to if a request is made in writing before the permit expires or within 6 months afterwards for commencement.

Notes:

These premises will be required to comply with the *Food Act* 1984. The use must not commence until registration, or other approval, has been granted by Council's Health Protection Unit.

CONTACT OFFICER:	Lara Fiscalini
TITLE:	Senior Statutory Planner
TEL:	9205 5372

Attachments

- 1 PLN17/0301 278 Gore Street Fitzroy Engineering comments
- 2 PLN17/0301 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy SLR Acoustic Referral comments
- 3 PLN17/0301 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy Civic Compliance referral comments
- 4 PLN17/0301 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy Additional SLR Acoustic Comments
- 5 PLN17/0301 278 Gore Street Fitzroy Advertising S52 Plans

Agenda Page 192 Attachment 1 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Engineering comments





То:	Lara Fiscalini	
From:	Artemis Bacani	
Date:	10 August 2017	
Subject:	Application No: Description:	PLN17/0301 Place of Assembly (Function Centre) – Reduction in the Car Parking Requirement
	Site Address:	278 Gore Street, Fitzroy

I refer to the above Planning Application received on 20 July 2017 in relation to the proposed development at 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy. Council's Engineering Services unit provides the following information:

CAR PARKING PROVISION Proposed Development

Under the provision of Clause 52.06-5 of the Yarra Planning Scheme, the development's parking requirements are as follows:

Proposed Use	No.	Statutory Parking Rate	No. of Spaces	No. of Spaces Allocated
Place of Assembly (Function Centre)	40 patrons	0.3 spaces to each patron permitted	12	3

The Priority Planning report dated 18 April 2017 indicates that the site would contain five car spaces within the basement garage; however, only three car spaces are shown on the plans.

As part of the car parking assessment for this development, three car spaces will be considered.

Therefore, a waiver of nine car spaces in the car parking requirement is sought.

To reduce the number of car parking spaces required under Clause 52.06-5 (including to reduce to zero spaces), the application for the car parking reduction must be accompanied by a Car Parking Demand Assessment.

Car Parking Demand Assessment

In reducing the number of parking spaces required for the proposed development, the Car Parking Demand Assessment would assess the following:

Parking Demand Associated with the Place of Assembly.

Car parking associated with the function centre is essentially short-stay parking for patrons and long-stay parking for staff.

At a VCAT hearing (VCAT case P2915/2012), the Tribunal had accepted a rate adopted by SALT Traffic Consultants for a function centre in South Yarra with a rate of 0.2 spaces per patron. Applying this rate to the proposed development would generate a parking demand of

Attachment 1 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Engineering comments

eight spaces. Given the area's coverage of short-stay parking spaces, patrons who choose to drive to the site should be able to find an on-street parking space in the surrounding streets. In addition, some businesses in the area are unlikely to be operating after 5pm. This would free-up some of the on-street spaces in the area and allow patrons to find an on-street parking space near the site.

- Availability of Public Transport in the Locality of the Land. The site is within walking distance of tram services along Smith Street and Brunswick Street. Bus services on Johnston Street could easily be accessed by foot.
- Multi-Purpose Trips within the Area.
 Patrons to the site might combine their visit with other activities or business whilst in the area.
- Convenience to Pedestrian and Cycling Access to the Site. The site has convenient pedestrian access to shops, businesses. The site also has good connectivity to the on-road bicycle network.

Appropriateness of Providing Fewer Spaces than the Likely Parking Demand

Clause 52.06 lists a number of considerations for deciding whether the required number of spaces should be reduced. For the subject site, the following considerations are as follows:

- Availability of Car Parking. Although the level of on-street parking in the area is very high, the streets surrounding the site contain time restricted parking controls (1P, 2P, and 4P) to ensure that parking turns over frequently. Patrons to the site should be able to park on-street in the surrounding road network.
- Access to or Provision of Alternative Transport Modes.

The site has very good accessibility to public transport and the on-road bicycle facility network. Car share pods are available within walking distance of the site and provide an alternative mode of transportation. A GoGet and a Flexicar car share pod is available in Gore Street and Otter Street, approximately 80-100 metres from the site.

Adequacy of Car Parking

From a traffic engineering perspective, the waiver of car spaces for the function centre should not result in an adverse impact on existing parking conditions in the area. The area's coverage of short-stay parking and high parking demand would encourage staff and patrons to utilise public transport to the site.

Engineering Services has no objections to the reduction in the car parking requirement for this site.

DEVELOPMENT LAYOUT DESIGN

Layout Design Assessment

Item	Assessment
Access Arrangements	
Width of Right of Way	A site inspection revealed that the Right of Way along the eastern boundary of the site is approximately 3.01 metres wide.
Garage Entrance	The width of the doorway off the Right of Way is 5.576 metres. Off the 3.01 metre wide Right of Way, the doorway width is considered adequate to provide entry and exit for a B85 design vehicle.

Attachment 1 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Engineering comments

		The swept path diagrams prepared by One Mile Grid demonstrate that a B85 design vehicle can satisfactorily enter and exit the garage off the Right of Way.
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Layout Design Assessment

Item	Assessment	
Car Parking Modules		
Car Spaces	The car spaces are 2.6 metres wide by 4.9 metres depth and satisfy AS/NZS 2890.1:2004.	

Design Items to be Addressed

ltem	Details	
Management of Car Spaces	The on-site parking would be managed by the patrons/owners at the function centre. The vehicle parked in the middle would need to be driven out of the site to allow a vehicle to exit or enter the space closest to Gore Street.	

Capital Works Programme

A check of the Capital Works Programme for 2017/18 indicates that no infrastructure works have been approved or proposed within the area of the site at this time

Regards

Artemis Bacani Roads Engineer Engineering Services Unit



4 September 2017

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City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond VIC 3121

Attention: Lara Fiscalini

Dear Lara

278 Gore Street, Fitzroy Planning Assessment Acoustical Review

SLR Consulting Pty Ltd (SLR) has been retained by the City of Yarra to provide a review of the acoustic assessment report for the function centre proposed for 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy.

Details of the report are as follows:

- Title: Place of Assembly 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy, Entertainment Noise Assessment
- Reference: Revision 1
- Date: 9 July 2017
- Prepared by: TTM Consulting Pty Ltd

1 Preliminary

(Sections 1 to 3 of the acoustic report)

The development site, proposal and nearest noise sensitive uses are identified in these sections of the report.

The function centre is proposed to be developed within an existing re-purposed church that has previously been converted into a function centre and three bedroom dwelling. The venue is proposed to host private functions and to operate on the ground floor only. Background style music only is proposed to be played within the space, and all music is proposed to be played through the existing (single small speaker) sound system. There is a courtyard to the rear (east) of the venue and this space may be used by patrons. The application is for up to 40 patrons.

- The proposed hours of operation are:
 - 9 am to 9 pm Friday and Saturdays
 - 9 am to 8 pm Sundays
- Noise sensitive uses are identified on all four sides of the venue, and are shown in Figure 2 of the report and described in Section 2.3.

SLR Consulting Australia Pty Ltd Suite 2, 2 Domville Avenue Hawthom VIC 3122 Australia +61 3 9249 9400 +61 3 9249 9499 E: melbourne@strconsulting.com www.strconsulting.com ABN 29 001 594 612

Attachment 2 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - SLR Acoustic Referral comments

City of Yarra 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy Planning Assessment Acoustical Review	4 September 2017 640.10090.04910 278 Gore St Fitzroy 20170821.docx Page 2
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SLR Comment: The development and proposed use is adequately described and the nearest noise sensitive receivers have been identified. There are windows in the western façade of 126 Greeves Street (sensitive receiver No. 2) which appear to be on the first floor of that dwelling (and will potentially be exposed to noise from the rear of the venue). This information is not clearly indicated in the report, however TTM have confirmed that noise has been assessed to this location.

2 Acoustic Issues and Noise Criteria

(Section 1 and 5 of the acoustic report)

The report has been prepared to address the issue of noise from amplified music to the nearest noise sensitive receivers. Music is proposed to be assessed to SEPP N-2.

Patron noise impacts are also considered, and have been assessed to sleeping areas within nearby dwellings. The identified target is 35 to 40 dBA Leq.

SLR Comments:

TTM have identified the critical noise issues on the project. Assessment of music noise to SEPP N-2 is appropriate.

The criteria proposed for patron noise is not consistent with standard practice in the City of Yarra. Patron noise from new venues to existing dwellings is typically assessed to either:

- SEPP N-1 criteria and methodology. While SEPP N-1 does not formally apply to patron noise it provides a useful and appropriate assessment tool.
- Marshall Day Acoustics (MDA) in-house criteria for patron noise, based on measured background noise levels. The relevant targets are:
 - Background + 10 dB for the evening period (6 pm to 10 pm all nights, Saturday afternoon and all day Sunday)
 - Background + 5 dB for the night period (after 10 pm)

The background noise levels used for the purpose of setting background based noise limits should be the derived from the quietest hour of the relevant assessment period. i.e. for a venue that proposed to operate up until 9 pm Friday and Saturday, background noise levels should be measured between 8 pm and 9 pm. (This is different to the SEPP N-1 methodology for determining background noise levels).

It is not clear whether the design targets proposed by TTM are intended to be met with windows open or windows closed. If the targets are to be met with windows open, the nominated noise targets may not be very different to those we have proposed.

3 Existing Noise Environment

(Section 4.2 and 4.4.1 of the acoustic report)

Ambient noise monitoring has been undertaken to determine existing background noise levels. The logger location is shown in the report, and is at the western façade of the subject building, overlooking Gore Street. Logging was undertaken for a period of 10 days, from 16 to 26 June 2017. Data obtained during wet weather has been excluded from analysis. Copies of the A-weighted noise level against time graphs are attached to the acoustic report.

The background noise levels presented in Section 4.4.1 of the report have been used to calculate noise limits in accordance with SEPP N-1 procedures.

Octave band background noise levels were measured between 8:45 pm and 9 pm on Tuesday 20^{th} June 2017.

Attachment 2 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - SLR Acoustic Referral comments

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SLR Comments:

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The monitoring location is generally appropriate. Slightly lower levels may be measured relative to 126 Greeves Street, as the western and southern facades of this dwelling are more shielded from local traffic. However, as local traffic appears reasonably light from the logging data, there is unlikely to be a significant difference.

The derivation of the background noise level using the procedure provided in SEPP N-1 is appropriate for SEPP N-1 assessments only. For SEPP N-2, and for patron noise assessments to background based targets, we would expect the lowest measured background noise level for the appropriate assessment period to be used. However, from our review of the logging data this will not make any significant difference to the noise limits (from the logging data the critical background noise level for the purpose of determining the evening noise limit is 38-39 dBA L90, and the background noise level identified in the acoustic report for the evening period is 39 dBA L90.

The octave band background noise data has been obtained during the evening period to set night noise limits. As the venue is not proposing to operate after 9 pm in the evening (which is the earliest time that the night noise limits will set in), octave band limits will only apply on weekend mornings (Saturday mornings until 10 am and Sunday mornings until midday).

It is not ideal to use evening background data to set limits for the morning period. It is also of consideration that the overall A-weighted level of noise used to determine octave band limits is 5 dB higher than the identified evening background noise level. We would generally expect the night background noise level to be equal or lower than the evening level.

However, octave band limits are unlikely to be critical on this project (music levels would seem unlikely to be high in the mornings). This issue may only require further consideration if the City of Yarra believes weekend morning events are likely.

4 Assessment of Music

4.1 Noise Limits

(Section 5.1, 6.2 of the acoustic report)

The identified music noise limit is 44 dBA Leq, and is based on a measured background noise level of 39 dBA L90.

Octave band night time limits (presumably for the Saturday and Sunday morning periods) are provided.

SLR Comment: The identified day / evening noise limit is considered reasonable. The octave band limits may be high, however as indicated above, they would seem unlikely to be critical on this project.

4.2 Predicted Noise Levels and Assessment

(Sections 4.3, 4.4.2 and 6 of the acoustic report)

On-site testing was conducted to determine the noise reduction between the venue and the surrounding residential area. The measurement locations are indicated in the report (Figures 4 and 5 and Table 2). Further clarification has been provided by TTM to SLR, with TTM confirming that measurements at Locations 2 and 5 were conducted on the fenceline, above the existing fence.

Music was played within the venue using the in-house loudspeaker installed in the approximate location that it is proposed to be used during functions. Concurrent measurements were conducted inside and outside the venue. The measured noise levels are presented in Table 2.

Based on the measured levels TTM advise that music should not exceed 73 dBA Leq measured 1 m from the loudspeaker, while windows and doors of the venue are open. Levels up to 81 dBA @ 1 m from the speaker are permitted when doors and windows are closed.

Attachment 2 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - SLR Acoustic Referral comments

City of Yarra 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy Planning Assessment Acoustical Review 4 September 2017 640.10090.04910 278 Gore St Fitzroy 20170821.docx Page 4

Allowable octave band levels have been calculated for the night period, for the windows open and windows closed scenarios (Tables 7 and 8).

SLR Comment: The identified day and evening noise limits look reasonable. The 'windows open' level of 73 dBA @ 1 m from the loudspeaker is very clearly a 'background' music level, and is likely to be below the level of speech within the venue. This limitation on the level of music than can be played needs to be clearly understood by the venue operator.

The higher level calculated for the windows and doors closed scenario does not appear to take into consideration noise leakage via the rear doors of the venue, as people move between the outdoor patron area and the venue. If access to the courtyard is to be provided, we would advise against playing music at the higher noise levels unless compliance with SEPP N-2 can be demonstrated with the intervening door open for some of the time.

The identified allowable night noise levels are effectively higher than the evening noise limits. This is due largely to the relatively high background noise levels used for the night period. Until such time as octave band noise levels are measured during an appropriate time (e.g. Sunday morning, during calm weather conditions), we would recommend that the octave band levels used to determine noise limits are adjusted down by 5 dB, to correspond to the 'evening' background levels.

4.3 Recommendations for Noise Control

(Section 8.1 of the acoustic report)

TTM provide recommended maximum music levels for various operational scenarios (windows open and closed, day and night), and specify that a music noise limiter is to be installed in the sound system to ensure that the identified levels are not exceeded. Any changes to the speaker position or the sound system are to be reviewed by a suitably qualified acoustical consultant to ensure that SEPP N-2 noise limits are not breached.

SLR Comments: The advice provided is generally appropriate. We note that the music noise limiter selected should be able to be configured to accommodate a range of settings. Unless such a device is procured, the limiter will need to set to ensure that noise limits are not exceeded for the 'windows open' evening scenario.

