#### 88 NEPTUNE ST, RICHMOND **TOWN PLANNING** LAYOUT ID: LAYOUT NAME PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED FIRST FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED ELEVATIONS PROPOSED ELEVATIONS PROPOSED DOOR SCHEDULE PROPOSED WINDOW SCHEDULE 1 PROPOSED WINDOW SCHEDULE 2 TITLE PAGE SITE INFORMATION NEIGHBOURHOOD & SITE DESCRIPTION NEIGHBOURHOOD CHARACTER. NEIGHBOURHOOD CHARACTER PLANNING CONTROLS PLANNING CONTROLS SITE SURVEY SITE LOCATION PLAN EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED FIRST FLOOR PLAN PROPOSED ROOF PLAN SITE MASSING DIAGRAMS PROPOSED ELEVATIONS PROPOSED ELEVATIONS EXTERIOR PRESPECTIVE EXTERIOR PRESPECTIVE SHADOW DIAGRAMS 2PM SHADOW DIAGRAMS 3PM NORTH OVERLOOKING STUDY - 28 CORSAIR ST NORTH OVERLOOKING STUDY - 32 CORSAIR ST These areas are indicative only and subject to council and other requisite approval. Areas are not to be used for marketing purposes. 2. This scheme has been prepared generally within the bounds of the current site dimensions however is subject to detailed discussion with council, hence may be subject to change once advice is received. 3. This design has been prepared without structural or services engineering input hence is subject to change once advice is received. 4. The information contained herein is believed to be correct at time on preparation based on the information available at time of preparation. Recipients must make their own investigations to satisfy themselves in all aspects. 5. The design and accompanying documentation contained herein is and remains the intellectual property of Richard A Woodward Architect. © Richard A Woodward, Architect. P: 0422 629 318 E-richardw@reZarchitecture.com ABN: 74821905764 ARBV no: 18290 CLIENT: PROJECT: DRAWING: PROJECT No. DRAWING No. Graeme and Bettina Chipp TITLE PAGE TP00 Proposed Residence 19006 1A Railway Place Hawthorn 3122 DATE: REVISION: Except as allowed under copyright act, no part of this drawing may be reproduced or otherwise dealt with without written permission of Richard A Woodward. 28/06/2020



88 Neptune Street, Richmond VIC 3121

Zoning Classification: General Residential Zone GRZ2

#### Planning Overlays:

#### Site Area:

202m<sup>2</sup>

Narrow, inner-city block with a mixed variety of surrounding building types and scales ranging from single-storey workers cottages to industrial-style two-storey blocks.

Aerial view of subject site

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CLIENT:

1A Railway Place Hawthorn 3122

Graeme and Bettina Chipp

PROJECT: Proposed Residence DRAWING: SITE INFORMATION PROJECT No. 19006 DATE: 28/06/2020

DRAWING No. TP01 REVISION:





#### NEIGHBOURHOOD & SITE DESCRIPTION

88 Neptune St, Richmond

#### Site Description

The site is a small lot positioned within a well established medium-high density residential environment. The street frontage is 6.65m wide while the rear (Western) frontage is 6.74 wide.

The side boundaries are 30.3m to the north and 30.25m to the south.

The total site area is 202m2

#### There is minimal fall to the site, rising from the East (Street) to the west.

There are no trees of significance on the site.

Currently the site is occupied by a single, single-level painted brick residence. There is limited landscaping currently, and the street frontage is dominated by an open carparking space due to the lack of any formal fen

Character of the area
Because this area used to be a manufacturing and commercial part of Melbourne, there is still evidence
of these past usages in some of the structures along Neptune Street, featuring robust, solid building forms.
Examples of these close to the subject site include numbers 93, 95 and 97 Neptune St (directly across from the subject site), and number 36A on the nearby street corner with Crossair St.

Generally, lot sizes in this area are long and narrow, which tends to favour townhouse and vertical living style dwellings.

There are also a number of multi-unit developments nearby to the site, including 77 Fraser St to the rear of the site.

Services and facilities within close proximity include
The subject site is located within 800m of the busy Bridge RD shopping strip with cafes, restaurants and supermarkets. It is also within close proximity to Bridge RD trams and Burnley train station.

<u>Design Response</u>

The proposed residence has been designed to present as two building forms, connected by a central glazed bridge in the middle. This presents as a much smaller and less imposing massing when viewed from the North, almost as if it is two separate buildings. In addition to this, central courtyards to the North and south of the glazed link are deep planting zones suitable for 3-4m high mature trees to further soften the proposal's interface to adjacent properties.

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CLIENT: Graeme and Bettina Chipp 1A Railway Place Hawthorn 3122

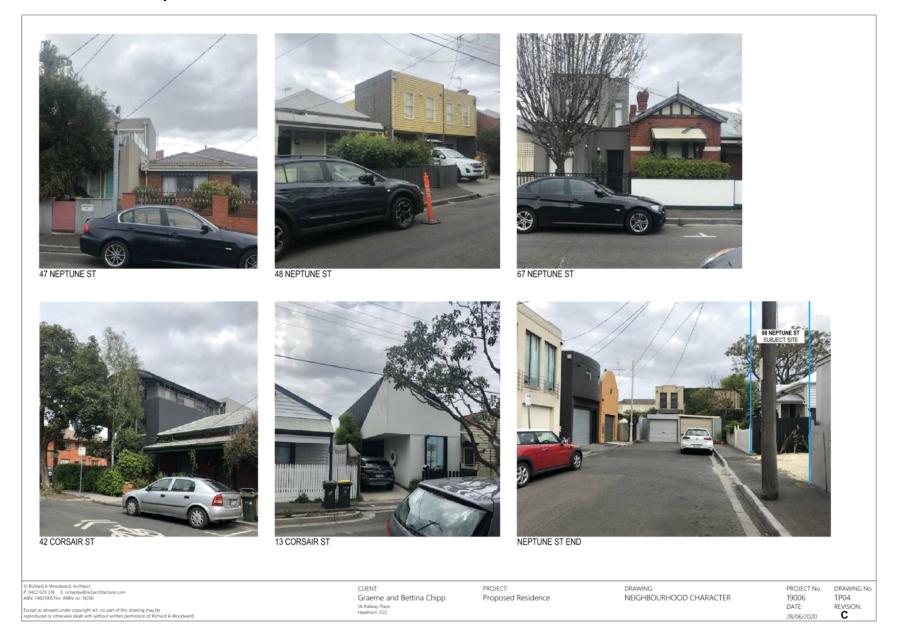
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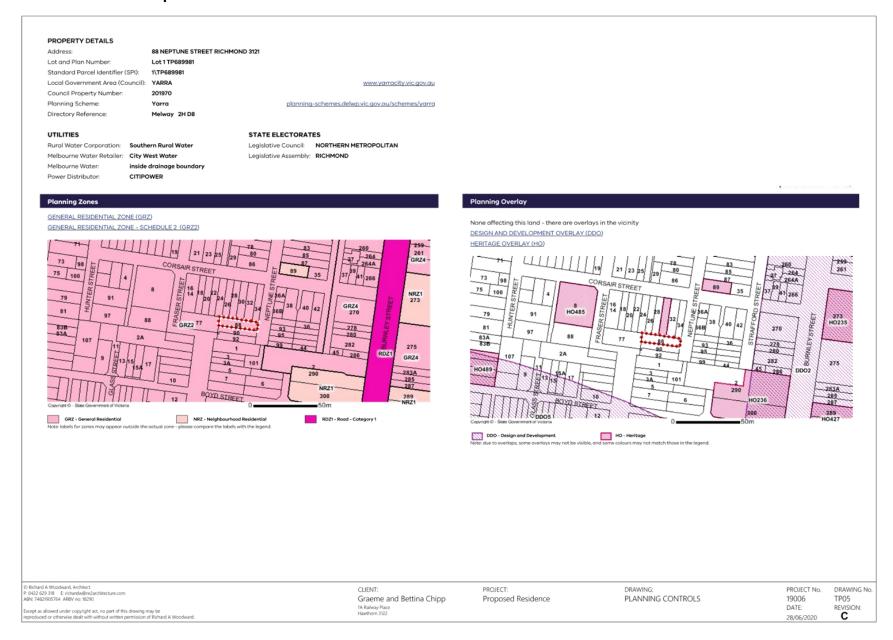
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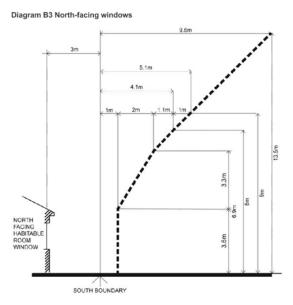
PROJECT No. 19006 DATE: 28/06/2020

DRAWING No. TP02 REVISION:









#### Decision guidelines

Before deciding on an application, the responsible authority must consider:

- The design response.
- · Existing sunlight to the north-facing habitable room window of the existing dwelling.
- . The impact on the amenity of existing dwellings.

#### 55.04-5 19/01/2006 VC37

#### Overshadowing open space objective

To ensure buildings do not significantly overshadow existing secluded private open space.

#### Standard B21

Where sunlight to the secluded private open space of an existing dwelling is reduced, at least 75 per cent, or 40 square metres with minimum dimension of 3 metres, whichever is the lesser area, of the secluded private open space should receive a minimum of five hours of sunlight between 9 am and 3 pm on 22 September.

