# YARRA PLANNING SCHEME

21/12/2023 C269yara

# SCHEDULE TO CLAUSE 72.08 BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

# 1.0 --/--/----Proposed C286yara

# **Background documents**

Name of background document	Amendment number - clause reference
Activity Centres Roles and Boundaries (City of Yarra,	C269yara
April 2022)	Clause 11.03-1L
Built Environment Sustainability Scorecard 'BESS'	C269yara
(Council Alliance for a Sustainable Built Environment 'CASBE')	Clause 15.02-1L
Building for Diversity – Social and Affordable Housing Strategy (City of Yarra, November 2019)	C269yara
	Clause 16.01-4L
Burra Charter The Australia ICOMOS Charter for	VC155yara
Places of Cultural Significance (Australia ICOMOS, 2013)	Clause 15.03-1L
Collingwood Mixed Use Pocket, Heritage Analysis &	C245yara
Recommendations (GJM Heritage, 2018)	Clause 15.03-1L
Community Infrastructure Plan (City of Yarra, April	C269yara
2018)	Clause 19.03-2L
Council Plan 2021-2025 (City of Yarra, 2021)	C269yara
	Clause 02.02
	Clause 02.03
Fitzroy Urban Conservation Study Review (Allom	C085yara
Lovell and Associates, November 1992)	Clause 15.03-1L
Green Star (Green Building Council of Australia)	C133yara
	Clause 15.02-1L
Guidelines - Managing noise impacts in urban	C269yara
development (City of Yarra, March 2022)	Clause 13.07-1L
Heritage Citation 112-124 Trenerry Crescent,	C219yara
Abbotsford (GJM Heritage, July 2016)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Citation 20-60 Trenerry Crescent,	C218yara
Abbotsford (GJM Heritage, July 2016)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Citation: 18-22 Derby Street,	C245yara
Collingwood (Anthemion Consultancies, June 2018)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Citation: 33-45 Derby Street,	C245yara
Collingwood (GJM Heritage, 2018)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Citation: Queens Parade, Fitzroy North	C245yara
Street Trees (John Patrick Landscape Architects, 2018)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Conservation Study, Carlton, North Carlton	C085yara
and Princes Hill (Nigel Lewis and Associates, July 1984)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Conservation Study, Collingwood (Andrew	C085yara
Ward and Associates, April 1989)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Conservation Study Review, Collingwood (Andrew Ward and Associates, May 1995)	C269yara
	Clause 15.03-1L

Heritage Conservation Study, Northcote (Graeme Butler Architect, February 1982)	C085yara Clause 15.03-1L
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Heritage Conservation Study, North Fitzroy (Jacob Lewis Vines Architects, July 1978)	C085yara
Lewis vines Architects, July 1978)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Conservation Study, Richmond (J & T O'Connor and Coleman and Wright Architects, January 1985)	C085yara
	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Conservation Study, South Fitzroy (Jacob Lewis Vines Architects, March 1979)	C085yara
	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gaps: An Overview (Graeme Butler & Associates, 2004, updated March 2013)	C157yara
	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gaps Review One (City of Yarra/Graeme Butler, 2013)	
	C157yara
	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gap Review One; Incorporated Plan,	C178yara
Methodology Report (Lovell Chen, 2014)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gap Review Two Methodology Report	C157yara
(Lovell Chen, 2012)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gap Study Review of 17 Precincts Stage 2	C173yara
Report (Context, August 2014, Revised 16 October	Clause 15.03-1L
2016)	Clause 13.03-1L
Heritage Gap Study Review of Central Richmond,	C183yara
Stage 2 Final Report (Context, November 2014)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gap Study Review of Johnston Street East	C237yara
(Context, April 2016)	Clause 15.03-1L
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Heritage Gap Study Stage 1 (Graeme Butler and Associates, 2008)	C149yara
7.0000.0000, 2000)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gap Study Stage 2 (Graeme Butler and	C149yara
Associates, 2009)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gaps Study – Smith Street South	C173yara
(Anthemion Consultancies, July 2014)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Gaps Study 233-251 Victoria Street,	C163yara
Abbotsford (Anthemion Consultancies, October 2012)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Overlay Areas, Review of, Appendix 7	C085yara
(Graeme Butler and Associates, 2007, Updated 2013)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Policy – Residential (Context, October 2019)	C269yara
	Clause 15.03-1L
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2019)	Clause 45 02 41
	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Review (Allom Lovell & Associates, July 1998)	C085yara
1990)	Clause 15.03-1L
Heritage Review of Predefined Areas in Abbotsford &	C198yara
Collingwood Stage 2 Report (Context, July 2015)	Clause 15.03-1L
Inner Melbourne Action Plan 2016-2026 (August 2016)	C084yara
	Clause 15.03-1L
Johnston Street Local Area Plan (City of Yarra, 2015)	C220yara
	Clause 11.03-2L
Lineared Description Deliver D. J. J.D.	Schedule 15 to Clause 43.02
Licensed Premises Policy - Background Document (Public Place & 10 Consulting Group, December	C209yara
2015)	Clause 13.07-1

Lower Yarra River Corridor Study -	VC197
Recommendations Report (Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, 2016)	Schedule 1 to Clause 42.03
	Schedule 1 to Clause 43.02
Model for Urban Stormwater Improvement Conceptualisation 'MUSIC' (Melbourne Water)  Nationwide House Energy Rating Scheme 'NatHERS' (Department of Climate Change and Energy)	C117yara
	Clause 15.01-2L
	C133yara
	Clause 15.01-2L
Efficiency)	Olduse 15.01-2L
Noise and vibration considerations - Discussion report (City of Yarra, March 2022)	C269yara
	Clause 13.07-1L
State Environment Protection Policy (Waters) (Environment Protection Authority, 2018)	C117yara
	Clause 15.02.1L
Stormwater Treatment Objective - Relative Measure	C133yara
'STORM' (Melbourne Water)	Clause 15.02.1L
Sustainable Design Assessment in the Planning	C269yara
Process (IMAP, 2015).	Clause 15.02.1L
Swan Street Built Form Study, Heritage Assessment	C191yara
and Analysis (GJM Heritage, October 2017)	Clause 11.03-2L
	Schedule 17 to 43.02
The Middle Yarra Concept Plan – Dights Falls to	VC197
Burke Road (Melbourne Parks and Waterways, 1990)	Schedule 1 to Clause 42.03
The Lower Yarra Concept Plan – Dights Falls to Punt Road (Melbourne Metropolitan Board of Works, 1986)	VC197
	Schedule 1 to Clause 42.03
Urban Stormwater Best Practice Environmental Management Guidelines, (CSIRO, 1999)	C117yara
Management Guidelines, (CSINO, 1999)	Clause 15.02-1L
	Clause 19.03-3L
Victoria Street East Precinct, Richmond - Urban	C075yara
Design Framework (MGS Architects and Jones & Whitehead, November 2005)	Clause 11.03-6L
WSUD Engineering Procedures: Stormwater (Melbourne Water, June 2005)	C117yara
(Melbourne Water, June 2005)	Clause 19.03-3L
World Heritage Environs Area Strategy Plan - Royal	C118yara
Exhibition Building & Carlton Gardens (Lovell Chen, October 2009)	Clause 15.03-1L
Yarra City Council Gaming Policy Framework	C109yara
(Coomes Consulting Group, November 2008)	Schedule to Clause 52.28
Yarra Housing Strategy (City of Yarra, September	
2018)	C269yara Clause 16.01-1L
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Yarra High Streets (Swan Street) Statement of Significance: Reference Document (GJM Heritage,	C191yara
December 2020)	Clause 15.03-1L
Yarra High Streets (Victoria Street and Bridge Road)	C245yara
Statements of Significance: Reference Document (May 2020)	Clause 15.03-1L
Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 (Thompson Berrill	C286yara
Landscape Design Pty Ltd in association with Environment & Land Management Pty Ltd)	Clause 19.02-6L
Environment α Land Management Pty Ltu)	Schedule to Clause 53.01
Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 Technical Report (Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd in association with Environment & Land Management Pty Ltd)	C286yara
	<u>Clause 19.02-6L</u>
	Schedule to Clause 53.01
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Yarra Open Space Strategy: Open Space Contributions Program (Environment & Land Management in association with Thompson Berrill Landscape Design, October 2005)	C087yara Clause 19.02-6L
Yarra Open Space Strategy (Thompson Berrill Landscape Design, December 2006)	C087yara Clause19.02-6L
Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy (SGS Economics and Planning, August 2018)	C269yara Clause 17.01-1L Clause 17.02-1L Clause 17.03-1L Clause 17.04-1L
Yarra Bend Park Strategy Plan (Parks Victoria, 1999)	VC197 Schedule 1 to Clause 42.03



# Acknowledgements

# **Acknowledgement of Country**

Yarra City Council acknowledges the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people as the Traditional Owners and true sovereigns of the land now known as Yarra. We acknowledge their creator spirit Bunjil, their ancestors and their Elders. We acknowledge the strength and resilience of the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, who have survived European invasion and never ceded sovereignty. We also acknowledge the significant contribution made by the many other Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to life in Yarra.

We acknowledge that Fitzroy and Collingwood are areas of special significance to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people—as the cradle of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander affairs in Victoria, the birthplace of important Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, the centre of political activism and a meeting place for Aboriginal and Torres

Strait Islander people to link in with family, community and services. We acknowledge the role played by past federal and state government policies in the social and cultural dispossession of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people—and the dispossession of land—which has caused the current disadvantages faced by many Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. And we believe that having an awareness of, and taking steps towards, mending this disadvantage is the shared responsibility of all residents in the City of Yarra.

Council pays its respects to all in the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community and Elders from all nations here today—and to their Elders past, present and future.

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 has been prepared for the City of Yarra by Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd. in association with Environment & Land Management Pty Ltd. and with guidance from the Council Project Working Group led by the Open Space Planning Team, City Strategy.

The Strategy was adopted by Council at its meeting on 1 September 2020.

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# Introduction

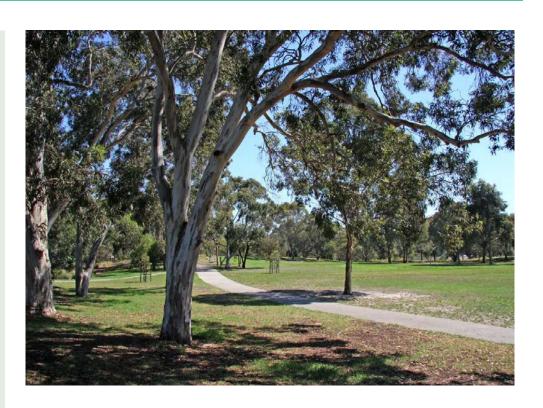
# **Purpose of the Strategy**

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 provides an overarching vision and direction for the future provision, planning, design and management of open space in Yarra to 2031. It considers the current challenges and pressures of and expanding population and inner city life and how these can be addressed with an expanded and improved public open space network that contributes to a more liveable and sustainable Yarra in the future.

# Achievements of the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2006

Since the adoption of the 2006 Strategy, the following key actions have been completed:

- Set a mandatory 4.5 per cent open space contribution rate in the Yarra Planning Scheme for all eligible subdivisions.
- Six new open spaces have been delivered to expand the Yarra open space network in Abbotsford, Collingwood and Richmond.
- Increased the size of the two existing open space reserves in Fitzroy and Richmond South.
- Land contributions on large development sites have been successfully negotiated for the AMCOR redevelopment site in Alphington; a redevelopment site in Reid Street Fitzroy North; and on the former Gasworks Site in Fitzroy North.
- Victoria Park was opened to the public.
- Upgrade a range of existing open space reserves which has increased the diversity of facilities and character. This improves the appeal and capacity of the open space network to cater to more people using it as the resident and worker community expands.



# **Strategy process**



# What is open space?

Public open space includes all publicly owned land that is set aside primarily for outdoor recreation, passive outdoor enjoyment and nature conservation and is open to the sky. It includes public parks, gardens, reserves, waterways and squares. Access may be restricted at certain times or at all times on a fee paying basis. It is generally zoned for public park, recreation or conservation purposes when held in public ownership.

Public open space in this Strategy includes areas which are managed by State Government agencies or their delegates located in the City of Yarra. This includes Yarra Bend Park and the Collingwood Childrens Farm. Restricted open space is land that is only available for use on a membership or fee paying basis and examples include Burnley Golf Course and Richmond Union Bowls Club. Other public land including schools and streets complement the public open space network, however other strategies and plans provide direction and guidance for these.













# Why is open space important?

# **Overview**

Since the existing Yarra Open Space Strategy was prepared in 2006 there has been substantial population and employment growth and change in Yarra. This has included a trend towards more people living in some areas where historically no or very little public open space was provided.

This is combined with better research into the positive influence that open space can have on not only our physical health but also on our mental health and wellbeing. We are being encouraged to exercise more and be outdoors in the fresh air and natural sunlight to balance our indoor lifestyles and increasing reliance on electronic devices. With increased urban densities, more people are living in apartments and alone. Public open space provides a great opportunity to socialise and meet informally outdoors. This also applies to workers in high density settings where it is important they have access to open space as a break from work during the day. Public open space also provides space for large trees, keeps our city cooler and provides habitat for native flora and fauna.

# Physical health, fitness and wellbeing







# Mental heath and wellbeing





# **Social connectedness**







# Why is open space important?

# Urban heat island effect mitigation







**Biodiversity** 





Cultural heritage and character







**Events and arts** 





# Yarra's existing open space

Covering an area of approximately 20 square kilometres, 13.5 per cent of the total area of the City is public open space, including areas of significant biodiversity and bushland. Core to the open space system, character and sense of place is the Yarra River. While this has been modified, the river including the confluence with the Merri Creek today provides a tangible connection to the Wurrundjeri people's cultural and spiritual connection to the land.

A linked system of open space along the Yarra River extends upstream along the tributaries of Merri Creek and Darebin Creek. Yarra Bend Park is the largest natural bushland within five kilometres of the Melbourne Central Business District. Managed by Parks Victoria, this parkland spans both sides of the Yarra River and has a significant range of sporting facilities and habitat for native flora and fauna.

This is complemented by Council's extensive network of open space reserves along the Yarra River and Merri Creek. They include a diverse range of informal and structured sporting facilities including the athletics facility at George Knott Reserve, the sports fields at Ramsden Street Reserve, Quarry Park, Kevin Bartlett Reserve and Burnley Park along with the Burnley Public Golf Course. The main Yarra Trail crosses the river a few times as it weaves its way north and connects to both the Merri Creek Trail and the Darebin Creek Trail.

RINCES HILL ARLTON NORTH YARRA BEND FASTERN ALEXANDRA PDE JOHNSTON ST ZROY ABBOTSFORD DRAWING KEY OPEN SPACE (PPRZ) OPEN SPACE (PCRZ) RESTRICTED OPEN SPACE (PPRZ) **EXISTING OPEN SPACE** (Not currently zoned PPRZ or PCRZ) FUTURE OPEN SPACE ADJOINING OPEN SPACE BRIDGE EXISTING PPRZ ZONED I AND (Not open space) CREMO

Diagram A Existing Open Space

Edinburgh Gardens is the most popular open space in the City and was set out as an integral part of Fitzroy North.

With major exotic remnant plantings from the mid 1800s, these gardens have a unique blend of sporting and informal recreation facilities appealing to the different sport and recreation needs of our diverse community.

Darling Gardens and Curtain Square are two other signature historical gardens in the northern part of Yarra, both with characteristic mature trees and facilities that encourage walking, dog walking, play, picnics and relaxing outdoors. Central to the civic heart of Richmond is Citizens Park, where the central grassed oval is used extensively for both structured sport and informal uses. Barkly Garden combined with Alan Bain Reserve contributes to the historical character and greening of South Richmond.

Complementing these major areas of open space is a network of smaller Neighbourhood and Local open space reserves that are highly valued and well used in the high density precincts through Fitzroy, Collingwood, Cremorne and Central Richmond.

As urban densities increase in the future this Strategy has identified opportunities to increase the local open space network to support and sustainably meet the open space needs of the existing and future community.

# The open space framework

# **Overview**

Each open space has a unique role in the open space network based on its location, size, use, character and urban context. In developing the Strategy, the role, character and distribution of each open space has been assessed and mapped. This assessment forms the basis of understanding the existing network, assessing deficiencies in the network and identifying what needs to change in the future.

# Role

Regional open spaces are valued and visited by a broader catchment of people as well as the local community. Generally these are easily accessible to people from adjoining municipalities. Examples include Yarra Bend Park and Collingwood Children's Farm.

**City-wide** open spaces are visited primarily by the City of Yarra population, providing facilities that include organised sport and recreation activities. Examples include Edinburgh Gardens and Citizens Park.

**Neighbourhood** open spaces provide a diverse range of facilities that encourage people to spend time in and appeal to the local neighbourhood. Examples include Gahn Reserve and Curtain Square.

DRAWING KEY PEDESTRIAN CROSSING/ SIGNALISED INTERSECTION SUBJERE/PRECINCT BOUNDARY ARTERIAL ROADS (RDZ1) (VicRoads Primary and Secondary Roads) MAJOR ROADS COLLECTOR ROADS REGIONAL OPEN SPACE NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE SMALL NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN CITY OF MELBOURNS LOCAL OPEN SPACE SMALL LOCAL OPEN SPACE FUTURE REGIONAL OPEN SPACE Small Neighbourhood FUTURE LOCAL OPEN SPACE are smaller than FUTURE SMALL LOCAL OPEN Neighbourhood open space with some diversity of facilities for the local community within a 300m catchment. Examples include Smith Reserve and Golden Square.

Diagram B Gap Analysis

Local and Small Local open spaces complement the larger reserves and provide smaller more intimate spaces within safe and easy walking distance of the local community.

# **Distribution**

## Walking catchments to open space

A key objective in planning the open space network is to provide open space within easy walking distance for the majority of the community. To assess this a 500 metre walking catchment is applied to the Regional and City-wide open spaces while a 400 metre catchment is applied to Neighbourhood open space. A 300 metre walkable catchment is applied to Small Neighbourhood open space, and the smaller 200 metre catchment for Local and 150 metre catchment for Small Local open space as illustrated on Diagram B.

## Gap areas

The gap areas are locations where the community lack easy walkable access to any open space. Additional open space is required to address the gaps in the provision and diversity of open space with priorities given to gap greas where urban densities are forecast to increase. These mainly occur south of Alexandra Parade.

# What will change?

# **Character and function**

The larger established parks, gardens and reserves across the municipality have a range of characters and purposes. These vary from historical gardens with a predominantly European character to the primarily Australian native character of Yarra Bend Park to the smaller local parks for informal use. Sporting reserves provide space for organised sporting use through to informal play and places of contemplation. A range of character types describe the variety of open spaces in the municipality and the Strategy aims to provide a diversity of character types in each precinct where feasible.





# Forecast population growth

## **Fast facts**

# **Population change**

 $\mathbf{1} = 20.000$ 

# Residents: • 2016 (93,353) • 2031 (131,864) Workers: • 2016 (83,000) • 2031 (121,805)

## Open space relative to the population

## Open space per resident:

- 2016: 30 sqm per resident
- 2031: 20 sqm per resident



# Open space per person (resident and workers)

• 2016: 15 sqm per resident



• 2031: 10 sgm per resident



sqm = square metres

# Summary of population growth

The forecast development over the next 15 years is significant with a 40 per cent increase in the resident population and a 47 per cent increase in the worker

population. This means there will be more people visiting and using open space, thereby increasing demand on the existing space and facilities. The extent of forecast growth changes across different parts of the City. Less than 10 per cent growth is forecast in Princes Hill-Carlton North, compared to 106 percent in Cremorne-Richmond South-Burnley and 214 per cent in Fairfield-Alphington. The locations for where forecast residential growth will occur is based on the Yarra Housing Strategy 2018 and the population forecasts supplied to the project by .id Consulting. The forecast employment growth and change is based on the Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy 2018.

# **Increased urban densities**

# Less private open space

85 per cent of Yarra's population live in medium and high density dwellings compared to 33 per cent in Greater Melbourne. This means that residents have less private open space available to them which increases their reliance on public open space. Typically this adds to the amount of people using public open space and increases the diversity of reasons why they use it. For example, people may sit outdoors in their own garden to enjoy the ambience, however if they don't have one they will use public open space for these

informal and incidental uses. When people celebrate occasions with a large gathering of family or friends traditionally this would be in private back gardens but without these they will celebrate them in the park.

## Change in land use

Many of the areas in the City that are forecast to change are the former industrial and manufacturing areas. These areas are being redeveloped to mixed use precincts with a combination of residential, commercial and business use. Historically, the industrial areas did not have public open space. With the proposed changes, these areas are being redeveloped with increased building heights and a change to a predominantly office-based professional workforce. The surveys undertaken for this Strategy found that more than 80 per cent of workers visit public open space during the day. With increased numbers of people working and living in the former industrial precincts there is a need to provide new areas of public open space.

# Loss of winter sunlight access to open space

With the forecast increase in the presence of taller buildings means there is greater potential for overshadowing of public open space, particularly during winter. Public open space that is overshadowed in winter is less inviting to use and more difficult to maintain healthy vegetation.

# **Overall directions**

# **Climate emergency**

## Extreme weather events

The climate emergency is predicted to result in more extreme weather events. Forecast extended dry periods combined with more severe storms and intense rainfall events and high winds will make managing vegetation more difficult. The Strategy plans ahead to address these issues by promoting sustainable water harvesting and passive irrigation. Protecting the mature tree canopy cover is a priority in open space due to the numerous beneficial effects of trees on the urban environment.

# Mitigating urban heat island effect

Urban heat island effect is the build-up of heat in urban areas. This build up is exacerbated by an increase to urban densities and building heights that trap heat overnight, particularly during periods of extended dry and heat. In planning ahead for the future increase in urban densities, provision of public open space with natural features and retained urban moisture will assist to offset the build-up of urban heat. The retained moisture needs to be sourced sustainably and the use of large, broad spreading trees combined with natural turf and garden beds will create cooler spaces for people to use.

# Improve the quality of existing open spaces

There is potential to improve the quality of selected existing open spaces in the City. By quality we mean the type of facilities and its overall condition, character and management.



This includes undertaking improvements including:

- Increasing the diversity of facilities to appeal to everyone in the community while maintaining a balance of natural areas to relax and unwind. This includes a greater diversity of age groups and promotes and encourages everyone to exercise, socialise and improve their fitness and health.
- Improving the horticultural quality and maintenance, for example open grassed areas that remain useable all year for informal use, improved care and maintenance of mature canopy trees,

- Identifying opportunities to create multi-use spaces that are shared and adaptable, minimising the provision of single-use facilities. For example, natural turf sports fields that can be used for training and match play and also available for dog off-leash exercise and the other informal uses.
- Activate open spaces that are currently underutilised.
- Strengthen the biodiversity and habitat values of open space.

# Provide open space within easy walking distance of everyone

As an established inner urban municipality, the City of Yarra is experiencing significant change and growth. The analysis of the distribution of public open space has identified there are areas of the City where the community does not have any open space within easy walking distance of where they live or work. The Strategy has identified and prioritised a series of new open spaces, with priority given to locations where higher levels of growth is forecast to occur. The need for the proposed additional open spaces is based on a range of factors including:

• Areas where the existing open space is experiencing high levels of use or over-

- use. This includes providing new open space to take the pressure off existing spaces to meet everyone's needs.
- Where there is a gap in the provision of any open space.
- Medium and high density precincts where the substantial change is forecast and the new community will create a need for additional open space.
- In medium and high density precincts where the provision of well distributed green public open space will assist to mitigate urban heat island effect.



The location of the areas of proposed additional open space is illustrated in Diagram C. The precinct recommendations provide more information about each location.

# **Overall directions**

# **Assist to mitigate urban** heat island effect

- Where feasible, open space will be well distributed through high density precincts and contain natural features such as large canopy trees and planted surfaces which absorb moisture. This will offset some impacts of increased urban heat, which is exacerbated by higher density development, particularly multilevel buildings.
- Future open spaces within high density precincts will aim to be irrigated from sustainable water sources, for example stormwater harvesting and reuse.
- The existing and future open spaces will be large enough to sustainably grow large broad spreading canopy trees that are effective at evapotranspiration which assists urban cooling.
- Create adaptable open spaces that allow sunlight and warmth during the winter months and excellent shade and cooling in the summer. The cool spaces will provide comfortable, free outdoor spaces for the community to retreat to during periods of extended heat.

# Improve community health and wellbeing



Research confirms that a linked and accessible open space network, which people can easily walk to, improves community health and wellbeing. The community is more likely to visit open space if it is nearby and this offers a range of benefits including:

- Physical fitness by participating in informal recreation activities including walking, cycling, jogging, informal ball sports and using fitness equipment.
- Physical fitness by participating in organised sport.
- Places to exercise dogs on and off-leash.
- Social connectedness and sense of belonging to the community by meeting people in the nearby open space. This can include meeting neighbours informally in the open space or catching up with family and friends.

- Children are more likely to visit and play in open space independently of their parents if it is located within 150 to 300 metres of where they live. This improves their self-confidence and physical development.
- Relax and unwind in green open space. Research demonstrates that natural features like trees, natural turf and garden beds contributes to our ability to

# Increase urban greening

Links between green space and health have been recognised throughout history and the driving force behind the urban parks movement of the 19th Century. More recently, green spaces in an urban context has the potential to help address social and environmental problems in a preventative way. The United Nationals Sustainable Development Goal 11.7 aims to achieve the following: 'By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities.'

The Strategy aims to achieve this through:

- Identify gap areas in which new public open space is needed so that everyone can easily reach open space.
- Include design guidelines that encourage natural features in the design of existing

- and new open space, particularly in medium and high density precincts.
- Include recommendations to achieving good winter sunlight access to public open space.
- Includes design guidelines that promote universal access, diversity and inclusion in the design of upgrades to existing open space and new open space.
- Strengthen the natural biodiversity values of open space including the use of native and indigenous vegetation where it is appropriate to the local context and cultural heritage values.
- Aims to irrigate open space using sustainable water sources to support natural turf, garden beds and mature and new large, broad spreading canopy trees for effective evapotranspiration, shade and habitat purposes.



# **Overall directions**

# Proposed additional open space

## Summary of population growth

This diagram illustrates the distribution of the areas in which the Strategy recommends additional Neighbourhood, Small Neighbourhood, Local and Small Local open spaces across the City. This is to cater to the forecast growth and also address some existing deficiencies in the provision and distribution of existing open space.

These proposed new open spaces will have a role in increasing the diversity of local recreational and informal facilities for the existing and forecast community.

The additional open spaces shown in Diagram C are indicative of the general location and relative, not actual size. The final location, size and configuration of new open space will be determined during the implementation of the Strategy. It will be influenced by factors such as the rate of population growth and development, land acquisition opportunities, surrounding urban context and available funds.

The precinct recommendations provide more information on the intent and purpose of each proposed additional open space.

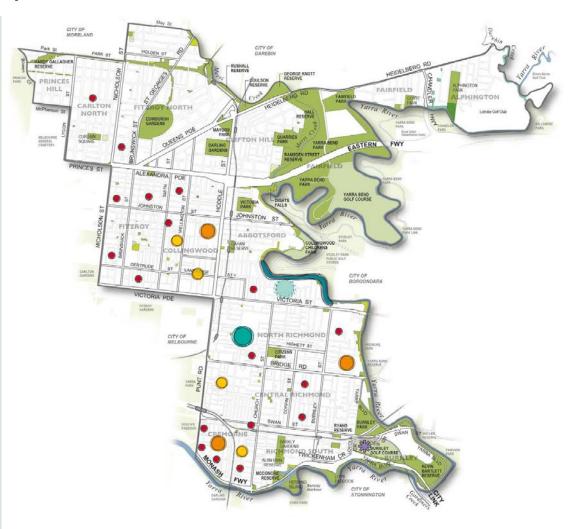


Diagram C Proposed areas for additional open space

# Diagram key

- NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE
  Indicative area in which a future open space
  is proposed, minimum size 1 hectare with a
  400m walking catchment
- SMALL NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE Indicative area in which a future open space is proposed, minimum 0.5 to 0.99 hectares in size with a 300m walking catchment
- LOCAL OPEN SPACE Indicative area in which a future open space is proposed, minimum 0.26 to 0.49 hectares in size with a 200m walking catchment
- SMALL LOCAL OPEN SPACE
   Indicative area in which a future open space is proposed, minimum 0.03 to 0.25 hectares in size with a 150m walking catchment
- REPURPOSE RESTRICTED OPEN SPACE Investigate options to repurpose to increase the diversity of golfing and other sporting uses at the site
- Proposed new Neighbourhood open space subject to development timing. Minimum 1 hectare in size with a 400m walking catchment.
- FUTURE REGIONAL OPEN SPACE

  Area included in an existing Public Acquisition

  Overlay in the Yarra Planning Scheme

# **Precincts**

## Overview

The open space needs assessment has been undertaken on a precinct basis to take account of the changes in the existing situation and forecast future change across each of them. The precincts are broadly based on the suburbs with some combined and are consistent with those shown in the City of Yarra Community Profile and on the Diagram D Precinct locations map on this page. They are assembled in alphabetical order.

# Forecast future growth

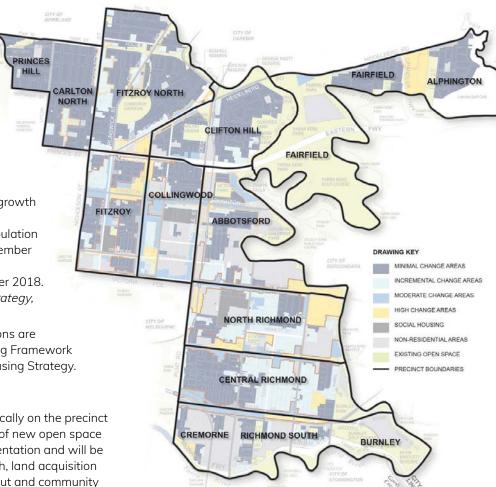
Throughout each of the precincts, the forecast growth is based on the following:

- Residential forecasts, prepared by .id the population experts, August 2018 and accessed 10 September 2017.
- Yarra Housing Strategy, adopted 4 September 2018.
- Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, adopted 4 September 2018.

The open space needs assessment and directions are based on these forecasts. The Strategic Housing Framework Plan shown in Diagram D is from the Yarra Housing Strategy.

# Additional open space

The additional open spaces are shown symbolically on the precinct plans. the final location, size and configuration of new open space will be determined during the Strategy implementation and will be influenced by such factors as population growth, land acquisition opportunities, surrounding land use, urban layout and community feedback.



## Existing open spaces

Some of the existing open spaces are recommended for upgrade as shown on the precinct diagrams, the open spaces not recommended for upgrade will continue to maintained with minor improvements where required maintain their quality and facilities in working order.

## **Existing master plans**

Masterplans are in place for some of the major open spaces in Yarra and there is a progressive program of implementation works and scheduled reviews arising from these plans. When the masterplans are reviewed, the overall directions in this Strategy will be taken into consideration and inform updated masterplans in the future.

# Structure plans

Structure plans provide a clear framework for managing the future growth and change in the major activity centres in Yarra. Where structure plans were final and in place these are reflected in the precinct recommendations. The open space component of future structure plans will be informed by this Open Space Strategy.

# The same of the sa

# **Abbotsford**

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space

7.5% of the total precinct area is open space



13.39 ha of open space

# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

## **Abbotsford**

## Residents:

• 2016 (8,849)

• 2031 (12,671)

## Workers:

• 2016 (12,057)

• 2031 (15,972)

# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

Victoria Park, Gahan Reserve and the system of open space along the Yarra River including Collingwood Childrens Farm and Dights Falls significantly contribute to the open space character of Abbotsford. North of Gipps Street, open space is well distributed in the precinct, however south of Gipps Street there is a lack of open space combined with a forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population. Key recommendations include to continue to investigate securing a linear open space reserve along the Yarra River between Clarke Street Reserve and Walmer Street Bridge; and the provision of a new Neighbourhood Park in the long term in the southern part of the precinct where larger land parcels provide the potential for future provision of open space. Combined with this is the recommendation to provide two new Small Local open spaces for the existing and forecast community in the south west part of Abbotsford.

# Quality and design

There is potential to improve the diversity of facilities and character in selected Local and Small Local open spaces in Abbotsford north of Gipps Street. The new Victoria Park Masterplan will improve the structured and unstructured sport and recreation use. The open space designs will also focus on improved greening, particularly in the higher density areas to contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect. If the CUB site redevelops, the future Neighbourhood open space will focus on providing unstructured recreation facilities for the forecast community.

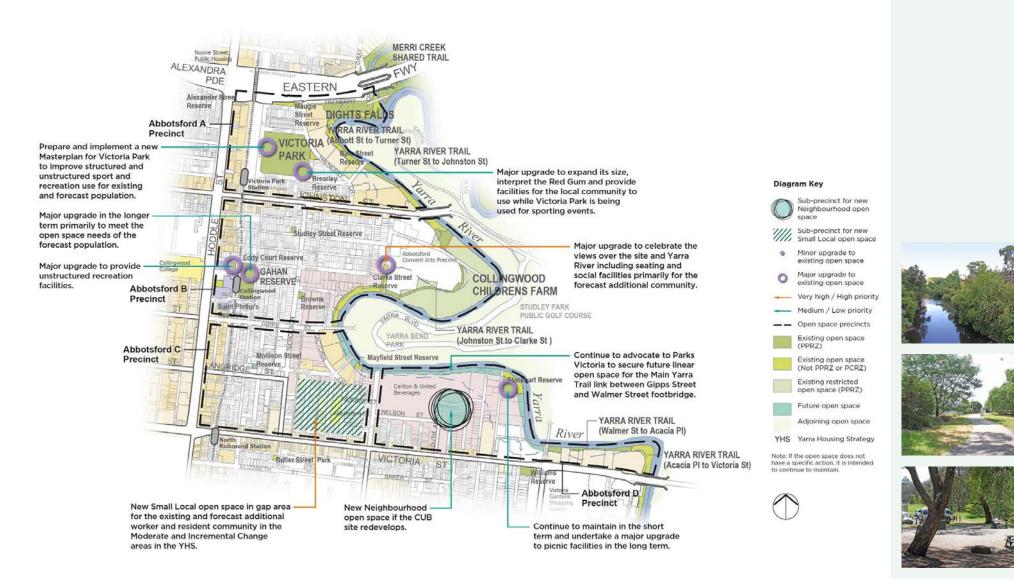








# **Abbotsford**



Minor upgrades including

**Carlton North** 

Continue to protect

and manage mature

trees in Canning

Provide new Small

Local open space to

address the existing

gap area and meet

existing population.

Minor upgrade

including an upgrade

to the playground.

Minor upgrade to

paths and seats.

improve canopy trees,

Street Median.

review of lighting.

# **Carlton North - Princes Hill**

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space

4.4% 4.4% of the total precinct area is open space 6.23 ha of open space

# Forecast in population change

**†** = 2,500

# Carlton North / Princes Hill

## **Residents:**

• 2016 (9.010)

• 2031 (8,843)

### Workers:

• 2016

No data available

• 2031

No data available

# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

The east-west linear open space provides excellent off-road shared trail connectivity to open space outside the precinct. Curtain Square and Hardy Gallagher Reserve provide neighbourhood level facilities for each sub-precinct and are supplemented by some Local and Small Local open spaces. The one gap in the open space network is proposed to be addressed with the provision of an additional Small Local open space.

# Quality and design

There is potential to undertake some minor improvements to the quality of facilities in the existing open space network.

### Diagram Key

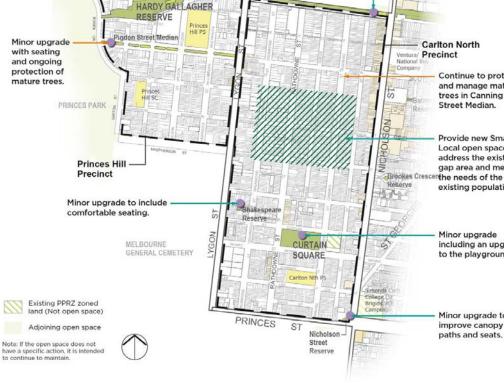
Sub-precinct for new Sub-precinct for fiew Small Local open space

Minor upgrade to existing open space

Major upgrade to existing open space Very high / High priority







Minor upgrade including

recreation facilities.

review of the path network

and upgrade of unstructured

PARK STREET RESERVE









# **Central Richmond**

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space

12% of the total precinct area is open space

23.46 ha of

open space



## Forecast in population change $\mathbf{\dot{1}} = 2,500$

## **Central Richmond**

## Residents:

• 2016 (13,888)

• 2031 (17,269)



• 2016 (10,140)

• 2031 (13,176)

# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

Burnley Park, the Circus Site and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute significantly to the open space character of Central Richmond, however these are all located in the east of the precinct. More than 6,000 additional people are forecast to be living and working in the precinct, particularly to the western end of the precinct by 2031. There is a need to provide new Local and Small Local open spaces to cater primarily to the forecast population and better meet the open space needs of the existing population. The new open space will assist to diversify the active unstructured recreational activities in the west and assist to mitigate urban heat, provide increased urban greening and open space within a safe and easy walk of residents and workers as urban densities continue to increase in the future.

# Quality and design

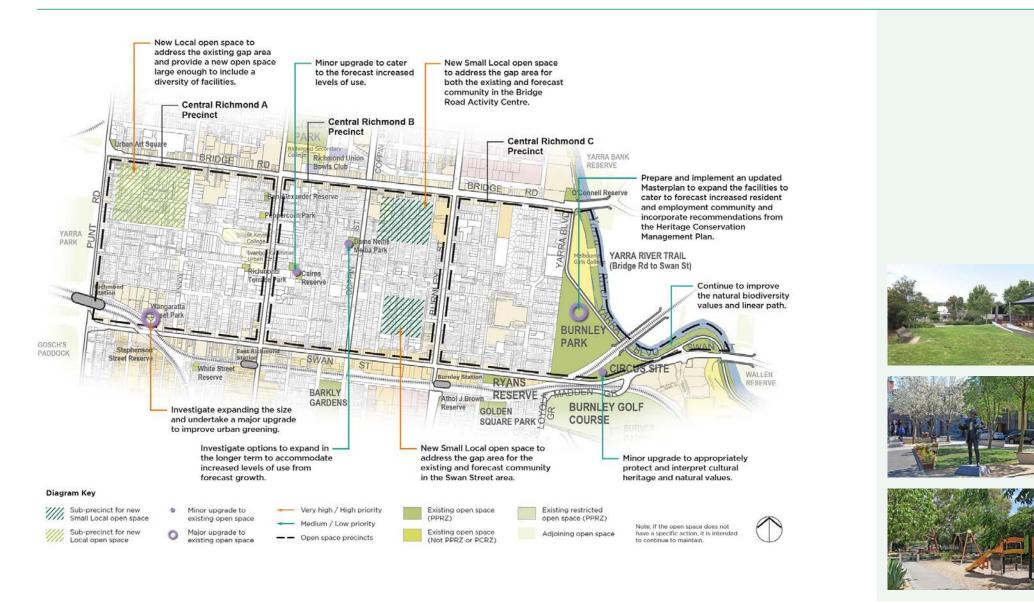
There is potential to diversify the recreational facilities in the western part of Central Richmond. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.







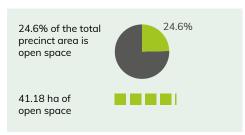
# **Central Richmond**



# **Clifton Hill**

# **Fast facts**

## Quantity of open space



# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

# Clifton Hill Residents: • 2016 (6,792) • 2031 (7,432) Workers: • 2016 (921) • 2031 (1,266)

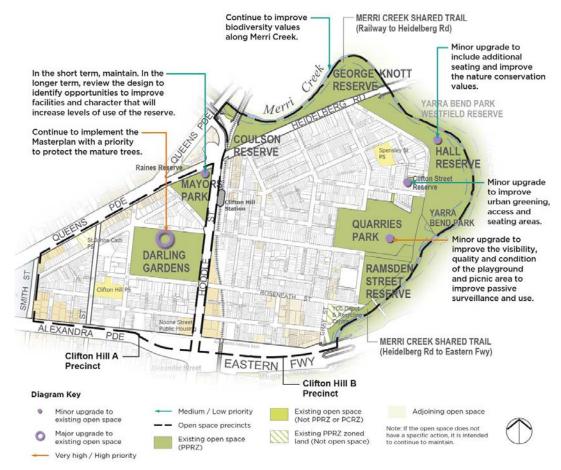
# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

Clifton Hill is well provided for with open space, with only one small gap area between Hoddle Street and the railway. Additional open space may only be required if the population in non residential areas were to substantially increase in the future.

## Quality and design

There is a need to improve the diversity of facilities that appeal to a range of age groups, particularly the older age groups who are forecast to increase over the planning period. Additionally, the open space designs need to encourage social activity in open space with the forecast increase in lone person households.











# The same of the sa

# Collingwood

# **Fast facts**

## Quantity of open space

0.3% of the total precinct area is open space



0.34 ha of open space

# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

# Collingwood

## Residents:

• 2016 (9,141)

• 2031 (14,347)

## Workers:

• 2016 (14,810)

• 2031 (25,168)

# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

The majority of the Small Local open spaces in Collingwood are experiencing high levels of use. With the forecast substantial population increase of approximately 15,000 people by 2031, there is a need to provide additional open space in Collingwood, including new Small Neighbourhood, Local and Small Local open spaces. The recommendations include expanding the size of selected existing Small Local open spaces to allow inclusion of a greater diversity of facilities. The additional distributed open spaces will also assist to mitigate urban heat, provide increased urban greening and open space within a safe and easy walk of residents and workers as urban densities continue to increase in the future. This will positively contribute to the health and wellbeing of residents and workers. A priority for new open space is to ensure it receives excellent winter sunlight to address concerns expressed by the community regarding the more recent overshadowing of existing open space as a result of the increased height of built form in this precinct.

## Quality and design

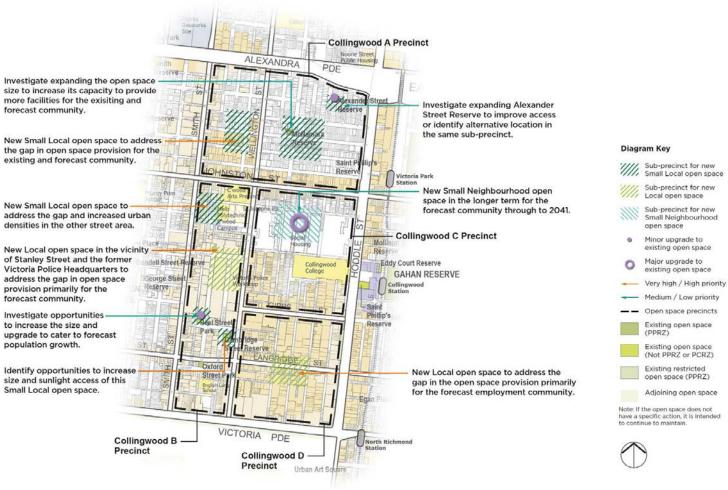
There is a need to increase and improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the Small Local open spaces in Collingwood. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.







# Collingwood





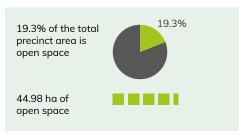




# Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space



# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

# Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

### Residents:

- 2016 (4,622)
- 2031 (9,539)

# Workers:

- 2016 (16,704)
- 2031 (25,865)

# **Precinct summary**

# **Provision and distribution**

Barkly Gardens and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute to the open space character of this precinct. With the forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population in Cremorne, and lack of open space west of Church Street, a key recommendation is to provide new Small Neighbourhood, Local and Small Local open space reserves in Cremorne to cater to the nearly 10,000 additional workers and residents. With the forecast significant increase in urban densities along Swan Street and across the southern part of the Municipality, there is also a longer term opportunity to introduce more diverse golfing options and other sporting uses at Burnley Public Golf Course. Strengthening the natural biodiversity values along the Yarra River corridor will contribute to the character and resilience of Richmond South and Burnley.

# Quality and design

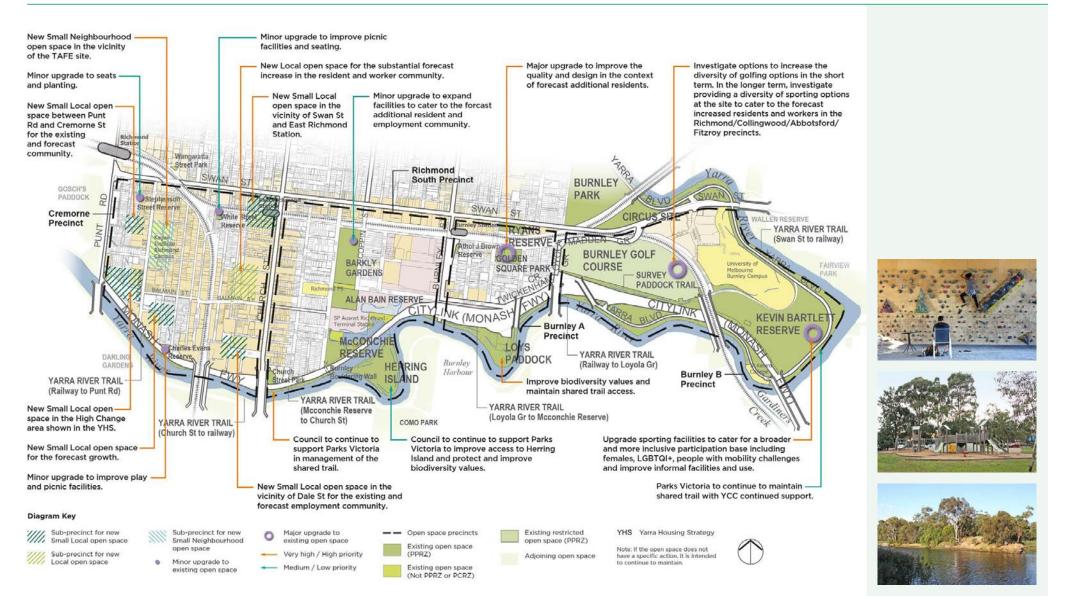
There is potential to improve the quality and diversity of facilities in the existing open spaces in this precinct. The additional open space in Cremorne will be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.







# Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley





# Fairfield - Alphington

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space



# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2,500$ 

# Fairfield / Alphington

## Residents:

• 2016 (2,894)

• 2031 (9,099)



• 2016

No data available

• 2031

No data available

# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

Open space is well provided for and significantly contributes to the landscape character of these areas. With the significant levels of forecast growth in Alphington one new Small Local and three new Local open spaces are to be provided on the Alphington Paper Mills Development site as part of the approved Development Plan. In Fairfield, secure a formal public pedestrian path link between Coate Park and Rudder Grange along the Yarra River.

# Quality and design

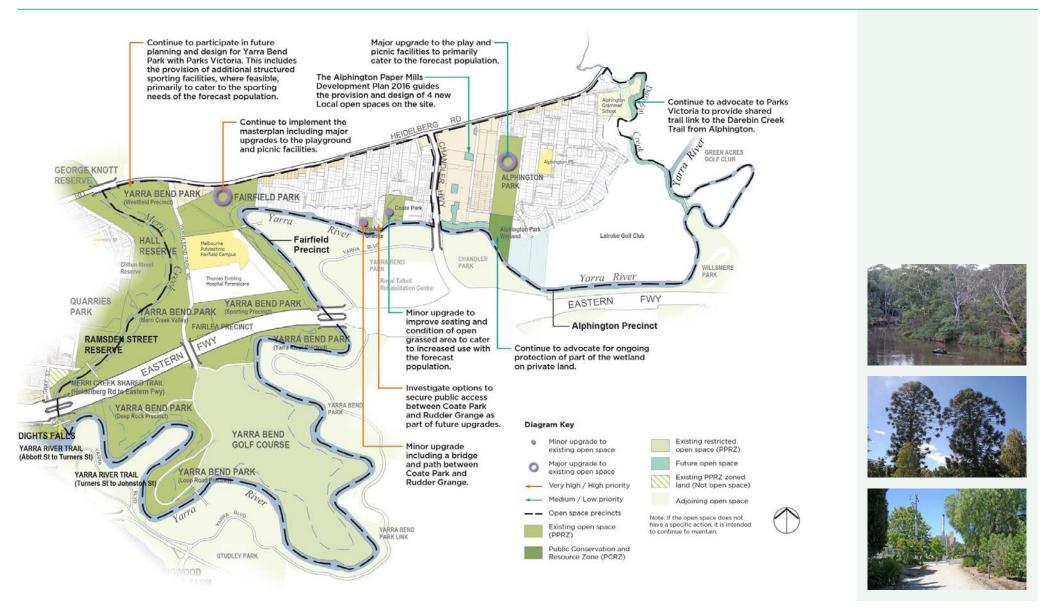
There is potential to expand the play and picnic facilities in Alphington Park to cater to the substantial increase in population, combined with ongoing upgrades to and implementation of the Fairfield Park Masterplan. The new open space designs are recommended to be reviewed in the context of ensuring there are facilities that provide for some active unstructured recreation and that they include greening and passive cooling given the high urban densities so they also contribute to mitigating urban heat island effect.