5 Patron Noise Assessment

(Section 7 of the report)

TTM have conducted a theoretical assessment of noise from speech within the outdoor courtyard to the nearest dwelling to the east (126 Greeves Street), and conclude that the design targets cannot be met with more than 2 people in the outdoor area at one time. On the basis of their assessment they propose to restrict access to the outdoor area while functions are held, unless an acoustic barrier is constructed between the courtyard area and 126 Greeves Street.

SLR Comment: TTM have confirmed that the noise sensitive receiver is on the first floor of the dwelling at 126 Greeves Street.

The advice provided in the report seems appropriate, and we agree that use of the outdoor area by patrons is inappropriate unless the identified noise issues are addressed.

The apparent exposure of 126 Greeves Street to noise from the rear courtyard also raises the question of whether noise from patrons within the venue will result in non-compliant levels of noise at that dwelling, when the rear doors of the venue are open. If there is a line of sight from the residential dwelling to the rear of the venue, the rear doors should be kept closed whenever functions are taking place.

Attachment 2 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - SLR Acoustic Referral comments

City of Yarra 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy Planning Assessment Acoustical Review 4 September 2017 640.10090.04910 278 Gore St Fitzroy 20170821.docx Page 5

6 SLR Summary

A review of the acoustic report prepared for the function centre proposed for 278 Gore, Fitzroy is provided above. The findings of our review are summarised below.

Music Noise

Music from the proposal has been assessed to appropriate targets for the evening period and we are satisfied that the advice provided in the acoustic report will in theory enable targets to be met. The report allows for higher music levels while doors and windows of the venue are closed, consequently the music noise limiter installed on the project will need to be configured to manage the different sets of noise limits. If the limiter does not switch between operational scenarios it will need to be set to control music to the lower 'windows open' scenario.

The octave band noise limits identiifed in the report are, in our opinion, not correct. However as these will only apply to parts of Saturday and Sunday morning, it seems unlikely that they will be critical on this project. If the venue proposed to play music at these times further background noise monitoring should be conducted to formally establish the Saturday and Sunday morning limits.

Patron Noise

Patron noise has not been assessed to the targets usually used in the City of Yarra, however TTM have nevertheless identified that patrons in the rear courtyard will result in unacceptably high levels of noise at the western façade of 126 Greeves Street. On these grounds they advise that the rear courtyard is not to be used by patrons during functions.

The issue of patron noise from within the venue is not considered in the report, and it is likely that patron noise levels will be higher than the level of music that is proposed to be played when the doors are open. As such, there is potential for patron noise to cause nuisance when doors and windows are open, particularly to 126 Greeves Street to the east, which may overlook the rear door of the venue. Unless information is provided to demonstrate that the open door will not result in unacceptably high noise levels, we recommend that this door is kept closed during functions.

Yours sincerely,

Dianne Williams Associate - Acoustics

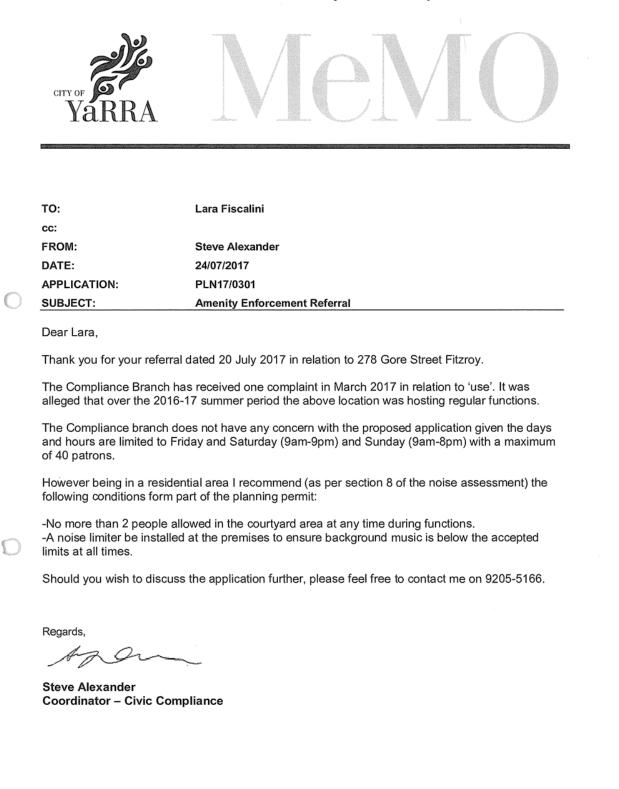
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Agenda Page 200 Attachment 2 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - SLR Acoustic Referral comments

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Agenda Page 201 Attachment 3 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - Civic Compliance referral comments



Attachment 4 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street, Fitzroy - Additional SLR Acoustic Comments

Follow-up comments from SLR - 7 September 2017

You could ask for details of the music limiter proposed for installation and how it will be set to manage noise emissions for the doors open and doors closed scenarios. It may also be useful to request follow up testing once the limiter is installed, to demonstrate that the identified SEPP N-2 limits will be met.

I would also suggest that there be a restriction on music Saturday mornings until 10 am and Sunday mornings until midday unless further background noise monitoring is conducted to identify limits at these times, and unless the noise limiter is set to ensure that they are not exceeded.

You could also ask for information about how patron noise levels from within the venue will be managed to existing dwellings, taking into consideration a 'background + 10 dB' target to be met at the façade of dwellings. This may necessitate the rear doors of the venue (onto the courtyard) being closed at all times. This is not actually specified in the current acoustic report (from my understanding).

The question arises about smoking given that access to the rear court is not proposed to be used. This is likely to take place in the street. I am not overly concerned about this because it will be outside the red line area, and no alcohol will be permitted. Also, there does not appear to be an application for external seating. These factors tend to limit impacts from noise from people on the pavement.

The uses are not proposed to take place after 9 pm on any night, so there is no issue of sleep disturbance (noise from patrons leaving can be a problem in these quiet areas at night).

Overall it does not seem a particularly risky proposal from our perspective, and the acoustic report is quite thorough and conservative (consultant just not familiar with Victorian legislation, guidelines and practices). However there is clearly some history behind the application or the residents are unlikely to be so concerned.

Follow-up comments from SLR – 23 October 2017

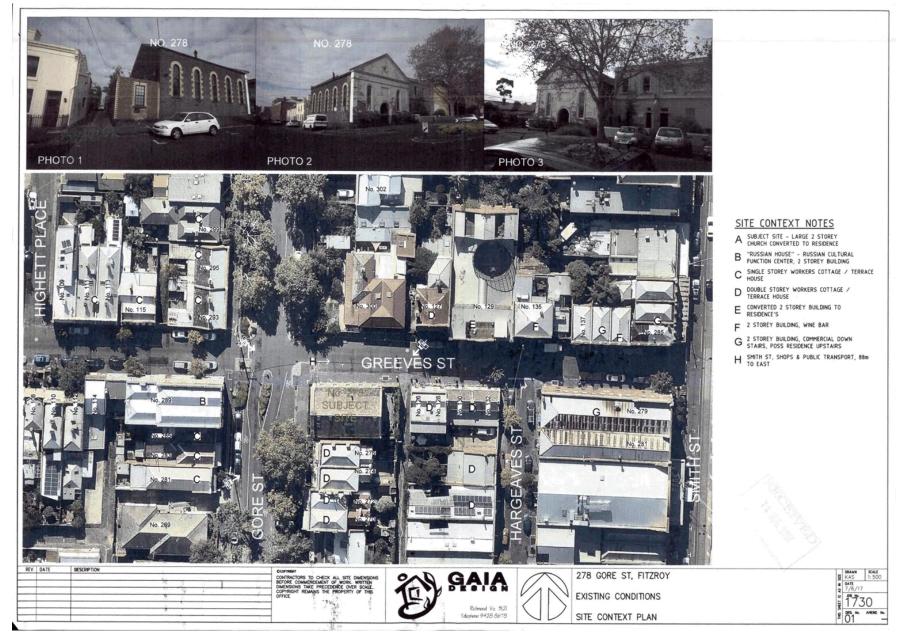
The approach to the issue of music is reasonable provided that the venue operator implements the identified controls. However, I still have some concern about patron noise from within the venue while the rear door and windows are open. From my understanding the report only assesses patron noise from the outdoor courtyard, not from within the venue.

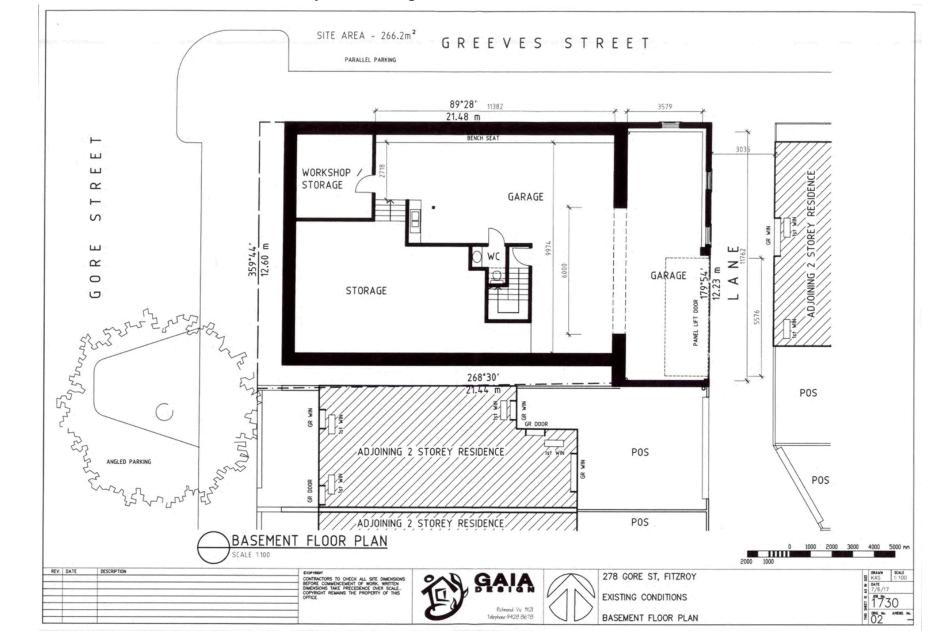
Music is assessed from within the venue, with the windows and doors open and closed, and based on the data presented for music, it appears unlikely to that patron noise from inside the venue could meet the identified noise limits with windows and doors open.

That patron noise limit for the day/evening period is equal to 49 dBA (i.e. background + 10 dB). The measured noise reduction between Indoor Location 2 (meals area) and Outdoor location 2 (eastern boundary, near dwelling) is 16 dB (this information is provided in the music assessment). Based on this information, patron noise within the venue would need to be in the order of 65 dBA (i.e. 49 + 16) in order to comply with the 49 dBA limit. 65 dBA is very quiet for patron noise. I have similar concerns about patron noise to receiver location 3 with windows open.

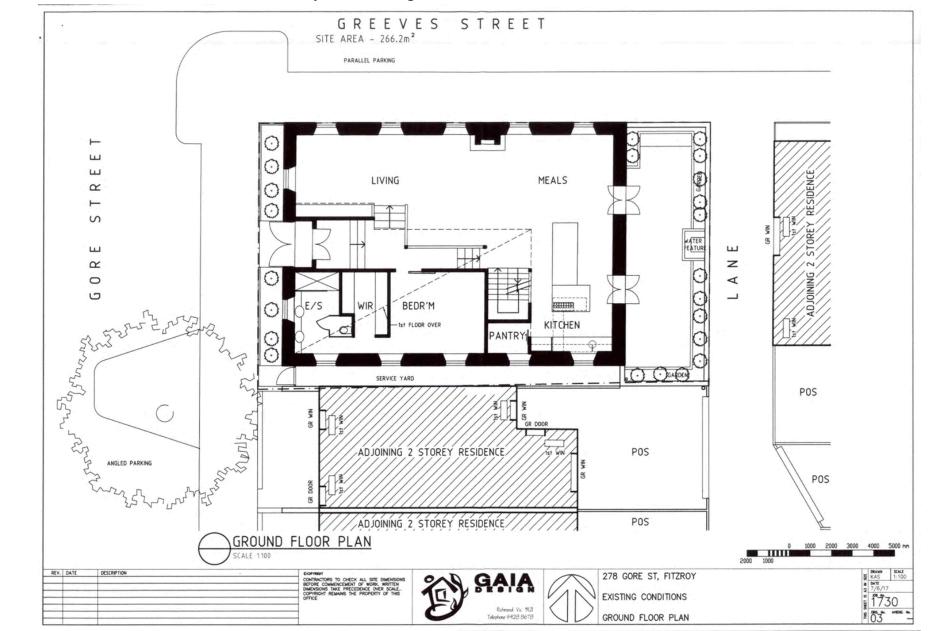
Obviously patron noise is likely to be lower for smaller groups of people, however the operating conditions need to be determined such that worst case operations meet the noise limits.