If existing sunlight to the secluded private open space of an existing dwelling is less than the requirements of this standard, the amount of sunlight should not be further reduced.

#### Decision guidelines

Before deciding on an application, the responsible authority must consider:

- The design response.
- The impact on the amenity of existing dwellings.

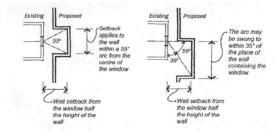
#### Standard B19

Buildings opposite an existing habitable room window should provide for a light court to the existing window that has a minimum area of 3 square metres and minimum dimension of 1 metre clear to the sky. The calculation of the area may include land on the abutting lot.

Walls or carports more than 3 metres in height opposite an existing habitable room window should be set back from the window at least 50 per cent of the height of the new wall if the wall is within a 55 degree arc from the centre of the existing window. The arc may be swung to within 35 degrees of the plane of the wall containing the existing window.

Where the existing window is above ground floor level, the wall height is measured from the floor level of the room containing the window.

#### Diagram B2 Daylight to existing windows



#### Decision guidelines

Before deciding on an application, the responsible authority must consider:

- The design response.
- The extent to which the existing dwelling has provided for reasonable daylight access to its
  habitable rooms through the siting and orientation of its habitable room windows.
- · The impact on the amenity of existing dwellings.

#### 55.04-4 10/12/2013 VC99

#### North-facing windows objective

To allow adequate solar access to existing north-facing habitable room windows.

#### Standard B20

If a north-facing habitable room window of an existing dwelling is within 3 metres of a boundary on an abutting lot, a building should be setback from the boundary 1 metre, plus 0.6 metres for every metre of height over 3.6 metres up to 6.9 metres, plus 1 metre for every metre of height over 6.9 metres, for a distance of 3 metres from the edge of each side of the window. A north-facing window is a window with an axis perpendicular to its surface oriented north 20 degrees west to north 30 degrees east.

PROJECT No.

28/06/2020

19006

DATE

DRAWING No.

TP06

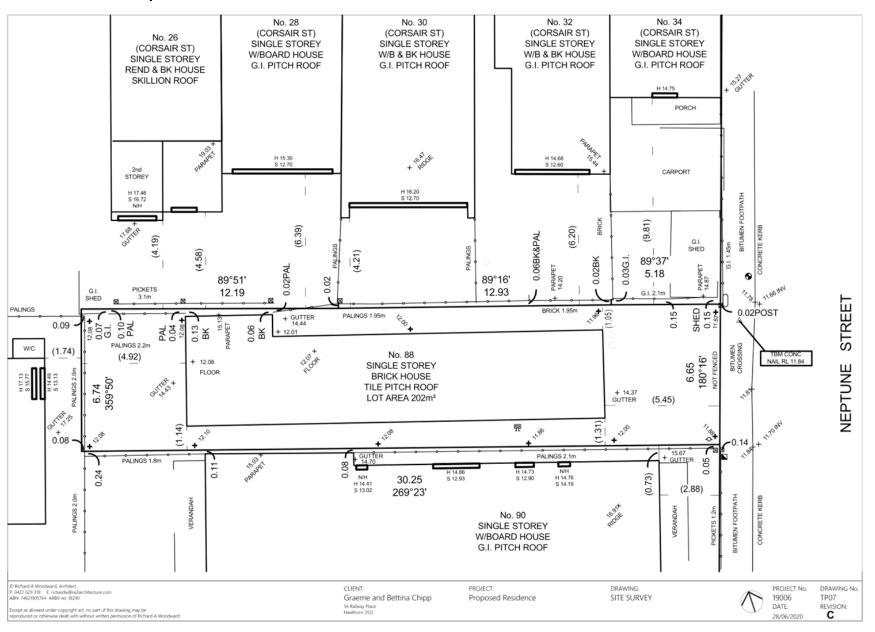
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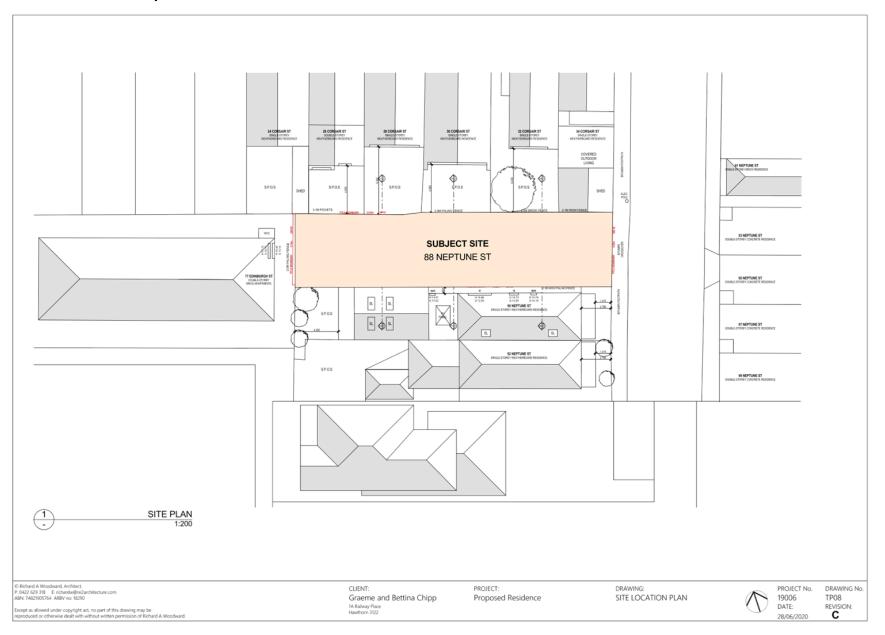
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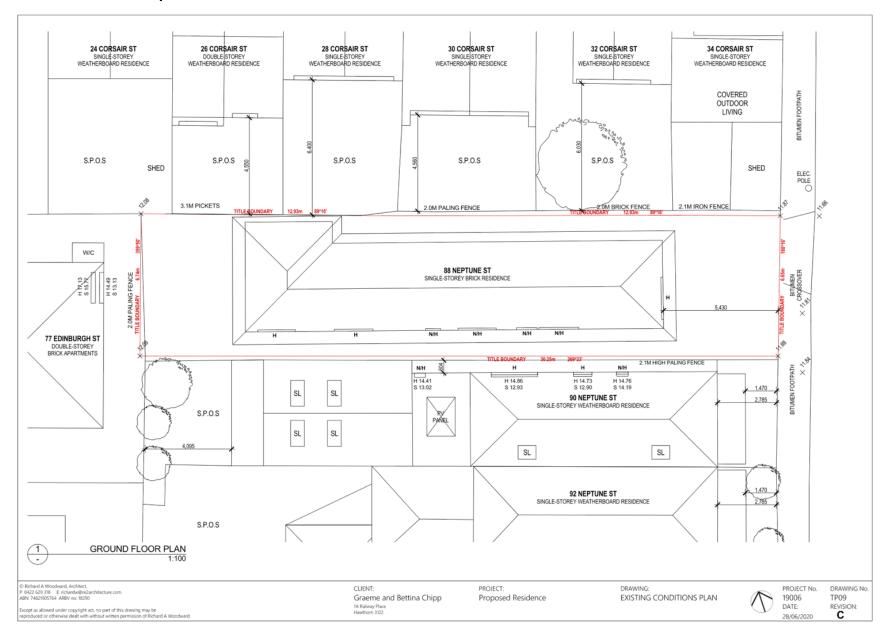
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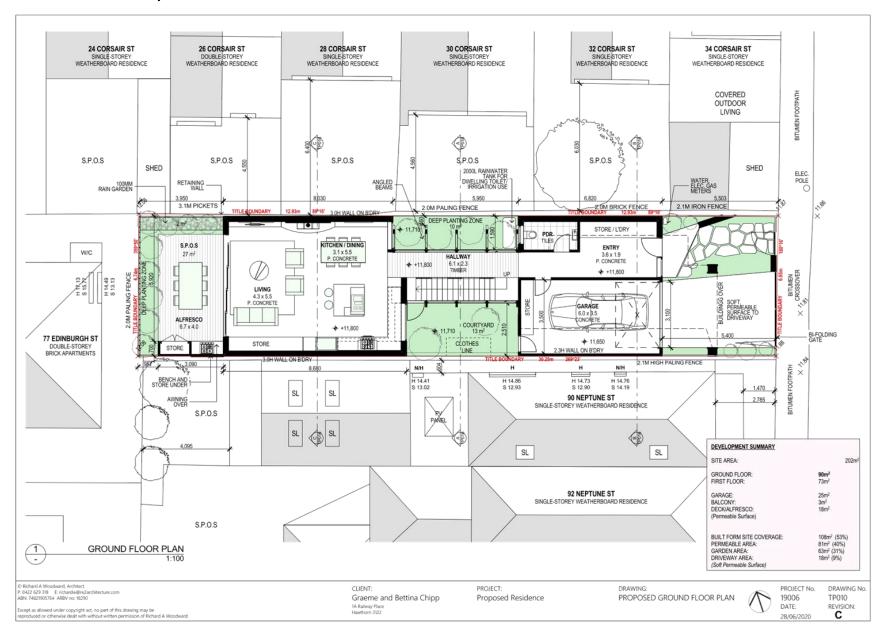
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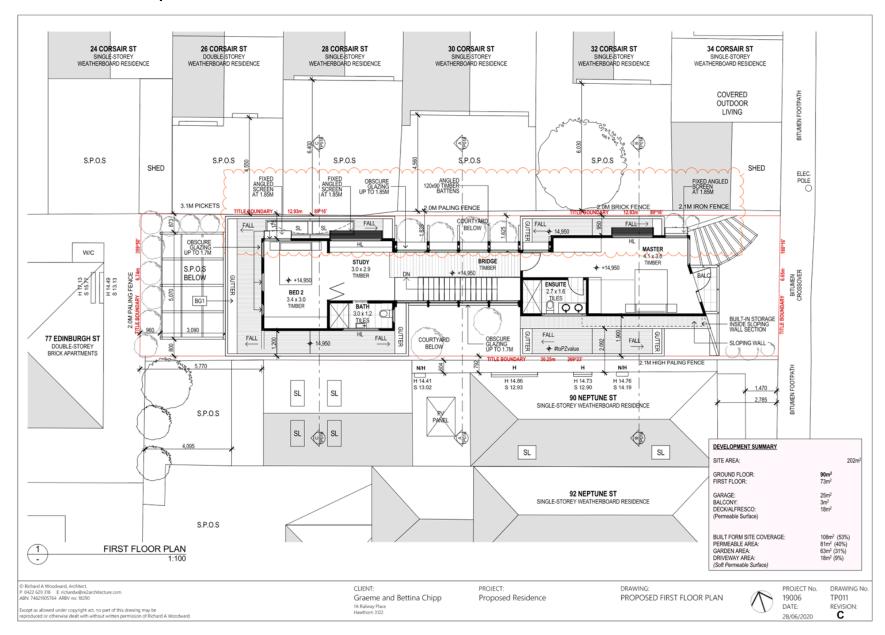
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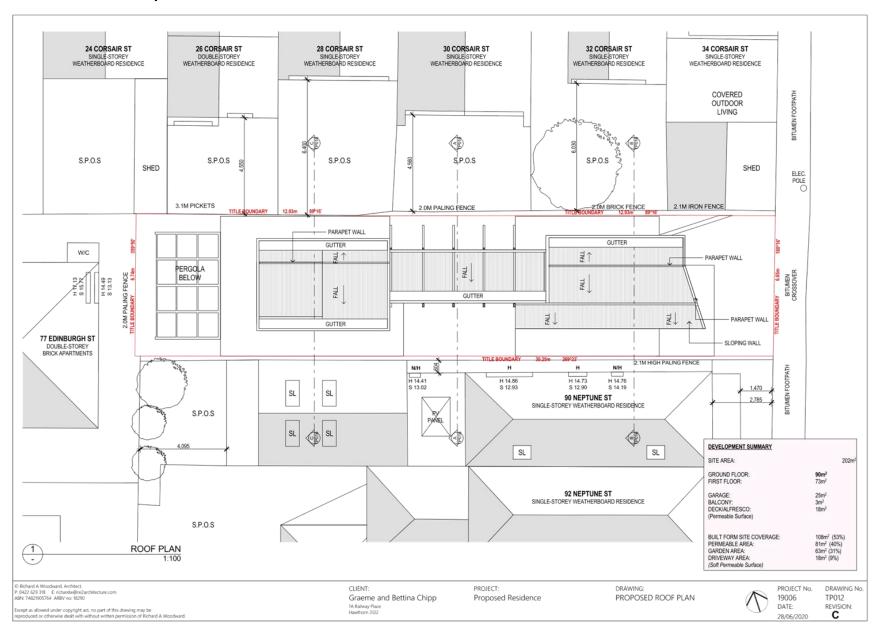