# Fairfield - Alphington

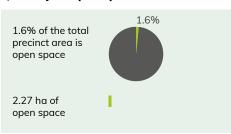


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# **Fitzroy**

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space



# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

• 2031 (25,216)

# Fitzroy Residents: • 2016 (11,465) • 2031 (15,798) Workers: • 2016 (17,014)

# **Precinct summary**

## **Provision and distribution**

Atherton Reserve is the largest open space in Fitzroy and will continue to be improved by strengthening its role for informal ball and sports and large open space. It will be complemented by a major upgrade to Condell Street Reserve to create a community park with updated and expanded play and picnic facilities along with improvements to the trees, and garden beds and grassed areas. Combined with Whitlam Place which has a distinctly different character, it will create a quality hub of open space around the civic heart of the Fitzroy Library and Town Hall. A series of new open spaces are proposed to address existing gaps in the open space network and to meet the significant forecast population growth, along with the expansion to selected existing Small Local open space. Given the framework of the existing open space and the fine grain of development a series

of new Small Local open spaces are proposed so that the existing and forecast community live and work within a safe and easy walk of green open space.

## Quality and design

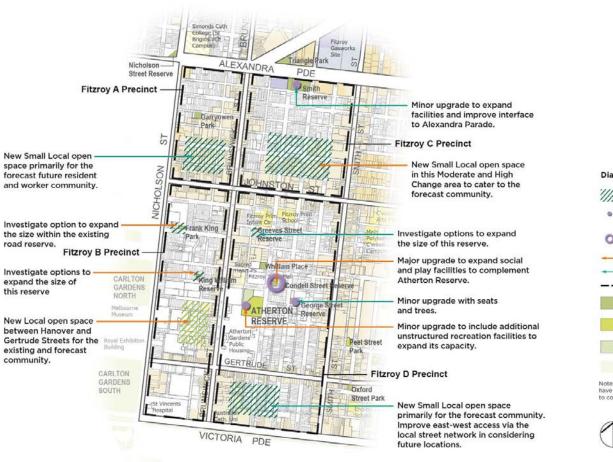
There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the existing and proposed open space network. Given the urban densities, increasing the quality of these green spaces including maximising moisture absorbing surfaces will assist to mitigate urban heat island effect the future. The additional open spaces will be designed to complement the existing network that combined will provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population.







# **Fitzroy**



## Diagram Key

Sub-precinct for new //// Sub-precinct for new Small Local open space

> Sub-precinct for new Local open space

Major upgrade to existing open space

Very high / High priority

Medium / Low priority

- Open space precincts

Existing open space (PPRZ)

Existing open space (Not PPRZ or PCRZ)

Existing restricted open space (PPRZ)

Note: If the open space does not have a specific action, it is intended

Adjoining open space







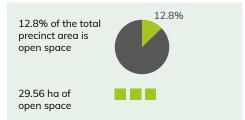


# The same of the sa

# **Fitzroy North**

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space



# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

# **Fitzroy North**

## Residents:

• 2016 (12,357)

• 2031 (15,112)



### Workers:

• 2016

No data available

• 2031

No data available

# **Precinct summary**

# **Provision and distribution**

With Edinburgh Gardens, Merri Creek and the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands Fitzroy North has a diverse and connected open space network. The network will be strengthened with the addition of one Small Local open space so that the community living and working in Fitzroy North B can easily walk to open space nearby in the future without crossing major roads. For Fitzroy North C and D. Edwards Place Reserve near Edinburgh Gardens is recommended to be expanded in size so that the local community can use it when the gardens are busy given they are the most popular open space in the City. The 2031-2041 resident forecasts indicate a substantial further increase in the resident population and additional public open space will be required to meet the open space needs of the additional population when the time comes.

# Quality and design

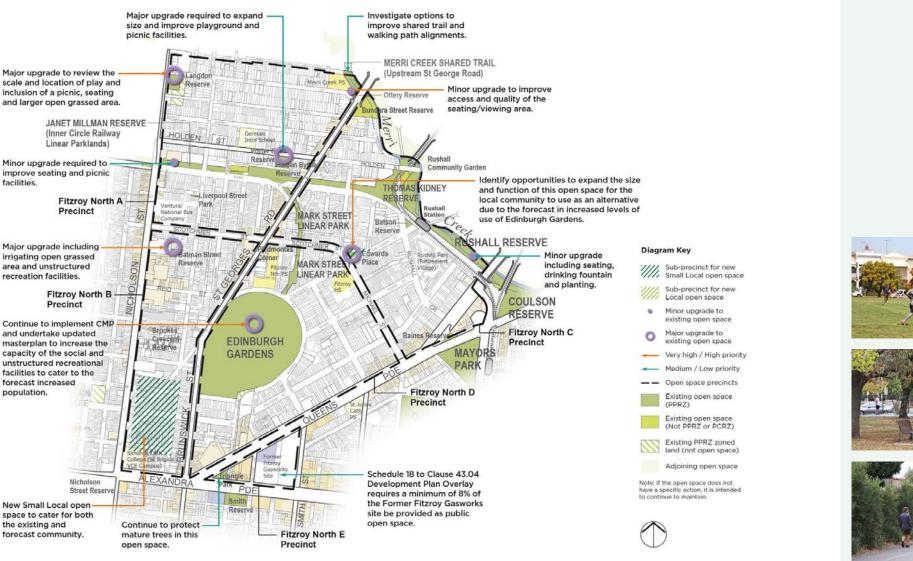
There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the Small Local open spaces in Fitzroy North so that they appeal to the broader community including all age groups. Upgrades to these, combined with the new and expanded areas of open space will aim to cater to the local open space needs as suitable alternatives to Edinburgh Gardens, given the high levels of use and activity at the Gardens.







# **Fitzroy North**









# **North Richmond**

# **Fast facts**

# Quantity of open space

3% of the total precinct area is open space



5.81 ha of open space

# Forecast in population change

 $\mathbf{1} = 2.500$ 

## **Abbotsford**

## Residents:

• 2016 (14.335)

• 2031 (21,754)

## Workers:

• 2016 (13,179)

• 2031 (17,444)



# Provision and distribution

**Precinct summary** 

Citizens Park and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute significantly to the open space character of North Richmond. With the forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population in North Richmond. Key recommendations include to provide a new Neighbourhood open space on the DHHS land between Punt Road and Church Street. This will primarily cater to the forecast population and better meet the open space needs of the existing community. With substantial change forecast east of Burnley Street, a new Small Neighbourhood open space is proposed towards the southern part of North Richmond C. This will cater to the forecast growth associated with the eastern end of the Bridge Road Activity Centre and for the forecast change within the sub-precinct as a whole. An additional Small Local open space is proposed in

the vicinity of Doonside Street to address the recent and forecast change to high density development in this area.

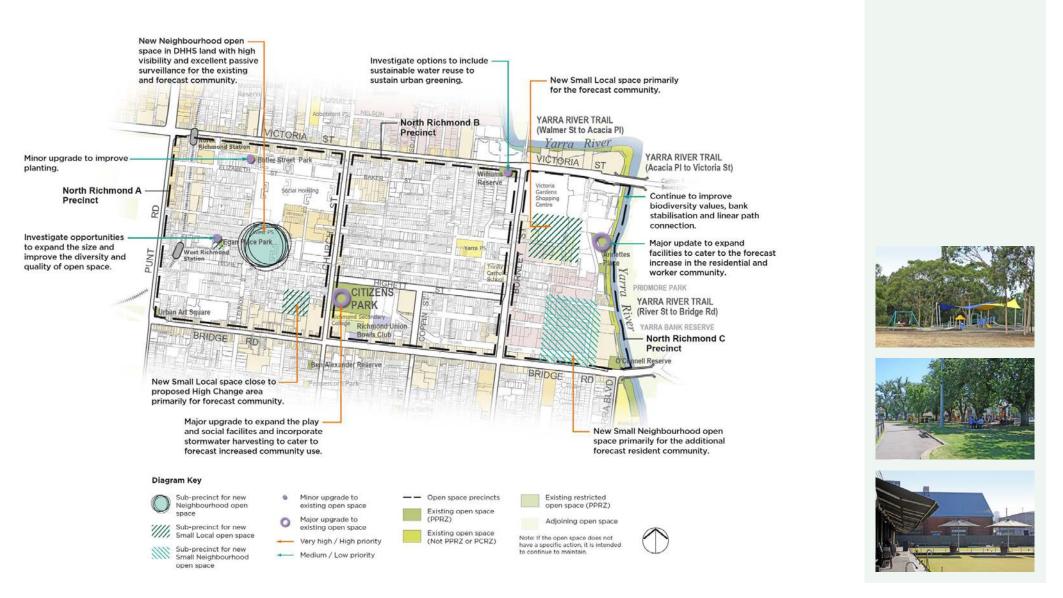
# Quality and design

There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the existing Local and Small Local open spaces in North Richmond. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.





# **North Richmond**



# **Implementation**

#### **Overview**

The projects in this Strategy will be implemented over a 15 year timeframe. The planning for the proposed new public open spaces will occur early in the timeframe to ensure opportunities are sought to achieve these through the planning process. These projects will be achieved through a combination of securing land area on large redevelopment sites, conversion of government owned land and land acquisition where required. Upgrades to existing open space will be achieved through the capital works budget process.

Responsibilites

The Open Space Planning Team at the City of Yarra will take the lead implementation role. Successful implementation will require coordination with the following areas of Council

- Open space capital works team to design and deliver improvements to existing and new open space.
- Strategic and statutory planning to ensure the Yarra Planning Scheme and other strategic documents are consistent with this Strategy
- Strategic planning to integrate open space provision in future structure plans.
- Financial services regarding appropriate allocation of public open space contributions to the open space project budgets in accordance with this Strategy.
- Recreation and leisure to determine. the appropriate sport and recreation facilities.
- Traffic and civil engineering to improve pedestrian and bicycle links via the road network.
- Urban design to prepare Urban Design Frameworks for activity centres.
- Open space maintenance team and Local laws regarding the ongoing management and maintenance.

## **Funding**

Funding the land acquisition and capital works required for the projects identified in this Strategy will be sourced from a combination of:

- · Council revenue.
- External grants from other State and Federal government agencies.
- The open space contribution rate will be updated in Clause 53.01 of the Yarra Planning Scheme to change from 4.5 per cent to a rate that will be in the order of 10 per cent. These contributions will be required as a land and/or cash contribution at Council's discretion.

#### **Next steps**

- Implement the updated open space contribution rate/s in the planning scheme.
- Undertake detailed investigations into the provision of additional open spaces identified in the Strategy.
- Continue to implement Masterplans for major parks.
- Plan for and upgrade existing open spaces identified in the precinct recommendations.











# Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020

# **Technical Report**

#### Prepared by

Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd and Environment & Land Management Pty Ltd

July 2020

#### **NOTE FROM YARRA CITY COUNCIL (9 APRIL 2024)**

Following consideration of the Final Panel Report on Amendment C286yara which implements the public open space contribution rate, Action 7.5B-4 - Fairfield Park has been retained as an action/project for Fairfield on Page 295 of this document but has not been included in the calculation of the final public open space contribution rate.

# **Acknowledgements**

### **Acknowledgement of Country**

Yarra City Council acknowledges the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people as the Traditional Owners and true sovereigns of the land now known as Yarra. We acknowledge their creator spirit Bunjil, their ancestors and their Elders. We acknowledge the strength and resilience of the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, who have survived European invasion and never ceded sovereignty. We also acknowledge the significant contribution made by the many other Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to life in Yarra.

We acknowledge that Fitzroy and Collingwood are areas of special significance to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people – as the cradle of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander affairs in Victoria, the birthplace of important Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, the centre of political activism and a meeting place for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to link in with family, community and services. We acknowledge the role played by past federal and state government policies in the social and cultural dispossession of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people – and the dispossession of land – which has caused the current disadvantages faced by many Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. And we believe that having an awareness of, and taking steps towards, mending this disadvantage is the shared responsibility of all residents in the City of Yarra.

Council pays its respects to all in the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community and Elders from all nations here today – and to their Elders past, present and future.

### **Project team**

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 and the Yarra Open Space Strategy Technical Report have been prepared for the City of Yarra by Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd in association with Environment & Land Management Pty Ltd and with guidance from the Council Project Working Group led by the Open Space Planning Team, City Strategy.

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APPENDIX B 385

Report on the community open space survey outcomes, Yarra Open Space Strategy, prepared by Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd, November 2018

APPENDIX C 387

Summary Report on the Community engagement Draft Yarra Open Space Strategy, prepared by Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd, July 2020

# 1. Introduction

# 1.1 Project scope and purpose

### 1.1.1 Project scope

The project brief prepared by the City of Yarra identified that the Open Space Strategy will be:

The overarching, long term strategic document on public open space in the City. It will set the vision and direction to guide future provision, planning, design and management of open space in Yarra. It will consider the current challenges and pressures inner city municipalities such as Yarra face in achieving a cohesive, linked and well managed open space network to meet the full range of current and future needs for residents, workers and visitors to the City.

This Strategy will replace the existing Yarra Open Space Strategy 2006. The primary objective of this Strategy is to address the inequity in open space distribution and to increase the amount of public open space in areas with the least access. It also reviews the current 4.5 per cent Public Open Space Contribution rate in the context of what is required to provide an adequate level of funding to service new populations through the open space program.

#### 1.1.1a Key issues addressed in the Strategy

The following is a brief summary of the key issues arising from the research, consultation and analysis in preparing the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 compared with existing conditions and the 2006 Open Space Strategy. These include:

- **Climate emergency** including the impacts of extreme weather events including more frequent and extreme hot days and heatwaves, storm events, floods and droughts.
- **Urban heat island effect**, particularly in the context of the climate emergency.
- **Substantial population growth**, particularly over the past six years and the impacts this has had on open space.
- Substantial forecast future population growth through to 2031 including the resident and employment population.
- **Increased urban densities** including impacts of increased levels of use and overshadowing from adjoining built form.
- Changing patterns of community use of open space including visiting open space for a greater variety of reasons. Key changes include:
  - Dog walking is more common
  - Walking is lower as a reason to visit open space
  - Social reasons to visit open space are higher including meeting friends and socialising
  - Relaxing is more frequently given as a reason to visit open space.
- Changing community values of open space with people valuing the trees more highly now than in 2006. They also place a higher value on open space being a place for them to relax and unwind compared with 2006.
- The high cost and difficulties associated with providing new areas of open space. This includes difficulties negotiating land area contributions during the development application process and adequate funds being available to acquire land on the open market when suitable sites are identified.
- The existing 4.5% open space contribution rate is inadequate to provide sufficient funds for purchasing sites for new public open space, and/or to provide open space improvements to serve the new population. Currently the rate does not apply to nonresidential uses which is an increasing development type in Yarra.

# 1.1.1b The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people as custodians of the land now known as the City of Yarra

The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people are the cultural custodians of the land now known as the City of Yarra. They cared for the land for many thousands of years before being displaced by European settlers from the 1830s. Council acknowledges the profound impacts of these changes and today celebrates the rich and enduring culture of Yarra's Traditional Owners. Council Plan 2017-2021.

#### 1.1.2 Strategy purpose

The purpose of the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 is to provide strategic direction for the future planning, provision, design and management of open space in the City of Yarra through to 2031. This includes understanding and addressing the open space needs of the existing population and planning ahead to address the open space needs of the forecast community. This includes both the residential and employment community.

The Strategy is consistent with the broader policy context set out in the State planning documents including *Plan Melbourne 2017–2050* and *Planning Practice Note* | 70 – Open Space Strategies.

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 addresses the open space needs of both the existing and forecast community within an integrated framework that supports the justification for a fair and equitable open space contribution program that Council can then incorporate with appropriate policy directions in the Yarra Planning Scheme. In order to achieve this the Strategy provides Action Tables for which broad opinions of cost have been allocated to each action where an open space contribution is anticipated for project budgeting. For reference, projects that are not eligible for a contribution are those where the forecast new population is not creating a need for the project. The Strategy will commit Council to a 15-year framework of actions that will be funded from a variety of Council revenue sources including rates, grants, fees and open space contributions.

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 is referred to as 'the Strategy' throughout the report to differentiate it from other government strategies referred to.

The Strategy comprises the following documents:

- **Technical Report** which provides the detailed analysis, conclusions and recommendations including the Action Tables for each of the 10 precincts.
- Summary Report which provides a summary of the key issues and recommendations
  from the Strategy and is the main document that community and Council officers
  outside of the open space planning will refer to.

# 1.2 Definition of public open space

### 1.2.1 Open space

Public open space includes all publicly owned land that is set aside primarily for outdoor recreation, passive outdoor enjoyment and nature conservation and is open to the sky. It includes public parks, gardens, reserves, waterways and squares. Access may be restricted at certain times or at all times on a fee paying basis. It is generally zoned for public park, recreation or conservation purposes when held in public ownership.

Public open space referred to in the Strategy includes:

- Public land that is owned and managed by Council.
- Crown Land that is managed by Council, for example Edinburgh Gardens, Darling Gardens, Mayors Park, Citizens Park, Barkly Gardens, Burnley Park and the majority of the open space along the Yarra River.
- Crown Land that is managed by other government agencies and their delegates as
  public open space, for example Yarra Bend Park which is managed by Parks Victoria
  and Collingwood Children's Farm which is managed by the Collingwood Children's
  Farm Committee of Management.
- Public land owned and managed by Melbourne Water which is reserved for drainage and flood management purposes and also has a recreational function and use.
- Restricted open space is land that is zoned for public park and recreation purposes but only available on a membership or fee paying basis. Examples include Burnley Golf Course and Richmond Union Bowls Club.

Throughout the Strategy, public open space is referred to as 'open space'.

## 1.2.3 Ancillary open space

The term ancillary open space is used to differentiate parts of the public realm that are not included in the definition of public open space. This includes streetscapes, urban spaces between buildings, school and educational facility grounds, along with community facility grounds, for example, neighbourhood houses.

#### **Streetscapes**

Streets are used by people to socialise and exercise including walking and cycling, and while these are common to activities that are also undertaken in open space, the streets are primarily set-aside for their transport and travel function and purpose. Streets complement the open space network by providing transport and tree canopy links between them. The community use the streets to walk or cycle along to reach open space and other destinations in the neighbourhood. Many of the streets include street trees that make a contribution to the landscape character and urban greening in Yarra. While streets complement the open space network, they do not replace the need for open space. The local street network is owned by Council and parts of them can be converted to open space where they are no longer required for transport and travel purposes and meet the criteria for open space. In this situation the street would change its designation and become public open space.

Overall the streets and roads in Yarra are managed by an overarching *Road Management Plan 2017-2021*, along with a series of more detailed Local Area Place Making Plans. The street tree planting is managed through the implementation of the *Urban Forest Strategy 2017* and other more detailed plans and policies.

#### **School grounds**

This Strategy recognises the contribution that ancillary open space provides including opportunities such as schools that can partner with Council, however school land is not reserved for open space and can be sold for other purposes or converted through building construction. The lack of certainty over this land being available to supplement the open space system is the reason the use of school grounds is not referred to in the Strategy as it does not replace the need for public open space.

#### Other public land

Other public land that falls into the ancillary open space category is railway corridors where they have not already been developed and secured as public open space. A simple test for distinguishing public open space from other public land is whether the land is suitable for inclusion in the Public Parks and Recreation Zone or the Public Conservation and Resource Zone.

This Strategy focuses on planning for the adequate provision, design and management of a public open space network that is secured for future generations to enjoy. This means that the open space is publicly owned, without the ability for that land to be sold or converted to another use without clear demonstration that it is no longer required by the community as open space.

The future provision, design and funding for ancillary open space is guided by a range of other plans and strategies prepared by Council and other State Government agencies and will not form part of the open space capital works program in this Strategy.

## 1.2.4 Publicly accessible private open space

Some publicly accessible private open space complements the public open space system including church grounds and private forecourts to buildings. These are referred to as publicly accessible private open space. They can complement the public open space network, but they cannot be relied on as a replacement for public open space as Council does not have direct control over them and they can potentially be converted to another use, or sold.

Other private land that contributes to the open space system is private golf courses, which are available to members on a fee paying basis. La Trobe Golf Club in Alphington is located within the City of Yarra, and there are additional privately owned golf courses adjoining municipality. Golf courses contribute to the natural and unbuilt quality of the landscape, have some benefits in mitigating urban heat island effect associated with climate change, and contribute to the environmental values and landscape character of an area. They are not a replacement for public open space as they can potentially be converted to different uses in the future, given they are privately owned.

# 1.3 Objectives and principles

## 1.3.1 Council Plan Objectives

The Council Plan 2017-2021 includes seven objectives based on the community engagement process that identified what the community love about Yarra and what they regarded as the top issues that need to be addressed.

#### 1. A HEALTHY YARRA

Community health, safety and wellbeing are a focus in everything we do.

#### 2. AN INCLUSIVE YARRA

Inclusion, diversity and uniqueness are welcomed, respected and celebrated.

#### 3. A SUSTAINABLE YARRA

Council leads on sustainability and protects and enhances its natural environment.

#### 4. A LIVEABLE YARRA

Development and growth are managed to maintain and enhance the character and heritage of the city.

#### 5. A PROSPEROUS YARRA

Local businesses prosper and creative and knowledge industries thrive.

#### 6. A CONNECTED YARRA

Connectivity and travel options are environmentally sustainable, integrated and well-designed.

#### 7. A LEADING YARRA

Transparency, performance and community participation drive the way we operate.

The following table describes how the Strategy aims to meet the Council Plan Objective:

Council Plan Objective	How the Strategy will meet the objective
A healthy Yarra	Upgrade the existing open spaces to encourage the community outdoors to exercise and socialise in them.
	<ul> <li>Provide additional public open space so that everyone lives and works within a safe and easy walk of open space.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Encourage greening of open space so it contributes to urban cooling.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Protect and improve habitat and biodiversity values of open space including along the waterway corridors and across the network where appropriate.</li> </ul>

Council Plan Objective	How the Strategy will meet the objective
An inclusive Yarra	<ul> <li>Open space is for everyone in Yarra's diverse community, including all ages, abilities, genders and cultures.</li> <li>Open space is accessible to everyone and requires no membership of an organisation or payment to use it.</li> <li>Universal design will be achieved in all new open space design and upgrades to existing open spaces.</li> <li>Everyone lives and works within a safe and easy walk of open space.</li> </ul>
A sustainable Yarra	<ul> <li>Encourage the use of sustainable materials in open space.</li> <li>Maximise urban greening.</li> <li>Protect and improve habitat and biodiversity values of open space including along the waterway corridors and across the network where appropriate.</li> </ul>
A liveable Yarra	<ul> <li>Identify the need for and areas where new open space is required in response to the Yarra Housing Strategy 2018 and the Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy 2018.</li> <li>The design guidelines require the inclusion of sustainable water re-use and urban greening including additional large canopy trees to promote the role of open space in mitigating urban heat island effect.</li> </ul>
A prosperous Yarra	<ul> <li>The Actions in the Strategy are costed and form the basis of the open space contribution rate that is included in the Strategy.</li> <li>The Strategy provides certainty for Council, the community and developers regarding the location and type of new open space that is required over the 15 year timeframe to 2031.</li> <li>Yarra's upgraded and expanded open space network will contribute to a more vibrant and attractive place to live, visit and work.</li> </ul>
A connected Yarra	<ul> <li>Strengthen the linear connections and sustainable transport options.</li> <li>Strengthen biodiversity values and connectivity through increased canopy cover and revegetation.</li> </ul>
A leading Yarra	<ul> <li>The Strategy is based on best practice provision of open space and facilities for established areas and high density precincts.</li> </ul>

## 1.3.2 Open Space Strategy Principles

The following principles are taken from the 2006 Strategy and updated to address some of the contemporary issues including climate change and urban heat island effect, the importance of green open space to community health and wellbeing and increased urban densities and population growth. These principles are of equal priority and are listed in alphabetical order.

Principle	Aim
Accessible	Provide open space that is easily accessible and appeals to people of all ages and abilities and is well serviced by a range of sustainable transport options.
Adaptable	Design and manage open space to accommodate changing community needs and other influences including climate change.
Cultural	Recognise, protect and support diverse Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage and historical values, including contemporary cultural values, in existing and new open space.
Diverse	Reflect the natural, social, urban and cultural diversity of Yarra and meet the diverse range of organised and informal recreational needs in open space.
Ecological	Enhance and link ecologically viable remnants and established urban bushland to improve biodiversity values.
Equitable	Ensure the public open space network is inclusive and freely open and accessible to everyone.
Sustainable	Design and manage open space to support sustainable water use; contribute to urban greening; mitigate urban heat island effect; support large canopy trees; promote sustainable transport options; and contribute to the liveability of higher density precincts in the city.

The following three principles guide Council's method of implementing the Strategy.

Principles	Description
Inclusive	Involve the community and stakeholders in the decision making process for the design of existing and new open space.
Advocate	Protect and expand Yarra's open space network by advocating to all levels of government and the broader community.
Demonstrate	Demonstrate best practice management approach to meet the principles in the Strategy.

# 1.4 Importance of open space

Since the preparation of the existing Yarra Open Space Strategy in 2006, there has been extensive additional local and international research into the positive influence of open space and natural features on community health and wellbeing and liveability. Open space is recognised as having a range of benefits that extend beyond recreation, and the research has identified there are measurable improvements to both people's physical and mental health if they live near green open space. Open space is an essential part of creating sustainable urban communities.

Research from the following key documents has been reviewed:

- The Victorian Parliamentary Legislative Council Inquiry into Environmental Design and Public Health in 2012
- Urban Green Spaces and Health, A review of evidence, by the World Health Organization (WHO), 2016
- Beyond Blue to Green, The benefits of contact with nature for mental health and well-being by Deakin University, 2010

The purpose of the *Inquiry into Environmental Design and Public Health* was to inform the Victorian Government's preparation of *Plan Melbourne*. The Inquiry found there is compelling evidence linking the rise in the rates of serious chronic diseases with the key risk factors being physical inactivity and the planning and design of the urban environments. The evidence links the improvement to the provision, design and accessibility of open space with increased participation in physical activity. Green open spaces provide opportunities for physical activity which also benefits mental health and leads to multiple positive physical, mental and social health benefits to living close to green open space.

The WHO Report, *Urban Green Spaces and Health A Review of Evidence*, concludes that there is evidence to support that green open space makes a contribution to people's mental health and wellbeing if they live within 300 metres of it and if the open space is at least 0.5 hectares in size or closer to smaller areas of open space.

The Beyond Blue to Green study links people's access to green open space to their mental health and wellbeing including having a positive influence of people healing and recovering from illness.

Based on the wide range of published research and the consultation undertaken for this Strategy, public open space contributes to community health and wellbeing, the natural and the urban character of the city. The community health and wellbeing benefits include:

- · A place to relax and unwind
- · Physical fitness and exercise
- Access to natural sunlight and fresh air, particularly during the winter to retain adequate levels of Vitamin D
- · Social connection to the local community, friends and family
- Children's play including their physical, social and cognitive development
- Restorative influence of being in a natural space as a contrast to built form

 Mitigation of urban heat island effect, particularly in high density precincts where heat exhaustion can be particularly serious for the vulnerable including the frail and the elderly.

The contribution of open space to the natural and urban character of the City includes:

- Improve biodiversity values, particularly along the waterway corridors and across the network via linear links
- Distinctive neighbourhood character changes across the city and a unique sense of place that people identify with
- The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage values and historical values in both a contemporary and historical context
- Provides a break in the built form and character
- Opportunity for urban greening with natural features that contrast to built form
- Space for large broad spreading canopy trees that contributes to mitigating urban heat island effect
- Provide green and natural public open spaces with trees, garden beds and grass close to where people living in high density precincts
- A sense of space with long vistas and views to and from open space as a contrast to the built form.

The recent research has found there are measurable health benefits to the community if they live near and access public open space compared to those who do not. The World Health Organisation's report concluded that the preference is for people to live 300 metres to quality green open space of a minimum of 0.5 hectares in size and closer to smaller areas of open space. In the City of Yarra people living and working in the central and southern parts of the City currently do not have this level of access to green open space. Sections 2.4 and 5.3 of the Strategy has further discussion regarding this issue.

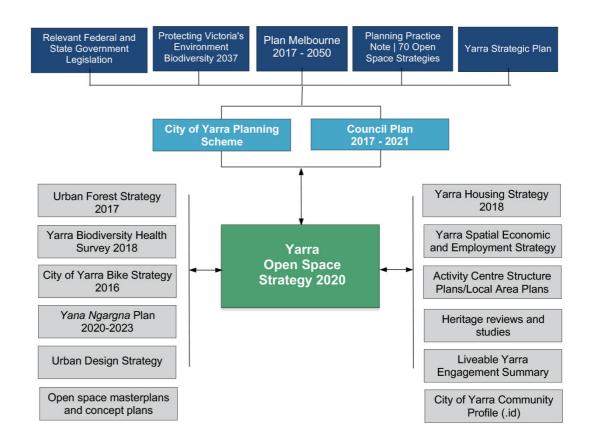
The City of Yarra has experienced significant population growth and urban development over the past twelve years, particularly over the past six years. These significant levels of growth are forecast to continue over the next 25 years, which means there is a need to plan ahead to ensure the City improves accessibility to a diversity of green open spaces as the population grows and the municipality redevelops and intensifies to accommodate this growth. The community consultation undertaken on the Draft Strategy supports the importance of green open space to community health and wellbeing, with the recommendation to maximise opportunities for having large trees and natural green features in open space receiving the highest level of support in the survey. Refer to Appendix C for further information.

In the established urban context it is difficult to provide new land area as open space, particularly larger areas of open space. In the City of Yarra some of the larger former industrial sites are yet to be redeveloped and these provide opportunities to potentially seek future larger land areas as public open space including Local and Neighbourhood open space up to 1 hectare in size, along with the conversion of public land including roads. These opportunities have been identified in Section 7 and will be investigated and delivered through the implementation of this Strategy.

# 2. Policy context

# 2.1 Strategic context

### 2.1.1 Relevant Victorian government strategies and directions



#### 2.1.1a Plan Melbourne 2017 – 2050

Plan Melbourne 2017–2050 (referred to as Plan Melbourne in report) is 'a metropolitan planning strategy that defines the future shape of the city and state over the next 35 years. Integrating long-term land use, infrastructure and transport planning, Plan Melbourne sets out the strategy for supporting jobs and growth, while building on Melbourne's legacy of distinctiveness, liveability and sustainability.' (Plan Melbourne web pages). There are 9 principles with 32 policy directions. The relevant directions and policies have been considered in preparing this Strategy and this Strategy in turn will support the achievement of Plan Melbourne within the Yarra municipality.

#### Housing and employment

Plan Melbourne supports locating housing close to jobs and services, which can easily be achieved in Yarra. For Melbourne overall, the plan seeks to locate at least 65 per cent of new housing in established areas of Melbourne and no more than 35 per cent in growth areas. The inner region, of which Yarra is a part (with Melbourne and Port Phillip), will add an estimated 215,000 new dwellings between 2015 and 2051. This pattern is already evident in Yarra today and in the population forecasts. There is continuing focus on the 20-minute walkable neighbourhood, including access to public open space, to ensure good amenity, liveability and local access to community and other services.

The inner region will be a driver of industry and employment with a focus on the following key industries: professional scientific and technical services; finance and insurance services; healthcare and social assistance; public administration and safety. Up to 233,000 new jobs are anticipated in the inner region.

There is a health and education precinct identified that is centred on St Vincent's Hospital and Australian Catholic University Precinct, partly in Fitzroy. The Amcor Paper Mill site in Alphington is identified as a significant urban renewal site for Yarra, planned as a mixed use precinct including open space, with local jobs and up to 2,500 homes for around 5,000 residents.

*Plan Melbourne* designates five Major Activity Centres in Yarra: Brunswick Street and Smith Street in Fitzroy and Victoria Street, Bridge Road and Swan Street in Richmond.

The combination of the major activity centres and the health and education precincts will contribute significant change during the life of the Strategy with important residential and employment population increases. This Strategy responds to population growth and change by recommending new public open space and upgrades to existing open space reserves to respond to local need.

#### Open space

In addition to identifying new housing and employment opportunities, Plan Melbourne promotes public open space. *Plan Melbourne* defines this as follows:

Includes land reserved for natural landscape, parklands, recreation and active sports, as well as waterways and bays.

Direction 5.4 reinforces the need for public open space:

- to green the city
- provide urban amenities including recreation and leisure

support habitat conservation.

This direction includes the need for 'a network of accessible, high-quality, local open spaces' at policy 5.4.1.

There is also emphasis on greening the city to mitigate the urban heat island effect and ensuring resilience to natural hazards and risks, and a changing climate. The overall urban heat island profile diagram from *Plan Melbourne* illustrates the scale of this liveability and health and wellbeing issue for the City of Yarra in the context of the CBD and other parts of Melbourne.

Sustainable energy, water and waste practices including the use of water sensitive urban design to protect waterways and bays, and protection from air pollution and excessive noise are all key policy directions.

In Direction 6.4, two policy statements in relation to open space include:

- Policy 6.4.1
   Support a cooler Melbourne by greening urban areas, buildings, transport corridors and open spaces to create an urban forest.
- Policy 6.4.2
   Strengthen the integrated metropolitan open space network. The description in this notes that better planning, design and use of new and existing public open space is critical. It also advocates for developing innovative approaches to access and make use of other types of public land such as waterways, school ground and utility easements. Open space is to be accessible to people of all ages, gender, ability and location.

To assist achievement of the *Plan Melbourne* aims, a metropolitan open space strategy is in preparation. This strategy is expected to provide future direction on Regional open space in the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek corridors.

#### 2.1.1b Open Space Strategies Planning Practice Note | 70, 2015

The Department of Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) prepared this practice note to guide councils when preparing an Open Space Strategy. It includes the reasons for preparing an Open Space Strategy, the methodology or process to undertake it and the inputs and outputs that can be considered in the process. In summary the document covers the topics of; documenting the existing open space assets, data collection and consultation at the early stages of the process, confirming an agreed open space classification, determining the future open space needs and recommendations to address the need. It is noted that the process and outputs of this Strategy are consistent with the Practice Note.

#### 2.1.1c Protecting Victoria's Environment – Biodiversity 2037

#### The Strategy sets a Vision that:

Victoria's biodiversity is healthy, valued and actively cared for.

The Strategy recognises that our natural environment is fundamental to the health and wellbeing of every Victorian. It also identifies the importance of the natural environment and biodiversity values to Victoria's economy in many ways including for tourism; assisting the community to stay healthy thereby reducing medical costs; water purification; flood protection; coastal protection; and carbon sequestration. The Strategy acknowledges that Victoria's biodiversity is not as healthy and diverse as it once was and the Strategy aims to stop the decline of species diversity in Victoria.

#### 2.1.1d Lower Yarra River Corridor Study, 2016

The Victorian Government is committed to protecting the Yarra River from inappropriate development and safeguarding public access. The Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP) commissioned this study (that was completed in 2016) to better understand and assess the need for new amended planning controls and design guidelines for land between Richmond and Bulleen.

The objective was to achieve consistent development outcomes along the Lower Yarra River corridor to ensure further development does not encroach on the river's landscape, environmental, aesthetic, cultural and recreational values. The study's focus was on managing the interface between the public and private land along the corridor. The outcomes of this study have informed the current controls in the planning scheme for the Yarra River, including DDO1 and SLO1. The extent of these overlays are shown in Figures 3B and 3C in the Strategy.

#### 2.1.1e Yarra River Action Plan, 2017

The Victorian Government prepared the Yarra River Action Plan in 2017. The plan states that the Yarra is fundamental to Melbourne's sustainability, liveability and prosperity. The plan states it will guard the river from inappropriate development and promote the rivers health and amenity. A central part is the introduction of the Yarra River Protection Bill to enshrine the protections and commitments in legislation. The plan included the Traditional Owners on the working group so they were integrally involved in the Action Plan including the objectives for the river. The objectives are:

- A healthy river
- · The great Yarra Parklands
- A culturally diverse riverscape
- Securing the Yarra footprint
- Modern governance

This Plan supports the level of importance the Yarra River and the open space corridor that adjoins it to the City of Yarra. This Regional open space caters to the broader metropolitan Melbourne population.

#### 2.1.1f Yarra River Protection (Willip-gin Birrarung Murron) Act 2017

The Act enshrines the protection of the Yarra River, recognising its great importance to Melbourne and Victoria and the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung language is used in the title of the Act in recognition of Traditional Owners' custodianship of the river and connection to the lands through which the river flows.

The Act underlines the importance of the public parklands and open spaces along the Yarra River within metropolitan Melbourne and allows these to be collectively declared as the Greater Yarra Urban Parklands.

A number of guiding principles are set out in the Act which must be used by agencies with responsibilities for managing the river and parklands. Two important purposes of the Act are:

- requiring the development and implementation of a Yarra Strategic Plan as an overarching policy and planning framework; and
- establishing the Birrarung Council to provide advice to government and to report annually on the implementation of the proposed *Yarra Strategic Plan*.

The Act will affect how Council protects and manages the Yarra River and the associated parklands. The importance of the river and parklands is elevated and the Act places additional obligations and accountabilities on Council, as a land owner and manager, in the way it plans and manages the river and parklands in accordance with the principles under the Act.

#### 2.1.1g Draft Yarra Strategic Plan (2020)

Melbourne Water is leading the development of the *Yarra Strategic Plan* which will give effect to the community's 50 year long-term vision for the Yarra River and provide the basis for future planning of the river corridor and each of its reaches.

The *Draft Yarra Strategic Plan* is the first integrated corridor plan developed collaboratively by the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Cultural Heritage Aboriginal Corporation and all 15 state and local government agencies involved in managing the river. Central to elevating the significance of the Yarra River and parklands, and managing it as "one living and integrated natural entity" is the development of the Plan. The Plan responds to the key challenges of climate change and population growth and provides a 10 year regional strategy that supports the 50 year community vision for the river and provides overarching guidance for responsible agencies to achieve the community vision and the aspirations of traditional owners.

The plan works towards meeting the 50 year Community Vision and the Birrarung Water Policy *Nhanbu narrun ba ngargunin twarn Birrarung (Ancient spirit and lore of the Yarra).* It identifies immediate actions for the river, enables long-term collaborative management between agencies and Traditional Owners and guides local planning.

There are four 10 year performance objectives to deliver the 50 year Community Vision that is outlined Yarra River Strategic Plan:

- A healthy river and lands
   Improving the water quality of the Yarra River and protecting its land, floodplains and billabongs to achieve greater biodiversity.
- A culturally diverse river corridor
   Acknowledging, protecting and commemorating the rich heritage of the Birrarung and its stories.
- Quality parklands for a growing population
   Improving the river's parklands to support community wellbeing and strengthen the relationship between the Yarra River, its community and visitors.
- Protecting the natural beauty of the Yarra River corridor
   Respecting the significance of the Yarra River's landscapes. Where we build, we protect and celebrate the river's natural beauty, landscapes and views.

The plan includes a Yarra River 50 Year Community Vision along with a vision for all the four main reaches. The City of Yarra is located predominantly in the Inner City Reach, and the vision for this reach is extracted below:

#### Yarra River Inner City Reach 50 Year Community Vision

Our Yarra River, Birrarung is a thriving river for our thriving city.

It provides a unique place of transition, both spiritually and physically. Here the river and its treasured banks and backdrops are Melbourne's meeting place; an inclusive and iconic place for connection, celebration, recreation and learning.

Our love for its vast and expanding green spaces and clean waters provide a healthy habitat for all.

While still being finalised, the Plan is expected to change the way in which Council and other agencies conceive and manage the Yarra River and its parklands. There will be an increasing focus on how council manages the river and parklands as a single living entity and how it achieves the new statutory obligations. Greater coordination with other agencies and improved management will be expected as will be the participation and involvement of tradition owners.

The *Yarra Strategic Plan* will bring opportunities for stronger collaboration, more holistic and integrated management of the river corridor, improved health of the river and greater recognition of the cultural values of the river and parklands.

#### 2.1.1h Flood Management Strategy – Port Phillip and Westernport

Prepared by Melbourne Water in 2016, this Strategy aims to improve how we manage and reduce flood risks across Port Phillip and Westernport. Its alignment with the *Victorian Floodplain Management Strategy* emergency management arrangements and planning policy. Climate scientists project that the intensity of heavy rainfall events will increase and that sea level will continue to rise increasing the severity and regularity of flood events. Climate change increases the challenges faced in managing flood risk in the future. This is included in the context of the Yarra River and the adjoining open space corridor being a key feature of the Yarra's open space system.

# 2.1.1i Active Victoria – A strategic framework for sport and recreation in Victoria 2017 – 2021

Prepared by the Victorian Department of Health and Human Services *Active Victoria* is a plan to strengthen the sport and recreation sector, boost participation and ensure every Victorian has a chance to be involved. The Plan highlights the benefits of sport and active recreation including a healthier community, economic growth and jobs, community cohesion and liveability.

#### The Vision:

An increased proportion of Victorians participate in sport and active recreation

The plan also acknowledges there are key changes and challenges to adequately provide for this in the future including some that are specifically relevant to Yarra:

- Population growth
- · Ageing population
- · Changing lifestyles and expectations
- Increasing female participation in sport
- · Land availability for facilities

The strategic directions in this Plan are consistent with some of the issues raised during the consultation phase of the project including:

#### Meet the demand, including:

- Increase the capacity of sport and active recreation infrastructure
- · Create flexible and innovative participation options
- · Find new sources of investment
- Invest in a network of international, metropolitan, regional and local infrastructure.

#### Broader and more inclusive participation, including:

- Providing affordable participation options
- · Address racism, discrimination and harassment
- Continue investment in female participation
- Support increased participation of Aboriginal Victorians
- Provide support and flexible participation options for other under-represented communities including people with disability, LGBTQI+ people and disengaged youth.

#### Additional focus on active recreation, including:

• Invest in infrastructure that enables active recreation.

#### 2.1.1j IMAP Regional sport & recreation Strategy

Prepared by SGS Economics and Planning for the Inner Melbourne Action Plan (IMAP) in 2019, this Strategy is a departure from traditional sport and recreation strategies. It recognises that historic approaches will not be enough to meet current and future demand for sport and recreation needs due to the high cost of land and quantum of forecast growth for the region. The Cities of Maribyrnong, Melbourne, Port Phillip Yarra and Stonnington have participated in this Strategy. The Strategy states that between 2016 and 2036 the employment and resident population of the IMAP region is expected to grow by 50 per cent and this will place increased pressure on sport and recreation

facilities that are already stretched to capacity. The region needs to provide sport and recreation facilities to cope with this growth.

The Strategy notes that it sets out an innovative and progressive regional approach to provide clear strategic direction to assist IMAP Councils.

#### The principles are:

- Sharing the challenge: regional solutions to sports planning
- Pro-active Council led management of facilities
- Equitable use of facilities
- Opportunities for the local community to participate
- Sharing of assets
- Well located facilities
- Resilient facilities

The Strategy identifies a list of projects for each of the participating councils.

#### 2.1.2 Relevant Council strategies

#### 2.1.2a Council Plan 2017-2021

Council Plan community consultation (referred to as Liveable Yarra) identified what the community love about Yarra:

- 1. Social connectedness
- 2. Open space
- 3. Sustainable transport
- 4. Recreation and leisure
- 5. Vibrant activity centres
- 6. Diverse/inclusive

Council Plan community consultation (referred to as Liveable Yarra) identified the following top issues:

- 1. Sustainable transport
- 2. Drugs, alcohol/community safety
- 3. Open space
- 4. Growth and change
- 5. Social connectedness

The *Council Plan* has seven objectives which open space has a role in contributing towards, including:

1. A healthy Yarra

Community health, safety and wellbeing are a focus in everything we do.

2. An inclusive Yarra

Inclusion, diversity and uniqueness are welcomed, respected and celebrated.

3. A sustainable Yarra

Council leads on sustainability and protects and enhances its natural environment.

4. A liveable Yarra

Development and growth are managed to maintain and enhance the character and heritage of the city.

5. A prosperous Yarra

Local businesses proposer and creative and knowledge industries thrive.

6. A connected Yarra

Connectivity and travel options are environmentally sustainable, integrated and well-designed.

7. A leading Yarra

Transparency, performance and community participation drive the way we operate.

#### 2.1.2b Yarra Housing Strategy 2018

The Yarra Housing Strategy 2018 addresses housing trends in Yarra, changes in demographic characteristics and population numbers, future housing needs, a capacity analysis and a future growth strategy. It addresses the challenges that Yarra faces as development preferences move to a greater number of high density projects and there are significant population increases and concentrations of people.

An understanding of where the population is housed now and into the future has informed the precinct recommendations in the Strategy.

#### 2.1.2c Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy 2018

The Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy provides a detailed assessment of six retail (mixed use) and seven commercial/industrial precincts in terms of future land uses, floor space demand and the like. It also contains recommendations for transitional precincts. The traditional role of some areas is changing but Yarra recognises that it is important to maintain an economic base and that some of its commercial/industrial areas should be protected from competition from housing development.

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 has used the non-residential floor area estimates to inform the estimated changes in worker numbers across the different employment precincts. This has informed the precinct recommendations regarding the provision and design of open space. A discussion of how the SEES informs the Strategy is included in Section 4.2.

#### 2.1.2d Urban Forest Strategy 2017

The *Urban Forest Strategy 2017* provides a clear direction for the future care and management of trees in the city. As part of the research, Aerial thermal imaging was prepared for the City of Yarra identifying thermal hot spots along with an image of the tree canopy cover from 2014. The priorities for future tree management have been framed around the addressing the thermal hotspots. The *Urban Forest Strategy 2017* provides evidence that the public open space system accommodates a large proportion of the tree canopy cover in the City of Yarra and is a cooling influence on the city. Currently the City of Yarra has a 17 per cent tree canopy cover with an aim to increase to 21.25 per cent by 2040, which represents a 25 per cent increase. Combined the private realm and streetscapes have 13 per cent canopy cover while the parks and public spaces have 34 per cent canopy cover.

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 identifies the location for new public open space to be provided, with many of these being in areas of either existing or forecast high density precincts including in some of the thermal hot spots identified in the *Urban Forest Strategy 2020*. The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 recommends the need to improve urban greening in public open space with a focus on planting broad spreading canopy shade trees and increasing the presence moisture absorbing surfaces. This will assist with achieving the target of increased canopy cover the *Urban Forest Strategy 2017*.

#### 2.1.2e City of Yarra Biodiversity Health Survey, Discussion Paper, 2018

Prepared by Practical Ecology for the City of Yarra, the paper summarises the *City of Yarra Biodiversity Health Survey* (BHS). This BHS establishes baseline data on biodiversity values of open space areas within the municipality that are managed by the City of Yarra. A total of 30 open space reserves were assessed with an area greater than 0.5 hectares in size, along with an additional 10 pocket parks and 12 streetscapes that are located adjacent to the linear open space corridors.

The assessment included parklands that are not typically assessed for their biodiversity values including European style parks. In an urban context, these parks provide important refuge habitat for common indigenous fauna and links between areas of higher quality habitat. The recommendations in the Discussion Paper include adding bushland areas into a number of existing areas of open space, and planting additional street trees.

#### 2.1.2f Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023

The Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023 is the fourth partnerships policy and this plan continues to build upon the successes and challenges of previous plans. Formerly known as the Aboriginal Partnerships Plans, Yarra's official policy will from here-on-in be known as the Yana Ngargna Plan. Yana Ngargna is a Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung phrase meaning 'continuing connection'. This refers to the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung's continuing connection to culture, country and identity – as well as Council's commitment to developing continuing connections with Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, communities and organisations. The plan was renamed in 2019, the International Year of Indigenous Languages.