Attachment 5 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Advertising S52 - Plans

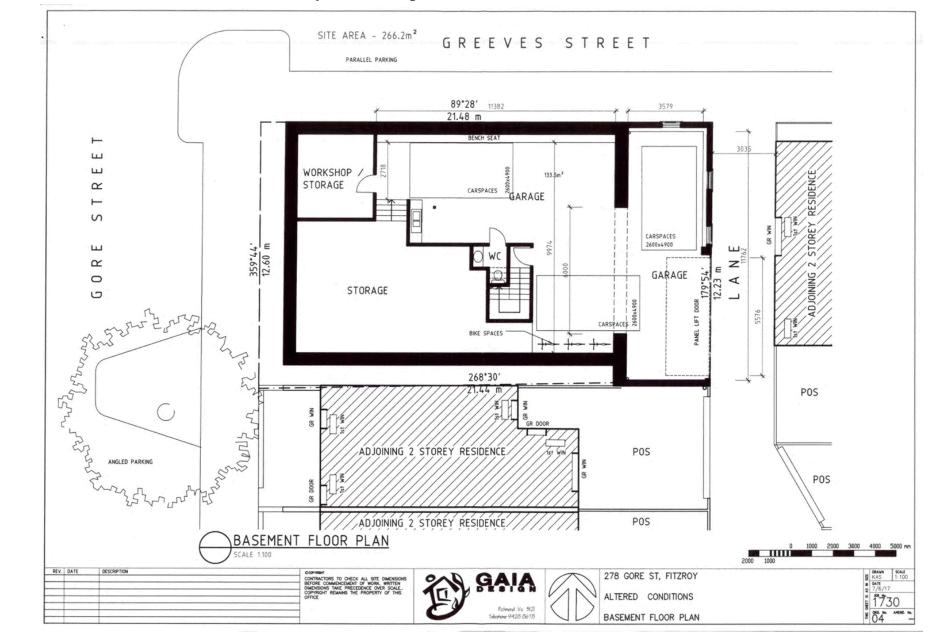




Attachment 5 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Advertising S52 - Plans

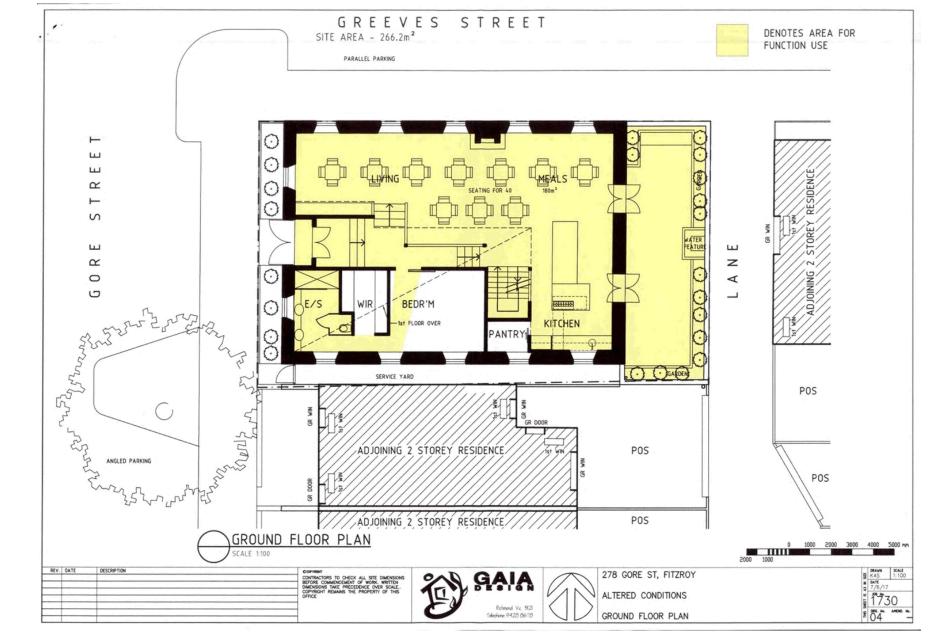


Attachment 5 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Advertising S52 - Plans



Attachment 5 - PLN17/0301 - 278 Gore Street Fitzroy - Advertising S52 - Plans





1.3 202 - 204 Johnston Street, Fitzroy VIC 3065 – Planning Permit Application No. PLN17/0228 - Development of the land for buildings and works (construction of a shelter to the rear courtyard of the existing building) and the construction and display of advertising signage (including internally illuminated signs).

Executive Summary

Purpose

1. This report provides an assessment of the above planning application, which seeks approval for development of the land for buildings and works (construction of a shelter to the rear courtyard of the existing building) and the construction and display of advertising signage (including internally illuminated signs).

Key Planning Considerations

- 2. Key planning considerations include:
 - (a) Clause 15.01-2 (Urban Design Principles)
 - (b) Clause 15.03-1 (Heritage);
 - (c) Clause 22.02 (Heritage Guidelines for sites subject to the Heritage Overlay);
 - (d) Clause 22.04 (Advertising Signs Policy); and
 - (e) Clause 52.05 (Advertising Signs).

Key Issues

- 3. The key issues for Council in considering the proposal relate to:
 - (a) Advertising Signage;
 - (b) Buildings and Works; and
 - (c) Objector concerns.

Objector Concerns

- 4. Six (6) objections were received to the application, these can be summarised as:
 - (a) Adverse visual amenity and heritage impacts of advertising signage;
 - (b) Lightspill/glare from the proposed neon sign to nearby residences; and
 - (c) Use of the proposed shelter would increase amenity impacts from the hotel (in particular, noise emissions).

Conclusion

5. Based on the following report, the proposal is considered to comply with the relevant planning policy and should therefore be supported.

CONTACT OFFICER:	Madeleine Moloney
TITLE:	Statutory Planner
TEL:	92055009

1.3 202 - 204 Johnston Street, Fitzroy VIC 3065 – Planning Permit Application No. PLN17/0228

Trim Record Number: D18/7201 Responsible Officer: Principal Statutory Planner

Proposal:	Development of the land for buildings and works (construction of a shelter to the rear courtyard of the existing building) and the construction and display of advertising signage (including internally illuminated signs)
Existing use:	Hotel/Tavern
Applicant:	Rochester Hotel
Zoning / Overlays:	Commercial 1 Zone; Road Zone (Category 1) (abuttal); Heritage Overlay (Schedule 334); Design & Development Overlay (Schedule 10); Environmental Audit Overlay
Date of Application:	23 March 2017
Application Number:	PLN17/0228

Planning History

- 1. Planning permit 1886 was issued by Council on 25 June 1992 to *refurbish and extend the hotel.*
- 2. Planning permit 2101 was issued by Council on 23 October 1992 for *painting and erection of signage on the Rochester Castle Hotel.* The signage approved by this permit has since been removed.
- 3. Planning Permit PL01/0396 was issued by Council on 2 May 2001, for *painting*.
- 4. Planning Permit PL01/0634 was issued by Council on 17 April 2002, for *buildings and works* to the rear courtyard including the demolition of and construction of a fence.
- 5. Planning Permit PL02/1039 was issued by Council on 22 May 2003, for *buildings and works involving the extension of footpath and creation of outdoor seating area to George Street and alterations to the intersection of George Street and Johnston Street.*
- 6. Planning Permit PL07/0773 was issued by Council on 18 December 2007 for *partial demolition of the existing fence and gate on the eastern boundary to allow for the construction of a new fence and door.*
- 7. Planning application PL08/1083 was submitted on 12 December 2012 and was subsequently withdrawn on 20 February 2009.
- 8. Planning permit PLN12/1108 was issued by Council on 11 January 2013 for development of the land for alterations and additions to remove the existing tiled roof to the rear of the building and construct new roofing.
- 9. Planning application PLN13/0583 (for buildings and works, including partial demolition) lapsed on the 23 October 2013 as further information was not received within the prescribed timeframe.
- 10. Planning permit PLN15/1008 was issued by Council on 15 December 2015 for development of the land for buildings and works. This permit authorised installation of external speakers and spotlights to the building.

11. Planning application PLN16/0784 (for buildings and works and signage) lapsed on 14 February 2017 as further information was not received within the prescribed timeframe. This application was largely retrospective and essentially sought permission for a similar proposal to that being considered under the current application.

Background

- 12. The application was lodged on 23 March 2017. It was lodged as a result of enforcement action by Council's Civic Compliance Unit (planning enforcement). It is noted that a number of signs (which do not have planning permission) have been recently removed from the site to ensure that only the signs proposed under this application are visible on the building.
- 13. Further information was requested from the applicant, and following satisfactory submission, the application was advertised in August 2017. Six (6) objections were received to the application. It is noted that some objections were received prior to the advertising of the application.
- 14. A consultation meeting was held on 10 October 2017. The meeting was attended by the applicant, Council officers and one objector (who submitted signed statements confirming their attendance on behalf of three other objectors).
- 15. Amended plans were submitted to Council on 15 December 2017 under Section 57A of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987* (the Act) in response to Council and objector concerns. The amended plans deleted the proposed 9.16sqm "bill poster display wall" (promotion sign) attached to the eastern boundary fence of the courtyard (along the George Street frontage).
- 16. The amended plans were not re-advertised (an exemption from advertising was approved at Council's Statutory Planning Department's internal "Development Assessment Panel" on 5 January 2018) as the changes proposed were determined to be of no material detriment.
- 17. The plans amended under Section 57A of the Act now form the decision plans and form an attachment to this report.

Existing Conditions

Subject Site

- 18. The subject site is located on the south-west corner of Johnston Street and George Street, in Fitzroy. The site is rectangular in shape, with a frontage to Johnston Street of 11.89m and a frontage to George Street of 34.29m, resulting in a total site area of approximately 408sqm.
- 19. The site is developed with a double-storey, Victorian-era hotel / tavern building, with a single storey component at the rear which is set back from George Street to provide for an outdoor courtyard/beer garden which is bounded by a high, solid fence along George Street.
- 20. The building has a splayed frontage at the corner of Johnston and George Streets, with double doorways in the splay providing entry to the premises. Windows and additional pedestrian entrance doors are located along both street frontages.
- 21. The building has a large parapet with decorative pediment along the Johnston Street and part George Street frontages. The parapet is inscribed with "Rochester Castle Hotel" and "Established 1852". The building, as it presents to Johnston Street and George Street, appears largely intact in relation to original features and still operates as a hotel/tavern over both floors.
- 22. A number of advertising signs, including internally illuminated signs, and flush-mounted promotion signs are attached to the Johnston Street and George Street facades of the building. Retrospective approval for these signs (and some others not yet displayed) is sought as part of this planning application.

23. There are no restrictive covenants listed on the certificate of title.

Surrounding Land

- 24. The site abuts Johnston Street contained within a Road Zone Category 1 and is situated between two Major Activity Centres the Smith Street Major Activity Centre (approximately 210m to the east) and the Brunswick Street Major Activity Centre (approximately 270m to the west).
- 25. The surrounding area contains a mixture of residential and commercial uses. Built form along this section of Johnston Street is highly varied in terms of built form typology and includes low scale period dwellings and shop/dwellings set on narrow lots, as well as coarse grained modern/contemporary commercial buildings often used for offices or bulky retail. Commercial premises are concentrated along and near Johnston Street (reflecting the Commercial 1 zoning) and side streets give way to residential uses.
- 26. There is a high level of advertising signage in the immediate vicinity to the subject site, generally concentrated along the Johnston Street frontage. Signage is typically for business identification purposes and includes internally illuminated signs, under-awning signs, above-verandah signs, window decals, and verandah fascia signs. Major promotional signs are also evident along Johnston Street.
- 27. Immediately to the south of the subject site (No. 341-347 George Street) is a single storey, brick former factory building which is currently used as an office. The building is fully constructed to all title boundaries, including a solid brick wall to the shared boundary with the subject site. It has an internally illuminated business identification sign projecting from the George Street façade, above the entry. This site is subject to a current planning permit application for part demolition and construction of a seven storey, mixed use development (PLN16/1116). Further south, across Chapel Street, is the Fitzroy Primary School and associated grounds.
- 28. Immediately to the west of the subject site is a row of relatively intact single-storey, Victorianera terrace dwellings, fronting Johnston Street.
- 29. To the east of the subject site (across George Street) is a veterinary clinic (operating from a former service station building). The veterinary clinic has a prominent, internally illuminated pole sign located along the Johnston Street frontage. To the south of the Veterinary premise is a row of three double-storey dwellings, within the Commercial 1 Zone.
- 30. To the north of the subject site (on the north-west corner of Johnston Street and George Street) is a double-storey modern commercial building. This building contains a number of different tenants, including office and retail uses. Various business identification signs are attached to glazing at ground and first floor and also to the fascia of ground floor entrance canopies.
- 31. To the north of the subject site (on the north-east corner of Johnston Street and George Street) is a triple-storey mixed use development which contains retail at ground floor and includes a number of residences within the two upper levels. This building has business identification signage at ground floor, mainly along the Johnston Street façade, including window decals and a lightbox above the main entry.

The Proposal

32. The application proposes buildings and works (construction of a shelter within the rear courtyard of the existing building) and the construction and display of advertising signage (including internally illuminated signs), with further details described to follow.

Buildings and Works

- 33. A partially roofed shelter (6.59m wide by 8.23m long) is proposed to be constructed within the existing rear courtyard/beer garden, adjacent the George Street frontage.
- 34. The shelter is a maximum height of 4.12m at the western side (which adjoins the single storey part of the existing hotel building) and slopes down to a height of 3.61m at the George Street frontage.
- 35. The northernmost 3m of the shelter is proposed to be roofed with the rest of the structure being open. Materials comprise corrugated Perspex roof sheeting and hardwood timber posts.
- 36. This shelter has already been constructed, with the exception of the roofing, and hence permission for this shelter is sought partially retrospective.

Advertising Signage

37. A total of 8 signs are proposed to the building as set out in the table below.

	Type of Sign (non-illuminated unless otherwise specified)	Location (all ground floor unless otherwise specified)	Area / Dimensions (width by height, unless otherwise specified)	Restrospective Application? (Yes/No)
Sign 1	Internally illuminated business identification sign ("Beer branded lightbox")	George Street façade, attached, via a bracket, above the northernmost pedestrian entry door.	0.28 sqm (0.6m diameter)	Y
Sign 2	Promotion sign ("Poster display board")	George Street façade, adjacent main entry door within splay.	1.87sqm (0.76m by 2.458m)	Y
Sign 3	Internally illuminated, business identification sign ("Rochester Hotel Lightbox Sign")	Above main pedestrian door to splay.	0.46sqm (1.42m by 0.328m)	Y
Sign 4	Internally illuminated, business identification sign ("Rochey branded neon sign")	Johnston Street façade, first floor level, immediately at corner of George Street.	1.77sqm (1.5m diameter)	Y
Sign 5	Promotion sign ("Menu/promotional display board")	Johnston Street façade, adjacent pedestrian entry door.	0.15sqm (0.45m by 0.325)	N (this sign has been removed since the application was lodged).
Sign 6	Promotion sign ("Menu/promotional display board")	Johnston Street façade, adjacent pedestrian entry door.	0.15sqm (0.45m by 0.325)	Y
Sign 7	Internally illuminated business identification sign	Johnston Street façade, attached via bracket, above	0.63sqm (0.76m by 0.835m)	Ν

	("Beer branded lightbox - diamond shaped")	pedestrian entry door.		
Sign 8	Promotion sign ("Poster display board")	Johnston Street facade located between the two easternmost windows.	1.87sqm (0.76m by 2.458m)	Y
Total			7.18sqm	

38. It is noted that promotion signs 2, 5, 6 and 8 are proposed to contain variable content with signs 5 and 6 for displaying menus or similar, and signs 2 and 8 for displaying current events/activities within the subject site.

Planning Scheme Provisions

Zoning

Commercial 1 Zone

- 39. Pursuant to clause 34.01-4 of the Scheme a permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works. Decision guidelines are at clause 34.01-8.
- 40. Pursuant to clause 34.01-9 of the Scheme, the advertising sign requirements are contained at Clause 52.05. This zone is in Category 1.

Road Zone (Category 1)

- 41. Pursuant to clause 36.04-4 of the Scheme, a permit is required to display a sign over the road formation or over land within 600 millimetres of the road formation. For other land in this zone, the category of advertising control which applies is the category which applies to the adjoining zone nearest to the land.
- 42. In this instance, all the proposed signs within the Road Zone are set back greater than 600mm from the road formation and therefore no permit is required under this zone. As the nearest zone is the Commercial 1 Zone, hence the relevant controls for these advertising signs are found at Clause 52.05 of the Scheme (Category 1).