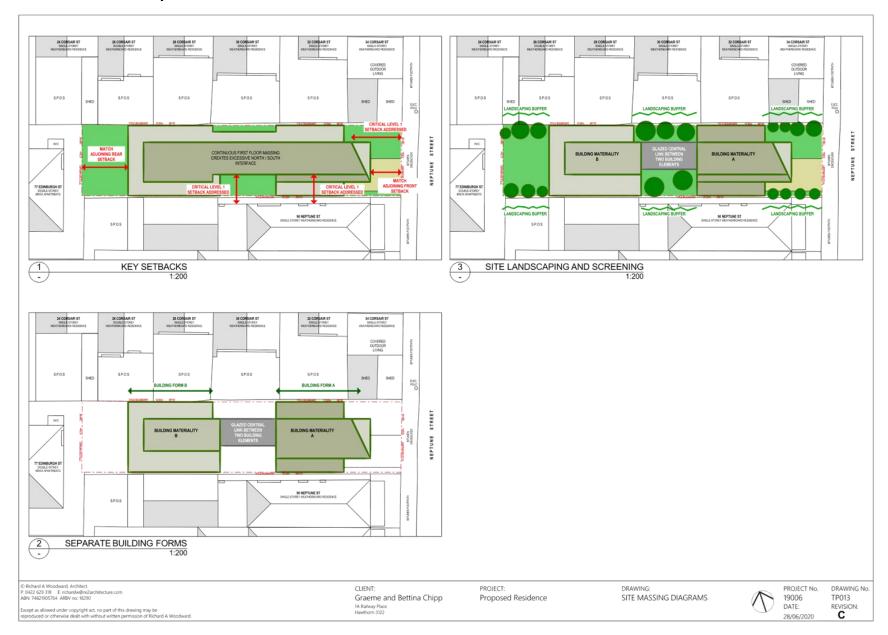


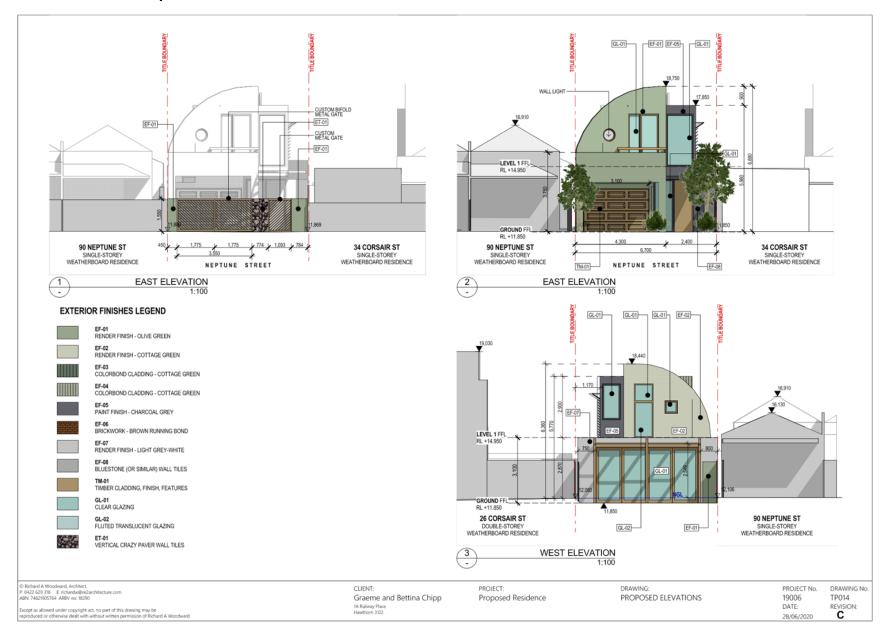




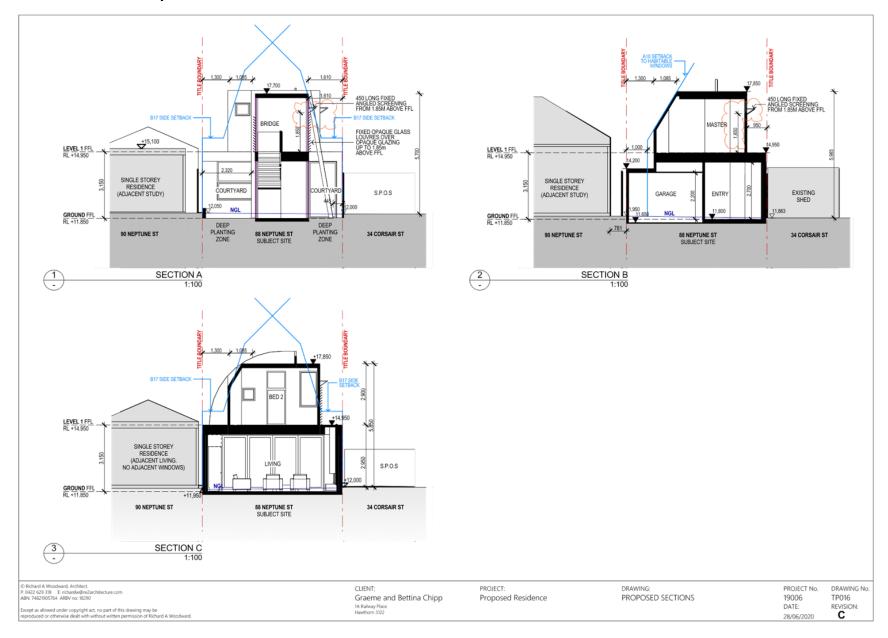


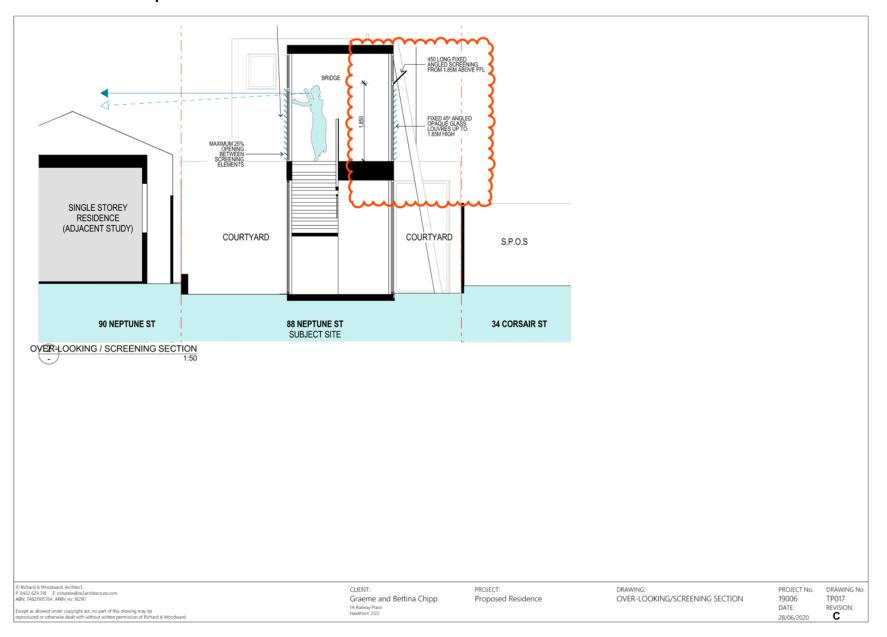






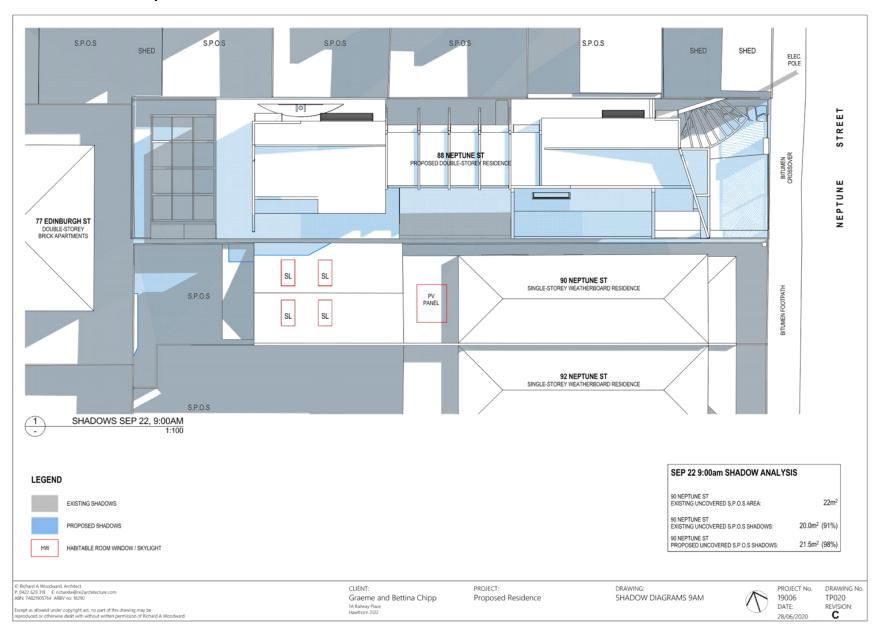


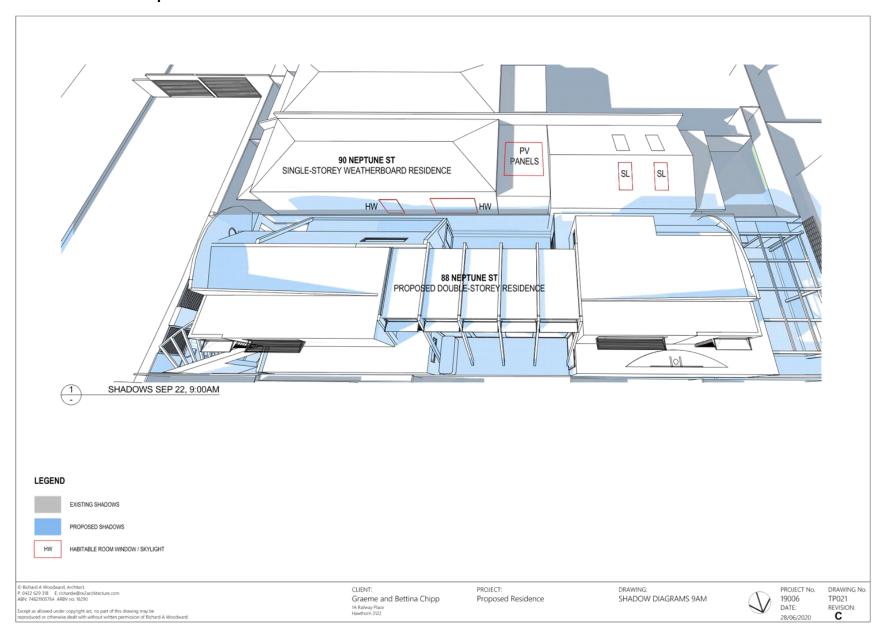


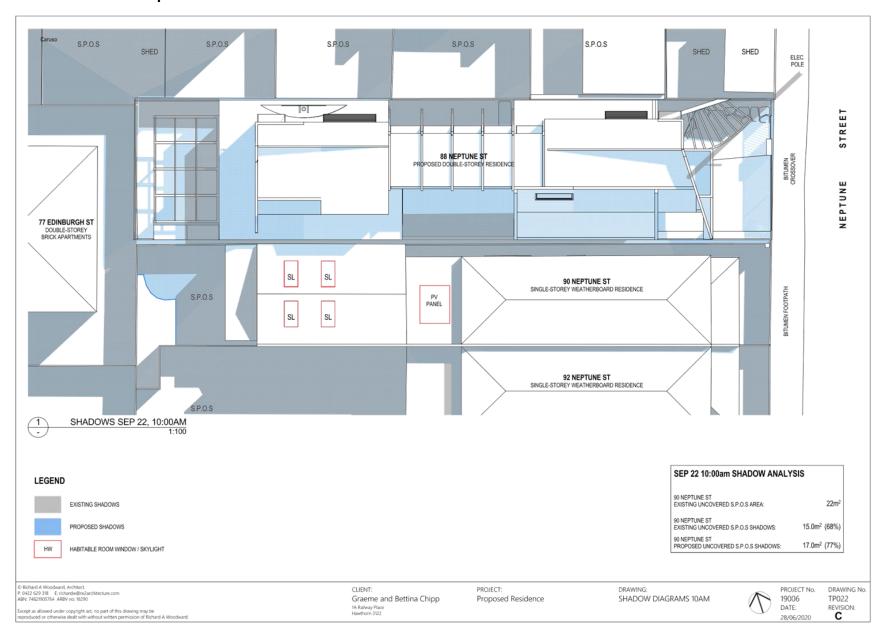


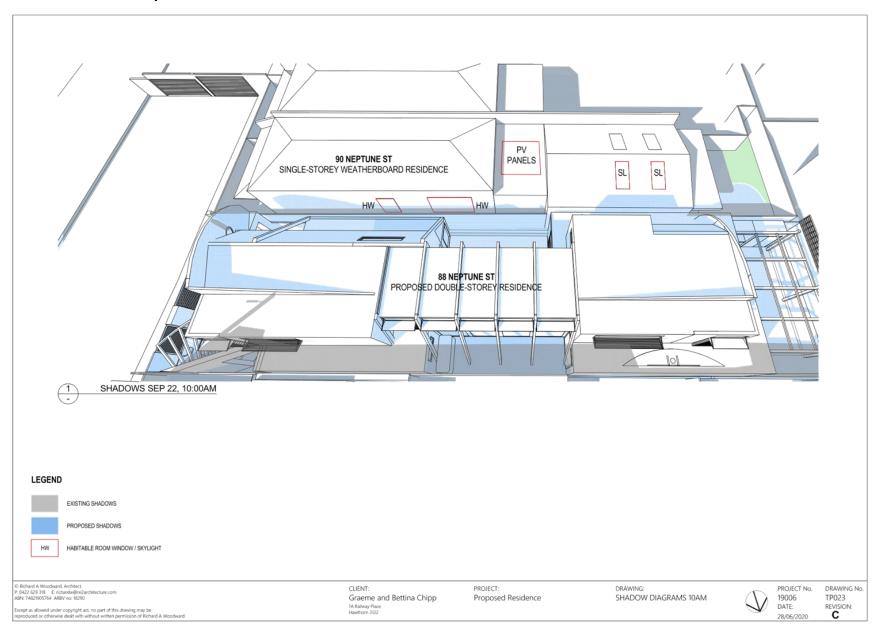


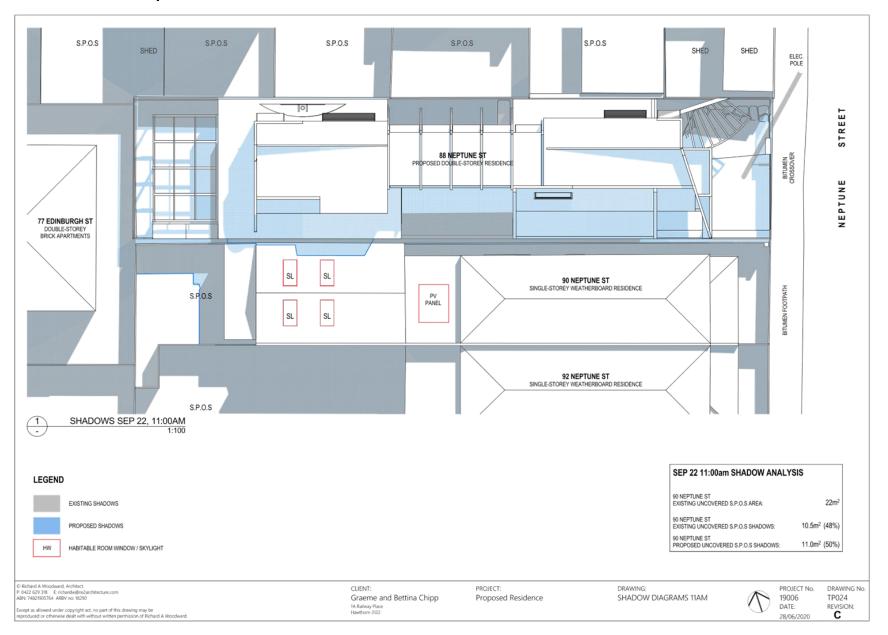


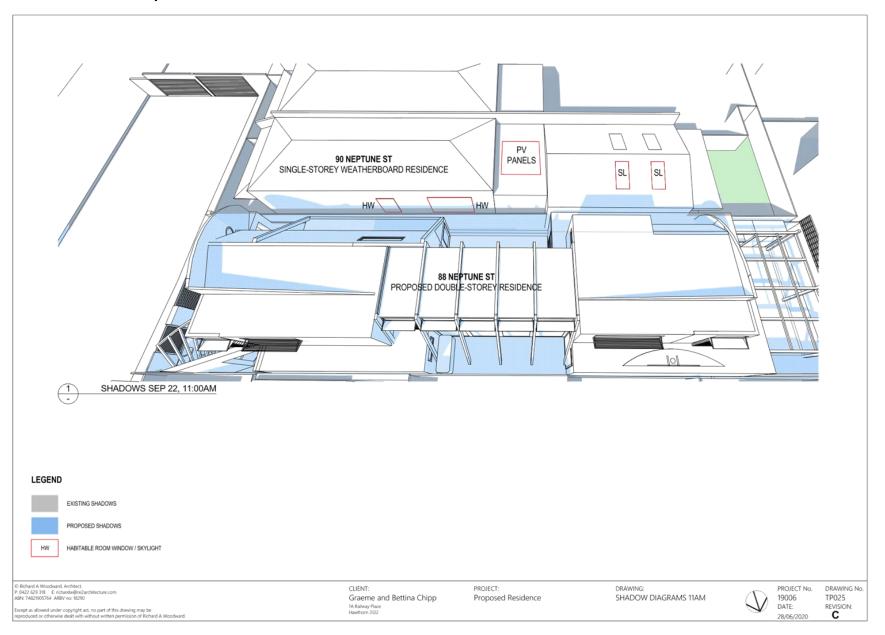


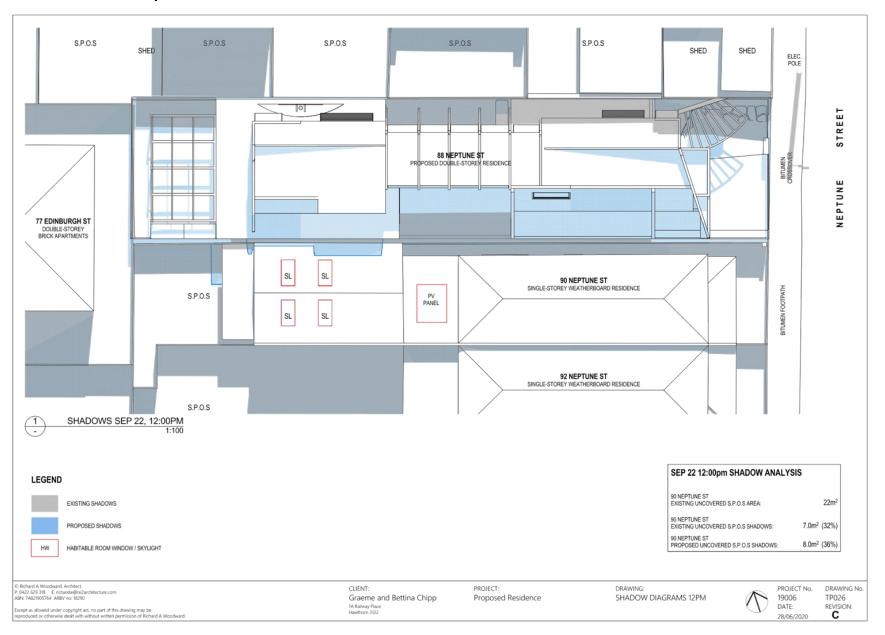


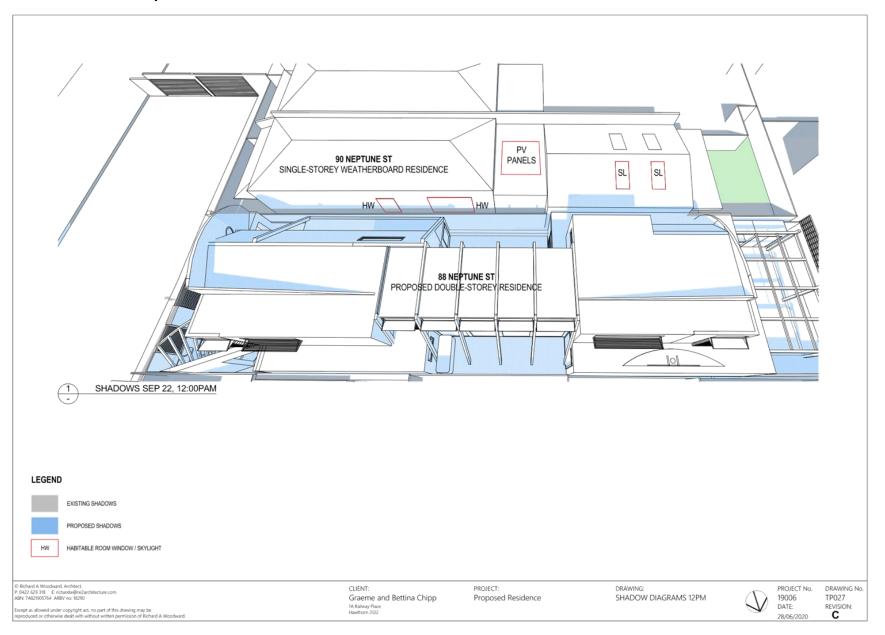


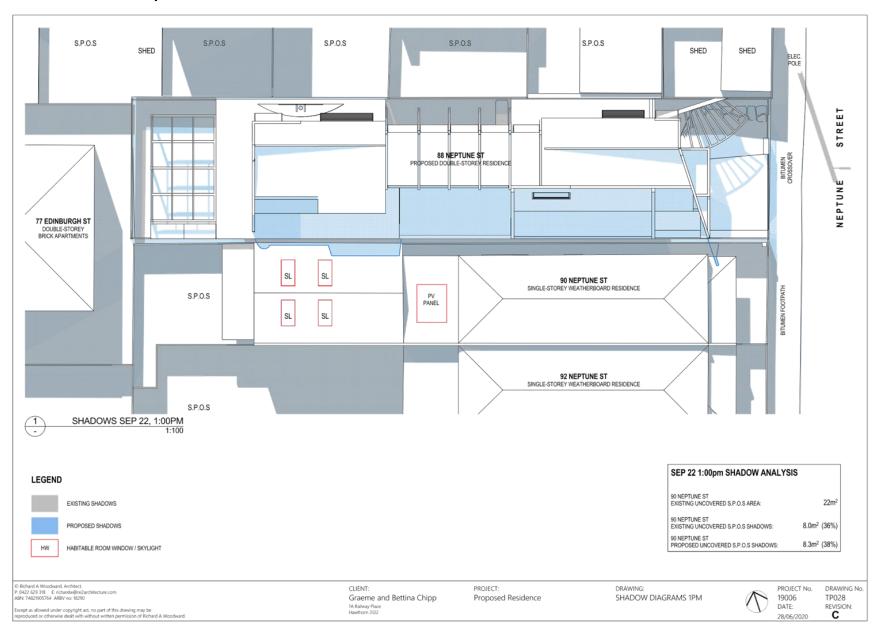