The plan has important notes and clarifications on terminology, Welcome to Country and Official Acknowledgement of Country. The Plan clearly sets of the role of the *Yana Ngargna* Advisory Group and the *Yana Ngargna* Working Group who guide and action, including coordinating projects that build cultural awareness and confidence across the Council. It also sets out the broader Social and Political context, along with National and State Policies, Acts and Commitments.

The Plan includes four priority areas, commitments, context and actions:

- **Priority 1 Relationships** supporting community connections, promoting culture and protecting important places.
- Priority 2 A Visible Culture increasing the visibility of Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait islander people, culture, issues and achievements in Varra
- **Priority 3 Community Health and Wellbeing** working towards improved health and wellbeing outcomes for the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in Yarra.
- Priority 4 Organisational Development increasing Council's capacity, confidence and connection through improved Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander employment pathways, cultural awareness and internal coordination.

# 2.2 Summary of the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2006

#### 2.2.1 Overview

The existing *Yarra Open Space Strategy (2006)* has guided the open space planning, design and works program over the past 12 years. More than 82 per cent of the actions from the 2006 Strategy are either complete or partially complete.

A total of six new open space reserves have been established in the following locations:

- Peel Street Park in Collingwood
- Oxford Street Park in Collingwood
- Butler Street Park in North Richmond
- Richmond Terrace Park in Central Richmond
- Church Street Reserve in Richmond
- Mollison Street in Abbotsford

One new open space reserve are currently in the process of being designed and implemented including:

New Small Local open space on Reid Street, Fitzroy North

Two existing open space reserves have been expanded in size including:

- Condell Street Reserve in Fitzroy, converting the western part of the reserve from a car park to open space.
- Barkly Gardens in South Richmond via the closure of Barkly Street between Coppin and Mary Streets.

The Strategy has also been used to inform and guide the contribution of new Small Local, Local and Regional open space on the Alphington Paper Mill site in Alphington.

After reviewing where open space contributions have been collected, the following priorities for implementation of the remaining actions are:

- Two new open spaces in Fitzroy
- · Three new open spaces in Collingwood
- One new open space in Abbotsford.
- Four new open spaces in Richmond.

The existing 2006 Strategy noted that a major review was recommended after 10 years. Given the actual population growth has been well in excess of what was forecast at the time the Strategy was prepared and it is 14 years since the Strategy was adopted, it is appropriate that a new Strategy is prepared to guide the open space planning, design and management over the next 10 to 12 years.

# 2.3 Open space and the planning scheme

### 2.3.1 Municipal Strategic Statement (MSS)

The Municipal Strategic Statement (MSS) contains the key local planning directions for the City of Yarra and it has been updated since the 2006 open space strategy was prepared. Council will be reformatting the MSS with Amendment C269 to the Yarra Planning Scheme. The Municipal Planning Strategy and local policies will be placed within the new Planning Policy Framework in response to the DELWP Smart Planning initiative and Amendment VC 148. No change is proposed to the open space planning policy as part of the rewrite.

Due to these changes, the drafting of the following information may change. However, the planning principles and requirements are not expected to change even where they may be expressed differently in the future. Key policy directions of importance to the new open space strategy include:

- Clause 21.04 Land Use contains a section on parks, gardens and public open space. The objectives are for a linked open space system to meet current and future community needs. This clause supports improved public access to the banks of the Yarra River, the use of the public open space contribution rate, no loss of open space and regulating development adjoining open space.
- Clause 21.05 Built Form encourages creation of new open space in developments, provision of public access through large development sites adjoining parklands and waterways, and sensitive built form adjoining open space.
- Clause 21.06 Transport encourages safe and convenient pedestrian and bicycle networks with reduced reliance on the private motor car and lessening the impacts of traffic.
- Clause 21.07 Environmental Sustainability encourages protection and enhancement of biodiversity and habitat. It recognises the importance of the Yarra River, Darebin Creek and Merri Creek corridors, their ecological and environmental values, recreational potential, and water quality and flow characteristics.
- Clause 21.08 Neighbourhoods sets out directions for these parts of the municipality:
  - Abbotsford
  - Burnley Cremorne- South Richmond
  - North Carlton Princes Hill
  - Clifton Hill
  - Collingwood
  - Fairfield Alphington
  - Fitzroy
  - North Fitzroy
  - North Richmond (north of Bridge Road)
  - Central Richmond (between Swan Street and Bridge Road)

#### 2.3.2 Zones and overlays

The zones and overlays have an important role in governing land use redevelopment to different parts of Yarra. For example, Yarra uses three residential zones and six zone schedules to differentiate the land uses and intensity of development permitted in each residential area. There are two commercial and two industrial zones across the city. Specific sites or areas are zoned with the Special Use Zone (six schedules), the Comprehensive Development Zone (three schedules) and the Priority Development Zone (one schedule).

There are three public zones including the Public Park and Recreation Zone (PPRZ) and the Public Conservation Zone (PCRZ) which apply to public open space and public land with high environmental values.

The overlays may be of relevance to open space where they govern building heights, and built form envelopes, provision of open space, etc. as this may affect existing or proposed future open space. The environmental, landscape and heritage overlays identify special features in Yarra and can trigger specific permit requirements to enable protection of these features. Some of these features will be on public land.

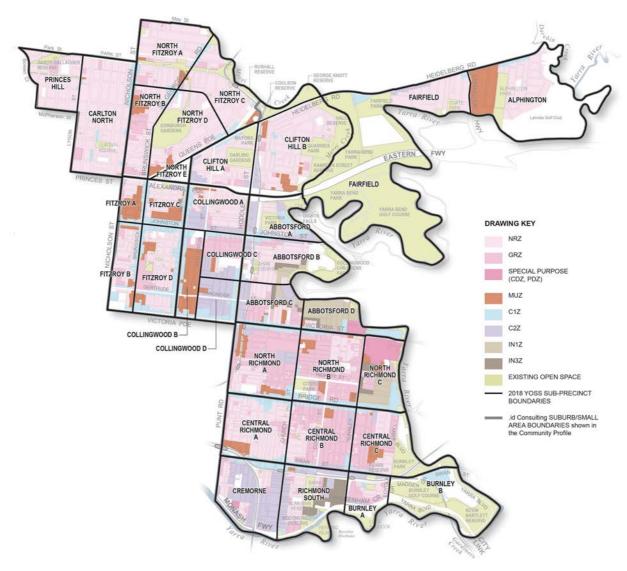


Figure 2A Existing Land Use and Open Space Sub-precinct Boundaries

Extract from Drawing YOSS-04 in Appendix A

# 2.3.3 Specific overlays for open space expansion and protection of waterways

Public Acquisition Overlay 2 (PAO2) identifies land along sections of the Yarra River Corridor and Darebin Creek for purchase as public open space. The purpose of the overlay is to create a continuous linear park/trail system adjacent to the waterways. The commitment to purchase the land is made by the Minister responsible for administering Part 2 of the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978.

The Environmental Significance Overlay is used on private land along Merri Creek (ESO2) and Darebin Creek (ESO3) The overlay is used to recognise ecological, waterway, recreational, landscape, cultural heritage and other local values.

The Significant Landscape Overlay is used along the Yarra (Birrarung) River and was recently updated in accordance with the work undertaken by the Victorian government to acknowledge the significance and protection of the river corridor. There is a strong focus on the contribution that the Yarra River system makes to the landscape, cultural and environmental values of metropolitan Melbourne.

These overlays introduce additional permit requirements, with the aim of ensuring development is sensitive to the identified values.

Environmental and landscape overlays for the Yarra River corridor are supplemented with a Design and Development Overlay (DDO1) that mandates built form setbacks and heights, and regulates materials, colours and overshadowing of the river corridor. The setback line is mapped for several locations in Yarra.

Refer to Figures 3B and 3C in Section 3 for the overlays along the waterway corridors.

## 2.3.4 Open space provision

The planning scheme includes VPP standards for open space provision which were developed to guide Precinct Structure Plans in growth areas, primarily in Melbourne.

Included in the planning scheme at Clause 56.05, the policy objectives are relevant and the proposed standards for new open space can be used as a comparative guideline to what can be accomplished in high density urban areas such as Yarra.

The policy objectives encourage development of a network of quality, well-distributed, multi-functional and cost-effective public open space that includes local parks, active open space, linear parks and trails, and links to regional open space. This is to cater for a broad range of uses, encourage healthy and active communities, integrate with encumbered open space, and contribute to environmental sustainability and sustainable neighbourhoods.

The standards for open space provision are included in Table 2-1 in Section 2.5.

# 2.4 Research into the health and wellbeing benefits of open space

#### 2.4.1 Overview

Over the past 10 years there has been a growing body of research undertaken into the health and wellbeing benefits of open space, and specifically green open space. The issue of green open space has become more prominent in recent times given the substantial increase in urban densities in Melbourne with a reduction in overall greening on both public and private land. The Commission for Architecture and the Built Environment, referred to as CABE in the United Kingdom has undertaken a number of research papers and studies into this from 2004 onwards.

Included below are some of the more recent documents that summarise the key findings from the ongoing research in both Australia and overseas.

# 2.4.2 Victorian Parliamentary Legislative Council Inquiry into Environmental Design and Public Health in Victoria

Final Report, May 2012

The inquiry was undertaken by the Environment and Planning Reference Committee established under the Standing Orders of the Legislative Council in late 2010. The report explores compelling evidence linking public health challenges with the rising rates of chronic diseases including heart disease, type 2 diabetes, mental illness and respiratory illnesses, to the planning and design of urban environments.

The report emphasises the importance of considering health in the design of our communities. The report was prepared as background material for *Plan Melbourne*, and a key aim was for it to provide specific direction in developing a healthier built environment. The report emphasised two particular elements of the built environment that promote healthy lifestyle choices – parks and other public open spaces and active transport modes, i.e. walking, cycling and public transport. A key finding of this inquiry is that one of the most important aspects of the built environment that impacts positively on health is provision of parks and other public spaces. Extensive research links multiple positive physical, mental and social health benefits of living near green and open public areas. Green public spaces encourage a range of physical activities, provide opportunities for social interaction and aids in mitigating urban heat island effect.

#### Implications for this Open Space Strategy

The importance of green open space is emphasised in the Strategy and informs the design and management guidelines in Section 6.

#### 2.4.3 Urban green spaces and health – A review of evidence

World Health Organization European Environment and Health Process, 2016

There is recent interest in the importance of green open space to support healthy living in urban areas. Links between green space and health have been recognised throughout history and one of the driving forces behind the urban parks movement of the 19th Century in Europe and North America. Recent research has identified that green spaces in an urban context has the potential to help address social and environmental problems in a preventative way.

At the fifth Ministerial Conference on Environment and Health in Parma, Italy in 2010, the Member states of the WHO European Region made a commitment '...to provide each child by 2020 with access to healthy and safe environments and settings of daily life in which they can walk and cycle to kindergartens and schools and to green spaces in which to play and undertake physical activity.'

The United Nations Sustainable Development Goal 11.7 aims to achieve the following: 'By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities.'

The report concludes there is existing evidence that there are many public health benefits through the provision of urban green spaces. These include:

- · psychological relaxation and stress reduction
- · enhanced physical activity
- mitigation of exposure to air pollution, excessive heat and noise.

The report evaluated and compared previously developed indicators of green space availability and key ones include:

- Measuring the proportion of city population living within 300 metres of a green open space with a defined minimum size.
- Accessibility of green spaces of defined minimum sizes suitable for physical activity as well as mental relaxation.
- There is a need for small, local green spaces to be very close to where people live as well as large green spaces offering formal provisions such as playing fields, and opportunities to experience nature and relative solitude.

The report's final summary conclusion is:

'A city of well-connected, attractive green spaces that offer safe opportunities for urban residents for active mobility and sports as well as for stress recovery, recreation and social contact is likely to be more resilient to extreme environmental events, such as heat waves and extreme rainfall. Such a city is also likely to have healthier citizens, reducing demands on health services and contributing to a stronger economy'.

#### Implications for this Open Space Strategy

This report's findings support the importance of an accessible and well connected green open space network for community health and wellbeing. The report emphasises the importance of providing accessible green open space for everyone including the young, elderly, those with limited mobility to undertake a range of activities and to relax and unwind along with environmental benefits including mitigating urban heat. As such the Strategy has identified the need for additional open space to be added to the network which is summarised in Section 5.2 and described in detail in Section 7.

#### 2.4.4 Social Cities Grattan Institute Report No. 2012-4

This report identifies the importance of designing our cities so they help connect us with other people. The study identifies the importance of different types of social connections that humans form including intimate personal and family relationships, links with a broader network of friends, relatives and colleagues and the broader connection to our local community which involves incidental interactions with people. Providing spaces where people can socialise in our cities is important to encouraging this and leading to a sense of belonging and connection and a socially well-adjusted community. Open space plays an important role in the sense of belonging to the broader community and also in many instances to the wider group of friends, as we often like to meet in the park where it is large enough to accommodate a larger group of people. The sense of belonging and connection leads to more positive social interaction and to health and wellbeing of our community.

#### Implications for this Open Space Strategy

This study supports the role that public open space plays in the social connectedness of the community, and this is not replaced by providing on-site private open space within developments. The Strategy recommends the expansion of social facilities in selected areas of open space throughout the Precinct Recommendation in Section 7.

### 2.4.5 Beyond Blue to Green: The benefits of contact with nature for mental health and well-being

Deakin University Australia, Townsend, M and Weerasuriya, R prepared for Beyond Blue Limited, 2010

This report was commissioned by Beyondblue: the national depression initiative and provides a review of existing Australian and international literature on the links between mental health and wellbeing and contact with nature, especially through green spaces. The specific focus of this report was on the links between parks and other green open spaces and mental health, in particular depression and anxiety.

A link between closeness to urban green spaces, frequency of visits and duration of stay regardless of sex, age and socio-economic status has been demonstrated (Grahn and Stigsdotter, 2003). The study showed the persistent obstacles to accessing and using green open spaces was time and distance, therefore people are more likely to visit green open space if it is nearby and easy to get to. Similarly, a Danish survey was conducted to examine the impact green areas have on human health and wellbeing (Nielsen and Hansen 2007) demonstrated there was less stress in people who visited green areas more frequently. The final analysis revealed being overweight and higher levels of stress are connected with greater distance from publicly accessible green space, as well as less access to private or shared gardens.

#### Implications for this Open Space Strategy

This study supports the positive effects of public green open space on people's mental health and wellbeing and that being in close proximity to it means people will use it more and are healthier and less stressed as a result. The Design and Management Guidelines in Section 6 of the Strategy highlight the importance of natural features and green infrastructure in open space.

### 2.4.6 Summary of implications from the research on this Open Space Strategy

This research has informed the analysis and recommendations for this Strategy including:

- Provision of public open space within an easy and safe walk of everyone living and
  working in the City of Yarra is a core principle that this Strategy aims to achieve to
  address the under provision of open space in some of the most populated
  neighbourhoods including Fitzroy, Collingwood, Cremorne and Richmond. This
  means that everyone including those with reduced mobility, the young and elderly will
  have the opportunity to visit open space.
- Maximise greening of public open space given the important link between people's
  mental health and wellbeing and access to and contact with nature. The research
  identifies that contact with nature is important for everyone including those living in the
  City of Yarra. Additionally, the green spaces will provide cool spaces for everyone to
  use during the summer, including the more vulnerable who do not have access to air
  conditioning in their homes or workplaces and others who choose not to have or use
  air conditioning.

# 2.5 Policy framework for the provision of open space

#### 2.5.1 Plan Melbourne 2017–2050

*Plan Melbourne* has brief overall policy directions for open space that have some relevance to public open space in established areas, including:

- Urban redevelopment projects provide the opportunity to plan new local open space in some areas (Policy 5.4.1)
- Support community gardens (Policy 5.4.2)
- Establish and maintain canopy trees and greening in public open space utilising sustainable water sources (Policy 6.4.1)
- Better planning, design and use of new and existing public open space (Policy 6.4.2).
- Access and make use of other types of public land including schools, waterways and utility easements (Policy 6.4.2)
- Fair and equitable access for all members of the community regardless of age, gender, ability or location (Policy 5.4.1 and 6.4.2)
- Create a network of green spaces that support biodiversity conservation (Policy 6.5.1)
- Protect and enhance the health of urban waterways (Policy 6.5.2).

#### 2.5.2 Yarra planning scheme

All planning schemes specify open space provision. The focus of these standards are on neighbourhood level open space as follows:

Table 2-1 Public open space standards (Clause 56.05 of planning schemes)

Open space type	Size	Locational distribution
Active open space	Minimum 8 hectares	Within 1 kilometre of 95 percent of dwellings
Local parks and open spaces	1 hectare plus included active open space	Within 400 metres safe walking distance of 95 percent of dwellings
Small parks and public squares	Not specified	Activity centres and higher density precincts
Linear parks and trails	Not specified	Within 1 kilometre of 95 percent of dwellings

#### 2.5.3 International examples of open space frameworks

The following examples have been included as examples of the cities with established higher density urban neighbourhoods.

#### 2.5.3a Open Space Strategies Best Practice Guidance

CABE Space, Mayor of London, 2009, which is also referred to in the 2015 City of London Open Space Strategy

Table 2-2 London public open space hierarchy

Open space type	Size	Distance from home/work
Regional parks	400 hectares	3.2 to 8 kilometres
Metropolitan parks	60 hectares	3.2 kilometres
District Parks	20 hectares	1.2 kilometres
Local parks and open spaces	2 hectares	400 metres
Small open spaces	Under 2 hectares	Less than 400 metres
Pocket parks	Under 0.4 hectares	Less than 400 metres
Linear open space	Variable	Wherever feasible

#### 2.5.3b Urban green spaces and health – A review of evidence

World Health Organization Europe, 2016

The World Health Organisation reviewed the evidence behind the importance of green space in supporting healthy living in urban areas. The report concludes that the evidence suggests that open space is effective for having positive effects on mental relaxation if it is at least 0.5 hectares in size and people live within 300 metres of it. Open space has a positive effect on our physical health and wellbeing if it is a minimum of 1.0 hectares. There is also available evidence to support that there is also a need for small, local green spaces very close to where people live and spend their day, as well as large green spaces with sports fields and opportunities to experience contact with nature and relative solitude.

Table 2-3 WHO aims for the provision of urban green space

Open Space type	Size	Distance from home/work
For physical activity	1.0 hectare minimum	300 metres
For mental relaxation	0.5 hectare minimum	300 metres
Additional small local green open spaces	Not specified	Very close to home (no distance specified, but less than 300 metres)

#### 2.5.3c City Environmental Quality Review Technical Manual

New York City Mayor's office of Environmental Coordination, March 2014

The following goals for open space provision are based on the Recreation, Park and Open Space Standards and Guidelines, which have been converted into hectares and meters for comparative purposes.

Table 2-4 New York City goals for open space provision

Open Space type	Size	Distance from home/work
Passive open space	0.6 hectares per 1,000 workers	400 metres (work)
Neighbourhood Parks (min 0.75 hectare for 1,000 people or 7.5 sqm per person)	0.5 to 1.0 hectares	800 metres (home)
Community Parks (2.2 to 3.2 hectares for 1,000 people or 26 sqm per person)	2.2 to 3.2 hectares	1,600 to 3,200 metres
Regional Parks (2.2 to 4.4 hectares for 1,000 people or 30 sqm per person)	2.2 to 4.4 hectares	One hours drive

Interestingly, Chapter 7 of this document concludes that it is a combination of the qualitative and quantitative values of open space that needs to be considered in assessing the future open space needs associated with high density precincts. The Manual classifies areas as underserved or well-served with open space. The definition of underserved versus well-served is:

- Underserved areas are those with high population density in the City that are generally the greatest distance from parkland where the amount of open space per 1,000 residents is less than 1.01 hectares - or less than 10.1 sqm per person.
- Well-served areas have:
  - an open space ratio of 1.01 hectares per 1,000 residents
  - located within a 400 metre (approximate 10 minute walk) of open space.

The threshold as to whether an open space assessment is required for a proposed development are:

- If a project is located in an underserved area and the development would generate more than 50 residents or 125 workers.
- If a project is located in a well-served area and the development would generate more than 350 residents or 750 workers.
- If a project is new and is not located in either an underserved or well-served area, an
  assessment should be conducted if the project would generate more than 200
  residents and 500 employees.

By default, this threshold recognises that an additional 350 residents or 750 workers in a precinct creates the demand for additional open space and/or significant improvements to existing open space. The proportion of 10.1 sqm of open space per person is considered to be a reasonable planning goal for the provision of open space in New York City. Ideally

this would comprise 80 per cent as sporting use and 20 per cent as unstructured recreation and informal use.

### 2.5.4 Summary of implications of the policy framework on this Open Space Strategy

This research has informed the analysis and recommendations for this Strategy including:

- Where more than an additional 350 residents and workers are forecast to be living and working in the future, recommendations to undertake expansion of existing facilities or provide additional open space are made.
- Retain the existing walking catchments for different types of open space as per the 2006 Open Space Strategy, given this is supported by the international research.
- Included the additional open space hierarchy of Small Neighbourhood to provide a more nuanced calibration in the size of open spaces that are less than 1 hectare in area.

# 3. Existing open space network

#### 3.1 Existing open space values in Yarra

#### 3.1.1 Overview

The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung are the Traditional Owners of the land and waterways now known as the City of Yarra. Their connection to country extends back more than 60,000 years to the Dreamtime when their creator spirit Bunjil created the land, the people and all living things. Woi Wurrung is the original language of this country, although other languages were also spoken when, for example, neighbouring tribes visited for ceremony, trade and other business.

The City of Yarra covers an area of approximately 20 square kilometres and has a diverse 260 hectare open space system is made up of just over 110 individual spaces. Open space comprises approximately 13.5 per cent of the total area of the City of Yarra.

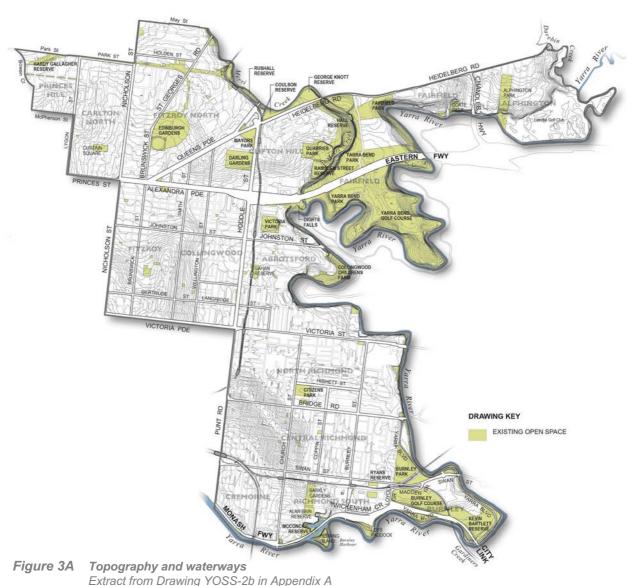
Central to the City's character and open space system is the Yarra River which is significant to greater Melbourne and the Yarra community. While there have been extensive changes to the River post colonisation some of the original river morphology and naturalness remains providing a direct connection to its history. Similarly, Merri Creek also contains some of its original natural features in the downstream section where it flows through Yarra Bend Park to the confluence with the Yarra River at Dights Falls. Yarra Bend Park forms the largest natural bushland closest to Melbourne, being less than 5 kilometres from the Central Business District. It spans both sides of the Yarra River and includes significant natural flora and fauna values along with sport and recreation facilities. Managed by Parks Victoria, Yarra Bend Park presents some significant opportunities for improvement including the potential to better meet the future structured sporting needs of the City of Yarra community.

Edinburgh Gardens, originally set aside in the early 1860s as a cricket ground with a creek running through it when North Fitzroy was first established, is nominated as Yarra's

most popular open space in the community survey. Major plantings from the late 1800s including the avenues of the Oaks and Elms contribute to its character and garden setting providing excellent summer shade and sun access in the winter. This contributes to its popularity and high levels of visitation. Other key public gardens in the City of Yarra include Darling Gardens in Clifton Hill, Alphington Park, Barkly Gardens in Richmond South and Curtain Square in the Carlton North. These complement the native bushland and natural qualities of Yarra Bend Park, Hall Reserve and the linear open space corridors along Yarra River, Merri Creek and to a lesser extent along Darebin Creek.

Complementing these major areas of open space is a network of Neighbourhood, Local and Small Local open spaces. Given the historical lack of provision of open space in Fitzroy, Collingwood and parts of Richmond, the smaller network of spaces is highly valued and well used in the high density areas. As urban densities continue to increase in these areas, these smaller spaces will become increasingly important to the resident and worker community living and working there, and the Strategy has identified opportunities to increase this network to better meet the existing and particularly forecast community open space needs.

#### 3.1.2 Topography and geology



The City of Yarra is located at the junction of two Bioregions, being the Victorian Volcanic Plain and the Gippsland Plain. The majority of Yarra is located within the Victorian Volcanic Plain which characterises the undulating basalt plains and the heavy basalt-derived soils that extend further into western Victoria. The Gippsland Plain Bioregion is a more extensive system extending to the south-east of the City. There are outcrops of this Silurian based geology in the north-west and south-eastern parts of Yarra. (Biosis, 2001).

There are sties of geological and geomorphological significance along Merri Creek and the Yarra River through the City of Yarra including one site of State significance and four sites of regional significance. These are further described in Section 3.1.3c.

The waterway corridors provide the most significant change in topography in Yarra. The deeply incised nature of the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek emphasises the elevated views from the surrounding area. Development along the waterway corridors has in many locations blocked the views into it, however crossing points including footbridges and road bridges over the waterways offer spectacular views along the waterway corridors.

Other subtle changes to the City's topography include Richmond Hill, where the elevation affords good views to the Dandenongs and the City. The landform in Princes Hill and Carlton North is slightly elevated with views towards the City down the key north south streets. The central area of Fitzroy near Gore Street and George Street is also slightly elevated with views in an easterly direction over Collingwood to the Dandenongs. Fairfield and Alphington afford views over the Yarra River valley. The majority of Yarra's topography is gently undulating, characteristic of the western basaltic plains.

Topography has influenced the provision of existing open space in the City of Yarra. The low lying floodplain areas of the Yarra River contain the largest areas of public and private open space within the City boundaries including La Trobe Golf Club, Yarra Bend Public Golf Course, parts of Yarra Bend Park and Kevin Bartlett Reserve. These areas of open space are subject to flooding and with the forecast increase in the severity and intensity of storm events in the future, will increasing play an important role in flood protection. This may, however, further encumber these areas of open space in the future.

#### 3.1.3 Natural landscape character

Yarra Bend Park is the largest area of natural bushland near the heart of Melbourne and is home to the famous bat colony. While the park includes sport and recreation facilities it also has extensive natural features including steep escarpments and open woodlands. The other main remnant natural features are along the waterway corridors including the Yarra River, Merri Creek and the Darebin Creek. Historically, much of the City of Yarra would have been covered with Plains Grassy Woodland which is typical of the western basalt plains including Red Gum, Yellow Box and Yellow gum. There are small remnants of this vegetation community remaining at Coate Park in Alphington, along the railway line between Burnley Park and the Circus Site in Richmond.

Along the waterways riparian vegetation would have been dominated by River Red Gum and Silver Wattle. The large floodplains would have included seasonal wetlands and floodplain woodland with a scattered overstorey of River Red Gums. On the steep escarpments on both the Merri Creek and Yarra River, the Escarpment shrubland

included native shrubs and grasses. While the majority if the City is developed and urban, the waterway corridors provide links to the previous natural landscape character of the City with remnant areas.

#### 3.1.3a Flora

The largest area of indigenous vegetation is in the Yarra Bend Park adjacent to the golf course in the City of Yarra Natural Heritage Study (Biosis, 2002). The more recent City of Yarra Biodiversity Health Survey (Practical Ecology, 2018) notes that six Ecological Vegetation Classes (EVC) were recorded across the open space reserves managed by the City of Yarra, excluding Yarra Bend Park. Hall Reserve in Clifton Hill on the Merri Creek supported the largest extent of indigenous vegetation that is managed by the City of Yarra, followed by Alphington Park Wetlands and Lloys Paddock. Lloys Paddock supports the most diverse vegetation communities with four different EVCs. This is followed by Kevin Bartlett Reserve, Burnley Park and McConchie Reserve, each of which supports three different EVCs. Other reserves supporting remnant indigenous vegetation include Burnley Park, Rushall Recreation Reserve, Park Street Linear Reserve, Coulson Reserve and George Knott Reserve.

Prior to European colonisation, Plains Grassy Woodland would have been the most wideranging EVC across the much of the municipality with the Floodplain Riparian Woodland and Riparian Woodland along the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creeks, with Escarpment Shrubland on the steep escarpments along the waterway corridors. Additionally, small areas of Aquatic Herbland and Tall Marsh are located in Alphington Wetland and McConchie Reserve.

In the City of Yarra there are some excellent examples of restoration of ecosystems through revegetation with some notable ones being Alphington Park, Rudder Grange, Rushall Recreation Reserve, Hall Reserve, Dights Falls Park, Burnley Park, Kevin Bartlett Reserve, Lloys Paddock and the restored wetland at McConchie Reserve. (Practical Ecology, 2018).

#### 3.1.3b **Fauna**

The recent survey of fauna undertaken in the City of Yarra managed open spaces (Practical Ecology, 2018) notes the majority of records were bird and mammal species with smaller numbers of reptiles, amphibians, invertebrates and fish. 92 per cent of the fauna sightings were birds. There is a diverse bird community in the City of Yarra although the majority is frequented by common bird species including Australian Magpie, Noisy Miner, Red Wattlebird, Rainbow Lorikeet, Silver Gull, Magpie-lark and Galah. There are more specialised species, for example waterbirds restricted to the riparian corridors and wetlands. Recent research has identified the Yarra River, Merri and Darebin Creek corridors as critical foraging areas for the threatened Powerful Owl.

The greatest diversity of birds was observed at Dights Falls Park, Bundara Street Reserve, Hall Reserve, McConchie Reserve and Kevin Bartlett Reserve. While not observed, the Practical Ecology report notes that there are other significant fauna species that are likely to make use of the habitat within the City of Yarra, particularly along the waterways and adjoining bushland. This includes the Vulnerable Grey-headed Flying

Fox colony, which is located in Yarra Bend Park, the Critically Endangered Swift Parrot which is likely to forage on the stands of Yellow Gum, Yellow Box and Ironbark within the City of Yarra and Yarra Bend Parklands. The Nankeen Nigh Heron is resident at a number of locations along the Yarra River such as McConchie Reserve and Lloys Paddock.

#### 3.1.3c Sites of geological and geomorphological significance

There are sites of geological and geomorphological significance along the Merri Creek and Yarra River including one site of State significance and four sites of Regional significance.

The site of State significance is an exposed cliff on the southern bank of the Yarra River of clearly exposed sandstones interbedded with mudstones of the Melbourne Formation at Dights Falls.

The other four sites of Regional significance are:

- A basalt escarpment that shows a complex fracture system at Yarra Bend Park on Merri Creek, opposite Quarries Park.
- A natural cliff that displays lava flows with contrasting orientations and vertical jointing on Merri Creek, upstream of Heidelberg Road on the north western bank.
- A vertical cliff face with elongated gas bubble holes, which represents the cooling process on the southern bank, along with a small lava cave to the east opposite Ross Street.
- Vertical overhanging cliffs 8 to 10 metres high on the southern bank of Merri Creek at Rushall Station.

These features are visible from the Merri Creek trail and require ongoing protection.

#### 3.1.4 Waterways

#### 3.1.4a Yarra River

The Yarra River is central to the identity and character of the City of Yarra. Its natural character and bushland provides an important contrast from the unique and highly valued urban character of Yarra. The community survey outcomes identified that the Yarra River corridor is popular and well visited along with the large parks and reserves.

The presence of large natural bushland reserves adjoining the River significantly contribute to its character. This includes Yarra Bend Park, Studley Park and Willsmere Park. Further downstream through Collingwood, Richmond and Burnley the linear open space along the Main Yarra Trail has extensive stands of large remnant trees and bushland that forms an important habitat corridor.

At the confluence with the Darebin Creek, the Yarra River has some established remnant and regenerating stands of River Red Gums and other riparian vegetation along the edge of the Latrobe Golf Club and on the opposite bank through Willsmere Park (in the City of

Boroondara). The regenerating and remnant riparian values are strengthened downstream where the River flows through the extensive Yarra Bend Park to the confluence with Merri Creek at Dights Falls. The presence of some remnant vegetation including large remnant River Red Gums, Yellow Box and Yellow Gum provide a framework for habitat enhancement. The connectivity of the Yarra River to both its upstream and downstream catchments supports the native wildlife and habitat values and significantly contributes to the biodiversity values of the City of Yarra.

Upstream of Dights Falls, at the confluence with Merri Creek, the Yarra River is a freshwater stream, and downstream of Dights Falls the River is subject to tidal influence. Historically, the river channel downstream of Dights Falls has been highly modified to suit urban development in the catchment. Upstream of Dights Falls the channel has been modified, however the extensive system of parkland associated with the Yarra River Floodplain on both sides of the River has minimised the extent of modification and contributes to the natural and environmental character of the River. In a broader context there is extensive work to improve water quality of the Yarra River throughout its catchment, which in the longer term will aim to improve the water quality in the lower reaches of the Yarra River.

#### Management responsibilities

The City of Yarra and Parks Victoria are predominantly responsible for the linear open space reserves along the Yarra River, with the exception of the Collingwood Childrens Farm which is Crown land managed by the Committee of Management.

Melbourne Water is responsible for:

- flooding and regional drainage management
- · stream form, system and stability
- facilitation of water quality improvement
- facilitation of stream vegetation and natural resource management to the bed and banks of the waterway.

Melbourne Water is currently preparing the 50 Year Yarra Community Vision for the *Yarra Strategic Plan* that will provide the basis for future planning and management of the Yarra River corridor.

Parks Victoria is responsible for recreational boating and use of the waterway of the Yarra River from Port Phillip Bay to Dights Falls. They are also responsible for the ongoing management of Herring Island including visitor access to the island.

#### 3.1.4b Merri Creek

Merri Creek has an extensive rural and urban catchment and is on the main tributaries to the lower reaches of the Yarra River. Through the City of Yarra the Merri Creek is a deeply incised stream flowing through a steeply sided valley. Upstream of Heidelberg Road the open space corridor is relatively narrow and broadens to a wider corridor downstream of Heidelberg Road including through Hall Reserve, Quarries Park and Yarra Bend Park. With this more extensive parkland system adjoining the waterway, the natural landscape values of the corridor are higher downstream of Heidelberg Road.

The incised nature of the Merri Creek is its natural form and the bed and banks of the creek are in relatively natural condition. The incised banks are steep basalt escarpments, a number of which are notes as being of geological and geomorphological significance. Much of the original indigenous vegetation has been modified along the Merri Creek corridor, with some small remnants occurring on the escarpments near Rushall Station. There has been ongoing revegetation and improvement of the riparian corridor values of Merri Creek along with improvements to the shared trail connectivity as well.

Given Merri Creek has a highly urbanised catchment it has relatively poor water quality. The stream form is relatively natural downstream of Rushall Station with natural rock riffles and no identified barriers to fish migration. With the ongoing improvement to water quality across the catchment it is anticipated that water quality and instream values may improve in the longer term.

#### Management responsibilities

The public land along the stream is owned and managed by a combination of the City of Yarra and Melbourne Water. Works in the open space reserves is the responsibility of the City of Yarra and are coordinated with the Merri Creek Management Committee (MCMC). This Committee is an incorporated association that is primarily funded by the Councils along the Merri Creek. MCMC act as an advisory body to the its member organisations and the *Merri Creek and Environs Strategy 2009–2014* is the key planning document that guides the MCMC priorities and direction for the Merri Creek.

Melbourne Water is responsible for the bed and banks of Merri Creek including revegetation, weed control, water quality monitoring along with the broader floodplain management responsibilities.

#### 3.1.4c Darebin Creek

Darebin Creek flows along the eastern boundary of the City of Yarra for a relatively short section which includes the confluence of the Darebin Creek with the Yarra River in Alphington. The creek flows through a modified environment associated with Alphington Grammar School and Latrobe Golf Club. Revegetation along the creek including the revegetation in the adjoining Napier Waller Reserve contributes to the natural values of the waterway corridor. At the confluence with the Yarra River there are some remnant stands of River Red Gums and indigenous mid-storey vegetation.

The construction of a fish ladder at the end of Farm Road by Melbourne Water over 10 years ago improved access for migratory instream fauna between Darebin Creek and the Yarra River. While the Darebin Creek catchment is highly urbanised, ongoing improvements to the quality of urban stormwater runoff aims to progressively improve the quality in the creek.

#### Management responsibilities

Melbourne Water is responsible for flooding and regional drainage management; stream form, system and stability; facilitation of water quality improvement; and facilitation of stream vegetation and natural resource management of the bed and banks of the waterway.

The Darebin Creek Management Committee Inc (DCMC) is an incorporated association which is funded by the Councils including the City of Yarra. They work towards improving the Darebin Creek and the adjoining open space corridor.

The majority of land is freehold and there is a Public Acquisition Overlay over the corridor in favour of The Minister responsible for administering Part 2 of the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978 for the purposes of the creation of a continuous linear park / trail system adjacent to the waterways.

#### 3.1.5 Community use of open space

#### 3.1.5a Community open space survey outcomes

The community consultation outcomes about open space have identified that trees are at the top of list of what the community value about open space. This is followed by open space being a place to relax and unwind and the feeling of space. When comparing this to the outcomes of what people most valued in 2006, trees were fifth, so their level of importance is now higher than it was then. The *Yarra Urban Forest Strategy* provides a clear direction for the future care and management of trees in the City. Since the 2006 Strategy, the relationship between the importance of trees in mitigating the effects of climate change has become more prominent and may explain the increased awareness and value of trees by the community. The open space network provides opportunities to plant and retain large canopy trees that are more difficult to manage in the local street network due to space constraints. The *Yarra Urban Forest Strategy* also confirms that the canopy cover of trees in open space is an important component of the total canopy cover in the city.

Small local parks are the most visited type of open space in the current survey, which has increased since 2006, where small local parks were ranked as being the fourth most visited. Since the preparation of the Strategy, an additional six Small Local open spaces have been added to the network, which may also have influenced the levels of use of these small spaces. In Collingwood, the most visited open space is now Peel Street Park compared with Fitzroy Gardens when the survey was completed in 2006. This supports valuable contribution that Small Local open spaces make to the open space network, and people will use these small spaces regularly if they are provided.

As part of the research for the Strategy, the worker community was surveyed regarding their use patterns of open space. The surveys have confirmed that more than 80 per cent of workers use open space during the time they spend at work, and that it is important to them. This is different from the 2006 Strategy, where less than 50 per cent of workers surveyed visited open space during their time at work. In Collingwood, additional Small Local open space has been added to the network that is noted as being well used by the worker community, however they are requesting additional open space.

In relation to the reasons residents visit open space, there is a greater diversity of reasons they visit, with socialising, relaxing and dog walking more frequently mentioned than the previous survey in 2006.

The resident survey results have been summarised at a detailed precinct level, which has informed the precinct recommendations and 15-year Action Plan in Section 7 of the Strategy. The worker survey results have been summarised at a more detailed level by each of the four employment precincts and these have informed the Precinct Recommendations in Section 7 of the Strategy.

Council sought community feedback on the Draft Strategy. This feedback confirmed there was a strong level of support for increasing natural features including trees, garden beds and grassed areas to increase urban greening and assist to mitigate urban heat. There was also a strong level of support for providing additional open space in the locations where medium and high density development is forecast to continue. The feedback highlighted the importance of open space as a place to relax and unwind, and so while many people support the increased provision of facilities to encourage people to keep fit, socialise and use open space, they noted that it is also equally important to retain the natural qualities and character in open space. Refer to the Design and Management Guidelines in Section 6 of this Strategy which promotes the inclusion of natural features and urban greening in existing and new open space. Also refer to the Precinct Recommendations in Section 7 which include actions to add new open space to the network.

#### 3.1.5b Recreational values along the waterway corridors

#### Shared trails

Council and other management agencies and their delegates have continued to improve the indigenous riparian vegetation values along the three waterways in the City of Yarra. The shared trail links and connections have been improved since the 2006 Strategy, with key changes including:

- The Darebin Creek Shared Trail link has been constructed between Sparks Reserve (Heidelberg Road) in Alphington and the Main Yarra Trail in East Kew.
- The Main Yarra Trail has been upgraded to improve accessibility with graded ramp access into the trail, improved surfacing and widening in selected locations.
- The Main Yarra Trail has been upgraded and constructed along the north bank of the River between Punt Road and Lloys Paddock.
- Improvements to the Merri Creek Shared Trail.

There are other key links and connections that are to be addressed in the future including:

- The Main Yarra Trail and linear open space corridor link between Gipps Street Steps (Collins Bridge) and Walmer Street footbridge in Abbotsford.
- Shared trail access from Alphington onto the Lower Darebin Creek Shared Trail in Alphington.
- Improvements to the Merri Creek Shared Trail upstream of St Georges Road.

#### Water-based recreational use

There is a range of water-based recreational uses including rowing, kayaking and recreational boating on the Yarra River. Parks Victoria regulates the water-based

recreational use with the key guide being the *Lower Yarra River Future Directions Plan and Recreational Guidelines* (Parks Victoria, 2001). The plan assigns different zones to the Lower Yarra River and for the City of Yarra, the River downstream of Herring Island is within the Active Recreation Tourism Zone and between Herring Island and Dights Falls the Yarra River is zoned as a Passive Recreation Zone.

The Active Recreation Tourism Zone extends from Princes Bridge to Herring Island. It is noted as the main venue for sport and entertainment events attracting many spectators along its banks. It is also a rowing activity centre providing training and competition areas, storage and club facilities. Many of its buildings have heritage and cultural value. Herring Island is listed as one of the major destinations in this zone. The guidelines within this zone are to:

- Retain its use as a training and competition venue for rowing and other sporting activities.
- Provide appropriate infrastructure for commercial ferry operations at key destinations.
- Maintain appropriate infrastructure for rowing at key destinations.
- Limit access for commercial craft by time-zoning to provide priority use by rowers and other non-powered sporting activities at peak training and programmed competition times.
- Provide access for a limited number of events and regattas.
- Develop or improve pick-up and drop-off points for commercial ferry vessels to provide access at key destinations, such as Herring Island and Como Park.
- Maintain access to berthing facilities for private recreational craft at Herring Island.
- Assess the feasibility (impact and risk assessment) of the use of Burnley ramp to provide launching facilities for low numbers of private craft for access upstream.
- Maintain adequate channel depth and width to ensure safe and navigable waterway.
- Provide berthing for recreational craft upstream of Swan Street.

### For the Passive Recreation Zone that extends from Herring Island to Dights Falls, the guidelines include:

- Encourage its use as a recreational waterway for private powered and nonpowered boating activity.
- Retain existing permanent mooring and berthing facilities for powered craft, however, access downstream of Swan Street will be limited to transit purposes only.
- Retain limited commercial boat operations.
- Maintain adequate channel depth and width to Clarke Street, Abbotsford to ensure a safe and navigable waterway.

As part of the ongoing management, implementation of future landings and facilities for rowing will be supported upstream of Herring Island. Canoe and kayaks will continue to gain access to the river at Dights Falls, Clarke Street and Riverside Walk.

#### 3.1.5c Structured sport and recreation use

Structured sport and recreational use of open space is important to community health and wellbeing. It is provided for in the large Regional and City-wide open spaces across Yarra including Victoria Park, George Knott Reserve, Kevin Bartlett Reserve, Coulson Reserve, Quarries Park, Ramsden Street Reserve, Alphington Park, Fairfield Park, Yarra Bend Park, Edinburgh Gardens, Citizens Park, Burnley Park, Alan Bain Reserve, Ryans Reserve, Yarra Bend Golf Course and Burnley Golf Course. There are also some key sporting reserves that adjoin the City of Yarra including Princes Park, Northcote Park, Gosch's Paddock and Como Park. Structured sport and recreation not only encourages participation in physical activity, it also promotes social connectedness in the community associated with attending training and match sessions.

Council has participated in the preparation of the Inner Melbourne Action Plan (IMAP) Regional sport and recreation strategy (SGS Economics and Planning, 2019). The Vision statement in the strategy that informs the current and future regional sport and recreation planning is:

Sustainable and innovative regional planning for sport and recreation facilities that breaks from traditional approaches and shares the challenge to equitably balance everyone's needs.

The key principles that are intended to be applied to all decision making regarding sport and recreation now and in the future are:

- Sharing the challenge: regional solutions to sports planning.
- Pro-active Council led management of facilities.
- Equitable use of facilities.
- Opportunities for the local community to participate.
- Sharing of assets.
- Well located facilities.
- Resilient facilities.

The Strategy includes a series of recommendations for each of the participating councils including the City of Yarra for individual reserves. The City of Yarra intends to use the IMAP Strategy as the key guide for future provision of structured sport and recreation facilities in the municipality.

#### 3.1.6 Cultural heritage values

### 3.1.6a Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage values

The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung's unique connection to the land and waterways in Yarra extends back tends of thousands of years to the time when their creator spirit, Bunjil, created the land, the people and all living things. Given this enduring and special connection, it is vital that Council continues to develop a stronger relationship with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people and especially with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Land

and Compensation Cultural Heritage Council Aboriginal Corporation (the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Corporation).

Council also deeply values it relationships with the broader Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community connected to Yarra. The area remains an important place for members of this community, who live, work and spend time in the area. The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander history of Fitzroy maintains a deep resonance with the community. And it is perhaps because of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community's pride in and connection to Fitzroy that Yarra has developed such a strong relationships with and commitment to the community. (Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023).

The waterway corridors, wetlands and open plains and forests in Yarra were the natural features of the landscape, which have now largely been destroyed or modified by urbanisation. The Yarra River offered a permanent water source along with the streams of the Merri and Darebin Creeks and made the surrounding land desirable. Despite the enormous change and devastating effects of European occupation including diseases, forced removal from traditional lands, family and lifestyle, Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung traditions and culture continues in Yarra today. Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community continue to live in the suburbs of Collingwood and Fitzroy. (Yarra Aboriginal Partnership Plan, 2004).

Remaining notable cultural features in the City identified to date include the Burnley Park Corroboree Tree, Scar trees (Coate Park/Rudder Grange and Studley Park), Dights Falls Mission School and Native Police Corps, the potential Merri Creek Treaty Site opposite Rushall Station (just outside the City boundaries), the confluence of the Yarra River and Merri Creek and the Fig Tree in Carlton Gardens where many legendary Aboriginal speakers addressed gatherings from the 1920s to the 1940s (Aboriginal Partnerships Plan 2015-18).

Some of these are described in more detail below.

- Burnley Park Corroboree Tree In 1926 a young boy found a boomerang wedged
  in the branch of the giant Burnley Park Corroboree tree when he climbed it. In 1991
  his brother returned the boomerang to a Wurundjeri elder, Marth Nicholson, in a
  ceremony at the tree site. The tree is now dead, but it is believed it was a meeting
  and corroboree place for many Aboriginal clans until well after European settlement.
  (Eidelson, 1997)
- Dights Falls Mission School, which wattle-and-daub school hut, opened on January 1, 1846 by the Collins Street Baptist Church. Nearby was the Dights Mill which provided flour for the colony. The location was already a popular meeting and trading place for Aboriginal clans in and around Melbourne. The school closed in 1851 after devastating floods in 1850 washed away the cultivated gardens and footbridge over the river. (Eidelson, 1997)
- Dights Falls Native Police Corps was set up in 1837 as a regional base from their main base in Dandenong Creek flats. Elders of the clans around Melbourne participated as it offered prestige. It was set up as a military encampment with rows of up to 50 tents/shelters and their role was to act as official escorts, tracking lost people and guard duty at the Pentridge Stockade. The camp was disbanded three times, the last in 1853. (Eidelson, 1997)

Fitzroy stands alongside Redfern in itis stature as an urban area of special significance. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander leaders gained influence and important organisations were born in and around the streets of Fitzroy. The area has seen Stolen Generations and estranged families reunited and it has given rise to renowned artists, activists and athletes. The positive impacts that ripple out from this community continue to be felt today. Many of the community members that advise and partner with Council today are the descendants of Elders and political activists who have led great social change. Many are strong social justice advocates in their own right. The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community connection to the area is under pressure due to forecast increased growth that is causing property prices up and making it unaffordable for the community to continue to stay in the area. (*Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023*)

#### 3.1.6b Historical values

The Yarra River was a major source of fresh water and is the key reason Melbourne was settled. As noted above, the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people have strong spiritual connections in Yarra including to the Yarra River and the confluence of the Yarra River and Merri Creek which extends back thousands of years to the Dreamtime.