Overlays

Heritage Overlay (Schedule 334)

43. Pursuant to clause 43.01-1 of the Scheme, a permit is required to construct or display a sign, and to construct a building or construct or carry out works.

Design & Development Overlay (Schedule 10 - Johnston Street Precinct - West of Smith Street)

- 44. Pursuant to clause 43.02-2 of the Scheme a permit is required to construct a building or construct or carry out works. Decision guidelines are at clause 43.03-5 and Schedule 10.
- 45. Schedule 10 of the Design and Development Overlay sets out a preferred future character for the Johnston Street Precinct, west of Smith Street, and design objectives and principles to achieve this.

The preferred future character is defined as a more consistent streetscape with the streetfrontage 'façade wall' at the predominant two to three storey height of 20th and 19th Century buildings. Vibrant street life and increased pedestrian activity due to an increasing amount of street oriented development particularly on Johnston Street.

- 46. The following design objectives are included in the Schedule:
 - (a) To retain the valued features which contribute to the preferred future character and heritage of the area.
 - (b) To ensure development fits with its context and the preferred future character.
 - (c) To develop streets with a human scale and vibrant street life.
 - (d) To improve the pedestrian environment in Johnston Street.
 - (e) To encourage high quality new development.

Environmental Audit Overlay

- 47. Pursuant to the provisions of Clause 45.03-1 of the Scheme:
 - (a) Before a sensitive use (residential use, child care centre, pre-school centre or primary school) commences or before the construction or carrying out of buildings and works in association with a sensitive use commences, either:
 - (i) A certificate of environmental audit must be issued for the land in accordance with Part IXD of the Environment Protection Act 1970, or
 - (ii) An environmental auditor appointed under the Environment Protection Act 1970 must make a statement in accordance with Part IXD of that Act that the environmental conditions of the land are suitable for the sensitive use.
- 48. The requirements of the Environmental Audit Overlay are not applicable to the proposal as the site is not associated with any sensitive uses.

Particular Provisions

Clause 52.05 – Advertising Signs

- 49. Under Clause 52.05-7 of the Scheme (Category 1 Minimum Limitation), the purpose is: To provide for identification and promotion signs and signs that add vitality and colour to commercial areas.
- 50. Business identification signs and promotion signs do not require a planning permit provided the following conditions are met:
 - (a) The total advertisement area of all signs to each premises must not exceed 8 sq m. This does not include a sign with an advertisement area not exceeding 1.5 sq m that is below a verandah or, if no verandah, that is less than 3.7 m above pavement level
- 51. An internally illuminated sign does not require a planning permit provided the following conditions are met:
 - (a) The total advertisement area to each premises must not exceed 1.5 sq m.
 - (b) No part of the sign may be above a verandah or, if no verandah, more than 3.7m above pavement level.
 - (c) The sign must be more than 30 m from a residential zone or pedestrian or traffic lights.
- 52. Having regard to the above (and that the total advertisement area of all the signs is 7.18sqm) a permit is only required under this provision for the internally illuminated signs (1,3, 4 and 7) as their total advertisement area exceeds 1.5sqm. Signs 1, 4 and 7 also project above 3.7m above the pavement level.
- 53. An assessment against the relevant decision guidelines of Clause 52.05 of the Scheme in relation to the internally illuminated signs will be provided within this report.

General Provisions

Clause 65

54. The decision guidelines of clause 65 of the Scheme are relevant to this application and require consideration to be given to a variety of matters including the Planning Scheme policies, the purpose of the zone, orderly planning and the impact on amenity.

State Planning Policy Framework (SPPF)

Clause 10.04 - Integrated Decision Making

55. This clause outlines an approach to decision making that balances competing objectives and states that: *Planning authorities and responsible authorities should endeavour to integrate the range of policies relevant to the issues to be determined and balance conflicting objectives in favour of net community benefit and sustainable development for the benefit of present and future generations.*

Clause 15.01-1 – Urban design

- 56. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To create urban environments that are safe, functional and provide good quality environments with a sense of place and cultural identity.

Clause 15.01-2 – Urban design principles

- 57. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To achieve architectural and urban design outcomes that contribute positively to local urban character and enhance the public realm while minimising detrimental impact on neighbouring properties.

Clause 15.03-1 Heritage Conservation

- 58. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To ensure the conservation of places of heritage significance.
- 59. Supporting strategies are:
 - (a) Encourage appropriate development that respects places with identified heritage values and creates a worthy legacy for future generations.
 - (b) Ensure an appropriate setting and context for heritage places is maintained or enhanced.

Clause 17: Economic development

60. The provisions of clause 17 of the Scheme seek to foster economic prosperity for and within communities.

Clause 17.01-1 Business

- 61. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To encourage development which meets the communities' needs for retail, entertainment, office and other commercial services and provides net community benefit in relation to accessibility, efficient infrastructure use and the aggregation and sustainability of commercial facilities.

Local Planning Policy Framework (LPPF)

Municipal Strategic Statement (MSS)

Clause 21.04-3 - Industry, office and commercial

- 62. This clause notes that the commercial and industrial sectors within Yarra underpin a sustainable economy and provide employment and that Yarra plans to retain and foster a diverse and viable economic base.
- 63. The relevant objective is:
 - (a) To increase the number and diversity of local employment opportunities.

Clause 21.05-1 Heritage

- 64. The relevant objectives include:
 - (a) Objective 14: To protect and enhance Yarra's heritage places.
 - (i) Strategy 14.6: Protect buildings, streetscapes and precincts of heritage significance from the visual intrusion of built form both within places and from adjoining areas
 - (ii) Strategy 14.8: Apply the Development Guidelines for sites subject to a Heritage Overlay policy at clause 22.02.

Clause 21.05-4 Public environment

- 65. The relevant objective includes:
 - (a) Objective 29: To ensure that advertising signage contributes positively to Yarra.
 (i) Strategy 29.1: Apply the Advertising Signs Policy at Clause 22.04.

Clause 21.08-7 - Fitzroy

- 66. This clause describes the Fitzroy Neighbourhood and includes the following passage:
 - (a) Fitzroy is a mixed commercial and residential neighbourhood notable for the consistency of its Victorian streetscapes. It comprises a dense combination of residential areas, shopping precincts and commercial/industrial activities.
 - (b) The part of Johnston Street between Brunswick Street and Smith Street is undergoing revitalisation as a focal point for furniture manufacture and showrooms.
- 67. Pursuant to Figure 18 Built Form Character Map: Fitzroy, the site is located in a Heritage Overlay Area where it is encouraged to:
 - (a) Ensure that development does not adversely affect the significance of the heritage place.

Relevant Local Policies

Clause 22.02 Development Guidelines for sites subject to the Heritage overlay

- 68. The applicable objectives of this policy are:
 - (a) To conserve Yarra's natural and cultural heritage.
 - (b) To conserve the historic fabric and maintain the integrity of places of cultural heritage significance.
 - (c) To retain significant view lines to, and vistas of, heritage places.
 - (d) To preserve the scale and pattern of streetscapes in heritage places.
 - (e) To ensure the adaptation of heritage places is consistent with the principles of good conservation practice.
 - (f) To ensure that additions and new works to a heritage place respect the significance of the place.

69. Pursuant to the incorporated document 'City of Yarra Review of Heritage Overlay Areas 2007, Graeme Butler and Associates 2007: Appendix 8 (revised May 2017) City of Yarra Heritage Database' the site is nominated as "*individually significant*" within the South Fitzroy Heritage Precinct.

Clause 22.04-2 Advertising Signs Policy

Clause 22.04-1 Policy Basis

- 70. Signage should be well designed and located to respect the streetscape or host site. The placement and quality of advertising signs should also contribute positively to the character of an area.
- 71. The relevant objectives of this clause are:
 - (a) To allow for the promotion of goods and services.
 - (b) To ensure that signs contribute to and do not detract from the visual amenity of commercial precincts, activity centres and residential areas.
 - (c) To minimise visual clutter.
 - (d) To ensure that signs are not the dominant element in the streetscape.
 - (e) To protect and enhance the character and integrity of places of heritage significance.
 - (f) To protect major view corridors and vistas.
- 72. These are considered under the following relevant policy headings:
 - (a) Clause 22.04-3.1 Design
 - (b) Clause 22.04-3.2 Streetscape
 - (c) Clause 22.04-3.4 Construction and Support
 - (d) Clause 22.04-3.5 Illumination and Animation
 - (e) Clause 22.04-3.7 Commercial and Industrial Areas
 - (f) Clause 22.04-3.8 Heritage Areas

Clause 22.05 – Interface Uses Policy

- 73. This policy applies to applications for use or development within Business (now Commercial) Zones.
- 74. The policy comprises various considerations and decision guidelines for non-residential use and development located near residential properties relating to overlooking, overshadowing, noise, fumes and air emissions, light spillage, waste management and other operational disturbances that may cause unreasonable detriment to the amenity of nearby residential properties.

Advertising

- 75. The application was advertised under the provisions of Section 52 of the Planning and Environment Act 1987 (the Act) with two signs displayed on-site and three letters sent to surrounding owners and occupiers. Six (6) objections were received to the application, however, it is noted that some objections were received prior to advertising of the application.
- 76. The objector concerns can be summarised as follows:
 - (a) Adverse visual amenity and heritage impacts of advertising signage;
 - (b) Lightspill/glare from the proposed neon sign to nearby residences; and
 - (c) Use of the proposed shelter would increase amenity impacts from the hotel (in particular, noise emissions).

Consultation Meeting

- 77. A consultation meeting was held on 10 October 2017. The meeting was attended by the applicant, Council officers and one objector (who had written statements confirming attendance on behalf of three other objectors).
- 78. Amendments to the proposal were formally submitted, after advertising, under Section 57(A) of the Act on 15 December 2017. The plans responded to objector and Council concerns, and made the following changes:
 - (a) Deletion of the proposed 9.16sqm "Bill Poster Display Wall" attached to the eastern boundary fence (George Street frontage).
- 79. As stated previously, the plans amended under Section 57A of the Act were not readvertised as the changes resulted in an overall reduction to the extent of signage proposed and hence no material detriment would result. An exemption from advertising was granted at Council's Statutory Planning Department's internal Development Assessment Panel on 5 January 2018.

Referrals

External Referrals

80. The application was not required to be referred to any external referral authorities.

Internal Referrals

81. The application was not formally referred to any internal departments, however, informal comments were sought from Council's Heritage Adviser. Their response is attached in the appendices to this report and will be referred to, as relevant, within the assessment.

OFFICER ASSESSMENT

Buildings and Works

- 82. The proposed buildings and works are limited to construction of the partially roofed shelter in the rear courtyard. The decision guidelines for buildings and works in the Commercial 1 Zone (at clause 34.01-4), decision guidelines of the Design & Development Overlay (Schedule 10); the heritage guidelines at clause 22.02; and the interface uses policy are most relevant to the assessment of this component of the proposal.
- 83. The most pertinent decision guideline of the Commercial 1 Zone to the proposal is as follows:
 - (a) The streetscape, including the conservation of buildings, the design of verandahs, access from the street front, protecting active frontages to pedestrian areas, the treatment of the fronts and backs of buildings and their appurtenances, illumination of buildings or their immediate spaces and the landscaping of land adjoining a road.
- 84. It is considered that the proposed shelter to the courtyard will not significantly alter the streetscape or its interface with the public realm. The structure extends only marginally above the existing solid fence (approximately 0.4m above the fence height as measured on the proposed elevations) and is a lightweight, mostly open structure. The shelter appears as a minor appurtenance to the existing building.
- 85. In regards to the objectives and design principles of Schedule 10 to the Design and Development Overlay, the proposed shelter is considered an appropriate response, as it is constructed to the street frontage (as encouraged); provides a human scale structure; and respects the heritage context (as detailed further in the following paragraph).
- 86. Consistent with relevant heritage policies for new works at clause 22.02-5.7.1 of the Scheme, the shelter:

- (a) Is visually recessive and will not dominate the heritage place (given its maximum height of 4.12m and minimal visibility from the public realm).
- (b) Is clearly distinguishable from the original heritage fabric of the building (due to form and materials utilised);
- (c) Does not damage or cover the original heritage fabric of the building (as it is detached from the existing building)
- (d) Does not obscure views to the principal façade (as it is situated to the rear of the main building and behind a high, solid fence that already blocks views from George Street).
- 87. Council's Heritage Adviser has also supported the proposed shelter, for similar reasons as given above.
- 88. The proposed shelter is also consistent with relevant policies of the Interface Uses Policy (clause 22.05 of the Scheme). The nearest dwellings to the proposed shelter are those located immediately to the west (row of single-storey terrace dwellings fronting Johnston Street) and to the east (row of double-storey terrace dwellings on the eastern side of George Street).
- 89. The proposed shelter is separated from secluded private open space of dwellings to the west by another approximately 5.5m of existing single-storey building associated with the Rochester Hotel. It is separated from dwellings to the east by George Street (approximately 20m width). Given the site context, the shelter would not create any opportunities for overlooking; would not cause any lightspill (no lights are proposed); and would not cause any overshadowing to secluded private open space.
- 90. The proposed shelter would not result in any increases to noise emissions from the site as it does not provide an additional area for patrons to use but rather simply provides some shelter within the existing courtyard (beer garden). It is noted that both a tavern and hotel are as-of-right uses in the Commercial 1 Zone and the beer garden is already included within the existing red line plan (licensed area) of the premises under liquor license 31912129. If the hours of operation or patron numbers set out on the existing liquor licence were sought to be increased, this would trigger the requirement for a planning permit under clause 52.27 (Licensed Premises) of the Yarra Planning Scheme and would be subject to the normal statutory planning process.

Advertising Signage

91. The assessment of the advertising signage component will be framed by Council's local Advertising Signs Policy at Clause 22.04 of the Scheme, incorporating consideration of the decision guidelines of Clause 52.05 (Advertising Signs). Local heritage policy at clause 22.02 will also be referenced, where relevant. It is noted that only the internally illuminated signs require a permit under clause 52.05 of the Scheme, with all other signs requiring a permit solely due to heritage controls.

Design

92. The scale and design of the proposed signs are appropriate for the two-storey building on which they are located and will not dominate the building. The signs are generally well-integrated into the building, with the internally illuminated "beer branded" lightboxes (signs 1 and 7) and the "Rochester Hotel Lightbox" (sign 3) each located above separate pedestrian entries - a traditional location for signage. The two menu boards (signs 5 and 6) and the two poster display boards (signs 2 and 8) are

flush mounted and positioned in between window / door openings and their size and b) are proportion is not disruptive to the rhythm of the building façade.