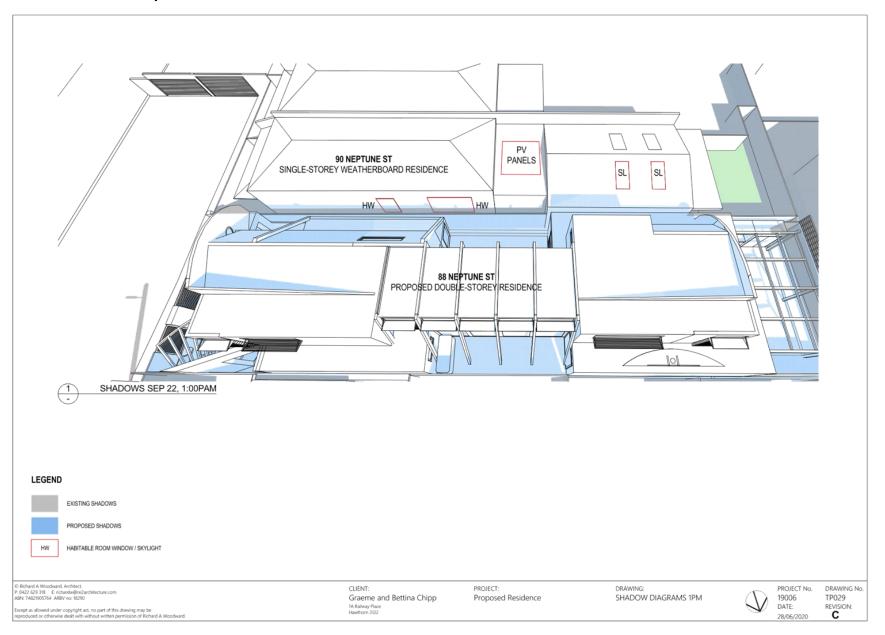


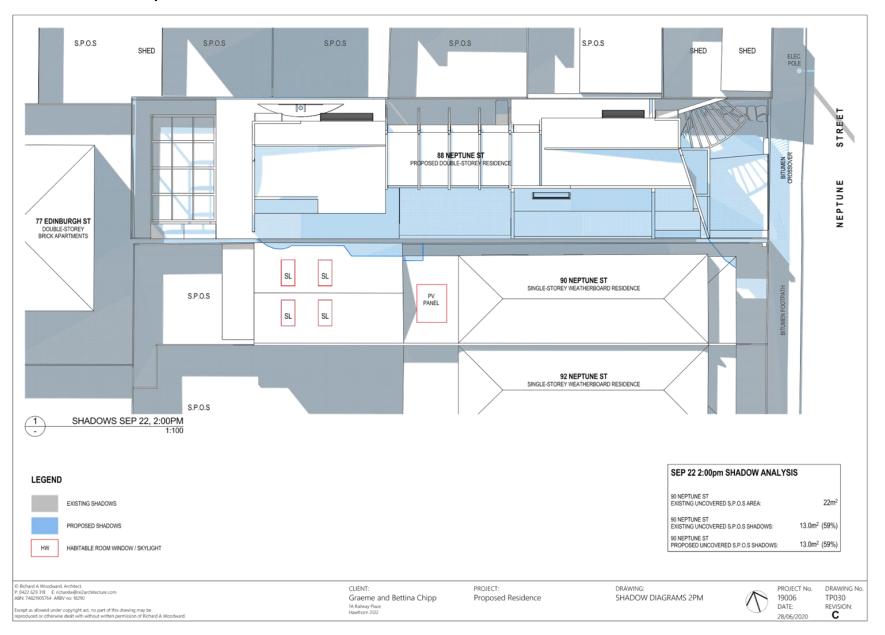


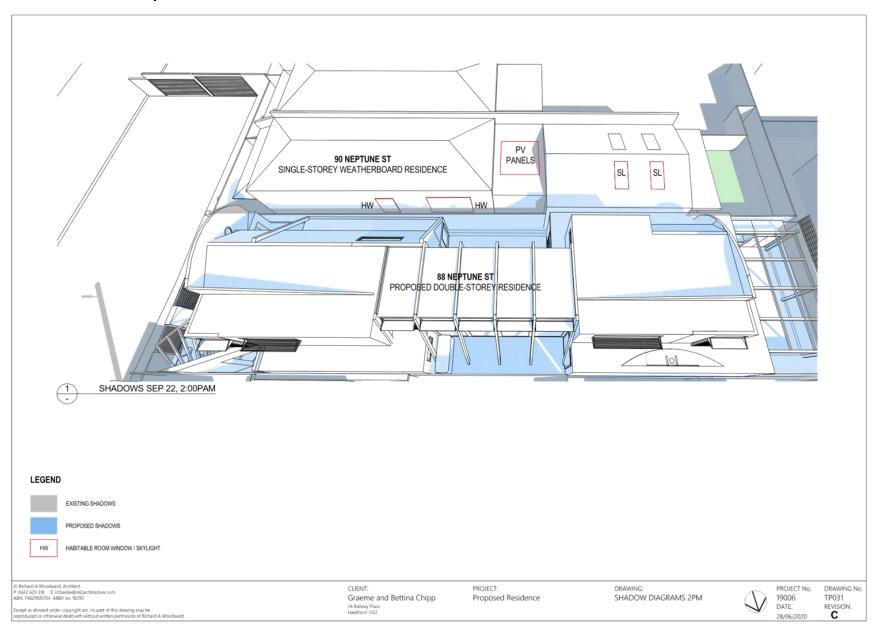


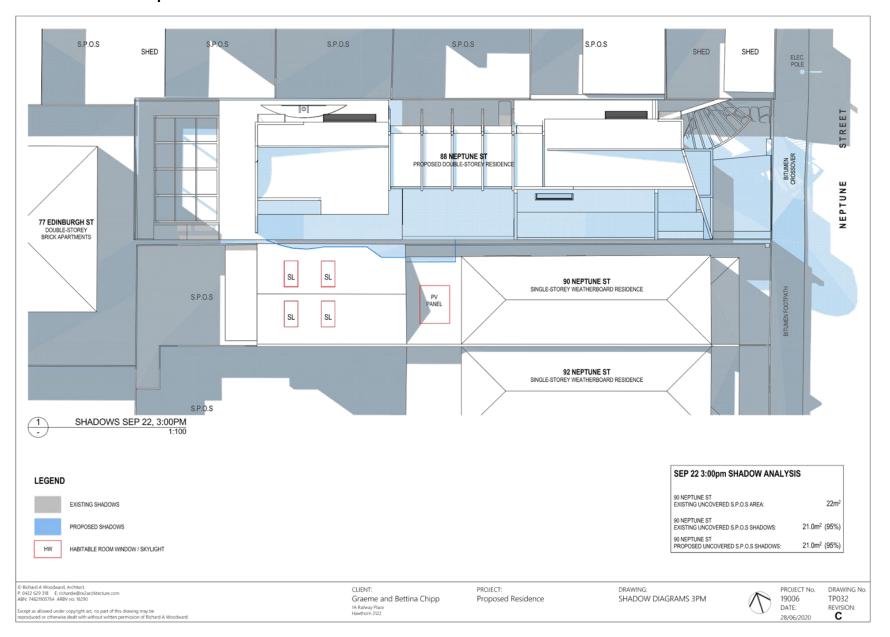


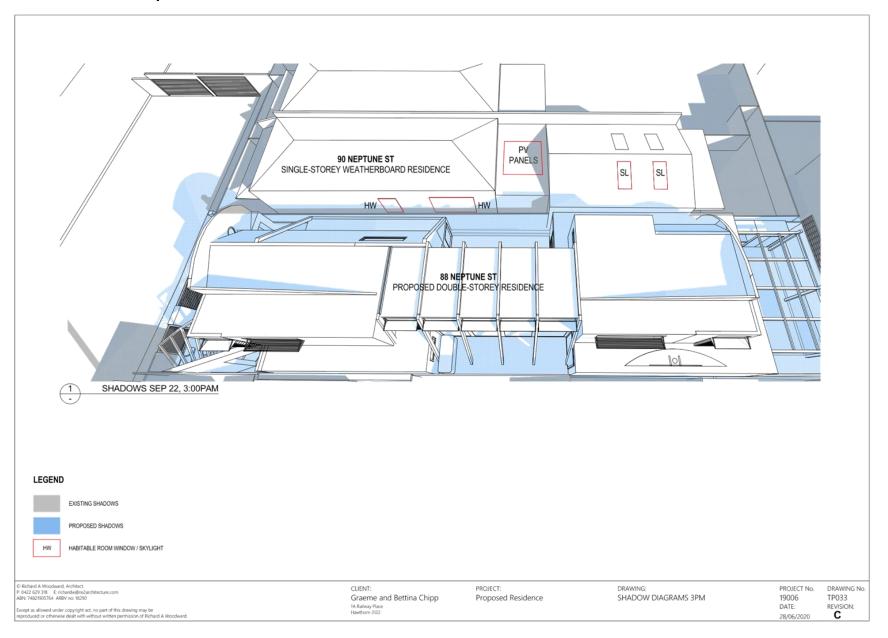




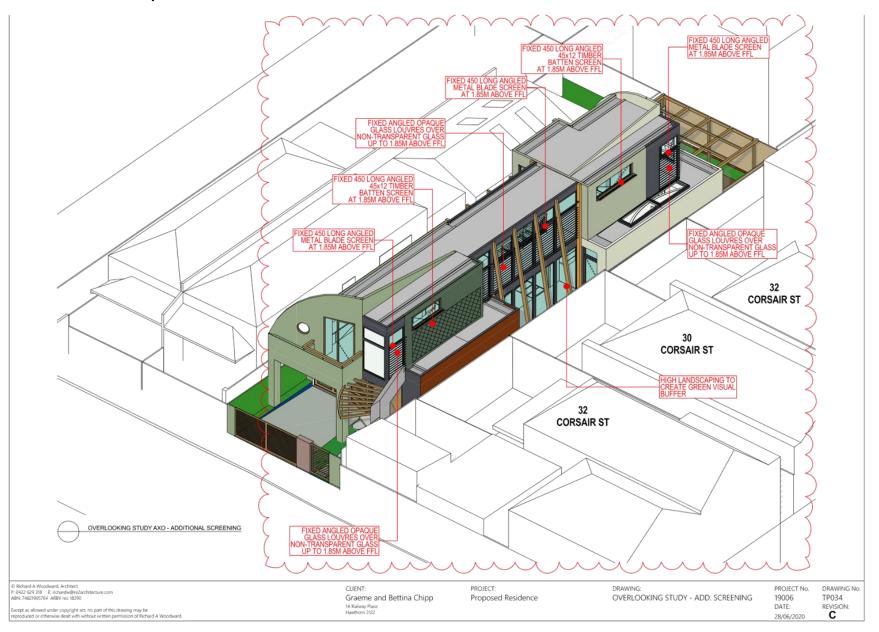


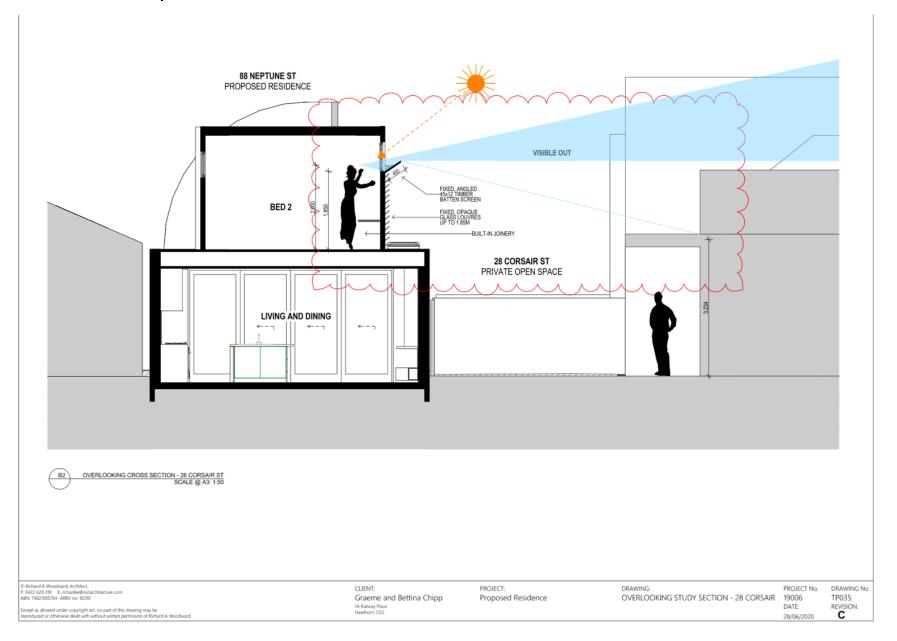


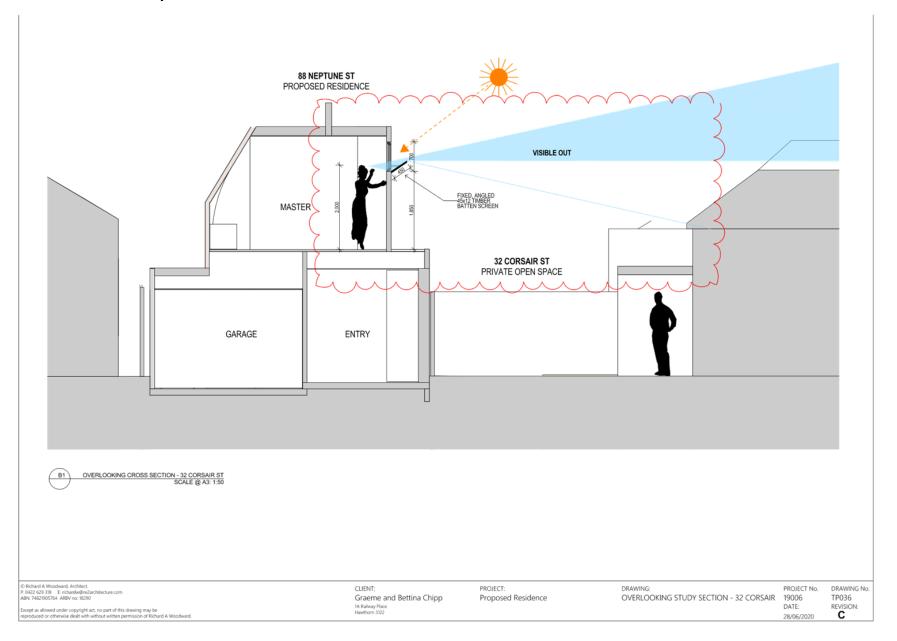


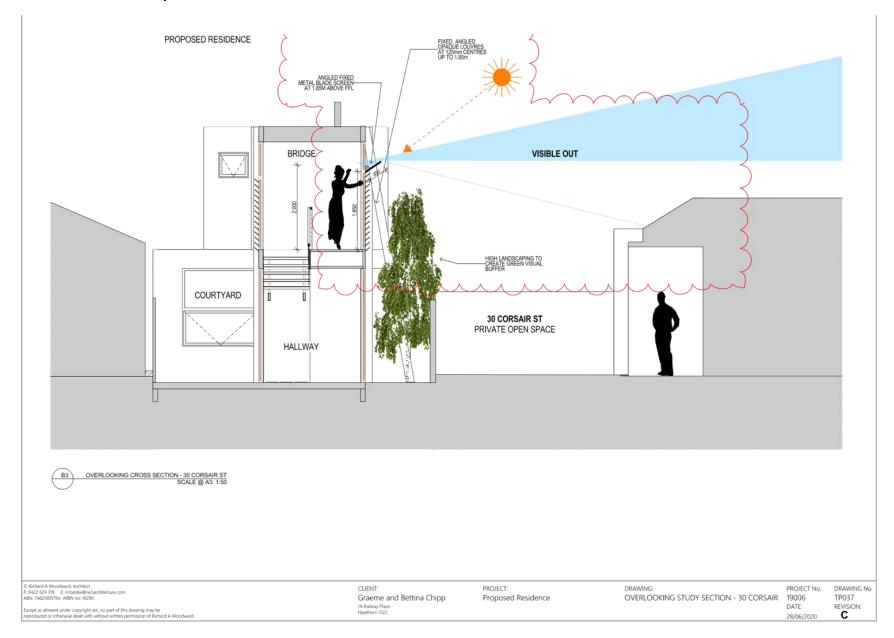


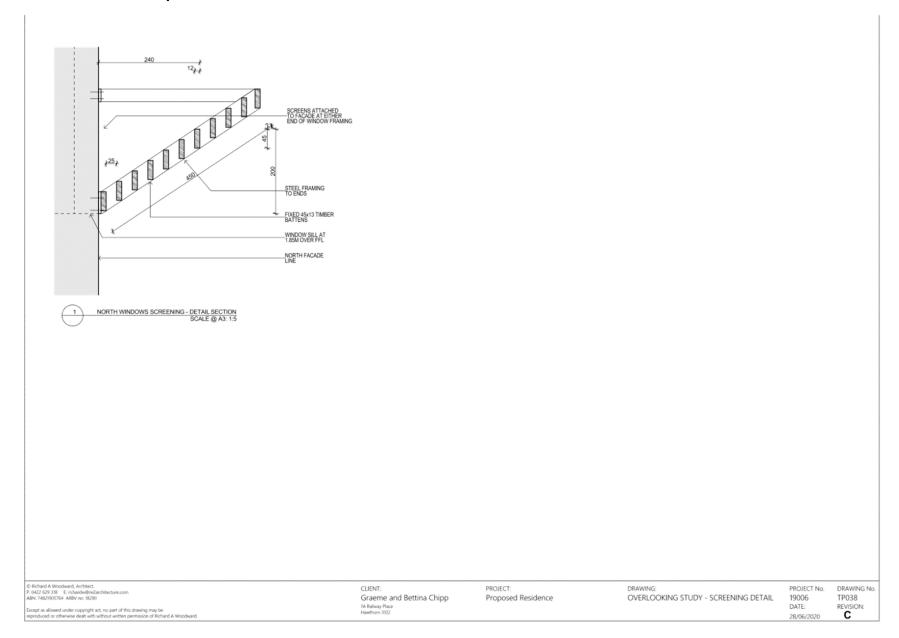
Agenda Page 35











## Subject Land: 88 Neptune Street, Richmond







# **MEMO**

To: Daniel Goode
From: Mark Pisani
Date: 26 August 2020