The Yarra River significantly influenced settlement patterns and use from the early 1800s. European settlement patterns influenced the amount and style of open space across the City. Large parts of Richmond, Cremorne, Collinwood and Fitzroy were settled as working-class suburbs located nearby to industrial uses and places of employment. The dominant housing style was row terraces, varying between brick and timber construction depending on affordability. Within the working class neighbourhoods were the traders and merchants place of residence particularly in Fitzroy where larger double story row terraces were constructed. Open space reserves were not integral to the layout of some suburbs and is provided in areas that were constrained at the time for other reasons including flooding, quarries and former tips and have since been developed as open spaces. (Ian Wright et al, 2003)

In contrast Princes Hill, North Carlton, Fitzroy North, Clifton Hill, Fairfield and Alphington were settled primarily as residential suburbs. The layout of these suburbs incorporated open space as part of their planning. Of note, the original reservation of Darling Gardens was in response to the working community of Collingwood's "Slopes" lobbying for access to open space (Ian Wright et al, 2003). Edinburgh Gardens, Darling Gardens, Curtain Square and Alphington Park were all established at the same time as the housing, and their planting, layout and character is complementary to the urban character of the neighbourhood.

Clifton Hill has some industrial pockets, some of which have been converted to residential use, and the former quarries along Merri Creek have now been converted to open space. The heritage character of the open space along the Merri Creek relates to its natural and industrial history.

Some of the key reserves included in the *City of Yarra Heritage Review Landscape Citations* (Patrick, 1997) include:

#### Yarra Bend Park

Regionally significant for both its historical and Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung cultural heritage including the natural and cultural elements that reflect the sites ongoing post-European contact. The park demonstrates the relationship between the natural environment and the sequential history of its use. This includes the remnant indigenous vegetation; the public boating and swimming; the remnant exotic trees through the golf course from its early use as an ornamental garden; the golf course which was constructed during the 1930s with sustenance workers; and the history associated with the Asylum on the site. This park is managed by Parks Victoria and is the only public park nominated as being regionally significant in the City of Yarra. (Burnley Gardens in the Burnley Horticultural College is also nominated as regionally significant but is not a public park).

#### Edinburgh Gardens

Locally significant as a major early recreational facility within the Fitzroy area. The site is intrinsically linked to a number of sporting groups and the Fitzroy community. Originally reserved in 1862, the reserve was initially used for cricket followed by the bowling club which established in 1877. A creek running through the park was converted to an underground drain and paths laid out along the pedestrian wear lines. Major plantings of avenues of Elms and Oaks occurred in the late 1800s and the park is fringed with an unusual row of Kurrajong trees. The North Fitzroy rail line was constructed through the park in 1886 which bisected the park and significantly influenced its use. The railway was removed in 1981.

#### Darling Gardens

Locally significant as an important recreational facility for the Collingwood and Clifton Hill areas with strong associations with the local community. The reserve was set aside in the 1860s and in the *City of Yarra Review of Heritage Precincts 2001*, (Wright, 2003), it is noted that the residents in Collingwood lobbied for an open space to be set aside for them given the poor conditions in Collingwood at the time. The gardens were formally laid out and planted in the 1890s with seeds and plants from von Mueller, Director of the Royal Botanic Gardens. The gardens had some sporting use early on, however, the community planting day in 1907 saw an end to the active sporting use.

#### Fairfield Park

Locally significant as representative of early diverse recreational facilities and uses along the Yarra River, with extensive plantings and landscaping typical of the Edwardian period.

Other reserves noted as of being of local interest include:

- **Curtain Square** for its formal layout and remaining early plantings and features including the Elms, Oaks, Moreton Bay Figs and monument.
- **Citizens Park** reclaimed tip, the park was a major meeting place for people during the Great Depression. The Elms are remnant early plantings.
- **Coate Park** layout and plantings typical of the 1930s era including the formal avenue of English Oak and garden bed plantings.

Reserves not listed in the Heritage Review Landscape Citations but potentially having some historical value include:

- Alphington Park including the monument and early large trees including Bunya Bunya Pine and what appears to be a remnant Red Gum.
- Gahan Reserve including formal layout and early plantings of Canary Island Date Palms and Planes.
- Barkly Gardens including its formal layout and setting in the neighbourhood and mature exotic plantings.
- Victoria Park cultural significance as the base of the Collingwood Football Club,

In summary there are historical and Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural values present in many open space reserves in Yarra that require ongoing consideration and protection as part of the future use and management of these reserves.

#### 3.1.7 Urban context

The urban context and densities in the City of Yarra vary from predominantly medium to high density inner-city areas of Collingwood, Richmond and Fitzroy to the medium density areas of Princes Hill, Carlton North, North Fitzroy and Clifton Hill. Fairfield and Alphington have a predominance of detached dwellings with a more suburban character.

The historical land use and urban development patterns influence the provision, layout and access to public open space. Suburbs that were principally laid out as residential neighbourhoods from the start incorporate public gardens and parks as an integral part of the layout. In the areas of the City that were predominantly commercial and industrial land use, open space was not generally included. Broadly, the suburbs north of Alexandra Parade and the Eastern Freeway were established primarily for residential use. While they are more nuanced than this, overall these suburbs have a network of established parks and gardens that date back to the early subdivision of land. Many of the streets in Princes Hill, Carlton North and Fitzroy North have large road reserves with established avenues of street trees. This contributes to the ease of walking and cycle access through these neighbourhoods along with overall urban greening.

In the areas south of Alexandra Parade and the Eastern Freeway, the historical land use patterns included major areas of industrial and commercial use with pockets of residential, mainly to house the worker community for the industrial and commercial precincts. The subdivision of land for non-residential purposes generally did not include public open space as part of it. A limited number and size of parks and gardens were included in the layout of the former residential areas in amongst the industrial and manufacturing uses.

In more recent times the conversion of the commercial and industrial land use to high density mixed use settings has resulted in a much larger population working and living in areas with limited or no open space. As part of this more recent conversion of land use it has been difficult for Council to secure enough new open space to adequately cater to the significant population increase. As such, in the areas south of Alexandra Parade and the Eastern Freeway the built form has a greater predominance than in the north and

overall there is less greening. This is also due to the predominance of smaller road reserves and lack of mature street trees - as street tree planting was not a priority in the former industrial areas of the City. While generally the streets are narrower they are in a grid layout which contributes to the ease of access and connectivity. There are some pockets, however, where larger land holdings have meant the street layout is disjointed and access is not as easy via the street network.

The Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek provide excellent habitat, cultural and open space connectivity through the City. The presence of the waterways has influenced the historical land use and urban layout of the City. As land use continues to change and redevelop it creates opportunities to improve the interface between urban development and the waterways thereby strengthening their cultural significance, biodiversity and recreational values and contribution to the urban character and identity of the City. The *Yarra Strategic Plan* will assist to deliver an improved urban interface to the Yarra River corridor.

As the City continues to grow over the next 15 years there are opportunities to expand the open space network to improve the sustainability and liveability of Yarra in the future, particularly in the parts of the City where land use is changing. Key to this is to implement the actions for the provision of new open space shown in Section 7 of the Strategy consistent with the design guidelines in Section 6 that promote increased urban greening and diversity. It will also be important to continue to implement the other key strategies and plans that strengthen and improve the quality and greening of other parts of the public realm including the streetscapes.

## 3.2 Key changes to the open space network since 2006

#### 3.2.1 Waterways

The waterways provide natural environmental corridors and linear open space which is highly valued by the community. The undulating topography associated with the waterway corridors affords elevated long views which are restful and provide a sense of space which the community has nominated as one of the top three values of open space in the recent community survey. The natural character of the waterway corridors in the City of Yarra have been further protected since the 2006 Open Space Strategy with a combination of additional planning controls and securing additional open space along the waterway corridors.

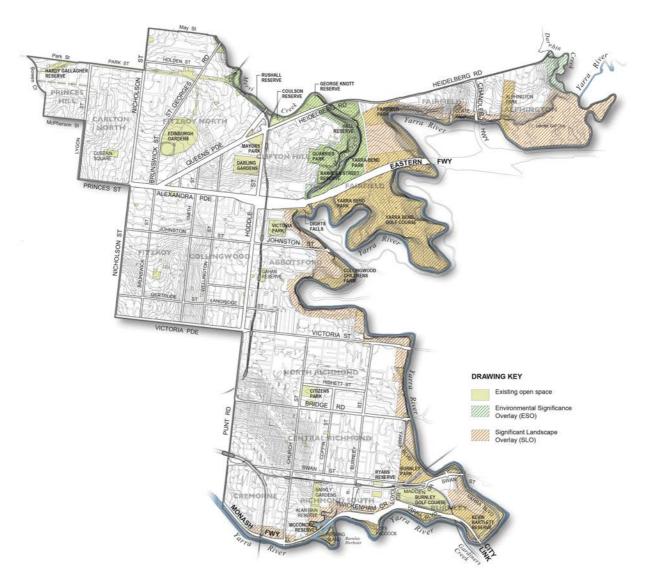


Figure 3B Environmental Significance and Significant Landscape Overlays along the waterways

Extract from Drawing YOSS-02c in Appendix A

Since 2006, a new shared trail has been constructed along the Darebin Creek. While not yet included in the Planning Scheme as public open space, there will be a future public open space corridor associated with the shared trail. At this stage there is no access point into the new Darebin Creek Shared Trail from within the City of Yarra, however it can be accessed via Sparks Reserve in the City of Banyule.

Since the preparation of the 2006 Strategy there has been a review of the planning controls along the Yarra River corridor to address setbacks and development interface between the open space corridor and the river. This was in response to the increasing number of multi-level developments occurring along the Yarra River Corridor impacting on the community amenity and recreation use of the corridor. The Minister for Planning introduced consistent planning controls to protect the Yarra River Corridor including the Schedule 1 to the Significant Landscape Overlay and Schedule 1 to the Design and Development Overlay for properties adjoining the Yarra River corridor (extent shown in Figures 3B and 3C).

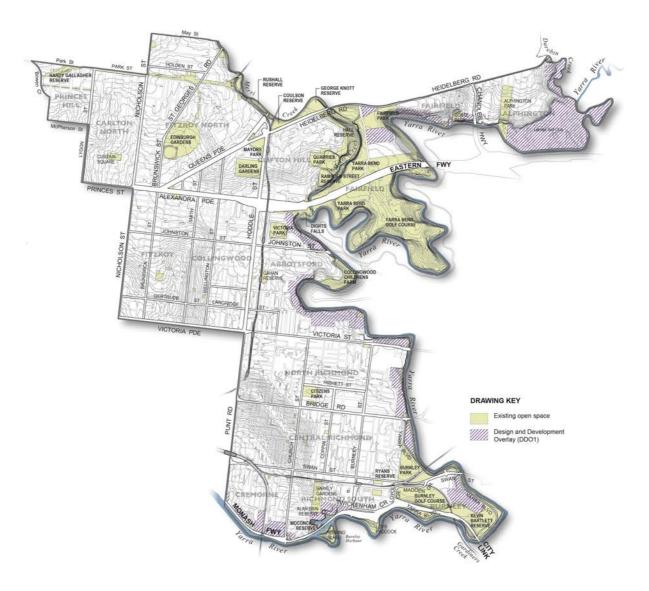


Figure 3C Design and Development Overlays along the waterways Extract from Drawing YOSS-02d in Appendix A

#### 3.2.2 Additional open space

Since the previous strategy was prepared, six new Small Local open spaces have been added to the network, and two more additional Small Local open space are in currently in the process of being designed. Two out of the six are located in Collingwood, which has the least amount of open space when compared to other parts of the city. In addition, two open space reserves have been increased in size through road/car park closures.

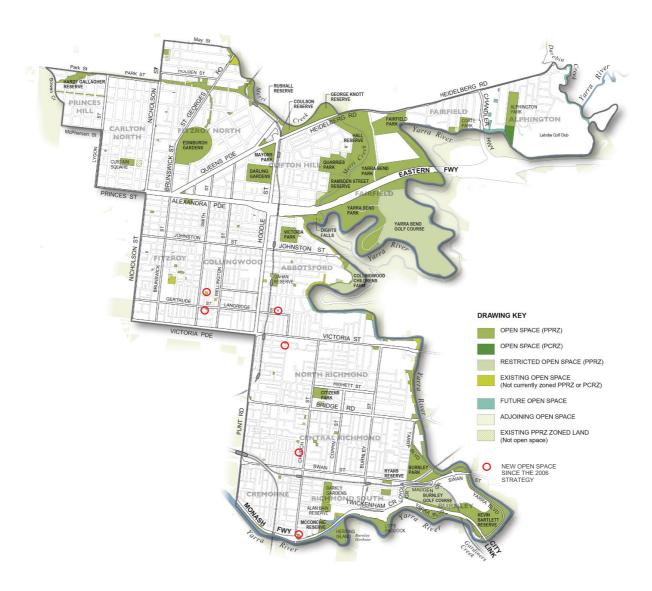


Figure 3D Existing open space, highlighting the new open space added to the network since the 2006 Open Space Strategy

# 3.3 Hierarchy and classification of open space including walkability

#### 3.3.1 Overview

The 2006 Yarra Open Space Strategy used the following hierarchy:

- Regional
- City-wide
- Neighbourhood
- Local
- Small Local

This hierarchy is well established in the organisation and has been used effectively during its implementation. As part of the 2020 Strategy, a review of the open space hierarchy identified that the size of Local open space size (1,000 sqm to 9,999 sqm) was found to be too broad in its implementation going forward and has now been separated into two types, with the smaller being Local and the larger being Small Neighbourhood.

Local open space has been scaled back to 1,000 sqm to 4,999 sqm in size and can comfortably accommodate two different uses within it. Small Neighbourhood open space has been created as a new hierarchy type and is 5,000 sqm to 9,999 sqm in size which is adequate to comfortably accommodate three different uses within it. The walking catchment has been calibrated according to the size with a 200 metre catchment for Local open space and a 300 metre catchment for Small Neighbourhood open space. This is consistent with the principle that people will travel further to a destination open space that has a wider variety of activities they can participate in.

#### 3.3.2 Hierarchy and walking/travel catchments

The hierarchy for the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 is shown in *Table 3-1* and is based on the existing framework and refined to also meet current best practice. This hierarchy is based on both the intended catchment of users and the relative size of the reserve to adequately cater to its catchment. It is a guide for analysing the spatial distribution of open space and is a useful management tool to direct appropriate facility development and maintenance levels in different types of open space reserves.

Please refer to Section 3.4 for a description of the Gap Analysis based on applying the open space hierarchy and walking catchments shown in Table 3-1 on the following page.

Table 3-1 Open space hierarchy, size and walking/travel catchments for the City of Yarra

#### Size Walking/travel catchment Purpose of the open space Regional open space Unlimited No specific distance is Primarily caters to a regional population, included as this open space is including residents of Yarra, and/or provided for the Melbourneprotection and enhancement of wide population. For the Yarra environmental values in a regional context. population, a distance of 500 For example linear open space along the metres has been applied waterways with habitat connectivity in the riparian zone, and/or regional trails that where the open space is extend beyond Council boundaries are accessible for local community use. classified as Regional open space Examples include Merri Creek Shared Trail, Yarra River Shared Trail and Yarra Bend Park. City-wide open space Located within 1 kilometre of Primarily caters to residents and workers of Generally a preferred up to 95% of dwellings and the City of Yarra and will also provide size of 7 workplaces. facilities that are used by residents and hectares workers from other municipalities. As these areas of open space with a Generally these areas of open space have existing or the potential minimum of provide facilities that appeal to residents to offer facilities for nearby 3 hectares\* across the municipality - for example, they residents in addition to their may include sporting facilities, historical City-wide function, a 500 gardens or major recreational facilities metre walking catchment has such as playgrounds or skate facilities that been applied to those reserves people will travel up to 1 kilometre to reach. with the ability to cater to City-wide open space may also have a neighbourhood needs as well nature conservation role including as City-wide needs. protecting biodiversity values. Examples include Edinburgh Gardens in North Fitzroy, Darling Gardens in Clifton Hill and Burnley Park. \* There is some City-wide open space that is smaller than the min 3 hectares where the reserve contains a specialised facility on a smaller area of land and fulfils a Citywide function, for example Ryans Reserve in Burnley. Neighbourhood open space Minimum 1 Located within 400 metres Provides for Neighbourhood use within safe and easy walking walking distance of home or workplace with hectare catchment of dwellings and a multiple range of facilities. Examples include Gahan Reserve in Abbotsford. workplaces. Hardy Gallagher Reserve in Princes Hill and Coate Park in Fairfield.

Size	Walking/travel catchment	Purpose of the open space
Small Neigh	bourhood open space	
0.50 to 0.99 hectares in size	Located within 300 metres safe and easy walking catchment of dwellings and workplaces.	Located within easy safe walking distance of home or workplace and large enough to provide at least three activities in the open space - for example, a multi-use half court, medium to large play area and a picnic facility. Examples include Smith Reserve in Fitzroy, Golden Square Park in Burnley, Rudder Grange in Fairfield.
Local open	space	
0.10 to 0.49 hectares in size	Located within 200 metres safe and easy walking catchment of dwellings and workplaces.	Located within easy safe walking distance of home or workplace and large enough to provide for two activities in the open space - for example, a medium play area and open grassed area with seats. Examples include Dame Nellie Melba Park in Central Richmond, Holden Byrne Reserve in North Fitzroy, Condell Street Reserve in Fitzroy.
Small Local	open space	
From 0.10 to 0.03 hectares, generally a minimum width of 20 metres	Located within 150 metres safe and easy walking catchment of dwellings and workplaces	Located within easy safe walking distance of home and generally able to accommodate a single use, for example seats in a small park or garden or an open grassed area for informal use. Examples include Shakespeare Reserve in Carlton North, Browns Reserve in Abbotsford, Urban Art Square in North Richmond.

The hierarchy has been applied to open space across the City of Yarra as shown in Figure 3E, on the following page. This is an extract from Drawing YOSS 3a in Appendix A

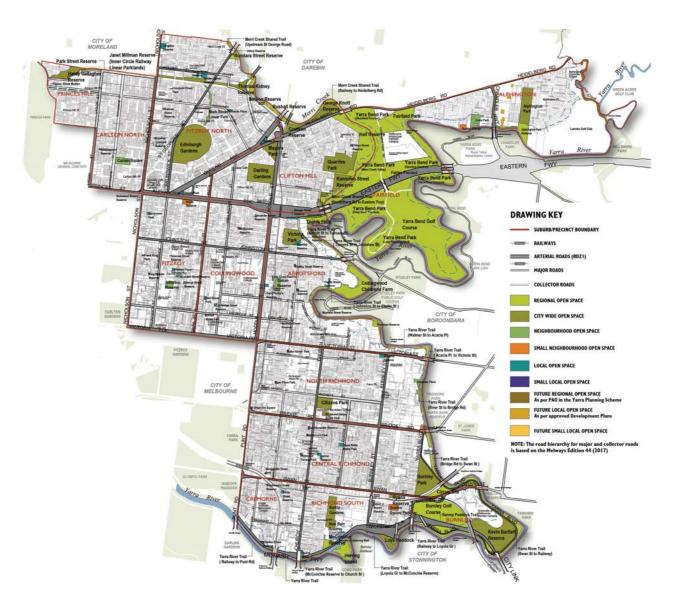


Figure 3E Open Space Hierarchy in the City of Yarra
Extract from Drawing YOSS-03a in Appendix A

Regional open space is located along the waterways, with the majority along the Yarra River and some along Merri Creek. A future Regional open space is proposed along the Darebin Creek to facilitate the construction of a shared trail link between the Darebin Creek and the Main Yarra Trail. The extent of the reserve is defined in the PAO2 in the Yarra Planning Scheme and is shown in Figure 3E.

Yarra Bend Park is the largest of the Regional open spaces in the City of Yarra, and is noted as being the largest area of natural bushland close to the Melbourne CBD. While this open space is located within the City of Yarra, it is Crown Land managed by Parks Victoria for the Melbourne-wide population. The Regional open space provides important biodiversity and habitat corridor values as well as a range of unstructured and structured recreational uses, including fields sports and fly fishing.

The majority of the 14 City-wide open space reserves have structured sporting uses with the exception of Barkly Gardens in Richmond South and Darling Gardens in Clifton Hill.

Those open spaces are defined as Public gardens and are well used for a range unstructured and informal uses.

The Neighbourhood open space caters primarily to unstructured recreation and informal needs and are mainly located north of Victoria Street, while south the only Neighbourhood open space is Annette's Place adjacent to the Yarra River near the Victoria Gardens development.

The majority of open space types in Yarra are open spaces that are distributed across all the precincts. For further discussion on the distribution analysis of open space, please refer to Section 3.4, Gap Analysis.

#### 3.3.3 Character classification of open space

#### 3.3.3a Overview

Within the open space hierarchy, there are different character types of open space influenced by the inherent natural and physical character of the open space, the facilities in them, the urban context in which they are located and the design and layout of the open space. Open space character in Yarra is diverse, ranging from natural bushland along the waterway corridors, formal gardens, large sporting reserves and small urban parks.

These different characters appeal to different parts of the community including young and old. Diversity in character generally assists in meeting diverse needs that maximises the accessibility of the open space network to the community. They are also important in identifying, protecting and improving biodiversity and environmental values of open space.

Character classification of open space assists with identifying the overall management direction and intent for each open space. For example, if the open space has 'Nature conservation' as its primary classification, future decisions regarding the expansion of recreational use and facilities will be guided by whether that is consistent with its primary purpose of nature conservation.

#### 3.3.3b Character Classification

The following character classification has been proposed to assess the provision and distribution of different types of reserves within the municipality. These are listed in alphabetical order.

Table 3-2 Character classification for open space in the City of Yarra

Character classification	Description
Botanical	Where there are significant trees with botanical interest or are of a significant size and age, including both indigenous and non-indigenous vegetation.
Community garden (refer to Restricted recreation)	Where members of the community participate in horticultural activities such as growing vegetables, flowers, and/or fruit, where they are assigned 'garden' plots on public open space to grow their own plants. These areas are fenced and available for use by those who have been assigned garden plots, and in these instances form a restricted open space use.
Cultural	Where monuments, public art, cultural activities, events and festivals influence the use and character of the open space.
Events	Where events are regularly scheduled and held contributing to the character, design and function of the space.
Formal	Where the facilities and overall open space layout are set out in a formal style.
Heritage	Where the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage values and/or historical values makes a significant contribution to the open space character and use. This classification includes open space that has been identified as having some heritage value in existing studies, but is not limited to reserves that have or in the future will have formal heritage status.
Informal	Where the facilities and overall open space layout is not highly structured or formal.
Linear	Where the open space is part of a linear network of open spaces or continuous reserve that is used primarily for travelling through or along. These typically include shared paths, seating, resting points and vegetation. These are mainly located along waterways.
Linking space	Where open space provides a local link or connection between streets, individual open spaces or to a key destination like a railway station and is not part of a broader linear network.

Character classification	Description
Nature conservation	Where the intent of the open space is protecting and/or improving the biodiversity and habitat values. This may include reserves with existing value or those identified to have potential to provide for this in the future.
Passive	Primarily designed for a range of non-active uses such as strolling, seating, picnic, social gatherings and play.
Play	Where the character of the open space is dominated by a play facility and is the primary purpose for the reserve.
Public garden	A planned open space set aside for the display, cultivation and enjoyment of plants and used for recreation.
Railway easement/siding	Open space (other than linear) where the railway use significantly influences the open space's ongoing use and design.
Restricted sporting/recreation	Available on a club membership or fee paying basis only and is not available for general public use at any time.  This includes public golf course, tennis courts, bowling clubs and community gardens (refer Community Garden classification).
Seating	Where the character and major use of the open space is seating so people can relax and enjoy the outdoors and natural character or ambience.
Viewing	Where the character and major use of the open space is for enjoying the views and may include seating or viewing points.
Service easement	Open space where the level of use, design and management is influenced by the presence of services in the reserve.
Significant road reservation	Road reserves of a significant size or width to contribute to the open space network for nature conservation, visual landscape or recreational use. This classification is for land either reserved as open space or with the potential for this, whilst recognising vehicle transport has a major influence on the open space.
Sporting	Primarily provides for organised club based sporting use and the outdoor grounds and facilities are available for general public use when no organised sporting events are in progress.
Urban heat mitigation	The location and design of the open space plays a role in mitigating urban heat island effect within medium and high density precincts.
Undeveloped	Open space which has not been developed and contains few or no facilities.

Character classification	Description
Urban plaza	The surrounding urban setting significantly influences the character and function of the space. These spaces are primarily located in commercial or business precincts and are publicly owned. They are of a size that can provide for recreational use including social gatherings and events and are freely available for the public to use. A range of other urban design strategies and planning frameworks can also influence these spaces.
Waterway	The presence of a waterway makes a significant contribution to the character, value and use of the open space including the riparian zone.
Wetland/WSUD	The presence of a wetland or other WSUD feature contributes and influences the character and use of the open space.

A primary character classification has been assigned to all open space along with one or more secondary character classifications where they apply. The character classification will assist with both the ongoing management of the open space, particularly where there are competing uses and also identify where there are gaps in the provision of different character types of open space. This analysis identifies opportunities to change or improve existing open space character types to better meet the community needs.

#### 3.4 Quantity and provision of open space

An assessment and analysis of existing open space has been undertaken using the Council supplied data base and updating this including the names and whether they are currently zoned as public open space or not. The public open space for the Strategy includes open space that is owned and managed by other public agencies. The main example is Yarra Bend Park which is Crown Land managed by Parks Victoria.

Based on the research, there are a total of 107 open space reserves, with a total area of 263.40 hectares of open space, which equates to 13.5 per cent of the total land area of the municipality, excluding the restricted open space.

If the restricted open space is included, there are a total of 113 open space reserves, with a total of 348.66 hectares of open space, which equates to 17.8 per cent of the land area of the municipality.

For the purposes of the Strategy, restricted open space is defined as public open space that is only available to the public on a fee paying/club membership basis. The five restricted open spaces noted above are entire reserves, and include:

- Burnley Golf Course, Burnley
- · Collingwood Childrens Farm, Abbotsford
- George Knott Reserve, Clifton Hill
- · Richmond Union Bowling Club, North Richmond
- Yarra Bend Golf Course, Fairfield.

Where there is a restricted use within an open space reserve, the fenced/restricted area is included in the total area of open space. For example the Fitzroy Tennis Club in the Edinburgh Gardens is included in the total quantity of open space.

#### 3.4.1 Quantity of open space by precinct

Provision of open space quantity has been assessed in the following ways:

- Quantity of open space area as a proportion of the total land area of the city at both a city-wide level and a precinct level.
- Quantity of open space area per resident, both at the city-wide level and the precinct level.

The rationale for assessing the quantity in these two ways is to measure how changes in the number of residents can impact on the quantity of people using the open space. In addition to considering the quantity of open space, the design and distribution of open space is also assessed to determine whether there is an adequate provision of open space. For the purposes of this comparison, we have removed the restricted public open space from the calculation.

#### 3.4.2 Quantity of open space as a proportion of land area

Table 3-3 highlights the variation in quantity of open space across the different precincts.

Table 3-3 Quantity of open space as a proportion of land area in the City of Yarra, excluding restricted open space

PRECINCT NAME	No. of open spaces	Total open space 2016 Ha	Total suburb area Ha	Proportion of o/space of total precinct area
Abbotsford	18	13.39	179	7.5%
Carlton North - Princes Hill	6	6.23	141	4.4%
Central Richmond	9	23.46	196	12.0%
Clifton Hill	9	41.18	168	24.6%
Collingwood	5	0.34	129	0.3%
Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley	20	44.98	233	19.3%
Fairfield - Alphington	6	96.92	346	28.0%
Fitzroy	9	2.27	140	1.6%
Fitzroy North	19	29.56	231	12.8%
North Richmond	8	5.81	192	3.0%
TOTALS	109	264.12	1,955	13.5%

Collingwood has the least amount of open space as a proportion of precinct area with 0.3 per cent of the total precinct as open space. Three other precincts have less than 5 per cent open space being Fitzroy with 1.6 per cent, North Richmond with 3 per cent and Carlton North - Princes Hill with 4.4 per cent. Fairfield - Alphington has the highest proportion of open space relative to land area with 28 per cent, mainly due to the presence of Yarra Bend Park. Similarly, Clifton Hill as 24.6 per cent of the total precinct as open space mainly due to the extensive open space system along Merri Creek including Quarries Park, Ramsden Street Reserve and Hall Reserve.

Accessibility to open space is a key influence on its use and benefit to the community that surround it, so this measure of open space needs to be set in the context of other assessments as well as including the gap analysis, the quality of the open space and availability of open space relative to population density.

#### 3.4.3 Quantity of open space relative to population density

Table 3-4 illustrates the provision of open space relative to residential population density. Total population numbers shown are sourced from the .id Community Profile using the Usual Resident Population. This allows us to show the comparison between 2006 (the year of the existing YOSS) and 2016. Please note that Usual Resident Population figures have been used for this table as the comparative data is available for 2006 and 2016. These figures differ slightly from the Estimated Resident Population figures that are used in other parts of the Strategy.

Table 3-4 Quantity of open space relative to 2006 and 2016 residential population in the City of Yarra, excluding restricted open space

PRECINCT NAME	No. of open spaces	Total open space 2016 Ha	Total population (URP) 2006 (YOSS 2006)	Sqm of open space per person 2006 (YOSS 2006)	Total population (URP) 2016	Sqm of open space per person 2016
Abbotsford	18	13.39	4,323	31	8,184	16
Carlton North - Princes Hill	6	6.23	8,184	8	8,433	7
Central Richmond	9	23.46	10,764	22	12,965	18
Clifton Hill	9	41.18	5,382	77	6,342	65
Collingwood	5	0.34	5,499	0.6	8,511	0.4
Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley	20	44.98	3,590	125	4,747	95
Fairfield - Alphington	6	96.92	2,275	426	2,701	359
Fitzroy	9	2.27	8,825	3	10,445	2.2
Fitzroy North	19	29.56	10,266	29	11,535	26
North Richmond	8	5.81	10,243	6	13,299	4.4
TOTALS	109	264.12	69,351	38	87,162	30

The accepted standards in the United Kingdom and Australia for the provision of open space relative to the new population in greenfield sites is between 20 and 24 square metres per person. On a municipal-wide basis, the City of Yarra had approximately 30 square metres per person in 2016, which has reduced from 38 square metres per person in 2006. There are significant variations across the different precincts, with highest proportion being in the Fairfield - Alphington precinct with 359 sqm per person compared with 0.4 sqm in Collingwood.

Looking at the change between 2006 and 2016, the most significant change has been in Abbotsford, where the population has almost doubled and correspondingly the quantity of open space per person has also nearly halved. One additional Small Local open space has been added to the network in this precinct over the corresponding period. For Collingwood, the quantity of open space has more than doubled with two new open spaces, increasing the open space from 0.12 hectares to 0.34 hectares.

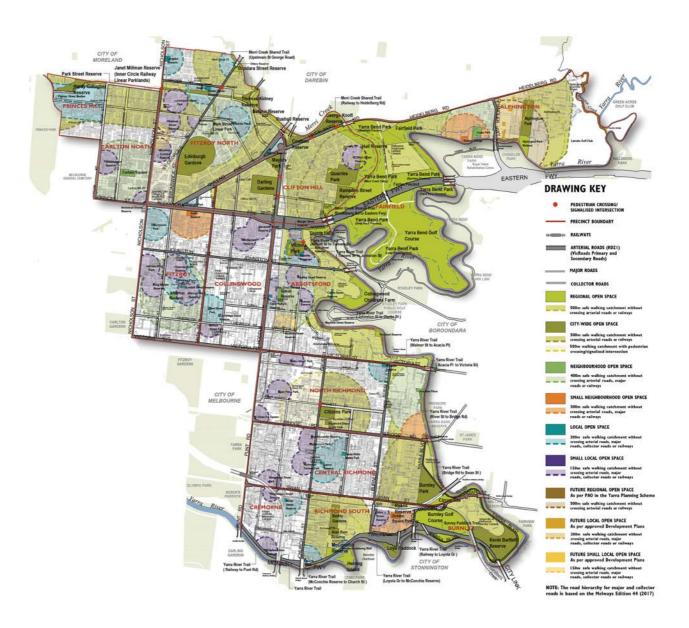
In Carlton North - Princes Hill there has also been a reduction in the open space. This is due to previous designation of the central median strips in Canning and Drummond Streets as public open space. In this Strategy they are not included as they are less than 10 metres in width. Pigdon Street Median remains given it is greater than 10 metres in width.

It is noted that there was no information for the worker population in 2006, and therefore it is not possible to provide the same comparison for employees relative to open space. Employees are sharing open space with residents, so a separate comparison would not in any case provide a true picture of how much open space is available for each group of users.

Refer to Section 4 for the forecast population growth and impacts on open space.

#### 3.5 Gap analysis

#### 3.5.1 Gaps in the open space network



**Figure 3F** Open Space Gap Analysis Extract from Drawing YOSS-03b in Appendix A Refer to Table 3-1 and Table 3-5 for an explanation of the walking catchments

The gap analysis is an assessment of the spatial distribution of existing open space across the City of Yarra. It identifies if there are any locations where open space is not within safe and easy walking distance of the population living and working in the city. Figure 3F above illustrates the walking catchments that are applicable to the open space. In addition to walking catchments, there are travel catchments to the Regional and Citywide open space given the facilities provided in them are for a catchment of users beyond walking distance. The travel catchments for City-wide open space are up to 1 kilometre. When these are applied to the City-wide open space, it confirms there are gaps in the provision of City-wide open space in the Fitzroy/Collingwood areas. Given the

established nature of the city, there is no opportunity to provide additional City-wide open space.

The majority of the Regional and City-wide spaces, are used for unstructured and informal uses such as walking dogs, playing informal games on the ovals, visiting the playground and meeting friends. Therefore, a 500 metre walking catchment has been applied to all Regional and City-wide open space in recognition of the local levels of use these open spaces receive. The walking catchment extends over arterial roads where there are signalised intersections or pedestrian crossings, however railways and freeways are considered to be barriers to safe walking access. Where the catchment extends over arterial roads, the catchment is shown in a paler colour in recognition that some of the community cannot easily cross arterial roads to reach open space, for example young children, the elderly and people with limited mobility. This means that for these people, the arterial road may still present a physical barrier to safe and easy access to open space.

A 400 metre walking catchment has been applied to all the Neighbourhood open space, which represents an approximate 10 to 15 minute walk for the relatively fit, and an approximate 20 minute walk for the elderly and young children. This catchment extends over major roads in addition to the arterial roads and railways where a signalised intersection is provided directly adjacent to the open space.

A 300 metre safe walking catchment is applied to the Small Neighbourhood open space which represents an approximate 10 minute walk. For Local open space the catchment reduces to 200 metres and for Small Local open space it is 150 metres. This change in catchments is calibrated in size to reflect the different expectations in terms of length of stay at the different types of open space. These catchments do not extend over collector roads in addition to the major roads, arterials and railways. This is in response to the need for people with limited mobility along with the elderly and the young to easily reach some open space within walking distance, even if the open space is relatively small in size. This is consistent with the latest research into the importance of open space to community health and wellbeing as summarised in Section 2.4 of this Strategy.

The areas without any colour shown in them are locations in the City of Yarra where the existing population do not have any open space within a safe and easy walk from their home or workplace. These are referred to as 'gap areas' in the Strategy. Given that one of the project's key objectives is to provide at least some open space within safe and easy walking distance of everyone living and working the City, then the gap areas are a priority to address in relation to the location of future open space. Gap areas can be addressed by a range of options including providing additional open space, improving pedestrian access via the local street network or linear open space to open space adjoining the gap areas. Additionally, short term solutions in the interim such as arranging for access to school land or publicly accessible private open space can also be an appropriate measure to address existing gap areas.

There are some areas of the City where there are gaps in the distribution of any open space. In other precincts, such as Collingwood, Cremorne and parts of Richmond, there is a lack of larger areas of open space with only Small Local or Local open space being provided. While the smaller open spaces are valuable, there can be a lack of diversity of the range of facilities and the sense of space that can be achieved because of their smaller size. Areas without any open space are referred to as Gap Areas.

The precinct based analysis in the Strategy has taken the gap areas into consideration in the recommendations. The opportunities to address gap areas include the provision of additional open space, improved access to ancillary open space and streetscape improvements to increase safety of access to existing open space. Given the forecast increase in population density, new open space will be sought in many of these gap areas to meet best practice approach of providing green open space within an easy and safe walk of everyone who lives and works in the City of Yarra.

The travel and walking catchments to the different types of open space are summarised in the Table 3-5 below.

Table 3-5 Open space hierarchy and travel and walking catchments used in the gap analysis

Hierarchy	Travel and walking catchments to open space
Regional	No specific travel catchment is included as this is provided for the Melbourne-wide population. This open space has a 500 metre walking catchment applied in recognition of the local informal, and/or incidental use of these reserves by the local community. Where there is an at-grade signalised crossing directly opposite the open space, then the walking catchment will extend across the arterial road to reach it. This extended catchment is illustrated with a paler hatch to indicate that it requires crossing a major or arterial road to reach it.
City-wide	City-wide open space located within 1 kilometre travel catchment of dwellings and workplaces. Additionally, a 500 metre safe walking catchment applied to all City-wide open space in recognition they also provide for local and neighbourhood open space needs without crossing railways and arterial roads. Where there is an at-grade signalised crossing directly opposite the open space, then the walking catchment will extend across the arterial road to reach it. This extended catchment is illustrated with a paler hatch to indicate that it requires crossing a major or arterial road to reach it.
Neighbourhood	Neighbourhood open space within 400 metre safe walking catchment of dwellings and workplaces without crossing railways, major and arterial roads. Where there is an atgrade signalised crossing directly opposite the open space, then the walking catchment will extend across the arterial or major road to reach it. This extended catchment is illustrated with a paler hatch to indicate that it requires crossing a major or arterial road to reach it.

Hierarchy	Travel and walking catchments to open space
Small Neighbourhood	Small Neighbourhood open space within 300 metre safe walking catchment of dwellings and workplaces without crossing railways, major and arterial roads. Where there is an at-grade signalised crossing directly opposite the open space, then the walking catchment will extend across the arterial or major road to reach it. This extended catchment is illustrated with a paler hatch to illustrate that it requires crossing a major or arterial road to reach it.
Local	Local open space located within 200 metres safe walking distance from dwellings and workplaces, without crossing railways, collector roads, major roads and arterial roads.
Small Local	Small Local open space located within 150 metres safe walking distance from dwellings and workplaces, without crossing railways, collector roads, major roads and arterial roads.

The spatial distribution is one of the factors that influences the precinct based open space needs analysis and the potential need for additional open space. Other factors include the diversity of size and quality of open space; existing and proposed urban densities and population growth; and the level of community satisfaction with the existing open space network. In some locations, additional open space may also be proposed outside the gap areas in response to adequately catering to increased urban densities.

Refer to Section 7 of the Strategy for the precinct analysis and recommendations.

#### 3.5.2 Gaps in linear links/trails

#### 3.5.2a Yarra River

The Main Yarra Trail has been expanded and upgraded since the 2006 Yarra Open Space Strategy. The main gaps in the linear trail are:

- Between Gipps Street and the Walmer Street Footbridge, where there is a Public Acquisition Overlay (PAO2) in favour of The Minister responsible for administering Part 2 of the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978 for the creation of a continuous linear park / trail system adjacent waterways.
- All ability access onto the Main Yarra Trail on the City of Yarra side of the Yarra River at the Gipps Street entry point.
- In Fairfield and Alphington, there is no continuous public open space or path link along the north side of the Yarra River. The *Draft Yarra Strategic Plan* does not identify the need for a regional path link on the north side of the Yarra River. For the local catchment and context, there is a need to secure public access between Rudder Grange and Coate Park, which is currently provided via an informal link.

#### 3.5.2b Merri Creek

The shared trail and path network along Merri Creek has been extended and improved in the recent years. There is still, however a gap in the shared trail the shared trail at Rushall Reserve.

#### 3.5.2c Darebin Creek

The Darebin Creek Trail link has recently been completed between Heidelberg Road and the Main Yarra Trail. There is no access point into the shared trail directly from Alphington, with the only access point into it being via Sparks Reserve in City of Banyule.

The land however appears to have not yet been acquired as the Public Acquisition Overlay (PAO2) is still in place over the land along Darebin Creek in the Yarra Planning Scheme. This reserve has been shown as Future Open Space on the diagrams in this Strategy.

#### 3.6 Quality of open space

#### 3.6.1 Overview

The quality of open space is important as it influences whether the open space makes a valuable contribution to the open space network.

The quality and character of each open space is influenced and formed by a range of factors including its inherent physical and natural qualities, the urban context, its size, form, use, position, design and history. These factors are measured against the outcomes of the community survey and other research including the biodiversity and nature conservation values.

#### 3.6.2 Quality assessment and recommendations

The three main methods used to gather data on the quality of open space are the site assessments; the community and council stakeholder engagement outcomes; and the background document research.

During the site assessments each open space is evaluated against the same set of criteria in relation to the following:

- Location
- Existing landscape character and overall condition
- Topography and views
- Adjoining land use
- The urban context and influences including built form, public access points and interface treatments.
- Forecast change
- Existing infrastructure and facilities
- Vegetation character and values

Following the site assessment work, the background research and consultation outcomes then informs the quality and context of each individual open space.

The quality of each open space is assessed in the context of the network as a whole - both in relation to the existing context and also in the context of the forecast change that is planned over the next 15 years. If the quality of the open space is assessed as being adequate, there will be no specific actions or upgrade works required. Where the quality of the open space is assessed as being inadequate, recommendations are developed to provide guidance on the extent of change proposed. This may include a minor upgrade to existing facilities or a major change to the facilities and/or the landscape character and function of the open space, and in some locations expansion to its size.

The recommendations for all the existing open spaces in the City are made in Section 7 of this Strategy. Refer also to Section 4.5 regarding the issues of for increased levels of use in open space.

# 4. Forecast change and implications on open space planning

#### 4.1 Residential growth and change

#### 4.1.1 Existing residential population

#### 4.1.1a Quantity

The estimated resident population in 2016 is 92,894, which is over 20,000 more residents living in the City since the 2006 Strategy was adopted. This represents an approximately 28 per cent increase in population since then (Source: .id Community Profile, accessed 16/10/18).

The rate of population growth between 2011 and 2016 increased at more than twice the rate of the previous five years, with an increase of 6,095 residents between 2006 and 2011, compared with an increase of 13,991 residents between 2011 and 2016.

The rate of residential population growth has been substantially higher than the rate of growth forecast at the time the 2006 Yarra Open Space Strategy was prepared. At that time the total forecast growth to 2016 was estimated to result in a resident population of 78,100, which is approximately 15,300 less than actual growth.

#### 4.1.1b Demographics

Compared to Greater Melbourne, there are significantly fewer children of school age in the City of Yarra. There is also more than double the number of 25 to 34 year olds and a lower proportion of people in the 60+ age range.

In relation to household types, there is a higher number of lone person and group households and a lower proportion of couples with children households compared to

Greater Melbourne. This influences the design and management of open space in Yarra compared to other municipalities. With the proportionally higher number of lone person households and a lower proportion of couple with children households, the design of public open space needs to be relevant to the adult population. This includes strengthening the facilities and attractiveness of the reserves that encourage people outdoors to socialise in open space. Similarly, a diverse of facilities and characters that appeal to the young workforce. While play spaces will still be needed, they are not required in every open space as typically provided in Greater Melbourne.

Occupations of residents are changing with a decline in the manufacturing and wholesale industries and an increase in the professional, scientific and technical services and health and education sectors when compared to the 2006 data. This means that people are typically working indoors and potentially more likely to need and use open space during breaks from work and also before and after work. Nearly half the population in Yarra has a Bachelor or higher degree in education, which is up by 10 per cent compared to the 2006 census data, and the nearly double that of the Greater Melbourne average. Interestingly, there has been a decline in the proportion of tertiary students living in Yarra.

50 per cent of the population rent their accommodation, with 9.5 per cent in social housing which is significantly higher than the Greater Melbourne average of 29 per cent 2.6 per cent respectively. By comparison when the previous Open Space Strategy was prepared in 2006, 48 per cent of the population rented their accommodation with 11.5 per cent in social housing.

Approximately 60 per cent of residents in Yarra were born in Australia with nearly 30 per cent born overseas. 19 per cent of those born overseas were born in a non-English speaking country, which is similar to the Greater Melbourne average. There are more people born in Vietnam when compared with the Greater Melbourne average. This is reinforced with the most common language spoken at home apart from English being Vietnamese followed by Greek and Mandarin.

A key difference between the Greater Melbourne and Yarra is the dwelling type. In Yarra, 85 per cent of people live in medium and high-density dwellings compared to 33 per cent in Greater Melbourne. This means that residents typically have much less private open space available to them which increases their reliance on public open space.

#### 4.1.1c Summary of key demographic changes between 2006 and 2016

#### Age range:

There has been a slight decline in the proportion of children and tertiary students, an increase in the young workforce population and a slight increase in the 60+ age range.

#### **Dwelling type:**

A more than 12 per cent increase in people living in high density dwellings with a decline in both separate houses and medium density dwellings reinforcing this. This trend results in less private open space and an increased reliance on public open space.

#### Household type:

There is a slight increase in the number of couples without children and other family types, with a slight decline in one parent families and group households. This reinforces

the need for open space design to be diverse and adaptable to appeal to a range of users, with a reduced emphasis on dedicated play facilities for young children.

#### 4.1.2 Overview of forecast change

Yarra continues to experience significant redevelopment resulting in increased urban densities and population growth that places pressure on the open space network. This includes intensification of use, reduced ability to find land for new open space and the increased building heights overshadowing open space.

The Strategy responds to the changing population and built form based on the *Yarra Housing Strategy 2018* and the .id Consulting population forecasts that have been provided for each open space precinct. This, combined with a review of structure plans and urban design frameworks along with the *Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy (SGS, 2018)* has informed the forecast change for this Strategy and underpins the open space analysis and recommendations.

#### 4.1.3 Residential population forecasts

Council relies on .id population and forecasting for data on its residential population. The forecasts updated in August 2018 are in Table 4-1, below, for each small area and the municipal total. The table shows 2016 as the starting point for population forecasting as this is the last ABS Census year and includes both 2031 and 2041 data to provide the medium to longer term view of population growth and its distribution. The Strategy has a planning horizon of 2016 to 2031 and also considers the forecast growth through to 2041 for context.