93. Sign 4 ("Rochey branded neon sign") is notably larger and more prominent than the other signs. However, this sign is contained within a pre-existing structure which has been attached to the building in excess of 25 years.

The sign is clearly identified on the endorsed plans for Planning Permit 1886 (issued by Council in 1992) as an "existing illuminated" sign. Historical "streetview" images indicate the previous sign was an internally illuminated "Carlton Draught' beer logo.

94. The signs are mostly confined to the ground floor; are well spaced over the Johnston Street and George Street facades of the building; and are relatively small in size - providing less than 8sqm total advertising area. This avoids a 'cluttered' presentation when viewed from the public realm and the signage will not dominate the host building.

Streetscape

- 95. The signs will not obscure or impede any important views and vistas, or block views to any existing signs.
- 96. Johnston Street is a commercial hub and various types of advertising signage, including internally illuminated signs, are concentrated along commercial buildings frontages to the street. The level and type of signage proposed to the subject site would not adversely impact the existing streetscape character.
- 97. In line with policy, the proposed signs do not interfere with traffic signals, directional signs or street signs. The nearest traffic lights are approximately 70m to the west of the site (on Johnston Street) and all signs are significantly offset from adjacent street signs and will not interfere with visibility.

Construction and Support

- 98. In line with policy, the support structures are integrated into the signage and all proposed signs comply with the minimum clearance from the footpath (2.7m) and setback from the kerb (750mm), as stipulated at clause 22.04-3.4.
- 99. For buildings of heritage significance, consideration must be given to potential damage from construction of the signage. It is considered that the proposed signage would cause minimal damage to the building. Specifically:
 - (a) The two small menu boards (signs 5 and 6) are very small in size (0.15sqm each) and any area affected by attachment would be minimal.
 - (b) The two poster display boards (signs 2 and 8) are flush mounted ply boards which photos indicate are attached by a small number of bolts/screws.
 - (c) Both the menu and poster display boards are designed to enable update of content from time-to-time without the need to remove the sign frame and thus would limit damage from change of content.
 - (d) The "beer branded lightbox" signs (1 and 7) are attached only at limited points and are not attached to decorative architectural features, hence causing limited damage to the building fabric.
 - (e) The "Rochester Hotel Lightbox" (sign 3) above the splayed door, is inset in a recess on the building and could be readily removed.
 - (f) The structure for sign 4 is pre-existing (in excess of 25 years) and only the content is modified as part of the proposal thus no further damage to the building is associated with this sign.
- 100. The minimal damage to the building is also consistent with heritage policy at clause 22.02-5.7.1 for new works which seeks to discourage removal or damage to heritage fabric associated with new works.

Illumination and Animation

101. The four internally illuminated signs (signs 1, 3, 4 and 7) would not cause any detrimental impact on pedestrian or traffic safety, given that:

- (a) None of the signs are proposed to be animated. A standard condition will nonetheless be included as part of any approval to require that none of the illuminated signs are intermittent or flashing.
- (b) Signs 1, 3 and 7 are all well under 1 sqm in size and would cast little lightspill.
- (c) Sign 4 ("Rochey branded neon sign") is 1.77sqm in size; well set back from the George Street and Johnston Street kerb; and has a clearance of 4.58m from the footpath. It is well removed from pedestrian and vehicle traffic.
- 102. Decision guidelines at clause 52.05-3 in relation to impacts of illumination include consideration of *the amenity of nearby residents and the amenity of the area*. The nearest residences to the hotel are the terrace houses immediately to the west fronting Johnston Street. There are also residences at the upper levels of the three-storey building diagonally opposite the subject site on the north-east corner of Johnston Street and George Street (approximately 30m distance) and dwellings on the opposite side of George Street, just south of the subject site.
- 103. Although objections have raised specific concerns with light emitted from sign 4 ("Rochey branded neon sign") it is considered that the illumination of this sign would not be detrimental to amenity of surrounding residences given that:
 - (a) The sign is located on the Johnston Street frontage and therefore light is directed towards an already well-lit busy commercial thoroughfare. Streetlights cantilever over Johnston Street, which creates a higher background level of lighting and reduces the impact of any illuminated sign.
 - (b) Residences located within the upper levels of the building on the north-east corner of George Street and Johnston Street, whilst having large windows to both street frontages, are located at a considerable distance - a minimum of 29m - from the sign.
 - (c) The terrace dwellings on Johnston Street, to the immediate west of the subject site, have a covered verandah within their front setback and hence would not be affected by light from the sign.
 - (d) Council's planning enforcement officers undertook a night-time site visit in August 2017 (in relation to a separate lightspill matter) and did not identify any issue with emission of light from the neon sign, which was operational at the time.
- 104. All the dwellings described above are located within the Commercial 1 Zone, and most are located on a Road Zone Category 1, therefore, as is a commonly accepted principle in planning, amenity expectations must be somewhat tempered in comparison with dwellings located in quiet side streets in residential zones.

Commercial and Industrial Areas

105. The proposed signage is consistent with the policy for commercial areas which supports internally illuminated signs and "above verandah" signs (projecting signs that are located more than 3.7m above pavement level) where general policy requirements are met. It also identifies that sites along main roads and boulevards may be able to support more prominent types of signage (such as major promotion signs), where general policy requirements are met.

Heritage Areas

106. Although internally illuminated signage is discouraged in heritage areas it is considered appropriate in this case as the subject site is located within a commercial area, on a major road, and there are many instances of illuminated signage along Johnston Street, and in the wider area, including the internally illuminated sign to the façade of the south-adjoining building fronting George Street.

- 107. The signage is limited in scale and generally restrained in design, and does not obscure the heritage features of the building. Although the "Rochey branded neon sign" is more prominent in its appearance, it is considered acceptable, in this instance, as it replaces an existing internally illuminated beer sign (using the same structure) and thus would have no further detriment in regards to the heritage significance of the building.
- 108. Furthermore, Council's Heritage Adviser has supported the proposed signage, stating in their comments that overall the location, size, type and number of signs proposed will be generally in keeping with the number of signs typically associated with historic hotels throughout the municipality.
- 109. It is noted that as signs 2, 5, 6 and 8 are promotion signs, their content is proposed to be updated from time-to-time promotional material for the premises so the images of these signs on the plans are indicative only.
- 110. To ensure that it is clear on the plans that the signage content is variable and to ensure the signs are not utilised for promotional material beyond this limited intent (i.e. not for promoting off-site events or activities), the plans will be required, as a condition of any approval, to be updated with notations to this effect. The applicant has agreed to restricting the content of the signs in this way.
- 111. It is acceptable to allow for variable content in this instance, given that:
 - (a) The size and proportion of the signs is acceptable;
 - (b) There are no external paint controls within the South Fitzroy heritage precinct;
 - (c) The signs would function in a similar fashion to "blackboard' signs which are commonly seen on similar venues to advertise current events.
 - (d) The ability to alter content of these signs is considered to strike an acceptable balance between protecting heritage values and providing reasonable capacity for the venue to promote events. It would also reduce the likelihood that additional unauthorised signage would be introduced to the building to promote such events.

Objector Concerns

- 112. The above assessment has addressed the objector concerns, as follows:
 - (a) Adverse visual amenity and heritage impacts of advertising signage (paragraphs 91-111);
 - (b) Lightspill/glare from the proposed neon sign to residences (paragraphs 102-104); and
 - (c) Use of the proposed shelter would increase amenity impacts from the hotel (in particular, noise emissions) (paragraphs 88-90).

Conclusion

113. The proposal demonstrates a good level of compliance with the policy requirements outlined in the Yarra Planning Scheme, and should be supported subject to conditions.

RECOMMENDATION

That having considered all relevant planning policies, the Committee resolves to issue a Notice of Decision to Grant a Planning Permit PLN17/0228 for development of the land for buildings and works (construction of a shelter to the rear courtyard of the existing building) and the construction and display of advertising signage (including internally illuminated signs) at 202 - 204 Johnston Street, subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Within two months of the date of this permit (or as otherwise agreed in writing by the Responsible Authority), amended plans to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the plans will be endorsed and will then form part of this permit. The plans must be drawn to scale with dimensions and three copies must be provided. The plans must be generally in accordance with the decision plans (submitted to Council on 15 December 2017) but modified to show:
 - (a) Notation(s) on drawing No. 04 indicating that content of signs 2, 5, 6 and 8 shown on the images is indicative only;
 - (b) Notation(s) stating that signs 2, 5, 6 and 8 will contain promotional material that only relates to events or activities undertaken on the premises.
- 2. The development (including location and details of the signs and associated supporting structures) as shown on the endorsed plans must not be altered (unless the Yarra Planning Scheme specifies that a permit is not required) without the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority.
- 3. The signs must be constructed, displayed and maintained to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 4. Signs 2, 5, 6 and 8, as shown on the endorsed plans, must not be illuminated by external or internal light
- 5. The internally illuminated signs must not include any flashing or intermittent light.
- 6. The internally illuminated signage component of this permit expires 15 years from the date of the permit.
- 7. This permit will expire if:
 - (a) The signs are not erected within 2 years of the date of this permit; or
 - (b) The works are not completed within 4 years of the date of this permit.

The Responsible Authority may extend the periods referred to if a request is made in writing before the permit expires or within twelve months afterwards for completion.

Notes

This site is subject to a Heritage Overlay. A planning permit may be required for any external works.

A building permit may be required before development is commenced. Please contact Council's Building Services on 9205 5585 to confirm.

A local law permit (e.g. Asset Protection Permit, Road Occupation Permit) may be required before development is commenced. Please contact Council's Construction Management Branch on Ph. 9205 5585 to confirm.

CONTACT OFFICER:	Madeleine Moloney
TITLE:	Statutory Planner
TEL:	92055009

Attachments

- 1 PLN17/0228 202 204 Johnston Street Fitzroy Subject Site Map
- 2 PLN17/0228 202 204 Johnston Street Fitzroy Decision Plans
- 3 PLN17/0228 202 204 Johnston Street Fitzroy Heritage Comments

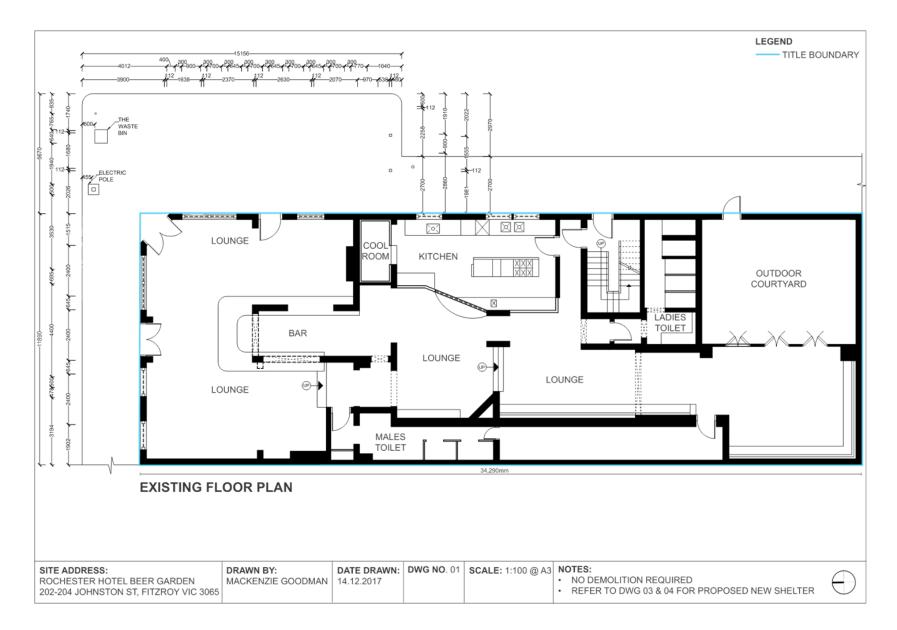
Agenda Page 224 Attachment 1 - PLN17/0228 - 202 - 204 Johnston Street Fitzroy - Subject Site Map

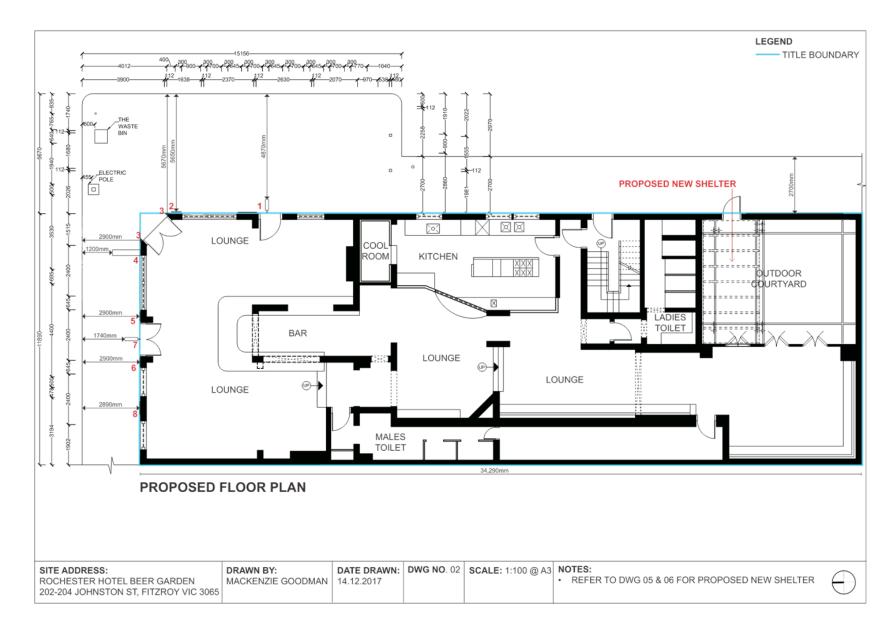
SUBJECT LAND: 202-204 Johnston Street, Fitzroy



① North

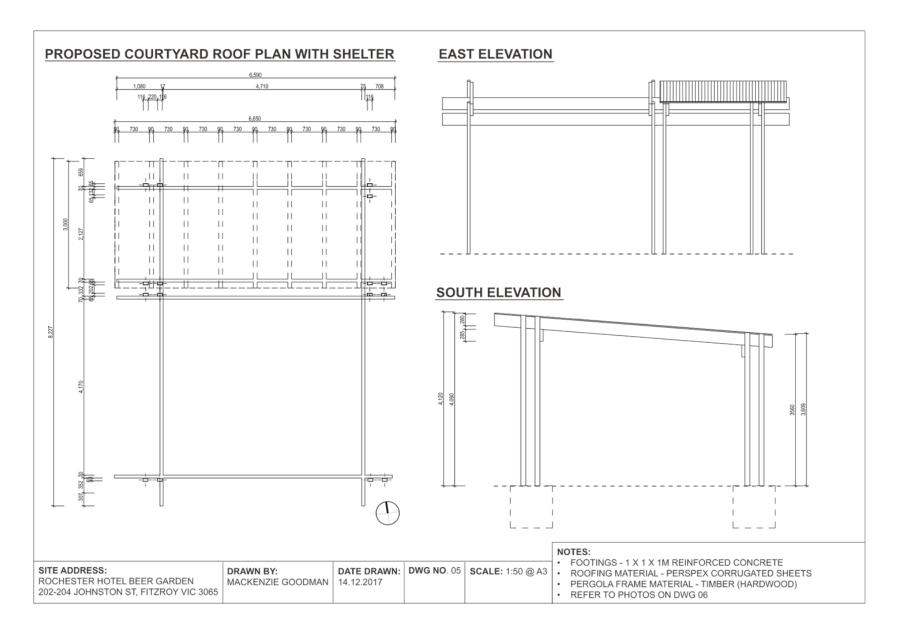














Attachment 3 - PLN17/0228 - 202 - 204 Johnston Street Fitzroy - Heritage Comments

Moloney, Madeleine

From: McIntosh, Diahnn

Sent: Wednesday, 10 January 2018 2:05 PM

To: Moloney, Madeleine

Subject: TRIM: PLN17/0228 - 202-204 Johnston St - signage/works application

HP TRIM Record Number: D18/8266

Dear Madeleine

In response to the recently presented drawings regarding alterations to the exterior of the above mentioned building, I

wish to advise the following:

Sidns

Overall the location, size, type and number of signs proposed will be generally in keeping with the number of signs

typically associated with historic hotels throughout the municipality.