Subject: Application No: PLN19/0924

Description: Domestic Development Site Address: 88 Neptune Street, Richmond

I refer to the above Planning Application received on 25 August 2020 in relation to the proposed development at 88 Neptune Street, Richmond. Council's Civil Engineering unit provides the following information:

#### **Drawings and Documents Reviewed**

	Drawing No. or Document	Revision	Dated
Richard A. Woodward, Architect	TP02 Neighbourhood & Site Description TP03 Neighbourhood Character TP04 Neighbourhood Character TP07 Site Survey TP10 Proposed Ground Floor Plan TP11 Proposed First Floor Plan TP014 Proposed Elevations	C C C C C C	28 June 2020 28 June 2020 28 June 2020 28 June 2020 28 June 2020 28 June 2020 28 June 2020

#### DEVELOPMENT LAYOUT DESIGN Layout Design Assessment

Item	Assessment
Access Arrangements	
Development Entrance	The proposed vehicle crossing and its width (at the property line) have not been depicted on the drawings.
Garage Door Width	The 3.1 metre wide single garage doorway satisfies the Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2890.1:2004.
Access via Neptune Street	The entrance width (not dimensioned on the drawings) is approximately 3.7 metres along the property line. With parallel parking taking place on both sides of the street, the total manoeuvring width (measured from the property boundary to the edge of the parallel parking on the east side of the street) is approximately 6.2 metres. The manoeuvring width and the entrance width into the property can adequately accommodate the turning movements of a B85 design vehicle.
Headroom Clearance	The headroom clearance at the garage door has not been dimensioned.