Table 4-1 Forecast residential population change 2016 - 2041

Location	2016 resident pop'n	2031 resident pop'n	Change resident pop'n 2016- 2031	2041 resident pop'n	Change resident pop'n 2016- 2041
Abbotsford	8,848	12,671	+3,823	16,426	+7,578
Carlton North - Princes Hill	9,010	8,843	-167	9,030	+20
Central Richmond	13,888	17,269	+3,381	19,941	+6,053
Clifton Hill	6,792	7,432	+640	7,734	+942
Collingwood	9,141	14,347	+5,206	18,653	+9,512
Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley	4,622	9,539	+4,917	12,088	+7,466
Fairfield - Alphington	2,894	9,099	+6,205	9,843	+6,949
Fitzroy	11,464	15,798	+4,334	20,782	+9,318
Fitzroy North	12,358	15,112	+2,754	18,307	+5,949
North Richmond	14,335	21,754	+7,419	24,802	+10,467
City of Yarra	93,353	131,864	+38,511	157,607	+64,254

Source: Population and household forecasts, 2016 to 2041, prepared by .id the population experts, August 2018. Accessed 10 September 2018 (Council version)

Highlights of the residential population forecasts include:

- Overall, Yarra's residential population will grow by about 40 per cent between 2016 and 2031 and by about 70 per cent between 2016 and 2041.
- North Richmond is forecast to experience the greatest increase in residential population numbers between 2016 and 2041 at 10,467 people. Because there is a high residential population there now, this is a forecast growth of 73 per cent.
- Abbotsford is forecast to experience 43 per cent residential population growth between 2016 and 2031 and will also be experiencing employment growth.
   Suburb residential growth to 2041 is forecast at 86 per cent. Between 2006 and 2016 the residential population in Abbotsford doubled and this growth is forecast to continue.
- Collingwood will experience 57 per cent residential growth with 35 per cent growth in the Collingwood Structure Plan area along with additional employees. Suburb residential growth to 2041 is forecast at 104 per cent. This precinct currently has the lowest amount of open space as a proportion of land area and relative to population density. Given this, opportunities for the provision of new open space as part of redevelopment will be a priority. This precinct will also have significant employment population growth, refer to Section 4.2.3. There are existing gaps in open space provision in this precinct as shown in Figure 3F.
- Central Richmond is forecast to grow its residential population by 24 per cent with a 29 per cent increase in the Central Richmond Structure Plan area, and the area will also have employment gains. Suburb residential growth to 2041 is forecast at 44 per cent.
- Other high percentage residential growth forecasts for the period 2016 to 2031 are in the suburbs of Cremorne and Burnley Richmond South at 106 percent and Fairfield Alphington at 214 per cent. The impacts for open space are not as significant in the northern precinct given its proximity to the Yarra River and significant areas of existing open space. The majority of this forecast population will live in the Alphington Paper Mills Development Site, and Council has already negotiated the new local open space network within that site for the forecast population.
- In contrast, the suburb of Carlton North Princes Hill will lose a small amount of residential population by 2031 and stabilise by 2041. Clifton Hill will grow by 9 per cent between 2016 and 2031, which would normally be considered a substantial amount of growth.

The Victorian government residential population forecasts (VIF) are based on LGA boundaries. The VIF 2016 forecast growth for Yarra between 2016 and 2036 is 29,412 additional people, which is significantly less than the .id forecast for a shorter time period (i.e. 2016-2031). It is noted that the .id forecasts are more recent, having been published in August 2018.

#### 4.1.4 Where the forecast population will live

The Adopted *Yarra Housing Strategy 2018* and the Strategic Housing Framework Plan have informed the development of the open space sub-precincts that have been used for the sub-precinct open space analysis in the Strategy. This is shown in Figure 4A.

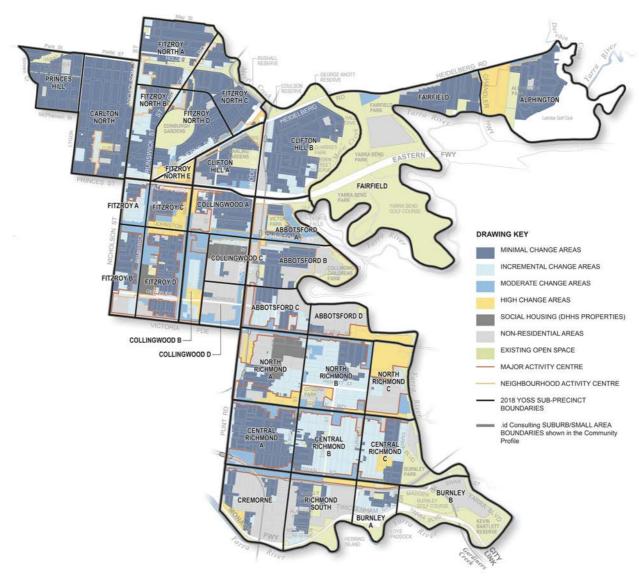


Figure 4A Adopted Strategic Housing Framework and Open Space Sub-precincts
Source: Yarra Housing Strategy, 2018
Extract from Drawing YOSS-05 in Appendix A

The dark blue colour represents minimal change areas across the City contrasting with the yellow areas which represent high change areas. The high change areas fall mainly within the activity centres, with the exception being the high change area in Alphington on the former Alphington Paper Mills Site. From an open space perspective, Council has already negotiated the provision of new open space as part of that development, so the Strategy does not make any recommendations regarding that site.

The grey non-residential areas define the employment precincts and correlate with the existing land that excludes residential use. Council's *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy (SEES)* supports retaining employment precincts to maintain this important aspect of Yarra's identity and economy. Increasing pressure for residential use will mean this is an ongoing issue that Council will need to proactively manage.

#### 4.2 Employment growth and change

#### 4.2.1 Existing employment population

The retail and employment precincts in Yarra supported a total of 83,000 employees in 2016 as noted in the Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS 2018 (SEES)). A summary of this report is included in Section 2.1. The retail precincts covered by the SEES include five major activity centres comprising non-residential land uses and emerging housing opportunities. These are Brunswick Street, Smith Street, Bridge Road, Swan Street and Victoria Street. Additionally, Johnston Street East was also included as an activity centre in the report. This accounted for just under 45 per cent of employee numbers in their report. The remaining employee numbers are based in the seven employment precincts including Victoria Parade, Gipps Street, Cremorne, Abbotsford, Church Street South, Burnley Office Precinct and Hoddle Street.

Given Council's support of the mixed use and employment precincts in Yarra, part of the research for this Strategy included determining whether workers use open space during the time they are at work. Surveys were conducted of the worker population in four of the employment precincts and the results have confirmed that the majority of workers visit open space near their workplace, with only 12 per cent stating they never visit it, while 60 per cent nominated they visit open space near their workplace at least once a week.

77 per cent of worker respondents noted they visited open space to be outdoors as a break from work, while 46 per cent noted they visit open space to socialise / meet colleagues / friends. A much lower number, being only 16 per cent use, open space for fitness/exercise. 34 per cent of respondents requested more open space and green spaces when asked to make any suggestions or comments on open space in general i.e. this was not a prompted comment (2018 Open Space Worker Survey, Metropolis).

The workshop outcomes from consultation with the business community in Cremorne and Collingwood undertaken for the Yarra SEES in January 2018 identified that the top idea in both workshops was for more green space and small parks. This was combined with other comments including additional trees and mitigating impacts of urban heat island effect.

The SEES estimates of the employment population growth to 2031 combined with the worker open space survey results have informed the open space needs analysis and the Strategy recommendations for new and upgraded open space for the employment population.

#### 4.2.2 Overview of forecast change

The SEES provides information about non-residential investment and employment growth in Yarra. The SEES notes that the City of Yarra plays a vital role in the economy of Metropolitan Melbourne and sustains a diverse range of businesses. Yarra has a mix of retail and entertainment precincts, mixed employment precincts, and health and education facilities that are vital to Melbourne's brand as a creative urban economy. In recent years, Yarra has become increasingly a knowledge and services oriented economy changing from a manufacturing and industrial economy.

The SEES defines future retail and employment precincts which are defined as activity centres in *Plan Melbourne*. The employment precincts are defined by the existing land use zone for industrial and commercial purposes whereas the retail precincts in the activity centres are mixed use and will include employment and residential uses.

#### 4.2.3 Employment population forecasts

Floor space data is contained in Tables 5 and 6 of the SEES for the years 2016, 2021, 2026 and 2031. Job to floor space ratios are provided in Table 4 of the SEES. These tables have been used to produce Table 4-2.

Table 4-2 Forecast employment population change 2016 – 2031

Location	2016 employment population	2031 employment population  Change employment population 2016-2031		% change
Retail precincts				
Smith Street	9,660	14,150	4,490	46%
Victoria Street	8,170	11,560	3,390	42%
Bridge Road	13,680	17,245	3,565	26%
Brunswick Street	6,650	9,720	3,070	46%
Swan Street	4,560	6,520	1,960	43%
Johnston Street East	3,740	5,060	1,320	35%
Employment precincts				
Victoria Parade	11,730	17,690	5,960	51%
Gipps Street	4,170	9,390	5,220	124%
Cremorne	4,860	8,160	3,300	68%
Abbotsford	3,200	3,910	710	22%
Church Street South	6,540	9,740	3,200	49%
<b>Burnley Office Precinct</b>	3,070	4,770	1,700	55%
Hoddle Street	2,970	3,890	920	31%
City of Yarra total	83,000	121,805	38,805	47%

Source: SEES 2018, Tables 4, 5 and 6

Highlights of the employment population forecasts include:

- Overall, Yarra's employment population will grow by about 47 per cent between 2016 and 2031.
- In the retail precincts, the highest percentage of employment growth is forecast to
  occur in Smith Street and Brunswick Street at 46 per cent, each. Similar
  employment increases are forecast for the Swan Street (43 per cent) and Victoria
  Street (41 per cent) precincts. The Johnston Street East precinct forecast is 35
  per cent growth and it is 24 per cent for the Bridge Road precinct.
- In the employment precincts, the highest percentage of employment growth is
  forecast to occur in the Gipps Street precinct at 124 per cent followed by the
  Cremorne precinct at 68 per cent. The Abbotsford precinct is forecast to grow its
  employment numbers by 22 per cent, and the rest of the precincts are forecast to
  increase by between 31 and 51 per cent.

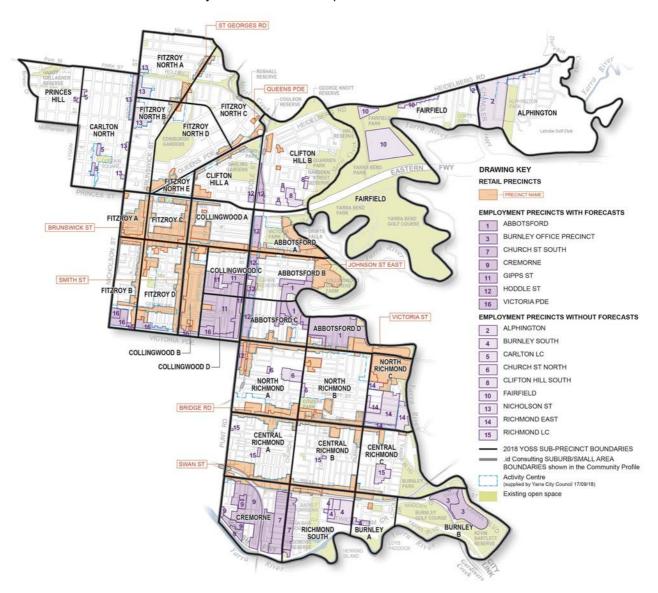


Figure 4B Employment and Retail Precincts

Source: Final Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, 2018 and Adopted Yarra Housing Strategy, 2018 Extract from Drawing YOSS-06 in Appendix A

Figure 4B has been prepared based on the SEES to illustrate the extent of the Retail and Employment Precincts in the context of the open space sub-precincts and the Activity Centre Boundaries as shown in the *Yarra Housing Strategy*. The Retail precincts are shown in an orange colour in Figure 4B while the Employment precincts are shown in the purple colour. Forecasts for the estimated employment population in the Retail precincts have been prepared based on SEES data and included in Table 4-2. A further breakdown of the forecasts has been undertaken for each open space sub-precinct. This has been done by apportioning the employment population spatially across the different sub-precincts based on the proportion of the total land area in each.

The employment precincts are shown in two different shades of purple in Figure 4B. The darker shade of purple indicates the employment precincts for which employment forecasts have been prepared in the SEES and shown in Table 4-2. The lighter shade of purple indicates employment precincts without worker population forecasts. As for the Retail precincts, the total forecast employment population in each has been apportioned into each open space sub-precinct.

The precinct open space analysis and recommendations in Section 7 of this Strategy has taken into account the estimated employment population in each sub-precinct.

#### 4.2.5 Structure Plans for Activity Centres

As part of the sub-precinct open space analysis existing Structure Plans will be reviewed and inform the analysis where appropriate, along with other relevant documents relating to these.

The boundaries of the existing Activity Centres are shown with a blue outline on Figure 4B.

#### 4.2.6 Population growth not included in the forecasts

Additional population growth beyond the forecasts used in the Strategy can be expected beyond the planning period. This has been demonstrated with the high level of population growth that occurred following the adoption of the Open Space Strategy 2006. There will also be locations not currently anticipated for redevelopment or included in the forecasts at this time but that will come forward in their redevelopment timing due to land sales, market trends, availability of investment finance and other factors. Redevelopment in the City of Yarra is high density in nature and increases the need to provide an adequate amount of quality open space that is easily accessible for residents and workers.

Council expects that additional new open space is likely to be needed if higher density redevelopment occurs beyond what is anticipated in the forecast numbers. This will become particularly evident in locations that currently do not have safe and easy walking access to the existing open space network or where the existing network is reaching capacity. The recommendations for new open space in Section 7 of this Strategy will need to be supplemented if additional population growth occurs beyond the level forecast.

#### 4.3 Urban densities and open space

#### 4.3.1 Overview

As discussed in Section 2.4, best practice research into open space provision for high density precincts has identified that there is not an accepted international standard. What is common amongst the different research studies and reports is that everyone should be within a safe and easy walking distance of open space so that people of all abilities, ages and gender can visit and use open space. The studies also recognise the link between people's health and wellbeing and access to public open space, particularly green open space.

Therefore, a key criteria for determining where and what type of new public open space is required is meeting the minimum requirement of at least some public open space within an safe and easy walk of everyone. The definition of safe and easy walk is the travel catchment to open space described in Table 3-1.

#### 4.3.2 Forecast population growth and open space

Further to Section 3.3 regarding the quantity and provision of open space, the tables below illustrate the impact of the forecast population increase relative to the amount of existing open space in the City of Yarra.

### Table 4-3 Quantity of open space relative to 2016 and 2031 forecast residential population density in Yarra

The following table illustrates the provision of open space relative to residential population density showing the comparison between 2016 and 2031.

PRECINCT NAME	Total open space 2016 Ha	Total population (URP) 2016	Sqm of open space per person 2016	Forecast population 2031	Sqm of open space per person 2031
Abbotsford	13.39	8,184	16	12,671	11
Carlton North - Princes Hill	6.23	8,433	7	8,843	7
Central Richmond	23.46	12,965	18	17,269	14
Clifton Hill	41.18	6,342	65	7,432	55
Collingwood	0.34	8,511	0.4	14,347	0.24
Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley	44.98	4,747	95	9,539	47
Fairfield - Alphington	96.92	2,701	359	9,099	107
Fitzroy	2.27	10,445	2.2	15,798	1.4
Fitzroy North	29.56	11,535	26	15,112	20
North Richmond	5.81	13,299	4.4	21,754	2.7
TOTALS	264.12	87,162	30	131,864	20

At a municipality-wide scale the total open space relative to population will reduce from 30 to 20 sqm per person if no open space was added to the network during that same period. While the Strategy timeframe extends to 2031, population forecasts are also available to 2041, and these have been shown in Table 4-4.

The 2041 forecasts are useful in the context of understanding longer term direction for the different precincts. In Carlton North - Princes Hill, the population is forecast to remain relatively stable through to 2041. In Fairfield - Alphington there is significant forecast growth planned in the 2016 to 2031, with the population forecast to expand to nearly four times its size. This is mainly due the development of the large former Amcor site. In the 2031 to 2041 planning period the forecast growth reduces back to a much lower 8 per cent rate.

For Abbotsford, the population is forecast to grow in size between 2016 and 2031 and then continue growing in the next planning period of 2031 and 2041. Given there are only a limited number of large redevelopment sites where a lager open space land contribution can be provided, the need for new open space beyond 2031 in Abbotsford has been identified in this Strategy for the CUB site. Refer to Section 7 for the precinct analysis and recommendations.

Table 4-4 Quantity of open space relative to the 2031 and 2041 forecast residential population density in Yarra

PRECINCT NAME	Total open space 2016 Ha	Forecast population 2031	Sqm of open space per person 2031	Forecast population 2041	Sqm of open space per person 2041
Abbotsford	13.39	12,671	11	16,426	8
Carlton North - Princes Hill	6.23	8,843	7	9,030	7
Central Richmond	23.46	17,269	14	19,941	12
Clifton Hill	41.18	7,432	55	7,734	53
Collingwood	0.34	14,347	0.24	18,653	0.18
Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley	44.98	9,539	47	12,088	37
Fairfield - Alphington	96.92	9,099	107	9,843	98
Fitzroy	2.27	15,798	1.4	20,782	1.1
Fitzroy North	29.56	15,112	20	18,307	16
North Richmond	5.81	21,754	2.7	24,802	2.3
TOTALS	264.12	131,864	20	157,606	17

Refer also to Section 4.2.6 regarding unanticipated population growth during the implementation of this Strategy.

#### 4.3.3 High density and overshadowing open space

The forecast increase in the number of people who will live and work in high density environments with little or no private open space will place greater demand on public open space to meet the majority of their open space needs. The increased densities and taller buildings will also increase the potential for these buildings to overshadow existing and proposed new open space.

Sunlight access to open space contributes to its attractiveness, health and useability. Natural sunlight is essential for the healthy growth of trees, shrubs and grass. Over the past 10 years results from research has linked the importance of sunlight to maintaining healthy Vitamin D levels and also other factors such as mental alertness and having a role in preventing depression. The results of this research recommend that people need between 25 minutes and up to 1.5 hours of sunlight on their skin during winter to maintain healthy levels of Vitamin D. People with light coloured skin need less time in direct sunlight (i.e. 25 mins) compared to people with darker coloured skin (i.e. up to 1.5 hours).

Direct sunlight to open space contributes to its attractiveness, particularly during winter, when spending time outdoors is more comfortable if it is warmer and there is an opportunity to exercise or sit in the sun. If the open space is more appealing to use in the winter, it encourages people outdoors to be in the fresh air, the natural sunlight and to exercise and keep fit which supports a healthier community.

With the change towards higher density living, Council will need to introduce more specific controls to prevent undue overshadowing of public open space particularly during winter to support and promote sustainable high density living.

Refer to Section 5.4.2 for more detailed information regarding the health and wellbeing benefits of sunlight.

#### 4.4 Climate emergency

#### 4.4.1 Overview

Open space is influenced by the changing climate and has a role in mitigating and adapting to its effects. It has become increasingly important to focus on sustainability in all aspects of open space design, management and maintenance. More frequent and extreme droughts have seen greater emphasis placed on sustainable water sources to adequately maintain open space in the future. At the same time, the role of open space in mitigating urban heat island effect in the higher density precincts has been measured and is better understood.

#### 4.4.2 Mitigating urban heat island effect

Dr. Nigel Tapper of Monash University provided advice as part of the City of Melbourne Open Space Strategy in relation to optimising opportunities to mitigate urban heat build-up in the future. This included the provision of regularly distributed green open spaces across built up areas that are designed with appropriate green infrastructure and permeable surfaces to hold moisture which then allows effective evapotranspiration to cool the local microclimate. This is particularly important during extended periods of heat. Deciduous trees with a larger leaf surface area are more effective at evapotranspiration. In the Melbourne climate, they also have the benefit of allowing winter sunlight to penetrate and deliver warmth to the open space during the colder months while providing much needed shade during summer.

Designing greener and cooler open space with sustainable water sources has the added benefit of providing cooler public places for the community to use during hot weather. This is particularly important for the vulnerable in our community including the frail, the elderly, the homeless and those without cooling in their homes, or those who choose not to use air conditioning for other reasons.

In higher density urban areas, open space provides a visual and physical break in the built form to allow some radiant passive cooling at night. Designing these open spaces with a combination of large canopy shade trees, garden beds and surfaces that retain moisture (such as grass rather than large paved surfaces) is essential for passive cooling. For open space to effectively contribute to mitigating urban heat in higher density urban areas it needs to be regularly spaced across the compact urban form to counteract the heat trapping characteristics of sealed built surfaces.

Sustainable water sources will need to be integrated into the future design of open space in higher density precincts. This is to sustain broad canopy shade trees, garden beds and grassing and will increase the capital costs of providing the open space.

Additional features that contribute to passive cooling in open space include water features and green walls on adjoining built form. For green walls, the ongoing maintenance costs and technology required to ensure longevity requires further research to identify if these are feasible and cost effective in open space.

### 4.4.3 Sustainable water use and management of open space in the context of the climate emergency

The forecast increase in severe weather events including extended droughts and storms impacts on open space. Extended droughts mean that open space may be impacted by water restrictions again in future. Severe storm events may result in a greater number of flood events, winds, damage to mature vegetation and impact on the viability of new plantings to establish.

Severe weather events impact on the viability and use of open space. The impact of extended droughts can include a significant reduction in capacity of open space to accommodate high levels of use, particularly sports fields. While it is important that Council investigates options to better drought proof reserves, it is important to maximise opportunities to retain moisture in open space to be effective in mitigating urban heat and proactively plan for this in the future.

It is a priority to investigate sustainable water reuse of all aspects of the urban water cycle and achieve multiple benefits in open space design. Some of these projects have the potential to deliver improvements to biodiversity, urban heat island effect mitigation, landscape character diversity and visual interest in open space, along with delivering sustainable water reuse for irrigating and maintaining open space. These opportunities will potentially increase the capital works costs of providing open space in the future, and has been considered in the preparation of the Strategy Costings that form the basis for calculating the open space contribution rate.

#### 4.4.4 Vegetation management

The changing climate, including the forecast increase in severe weather events, impacts on plant health and survival. The inclusion of sustainable water harvesting and reuse will assist with managing vegetation. Other major impacts will be forecast increase in storm events with increased wind velocities and changing patterns of rainfall that will potentially damage existing mature trees.

Balancing the need to retain existing large canopy trees for habitat, shade and evapotranspiration will mean that a focus on the ongoing management of tree health, including adaptive management, will be required in the future. The changing climate will likely impact on the health of remnant indigenous vegetation as well as planted vegetation.

The future management of large canopy trees and vegetation will be implemented through the *Urban Forest Strategy* and the *Yarra Street Tree Policy*.

#### 4.4.5 Sustainable material use

The Strategy recognises that in recommending improvements and upgrades to open space, the Strategy should maximise opportunities to utilise appropriate materials. This includes recycled materials, those from sustainable sources and materials with longevity and durability to minimise ongoing maintenance and replacement costs as well as material use.

Future building and infrastructure design in open space is to minimise energy use, including consideration of appropriate siting and orientation to maximise passive cooling and heating.

Refer to Section 6 of the Strategy for the Design and Management Guidelines.

#### 4.5 Increased levels of use of open space

#### 4.5.1 Overview

With the forecast increase in urban densities and population growth the existing open space network will need to cater to increased numbers of people using it. While additional open space is also proposed, the intensity and levels of use in the existing and new open space is anticipated to continue to increase. At the same time, the important role open space plays in the health and wellbeing of the community, particularly in high density precincts is also now better understood. One of the key factors in open space continuing to make an important contribution to liveability is the inclusion of natural features including large mature canopy trees, garden beds and grassed areas. The natural features require more ongoing maintenance as they are not as robust as built features and paving. This has implications for the design, management and maintenance of open space.

The community feedback during the exhibition of the Draft Strategy reinforced the importance of public open space for both the mental and physical health and wellbeing of the community. There is also strong support for maximising urban greening in open space including trees, garden beds and grassed areas and supporting this with sustainable stormwater harvesting and reuse.

#### 4.5.2 Diversity of facilities balanced with the natural character

Providing additional facilities in open space to cater to more people using it will be required. The facilities will encourage the community outdoors to exercise and socialise in open space and include paths, fitness stations, multi-use courts, playspaces, seats, picnic shelters and barbecues. Balanced with the facilities, is also the need to retain a sense of space and naturalness so that people can relax and unwind and have a break from built form. The need to achieve this balance is the reason why additional open space is required. This is based on the need to increase the total amount of open space that is available to accommodate the thousands of additional residents and workers benefiting from it and using it. This is why in some precincts additional new open space is recommended, even though it may not actually be a gap area. Refer to Section 3.5.1 for a description of the gap areas.

# 4.5.3 Increased costs associated with managing natural features in open space in the context of climate change and forecast growth

Managing and maintaining natural features in the context of high levels of use and in this changing climate is challenging. For example open grassed areas are increasingly being used for informal and casual ball sports as per the changing trends in the way people participate in exercise. This increases the wear and tear on them and creates the need to irrigate them during summer so they can cope with the additional levels of use. In the current context of the climate emergency and changing rainfall, water is an increasingly valuable resource. Therefore, the preference is for future irrigation to be sourced from

sustainable water harvesting and reuse. The infrastructure and investigation to do this increases the capital cost of providing open space that can more sustainably accommodate higher levels of use throughout the year.

As part of the future planning for open space, the capital works budgets will allow for the inclusion of the additional infrastructure for sustainable water harvesting and reuse.

Section 6 of this Strategy provides guidance regarding the design and management of existing and new open space. Section 7 of this Strategy includes the recommendations to upgrade existing open space and the provision of new open space to meet the open space needs of the existing and forecast population.

# 5. Open space framework recommendations

## 5.1 Role and purpose of different types of open space

#### 5.1.1 Open space hierarchy

The open space hierarchy is shown in Section 3.2, Table 3-1. This hierarchy is based on both the existing or intended catchment of users and the relative size of the open space to adequately cater to its intended use. The purpose of the hierarchy is to provide the following:

- Guide the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space in the City of Yarra. The
  Hierarchy has been applied to all open space in the municipality to allow this
  assessment to occur as part of the analysis for this Strategy, and is illustrated in
  Figure 3E and Drawing YOSS-03a.
- Directs appropriate facility development and maintenance levels in different types of open space. For example if a new tennis club and courts are being considered, by preference they will be located in City-wide open space as the level of other facilities will usually support this type of facility including adequate car parking, lighting and the surrounding residential neighbourhood is already used to the higher levels of activity associated with structured recreation facilities. The hierarchy provides a transparent and clear process for the community and Council regarding appropriate levels of development in the different types of open space.
- Provides guidance for appropriate levels of funding to open space, including external
  funding. For example, Regional open space is defined as being for a broader
  catchment than the City of Yarra, both in relation to biodiversity values and catchment
  of users. It is therefore reasonable that upgrades and improvements to areas of
  Regional open space are funded at least in part from regional funding sources.

#### 5.1.2 Facility provision

The following Table 5-1 provides a guide for the typical facilities and features that are appropriate for the different types of open space as set out in the open space hierarchy, Table 3-1. It is to guide design decisions by Council and developers when undertaking future upgrades for existing open space and the establishment of new open space.

The facilities and features are listed in alphabetical order. The table is to be used as a guide only for what is appropriate for different types of open space. The actual facilities and features in existing and new open space will vary depending on its location, design, character, recreation needs, community input, environmental values and urban context. Not every facility listed as appropriate will necessarily be provided in each open space of that type.

### Table 5-1 Guide for appropriate facility and feature provision of existing and new open space by hierarchy

✓ = Appropriate facility/feature for the hierarchy of open space

Facility and feature	Regional	City-wide	N'Hood	Small N'Hood	Local	Small Local
Barbecue	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Car parking	✓	✓				
Drinking fountains	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Exercise/fitness facility (eg. small scale fitness equipment, half court, outdoor table tennis facility etc)	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Festivals and events - major	✓	✓				
Festivals and events - minor	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Garden bed - feature/decorative	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Garden bed - to mitigate urban heat	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Large open grassed areas for unstructured recreational use	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Lighting (key linking paths, picnic shelters and sports facilities only)	✓	✓	✓	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b>	✓
Path - shared	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Path - pedestrian	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Playground - major	✓	✓				
Playground - large	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Playground - medium		✓	✓	✓	✓	
Playground - minor				✓	✓	✓
Public Toilets	✓	✓	✓			
Rubbish bins	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Seating	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Facility and feature	Regional	City-wide	N'Hood	Small N'Hood	Local	Small Local
Shelter - picnic/shade/rain	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Skate/BMX facilities	✓	✓				
Structured indoor sport and recreation facilities	✓	✓				
Structured outdoor sport and recreation facilities	<b>√</b>	✓	✓			
Trees - large canopy shade	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Unstructured sport and recreation facility (eg. multi-use courts, cricket nets etc)	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
Water feature	✓	✓				
WSUD feature and infrastructure, including sustainable water supply	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	<b>√</b>

#### 5.1.3 Character classification

Different types of open space are influenced by the inherent natural and physical character of the open space, the facilities in it, the urban context in which it is located and the design and layout of the open space. Open space character in the City of Yarra ranges from structured sporting reserves to heritage parks and gardens, urban squares, nature conservation reserves along the waterway corridors and informal spaces. These different characters appeal to different parts of the community and a diversity in character generally assists in meeting diverse needs by maximising the accessibility of open space to the community and places for habitat protection or improvement.

The character classification system for open space is shown in Table 3-2. Character classification assists with the following:

- Assessing the diversity of open space character types across the City and within each precinct. This will identify if there are gaps in the open space character types or an oversupply of the same type. The Strategy identifies if there is a need to increase the diversity in the precinct recommendations.
- Assisting with the future design and management direction for each open space. For
  example, if the open space has 'Heritage' as its primary classification, future decisions
  regarding the planting style will be guided by whether that is consistent with the
  heritage character and style

The character classification has been used to assess the provision and distribution of different types of open space across the City of Yarra. Each open space is assigned a 'primary' classification and many also have 'secondary' classifications as well to assist defining the diverse character of open space.

## 5.2 Criteria to assess suitability of land as open space

All sites being considered as new open space will first be assessed against a list of criteria as shown in Table 5-2 to confirm if it is suitable. This will assist Council in assessing and prioritising sites that may be suitable for open space, particularly where Council is considering conversion of public land to open space or acquisition of sites for open space. It is also intended to guide Council's assessment of future land contributions that are proposed on large development sites or other public land that may be suitable as future open space.

It will be at the responsible authority's discretion as to whether an area of land offered by a developer as open space is accepted and adequately meets the criteria in the Strategy. The City of Yarra will apply these criteria to any future land that they convert or acquire for open space. The assessment criteria in this table can also be used to assess existing open spaces where review of their status and condition is required.

#### Table 5-2 Criteria to assess suitability of land as open space

Note, the criteria in this table is listed in alphabetical and not priority order.

Criteria	Description
Accessibility	Physical access into the site including the inherent topography, location on natural ground (not an elevated part of a building) and ability to make the site safe and accessible for people of all abilities (Note - refer also to Transport, Visibility, Condition and Location in this list of Criteria for other access related issues).
Adjoining land use	The influence of adjoining land use on the recreational, ecological, social and cultural value of the open space. This includes consideration of existing and future planned land use, community facilities, urban context, personal safety (passive surveillance), built form and height.
Amenity	<ul> <li>Visual and passive amenity values relates to the influence open space has on the liveability of the neighbourhood by providing:</li> <li>Visual relief from built form</li> <li>A break from noise levels associated with traffic and other urban land use activities</li> <li>At least some long distance views and vistas from within the open space so it is not entirely built out or overwhelmed by built form</li> <li>Adequate levels of winter sunlight to meet the health and wellbeing needs of the community. Refer to Sunlight access for details.</li> </ul>

Criteria	Description
Climate change mitigation	<ul> <li>Ability for the site to have long-lived broad spreading canopy trees planted, and space for the trees to fully establish without encroachment into their canopy.</li> <li>Ability for the site to incorporate sustainable water supply and reuse and maximise moisture retention to allow passive cooling of the local microclimate including areas for long-wave radiant cooling at night.</li> <li>Located within existing or future medium to high density precincts where it will be effective in mitigating urban heat island effect.</li> <li>Ability for the site to remain as useable and functional open space in the context of major storm events and sea level rise.</li> </ul>
Condition	The existing physical condition of the land is suitable for use as public open space including that there are no inherent issues such as contamination and significant financial or safety implications for Council if the land becomes public open space. This includes the land being open to the sky.
Ecological	Includes the site's existing biodiversity values and the potential to contribute to the protection and enhancement of these values along with a site's contribution to existing or future ecological diversity.
Equity	The local community including residents and workers should have reasonable access to public open space. This includes physical access, visual access and economic equity of access.
Financial	The costs to the Council in obtaining and improving the land as open space, along with the costs associated with the ongoing maintenance and management of it.
Heritage values	Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage values and/or historical values to be enhanced, protected and interpreted in the open space. These values will influence the future use and design and management of the open space.
Hierarchy	That the site is capable of meeting the intended hierarchy as described in Table 3-1 of this Strategy.
Landscape character	Its positive contribution to the urban context, character and attractiveness of the precinct.
Location/linkages	The site's contribution to the connectivity and accessibility of the open space network. This includes consideration of the other strategic planning projects including linear open space corridors, and local links to improve accessibility within the local street network and links and connections to improve accessibility into existing or proposed future open space.
Ongoing maintenance and management	The ability for the City of Yarra to rezone the land for open space purposes, and to effectively maintain and manage the land as public open space.

Criteria	Description		
Ownership	<ul> <li>Where the land is already in public ownership, potential for conversion to open space should be considered, where it can successfully be rezoned for this purpose. This may include existing Council assets or land owned by other authorities.</li> <li>Where the land is privately owned, land can be acquired through open space contributions, generally at the time a site is redeveloped. Private land acquisition may be needed in some locations to create a functional open space of the size and configuration required for its intended role.</li> </ul>		
Recreation	The potential for the site to accommodate a range of structured sport, unstructured recreation and informal uses consistent with the intended hierarchy. This needs to include adequate space to meet best practice standards for the proposed uses to be undertaken safely in relation to risk management. These can include field sports, play, walking, jogging, cycling, exercising, informal ball games, socialising, picnicking, sitting and dog walking.		
Safety	Urban context and layout is to maximise passive surveillance and access to open space in order to minimises risk to users of the open space.		
Services/easements/ encumbrances	Extent of other services and easements that affects the development and use of the land as open space. This includes roadways, overhead structures, underground structures (e.g. underground car parking), water supply, power supply, flood mitigation and drainage.		
Size	<ul> <li>The minimum size for the site to meet its intended purpose, on its own or in combination with adjoining land. Refer to minimum size parcels for each type of open space as follows:</li> <li>Regional, unlimited.</li> <li>Municipal open space, generally a minimum of 3 ha is preferred, subject to the proposed municipal recreation facility located in it.</li> <li>Neighbourhood open space, minimum of 1 ha.</li> <li>Small Neighbourhood, minimum 0.5 ha (up to 0.99 ha).</li> <li>Local open space, minimum 0.1 ha (up to 0.5 ha).</li> <li>Small Local open space, minimum 0.03 ha (up to 0.1 ha), with a minimum width of 20 m in at least one direction.</li> </ul>		
State and local government policies	The land is not subject to other planning processes and policies that may be consistent or inconsistent with all or part of the site becoming public open space.		
Sunlight access	<ul> <li>The site must have excellent sunlight access in winter for community health and wellbeing.</li> <li>The site will have no additional overshadowing beyond the 9 metre built form height between 10am and 3pm on 21 June.</li> </ul>		

Criteria	Description
Transport	There are a range of transport options for residents and workers to easily access the site. This includes proximity to public transport, linear shared trails, major roads and the street network, relevant to the size and anticipated catchment for the proposed open space.
Visibility	The site's visual prominence is to maximise its use, safety and contribution to the broader community. Land is preferred which has at least two access points, local access streets to at least two sides and is provided on natural ground (not elevated or roofed structures ).

#### 5.3 Provision of new open space

#### 5.3.1 Overview

This Strategy has identified where additional open space is required to 2031 for both the existing and forecast community. Some of the additional open space is to be provided primarily for the forecast population, and others are proposed to meet both the needs of the existing and forecast population. The method to secure additional land area as open space can be a combination of different mechanisms including contribution of land area by larger redevelopment sites, the purchase of undeveloped land, the purchase of developed sites and conversion of public land to open space.



Figure 5A Schematic plan illustrating the type and location of proposed new open space

#### 5.3.2 Step 1 – open space sub-precinct assessments

The Strategy has identified the need for 26 new open spaces to be provided within the Strategy timeframe to 2031 and an additional 3 open spaces that will be required in the longer term. The precinct recommendations diagrams for each of the 10 precincts defines 31 sub-precincts and type of new open space required in each in Section 7 of the Strategy. Figure 5A indicatively illustrates the approximate locations at a city-wide level.

As part of implementing the Strategy, Council will identify a range of suitable sites for future open space in each of the sub-precincts based on applying the criteria in Table 5-2 and the design guidelines included in the Strategy. Council will assess a range of sites including Council owned land, public land owned by other agencies, future development sites and individual privately owned sites that could potentially be suitable as future open space.

For future development sites, Council is to assess and identify what part of the site would be most appropriate as open space, assessing the land parcels against the criteria included in Table 5-2 of the Strategy.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.3-1	Council to undertake a sub-precinct open space analysis for all the 16 sub-precincts that have the 26 proposed new open spaces in them in priority order identified in Section 7 of the Strategy. This will identify potential opportunities to secure additional land that meets the criteria outlined in Table 5-2 and allow Council to negotiate appropriately with landholders and other agencies where required to acquire/secure the new open spaces.	YCC	Very High

#### 5.3.3 Step 2 – Methods to acquire/secure additional open space

It is anticipated that the additional open space in the City of Yarra will be acquired via a range of methods including:

- As a land contribution as part of future subdivision of land for large development sites.
   It is acknowledged that the number of these sites are limited, however it is important that this is considered, particularly coupled with the opportunity to purchase or convert land directly adjoining it to create viable and useable open space.
- Conversion of land owned by the City of Yarra from its existing use to open space (for example a road, car park or community facility).
- Conversion of land owned by another government agency to open space.
- Purchase of undeveloped land, particularly where this may be negotiated with a land developer to add to an area of land being contributed on the same development site, or on an adjoining site so that a contiguous open space is created.
- Purchase of developed sites where no other opportunities are available.

There are likely to be situations where an additional open space may require a combination of the above methods to achieve a suitable land area for use as open space, as described in the open space hierarchy Table 3-1 and Criteria Table 5-2.

#### 5.3.4 Step 3 – Design and delivery of new open space

The design of the new open space is to address any specific issues noted in the Strategy Precinct Recommendations and refer to the Design Guidelines in Section 6 of the Strategy.

New open space may be designed and delivered directly by the City of Yarra as a capital works project. Alternatively, the developer may be responsible for design and delivery in accordance with the recommendations in the Strategy, relevant design and management guidelines and approved plans through the subdivision permit approval process.

#### 5.3.5 Repurposing existing restricted open space

While the scope of the Strategy does not assess the forecast future trends and needs for organised structured sport and recreation, it does consider the open space land area required to accommodate these facilities. In response to the potential future need for additional structured sport and recreation facilities to meet the needs of the forecast population, the Strategy has identified the opportunity for Council to review the future use of the restricted open space reserves in the city, with the key focus being the change of sporting use of Burnley Golf Course. Continuing to maintain this large area of public open space for a single purpose sporting use on a fee paying basis does not align well with the objectives and principles of the Strategy.

The benefits of changing Burnley Golf Course from a restricted sporting use to a reserve that provides a range of structured sporting uses includes:

- It is located in the southern part of the city in proximity to where the forecast population growth is greatest.
- The site is easily accessed by a range of sustainable transport options and the major road network.
- It is located outside of a residential precinct, meaning that the potential increased level
  of activity and noise associated with structured sporing use including evening training
  and match play would not impact on a residential community.
- Located next to Kevin Bartlett Reserve which is an established and well used sporting reserve.
- There is potential to relocate existing structured sport and recreation facilities out of
  precincts which are forecast to receive substantial growth, including Bridge Road and
  Swan Street Major Activity Centres, and allow the conversion of existing restricted
  open space to unstructured open space.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.3-2	Council to undertake a review of the structured sport and recreation needs of the forecast population to 2031 and consider the repurposing of Burnley Golf Course to provide additional structured sport and recreation facilities primarily for the forecast new population.	YCC	Very High

# 5.3.6 Changes to the forecast population growth over the Strategy timeframe

The Strategy recommendations and priorities for new open space and upgrades to existing open space are based on the existing growth framework for the City of Yarra shown in the Yarra Housing Strategy 2018 and the Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy 2018.

If there is a substantive increase in the intensity of new development over the 15 year implementation timeframe of the Strategy, then projects in proximity to those locations can be implemented as a higher priority taking into consideration the timing of the open space contributions that are collected. Alternatively, if change occurs at a slower pace or at a lower intensity than anticipated, then project priorities and implementation timetables may need to be revised.

If additional change and development occurs in a location where it was not anticipated at the time this Strategy was prepared, or at an increased density, then additional open space may be required beyond that outlined and included in this Strategy. This has already been noted in Section 4.2.6. If this occurs, an analysis of the impacts of the forecast population change and development in that location will need to be assessed and confirmation of whether additional open space or upgrades to open space is required as a result of the change.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.3-3	Additional change and development that was not forecast in the Strategy timeframe  Where additional development is either proposed outside of the areas that are forecast to change and develop in this Strategy or at an increased density, an open space needs analysis will be required. This will determine whether additional open space or upgrades to existing open space is required as a result of the proposed new development. This analysis is to be undertaken consistent with the method used in the open space needs assessments for each precinct in Section 7 of the Strategy.	YCC Developer	Ongoing

# 5.3.7 Potential disposal of open space in established areas

# New open space replacing the need for some areas of existing open space

Although not identified as being required in any locations in the City of Yarra, some individual open spaces may change their purpose and role in the network based on future major infrastructure projects. If in the future the City of Yarra identifies any existing open space for potential disposal, the following process would be followed as a minimum:

- a) Assess the subject open space within a precinct context. This analysis will need to assess all other existing and proposed open space within the walking catchment of the subject site to clearly understand each open space size and level of existing and proposed use (which may include an environmental role as well as community use) to determine the subject site's existing or future role in the local open space network.
- b) Assess the site in relation to the Criteria listed in Table 5-2
- c) Consult with the community who would potentially be affected by any disposal of the subject open space in accordance with the walking and travel catchments nominated in Table 3-1
- d) If after steps (a), (b) and (c) the open space is still considered excess to requirements and the City of Yarra intends to dispose of open space, land is to be 'sold only if the Council has provided for replacement public open space'. Refer to Section 20 of the Subdivision Act 1988 for details.

# 5.4 Overall recommendations

# 5.4.1 Guidelines for development adjoining open space

The amenity and function of open space is influenced by the land use, design, layout, built form and landscaping treatments on adjoining sites. Guidelines included in this section describe the preferred interface treatments for existing open space and siting of new open space. These criteria are relevant for development proposals on sites adjoining open space and they should also be applied as relevant to any site that has potential to influence the function of the open space.

Development adjoining and nearby open space should positively contribute to open space by providing a degree of passive surveillance without interfering with the enjoyment, function and use of the open space. Adjoining development should not create adverse conditions in open space such as undue shadowing, increased wind effects, intrusion of unwanted light and noise, use of car parking or traffic access for private uses, interference with vegetation and dispersal of weeds, loss of natural light and loss of open viewsheds to and from within the open space and of the open sky.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.4-1	Adjoining development and development that may	YCC	Ongoing
	influence nearby open space		
	Require relevant applicants for development to		
	demonstrate compliance with the Guidelines for		
	development adjoining or nearby open public space in		
	Section 5.4.1.1		

# 5.4.1.1 Guidelines for development adjoining or nearby public open space

The following guidelines are prepared to assist Council when reviewing applications for development that directly adjoins open space.

### (a) Accessibility to open space

 Design and layout of the site development should foster good public access to open space, and particularly improve passive surveillance of the open space from adjoining development. Direct private access gates and paths from private development into open space should be avoided unless they clearly demonstrate they improve the broader public cycle and pedestrian circulation network. Refer also to (f).

### (b) Amenity and function of the open space

- Design and layout of the site is to provide passive surveillance of open space.
   Buildings are to face open space and avoid blank walls (especially on lower floors) and high fences at the interface with open space. Passive surveillance should be effective but not intrusive for park users or occupants of adjoining buildings.
- Design of the built form and site use should maintain and improve the amenity, function and use of the open space. Factors that could degrade open space amenity, function and use include excessive built form, overshadowing, creating a sense of enclosure, noise, light spill, traffic movements, car parking demand or wind effects. In addition, the proximity of built form and building design should not allow undue transfer of noise from the open space into the development, thereby limiting the recreational function and uses that can reasonably occur in open space. Applicants may be required to supply studies demonstrating whether there will be positive or adverse effects on open space.
- The open space must receive excellent sunlight access including during the winter to maximise community health and wellbeing. Refer to Section 5.4.2 regarding sunlight access.

### (c) Characteristics and values of open space

- Design is to be compatible with and enhance where possible the recreational, ecological, social and cultural values of the open space. This is to include consideration of light and noise impacts from adjoining development on habitat corridor values.
- Built form and landscape treatments should maintain the ecological processes and biodiversity values of the open space and allow for opportunities to enhance these values.
- Built form is to demonstrate it will be sufficiently set back so as not to cause the need for lopping or removal of vegetation in public open space.
- Design of built form and landscape treatments should be compatible with heritage values of the open space.
- Landscape treatments should be compatible with the landscape character of the open space and its contribution to the preferred landscape character and amenity of the precinct.
- Where sites adjoin waterway corridors or sites of identified biodiversity values, plant selection on development is to complement and improve these values including avoiding the use of any species that will lead to ongoing management issues on public land.

# (d) Climate change mitigation in open space in medium to high density precincts and activity centres

- Built form and landscape treatments should be planned to allow for the growth and maturity of vegetation in open space, especially long-lived broad spreading canopy trees.
- Consider the proximity of built form to the open space to encourage sufficient long-wave radiant cooling to occur from the open space overnight.
- The development should allow for the use of sustainable water supply and reuse in the open space.

### (e) State or Local government policies about open space

 The development must meet State and local planning policies pertaining to amenity and open space.

### (f) Delineation of open space and private land

 Design and layout of adjoining sites, including location of buildings, structures and furniture, are to provide clear physical and visual separation between public open space and private land to preclude appropriation of, and encroachment on public space. This includes balconies from adjoining buildings not overhanging / encroaching into the open space reserve.

### (g) Ongoing maintenance and management of open space

 Development will not increase the ongoing cost and responsibility for the management or maintenance of open space, including offsite costs such as on adjacent roads

#### (h) Open space contribution from development

A development site adjoining existing or proposed open space is to be assessed
for its suitability for an open space land contribution to create or add to the area of
open space, or to create formal public linkages. This will be at the discretion of
the Council.

#### (i) Services/easements to be provided to an adjoining site

 Access and easements for water and power supply, other utilities and drainage should be provided on the development site so that they do not encumber the use or management of the existing or proposed open space.

### (j) Setback from site boundary

 Larger sites should allow for a setback from the boundary, relative to the height of the built form and/or topography so they do not adversely affect the amenity, function and use of the open space.

### (k) Transport and car parking arrangements for the development

• Traffic access, traffic patterns and car parking demand should not decrease the accessibility, use and amenity of the open space.

#### (I) Visibility of and views from open space

Public view lines are to be maintained and enhanced to and from the open space.

# 5.4.2 Sunlight access to open space

Sunlight access to public open space in winter is important for community health and wellbeing. It is also a key factor in the health and longevity of the soft landscape works including trees, grassing and garden beds. Over the past 10 years more research has emerged linking the importance of sunlight access in public open space to community health and wellbeing. This has combined with increasing population growth across the City of Yarra meaning that more people are living in higher density housing with less access to private open space and greening. A key aspect of health and wellbeing is access to sunlight particularly during Winter when research has shown that people can suffer from Vitamin D deficiency. During Winter people need to spend longer in sunlight to absorb adequate levels of Vitamin D. This means that the open space needs to be warm enough to encourage people to stay outdoors during Winter and absorb adequate levels of Vitamin D. Open space that has good sunlight access during Winter and in Autumn and Spring makes it more attractive to visit.

More recent research finds that sunlight elevates our moods and mental alertness. In recent times more people spend the majority of their working hours indoors and away from bright light including sunlight and this is now thought to be contributing to the rise in depression. So the benefits of people visiting open space in the daylight, including sunlight and exercising, contributes to both their mental and physical health and wellbeing.

It is also important to design open space to have shade during the summer months when open space needs to provide a cool space so that people can comfortably exercise and relax in it. Deciduous trees in open space allow Winter sunlight access and provide the much needed shade during the Summer.

Sunlight is also essential to plant health and growth, and while they adapt to lower levels of light during Winter, the loss of any direct sunlight is likely to make the open space more vulnerable to damage - for example grassed areas may not be as easily sustained and will be slower to start growing again as the days get longer without direct sunlight.