In particular I note that:

• The "beer branded lightboxes" (signs 1 and 7) are modest in size, unobtrusive and limited to one to each street frontage.

• The "menu boards" (signs 5 & 6) located adjacent to the entries, are typical of the sort of boards used on heritage hotels advertising specials, etc. Historically boards like these were either fixed permanently or they may have be hung on hooks temporarily during opening hours.

• The lightbox above the door to the splay (sign 3) is located in a traditional position for identification signage. Although it would be typical for this sign to be externally light on a heritage building, on this occasion the size and position of the sign is suitably restrained.

• The poster display boards (signs 2 and 8) are unobtrusive given they are flush-mounted and their colour scheme blends in with the façade.

• The large neon sign (sign 4), is acceptable as it utilises a pre-existing signage structure (former internally illuminated beer sign) that over time has become a typical identifying feature of most hotels. The modification of the sign to a non-animated neon sign does not have any detrimental impact on the heritage significance of the building.

Works (external shelter)

The proposed shelter can be supported on the following basis:

• The rear shelter is a modest addition, substantially concealed from the side street and constructed in a lightweight manner that does not increase the over bulk of the main heritage portion of the building. Therefore on heritage grounds, I wish to advise that I have no concerns regarding the proposed works Please don't hesitate to contact me directly if you require any further clarification regarding my comments. Kind regards,

Diahnn McIntosh

Heritage Advisor (Mondays, Tuesdays and Wednesdays City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond 3121

1.4 PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicolson Street, Abbotsford - Development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition.

Executive Summary

Purpose

1. This report provides Council with an assessment of a planning permit application submitted for 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford VIC 3067, which seeks approval for the development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition. The report recommends approval, subject to conditions.

Key Planning Considerations

- 2. Key planning considerations include:
 - (a) Clause 22.02 Development guidelines for sites subject to the heritage overlay;
 - (b) Clause 32.09 Neighbourhood Residential Zone (Schedule 1);
 - (c) Clause 43.01 Heritage overlay; and
 - (d) Clause 54 One dwelling on a lot (Rescode);

Key Issues

- 3. The key issues for Council in considering the proposal relate to:
 - (a) Clause 54 (Rescode);
 - (b) Heritage;
 - (c) Vehicle Access; and
 - (d) Objector concerns.

Objector Concerns

- 4. Six objections were received to the application, these can be summarised as:
 - (a) Impact on heritage streetscape (including inappropriate design);
 - (b) Street impacts (removal of non-street car park and street tree, and addition of a new vehicle cross over);
 - (c) Amenity issues (noise from garage use and visual bulk)
 - (d) Built form issues (lack of setback and permeability, and overdevelopment); and
 - (e) Diminish financial value of properties.

Conclusion

5. Based on the following report, the proposal is considered to comply with the relevant planning policy and should therefore be supported.

CONTACT OFFICER:	Emily Zeng
TITLE:	Statutory Planner
TEL:	03 9205 5363

1.4 PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicolson Street, Abbotsford - Development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition.

Trim Record Number: D18/7019 Responsible Officer: Coordinator Statutory Planning

Proposal:	Development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition.
Existing use:	Dwelling
Applicant:	DWH Aitken and Associates P/L
Zoning / Overlays:	Neighbourhood Residential Zone (Schedule 1)
	Heritage Overlay (Schedule 313)
Date of Application:	6 September 2017
Application Number:	PLN17/0744

Planning History

- 1. Planning Permit No. PLN14/0837 was issued by Council on 5 January 2015 for the development of the land for part demolition and a ground floor extension to the rear of the dwelling. Works according to this permit have not been carried out.
- 2. Planning Application No. PLN16/1006 was withdrawn at the request of the applicant on 16 February 2017 for the *development of the land for alterations to the front façade, construction of a garage and crossover and part demolition.*
- 3. Planning Permit No. PLN17/0113 was issued by Council on 20 February 2017 for *alterations to the front façade and associated demolition.* Works according to this permit have been acted upon.

Background

- 4. The application was received by Council on 6 September 2017, with additional information received on 16 October 2017. The application was advertised in October 2017, with six (6) objections received.
- 5. The application was referred to Council's Heritage Advisors and Engineering Department for assessment.
- 6. A planning consultation meeting was held on 12 December 2017, attended by the permit applicant, objectors and Council's planning officers.

Amendment VC142

- 7. Amendment VC142 was gazetted on 16 January 2018, making reforms to Victoria Planning Provisions that generally remove permit triggers, expand permit exemptions for land uses and buildings and works, remove superfluous and outdated provision, update references, improve and update definitions, clarify common points of confusion and improve the usability of the Victoria Planning Provisions.
- 8. Whilst amendments have been made to the zone (Neighbourhood Residential Zone) and overlay (Heritage Overlay) in which the subject site is located within, no amendments are applicable to this application.

Existing Conditions

Subject Site

- 9. The subject site is located on the east side of Nicholson Street, between Abbotsford Street (to the north) and Yarra Street (to the south), in Abbotsford. The site is situated on a corner lot with residential properties bordering the northern and eastern boundaries.
- 10. The site is rectangular in shape with a street frontage of 6.44m to Nicholson Street, a depth of 28.46m along the southern boundary and a depth of 28.51m along the northern boundary. The site has an overall area of 177sqm.
- 11. Occupying the site is a detached and single-storey Victorian-era weatherboard dwelling with a tiled hipped roof, two chimneys, and a bullnose front verandah. Along the dwelling's street frontage is a metal fence and pedestrian gate built at a height of 1.2m. Along the northern and southern boundaries, towards the rear of the site are two sections of a weatherboard structure and paling fence ranging from 2m to 3.7m high respectively.
- 12. The dwelling is setback 2.95m from the western (front) boundary, constructed along the northern boundary for a length of 14.82m, and is partly constructed along the southern boundary for a length of 4m and partly setback 1.65m. The dwelling is setback 10.64m from the eastern (rear) boundary. Private open space is located at the rear of the dwelling which is accessible from the rear of the dwelling and a pedestrian gate along Yarra Street.



Figure 1: Subject site in red (NearMaps)

Surrounding Land

- 13. The surrounding neighbourhood is residential in nature with a mixture of single and doublestorey dwellings. Nicholson Street consists of a variety of weatherboard, brick and rendered dwellings with a mix of bullnose, hipped and skillion front verandahs.
- 14. To the north is an attached, single-storey Victorian-era, weatherboard dwelling with a skillion front verandah and a ground and first floor addition. The proposed garage will be located along the southern boundary, directly abutting the rear private open space of this dwelling.

- 15. To the south, across Yarra Street is a single-storey Edwardian-era brick dwelling with a hipped front verandah. The dwelling is also located on a corner lot with two street frontages to Nicholson and Yarra Streets. The dwelling has zero setbacks along the Yarra Street frontage with the inclusion of a single brick garage and crossover to the east.
- 16. To the east is a single-storey Victorian-era polychromatic brick dwelling which graded 'contributory' to the Charles Street Heritage Precinct. The dwelling includes a skillion verandah, gable roof, an existing crossover and a first floor addition located at the rear of the site. The proposed garage will abut the existing boundary wall of the 'contributory' dwelling.
- 17. To the west, across Nicholson Street is an attached, single-storey building which is currently occupied by Abbots Dental Clinic.

The Proposal

18. The proposal is for the development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition. The proposal is summarised as follows:

Demolition

- (a) Existing front fence, pedestrian gate and bullnose verandah.
- (b) Northern and southern boundary paling fence.
- (c) Concrete paving located at the rear of the dwelling.

Development

- (d) Construction of a 1.25m high timber picket fence and pedestrian gate painted white at the front of the site.
- (e) Construction of a hipped verandah in unpainted heritage grade Z600 at a pitch of 15 degrees.
- (f) Construction of an approximately 2.8m section of 2m high timber fence along the southern boundary.
- (g) Construction of a 3m wide crossover at the rear of the site, along Yarra Street.
- (h) Construction of a garage measuring 3.82m wide and 6.38m long located at the rear of the site and built along the northern, eastern and southern boundaries. The garage will include a faux gable parapet concealing a flat roof, as well as operable windows, a timber door and a 1m wide cantilevered verandah along the western wall.
- (i) The garage will be constructed of vertical timber batten cladding, weatherboards painted white with a Colorbond roof and garage door in the colour "Woodland Grey".

Planning Scheme Provisions

<u>Zoning</u>

Clause 32.09 Neighbourhood Residential Zone (Schedule 1)

- 19. Pursuant to *Clause 32.09* of the Scheme, a planning permit is required to construct or extend one dwelling on a lot less than 500sqm. As the subject site is 177sqm, a planning permit is required. A development must meet the requirements of Clause 54.
- 20. Pursuant to *Clause 32.09-9* of the Scheme, the maximum height of a building used for a dwelling or residential building must not exceed 9m and must not contain more than 2 storeys at any point. The proposal does not exceed these requirements as the construction is for a single-storey garage with a maximum height of 4m.

Overlays

Heritage Overlay (Schedule 313 – Charles Street Precinct)

21. Pursuant to *Clause 43.01-1* of the Scheme, a planning permit is required to demolish a building and to construct a building or construct or carry out works.

Particular Provisions

Clause 54 – One Dwelling on a lot

22. Pursuant to *Clause 54* of the Scheme, the provisions apply an application to construct a building or construct or carry out works associated with one dwelling on a lot in a Neighbourhood Residential Zone.

General Provisions

Clause 65 – Decision Guidelines

23. The decision guidelines outlined at *Clause 65* of the Scheme are relevant to all applications. Because a permit can be granted does not imply that a permit should or will be granted. Before deciding on an application, the Responsible Authority must consider a number of matters. Amongst other things, the Responsible Authority must consider the relevant State and Local Planning Policy Frameworks, as well as the purpose of the zone, overlay or any other provisions.

State Planning Policy Framework (SPPF)

Clause 15.01-1 – Urban Design

- 24. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To create urban environments that are safe, functional and provide good quality environments with a sense of place and cultural identity.

Clause 15.01-2 – Urban design principles

- 25. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To achieve architectural and urban design outcomes that contribute positively to local urban character and enhance the public realm while minimising detrimental impact on neighbouring properties.

Clause 15.01-4 – Design for safety

- 26. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To improve community safety and encourage neighbourhood design and makes people feel safe.

Clause 15.01-5 – Cultural identity and neighbourhood character

- 27. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To recognise and protect cultural identity, neighbourhood character and sense of place.

Clause 15.02-1 – Energy and resource efficiency

28. The objective of this clause is:

(a) To encourage land use and development that is consistent with the efficient use of energy and the minimisation of greenhouse gas emissions.

Clause 15.03 – Heritage

- 29. The objective of this clause is:
 - (a) To ensure the conservation of places of heritage significance.

Local Planning Policy Framework (LPPF)

Clause 21.05-1 – Heritage

- 30. The relevant objective of this clause is:
 - (a) Objective 14 To protect and enhance Yarra's heritage places.

Clause 21.05-2 – Urban design

- 31. The relevant objectives of this clause are:
 - (a) Objective 16 To reinforce the existing urban framework of Yarra.
 - (b) Objective 20 To ensure that new development contributes positively to Yarra's urban fabric.

Clause 21.08-1 – Abbotsford

- 32. The subject site is located within the Abbotsford neighbourhood which is "a highly varied neighbourhood with a substantial number of industrial and commercial buildings of various types and eras. The residential precincts are surrounded by industrial development located in the vicinity of Hoddle Street and the Yarra River."
- *33.* Figure 6, the built form character map, shows the subject site covered by a Heritage Overlay. The objective is to *"ensure that development does not adversely affect the significance of the heritage place".*

Relevant Local Policies

Clause 22.02 – Development guidelines for sites subject to the Heritage Overlay

- 34. *Clause 22.02* of the Scheme applies to all developments where a planning permit is required under the Heritage Overlay. The relevant objectives of the policy include:
 - (a) To conserve Yarra's natural and cultural heritage.
 - (b) To conserve the historic fabric and maintain the integrity of places of cultural heritage significance.
 - (c) To retain significant view lines to, and vistas of, heritage places.
 - (d) To preserve the scale and pattern of streetscapes in heritage places.
 - (e) To ensure that additions and new works to a heritage place respect the significance of the place.
 - (f) To encourage the retention of 'individually significant' and 'contributory' heritage places.
- 35. This policy refers to an incorporated document "*City of Yarra Review of Heritage Overlay Areas* 2007", which identifies the level of significance of all buildings/sites within the Heritage Overlay. Specifically, the subject site is nominated as 'not-contributory' to the Charles Street Heritage Precinct.
- 36. Clause 22.02-5.1 Demolition

This clause generally encourages the retention of a building in a heritage place, unless the building is identified as being 'not contributory'.