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Item	Assessment	
Car Parking Modules		
Single Garage	The internal dimensions of the single garage (3.5 metres by 5.4 metres) satisfy Design standard 2 – Car parking spaces of Clause 52.06-9.	
Setback Area	The 5.4 metre setback from the property line to the garage satisfies AS/NZS 2890.1:2004 for accommodating a B85 design vehicle entirely within the curtilage of the property.	
Other Items		
Proposed Vehicle Crossing – Ground Clearance Check	A vehicle crossing ground clearance checks is to be undertaken by the applicant's designer to confirm that a B99 design vehicle can enter and exit the property without scraping out (Please see under 'Design Items to be Addressed' section).	
Redundant Vehicle Crossing	The redundant vehicle crossing has not been depicted on the drawings.	

#### Design Items to be Addressed

Item	Details
Development Entrance	The width of the entrance at the property line is to be dimensioned on the drawings. The new vehicle crossing and the redundant vehicle crossing should be shown on the drawings.
Headroom Clearance	To be dimensioned for the garage door.
Vehicle Crossing Ground Clearance Check	To assist the applicant, a Vehicle Crossing Information Sheet has been appended to this memo. For the vehicle crossing, the ground clearance check requires the applicant to obtain a number of spot levels out on site which includes the reduced level 2.0 metres inside the property, the property boundary level, the bottom of kerb (invert) level, the edge of the channel level and a few levels on the road pavement – in this case, Neptune Street.  These levels are to be shown on the cross sectional drawing with dimensions, together with the B85 design vehicle ground clearance template demonstrating access into and out of the development.  Providing the ground clearance check early in the design phase can also determine whether further modification works are required, such as lowering the finished floor level inside the property or making any adjustments to Council's footpaths or road infrastructure.  Further information on vehicle crossings can be found at: https://www.yarracity.vic.gov.au/services/building-in-
	yarra/permits-and-consents/permanent-vehicle-crossings

#### **ENGINEERING CONDITIONS**

#### Vehicle Crossing

Before the building is occupied, or by such later date as approved in writing by the Responsible Authority, the new vehicle crossing must be designed and constructed:

- In accordance with any requirements or conditions imposed by Council.
- Demonstrating satisfactory access into and out of the site with a vehicle ground clearance check using the B85 design vehicle, and be fully dimensioned with actual reduced levels (to three decimal places) as per Council's Vehicle Crossing Information Sheet;
- At the Permit Holder's cost; and
- To the satisfaction of Council.

#### Reinstatement of Redundant Vehicle Crossing

 The redundant vehicle crossing on the west side of Neptune Street must be demolished and reinstated with paving, kerb and channel to Council's satisfaction and at the Permit Holder's cost.

#### Road Asset Protection

 Any damaged roads, footpaths and other road related infrastructure adjacent to the development site as a result of the construction works, including trenching and excavation for utility service connections, must be reconstructed to Council's satisfaction and at the developer's expense.

#### Impact of Assets on Proposed Development

- Any services poles, structures or pits that interfere with the proposal must be adjusted, removed or relocated at the owner's expense after seeking approval from the relevant authority.
- Areas must be provided inside the property line and adjacent to the footpath to accommodate pits and meters. No private pits, boundary traps, valves or meters on Council property will be accepted.

#### Discharge of Water from Development

- Only roof runoff, surface water and clean groundwater seepage from above the water table can be discharged into Council drains.
- Council will not permit clean groundwater from below the groundwater table to be discharged into Council's drainage system. Basements that extend into the groundwater table must be waterproofed/tanked.

#### Removal, Adjustment, Changing or Relocation of Parking Restriction Signs

- No parking restriction signs or line-marked on-street parking bays are to be removed, adjusted, changed or relocated without approval or authorisation from Council's Parking Management unit and Construction Management branch.
- Any on-street parking reinstated as a result of development works must be approved by Council's Parking Management unit.

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#### ADDITIONAL ENGINEERING ADVICE FOR THE APPLICANT

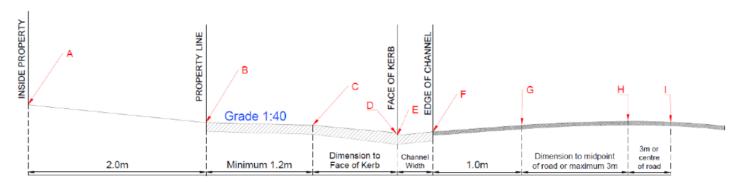
Item	Details
Legal Point of Discharge	The applicant must apply for a Legal Point of Discharge under Regulation 133 – Stormwater Drainage of the <i>Building Regulations</i> 2018 from Yarra Building Services unit. Any storm water drainage within the property must be provided and be connected to the nearest Council pit of adequate depth and capacity (legal point of discharge), or to Council's satisfaction under Section 200 of the <i>Local Government Act</i> 1989 and Regulation 133.

### **Vehicle Crossing - Cross Section**

Yarra

The designer is to submit a 1:20 scale cross section for each proposed vehicle crossing showing the following items:

- A. Finished floor level 2.0 metres inside property
- B. Property line surface level
- C. Surface level at change in grade (if applicable)
- D. Bullnose (max height 60mm) must be clearly labelled
- E. Surface level at the bottom of the kerb
- F. Surface level at the edge of channel
- G. Road level 1.0 meter from the edge of channel
- H., I. Road levels
- Please note the cross section must be fully dimensioned. As shown in the sketch below.
- Please show both the existing and proposed surface.
- The maximum allowable cross-fall between points B and C is 1:40 (2.5%).
- o A bullnose (max 60mm) is permitted at point D, however not compulsory.
- The levels shown must be exact reduced levels, to three decimal points. Interpolation of levels is not acceptable.
- The designer must demonstrate that an 85<sup>th</sup> or 99<sup>th</sup> percentile vehicle profile can traverse the design cross section as per the Australian/New Zealand Standard ground clearance template (AS/NZS 2890.1:2004).
- Significant level changes to the existing footpath level B to C will require additional level design either side of the proposed crossing.
- Please include any additional levels or changes in grade that are not shown in the diagram.



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TO: Daniel Goode (Statutory Planning)
FROM: Amruta Pandhe (Urban Design)

DATE: 25 August 2020

SUBJECT: 88 Neptune Street, Richmond

APPLICATION NO: PLN19/0924

DESCRIPTION: Construction of a double storey dwelling

#### COMMENTS SOUGHT

Urban Design comments have been sought on the overall built form of the proposal. These set of comments are sought on the plans dated 28<sup>th</sup> June 2020.

#### **COMMENTS SUMMARY**

The proposal is overall supported in its current form. In summary, it is recommended to use less variation in the material palette on the north and south elevations so the design does not appear to be overcrowded.

#### Proposal

The development proposes demolition of an existing single storey dwelling, and construction of a new twostorey, two-bedroom dwelling with secluded private open space to the rear, and single car garage accessed via Neptune Street.

#### URBAN DESIGN FEEDBACK

Surrounding development includes a mix of 1 and 2 storey dwellings. The proposed overall building height (between approximately 6.3 – 6.9 metres) is well within the overall height provisions set by the zone (GRZ1) and from an urban design perspective it sits comfortably within the streetscape context.

Clause 22.13 seeks to limit the impact of new development on surrounding land, particularly in low rise residential areas. For single house sites within inner suburban residential neighbourhoods, the policy recommends maintaining the existing pattern of front setbacks, as well as limiting height variations to a maximum of one storey compared to adjacent properties. Overall, the proposed development is modest in its built form and massing and reflects the scale of the street. The design of the dwelling presents an odd frontage, however, given this section of the street is dominated with garages and blank side walls the front facade is acceptable.

The design incorporates too much variation in materials that will make the facades appear overcrowded. The front and the rear elevation are acceptable but the side elevations could be simplified, particularly towards the rear. One of the ways to simplify this is by replacing EF01 or EF02.

The front fence is high but not inconsistent with surrounds as this section of the street contains hard edge developments with high side fencing. The high level of transparency and the existing surrounding context makes the fence design and height acceptable.