Public open space is free and accessible to everyone and therefore makes it an equitable space in which to guarantee acceptable levels of sunlight access, particularly in higher density urban environments.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.4-2	Sunlight access to existing and future open space	YCC	Very High
	Council to protect existing and new open space from		and
	additional overshadowing between 10am and 3pm on 21		Ongoing
	June beyond that generated by the standard 9 metre built		
	form height. Council is to implement effective controls for		
	sunlight protection through the planning scheme.		

# 5.4.3 Linear open space

# 5.4.3.1 Yarra River

Recognise and continue to strengthen the environmental, cultural and recreational values of the open space corridor adjoining the Yarra River.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.4-3	Gap in the open space corridor between Gipps Street Steps and Walmer Street Bridge Council to continue to advocate to the Victorian Government regarding acquisition of land in the existing PAO2, design and construction of the Main Yarra Trail between Gipps Street Steps and Walmer Street Bridge in Abbotsford.	YCC Vic Govt (PV) (MW)	Ongoing
5.4-4	All-ability access to the Main Yarra Trail at the Gipps Street entry point Council to continue to advocate to Parks Victoria to provide all-ability access to the Main Yarra Trail from the Gipps Street entry point to improve access for everyone to the trail.	YCC PV	Very High
5.4-5	Biodiversity values  Continue to support the ongoing revegetation of the Yarra River corridor in consultation with Parks Victoria and Melbourne Water to improve the biodiversity values and qualities of the linear open space corridor along the Yarra River. The future revegetation works and vegetation management to allow adequate sightlines on trails and at entry points to meet the relevant standards for off-road shared trails.	YCC PV MW	Ongoing
5.4-6	Education  Support ongoing consultation with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community about creative ways to acknowledge the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung as the Traditional Owners, which may take the form of public art, interpretive signage or landscape treatment focussing on the river consistent with the Yarra Strategic Plan.	YCC	Ongoing

# 5.4.3.2 Merri Creek

Recognise and continue to strengthen the environmental, cultural and recreational values of the open space corridor adjoining the Merri Creek.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.4-7	Upgrade the Merri Creek Trail upstream of St Georges Road	YCC PV	Medium
	Council to liaise with Parks Victoria and Melbourne Water regarding improvements to the Merri Creek Trail consistent with current off-road shared trail standards.	(MW)	
5.4-8	Biodiversity values  Continue to support the ongoing revegetation of the Merri Creek corridor in consultation with Melbourne Water to improve the biodiversity values and qualities of the linear open space corridor along Merri Creek. The future revegetation works and vegetation management to allow adequate sightlines on trails and at entry points to meet the relevant standards for off-road shared trails.	YCC PV MW MCMC	Ongoing

# 5.4.3.3 Darebin Creek

Recognise and continue to strengthen the environmental, cultural and recreational values of the open space corridor adjoining the Merri Creek.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.4-9	Link into the Darebin Creek Shared Trail from Alphington Council to continue to advocate to the Victorian Government to provide an access point onto the Lower Darebin Creek Shared Trail from Alphington.	YCC Vic Govt (PV) (MW)	High
5.4-10	Biodiversity values  Continue to support the ongoing revegetation of the Darebin Creek corridor in consultation with Melbourne Water to improve the biodiversity values and qualities of the linear open space corridor along Darebin Creek. The future revegetation works and vegetation management to allow adequate sightlines on trails and at entry points to meet the relevant standards for off-road shared trails	Vic Govt MW DCMC	Ongoing

# 5.4.3.4 Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands

The Inner Circle Linear Parklands is a well-used linear open space reserve that forms an important east west link between Merri Creek in Fitzroy North and Princes Park in Princes Hill. At a broader regional context level, this reserve also contributes to an overall habitat link between Royal Park and the Merri Creek corridor. In addition to the linear connectivity, the individual reserves that form the parklands are important neighbourhood and local open spaces with facilities appropriate to community use including play, seating, picnic facilities, open grassed areas and future community gardens.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
5.4-11	Updated Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands Masterplan	YCC	High
	Prepare an updated Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands Masterplan that includes guidelines for the appropriate levels of use and facilities in each of the open spaces along with vegetation management. Given the importance of the site as an east-west open space corridor, the vegetation management will need to address and improve the biodiversity and habitat values while retaining and strengthening the historical values, the shared trail design requirements and community values.		

# 6. Open space design and management guidelines

# 6.1 Overview

These guidelines aim to support the core guiding principles and directions for open space as set out in this Strategy. They are informed by existing Council policies and best practice standards. Many of the topics dealt with in the guidelines apply more broadly across Council, for example, the guidelines contained in this Strategy provide guidance for festivals and events in relation to open space design and management only. In some instances the existing Council policies may have a different emphasis from the guidelines given these are focussed on open space. Council policies are frequently updated, and some policy updates may be informed by these guidelines.

The guidelines are to be referred to in relation to the future design and management for all open space in the City of Yarra. This includes:

- Open space that is owned and managed by other agencies located in the municipality.
- Open space that is owned and managed by the City of Yarra.
- Works that other agencies may undertake in open space owned by the City of Yarra.
- Future open space that is to be transferred to the City of Yarra.

For proposed new open space, Council will first assess the suitability of proposed land areas against the criteria included in Table 5-2. Once the suitability of the site as open space has been determined, designs for the new open space will be consistent with the guidelines outlined here. Council officers will refer to the guidelines when preparing design plans and undertaking proposed upgrades to existing open space. They will also assess proposed designs for new open space by other agencies and developers with reference to these guidelines where appropriate.

The Section include the following:

- 6.1 Overview
- 6.2 Climate change/urban greening
- 6.3 Biodiversity values and natural character in open space
- 6.4 Sustainable design and management
- 6.5 Accessibility to open space

- 6.6 Unstructured recreation and informal use and infrastructure
- 6.7 Structured sport and recreation use and infrastructure
- 6.8 Cultural heritage values and public art
- 6.9 Festivals and events
- 6.10 Design and management plans for open space
- 6.11 Open space maintenance
- 6.12 Other agency open space ownership and management

# 6.2 The climate emergency and urban greening

As described in Section 4.4 of this Strategy, open space is influenced by the changing climate and also has an important role to play in mitigating and adapting to its effects. This includes supporting a significant tree canopy cover which provides multiple benefits to the character and liveability of Yarra. The *City of Yarra Urban Forest Strategy 2017* provides a clear charter for the future custodianship of Yarra's street and park tree population. The Urban Forest Strategy highlights the multiple benefits of trees including the health and wellbeing benefits, environmental benefits and the economic benefits.

Additional to the importance of canopy trees is the positive effects that open space can have on urban cooling in this time of climate change, particularly during periods of extended extreme heat. For open space to assist with mitigating urban heat, ideally it is well distributed across the urban areas, retains moisture through the inclusion of moisture absorbing surfaces such as grass and garden beds and includes large broad spreading canopy trees that will transpire overnight and effectively cool the higher density urban areas. This is one of the key reasons that the Strategy recommends additional small, distributed areas of open space across the higher density precincts, particularly in the areas where growth is forecast. The other key reason is that they will provide open space that is within easy and safe walking distance of residents and workers.

In order for these open spaces to be effective in mitigating urban heat they need to have retained moisture, preferably in garden beds and grassed areas, large mature canopy trees combined with some open areas within them so there is room for air circulation and effective evapotranspiration.

# 6.2.1 Protecting mature canopy trees

#### Guidelines for protecting mature canopy trees in future open space designs

- a) In future masterplans, concept plans or proposed upgrades to open space, maximise the retention of existing mature large long-lived trees.
- b) As part of future design plans for open space incorporate measures to improve the health and appreciation of the existing large mature trees. This includes demonstrating that the proposed works do not negatively impact on the trees and allow sufficient space for them to grow and mature.
- c) Consideration to be given to the soil profile, available root space, water retention measures and treatment under the tree canopy including alternatives to lawn where appropriate which may include mulch and/or planting.
- d) In the assessment of new land area for open space include land that incorporates existing large mature canopy trees as one of the key selection criteria.

# 6.2.2 Open space design in medium to high density precincts

Guidelines for incorporating natural elements into the design of open space in medium to high density precincts :

- a) Maximise the use of moisture retaining surfaces/features/green infrastructure including shade trees, garden beds, grassing and permeable paving to effectively passively cool the open space via evapotranspiration. This is to offset the build-up of urban heat in higher density precincts.
- b) Demonstrate that adequate space is provided outside existing and proposed large canopy trees for ongoing tree health. This includes demonstrating that paths and other facilities which require natural shade can be located in the open space without damaging the health of the tree in the longer term or public safety.
- c) Incorporate sustainable water use principles as an integral part of the open space siting, size and design, to effectively retain moisture and have a positive role in passive cooling as per guidelines in 6.4.1.
- d) Designs are to demonstrate the open space will be easily accessible and comfortable for everyone to use.
- e) Include drinking fountains and a variety of seating opportunities that are in both the shade and the sun to encourage people into open space.
- f) In play area designs, include natural elements and materials into the design, for example trees for shade, natural mulch and planting to provide children with easy access to natural materials.
- g) Consider sustainable design principles including the use of recycled materials and products that store carbon refer to Section 6.4.2 for further detail.

# 6.2.3 Vegetation selection

Currently open space reserves have a range of different vegetation types, some of which are dominated by mature exotic trees and others with indigenous and native vegetation. The most extensive areas of indigenous vegetation including remnant vegetation occurs along the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek. The large mature native, indigenous and exotic trees contribute significantly to the character and liveability of Yarra. As the city redevelops and intensifies over the next 15 years, the large mature canopy trees will become even more important, particularly in the higher density precincts associated with the activity centres.

Future open space designs need to prioritise the retention of mature canopy trees and planting additional large long-lived canopy trees to increase species diversity and the age range of the canopy trees in Yarra. This is consistent with the *City of Yarra Urban Forest Strategy 2017* which aims to increase the canopy cover in the Yarra.

Selection of trees and vegetation for open space needs to consider a range of factors including:

- Improvement to the microclimate of the open space in all seasons including winter
- Contributes to habitat and biodiversity values
- · Increases species diversity and sustainability of the urban forest

- Contribution to the scale and landscape character
- The surrounding urban context
- · Cultural heritage values
- Provide the community the opportunity to connect with nature.

#### In selecting plants for use in public open space consider the following:

- a) For open space in higher density precincts, planting selection to support passive cooling characteristics. This includes the use of large broad spreading canopy shade trees, turfing where feasible and garden beds that maximise retention of moisture in the landscape in conjunction with hardscape surfaces. The species selection, location and planting method needs to consider the proximity to existing infrastructure assets and likely protection and preparation measures that may be required to maximise the opportunities for planting.
- b) In reserves with identified nature conservation values and along the waterway corridors, any future planting is to be locally indigenous and of local provenance to strengthen the identified Ecological Vegetation Class (EVC). This includes mid-storey and ground layer vegetation with consideration of suitable sight lines at entry points and along shared trails for safety.
- c) Protect and appropriately manage both existing established mature trees and younger trees that provide shade and character to open space. This may include dead and dying trees to protect habitat values along with arboricultural works to increase their habitat value for example cabling and other stability works. Non-indigenous vegetation may also be appropriate to retain in the absence of other mature vegetation.
- d) Increase the presence of canopy shade trees in open space, which retain open sightlines into open space while providing shade. Trees are preferably to be long-lived species, complement the established or desired open space character, and consider winter shade and summer sunlight access. This is to achieve an overall increase in tree canopy in the municipality while improving the urban greening, shade and character of the open space which will make it more attractive to use.
- e) Plants at the entries to open space are to be selected to retain clear sightlines from the entry paths and other public areas such as adjoining roads at maturity. This is applicable in all open space that does not have Nature conservation as its primary character classification.
- f) In open space with identified environmental or native landscape character, future planting is to complement these values, and also meet the principles of open sightlines.
- g) In open space with recognised Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage values and historical values, plants are to be consistent with and complement the cultural heritage and historical character and values.
- h) Garden beds and detailed horticultural plantings are to demonstrate they support the desired function, character and use of the open space. Species selection and garden bed area/size are to demonstrate ease of maintenance consistent with Council's ongoing operational budgets.
- i) Continue to support warm-season grasses to reduce irrigation needs in open space except near areas with indigenous vegetation.

# 6.3 Biodiversity values

Refer to Section 3.1 for an overview of the biodiversity values in the existing open space in the municipality. In summary the City of Yarra contains significant habitat and biodiversity along the waterway corridors and is aiming to improve the biodiversity values throughout the municipality. This includes the extensive Yarra Bend Park, when combined with its extent of the east side of the Yarra in the City of Boroondara and Studley Park creates significant large areas of remnant indigenous vegetation within 5 kilometres of the Melbourne CBD.

There are also broader strategic habitat corridor links along the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands to Princes Park and the Royal Park. Open space is recognised as a key opportunity for improving biodiversity values including expanding the presence of indigenous vegetation.

# 6.3.1 Open space with nature conservation values

As noted in Section 3.2, all existing open space has been assigned a primary along with secondary character classifications. Nature conservation is one of the character classifications and the following guidelines apply to all open space with this as either a primary or secondary character classification.

# Design guidelines to improve habitat and nature conservation values in open space:

- a) Siting of future recreation facilities or upgrade of existing facilities in open space that directly adjoins the waterways is to allow adequate space for a sustainable width of riparian vegetation and any other consideration of natural process such as erosion and high flow events. Council will seek advice from Melbourne Water to assist with achieving suitable and sustainable setbacks where required.
- b) Protect and improve biodiversity and fauna habitat values including retaining and protecting remnant vegetation by ensuring that future paths and other facilities are located appropriately to avoid the need to remove or regularly modify and trim remnant vegetation.
- c) Where significant and mature remnant trees are present in open space, recreational facilities including paths, seats etc are to be located well outside the mature tree canopy and the tree protection zone.
- d) Where sports lighting and other open space illumination is required, the proposed light is to minimise upward glare so that it has the least impact on native fauna and adjoining residential amenity. Additionally, proposed lighting is to demonstrate energy efficiency and may include smart lighting technology where appropriate. Measures like planting large evergreen trees to minimise light pollution will also be considered.
- e) Future fencing design within open space including vehicle exclusions fences, are to allow for fauna movement where feasible.
- f) Retain, where possible, mature dead trees for habitat purposes considering risk management issues associated with falling limbs.

# Design guidelines to improve habitat and nature conservation values in open space:

- g) Dog off-lead areas in open space adjacent to waterways and wetlands are to be designed and managed so that dogs do not impact on the nature conservation and fauna habitat values of the waterway corridor.
- h) In reserves with identified nature conservation values and along the waterway corridors, any future planting is to be locally indigenous and of local provenance to strengthen the identified Ecological Vegetation Class (EVC). This includes mid-storey and ground layer vegetation with consideration of suitable sight lines at entry points and along shared trails for safety.

# 6.3.2 Biodiversity values in other areas of open space

There is a range of other open spaces in the City of Yarra where biodiversity values have not yet been identified. *The Biodiversity Heath Survey* (Practical Ecology, 2018) identified a variety of habitat niches across the City. Beyond the waterway corridors and native bushland areas several other sites contribute to improving the native flora and fauna in the City of Yarra. The following guidelines describe the process for improving biodiversity values in the context of the open space also retaining other identified values and character classifications identified in the Strategy.

# Design guidelines to change and improve the habitat and nature conservation values in open space:

- a) Maximise retention of the mature canopy trees in the open space.
- b) Integrate additional native and indigenous vegetation including canopy trees into the open space, demonstrating that it is consistent or complements the character and values of the open space.
- c) The design and location of additional planting areas is to retain excellent passive surveillance of the open space.
- d) Existing lighting to be reviewed to reduce its impact on the native fauna values.

# 6.4 Sustainable design and management

# 6.4.1 Sustainable water use in open space

Key issues include:

- The City of Yarra supports a water sensitive city approach to water use and this needs to be reflected in future open space design and upgrades.
- In order to assist with urban greening and cooling there is a need to investigate
  options to increase sustainable water use in open space. The scope and need for
  these projects will deliver multiple benefits and requires a partnership across the
  different disciplines and teams at Council. Refer also to Section 6.2, Climate change
  and urban greening.
- High levels of informal use of open grassed areas in the municipality which is forecast
  to continue to increase over time. There is a need to consider irrigating in high use
  areas so they remain viable and useable in the summer.
- Conversion of sports fields to warm seasons grasses, which has been difficult to manage during the winter sports season.
- The high cost of stormwater re-use projects limits their implementation to all sites, however appropriate external funding will be sourced to assist and maximise implementation where feasible. As an alternative, in situations where stormwater re-use is not viable or where funding is not available in the short term, investigate passive irrigation a short-term method of improving urban greening in open space without always necessarily meeting water quality improvement objectives.
- Council has a *Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) Policy for Council Infrastructure*Assets that may be of assistance in open new open space projects.

#### Guidelines regarding sustainable water use in open space:

- a) Incorporate best practice principles for stormwater reuse in open space using passive irrigation principles. This includes redirecting stormwater and rainwater runoff from buildings and paved surfaces within the open space and the surrounding local catchment to the open space.
- b) For new open space and upgrades to existing open space in medium and high density areas, consider the multiple benefits of mitigating urban heat as part of the evaluation of appropriate stormwater reuse and treatment systems proposed for open space.
- c) Maximise the use of porous paving and permeable surface treatments to reduce concentrations of stormwater runoff and improve the moisture retaining (and passive cooling) qualities of open space.
- d) Where car parking is provided the stormwater runoff is to be reused within the open space.
- e) Water features in open space will need to demonstrate they meet the principles of sustainable water use/re-use and that they contributes to the landscape character, amenity and urban cooling qualities of the open space.

#### Guidelines regarding sustainable water use in open space:

- f) Water tanks/storage devices, where required, are to be preferably located underground. If this is not feasible, the second preference is to co-locate them with other built form and infrastructure in the open space. If they are the only built feature in the reserve, then their siting, size, material selection, colour and design is to complement the character of the open space. Tanks are to minimise impact on major view sheds of the open space from the surrounding area and viewlines into the open space from entries and paths/trails.
- g) Consider synthetic surfaces at selected locations to reduce pressure and irrigation requirements for natural turf sports fields. This will require the development of an agreed assessment method for determining suitable locations for synthetic surfaces. Refer to Guidelines for Synthetic Sports Surfaces in Section 6.7.6 of this Strategy.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.4-1	Irrigation guidelines	YCC	Very High
	Develop guidelines to determine where and what scale of irrigation is appropriate in the different types of open space. This is to specifically address the need for increased urban greening in all types of open space including Small Local open space in high density neighbourhoods and other principles outlined and described in Section 6 of this Strategy.		

# 6.4.2 Sustainable material use in open space infrastructure design

# In selecting materials for use in future open space construction adhere where appropriate to the following guidelines:

- a) Encourage sustainable or ecologically preferable materials, which include materials that are durable, sourced locally, recyclable (including recycled plastics, rubber, glass and concrete), made from post-consumer materials, refurbished or renewable including consideration of whole-of-life costing.
- b) Promote re-use of on-site materials and features where appropriate.
- c) Timber used in open space is required to be from sustainable sources, including plantation, recycled and/or harvested efficiently. Species selection and quality is to demonstrate it is appropriate for external use.
- d) Appropriate dimensioning of material to suit the particular use demonstrating the bulk and quantity of material proposed does not result in unnecessary wastage.
- e) Minimise unnecessary material use in infrastructure design for example, the use of suitable kerb barrier or low post and rail/cable fencing to prevent vehicle access into open space in place of bollards.
- f) Alternative power sources for lighting (refer to lighting Guidelines in 6.6.5).
- g) Siting and design of buildings in open space to consider passive solar orientation and minimise the need for and use of heating and cooling systems.

# In selecting materials for use in future open space construction adhere where appropriate to the following guidelines:

- h) Appropriate siting and design of facilities to minimise additional structures, particularly regarding shade.
- i) Integrate stormwater runoff from sealed surfaces, roofs etc into the open space design where feasible to improve passive cooling and sustainable water use.
- j) Select and specify materials that are durable and demonstrate minimal ongoing management and maintenance requirements.

# 6.4.3 Reduce reliance on vehicle use to access open space

Recommendations in this Strategy encourage walking, cycling and use of public transport to reach open space. Similarly the principles of providing open space within a safe and easy walk of residents and workers is to encourage people outdoors to visit open space. It is acknowledged that people will need to travel further than an easy walk to reach different types of open space particularly to those with more specialised facilities for longer stays.

Yarra has some key existing linear open spaces and path links that provide good connectivity between open space. Additionally, there is a focus on improving the attractiveness of the streets in Yarra for walking and cycling. Adherence to the design guidelines in this Strategy aims to reduce reliance on vehicles and encourage fitness through walking and cycling this includes the provision of additional facilities that extend the time spent in open space including seating, drinking fountains, shelters and shade trees. Refer to the guidelines in Section 6.5.

# 6.4.4 Smart technology

Yarra Council has anew Smart City Office (Yarra CityLab) that is exploring the potential of emerging and future technologies. A range of Internet of Things (IoT) devices and sensors are currently being trialled including smart screens, public waste bin sensors and water quality sensors. While this is a new area, Council has identified that these smart solutions will help to deliver efficiencies of logistics and service delivery, reduce carbon footprint and improved amenity. This Strategy supports the trial and use of technology-smart solutions where it can achieve improved sustainability and design objectives in open space.

# 6.5 Accessibility to open space

The community survey identified that 22 per cent of respondents have difficulty accessing open space. The main reasons being that it is too far to travel to the reach open space, the busy traffic, too many dogs, lack of time and that they are uninviting.

The main issue of the open space being too far to travel is addressed in by the recommendations for the provision of new open space and upgrades to existing open space to make them more inviting to use.

# 6.5.1 Universal access

#### Guidelines to improve universal access to open space:

- a) Demonstrate an inclusive approach in the design and management of open space that maximises access and use by everyone. This is to promote inclusive design that encourages everyone to use open space. For example, providing a path to an existing seat in open space will make the seat more accessible and useable by people who may have limited mobility and are unable to walk on uneven surfaces to reach the seat.
- b) When designing or upgrading existing facilities investigate opportunities to improve their adaptability to a range of uses. For example, when replacing an existing basketball half court and ring, review whether with a different design solution it may also be feasible to include a netball ring or expand and change the court surface so it is also available for use for other activities such as futsal and/or hand ball.
- c) Aim to meet current standards for universal access on grades and widths for paths from at least one entry point into the open space in accordance with the current Australian Standards. Refer to 6.5.3 for paths and connectivity.
- d) Adequate provision of other types of paths to meet the anticipated uses, including for strolling, cycling and exercise.
- e) Provide connections to public transport, the surrounding shared trails, footpath networks and car parking.
- f) Aim to meet current best practice standards for universal access to the major structured sporting, unstructured recreation and informal use facilities in open space.
- g) Demonstrate that clear lines of sight into the open space from all entry points and within it are achieved to maintain safe access.
- h) Provide a diversity of seating that meet the principles of universal access including seats with back rests, some seats with armrests and bench seats.
- i) Consider homeless access to open space for sleeping including seats without armrests and placement of them in difficult situations.
- j) Future designs for play areas to include some universal access as an integrated approach to them. Refer to guidelines in 6.6.2 for more about play areas.
- k) Raised planter beds for improved accessibility for food growing/community gardens in open space.

# 6.5.2 Personal safety

# Guidelines for consideration of personal safety in future open space design and management:

- a) Incorporate Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) Principles in all future open space design and management guidelines.
- b) Demonstrate that passive surveillance of open space from adjoining areas is achieved by appropriate design of the surrounding urban context and development interface, maximising visual and physical accessibility to open space.
- c) Demonstrate that clear lines of sight into the open space from all entry points and within it are achieved to provide safe access.
- d) New open space designs and upgrades are to demonstrate ease of cleaning and maintenance, including access for litter collection, for cleaning picnic and barbecue facilities and cleaning public toilets. Demonstrate the materials and surfaces used for the proposed infrastructure are easily cleaned/replaced when damaged or as part of the future renewal program.
- e) Lighting of major pedestrian links where they provide convenient access to and from key facilities such as between a train station and residential area. Lighting is to meet guidelines in 6.6.5.
- f) In selected Regional and City-wide open spaces, provide energy efficient lighting that allows unstructured recreational use of the key facilities in the early morning and evening during the winter for example, sporting fields and linked circuit paths. This does not include areas where lighting in the evening may disturb habitat. Lighting is to meet the guidelines in 6.6.6.
- g) Educate and enforce appropriate behaviour by dog owners regarding adherence to the on and off-lead areas. Refer to 6.6.1.
- h) Continue regular maintenance inspections and independent audits of all playgrounds to ensure they meet the safety requirements consistent with the current playground standards.

# 6.5.3 Diversity, type and condition of facilities

This Strategy aims to promote a healthier community both socially and physically by encouraging increased levels of use in open space. If the design and facilities appeal to and are accessible to the community, they are much more likely to visit open space. Increasing the diversity and improving the quality of facilities is one aspect of increasing the level of use of open space. Refer also to guidelines in 6.5.

### Guidelines for diversity of facilities in open space:

a) Aim for a diversity of unstructured recreation facilities including those that encourage physical fitness in people of all ages, abilities and cultural backgrounds - refer also to guidelines in 6.6. Designs are to demonstrate that they include complementary facilities that encourage use such as seats and drinking fountains so people can rest during exercise.

#### Guidelines for diversity of facilities in open space:

- b) Demonstrate that designs for proposed upgrades to existing open space and new open space respond to local community needs, reflecting the diversity of the community (including cultures, age, gender and abilities) and changes in demographics.
- c) Minimise the duplication of facilities within a walkable neighbourhood catchment to provide a variety of recreational activities so that combined, the network offers diversity.
- d) Demonstrate that future recreation facility design incorporates principles of its adaptability and multiple-use so that the facility can respond to changing needs over time without needing to be replaced.
- e) Incorporate gender equity principles in the design and function of open space.

# 6.6 Unstructured recreation and informal use and infrastructure

One of the key aims of this Strategy is to encourage people outdoors and into open space. This is based on extensive research that links improved community health and wellbeing and access to open space for people living in urban centres. This includes the more tangible physical benefits of being outdoors and participating in exercise on an informal basis, combined with the more intangible benefits from being in fresh air, in contact with the natural environment, social contact and connectedness of meeting neighbours, friends and work colleagues in open space. In some parts of the municipality, open space is already very well used and there are identified conflicts between different users of open space.

Inherent principles that guide the future design and management of open space is the shared use of open space and the adaptability of spaces to accommodate different uses.

# 6.6.1 Management of dogs in open space

The consultation undertaken for this Strategy identified walking/exercising dogs is one of the main reasons people visit open space. This Strategy recognises that dogs provide the reason for getting their owners out into open space and offer important companionship for people, particularly those who live alone. With more people living in Yarra, the quantity of people exercising and walking their dogs in open space is likely to continue to increase over time. While dog walking and exercise is one of the most popular activities, it also raises concerns for other park users, particularly when they are exercised off-lead. The concerns include personal safety particularly for young children and the elderly; dogs digging holes in the sports ovals and open grassed areas; impacts on native fauna; and dog excrement in the park. People who own dogs express concern about the lack of spaces for them to exercise their dogs off-lead, particularly the lack of fenced dog off-lead areas and the lack of dog agility parks.

The *Domestic Animal Management Plan* (DAMP) is the appropriate document to guide the management of dogs in all public areas including in open space. The current DAMP does not provide much direction about dog off-lead and on-lead areas in open space and refers to the controls listed on Council's website which are summarised in Table 6-1.

Given the high and increasing levels of dog ownership, dog walking and exercising occurring in open space, this Strategy recommends that a major review of the DAMP is undertaken to provide more guidance on this issue.

# Table 6-1 Dog friendly open spaces in the City of Yarra

The information in this table is summarised from the City of Yarra website. The 31 open spaces are listed in alphabetical order.

Open space	Dog on-leash and off-leash controls
Alphington Park	Dog off-leash before 9am and after 5pm and on-leash at other times of the day.
Alphington Park Wetland	Dogs are prohibited from the wetland
Annette's Place	Dog off-leash
Atherton Reserve	Dog off-lead on the unfenced sports field only when it is not in use for approved sporting events including training. Dogs must be on a leash within 10 metres of sports fields when they are in use
Barkly Gardens	Dog off-leash area in the north and dog on-leash in the south
Browns Reserve	Dog on-leash
Burnley Park	Dog off-leash area
Cambridge Street Reserve	Dog on-leash
Citizens Park	Allows dogs off-leash in the fenced sports ground only when the grounds are not in use for approved sporting events including training
Coate Park	Includes a dog off-leash area in the northern section of the park
Coulson Park	Allows dogs off-leash in unfenced sports grounds only when they are not in use for approved sporting events including training
Curtain Square	Includes a fenced dog off-leash run
Dame Nellie Melba Memorial Park	Includes dog off-leash times before 9am and after 5pm
Darling Gardens	Includes a dog off-leash zone in the north east area of the gardens
Edinburgh Gardens	Allows dogs off-leash in the unfenced sports ground only when the grounds are not in use for approved sporting events including training.
Fairfield Park	Allows dogs off-leash in the unfenced sports ground only when the grounds are not in use for approved sporting events including training
Flockhart Reserve	A dog off-leash park
Gahan Reserve	Includes a dog off-leash zone in the south of the gardens
Golden Square	Allows dogs off-leash except they must be on a leash within 10 metres of the playground, barbecue and picnic areas.
Hall Reserve	Allows dogs off-leash except they must be on a leash within 10 metres of the playground
Hardy Gallagher Reserve	Allows dogs off-leash except they must be on a leash within 10 metres of the playground and Council officer comment is that this also applies to the community growing space, which is not currently on the Council website.
Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands	Is dog on-leash on the shared trail and within 5 metres either side of the trail

Open space	Dog on-leash and off-leash controls
Janet Millman Reserve	Allows dogs off-leash except they must be on a leash on the shared path and within 5 metres either side of the path
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	Allows dogs off-leash in the unfenced sports ground only when the grounds are not in use for approved sporting events including training. It also has designated dog off-leash zones outside the sporting fields
Langdon Reserve	Is a dog off-leash park except dogs are prohibited in the playground
Quarries Park	Allows dogs off-leash in the unfenced sports ground only when the grounds are not in use for approved sporting events including training
Ramsden Street Reserve	Allows dogs off-lead in the unfenced sports ground only when the grounds are not in use for approved sporting events including training.
Rushall Reserve	Allows dogs off-leash
Smith Reserve	Is dog off-leash except they are not allowed in the fenced playgrounds and must be on a leash within 10 metres of the barbecue picnic area.
Victoria Park	Is dog off-leash and are only allowed on the oval when it is not used for an organised sporting event including training
Yarra Bend Park	Includes designated dog off-leash areas

Spatially, there is a reasonable distribution of dog friendly open spaces across the municipality with the main gaps being in Cremorne, Central Richmond (west of Church Street) and Collingwood (north of Johnson Street). In relation to dog off-leash areas, the main gaps are Cremorne and Collingwood. It is also worth noting that many of the dog off-leash areas are time limited.

In the future update to the DAMP, consideration of additional dog off-leash areas is recommended to be reviewed in the context of reviewing the times of the day they are available and also whether it may be feasible to include fenced ovals as part of the dog off-leash areas in order to more clearly define the dog on-leash and off-leash areas.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.6-1	Update the Domestic Animal Management Plan Council to undertake a major review of the DAMP with the required officers involved in all aspects of domestic animal management. The aim of this recommendation is to develop consistent guidelines for the appropriate management of dogs in open space in the context of all domestic animals in public spaces.	YCC	Very High

# 6.6.2 Play areas

Play areas can be categorised both as unstructured recreation and informal facilities. Play areas encourage physical activity in children and are important to their physical development. They also assist the development of cognitive and social skills. Taking children to a play area is a common reason people visit open space. Play areas encourage social connectedness of parents, carers and children. Taking children to the

park to play encourages adults into open space, to meet their neighbours in the park and build social networks. It is also important for children to independently go to the park to play when they are old enough, and key to this is ensuring open space is within safe walking distance of the majority of the community so children can safely access open space for play without the need to cross major roads.

The guidelines included in this Strategy provide an overview of the integration between the play area and open space design. They do not replace the need for a Play Strategy which is recommended to be prepared by Council in the future.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.5-1	Play Strategy Prepare a Play Strategy to guide the future provision, upgrade, design and management play in open space across the City of Yarra. The Play Strategy is to reference the open space hierarchy in this Strategy, Refer also the Recommendation 6.6-1 regarding the review of the Skate and BMX facilities.	YCC	High

# Guidelines for upgrade and integration of existing play areas to open space

- a) Demonstrate the play areas provide a diverse range of activities to meet different age groups and skill development including physical, social and cognitive play, scaled to meet the intended size and use level applicable to the open space catchment in which it is proposed.
- b) Integrate the proposed play facility into the open space design to complement and expand the diversity of play opportunities. This could include open grassed areas for informal ball games and other unstructured recreation facilities.
- c) Integrate comfortable seating and picnic areas nearby the play facility to encourage social interaction and comfort for adults supervising play. This is important so that the parents will stay outdoors with their children in the park for longer lengths of time.
- d) Include access for all principles in play facility design demonstrating that universal access is cohesively integrated into at least part of all play areas.
- e) Design the play area so it can be used by everyone including young people who will informally use the area to meet and socialise as well.
- f) Minimise the use of fencing to play areas when it can be demonstrated there is no safety or accessibility requirement for it. Alternative treatments to fencing are to be investigated such as grade separation, seating walls, steps and planting, and only where they cannot demonstrate they adequately meet the identified safety concerns is fencing then considered appropriate. This is to meet the accessibility, adaptability, sustainability and safety principles of open space design by encouraging everyone to share, access and use the open space and the play area.
- g) Where possible, locate play areas so they receive some natural shade during the middle of the day to avoid the need for shade structures. The final proximity of the play area to existing and planted trees will need to demonstrate it allows ongoing

### Guidelines for upgrade and integration of existing play areas to open space

- health and mature size of the trees and is not in total shade (i.e. receives some sunlight during the day).
- h) Where feasible, major play areas are to reflect the natural, urban, landscape, cultural, heritage and social character of the open space. The play area is to have associated support facilities including seating, drinking fountains, picnic areas and open grassed areas, trees and shade.
- i) Provide consistent signage regarding no dogs off-lead within 10 metres of all play areas.

### 6.6.3 Provision of unstructured recreation facilities

The open space survey undertaken for this project identified that people visit open space for a diversity of reasons with the most popular reasons including walking, dog walking, relaxing, playgrounds and social reasons. In answer to the question about why people don't visit open space a number of reasons were given including that the open space was unappealing. Therefore, the guidelines in this Strategy encourage the inclusion of a range of different facilities that encourage people to use them and improve their physical fitness and health. This is balanced with the need to retain the natural qualities and character of the open space as described in Section 6.2

### Guidelines to promote and increase unstructured recreational use of open space:

- a) Refer to guidelines in 6.5.3 regarding encourage a diversity of facilities in open space.
- b) Location and type of active unstructured recreation facilities to complement other identified structured, unstructured and informal uses in the open space and the overall character.
- c) Include associated facilities that support and encourage participation in exercise including seats of different types, drinking fountains and shade. This is so that people of all levels of ability and fitness are encouraged to exercise and improve their fitness by providing opportunities for people to rest while exercising.
- d) Placement and design of these facilities is to demonstrate they minimise visual and noise impacts on adjoining land, particularly in relation to noise and activity in proximity to adjoining residents and nature conservation areas.
- e) Placement and design of these facilities is to demonstrate they are balanced with retaining the natural and unbuilt qualities of the open space.

# 6.6.3.1 Shared trails in open space

Shared trails are supported in open space where feasible particularly in encouraging people outdoors to exercise including walking, running, cycling and pram pushing. The following guidelines are intended to assist with the assessment of existing shared trails and to guide the design of new future shared trails in open space. The *City of Yarra Bicycle Strategy* provides guidelines for on-road and off-road bicycle paths.

#### Guidelines for review and design of shared trails in open space:

- a) The shared trail network is to be safe, legible, accessible, direct, linked and attractive.
- b) Where possible, gradients and clearances on existing and proposed paths to meet the standards for access and mobility and relevant standards for shared trails, currently referred to as the Austroad Standards, Cycling Aspects of Austroad Guides (2011) and Guide to Road Design Part 6A: Pedestrian and Cycle Paths (2009)
- c) Surface of the trail to be appropriate to the character, location and usage levels of the path and the open space.
- d) Sightlines to allow clear visibility along paths, particularly near changes in direction without low overhanging vegetation.
- e) Width of paths to be designed for the anticipated use and level of activity, including whether the trails accommodate both recreational and commuter cycling uses. Refer to the current best management practice guidelines for trails regarding the widths once the use level and activity on path has been determined.
- f) Adhere to current best management practice guidelines for trails in relation to waterways and flood management including safety in waterway environments and bridge crossings. Currently these include the Melbourne Water Shared Pathway Guidelines (2009).
- g) Where dog walkers are permitted, clearly sign the shared paths so that appropriate levels of control are shown and all trail users can adjust their behaviour accordingly.
- Education (via signage) for all shared trail users of appropriate behaviour on shared trails including cyclists, pedestrians, dog walkers, pram pushers, inline skaters and skateboarders.
- Minimise lighting of shared trails along waterway corridors. Where lighting is identified to be required investigate the use of smart lighting, including those that minimise upward glare and impacts on native fauna and adjoining residential properties.

# 6.6.3.2 Paths in open space

#### Guidelines for review and design of paths in open space:

- a) Aim to provide path access into all open space so they are accessible for everyone. This includes path connections through open space to facilities including seats and play areas, along with links into existing linear trails.
- b) Alignment and surface design to complement and be consistent with the open space location, usage levels and inherent landscape character.
- c) Paths to be a width that accommodates the intended levels of use. This includes consideration of walking for different purposes such as strolling and exercise.
- d) Where possible, meet the current standards or best management practice for access and mobility including paths between facilities and destination points.
   Promote and facilitate their use by offering seats at regular points along the trail to assist.
- e) Minimise points where paths cross vehicle entries and access roads within the open space.
- f) The path network within the open space is to clearly connect to the footpath network in the adjoining streets to promote and encourage people to walk to open space rather than drive.
- g) Demonstrate that surface runoff from paths is effectively drained either into adjacent garden beds/grass areas or discharged into underground drainage systems.
- h) In locations where significant conflicts between pedestrians and cyclists are identified on paths (not shared trails), investigate design, management and education options that reduce the conflicts while remaining inclusive of both cyclists and pedestrians in open space.

### 6.6.3.3 End of trip bicycle parking

Safe and secure bicycle parking in open space is to encourage the community to cycle to open space. Bicycle Victoria has prepared *The bicycle parking handbook* that is a useful guideline for appropriate design of secure bicycle parking facilities, that would be appropriate only in some Regional and City-wide open space where participation in activities such as sports training means there is a need for secure storage. The Strategy recognises that end of trip cycling facilities are appropriate outside open space such as at train stations. These guidelines are not intended for other spaces and refer to Council's existing policies, guidelines and strategies, as noted above in terms of provision of bicycle parking for open space specifically.

#### Guidelines for end of trip bicycle parking in open space:

- To be provided in Regional, City-wide and Neighbourhood open space where there are end of trip facilities/destination point for visitors, or sports training facilities.
- b) Siting and design to meet the current relevant standards for location, access, quantity and safety.

### Guidelines for end of trip bicycle parking in open space:

- c) Number and location to meet the anticipated use levels of the proposed facility.
- d) Integrated into the existing built form in the open space where possible.
- e) Where the facility is independent of existing built form, ensure the facility does not block views or access into the open space, complements its character, is visible and safe and located close to path/shared trail entry to the open space.
- f) Future upgrades and provision of new structured sport and recreation facilities are to include provision for secure bicycle parking.

# 6.6.3.4 Multi-purpose courts and other minor recreation infrastructure

# Guidelines for provision of multi-purpose courts, fitness equipment and other minor unstructured recreation infrastructure in open space:

- a) Generally applicable in Regional, City-wide, Neighbourhood and Small Neighbourhood open space, refer Table 5-1.
- b) Siting and design of multi-purpose courts to minimise impacts on adjoining residential properties, and where possible locate away from roadways, or have adequate design features to prevent the risk of balls entering the road.
- c) Siting of facilities including fitness equipment is to demonstrate they are easily accessible by all and inclusive.
- d) Designed to maximise use their appeal to everyone including all genders, age ranges, physical abilities and cultural backgrounds.
- e) Include other complementary facilities such as seating, shelters, shade, drinking fountains and picnic facilities/barbecues where appropriate.
- f) Where feasible, locate facilities including fitness equipment where they receive some natural shade during the middle of the day. The final proximity to trees will need to ensure ongoing health of the tree, and access to some sunlight and in accordance with AS4970, Protection of trees on development sites. This can be either shade from existing trees, or planting suitable tree species to provide shade in the longer term.
- g) Where possible orientate multi-use courts in north south direction in accordance with current sport facility design standards.
- h) Meet best practice design for fencing, surface drainage and surface treatment, etc for multi-use courts.
- i) Ensure the facility location and design retains clear views and access into the open space.
- Meet the current best practice guidelines for installation of appropriate undersurfacing and siting of fitness equipment.
- k) Ensure the placement and design of the facility demonstrates a corresponding improvement to the natural qualities and greening of the reserve. This may include additional planting including large canopy shade tree where space permits.

### 6.6.3.5 Skate and BMX facilities

#### Guidelines for location of skate and BMX facilities in open space:

- a) Demonstrate the location of these facilities achieve a well-integrated design with other facilities and uses in the open space. This is preferably undertaken as part of an open space masterplan or concept design process.
- b) Demonstrate the facility location and design meets best practice management in skate and BMX facility design. This includes the consideration of supporting facilities, public transport access, shared trail links, visibility, passive surveillance from adjoining streets and buildings and the surrounding urban context.
- c) Demonstrate the needs of all young people have been addressed in the open space design in recognition that skate and BMX facilities do not meet the needs of all young people.
- d) Demonstrate the facility design adequately caters to other age groups including spectators and carers and includes associated facilities such as shade, seating and drinking fountains.
- e) Demonstrate the design meets the CPTED principles.
- Installation of no smoking signage in proximity to all outdoor skate parks and BMX facilities.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.6-1	Skate/BMX facility review Undertake a review of the provision and management of skate and BMX facilities in the City of Yarra. This includes consideration of the need, safety, design and provision of these in the context of the Play Strategy. Refer to Recommendation 6.5-1 regarding the Play Strategy.	YCC	High

# 6.6.4 Buildings in open space

### 6.6.4.1 Upgrades to existing buildings

# Guidelines to assess proposals to upgrade existing buildings with open space related uses:

- a) Demonstrate the proposed upgrade to the existing building is appropriate in the context of the existing master plan or concept plan in place for the site. If no existing plans are prepared, demonstrate the upgrade is compatible with existing established uses and improves the use and access to the open space.
- b) Demonstrate the proposed upgrade to the building improves or at least retains all prominent public views to the reserve, improves access to and around the building and improves the function and useability of the surrounding open space. The proposed upgrade will need to demonstrate that it does not result in a loss or reduction in publicly accessible areas of open space, for example by expanding the building footprint then a reduction in another paved or built facility will be required.

# Guidelines to assess proposals to upgrade existing buildings with open space related uses:

- c) Complements and improves the character of the open space.
- d) Demonstrate best practice sustainability principles in the siting and design, particularly in relation to water harvesting and reuse and energy efficiency.
- e) Demonstrate waste management is adequately provided for including appropriate bin enclosures and recycling initiatives.
- f) Retain and preferably improve access and circulation to the facility with a focus on achieving universal access in accordance with current Australian Standards.

# Guidelines to assess proposals to upgrade existing buildings for non-open space related uses:

- g) Review whether the existing building is suitable to be adapted to an open space related use, prior to consideration of continuing the existing non-open space dependent use.
- If determined to be required, ensure the future upgrade to the building is compatible with and as a minimum, improves the use of and access to open space.
- i) Must also meet the guidelines (b) to (f) in 6.6.4.1 above.

# 6.6.4.2 Proposals for new buildings in existing open space

With the forecast increase in urban densities across many parts of the City of Yarra, existing areas of open space will increasingly be valued for their natural, open parkland and unbuilt qualities. At the same time there will be requests to expand and build additional facilities in open space to cater to the increased demand for use. The following guidelines have been prepared to assess the provision of new buildings in open space for open space related uses.

#### Guidelines for new buildings in existing open space for open space related uses:

- a) The proposed facility accommodates open space related uses only. The facility is to promote and complement the open space and be compatible with the existing open space related uses for which the open space is recognised and valued.
- b) The proposed facility increases use, enjoyment and appreciation of outdoor open space.
- c) The proposed facility does not result in any further loss of natural outdoor open space in the reserve.
- d) The construction of the proposed facility will complement any existing environmental and heritage values of the open space and allows continued or new preferred patterns of recreational use (where applicable) of the existing open space.
- e) Demonstrate that all sustainability principles are met in the design and construction.
- f) Public transport access is preferably available to support the new facility.
- g) Adequate bicycle parking facilities integrated into the facility design.

#### Guidelines for new buildings in existing open space for open space related uses:

- h) Demonstrate how supporting facilities for the building such as car parking will be met with no net loss of outdoor public open space.
- i) Refer to guidelines (b) to (f) in 6.6.4.1 above.

#### 6.6.4.3 Public toilets

The City of Yarra Public Toilet Strategy 2017-2027 provides the vision, strategic basis and a 10 year forward program to meet the needs of the growing businesses and pedestrian activities in the municipality. The City of Yarra is committed to the provision of local amenities and protecting, improving and developing the city's infrastructure and assets to enhance social activities within the municipality. This Strategy recognises that the Public Toilet Strategy 2017-2027 addresses the provision of public toilets across the whole municipality and will guide the future provision and upgrade program to public toilets in public open space. The following diagrams are issues specifically regarding the provision of public toilets in public open space.

### Guidelines for review and design of public toilets in open space:

- a) Appropriate to Regional, City-wide, Neighbourhood and Local open space where other facilities encourage longer stays in open space such as barbecue, picnic facilities and major play areas.
- b) Where possible, integrate with other buildings in the reserve including consideration of how the other building/s may be modified to allow some public access to existing toilet/change facilities, while retaining secure and separate access for the existing clubs and groups already operating in the buildings, i.e. built as part of a cafe or sports pavilion. Where the open space is in a commercial precinct, investigate options to provide public access to private toilet facilities consistent with the City of Yarra Public Toilet Strategy 2017-2027, prior to confirming they are required in the public open space.
- c) Designs to meet CPTED principles in public toilet design.
- d) Located near existing services where available.
- e) Located to avoid the need for park visitors to cross roads and car parks to reach them where feasible.
- f) Locate within clear sight and walking distance of high use facilities such as barbecues and play areas.
- g) Locate in a position to service the whole reserve thereby minimising need for more than one public toilet in an open space.
- h) Use best practice environmentally sustainable principles in siting and design, particularly in relation to water and energy use.
- i) Demonstrate waste management is adequately provided for.
- j) Location should not block prominent public views to the reserve and not create hidden or unusable areas around them.
- k) Located with passive surveillance from surrounding area.
- I) Provide universal access in accordance with current Australian Standards.
- m) Adequate lighting including maximising daylight where possible.

#### Guidelines for review and design of public toilets in open space:

- n) Appropriately sized to meet demands and size of the open space.
- o) Complement the character of the open space, including the heritage values of the open space where appropriate.
- p) A design that is suitable for cleaning and maintenance.

# 6.6.5 Lighting in open space

Illumination in open space is generally from sports field lighting in many of the City-wide open spaces, and from lights in the streets adjoining open space. Lighting can also facilitate and expand the hours in which an open space can be used during winter to encourage people outdoors. Lighting in open space can also present issues including:

- Impact on native fauna
- Impact on adjoining resident amenity including light spill and where after hours park use is encouraged
- · Energy use
- Encouraging people to use open space at night when it is not inherently safe, leading to personal safety issues.