Removal of part of a Heritage Place or Contributory Elements

- (a) Encourage the removal of inappropriate alterations, additions and works that detract from the cultural significance of the place.
- 37. Clause 22.02-5.3 Reconstruction and Restoration

This clause generally encourages the reconstruction of a building or works which previously existed in a heritage place if:

- (a) The reconstruction will enhance the heritage significance of the heritage place.
- 38. Clause 22.02-5.7 New Development, Alterations or Additions

The relevant policies of *clause 22.02-5.7.1* encourages the design of new development to a heritage place or a contributory element to:

- (a) Respect the pattern, rhythm, orientation to the street, spatial characteristics, fenestration, roof form, materials and heritage character of the surrounding historic streetscape.
- (b) Be articulated and massed to correspond with the prevailing building form of the heritage place or contributory elements to the heritage place.
- (c) Be visually recessive and not dominate the heritage place.
- (d) Be distinguishable from the original historic fabric.
- (e) Not remove, cover, damage or change original historic fabric.
- (f) Not obscure views of principle façades.
- (g) Consider the architectural integrity and context of the heritage place or contributory element.
- 39. Clause 22.02-5.7.2 Specific Requirements (where there is conflict or inconsistency between the general and specific requirements, the specific requirements prevail)
 - (a) Encourage new building and additions on a site with frontage to two streets, being either a corner site or a site with dual street frontages, to respect the built from and character of the heritage place and adjoining or adjacent contributory elements to the heritage place.
 - (b) Encourage new buildings on corner sites to reflect the setbacks of buildings that occupy other corners of the intersection.

Advertising

- 40. The application was advertised in accordance with Section 52 of the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*, by way of five letters sent to surrounding owners and occupiers and the display of two signs on-site.
- 41. Six objections were received, and raised the following concerns:
 - (a) Impact on heritage streetscape (including inappropriate design);
 - (b) Street impacts (removal of non-street car park and street tree, and addition of a new vehicle cross over);
 - (c) Amenity issues (noise from garage use and visual bulk)
 - (d) Built form issues (lack of setback and permeability, and overdevelopment); and
 - (e) Diminish financial value of properties.

Referrals

External Referrals

42. The application was not required to be referred to any external authorities.

Internal Referrals

43. The application was referred to Council's Heritage Advisor and Engineering Department. The comments are located in the Appendix to this report.

OFFICER ASSESSMENT

- 44. The key planning considerations for Council in considering the proposal are:
 - (a) Clause 54 (Rescode);
 - (b) Heritage;
 - (c) Vehicle access; and
 - (d) Objector concerns

Clause 54 – (Rescode)

- 45. The following is a detailed assessment of the proposed garage against the relevant provision of ResCode (Clause 54).
- 46. This particular provision comprises 19 design objectives and standards to guide the assessment of new residential development. Given the site's location within a built up inner city residential area, strict application of the standard is not always appropriate, whether the proposal meets the objective is the relevant test.
- 47. The following objectives are not relevant to this application:
 - (a) Standard A2 Integration with the street objective (no change);
 - (b) Standard A8 Significant trees objective (none on-site);
 - (c) Standard A10 Side and rear setbacks (The walls of the garage are constructed on boundaries which are discussed below);
 - (d) Standard A12 Daylight to Existing Windows (the proposed garage is not opposite any existing habitable room window);
 - (e) Standard A13 North-facing Windows (no north-facing windows habitable room windows within 3 metres of the proposed garage);
 - (f) Standard A15 Overlooking (the proposed garage is not a habitable room);
 - (g) Standard A16 Daylight to new windows (the proposed garage is not a habitable room);
 - (h) Standard A18 Solar access to open space (does not apply to additions);

Standard A1 – Neighbourhood Character

- 48. Along Nicholson Street is a diverse mixture of single and double storey Victorian and Edwardian-era dwellings with varies fence heights and styles ranging from metal and timber pickets to brick fences. Additionally, verandah roof styles within the immediate area varies from predominantly skillion roofs with the occasional hipped and bullnose roof.
- 49. Along Yarra Street is also a mixture of red brick, painted brick and weatherboard singlestorey dwellings. The fences along this portion of Yarra Street (between Nicholson Street and Hunter Street) include timber pickets, timber palings with trellises and differing vehicle accessway (garages/carports and vehicle gates).

- 50. The proposed works to the front fence and verandah roof respect the existing neighbourhood character as well as the heritage character of the surrounding area. The proposed 1.25m high timber picket front fence and gate painted white would be in keeping with the fences at No. 198 and 200 Nicholson Street. Likewise, bullnose verandah roof is in keeping with the character of Victorian-era dwellings like that of No. 192 and 195 Nicholson Street and No. 83 Yarra Street.
- 51. The proposed garage located at the rear of the site and fronting Yarra Street responds to the existing neighbourhood character of the surrounding area, which includes single-storey frontages as well as two existing garage/roller door frontages along Yarra Street. The contemporary design with a flat roof form, use of both traditional and contemporary materials such as weatherboard, vertical timber cladding and Colorbond present visual interest to the streetscape. The proposed garage will not appear out of context as it complements the mixture of building forms and materials found within the surrounding street.
- *52.* With regards to the faux gable parapet, Council's Planning Officer is not supportive of the design as it is considered to be a poor design outcome which adds no value to the heritage streetscape. This will be discussed further in the Heritage Assessment.
- 53. Overall, the proposal is a site and neighbourhood responsive design response, meeting the objective of the Standard.

Standard A3 – Street Setback

- 54. Complies with objective. The application does not propose to change the front setback along Nicholson Street. Standard A3 allows the consideration of setbacks on side streets. The standard states the required minimum setback from a side street is *the same distance as the setback of the front wall of any existing building on the abutting allotment facing the side street or 2 metres, whichever is the lesser.* The existing setback of abutting property (No. 96 Yarra Street) is 1.24m, therefore the proposed garage built along the southern boundary exceeds the setback of 1.24m as required by the standard.
- 55. However, this is considered an acceptable variation given the inner urban context of the site with small and narrow allotments. Given that the abutting dwelling (No. 96 Yarra Street) has an existing nib wall built along its western boundary, the visual impact of the proposed garage would not be unreasonable when viewed from the street and adjoining properties. In addition, the proposed street setback is consistent with the garage of No. 194 Nicholson Street to the south which as a zero street setback.



Figure 2: Western boundary wall of No. 96 Yarra Street (Applicant Submission

Standard A4 – Building Height

56. Complies with the Standard. The garage has a maximum height of 4m which is below the existing maximum height of the dwelling (5.4m) and is below the maximum building height of 9m allowed by the Standard.

Standard A5 – Site Coverage

- 57. Complies with the objective. The standard for site coverage states that the site area covered by buildings should not exceed 60%. The proposal increases site coverage from approximately 54% to 68% which exceeds the requirement of the Standard.
- 58. This is considered an acceptable variation given the context of the site within an inner urban environment with smaller lot sizes, and an established neighbourhood character of adjacent lots with high site coverage such as No. 194 Nicholson Street (to the south) and No. 198 Nicholson Street (to the north). In addition, the dwelling will continue to be provided with approximately 42sqm of private open space at the rear of the dwelling.

Standard A6 – Permeability

59. Complies with the Standard. The standard for permeability states that the site area covered by permeable surfaces should be at least 20% of the site. The proposal will result in 50sqm of permeable surfaces within the site or approximately 28% of the total site which exceeds the requirement of the Standard.

Standard A7 – Energy Efficiency Protection

- 60. Complies with the Standard. As a garage is not a habitable room, solar access is of less importance than if it were likely to be occupied more frequently and for longer periods at a time. Nonetheless, west-facing glazed windows will provide access to daylight and natural ventilation when required.
- 61. With regards to the surrounding properties, the proposed garage will not reduce the energy efficiency of existing dwellings on adjoining lots as it will cause no reduction of solar access into any adjoining windows or private open space. This is a result of the garage abutting existing boundary walls of No. 96 Yarra Street and its location south of the private open space of No. 198 Nicholson Street.

Standard A11 – Walls on Boundaries

62. Complies with the objectives.

Northern Wall

- 63. Along the northern boundary, the permissible length of wall must not exceed a total length of 14.63m (for a title length of 28.51m), unless abutting a simultaneously constructed wall. The total length of walls along the northern boundary (including the proposed garage at the rear of the site) will be approximately 18.64m, which exceeds the requirement of the Standard.
- 64. In terms of height, the 2.8m high northern garage wall does not exceed the 3.2m average and 3.6m maximum height as specified by the Standard.
- 65. Having regard to the above, the proposed wall is considered acceptable for the following reasons:
 - (a) Walls on boundaries are a common feature of the surrounding area and thus the proposal will not be out of character.
 - (b) The proposed 2.8m high garage wall along the northern boundary will not impact on the amenity of the northern property (No. 198 Nicholson Street) as the garage will not create any overshadowing over the property's private open space.
 - (c) With regards to visual bulk, although the 2.8m high garage is an increase in height from the 2.1m high paling fence, the garage will remain lesser in height than the existing weatherboard structure along the northern boundary to the west.

In addition, the proposed timber weatherboard cladding painted white would present as a softer material as opposed to a dark cement render which is typical of garages.



Figure 3: Proposed north elevation (Application submission)

Eastern Wall

66. Along the eastern (rear) boundary, the proposed garage abuts an existing boundary wall of adjoining property No. 96 Yarra Street which is approximately 12.7m long and 5.6m high. Given the proposed garage is built for a length of 6.38m with an overall height (including the faux gable parapet) of 4m, the Standard is met as the garage does not exceed the length and height of the existing boundary wall.

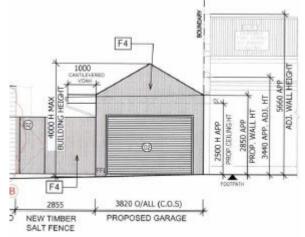


Figure 4: Proposed south elevation (Application submission)

Standard A14 – Overshadowing open space objective

- 67. Complies with the Standard. The subject site is orientated in a north-west and south-east direction and as such, causes shadows to the west in the morning and east in the afternoon. This standard protects only secluded private open space from shadows.
- 68. Given the location of the subject site, the proposed shadows (on 22 September) cast by the garage would largely be within the private open space of the subject site, existing shadows cast by existing dwellings/structures and over Yarra Street.

<u>9am</u>

69. As shown in figure 3, no adjacent areas of secluded private open space are impacted upon as the shadows of the proposed garage fall predominantly over the subject site, existing shadows cast by existing dwellings/structure and over the pedestrian footpath and Yarra Street.





Figure 5: 9am shadow diagram – addition shadows shown in orange (Applicant Submission)

<u>12noon</u>

70. As shown in Figure 4, the proposed garage continues to not cast additional shadowing on any adjoining secluded private open spaces. At midday, additional shadows will be cast over the private open space of the subject site and across Yarra Street.



Figure 6: 12noon shadow diagram – addition shadows shown in orange (Applicant Submission)

<u>3pm</u>

71. As shown in figure 5, additional amounts of shadow will occur of the proposed crossover, pedestrian footpath and road in front of No. Yarra Street.



Figure 7: 3pm shadow diagram – addition shadows shown in orange (Applicant Submission)

Standard A17 – Private Open Space

72. Complies with the Standard. The standard for POS states that a dwelling should have POS consisting of an area of 80sqm or 20% of the area of the lot, whichever is the lesser, but not less than 40sqm.

73. Under the proposal, the private open space will comprise approximately 42sqm which is in excess of the 35.4sqm as required by the Standard. This POS can be considered secluded private open space as the existing 3.2m to 3.7m high weatherboard fence and proposed 2m high timber fence provides privacy from Yarra Street, as well as the 3.2m to 3.7m high weatherboard fence and existing 2.1m high timber paling fence along the northern boundary.

Standard A19 – Design Detail

- 74. Complies with Standard. The standard encourages design detail that respects the existing or preferred neighbourhood character. The proposal is an appropriate response to the surrounding neighbourhood character of Yarra Street and can be supported on the following grounds:
 - (a) The presentation of the proposed garage entrance to street is considered to be acceptable in light of the established pattern of existing garage doors which face onto Yarra Street.
 - (b) The faux gable parapet is not considered to be an appropriate design response to the surrounding neighbourhood character. This will be discussed further in the Heritage Assessment and a condition will be require its deletion.
 - (c) The proposed vertical timber battens along the garage's façade and the Colorbond garage door in the colour "Woodland Grey" would allow the garage to blend in with the existing streetscape given the common use of timber and weatherboard, as well as the types of garage/roller doors at No. 8 Hunter Street and No. 194 Nicholson Street.

Standard A20 – Front Fences

75. Complies with the Standard. The standard for front fences within 3m of a street (other than a street in a Road Zone, Category 1) is a maximum height of 1.5m. The proposed front timber picket fence and pedestrian gate will have a maximum height of 1.25m which meets the requirements of the standard.

Heritage Assessment

76. The decision guidelines from *Clause 43.01-4 Heritage Overlay* and policy from *Clause 22.02* (*Development Guidelines for Sites Subject to the Heritage Overlay*) of the Scheme are used to assess the proposed works, in-order to ensure that there is consistency achieved with the heritage values of the surrounding area.

Demolition

77. The proposed demolition is consistent with the directions provided under *Clause 22.02-5.1* of the Scheme which states *generally encourage the retention of a building in a heritage place, unless the building is identified as being not contributory*. The subject site is identified as a 'not-contributory' building, therefore the extent of demolition is supported and will not adversely impact the heritage significance of the heritage precinct. Council's Heritage Advisor is supportive of the extent of demolition.

Proposed works

Fence

78. The proposed construction of a 1.25m high timber picket fence is considered acceptable as it is consistent under *Clause 22.02-5.3* of the Scheme which supports *the reconstruction of a building or works which previously existed in a heritage place if the reconstruction will enhance the heritage significance of the heritage place.*

Verandah

79. Council's Heritage Advisor is not supportive of the proposed hipped roof replacement for the front verandah as the Victorian-era dwelling would have traditionally included a 'bullnose' or 'hipped 'convex' verandah form. Additionally, the material proposed for the verandah roof is 'replacement unpainted Heritage Grade Z600 ZincAlume roof sheeting over verandah'. Heritage Grade Z600 and ZincAlume are two different products. It is recommended that the material schedule should delete any reference to ZincAlume as it is a highly reflective material and not supported within areas of the Heritage Overlay. A condition will be applied to replace the proposed hipped verandah roof with a bullnose roof and to delete any references to ZincAlume. The applicant has been notified of both of these conditions.

<u>Garage</u>

- 80. *Clause 22.02-5.7* provides direction as to the appropriate design and location of a new development. *Clause 22.02-5.7.2 (Corner Sites and Sites with Dual Frontage)* provides direction as to the specific requirements of new developments on corner sites and sites with dual frontages. The proposed single-storey garage located on a corner lot is appropriate for a number of reasons which are described below.
- 81. The proposed garage is setback approximately 24.6m from the principle façade along Nicholson Street and is built along the southern boundary along Yarra Street. The façade of the garage along Yarra Street is proposed to include a faux gable parapet measuring at a maximum height of 4m which conceals the flat roofed garage with maximum wall heights of 2.8m.
- 82. As the proposed garage is to directly abut the adjoining 'contributory' graded dwelling at No. 96 Yarra Street, Council's Heritage Advisor suggested that removing the faux gable parapet would open up views to the 'contributory' dwelling which would be a more appropriate outcome for the heritage streetscape. Additionally through the deletion of the parapet, this will ensure that the heritage building to the east is not visually dominated.
- 83. Additionally, Council's Planning Officer considers the faux gable parapet to be a poor design outcome for the heritage streetscape as it adds no value to the garage itself or the 'contributory' graded dwelling directly abutting to the east. The faux gable would appear to be a two dimensional structure attached arbitrarily on top of the proposed garage which provides no real purpose as the garage has a flat roof. A condition will be applied to remove the faux gable parapet from the garage's Yarra Street façade. The applicant has been notified of this condition.
- 84. The proposed garage built along the southern boundary reflects the existing setback of the property at No. 194 Nicholson Street to the south, which occupies the south-eastern corner of the intersection between Nicholson Street and Yarra Street. The dwelling (No. 194 Nicholson Street) and rear garage fronting Yarra Street is built along the entire length of its northern boundary with no setbacks.



Figure 8: View of No. 194 Nicholson Street (Google Maps)

- 85. Council's Heritage Advisor is supportive of the overall contemporary design and material finishes of the proposed garage as it is considered to be *complementary, but not faux heritage*. Council's Heritage Advisor has stated that although the proposal is contemporary, it is *sympathetic to the surrounding area in materiality and scale*. The combination of material, design and built form, the proposed garage will be distinguishable from the original historic fabric of the surrounding heritage precinct but will not dominate the adjoining 'contributory' building (No. 96 Yarra Street) or the streetscape.
- 86. Council's Heritage Advisor is supportive of the proposed crossover along the northern pedestrian footpath of Yarra Street as *it is at the rear of a non-contributory property, it will not involve the removal of traditional materials like bluestone pitchers, and this section of Yarra Street (near Nicholson Street) is more of a side street than a principle street front.*
- 87. Overall, the proposal appropriately responds to the particular requirements contained within Clause 22.02 and Clause 43.01 of the Scheme, and therefore, subject to conditions, is considered acceptable in relation to the heritage context of the street and would not unreasonably impact the heritage significance of the Charles Street Heritage Precinct.

Vehicle Access

- 88. The comments from Council's Engineering Department state that the proposed garage and vehicle access from Yarra Street are generally satisfactory and comply with relevant *Design Standard 1 (Accessways)* and *Design Standard 2 (Car Parking Spaces)* of *Clause 52.06.*
- 89. With regards to the loss of one on-street parking, Council's Engineering Department comments that the loss of one car space should not have a detrimental impact on the parking amenity in Yarra Street and in the surrounding streets.
- 90. The Engineering Department comments outline a number of issues relating to the legal point of discharge and street tree protection which will be address through standard conditions. Council's Engineering Department confirmed that the applicant must liaise with Council's Open Space unit regarding the relocation/removal of the street tree in in the area of the new vehicle crossing in Yarra Street. All costs associated with the relocation/removal of the tree will be the responsibility of the permit holder. This has been included as a condition and the applicant has been notified.
- 91. Overall, the proposed garage and car parking arrangements is considered satisfactory subject to the conditions described above.

Objector Concerns

92. This has been addressed in paragraphs 76 to 87.

Street impacts (removal of on-street car park and street tree, and addition of a new vehicle cross over)

93. The removal of one on-street car park and the addition of a new vehicle cross over is addressed in paragraphs 88 to 91. The proposed replacement of the street tree is addressed in paragraph 90.

Amenity issues (noise from garage use and visual bulk)

- 94. The use of a garage within a Neighbourhood Residential Zone (Schedule 1) does not require a permit. Additionally, garages are typical of residential areas including the local area surrounding the subject site.
- 95. The issue of visual bulk is addressed in paragraphs 65.

Built form issues (lack setback and permeability, and overdevelopment)

- 96. The issue of setback (street setback and walls on boundaries) are addressed in paragraphs 54 to 55 and paragraphs 62 to 66.
- 97. The issue of permeability is addressed in paragraph 59.
- 98. The issue of site coverage (overdevelopment) is addressed in paragraphs 57 to 58.

Diminish financial value of properties

99. This is not a planning consideration.

Conclusion

100. The proposal demonstrates an acceptable level of compliance with the policy requirements outlined in the Yarra Planning Scheme. Based on the above report, the proposal is considered to comply with relevant planning policy and is supported, subject to conditions.

RECOMMENDATION

That a Notice of Decision to Grant a Planning Permit PLN17/0774 be issued for development of the land for the construction of a garage at the rear of the existing dwelling, including alterations to the front facade and part demolition at 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford generally in accordance with the plans noted previously as the "decision plans" and subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Before the development commences, amended plans to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority must be submitted to and approved by the Responsible Authority. When approved, the plans will be endorsed and will then form part of this permit. The plans must be drawn to scale with dimensions, and three copies must be provided. The plans must be generally in accordance with the decision plans but modified to show:
 - (a) the proposed hipped verandah roof replaced with a 'bullnose' or 'hipped convex' verandah roof.
 - (b) the deletion of any references to 'ZincAlume' within the material schedule.
 - (c) the proposed faux gable parapet to be replaced with a flat parapet not exceeding 100m above the maximum height of the garage, i.e. 2.85m.

- 2. The development as shown on the endorsed plans must not be altered (unless the Yarra Planning Scheme specifies that a permit is not required) without the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority.
- 3. Before the development commences, the permit holder must make a one-off contribution to the Responsible Authority to be used for:
 - (a) the removal of the existing street tree;
 - (b) the replacement and planting of the new street tree;
 - (c) all costs associated with the replanting, plus two year establishment costs at the expense of the property owner; and
 - (d) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 4. Within 2 months of the works being completed, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, any damage to Council infrastructure resulting from the development must be reinstated:
 - (a) at the permit holder's cost; and
 - (b) to the satisfaction of the Responsible Authority.
- 5. Except with the prior written consent of the Responsible Authority, demolition or construction works must not be carried out:
 - (a) Monday-Friday (excluding public holidays) before 7 am or after 6 pm;
 - (b) Saturdays and public holidays (other than ANZAC Day, Christmas Day and Good Friday)before 9 am or after 3 pm; or
 - (c) Sundays, ANZAC Day, Christmas Day and Good Friday at any time.
- 6. This permit will expire if:
 - (a) the development is not commenced within two years of the date of this permit; or
 - (b) the development is not completed within four years of the date of this permit.

The Responsible Authority may extend the periods referred to if a request is made in writing before the permit expires or within six months afterwards for commencement or within twelve months afterwards for completion.

Notes:

This site is subject to a Heritage Overlay. A planning permit may be required for any external works.

A building permit may be required before development is commenced. Please contact Council's Building Services on 9205 5585 to confirm.

Provision must be made for drainage of the site to a legal point of discharge. Please contact Council's Building Services on 9205 5585 for further information.

A vehicle crossing permit is required for the construction of the vehicle crossing(s). Please contact Council's Construction Management Branch on 9205 5585 for further information.

A local law permit (e.g. Asset Protection Permit, Road Occupation Permit) may be required before development is commenced. Please contact Council's Construction Management Branch on Ph. 9205 5585 to confirm.

CONTACT OFFICER:	Emily Zeng
TITLE:	Statutory Planner
TEL:	03 9205 5363

Attachments

- 1 PLN17/0744 196 Nicholson Street Abbotsford Engineering comments
- 2 PLN17/0744 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford Subject Land
- 3 PLN17/0744 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford Heritage Comments
- 4 PLN17/0744 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford Heritage Comments (pdf) [22.01.2018]

Agenda Page 250 Attachment 1 - PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicholson Street Abbotsford - Engineering comments





То:	Emily Zeng	
From:	Artemis Bacani	
Date:	18 January 2018	
Subject:	Application No: Description: Site Address:	PLN17/0744 New Garage - Dwelling 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford

I refer to the above Planning Application received on 18 January 2018 in relation to the proposed development at 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford. Council's Engineering Services unit provides the following information:

DEVELOPMENT LAYOUT DESIGN Layout Design Assessment

ltem	Assessment
Access Arrangements	
Access off Yarra Street	The <i>Proposed Site Plan</i> shows that the north footpath and carriageway widths are approximately 2.10 metres and 5.83 metres respectively.
Garage Entrance	The width of the garage doorway is 3.0 metres.
	Off a 7.93 metre wide apron, the proposed 3.0 metre wide garage doorway is sufficient to provide access for a B85 design vehicle via Yarra Street.
Headroom Clearance	A headroom clearance of 2.1 metres has been provided which satisfies Design standard 1 – Accessways of Clause 52.06-9.
Vehicle Crossing	New 3.0 metre wide vehicle crossing.
Car Parking Module	
Internal Dimensions of Garage	The unobstructed internal dimension of the garage of 3.6 metres by 6.11 metres satisfies <i>Designs standard 2 – Car parking spaces</i> .

Capital Works Programme

A check of the Capital Works Programme for 2017/18 indicates that no infrastructure works have been approved or proposed within the area of the site at this time.

Attachment 1 - PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicholson Street Abbotsford - Engineering comments ENGINEERING CONDITIONS Civil Works

Upon the completion of all building works and connections for underground utility services,

 The new vehicle crossing must be constructed in accordance with Council's Standard Drawings and Engineering requirements. The crossing must be able to accommodate the ground clearance for a B85 design vehicle.

Road Asset Protection

 Any damaged roads, footpaths and other road related infrastructure adjacent to the development site as a result of the construction works, including trenching and excavation for utility service connections, must be reconstructed to Council's satisfaction and at the developer's expense.

Impact of Assets on Proposed Development

- Any services poles, structures or pits that interfere with the proposal must be adjusted, removed or relocated at the owner's expense after seeking approval from the relevant authority.
- Areas must be provided inside the property line and adjacent to the footpath to accommodate pits and meters. No private pits, valves or meters on Council property will be accepted.

NON-PLANNING ADVICE FOR THE APPLICANT

Legal Point of Discharge

The applicant must apply for a Legal Point of Discharge under Regulation 610 – Stormwater Drainage of the *Building Regulations 2006* from Yarra Building Services unit. Any storm water drainage within the property must be provided and be connected to the nearest Council pit of adequate depth and capacity (legal point of discharge), or to Council's satisfaction under Section 200 of the *Local Government Act 1989* and Regulation 610.

Street Tree Protection - Yarra Street Road Frontage

The applicant must liaise with Council's Open Space unit regarding the relocation/removal of the street tree in in the area of the new vehicle crossing in Yarra Street. All costs associated with the relocation/removal of the tree will be the responsibility of the Permit Holder.

Loss of On-Street Parking

The construction of the new vehicle crossing will result in the removal of one car space on the north side of Yarra Street. The loss of one car space should not have a detrimental impact on the parking amenity in Yarra Street and in the surrounding streets.

Regards

Artemis Bacani Civil Roads Engineer Engineering Services Unit

SUBJECT SITE

196 NICHOLSON STREET, ABBOTSFORD 3067







Attachment 3 - PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford - Heritage Comments

Zeng, Emily

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From:	Redden, Ruth
Sent:	Tuesday, 16 January 2018 12:28 PM
То:	Zeng, Emily
Subject:	TRIM: 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford (PLN17/1744)
HP TRIM Record Number:	D18/7856

Hi Emily,

I've had a look at the application for 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford (PLN17/1744) and make the following comments and recommendations:

The subject site is a Victorian-era property, but is listed as non-contributory. Nevertheless restoration works have been proposed which are supported, but they should be done properly so that the building can potentially contribute to the character of the area once again.

Regarding the verandah roof:

- The original form was likely to be bullnose, not skillion as proposed.
- 'Heritage grade Z600' and 'Zincalume' and two different products. Zincalume is highly reflective and not supported in HO areas. The material list should delete any reference to Zincalume.

The proposed garage:

- Should not unreasonably block views to the adjoining contributory building (No.96 Yarra Street). The façade of the garage is just a parapet, so from oblique views the side wall of No.96 will still be visible.
- The overall appearance of the garage is supported as being contemporary, but sympathetic to the surrounding
 area in materiality and scale. It is complementary, but not faux heritage. The scale of the garage will maintain a
 reasonable level of visibility to immediately adjoining contributory fabric, and will not dominate the adjoining
 building.
- The proposed crossover is supported as it is at the rear of a non-contributory property, it will not involve the removal of traditional materials like bluestone pitchers, and this section of Yarra Street (near Nicholson Street) is more of a side street than a principal street front.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1) Substitute skillion verandah roof for a bullnose verandah.
- 2) Delete all references to Zincalume.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you require further comments or clarification on the above.

Regards, Ruth Redden Heritage Advisor (Thursday and Friday, 9am-3pm)

City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond 3121 E Ruth.Redden@yarracity.vic.gov.au W www.yarracity.vic.gov.au

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Attachment 4 - PLN17/0744 - 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford - Heritage Comments (pdf) [22.01.2018]

Zeng, Emily

From:	Redden, Ruth
Sent:	Monday, 22 January 2018 11:22 AM
То:	Zeng, Emily
Subject:	TRIM: 196 Nicholson Street, Abbotsford
HP TRIM Record Number:	D18/11102

Hi Emily,

Regarding the proposed gabled parapet over garage

As discussed, heritage is ok with either a gable or flat parapet. However, a flat parapet would open up views to the adjoining contributory building. As such a flat parapet is first preference, a gabled parapet second preference.

Regarding the verandah roof

A double fronted Victorian era dwelling like this would have had a' bullnose' or 'hipped convex' form. It is unlikely that it would have had a straight skillion roof, this isn't a common detail for this type of building. Google streetview shows that it was likely to have a 'hipped convex' roof.

Given that there is no evidence of a straight skillion roof (as proposed), it would be better for the verandah to be substituted for a more traditional form. I.e. hipped convex, or bullnose.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if you require further comments or clarification on the above.

Regards, Ruth Redden Heritage Advisor (Thursday and Friday, 9am-3pm)

City of Yarra PO Box 168 Richmond 3121 E Ruth.Redden@yarracity.vic.gov.au W www.yarracity.vic.gov.au

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