### Guidelines for provision of lighting in open space:

- a) Lighting is only applicable in high use open space and larger reserves including Regional, City-wide and Neighbourhood open space.
- b) In these locations lighting is only applicable for specific use or facilities. These are for:
  - structured sport and recreation use
  - circuit paths for access and use before and after work/school during the winter
  - along key connecting paths to train stations, shops or community hubs where no safe and accessible street network exists for walking/cycling.
- c) Where new lighting is required, it is to be consistent with best practice principles regarding sustainability.
- d) As a minimum select lighting that:
  - minimises upward glare (to reduce impact on adjoining residential amenity and native fauna, where applicable)
  - is energy efficient and scaled to meet the specific need identified
  - is easily maintained
  - the design complements the character of the reserve, including consideration of heritage values where applicable.
- e) To minimise impact on native flora and fauna:
  - Protect dark areas in the open space for nocturnal fauna activity
  - Investigate use of LED red spectrum that attracts less invertebrates
  - Consider the use of reflective 'cat eye' lighting for shared trails as an alternative to overhead lighting.
- f) To minimise energy use:
  - Apply Yarra's smart lighting technology to park lighting projects.
  - Use timers on lights.
  - Reduce the lux levels between 10pm and 6am.
  - Use solar technology and light emitting diodes.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.6-2	Lighting Policy for open space Council to prepare a lighting policy for open space with reference to the guidelines included in this Strategy in Section 6.6.5.	YCC	Very High

# 6.6.6 Minor park infrastructure

#### 6.6.6.1 Seats

### Guidelines for review and design of seats in open space:

- a) Include a variety of seat types such as bench seats, seats with back rests and some seats with armrests to improve universal access.
- b) Consider inclusion of informal seating arrangements in open space where it can be well integrated with other elements such as retaining walls.
- c) Demonstrate proposed seating faces activity and paths, takes advantage of views or features within the reserve and is provided in a variety of settings including some in groups and some alone.
- d) Demonstrate proposed seating will be provided in a variety of locations with some in the shade and others in the sun.
- e) Provide at regular intervals along shared trails as resting points to promote universal access.
- f) Avoid locating seats in permanent shade.
- g) Provide some seating in quiet areas of the open space that are potentially suitable for contemplation and the homeless for sleeping.

#### 6.6.6.2 Picnic shelters and barbecue facilities

#### Guidelines for design of picnic and barbecue facilities in open space:

- a) Potentially appropriate in Regional, City-wide, Neighbourhood, Small Neighbourhood, Local and selected Small Local open spaces as per Table 5-1.
- b) Positioned within reasonable access from main entry points and with consideration of the views from the shelter/picnic facilities. For example, longer vistas and views, views of adjoining facilities such as play areas for features such as water features or areas of activities. This is intended to encourage more people to use open space as a social meeting place promoting a sense of community.
- c) Demonstrate the facilities complement the open space character and are sized to meet the anticipated regular use levels.
- d) Demonstrate sustainability principles are met including material use, water collection/runoff/reuse, energy efficiency and waste management.
- e) Barbecue design to minimise fire risk or public nuisance.
- f) Designed to allow universal access and use of the facility.

#### Guidelines for design of picnic and barbecue facilities in open space:

g) Adequate waste management facilities to meet the size and needs of the proposed facility consistent with the hierarchy of open space as described in Table 3-1 in this Strategy. Position waste infrastructure so they are easily accessible for park users and maintenance, but are not located within the shelters so as not to dominate the character and ambience of the facility. Where feasible consider integrating recycling.

### 6.6.6.3 Drinking fountains

### Guidelines for provision of drinking fountains in open space:

- a) Appropriate in all hierarchy types of open space.
- b) Drinking fountains to include bottle refill taps to encourage the community to reuse their drink water bottles. In dog on-lead and off-lead areas, drinking fountains to include a dog water bowl/tap.
- c) Locate drinking fountains at regular intervals on the linear trail network.
- d) Where feasible, standardise the types to improve effective ongoing maintenance.

#### 6.6.6.4 Waste infrastructure

### Guidelines for provision of waste infrastructure in open space:

- a) Refer to Table 5-1. In relation to Small Local open space these have waste infrastructure where higher levels of use are anticipated, however in locations with lower densities, they may not be required.
- b) Waste infrastructure is to be located so it is both accessible for maintenance purposes and convenient for park users, close to picnic and barbecue facilities and the entry and exit points.
- c) Where located near picnic facilities and/or seats, they need to be positioned at a reasonable distance from these facilities to avoid unpleasant odours, unsightly rubbish and health issues of rubbish in proximity to where people are preparing and eating food.
- d) Waste infrastructure is to be secured on site and where possible, located within a bin enclosure/surround to reduce the incidents of waste infrastructure being moved and damaged.
- e) Waste infrastructure to meet best design management practice and sustainability principles including recycling, in accordance with Council policies.

### Guidelines for provision of waste infrastructure at sports pavilions:

- a) The number and type of waste infrastructure at sports pavilions is to be consistent with Council's Waste Minimisation and Resource Recovery Strategy 2018 - 2022 or other relevant Council policies and guidelines.
- b) Aim to provide bin enclosures at all sports pavilions that are of a size to adequately accommodate the number of waste infrastructure items appropriate to

#### Guidelines for provision of waste infrastructure at sports pavilions:

the existing and proposed use. The enclosures are to be well integrated with existing usage patterns, preferably with the built form and easily accessed by maintenance vehicles.

### 6.6.6.5 Fencing and vehicle barriers in open space

#### Guidelines for fencing and vehicle barriers in infrastructure:

- a) As a principle, fencing to public open space facilities within open space is discouraged. Fencing is only to be accepted where it facilitates and improves the function and diversity of uses that can be undertaken in the open space and/or for the function and design of the recreation facility.
- b) Where low fencing to the perimeter of sports fields is provided, include frequent gate openings to ensure they do not form barriers to unstructured and informal access outside of scheduled structured sports training or match play.
- c) Sports field fencing style is to minimise visual intrusion and complement the open space character including historical character where appropriate.
- d) In locations where mesh fencing is required, for example around public tennis courts, baseball diamonds etc, black coated mesh fencing or similar is to be used to minimise visual impact of this on the open space and adjoining properties.
- e) Where open space contains sports fields and facilities that are available for the public to use outside of sports training and match play, cyclone mesh fencing to the perimeter of the public open space is not permitted. Restricted uses within open space, including where the restricted use applies to the whole open space will be permitted to have cyclone mesh fencing where it is demonstrated it is required - consistent with point (d) above.
- f) Suitable barriers to prevent unplanned vehicle access into open space is required. Designs are to demonstrate they prevent vehicle access, minimise visual intrusion on the open space and allow excellent pedestrian and cycle access into the reserve.
- g) Minor infrastructure such as bollards, fencing, vehicle control barriers etc are to reflect diversity in the landscape, environmental, cultural and heritage character and values of the open space.
- h) All fencing and minor infrastructure is to meet best practice guidelines for universal access, safety, quality and sustainability.
- Adhere to sustainability principles in the selection of materials, design and placement in the reserve including investigation into the use of recycled materials where appropriate.
- j) Discourage fencing (as differentiated from vehicle exclusion barriers) to facilities and spaces within open space, for example play spaces, skate facilities and multi-use courts and surfaces. Exceptions may occur where the proposal demonstrates that alternative measures such as grade separation, planting, seating, vehicle barriers or any combination of these cannot suitably manage safety concerns.
- k) Encourage the use of planting as an alternative to fencing where this is appropriate. Clear and open sightlines into open space and the facility must be

### Guidelines for fencing and vehicle barriers in infrastructure:

retained, for example if it is to provide some physical separation between a play area and the rest of the open space. The planting will need to meet the CPTED principles.

### 6.6.7 Urban agriculture/community gardens

The *Urban Agriculture Policy* guides the provision of community gardens and urban agriculture in the City of Yarra. It notes that community interest has grown over the past 30 years in urban agriculture from the establishment of the Collingwood Childrens Farm in 1979 to the creation of community gardens in North Fitzroy, Collingwood and Richmond as well as community gardens in the public housing estates which are now managed by Cultivating Community in Richmond, Fitzroy and Collingwood. In 2011, the City of Yarra employed an Urban Agriculture facilitator to work with the community providing advice on urban agriculture initiatives. This includes the promotion of growing food in the private and public realm including schools, nature-strips, community facilities and open space and supporting the farmers markets that are held across the municipality.

The highly urbanised and dense built environment in some parts of Yarra means there is limited access to private open space to grow food for many. In response to this, Council has actively sought to support community members and organisations to access land for food growing on both private and public land (where appropriate). Urban agriculture has many benefits and while Council supports their establishment, they are best established on public land that is unsuitable for recreational use.

Three types of urban agriculture are proposed, including:

- Community gardens; new and expansion of existing ones
- · Small communal growing areas
- Fruit trees.

The Strategy supports the principle that Council first considers establishing urban agriculture on other areas of public land prior to proposing it in public open space. Currently, some of the most successful community gardens are located on the public housing estate land, in schools and on disused railway land and streetscapes. Public open space in the City of Yarra is in high demand, the urban agriculture can occur in spaces such as streetscapes that recreational activities cannot.

Proposals for growing spaces in public open space are to be made to Council in accordance with the processes outlined in the *Yarra Urban Agriculture Guidelines* and also meet the guidelines included in this Strategy.

The following guidelines are applicable for assessing either the expansion of existing community gardens or proposals for new community gardens in public open space. These will only be considered where it is demonstrated that other public land in the catchment of the open space have already been investigated and are unsuitable."

### Guidelines for existing and future proposals for community gardens in public open space:

- a) Demonstrate the use of land for a community garden benefits and is supported by local residents in the local catchment of the proposed garden.
- b) The land area is large enough to sustain a viable community garden including areas for plots, compost, sheds and water storage.
- c) Meets the multiple-use and sustainability principles, for example is co-located with an existing built facility to share facilities and resources such as rainwater harvesting, water supply and secure storage.
- d) Preferably co-located with other facilities.
- e) There is adequate public open space available in the surrounding area or on the remainder of the site to retain adequate access to open space for recreation use.
- f) The site is suitable for growing food produce such as vegetables, fruit and herbs that typically require adequate sunlight access and water.
- g) The community gardens are run by an incorporated organisation that meets regularly or have a formal auspice agreement with a relevant organisation.
- h) The proposed location does not negatively impact on heritage or identified environmental values of the open space or immediate surrounds.
- i) The assessment criteria for allocation of plots to give priority to applicants without private open space.
- j) Demonstrate adherence to agreed land management practices and access arrangements as stipulated by Council.
- k) Maintain an agreed edge treatment between the community garden and the public open space reserve.
- 1) Support communal gardening and organic gardening principles.

### Guidelines for the inclusion of small communal growing areas and fruit trees in existing open space

- a) Demonstrate there is support from local residents in the catchment of the open space that is proposed to be used for the communal growing area and/or fruit trees.
- b) The size of the growing area or location of the fruit trees does not reduce the opportunity for informal and unstructured recreation to occur in the public open space.
- c) The site is suitable for growing food produce such as vegetables, fruit and herbs that typically require adequate sunlight access and water. The site should be visible and complement and potentially improve the open space character.
- d) The small communal growing areas and fruit trees are well maintained and managed. Demonstrate adherence to agreed land management practices and access arrangements as stipulated by Council
- e) The proposed location does not negatively impact on heritage or identified environmental values of the open space or immediate surrounds.

## 6.7 Structured sport and recreation use and infrastructure

### 6.7.1 Overview of issues

- Competing uses between structured sport, passive recreation and also between community and elite sporting uses. This specifically relates to the informal use of sports fields and damage to turf from the informal use.
- Service authority assets located under sports fields leading to uncertainty of the asset upgrade with the threat of service authorities undertaking major upgrades to their assets.
- As an overall approach, the City of Yarra minimise the fencing of sports fields.
- Damage to sports fields from unstructured recreational use particularly dog off leads including holes and dog excrement.
- Female participation in sport is growing and the existing sports pavilions are inadequate.
- Existing sports facilities need to be updated and adapted to be more inclusive of everyone including people of all ages, abilities, genders and cultural backgrounds.
- Increased levels of participation in sport overall means there is a need to increase the capacity of change rooms to accommodate the increased volume of players.
- Pavilion upgrade program needs to consider the broader issues beyond the physical condition including forecast population growth and broader community benefit.
- Waste management infrastructure is consistent with the Waste Minimisation Strategy.
- Electronic scoreboards increased numbers of applications for these and currently Council have no guidelines in place regarding their location, who pays to maintain them and guidelines around content.
- Advertising signage associated with sporting use requires guidelines.
- Car parking is an issue including all-ability access and the issue of taking up open space with off-street car parking.

The process of preparing Masterplans for City-wide open space is the recommended so there is an opportunity to address the site specific design response to address issues and guidelines for the site. The Masterplans clarify the appropriate use levels, expansion and addition of all facilities in open space for both structured and unstructured sport and recreation use.

There are some non-open space dependent structured leisure and recreation facilities located in open space, for example maternal child and health and child care facilities. Due to increasing demands on open space it is considered appropriate that when an existing facility needs to be replaced or is subject to a major upgrade, it is assessed as to whether it is appropriate to continue to retain this facility in open space.

### 6.7.2 Upgrade and replacement of existing structured sport and recreation facilities

Council is currently in the process of determining the future program of upgrade works for the structured sports facilities including a program to progressively upgrade existing facilities. As part of ongoing upgrades and replacement of structured recreation facilities, opportunities to improve their design, appeal, accessibility and multi-use function are to be investigated as standard procedure.

This Strategy recommends that proposals for future upgrades and replacements be evaluated with the following guidelines to maximise the best use of these facilities in open space. These guidelines focus on the scale and location of the facilities and their integration with the open space character and other facilities and are not technical guidelines for the design of the facility itself.

### Guidelines to upgrade existing structured sport and recreation facilities, or for their replacement:

- a) Demonstrate the need and resultant community benefit associated with the proposed upgrade/replacement of the facility.
- b) Demonstrate the proposed upgrade/replacement of the facility is best located within open space for its function and viability.
- c) Demonstrate the proposed facility will increase the range of uses or user groups that will be catered for as a result of the upgrade/replacement.
- d) Facilitates a diversity of uses including unstructured recreation and informal access and use.
- e) Meets universal design principles including universal access and promotes inclusion for all irrespective of age, gender, cultural background and ability.
- f) Consideration of active design/healthy active by design guidelines.
- g) Flexible in design to provide for multiple uses and future adaptability to other uses as needs change over the lifespan of the proposed facility.
- Demonstrate that all ESD principles have been addressed in both the design and proposed construction of the facility and it is consistent with current best management practice.
- i) Demonstrate how waste collection and management is catered for including meeting relevant ESD principles regarding re-use and recycling.
- j) Consistent with the CPTED principles or similar to promote safety in facility and open space design.
- k) Integrate appropriate signage so that the sports clubs can list the dates and times the facility is available for unstructured and informal use. For example, the dates and times the sports field is available for informal access outside of match play and training times.

### 6.7.3 New structured sport and recreation facilities in existing open space

Proposals for new structured sporting facilities (including buildings) in existing public open space will need to demonstrate how the new facility will integrate with the open space and be accessible for a diverse range of users.

### Guidelines for new structured sport and recreation facilities in existing open space:

- a) Demonstrate the need for the proposed new facility.
- b) Demonstrate the proposed facility is dependent on its location in open space for its viability and function.
- c) Meets the criteria listed above in *Guidelines to upgrade and replacement* structured sport and recreation facilities (c) to (g).
- d) The orientation and design of the facility minimises impacts on other structured and unstructured recreational uses, and expands the range or time periods in which unstructured recreation use can be undertaken. As a minimum, the proposal will need to demonstrate that it integrates well.
- e) Built form including buildings, fencing and other infrastructure to be designed to complement the environmental, landscape and cultural character and values of the open space reserve for its function and viability.
- f) Ensure key view lines into the open space are not blocked or impacted by the facility location.
- g) Where possible, minimise installation of permanent structures that can remain portable to improve adaptability and multiple use of the facility and the open space.
- h) Public transport access is preferably available to support the new facility.
- Adequate bicycle parking facilities integrated into the facility design to encourage cycling access in preference to vehicle access and use.
- j) Demonstrate how the car parking demands for the proposed facility will be addressed with minimal impact on the open space and the surrounding neighbourhood.
- k) Car park design to meet the criteria listed specifically for car parking in this Strategy, see Section 6.7.4.
- Demonstrate waste management is adequately provided for consistent with the Waste Minimisation and Resource Recovery Strategy and the waste receptacles are appropriately designed for to integrate with other built form in the site.
- m) Construction activity to minimise environmental impact and disruption to open space.

### 6.7.4 Car parking

In reviewing the need for existing and future car parking designs and requirements for open space, assess them in accordance with the following guidelines:

#### Guidelines for car parking in open space:

- Minimise car parking in open space. Recognise that for Regional and City-wide open spaces some car parking may be appropriate, particularly to provide access for those with limited mobility.
- b) Actively support the provision of sustainable transport options and encouraging fitness and health by improving cycle and pedestrian access to and within open space.
- c) In Regional and City-wide open space, any proposals for new or formalisation of existing car parking are to clearly demonstrate that the car park is required. If it is determined to be required, the car park is to:
  - be sized to meet the minimum requirements
  - minimise impacts on the amenity of the neighbourhood
  - be provided around the open space rather than in the open space
  - minimise the length of road required to access the car park
  - demonstrate that cycle and pedestrian access and circulation has priority
  - that it meets the design criteria listed in (e) to (m).
- d) In proposals to upgrade existing open space, any proposals to change existing car parks will need to demonstrate they meet the criteria listed in (c).
- e) Future car parks are to be of a size that adequately caters to the normal (not event) level of use. Demonstrate how other forms of sustainable transport and access to open space is to be improved including walking and cycling along with public transport for Regional and City-wide open space.
- f) Demonstrate how the parking will be accommodated in the area without undue impact on adjoining land use or undue loss of existing open space area during events where applicable.
- g) Demonstrate integration of safe pedestrian access and circulation to, around and through the car park.
- h) Demonstrate the car park design and construction adhere to best management practice and promote sustainability and safety.
- i) Stormwater runoff is to be captured and re-used or treated where feasible.
- j) Incorporate trees into car parks to improve aesthetics, provide shade, manage vehicle speeds and mitigate urban heat build-up with consideration of adequate sight lines for safety.
- k) Demonstrate the proposed size, material use (including surface finish, vehicle control barriers etc) and the overall design of car parking complements the desired landscape character of the open space.
- Demonstrate that proposed lighting to the car park is provided where the open space facilities are in use outside daylight hours by a large number of park users or where there is insufficient ambient light.
- m) Encourage, where appropriate, multiple use of car parking in open space, for example that the surface area is also line marked with basketball/netball towers installed, or available for futsal/handball/tennis hit up wall use.

### Guidelines for car parking in open space:

 Include priority areas for bicycle parking within car parks or adjacent leisure amenities where applicable.

### 6.7.5 Natural turf sports fields

The community survey outcomes, site visits and consultation with stakeholders has identified that natural turf sports fields are highly valued and used by the community for structured sport, unstructured recreation and informal use. Some of the natural turf sports fields in Yarra are also designated dog off-leash areas when they are not being used by the sports clubs for match play or training.

The majority are unfenced and are used informally for exercise including jogging, running and walking along with informal ball games and informal uses such sitting on the grass reading. With forecast population growth the demand for both structured sport and unstructured recreation use of these spaces is going to increase.

### Guidelines to guide the future upgrade and use of natural turf sports fields in open space:

- a) The sports fields are primarily for structured sporting use and secondarily for the unstructured and informal use.
- b) Optimise the turf species mix to minimise water use and maintain a suitable standard of turf cover for winter and summer season use.
- c) Investigate options to utilise water from sustainable sources (e.g. recycled water, stormwater) for irrigation of the sports turf
- d) Investigate options to include some fencing of the sports fields, particularly where this can demonstrate the ability to optimise unstructured recreation and informal use of the sports fields. For example, fencing to part or all of the sports field, with frequent gate openings to ensure accessibility, may improve the ability to utilising the open space more efficiently. Specifically, this may improve management of dog off-leash use with open spaces.

### 6.7.6 Synthetic surfaces for sport and recreation use

Council currently has no confirmed position regarding the installation of synthetic surfaces for sport and recreation use.

In conjunction with Council's ongoing program of upgrading sportsgrounds with warm season grasses, the establishment of synthetic surfaces is identified as a potential way to increase the capacity of the existing sports facilities. This Strategy has not assessed the need for synthetic surfaces. If in the future they were confirmed to be required, then the following guidelines would apply to the assessment of their suitability in existing open space. Refer also to Recommendation 6.7-1 regarding developing suitable criteria to assess the suitability of synthetic sports surfaces in open space.

#### Guidelines to assess proposals for synthetic surfaces in open space:

- a) Demonstrate the synthetic surface is required including a full analysis of the benefits and negative impacts of the proposal.
- b) Demonstrate the effects of replacing natural soil and turf surfaces with constructed synthetic surfaces can be adequately compensated for in relation to the passive cooling role of the open space.
- c) Demonstrate the multiple use and adaptability of the proposed facility, particularly in the context that synthetic sports field surfaces are unsuitable for dog walking/dog off-leash.
- d) Demonstrate that the increased intensity of use and programming of the facility will be appropriate to the scale of the open space.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.7-1	Assessment criteria for location of synthetic sports surfaces in open space  Develop the assessment criteria to guide the location of synthetic sports surfaces in public open space in Yarra. A range of implications need to be considered including:  The impact on environmental values  The change to the character and the types of sport and recreation uses along with the more informal and unstructured uses of the reserve  The impact of increased levels of visitation and associated infrastructure that supports the facility  Access to the reserve.	YCC	High

### 6.7.7 Advertising signage in open space

The following guidelines are to assist in providing consistent direction for the provision of advertising signs by the sports clubs, which do not require a planning permit in open space, but do require Council permission to erect a sign on Council land.

#### Guidelines for review of advertising signage in open space:

- Any proposed signs are to be temporary only and are to be removed at the conclusion of the event or season for which they are being proposed.
- b) Signs need to be consistent with the scale and the size of the structure on which it is proposed.
- c) Signs are not to obstruct main view lines into the open space reserve from all pedestrian and vehicle entry points.
- d) Minimise the visual prominence of the signage when viewed from the areas outside of the event for which the advertising signage associated with the clubbased use is proposed. This includes no visibility of the signage from adjoining and nearby properties.

### 6.7.8 Electronic scoreboards

The following guidelines are to assist in providing consistent direction for the provision of electronic scoreboards that do not require a planning permit in open space, but do require Council permission to install on Council land.

#### Guidelines for review of electronic scoreboards in open space:

- a) Demonstrate the scoreboard matches the scale of the facility and events.
- b) Demonstrate the scoreboard is consistent with the scale and the size of the structure, facility and level use for which it is proposed.
- c) The scoreboard is not to obstruct main view lines into the open space reserve from all pedestrian and vehicle entry points.
- d) Minimise the visual prominence of the electronic scoreboard when viewed from the areas outside of the sports event/field/facility for which the scoreboard is provided. This includes minimising visibility of it from the adjoining and nearby properties.
- e) Demonstrate the scoreboard will only be used during the course of scheduled match play/events.
- f) Advertising is not permitted on electronic scoreboards.

### 6.7.9 Minor sports related infrastructure

#### Guidelines for provision of minor sports related infrastructure in open space:

- a) Minor infrastructure including player boxes and equipment storage facilities are to be temporary items where feasible to maximise the adaptability of the use of sports fields.
- b) Storage for minor infrastructure is to be within other existing approved built form on the site, or stored off site.

### 6.8 Cultural heritage values and public art

### 6.8.1 Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage values

Whether a place is of Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage significance is determined by Aboriginal Victoria. The following information is summarised from the websites of Aboriginal Victoria and Aboriginal Heritage Council.

Aboriginal Victoria broadly works on:

- Aboriginal policy reform, with a focus on self-determination and treaty
- Community strengthening and engagement
- · Cultural heritage management and protection.

In relation to Aboriginal Cultural Heritage, Aboriginal Victoria administer the *Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006*, which establishes programs and initiatives to ensure the protection and management of Victoria's Aboriginal cultural heritage. Main responsibilities include:

- Maintaining Victoria's Aboriginal cultural heritage management system
- Evaluating cultural heritage management plans and cultural heritage permits
- Keeping a register of Aboriginal places and objects in Victoria
- Supporting Traditional Owners in community led agreement-making through the 'Right People for Country Program'
- Supporting Registered Aboriginal Parties through funding and Cultural Heritage training programs.
- Compliance and enforcement investigations.

Aboriginal Victoria provides secretariat support for the Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Council to achieve its functions under the *Aboriginal Heritage Act 2006*. The Victorian Aboriginal Heritage Council works with key partners to shape policy and to build a better understanding and appreciation of Victoria's rich Aboriginal Heritage.

For the City of Yarra, the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Cultural Heritage Aboriginal Corporation is the appointed Registered Aboriginal Party (RAP) for the northern part of the municipality. There is currently no appointed RAP for the southern parts of the municipality.

The Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023 acknowledges the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung people as the traditional custodians of the land within the City of Yarra. Council deeply values the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community cultural heritage of the municipality; a heritage that reaches far back to ancient times and continues to this day. The spiritual connections to places within Yarra's municipal boundaries like the Yarra River and the confluence of the Yarra River and Merri Creek extend back thousands of years to the dreamtime. Since the early 1900s, Victoria's Aboriginal community has flocked to Yarra, in particular to Gertrude Street Fitzroy, to find that sense of community that is the strength of Aboriginal people. The Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023 includes a range of actions that strengthen the partnerships with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island community. With the waterways and open spaces across the city having important spiritual connections,

particularly around Fitzroy and Collingwood, this plan promotes the 'continuing connection' with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community regarding the future management and interpretation of these important spaces in the city. *Yana Ngargna* is 'continuing connection' in Woi Wurrung language.

### 6.8.2 Historical values

Whether a place is of historical significance is determined by Heritage Victoria. The following information is summarised from the websites of Heritage Victoria and the Heritage Council of Victoria.

Heritage Victoria is the Victorian State Government's principal cultural (non-Aboriginal) heritage Agency. Heritage Victoria identify, protect and interpret Victoria's most significant cultural heritage resources and give advice about heritage matters to private owners, local and state government, industry and the general community. Heritage Victoria administer the *Heritage Act 2017*, maintain the Victorian Heritage Register, recommend places and objects to be included on the Victorian Heritage Register and issue permits to make changes to heritage places and objects, protect Victoria's archaeological heritage and help conserve significant objects and collections.

The Heritage Council of Victoria is an independent statutory authority and Victoria's main decision-making authority on historical values and issues. They provide advice to Heritage Victoria. The Heritage Council Victoria notes that 'Respect for our cultural heritage involves protecting places and objects that have importance to us as a community. Identifying and registering places and objects of cultural significance helps us to protect and conserve them. Heritage places and objects in Victoria are considered to be either of:

- · State significance; or
- · Local significance

Heritage places or objects of State significance are listed on the Victorian Heritage Register and must meet the Heritage Council of Victoria's assessment criteria. Places that are of State-level cultural heritage significance are managed in accordance with the Heritage Act 2017. Anyone can nominate heritage places and objects for addition to the Victorian Heritage Register. Registered heritage places are legally protected and cannot be altered without a permit or permit exception from Heritage Victoria.

Places of Local significance are recorded by local councils and are listed on a schedule to the Heritage Overlay in the local Council's planning scheme. Local government manages the identification and protection of places under the planning scheme. Councils are responsible for issuing planning permits for use and development of heritage places under the *Planning and Environment Act 1987*.

The National Trust is a community organisation that works towards preserving and protecting heritage places. Classification by the National Trust does not entail legal recognition.

In the City of Yarra the following open spaces have been identified to have local heritage significance and have existing Heritage Overlays acknowledging this in the Yarra Planning Scheme.

Table 6-2 Open spaces with existing heritage significance or included in an existing heritage overlay in the Yarra Planning Scheme

Open space	Heritage controls
Alexander Street Reserve	Included in the Gold Street Precinct Heritage Overlay HO321
Atherton Reserve	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Barkly Gardens	Included in the Barkly Gardens Precinct Heritage Overlay HO308
Bath Street Reserve	Included in Victoria Park Precinct Heritage Overlay HO337
Batman Street Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Batson Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Ben Alexander Reserve	Included in Richmond Hill Precinct Heritage Overlay HO332
Browns Reserve	Included in the Charles Street Precinct Heritage Overlay HO313
Bundara Street Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Burnley Park	Included in Heritage Overlay HO299 and HO298 Corroboree Tree
Cairns Reserve	Included in Elm Grove Precinct Heritage Overlay HO319
Circus Site Burnley	Included in Heritage Overlay HO299
Collingwood Childrens Farm	Included in the Abbotsford Convent Precinct and Heritage Overlay HO9
Condell Street Reserve	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Curtain Square	Included in the North Carlton Precinct Heritage Overlay HO326 but no specific overlay - but has a Statement of Significance.
Darling Gardens	Heritage Overlay HO94
Dights Falls	Part is included in Heritage Overlay HO48
Edinburgh Gardens	Heritage Overlay HO213 and HO215
Edwards Place	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Fairfield Park	Heritage Overlay HO147 and HO146 on the Fairfield Park Boathouse
Frank King Park	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Gahan Reserve	Included in the Charles Street Precinct Heritage Overlay HO313
Garryowen Park	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
George Street Reserve	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Golden Square	Included in the Golden Square Precinct Heritage Overlay HO322

Open space	Heritage controls
Greeves Street Reserve	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Hardy Gallagher Reserve	Included in the Princes Hill Precinct Heritage Overlay HO329 - but no specific overlay - but has a Statement of Significance.
Holden Byrne Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Inner Circle Railway Reserve Parklands	Included in the North Carlton Precinct Heritage Overlay HO326 and North Fitzroy Precinct HO327.
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	Included in Heritage Overlay HO299
King William Reserve	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Langdon Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Mark Street Linear Park	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
McNamara Reserve	Included in the Gold Street Precinct Heritage Overlay HO321
Merri Creek Shared Trail (Upstream St Georges Rd)	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
O'Connell Reserve	Included in Heritage Overlay HO228
Ottery Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Peel Street Park	Included in Collingwood Slope Precinct Heritage Overlay HO318
Peppercorn Park	Included in Richmond Hill Precinct Heritage Overlay HO332
Piedmontes Corner	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Porter Street Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Raines Reserve	Included in the Queens Parade Precinct Heritage Overlay HO330
Richmond Terrace Park	Included in Richmond Hill Precinct Heritage Overlay HO332
Smith Reserve	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Studley Street Reserve	Included in the Charles Street Precinct Heritage Overlay HO313
Thomas Kidney Reserve	Included in the North Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO327
Victoria Park	Heritage Overlay HO352
Wangaratta Street Park	Included in Richmond Hill Precinct Heritage Overlay HO332
White Street Reserve	Included in the Green Street Precinct Heritage Overlay HO323
Whitlam Place	Included in the South Fitzroy Precinct Heritage Overlay HO334
Yarra Bend Park	Heritage Overlay HO300, HO301, HO302, HO307, HO305 (Kanes Bridge) and HO304

Open space	Heritage controls
Yarra River Linear Trail Swan St to Loyala Gv)	Included in HO299
Yarra River Trail (Abbot St to Turner St)	Part is included in Victoria Park Precinct Heritage Overlay HO337
Yarra River Trail (Bridge Rd to Swan St)	Part is included in Heritage Overlay HO299
Yarra River Trail (Johnston St to Clarke St)	Included in Heritage Overlay HO9

From the above list of 55 open spaces that either have Heritage Overlays that specifically apply to them, or are located within a Heritage Overlay Precinct, 4 open spaces have features that are listed on the Victorian Heritage Register and are therefore of State Significance. Heritage Places which are included on the Victorian Heritage Register are subject to the requirements of the *Heritage Act 2017*. These are listed in Table 6-3.

Table 6-3 Open spaces identified as Heritage Places on the Victorian Heritage Register

Open space	VHR Number	Heritage place
Dights Falls	H1522	Dights Mill Site is one of the earliest industrial archaeological sites in the state.  HO48 in the Yarra Planning Scheme
Victoria Park	H75	Victoria Park is the former Collingwood Football Ground and the social focus of Collingwood and Abbotsford since the late 1800s and is a national sporting landmark. HO352 in the Yarra Planning Scheme
Yarra Bend Park	H1552	Fairlea Womens Prison, Yarra Bend Asylum (includes gate pillar and remnant trees) HO301 in the Yarra Planning Scheme
Edinburgh Gardens	H751	Fitzroy Cricket Club complex: Grandstand, Timber Gatehouse, Entrance Gateway, Brick Gatehouse HO215 in the Yarra Planning Scheme

### 6.8.3 Public art

The Strategy supports the role public art has in strengthening and reflecting the local community, cultural heritage, contemporary culture and the inherent landscape character in open space. Public art and cultural activities contribute to the sense of place and community ownership of open space. The guidelines included in this Strategy refer only to the context of public art in open space. The Strategy relies on other council guidelines and policies regarding the appropriate method for commissioning public art. This includes

the City of Yarra Public Art Policy 2015-2020 and the City of Yarra Graffiti Management Framework 2015-2020.

### Guidelines for locating public art in open space:

- a) Appropriate in Regional, City-wide and Neighbourhood open space. It may also be appropriate in Local and Small Local where the open space is highly visible (such as public squares and gateways) and/or located within urban centres and high density precincts.
- b) Proposals for specific installations are to demonstrate they complement and reflect the intrinsic natural, cultural and community values of the existing or future open space and contribute to the intended use and role of the open space in which it is proposed.
- c) Future Masterplans for Regional, City-wide and Neighbourhood open space or highly visible open space such as public squares and gateways are to consider the integration of public art as a component of design. The Masterplan does not need to include the design of the artwork, but identify the potential site and design parameters of a future commission.
- d) Permanent installations need to demonstrate they meet relevant standards in relation to design in an outdoor public environment. This includes public safety and risk; longevity; acceptable levels of maintenance and vandalism.
- e) Propose an acceptable process for undertaking any future modifications to the artwork if any significant changes are required to meet updated regulatory design standards.
- f) Appropriate levels and methods for stakeholder and community consultation are to be conducted for any new public art proposal where it is proposed outside a design planning process.

### 6.8.4 Memorials in open space

Memorials and monuments can contribute to the cultural value of the community and the desire and expectations to commemorate people, events and places of significance. A balance needs to be achieved when considering installation of new or upgrade of existing memorials, with all uses and values of existing open space.

The following guidelines are to assist Council in developing a policy regarding memorials in open space and in the interim for reviewing requests for memorials in open space on a case-by-case basis.

### Guidelines for assessing the appropriateness for proposals for new or retention of existing memorials in open space:

- a) The request for a memorial is to be reviewed for consistency with the use and character classification for the open space.
- b) The level of contribution the memorial will have on the cultural and community values of the open space in the municipality. This includes assessment of the artistic merit of the proposal consistent with the directions outlined in the City of Yarra Public Art Policy.
- c) The management and maintenance requirements of the proposed memorial.

### Guidelines for assessing the appropriateness for proposals for new or retention of existing memorials in open space:

- d) Small memorials would need to demonstrate the positive relationship between the community, the person, the organisation or the event to be commemorated and the open space in which it is proposed.
- e) If Council accepts a proposal for a memorial, it becomes the property of the City of Yarra and ongoing maintenance and issues regarding its relocation, removal or decommissioning will be at Council's discretion.
- f) For existing minor memorials in open space that need to be removed or relocated due to upgrade works, the following protocols will be applied:
  - Council will undertake reasonable steps to contact the donor to return the memorial to them.
  - If the donor requests to retain the memorial in open space, it will be assessed as to the suitability of it in the context of contemporary guidelines and policies.

### 6.9 Festivals and events

The City of Yarra Arts and Culture Strategy 2016-2020 recognises that the community is made up of people from all walks of life, from many different cultures with a diversity of needs and experiences. Council takes the role of leader and custodian of Yarra's creative community seriously and recognises the value of the creative identity as a key feature of what defines the City of Yarra.

The Arts and Culture Strategy encourages and supports community festivals and events in the public realm including streetscape and public open space. It notes that more 20 cultural festivals and events are held every year along with many local, grassroots and community celebrations.

Existing public open spaces that are available on Council's website for booking facilities in to hold events include:

- **Circus Site**, Burnley with Expressions of Interest required for events of more than 100 people
- Barkley Gardens including four defined areas within the Gardens, two of which are suitable for small to medium sized events and two are suitable for large events.
- **Darling Gardens** including seven defined areas within the Gardens including the rotunda which is bookable.
- Edinburgh Gardens including four defined areas, two of which are the rotundas and two are open grassed areas defined by paths and trees.
- **Fairfield Park** including two defined area, one of which is the Fairfield Park Amphitheatre which accommodates up to 350 people.

All prospective event organisers need to complete and submit an application through the Yarra City Arts website.

The guidelines included in this Strategy address open space issues only. It is assumed that Council will continue to implement broader policies for festivals and events taking into consideration open space related criteria included in this Strategy.

### 6.9.1 Community festivals and events open space

Selecting the most appropriate open space for community festivals and events and family gatherings (i.e. 20 people or more) requires consideration in the future. While Council supports and encourages these in open space, Council officers did raise issues associated with the impacts of events and festivals in open space. This is mainly on the health and quality of vegetation with concerns regarding impact on mature trees, particularly compaction of their root zones and also damage to the trees with inappropriate use during events.

The following guidelines are specific only to the selection of appropriate open spaces and locations within them for holding festivals and events. They also provide guidance regarding management of the events in relation to the ongoing community use and enjoyment of outdoor public open space.

#### Guidelines for assessing appropriateness of community festivals in open space:

- a) Regional and City-wide open space are generally the most appropriate hierarchy of open space for major community festivals and events.
- b) Neighbourhood open space may be suitable for smaller community events subject to demonstrating the anticipated size and impact on traffic access, noise levels and neighbourhood amenity can be reasonably managed.
- c) Proposals for community festivals and events are assessed and where necessary, prioritised based on the following:
  - Enhances sense of community and neighbourhood spirit.
  - Increases community appreciation of the recreational, cultural or natural character and values of the municipality.
  - Has relevance to the community and encourages their attendance, participation, and where appropriate, fitness.
  - Compatible with community expectations regarding appropriate use of public open space.
  - Demonstrates how community access and use of public open space will be achieved and managed for the duration of the festival/event.
- d) Applicants are to prepare event management plans appropriate to the scale of the event including measures to proactively prevent damage to the open space for the duration of the festival/event.
- e) The on-line applications and guidelines are to be updated to define more specific requirements for the protection of existing trees in open space, particularly the older established trees to prevent damage.
- f) All festivals/events to demonstrate best practice management including promoting community health and wellbeing and sustainability.
- g) Provision of waste management plan outlining sufficient waste infrastructure arrangements in accordance with waste minimisation principles and the *Waste Minimisation Strategy*.

### 6.9.2 Commercial or private events and functions in open space

### Guidelines for assessing appropriateness of commercial or private events and functions in open space:

- a) Appropriate in Regional and City-wide open space or selected smaller scale open space where they are located in activity centres.
- b) Demonstrate the event will have a positive contribution to the community and cultural diversity of Yarra.
- c) Demonstrate how local community access and use of open space will be achieved for the duration of the event.
- d) Whether the applicant is based in the City of Yarra.
- e) Demonstrate the event and associated infrastructure will not unduly restrict or impact on the use and enjoyment of the open space by nearby/adjoining residents and workers.

### Guidelines for assessing appropriateness of commercial or private events and functions in open space:

- a) Demonstrate that the event and associated infrastructure will not permanently damage mature trees, open grassed areas, plants, natural or built features. Any remediation works will be required to be undertaken either by the event organisers or at their cost at Council's discretion.
- b) Demonstrates the impact of noise, anticipated participants, temporary facilities/infrastructure, site set up and clean up etc are effectively addressed as part of the application process.
- c) Provision of waste management plan outlining sufficient waste infrastructure arrangements in accordance with waste minimisation principles and the Waste Minimisation and Resource Recovery Strategy.

### 6.9.3 Commercial use of facilities in open space

A diverse range of commercial use of facilities in open space can occur ranging from personal trainers, product launches and photo shoots. Applications for commercial use of open space are to be submitted for Council assessment and fees are to be payable prior to conducting these activities in open space. The key ongoing issue for open space is to achieve a balance between commercial use of facilities and accessibility and use of these facilities by the general public. Applications to conduct commercial activities in open space need to demonstrate the proposed use meets the guidelines, and considers public access to open space as noted below.

### Guidelines for assessing appropriateness of commercial or private use in open space:

- a) That the proposed use or development complements and enhances the broader community use of the open space.
- b) That the visual and physical access to the open space will not be unduly impacted or reduced.
- c) There is a demonstrated community benefit from the proposal.
- d) All proposed activities and use to have a minimal impact on the environment and in particular can demonstrate they meet contemporary best management practice regarding sustainability.
- e) That the proposed uses as a minimum do not conflict with community health and wellbeing principles, and where feasible promote these principles.

# 6.10 Design and management plans for open space

### 6.10.1 Overview

Council has a range of existing plans that guide design and management of existing open space. The Strategy identifies the need for Council to prepare additional plans for selected open spaces to guide future upgrades. Preparation of the plans allows for comment and input to the design from relevant Council officers and the community.

The design process for open space reserves is scaled to match the size and function of the open space. Regional, City-wide and Neighbourhood open space have a broader catchment of users and frequently a range of community stakeholder groups such as community organisations and sporting clubs. Masterplans are recommended to be prepared when major works are required for these open space reserves. The consultation process is designed to consult with the broader catchment of users and stakeholders. Additional to the Masterplan, there can be a need to prepare management plans for some of these types of open space, particularly where they have environmental and/or cultural heritage values.

Local and Small Local open space have a smaller catchment of users, and these are mainly the local resident and worker community within walking distance of them. Major upgrades or new open space typically requires a Landscape Concept Plan, with a consultation process focussed on the local community within the walking catchment. Where the upgrades are minor, then preparation of a formal plan is not generally required.

### 6.10.2 Masterplans

Masterplans will guide the future design of Regional and City-wide open space across the municipality. Where open space has heritage values, investigate if a conservation management plan is required. If required, prepare the conservation management plan prior to the Masterplan.

The following is a list of existing Masterplans for open space reserves, listed in alphabetical order.

Existing Masterplans	Year
Barkly Gardens and Alan Bain Reserve, Richmond South	2006
Burnley Park, Central Richmond	2003
Coate Park, Fairfield	2002
Curtain Square Management Plan, Carlton North	2011
Darling Gardens, Clifton Hill	2015
Fairfield Park, Fairfield	2008
Inner Circle Railway Linear Park Reserve	2006

Existing Masterplans	Year
Mayors Park, Clifton Hill	2013
Merri Parklands Masterplan, Clifton Hill	2001
Trig Point Precinct Masterplan (Parks Victoria), adjoins Fairfield	2012
Victoria Park, Abbotsford	2009
Yarra Bend Park Trails Strategy Masterplan (Parks Victoria), Fairfield	2001

This Strategy recommends the preparation of new Masterplans for the following open spaces, listed in alphabetical order:

Open space	Priority
Burnley Park, Central Richmond	Medium
Citizens Park, Central Richmond	Very High
Edinburgh Gardens, Fitzroy North	High
Mayors Park, Clifton Hill	Low
Smith Reserve, Fitzroy	Medium
Victoria Park, Abbotsford	Medium

The following framework guides the future preparation of the Masterplan:

#### Framework for preparing Masterplans

- a) Provide an overall design and management direction for the open space for approximately 10 years.
- b) Consultation is typically undertaken with the groups and clubs who use the site, community stakeholders who may be involved in the site, relevant Agencies who own or manage land within or adjoining the reserve, regular site users and the local community. Consultation is recommended to occur in two stages: at the research phase, and at the draft design phase. The Open Space Strategy Survey outcomes (Appendix A to this Strategy) can be referred to during the research phase. This may replace the need to undertake consultation with the local community during the research phase, pending the quantity of surveys received in the relevant precinct.
- c) Outputs of a Masterplan typically include:
  - scaled drawing of existing conditions and site analysis
  - scaled drawing of design with explanatory notes, photos, sketches etc.
  - management descriptions where appropriate
  - preliminary estimate of probable cost for all the works
  - staged implementation plan
  - summary masterplan report incorporating all the above.

### 6.10.3 Landscape Concept Plans

Landscape Concept Plans will guide the future design of Neighbourhood, Local and some Small Local open space reserves. These plans are prepared primarily to ensure a coordinated approach to facility provision is achieved and to obtain community input to the future open space design. The process to prepare these will vary depending on the level of complexity. All new open space will require concept plans to be prepared.

#### Framework for preparing Landscape Concept Plans:

- a) Provide an overall design direction for the open space for approximately five years, as works are generally implemented within this timeframe.
- b) The Landscape Concept Plan is to be guided by a working group made up of relevant Council officers as required.
- c) Consultation at the research phase can either rely on the Open Space Survey outcomes in Appendix A of this Strategy, or be undertaken with the community living within the walking catchment of the open space. Consultation at the research phase will vary depending on the individual reserve. Consultation on the Draft Design will normally include at least the display of the plan on site with a description of how to comment.
- d) Outputs of a Landscape Concept Plan for upgrades to **existing** open space is to include:
  - scaled drawing of design with explanatory notes regarding design and management
  - preliminary opinion of probable cost for all the works with priorities for implementation where appropriate.
- e) Outputs of a Landscape Concept Plan for new open space is to include:
  - scaled drawing of existing conditions and site analysis including scaled tree protection zones for all existing mature trees
  - scaled design with explanatory notes regarding design features and management recommendations
  - preliminary opinion of probable cost for all the works.
- f) Review of relevant Council strategies and demonstrate compatibility and where feasible multiple benefits to assist implementation of other strategies.
- g) Consideration of existing drainage requirements on site to ensure the new design allows for existing overland flows. As constructed drawings to be supplied once the new infrastructure is built.

### 6.10.4 Heritage and nature conservation values

### 6.10.4.1 Conservation Management Plans

Conservation Management Plans (CMP) are prepared for open space identified to be of heritage significance in the existing heritage studies or included on the Victorian Heritage Register and Database. The following table identifies the status of the existing CMPs or similar. The open space is listed in alphabetical order.

Open space	Existing guidelines and plans	Additional plans
Alphington Park	Heritage Assessment completed, 2007	Update the Masterplan
Barkly Gardens	Landscape Masterplan, 2006 prepared by John Patrick with consideration of the heritage values	Update the Masterplan
Burnley Park	Conservation Management Plan 2007 and Landscape Masterplan prepared 2003 before the CMP	Review the Landscape Masterplan in the context of the CMP.
Curtain Square	Conservation Analysis, 2001 and Curtain Square Site Management Plan 2011 to address tree health and possum grazing	None
Darling Gardens	Darling Gardens Cultural Significance and Conservation Policies, 1993 and Darling Gardens: A timeline 1852-1922 and the Darling Gardens Masterplan, 2015	None
Edinburgh Gardens	Conservation Management Plan, 2004 (Landscape Masterplan Northern Precinct Plan was adopted by Council in 2018.)	Update the Landscape Masterplan
Fairfield Park Masterplan	Draft Conservation Management Plan 2009 and Landscape Masterplan, 2010	None
Inner Circle Railway Linear Parkland	Conservation Management Plan 2005 and Landscape Masterplan, 2006	Update the Masterplan

The Strategy recommends that prior to major works being undertaken in open space listed in Table 6-2 in this Strategy that a preliminary assessment of heritage values and character is prepared. The preliminary assessment will be undertaken by referring to the existing heritage studies and on site assessment. If an open space is identified as requiring a more detailed heritage assessment, then this is to be prepared for the open space prior to the preparation of any design plans or major works.

#### 6.10.4.2 Nature conservation values

If the open space has any identified nature conservation values, then the appropriate investigation into these values and appropriate protection measures for them is to be undertaken prior to the preparation of any design plans or major works. This includes

reference to the Biodiversity Health Survey (Practical Ecology 2018) and any subsequent strategies and plans that provide further direction and guidance regarding these values.

### 6.10.5 Detailed design and construction

For all types of open space, once the Masterplans and Landscape Concept Plans are completed and approved by Council, they will be implemented subject to available funding and priorities.

Where the plans include major upgrades for the entire reserve, or significant changes to existing facilities and infrastructure, detailed design would be undertaken to produce a set of detailed documentation drawings to guide the construction. Feedback from internal stakeholders will be sought during the detailed design phase as required for the specific project and may include urban design, streetscapes, natural values, drainage, maintenance etc.

For all new open space being constructed by parties other than Council, detailed documentation drawings are to be prepared and submitted to Council for approval prior to tender and commencement of works.

Where the works to existing open space are minor and straightforward, Council may select to implement the works directly from the Landscape Concept Plan or Masterplan in a staged program pending funding.

### 6.11 Open space maintenance

The open space surveys indicate that the community is generally satisfied with the maintenance of open space. Public toilets and drinking fountains are the facilities that received greater the highest level of dissatisfaction. In the same survey the community identified that more are required and they are the sixth and fourth most used facility in open space. *The City of Yarra Public Toilet Strategy 2017-2027* provides direction for their provision, design, maintenance and the provision of drinking fountains are currently assessed as park upgrades occur.

From the site assessment work, consultation with Council officers and research, the key issues associated with maintenance is vegetation and the diversity of new infrastructure in open space and the longer term ongoing maintenance costs associated with the increased amount of infrastructure.

New open space designs and upgrades are to demonstrate ease of cleaning and maintenance, including access for litter collection, for cleaning picnic and barbecue facilities and cleaning public toilets. Demonstrate the materials and surfaces used for the proposed infrastructure are easily cleaned/replaced when damaged or as part of the future renewal program.

### 6.11.1 Vegetation maintenance and management

### **Trees**

Trees are the most valued features within open space and they make a significant contribution to the character and liveability of Yarra. The *City of Yarra Urban Forest Strategy* 2017 provides a clear charter for the future custodianship of Yarra's street and park tree population. It highlights the multiple benefits of trees including the health and wellbeing benefits, environmental benefits and the economic benefits.

### Council to consider the following guidelines in future management of trees in open space:

- Maximise retention of mature indigenous, native and exotic canopy trees in open space, including measures to allow adequate watering from sustainable water sources during dry periods.
- b) In future open space design, maximise opportunities for planting large, long-lived broad spreading canopy trees and locate recreational infrastructure to benefit from the trees but demonstrate they will not compromise their health.
- c) Increase the diversity of tree species in future plantings to build resilience in the tree population.
- d) In higher density precincts ensure that future open spaces are large enough to allow planting of large canopy trees in additional to providing adequate space for recreational use.
- e) When recreational infrastructure that is located under large remnant trees requires upgrade or replacement, relocate them away from under the canopy of large trees in preference to pruning and modifying the tree.

### Remnant native vegetation

Council to continue to protect and maintain the remnant indigenous vegetation and buffer zones around them in open space in accordance with site specific management plans and best practice.

### Change to maintenance levels in open space in activity centres

Current research into the use of open space suggests that well maintained open space with natural features such as plants, grass and trees is more highly used in inner urban locations. Research also indicates that green open space with moisture absorbing surfaces including large trees, garden beds and grassed areas assist with urban cooling in high density precinct. With the forecast increased urban densities in Yarra, there will be an increase in the number of open spaces with natural features that require ongoing maintenance. Council will need to plan ahead to consider how this will be resourced in the future.

### Open grassed areas

Open space survey respondents indicated that open grassed areas were the second most well used facility in open space in the City of Yarra following walking paths. Grassed areas are valued by the community for structured sport, unstructured recreational activities and for sitting/relaxing on. Open grassed areas are also moisture absorbing surfaces that assist in urban cooling and mitigating urban heat island effect.

Council officers identified there is a potential need to consider irrigating selected open grassed areas in open space so they can be more intensively used by the community for a range of activities including dog walking and informal ball sports. If this occurs then adequate resourcing of ongoing maintenance of these areas will need to be addressed.

### Management of compaction and poor soil health

Natural open space areas are suffering from heavy compaction, depleted nutrients, minerals and biological activity due to age and heavy use. Maintenance needs to consider soil health and suitable de-compaction measures as part of the ongoing works.

### 6.11.2 Public toilets

The open space survey respondents were least satisfied with the maintenance of existing public toilet facilities in open space. Respondents also requested additional public toilets be provided in open space. The provision, design and maintenance of public toilets is provided in the *City of Yarra Public Toilet Strategy 2017-2027*.

### 6.11.3 Paths

There is a high level of satisfaction with the maintenance of paths in the open space survey. As walking, dog walking and cycling are the most popular activities in open space, continued maintenance of existing walking paths and provision of additional paths where appropriate is required.

# 6.12 Other agency open space ownership and management

A number of other agencies own and manage some of the open space in the City of Yarra. This mainly occurs along the linear open space corridors and waterways.

The City of Yarra adjoins six other municipalities as follows:

- Cities of Darebin and Moreland to the north
- City of Melbourne to the west
- · Cities of Boroondara and Banyule to the east
- City of Stonnington to the south

Use of linear open space reserves along waterways is the main reason visitors are using open space in adjoining municipalities. Future planning of facilities along these linear reserves is recommenced to continue to be coordinated between the various councils. Residents and workers in the City of Yarra also visit other open spaces in adjoining or nearby municipalities with some of the key open spaces being Princes Park, Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne, Fitzroy Gardens and Carlton Gardens.

### 6.12.1 Adjoining councils

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-1	Liaise with the City of Melbourne Regularly liaise with the City of Melbourne regarding the design and connectivity between open space in adjoining the boundary, including Princes Park, Gosch's Paddock, Yarra Park, Carlton Gardens and the Fitzroy Gardens	YCC City of Melbourne	Ongoing
6.12-2	Liaise with the City of Darebin  Regularly liaise with the City of Darebin regarding the design and connectivity between the linear open space system along the Merri Creek and Darebin Creek.	YCC City of Darebin	Ongoing
6.12-3	Liaise with the City of Moreland  Regularly liaise with the City of Moreland regarding the design and connectivity of open space along the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands. This includes consideration of overshadowing of the open space from private land to the north of the reserve.	YCC City of Moreland	Ongoing
6.12-4	Liaise with the City of Stonnington  Regularly liaise with the City of Stonnington regarding the design and connectivity of open space along the Yarra River corridor.	YCC City of Stonnington	Ongoing

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-5	Liaise with the City of Boroondara	YCC	Ongoing
	Regularly liaise with the City of Boroondara regarding the design and connectivity of open space along the Yarra River corridor. This includes pedestrian and cycle bridge crossings over the Yarra River given the lack of a continuous open space system on the City of Yarra side of the River. This includes fauna protection programs such as recent research with sugar gliders, pedestrian and cycle bridge crossings.	City of Boroondara	
6.12-6	City of Banyule	YCC	Ongoing
	Regularly liaise with the City of Banyule regarding the design and connectivity of the shared trail along the Darebin Creek. Refer also to Action 6.12-9.	City of Banyule	

### 6.12.2 Victorian government agencies and committees

### 6.12.2a Parks Victoria

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-7	Liaise with the Parks Victoria regarding future structured sporting facilities at Yarra Bend Park Liaise with Parks Victoria regarding the potential increased role that City of Yarra can have in the ongoing design, management and maintenance of the structured sporting facilities at Yarra Bend Park. This is to better meet the existing and forecast structured sporting needs of the City of Yarra population in the future.	YCC PV	Very High
6.12-8	Liaise with Parks Victoria regarding the future provision of the Main Yarra Trail in Abbotsford  Continue to liaise with Parks Victoria to identify opportunities to achieve a continuous off-road Main Yarra Trail link along the western side of the Yarra River. This includes advocating for the purchase of the linear open space corridor for the land included in the Public Acquisition Overlay 2 (PAO2) along the Yarra River corridor through Abbotsford between Gipps Street and the Walmer Street Footbridge. The PAO2 is in favour of the Minister responsible for administering Part 2 of the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978 for the creation of a continuous linear park/trail system adjacent to the waterway.	YCC PV	Very High

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-9	Liaise with Parks Victoria regarding the future management of the Darebin Creek Trail in Alphington  Liaise with Parks Victoria to confirm ongoing responsibility and status of land purchase for the Darebin Creek Trail between Sparks Reserve (in the City of Banyule) and the Main Yarra Trail (in City of Boroondara).	YCC PV City of Banyule City of Boroondara	Very High

### 6.12.2b Melbourne Water

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-10	Liaise with Melbourne Water regarding the Main Yarra Trail located on their land Liaise with Melbourne Water to confirm the current status of all facilities located on their land to confirm that agreements are in place to retain and maintain these facilities on their land.	YCC MW	Medium
6.12-11	Funding applications  Continue to apply for future grants to Melbourne  Water for future revegetation and water quality improvement projects along the Yarra River, Merri  Creek and Darebin Creek.	YCC (MW)	Ongoing
6.12-12	Regular liaison regarding future works  Regularly liaise with Melbourne Water regarding future works along the waterways to build on opportunities for complementary works to be undertaken by both agencies to improve water quality, instream habitat and riparian habitat values.	YCC MW	Ongoing

### 6.12.2c VicTrack

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-13	Liaise with VicTrack regarding open space on their land Council to liaise with VicTrack as required regarding for future opportunities to expand the open space and	YCC VicTrack	Ongoing
	or linear path network on VicTrack owned land.		

### 6.12.2d Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS)

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-14	Liaise regarding potential conversion of selected	YCC	Ongoing
	public housing land to open space	DHHS	
	Council to liaise with DHHS regarding the potential	510	
	for conversion of part of the public housing land in		
	North Richmond to public open space, as identified in		
	Action 7.10A-1.		

### 6.12.2e Department of Education and Training (DET)

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-15	Liaise regarding shared use of school grounds Council to regularly liaise with DET regarding the potential for shared access to school sport and recreation facilities including access to school grounds after school hours.	YCC DET	Ongoing

### 6.12.2f Merri Creek Management Committee (MCMC)

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-16	Liaise regarding ongoing works and funding Council to regularly liaise with MCMC regarding plans and projects along the Merri Creek. Additionally, explore opportunities to seek funding for projects on Merri Creek with MCMC.	YCC MCMC	Ongoing

### 6.12.2g Darebin Creek Management Committee (DCMC)

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
6.12-16	Liaise regarding ongoing works and funding Council to regularly liaise with DCMC regarding plans and projects along the Darebin Creek.	YCC DCMC	Ongoing

# 7. Precinct analysis and recommendations

The City of Yarra comprises the ten different precincts and the analysis and planning for open space has been undertaken at the precinct level. These precincts are defined by the City of Yarra in the Community Profile, and shown in Figure 7A below.

For the purposes of the Strategy the ten precincts have a series of open space subprecincts within them which are defined by barriers to safe and easy walking access to open space being major roads, railways and waterways. These are illustrated in Figure 7B on the following page.



Figure 7A City of Yarra Precincts

Source: .Yarra Community Profile, .id Consulting https://profile.id.com.au/yarra

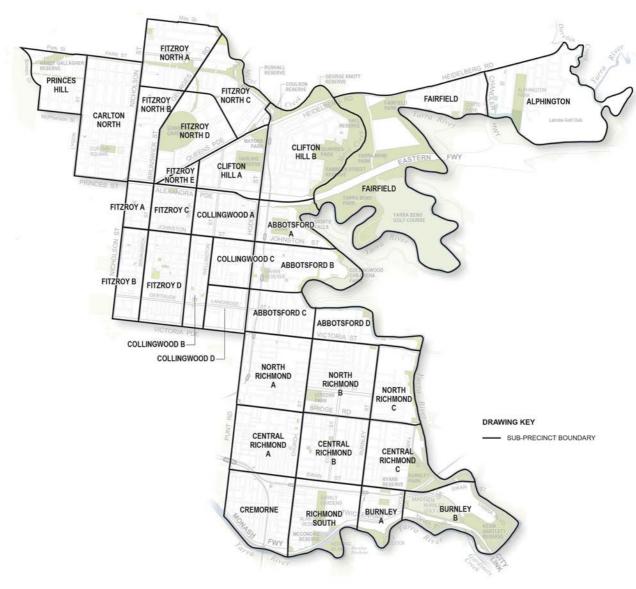
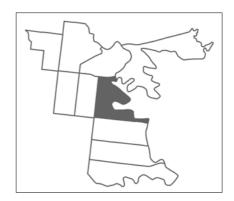


Figure 7B City of Yarra Open Space Sub-precincts

The precincts are assembled in alphabetical order in the chapter and the recommendations are based on applying the open space framework described in Sections 1 to 5 of this Strategy. Each precinct includes a diagram that illustrates the Precinct Recommendations including the sub-precincts in which proposed new open space is located.



### 7.1 Abbotsford

### 7.1.1 Introduction

With the Yarra River along the boundary of this precinct, residents in Abbotsford value the diversity of spaces, the natural bushland qualities, and identify the need for additional space as urban density increases. Other key character open spaces in Abbotsford include Victoria Park which is the former home of the Collingwood Football Club, Gahan Reserve, Dights Falls and Collingwood Children's Farm on the Yarra River.

The land use of Abbotsford is mixed with a combination of residential areas ranging from predominantly single and double storey worker cottages and terraces to medium and high density residential apartments along the Yarra River. The higher density residential along with business and commercial land use, is located in Trenerry Crescent north of Johnston Street and Victoria Crescent south of Gipps Street.

Abbotsford also has some core industrial precincts with the largest being the Carlton and United Brewery along with a range of smaller industrial uses north of Gipps Street, which also directly adjoin the Yara River corridor.

Victoria Street is a key retail precinct in the City and the *Victoria Street Structure Plan*, adopted by Council in April 2010, provides the key direction for the future expansion and change within it. Hoddle Street is also a key employment precinct in Abbotsford which extends to the railway corridor and includes the Collingwood Town Hall.

The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct.

The mixed land use means there is a significant worker population in Abbotsford which is about 36 per cent more than the resident population, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 8,849 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 12,057 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)

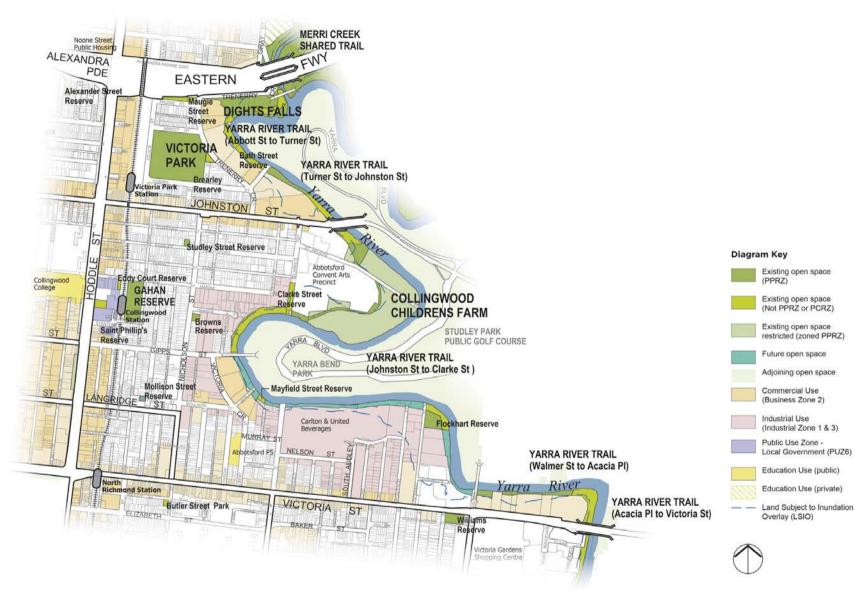


Figure 7.1A Existing open space in Abbotsford

# 7.1.2 Existing open space

# 7.1.2a Description

Johnston and Gipps Streets are major east-west roads and along with the Church Street define the four open space sub-precincts, Abbotsford A, B, C and D.



Figure 7.1B Open space sub-precincts for Abbotsford

#### Abbotsford A

- Open space sub-precinct Abbotsford A is located between the Eastern Freeway and Johnston Street and from Hoddle Street in the west across to the Yarra River to the east.
- · Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Bath Street Reserve
  - Brearley Reserve
  - Dights Falls
  - Maugie Street Reserve
  - Victoria Park
  - Yarra River Trail (Abbot St to Turner St)
  - Yarra River Trail (Turner St to Johnston St)
- Open space in this sub-precinct is well provided for. Dights Falls and the two sections
  of the Yarra River Trail are the key areas of Regional open space along the Yarra
  River. Victoria Park provides City-wide open space, with Brearley Reserve
  designated as a Local open space separate from Victoria Park so that it is primarily
  designed for the local community and can be available for community use when

Victoria Park is being used for structured sport. Bath Street Reserve is a linking space with seating that caters to casual use whereas Maugie Street Reserve provides greening and a buffer between the Eastern Freeway and residential dwellings to the south.

- The land use is predominantly residential and open space east of the railway and nonresidential west of the railway.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies a high change area near the corner of Hoddle Street and Johnston Street and a moderate change area along Johnston Street and around Trenerry Crescent. The balance areas directly adjoining Victoria Park are designated as minimal change areas.
- The Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy (2018) identifies that nonresidential use is supported in the Hoddle Street Employment Precinct on the north side of Johnston Street, east of Walmer Street footbridge. This is to support the diversity of businesses and employment opportunities in the precinct.

#### Abbotsford B

- Open space sub-precinct Abbotsford B is located between Johnston and Gipps
   Streets and bounded by Hoddle Street to the west and the Yarra River to the east.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Browns Reserve
  - Clarke Street Reserve
  - Collingwood Children's Farm
  - Eddy Court Reserve
  - Gahan Reserve
  - Saint Philip's Reserve
  - Yarra River Trail (Johnston St to Clarke St)
- The Yarra River Trail is well used Regional open space and while the Collingwood Children's Farm is restricted open space and available on a fee paying basis only, views across the farm are enjoyed from the Main Yarra Trail directly adjoining it.
- Gahan Reserve is the key Neighbourhood open space for this sub-precinct and is located near the Collingwood Railway Station.
- Browns Reserve is a well-developed Small Local open space and Studley Street Reserve provides a play facility located in the heart of the local residential area.
- Accessed via the Main Yarra Trail, Clarke Street Reserve has the potential to be improved providing seating/viewing/picnic areas with excellent views over the Yarra River corridor and the Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct. For this reason, this reserve is nominated as a Local open space.
- The land use includes the Collingwood Town Hall, the non-residential use along Hoddle Street and large areas of residential use comprising mainly original single storey terraces. Adjacent to the Yarra River there is a non-residential area between Clarke and Gipps Streets.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a high change area on Johnston Street near the railway, with moderate change along Johnston Street and minimal change in the majority of the precinct and smaller incremental change areas.
- The Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy (2018) identifies that nonresidential use is supported in the Hoddle Street Employment Precinct and adjacent to the Yarra River between Clarke Street and Gipps Street. This is to support the

diversity of businesses and employment opportunities in the precinct.

#### Abbotsford C

- Open space sub-precinct Abbotsford C is located between Gipps Street and Victoria Street, and bounded by Hoddle Street on the west and Church Street to the east.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Mollison Street Reserve
  - Mayfield Street Reserve
- Mollison Street Reserve is a recently established new Small Local open space providing seating and a small open grassed area.
- Mayfield Street Reserve is an area of open space along the Yarra River which is currently not accessible due to private land on either side of it. This open space reserve will become accessible in the future when the Public Acquisition Overlay (PAO) along the Yarra River is acquired (refer to next dot point).
- There is an existing PAO along the Yarra River in favour of the Minister responsible for administering Part 2 of the Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978 for the creation of a continuous linear park / trail system adjacent to the waterway.
- The Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy (2018) identifies that nonresidential use is supported in the Hoddle Street Employment Precinct and adjacent to the Yarra River between Clarke Street and Gipps Street. This is to support the diversity of businesses and employment opportunities in the precinct.

#### Abbotsford D

- Open space sub-precinct Abbotsford D is located east of Church Street and bounded to the north and east by the Yarra River and to the south by Victoria Street.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Flockhart Reserve
  - Yarra River Trail (Acacia PI to Victoria St)
  - Yarra River Trail (Walmer St to Acacia PI)
- Flockhart Reserve directly adjoins the Yarra River and provides a bushland setting and open grassed area with picnic facilities in the adjoining Drainage Reserve.
- The Yarra River Trail is linear open space.

## 7.1.2b Quantity of open space in Abbotsford

The 18 existing open spaces in Abbotsford have a combined total area of 13.39 hectares. This represents approximately 7.5 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. Additionally there are two existing restricted open spaces being, Collingwood Children's Farm and Mayfield Street Reserve. Combined, these two restricted spaces are 8.79 hectares in size. Adding the restricted open space to the other 18 open spaces results in a total of 22.18 hectares and represents 12.4 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 16 sqm of open space per person relative to residential population in 2016 (excluding restricted open space).

Table 7.1-1 Number, size and type of open space

	No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
	7	Regional	7.19	54%
	1	City wide	3.79	28%
	1	Neighbourhood	1.03	8%
	0	Small Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
_	4	Local	1.04	8%
	5	Small Local	0.34	3%
_	18	TOTAL	13.39	100%

## 7.1.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The linear open space along the Yarra River is an important habitat and recreational corridor for wider Melbourne. It is therefore designated as a Regional open space and is managed to protect and improve the habitat and recreational values. Access to the Yarra River itself, the bushland and natural qualities of this linear corridor are key reasons people visit this open space. Dights Falls and Colllingwood Children's Farm are key destinations on the Yarra River in this precinct. Notably, from Gipps Street to Walmer Street Footbridge there is no linear public open space along the City of Yarra side of the Yarra River. This is a key gap in the linear open space system identified in Section 3.5.2 of the Strategy, and as noted earlier, currently has a PAO over this land in favour of the Minister responsible for administering Part 2 of the *Crown Land (Reserves) Act 1978* for the creation of a continuous linear park / trail system adjacent to the waterway.

The sporting facilities at Victoria Park provide the context for the City-wide hierarchy and its sporting character classification. While the main oval is used for elite level structured sport, it also receives high levels of unstructured recreation and informal uses, including exercising dogs, informal ball sports and jogging around the oval. Victoria Park is the former home of the Collingwood Football Club and the oval is used by the Collingwood Football Club for VFL matches, training and also by the AFLW. The reserve is listed as being of state significance on the Victorian Heritage Database as the former the home for the Collingwood Football Club from 1892 until 2005. There is potential to upgrade Victoria Park to a Regional classification given the heritage values and the standard of the facilities.

Gahan Reserve is the only Neighbourhood open space in the precinct, and the community surveys identified this as the most visited open space in Abbotsford. There is potential for improvement to the design and facilities in the open space to better meet the diverse community who live and work nearby.

The network of Local and Small Local open spaces have different characters and south of Gipps Street form the only open space reserves other than the Regional open space on the Yarra River. With the increased urban densities in this precinct, the Local and Small Local open spaces have the potential to have a greater role in urban greening and cooling.

Table 7.1-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Bath Street Reserve	0.08	Small Local	Informal	
Brearley Reserve	0.34	Local	Informal	Nature conservation
Browns Reserve	0.09	Small Local	Informal	
Clarke Street Reserve	0.28	Local	Linking space	Seating/viewing, Waterway
Dights Falls	2.37	Regional	Waterway	Nature conservation, Heritage
Eddy Court Reserve	0.05	Small Local	Linking space	
Flockhart Reserve	0.75	Regional	Waterway	Nature conservation, Informal, Linking space
Gahan Reserve	1.04	Neighbourhood	Public garden	Heritage, Linking space
Maugie Street Reserve	0.26	Local	Significant road reservation	Urban heat mitigation
Mollison Street Reserve	0.05	Small Local	Formal	Urban heat mitigation
Saint Phillip's Reserve	0.16	Local	Formal	
Studley Street Reserve	0.06	Small Local	Informal	Play
Victoria Park	3.79	City-wide	Sporting	Heritage, Formal, Urban plaza
Yarra River Trail – Acacia PI to Victoria St	0.69	Regional	Waterway	Linear, Nature conservation
Yarra River Trail – Johnston St to Clarke St	1.13	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Heritage
Yarra River Trail – Turner St to Johnston St	0.54	Regional	Waterway	Linear, Nature conservation
Yarra River Trail – Walmer St to Acacia Pl	1.10	Regional	Waterway	Linear, Nature conservation
Yarra River Trail– Abbot St to Turner St (Trail but land is not zoned PPRZ)	0.61	Regional	Waterway	Linear, Nature conservation
Total	13.39			
Restricted open space		400000000000000000000000000000000000000	M0000000000000000000000000000000000000	00
Collingwood Childrens Farm	8.73	Regional		
Mayfield Street Reserve	0.06	Regional	Waterway	
Total Restricted open space	8.79			

## 7.1.2d Distribution of open space in Abbotsford

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.1-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.1C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Abbotsford is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

For Abbotsford, the major gaps in the existing open space network occur south of Gipps Street along with the gap in the Regional linear open space along the Yarra River between Clarke Street Reserve and Walmer Street footbridge. These are shown in Figure 7.1C.

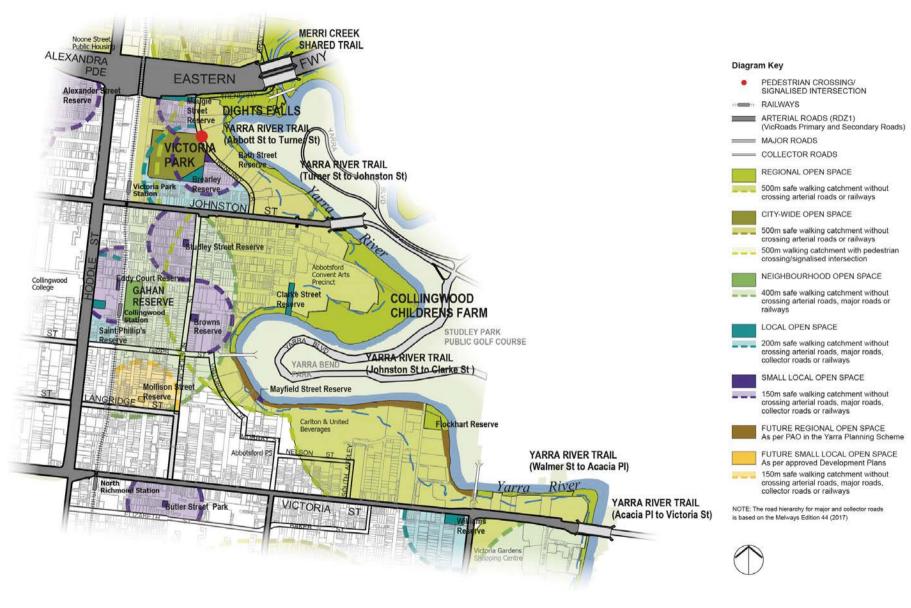


Figure 7.1C Gap analysis for Abbotsford

# 7.1.3 How residents use open space

A total of 104 resident surveys were received from Abbotsford. A summary of the results of the worker survey is included in the next section 7.1.4. The .id Community Profile identifies that 9 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in Abbotsford.

Table 7.1-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	king distance	
45	Gahan Reserve	<ul> <li>Playing with children (11)</li> <li>Playground (7)</li> <li>Relaxing (6)</li> <li>Walking (6)</li> <li>Dog walking (5)</li> <li>Close to home (4)</li> <li>Informal ball games / sport (4)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (8)</li> <li>Additional toilets (6)</li> <li>Upgrade the playgrounds (3)</li> <li>Additional car parking required (2)</li> <li>Prohibit dogs off leash (2)</li> <li>Additional exercise equipment required (2)</li> </ul>
30	Yarra Bend Park	<ul> <li>Walking (12)</li> <li>Jogging / running (6)</li> <li>Exercising (5)</li> <li>Playing with children (4)</li> <li>Playground (4)</li> <li>Relaxing (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (6)</li> <li>Upgrade the playgrounds (2)</li> <li>Add access ramp at Collins Bridge (2)</li> <li>Additional bins required (2)</li> </ul>
29	Victoria Park	<ul> <li>Dog walking (7)</li> <li>Playing with children (6)</li> <li>Close to home (5)</li> <li>Exercising (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Additional playgrounds required (7)</li> <li>No improvements required (5)</li> <li>Shared space – scheduling information required (4)</li> </ul>
22	Yarra River Precinct	<ul><li>Walking (7)</li><li>Exercising (5)</li><li>Cycling (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (5)</li> <li>Add link between market and open space (1)</li> </ul>
Open	space beyond wa	lking distance	
10	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul><li>Socialising with family / friends (4)</li><li>Picnics (3)</li><li>Cycling (2)</li></ul>	Additional toilets required (2)
6	Citizens Park	<ul><li>Markets (5)</li><li>Dog friendly (1)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (2)</li> <li>Additional picnic facilities required (2)</li> </ul>
5	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	Beautiful open space (2)	<ul><li>No improvements required (1)</li></ul>
5	Yarra Bend Park	<ul><li>Walking (2)</li><li>Walking with a pram (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Boat launch required (1)</li> <li>Add access ramp at Collins Bridge (1)</li> </ul>

#### Values of open space (top five)

- 63% The feeling of space
- 62% Trees
- 61% A place to relax and unwind
- 56% An escape from the built environment
- 56% Health and wellbeing

### Types of open space used (top five)

- 89% Open space along Yarra River
- 83% Large parks and gardens
- 81% Medium sized parks
- 80% Local streets for exercise
- 79% Large sporting reserves

#### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 90% Walking paths
- 77% Seats
- 71% Open grassed areas for informal use
- 69% Cycle paths
- 59% Drinking fountains

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Additional open space is required (8)
- Open space is valued (5)
- Additional public toilets are required (5)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

# 7.1.4 How existing workers use open space

While there were no specific surveys undertaken in the employment precincts in Abbotsford, the combined results of the surveys from the other employment precincts in Richmond, Cremorne, Fitzroy and Collingwood confirms that workers do visit open space near their workplace, as summarised below:

#### Frequency of use of open space near the workplace

• 88% of those surveyed visit open space near their workplace with 60% of them visiting open space at least once a week and 18% at least every few months.

## Reasons to visit open space near the workplace

The five top reasons workers visit open space near their place are:

- 77% to be outdoors as a break from work
- 46% to socialise / meet colleagues / friends
- 32% to eat lunch
- 16% to exercise for fitness
- 14% to meet family.

#### Suggestions for improvements to the open space network

The following list is are suggested improvements by more than 10% of the respondents:

- 33% More open space / green spaces / retain spaces
- 12% More seating and tables
- 11% Cleaning and maintenance
- 11% More greenery and trees

# 7.1.5 Analysis of future change and open space needs

## 7.1.5a Forecast future population

### Quantity

The table below shows the forecast population growth for the residential and employment populations in Abbotsford. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the four open space sub-precincts within Abbotsford have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth forecast is significant with an overall change in residential population of 43 per cent or an additional 3,822 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is forecast to increase by approximately 32 per cent, with an additional 3,916 additional workers between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there is still additional capacity for growth beyond 2031 in Abbotsford. While this Strategy is primarily

addressing the open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe.

Table 7.1-4 Resident population forecasts for Abbotsford open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Abbotsford A	1,518	2,352	834
% change Abbotsford A			55%
Abbotsford B	2,063	2,634	571
% change Abbotsford B			28%
Abbotsford C	1,986	2,571	585
% change Abbotsford C			29%
Abbotsford D	3,282	5,114	1,832
% change Abbotsford D			56%
Total Abbotsford	8,849	12,671	3,822
Total % Change			43%

Table 7.1-5 Worker population estimates for Abbotsford open space sub-precincts

EMPLOYMENT/ RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
Abbotsford A				
Johnston Street East Retail Precinct	1,907	2,581	673	35%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	594	778	184	31%
Total estimated working population Abbotsford A	2,501	3,359	857	34%
Abbotsford B				
Johnston Street East Retail Precinct	1,833	2,479	647	35%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	802	1,050	248	31%
Abbotsford Employment Precinct	576	704	128	22%
Total estimated working population Abbotsford B	3,211	4,234	1,023	32%
Abbotsford C				
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	861	1,128	267	31%
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	980	1,387	407	41%
Abbotsford Employment Precinct	832	1,017	185	22%
Total estimated working population Abbotsford C	2,674	3,532	858	32%
Abbotsford D				
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	1,879	2,659	780	41%
Abbotsford Employment Precinct	1,792	2,190	398	22%
Total estimated working population Abbotsford D	3,671	4,848	1,177	32%
Retail and employment precinct totals				
Johnston Street East Retail Precinct	3,740	5,060	1,320	35%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	2,257	2,956	699	31%
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	2,860	4,046	1,187	41%
Abbotsford Employment Precinct	3,200	3,910	710	22%
Total estimated working population Abbotsford	12,057	15,972	3,916	32%

## 7.1.5b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in Abbotsford will place increased pressure and demand on the existing open space. The pressures will include increased volumes of people in the open space utilising the facilities, leading to overcrowding in open space, lack of access to existing facilities and deterioration in the quality of natural features such as grass areas due to compaction from increased use.

The forecast change in demographics with a slight decrease in the number of families and young children and an increase in young adults and older people living on their own means that there will be a likely increase in the demand for facilities that encourage socialising in open space including seating areas and picnic facilities. There will also be a need to promote fitness and exercise by increasing the diversity of facilities that encourage this.

### 7.1.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident population increase in Abbotsford will be concentrated in the sub-precincts with the high and moderate change areas in Abbotsford A and D open space sub-precincts. The employment population growth is around 32 per cent across all the sub-precincts, however the greater number of additional works is estimated for Abbotsford B and D. Refer to Figures 7.1D and 7.1E below.

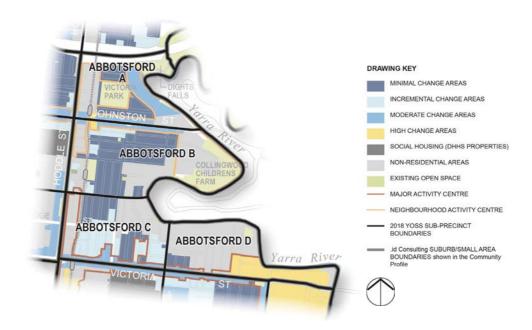


Figure 7.1D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

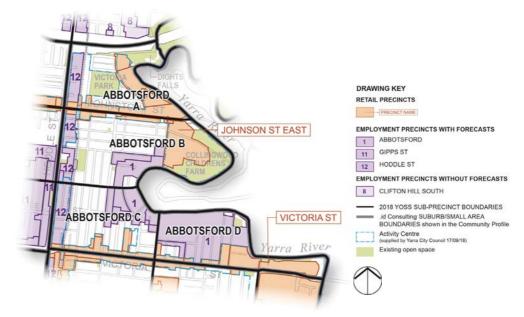


Figure 7.1E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

### 7.1.5d Open space distribution and future need in Abbotsford

Within Abbotsford the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space. These sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in Abbotsford to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside Abbotsford to visit open space, primarily for the beauty and diversity of character in the large public gardens including the Royal Botanic Gardens, Fitzroy Gardens and Edinburgh Gardens. The high value placed on the need to relax and unwind in the open space surveys supports the need to ensure that adequate areas of green open space with natural features are provided in Abbotsford.

#### **Sub-precinct** Conclusions Abbotsford A • A 55 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 834 residents by 2031. Notably however, Open space sub-precinct the forecasts to 2041 indicate a substantial increase post Abbotsford A is located north 2031 with an additional 3,087 additional residents forecast of Johnston Street. Refer to by 2041. Section 7.1.2a for the description of existing open • A 34 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated space and character. with an additional 860 workers by 2031. The existing open space network provides diversity of character and facilities and offers a range of recreational uses. Recommend that Brearsley Reserve remains separate from Victoria Park and is upgraded in the longer term to focus on providing a separate Local open space that appeals to the nearby community and is useable when Victoria Park is unavailable due to organised sporting events. Continue to maintain the existing open space reserves.

#### **Sub-precinct**

#### **Conclusions**

#### Abbotsford B

Open space sub-precinct Abbotsford B is located between Johnston and Gipps Streets. Refer to Section 7.1.2a for the description of existing open space and character.

- A 28 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 571 residents by 2031.
- A 32% increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 1,000 workers by 2031.
- Continue to advocate for the provision of additional Regional open space along the Yarra River between Gipps Street Steps and Walmer Street Footbridge. It is noted that that there is an existing Public Acquisition Overlay (PAO2) over the future linear open space in the Yarra Planning Scheme. Additionally Council to continue to advocate to provide graded ramp access at the Gipps Street Steps.
- While there are no gaps in the provision of open space (other than the identified gap in the linear open space corridor along of the Yarra River), there is a need to upgrade the facilities in existing open space to cater to the increased levels of use of open space.
- Undertake a major upgrade to Gahan Reserve including a review of the non-open space dependent community facilities in the reserve to identify options for relocation where required.
- Undertake a minor upgrade to Clarke Street Reserve to create a destination Local open space that celebrates the views, proximity to the Abbotsford Convent and its access and use by the existing and forecast population.
- Upgrade Eddy Court Reserve to improve its role in the network including consideration of unstructured recreation facilities.
- Continue to maintain Browns Reserve and Studley Street Reserve.

#### **Abbotsford C**

This sub-precinct is bounded by Gipps Street to the north, Victoria Street to south, Hoddle Street to the west and Church Street to the east. Refer to Section 7.1.2a for the description of existing open space and character

- A 29 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 585 residents by 2031.
- A 32% increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 890 workers by 2031.
- Continue to advocate for the provision of additional Regional open space along the Yarra River between the Gipps Street and Walmer Street. It is noted that that there is an existing Public Acquisition Overlay (PAO2) over the future linear open space in the Yarra Planning Scheme.
- With gaps in the provision of existing open space in this subprecinct, it is recommended that an additional Small Local open space is proposed in the south east part of the subprecinct for both the existing and forecast population. This will provide new open space within a safe and easy walk of residents and workers including those in the forecast moderate and incremental change areas.
- Please refer to Figure 7.1F.

#### **Sub-precinct Conclusions** Abbotsford D • A significant 56% increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,832 residents by 2031. This sub-precinct is bounded to the north and east by the A 32% increase in the worker population is estimated with an Yarra River, the south by additional 1,200 workers by 2031. Victoria Street and the west Continue to advocate for the provision of additional Regional by Church Street. Refer to open space along the Yarra River between the Gipps Street Section 7.1.2a for the and Walmer Street. It is noted that that there is an existing description of existing open Public Acquisition Overlay (PAO2) over the future linear space and character open space in the Yarra Planning Scheme. With the scale of forecast change and approximately 3,000 additional people living and working in the sub-precinct by 2031, there is a need for more open space. Therefore, recommend the provision of a new Neighbourhood open space if the Carlton and United Brewery site is redeveloped in the future. This will allow for a diverse range of recreational uses and a key community park established as

part of the future change.Please refer to Figure 7.1F

# 7.1.6 Abbotsford Recommendations

# 7.1.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Victoria Park, Gahan Reserve and the system of open space along the Yarra River including Collingwood Children's Farm and Dights Falls significantly contribute to the open space character of Abbotsford. North of Gipps Street, open space is well distributed in the precinct, however south of Gipps Street there is a lack of open space combined with a forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population. Key recommendations include to continue to investigate securing a linear open space reserve along the Yarra River between Clarke Street Reserve and Walmer Street Bridge, the provision of a new Neighbourhood Park in the southern part of the precinct where larger land parcels provide the potential for future provision of open space. Combined with this is the recommendation to provide two new Small Local open spaces for the existing and forecast community in the south west part of Abbotsford.

#### Quality and design

There is potential to improve the diversity of facilities and character in selected Local and Small Local open spaces in Abbotsford north of Gipps Street. The new Victoria Park Masterplan will improve the structured and unstructured sport and recreation use. The open space designs will focus on improved urban greening, particularly in the higher density areas to contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect. If the CUB site redevelops, the future Neighbourhood open space will focus on providing unstructured recreation facilities for the forecast community.

Refer to Figure 7.1F for the spatial location of recommendations for Abbotsford.

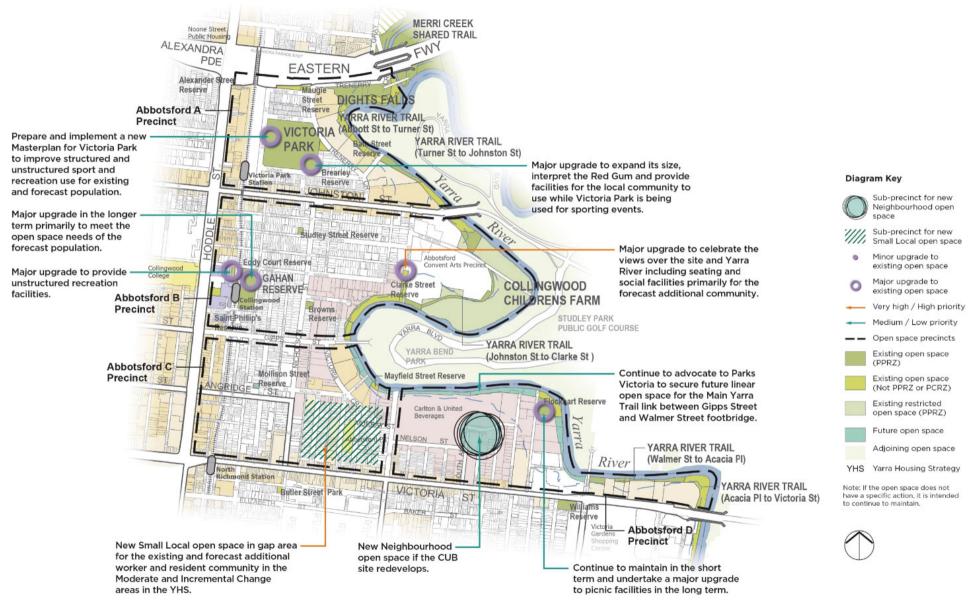


Figure 7.1F Recommendations for Abbotsford

# 7.1.6b Precinct Actions for Abbotsford

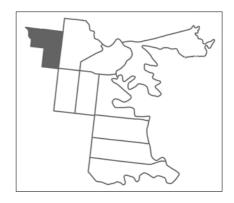
# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.1A-1	Provide an additional Small Local open space in the south west part of open space sub-precinct Abbotsford C for both the existing and forecast population. The new open space is to be located south of Langridge Street between the railway and Nicholson Street.	YCC	High
7.1A-2	Provide an additional Neighbourhood open space if the large scale industrial uses are redeveloped. This would primarily be for the forecast population.	YCC	Subject to develop- ment timing

# B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.1B-1	Bath Street Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B-2	Brearley Reserve	YCC	Low
	Undertake a major upgrade to protect and interpret the existing		
	Red Gum including expanding the size of the reserve utilising part		
	of the road reserve to create more space around the Red Gum.		
	Future design to provide facilities for the local community to use this reserve when major sporting events are held at Victoria Park.		
	This is for both the existing and forecast population.		
7.1B-3	Browns Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B-4	Clarke Street Reserve	YCC	High
	Undertake a major upgrade to this open space to provide seating		
	and picnic area with views over the Yarra River and the		
	Abbotsford Convent site and indigenous revegetation to improve		
	the biodiversity values and potentially include interpretive signage		
7.40.5	regarding the natural and cultural values of the site.	0050 14	
7.1B-5	Collingwood Childrens Farm	CCFCoM	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B-6	Dights Falls	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.	PV	
-		MW	
7.1B-7	Eddy Court Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Undertake a major upgrade to this linking space including	PTV	
	investigating providing addition active unstructured recreation		
	facilities to encourage greater use of this open space adjacent to the railway reserve.		

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.1B-8	Flockhart Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Continue to maintain in the short term. In the medium term when there is additional residential use and improved passive surveillance, then undertake major a major upgrade to improve the visitor and picnic facilities at Flockhart Reserve.	MW	
7.1B-9	Gahan Reserve	YCC	Low
	Undertake major upgrades to this open space in the longer term primarily to meet the needs of the forecast population. This is to include investigating appropriate uses for the Maternal Child and Health facility that will complement the open space.		
7.1B-10	Maugie Street Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B-11	Saint Phillip's Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B12	Studley Street Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B-13	Victoria Park	YCC	Medium
	Prepare and implement a new Masterplan to improve the structured and unstructured sport and recreation use in the context of forecast growth and change.		
7.1B-14	Yarra River Trail– Abbot St to Turner St (Land is not zoned PPRZ)	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.1B-15	Yarra River Trail – Acacia PI to Victoria St	YCC, PV	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.	MW	
7.1B-16	Yarra River Trail – Johnston St to Clarke St	YCC, PV,	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.	MW	
7.1B-17	Yarra River Trail – Turner St to Johnston St Continue to maintain.	YCC, PV, MW	Ongoing
7.1B-18	Yarra River Trail – Walmer St to Acacia PI	YCC, PV,	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.	MW	



# 7.2 Carlton North - Princes Hill

### 7.2.1 Introduction

Princes Park adjoins the western boundary and Nicholson Street defines the eastern boundary, with Park Street Reserve to the north and Princes Street to the south. Located in the City of Melbourne, Princes Park and the Melbourne General Cemetery are both accessible from this precinct and the mature overstorey trees and non-residential nature of these areas assist to define this precinct's character.

The urban layout and consistent Victorian row terraces assist to define the areas unique character including the strong grid layout with wide streetscapes and central medians combined with the large mature street trees and the historic terrace single and double storey dwellings. The majority of the precinct is residential with some distinct pockets of commercial and retail precincts along Nicholson, Rathdowne and Lygon Streets. Other non-residential land use includes the Princes Hill Primary and Secondary Schools and the Carlton North Primary School. Curtain Square is located in Carlton North and is Victorian era garden that complements the Victorian style architecture of the neighbourhood around it.

By comparison, Hardy Gallagher Reserve is the key open space in Princes Hill with an informal character that combines some original plantings from the former Inner Circle Railway reserve with native trees. While not located in the City of Yarra, Princes Park directly adjoins Princes Hill and significantly contributes to the open space and landscape character.

- Existing residential population 2016: 9,010 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: No data is available (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)



Figure 7.2A Existing open space in Carlton North - Princes Hill

# 7.2.2 Existing open space

# 7.2.2a Description

The major roads define the boundaries of the two suburbs of Carlton North and Princes Hill and these have been used as the open space sub-precincts, as shown in Figure 7.2B below.



Figure 7.2B Open space sub-precincts for Carlton North and Princes Hill

#### **Carlton North**

- Open space sub-precinct Carlton North is located between Lygon and Nicholson Streets, from Park Street Reserve/Municipal boundary in the north to Princes Street in the South.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Curtain Square
  - Nicholson Street Reserve
  - Park Street Reserve
  - Shakespeare Reserve
- Curtain Square is the largest and most visited open space in the precinct. The mature
  established trees significantly contribute to its character and its size means people
  visit it for a variety of reasons including the playground, the open grassed areas and
  the fenced dog off-leash area.
- Park Street Reserve forms part of the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands and provides off-road east west connectivity to Merri Creek Corridor and Hardy Gallagher Reserve and on to Princes Park in the City of Melbourne.
- Shakespeare Reserve is a Small Local open space with some mature native trees, grassed and seats.
- Nicholson Street Reserve is located on the corner of Alexandra Parade and Nicholson Street and is significantly encumbered by the arterial road noise and movement. The

- Canary Island Date Palm is the key feature of the reserve and it appears to be regularly used as a pedestrian cut through.
- While Canning Street is a popular north/south cycle link and the central median has
  mature existing trees, the median is less than 10 metres wide and is the reason it is
  not included as public open space in the Strategy.
- The land use is predominantly residential with the retail and business/commercial use along Rathdowne Street in the vicinity of Curtain Square and along Nicholson Street.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies two incremental change areas. One is in located around Curtain Square on Rathdowne Street and the other is along Nicholson Street.

#### **Princes Hill**

- Open space sub-precinct Princes Hill is located between Princes Park (Bowen Crescent) and Lygon Street, with Park Street to the north and McPherson Street to the south.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Hardy Gallagher Reserve
  - Pigdon Street Central Median
- Hardy Gallagher Reserve forms part of the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parkland and includes the former Carlton North Railway Station which is protected on the site today. The reserve includes the shared trail, open grassed area with scattered trees, playground and the Princes Hill Bocce Club.
- Pigdon Street Central Median is included as part of the open space system given the
  median is greater than 10 metres wide, contains mature established trees and has the
  potential to be used as public open space with seating.
- Princes Park is a key adjoining open space that is easily accessible for the community in Princes Hill and Carlton North. Located in the City of Melbourne, this open space is accessible via the local street network and the linear open space system via Hardy Gallagher Reserve.
- The land use is predominantly residential combined with education use with Princes Hill Primary School and Secondary College.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies the entire area of Princes Hill as Minimal Change.

### 7.2.2b Quantity of open space in Carlton North - Princes Hill

The 6 existing open spaces in Carlton North - Princes Hill have a combined total of 6.23 hectares. This represents approximately 4.4 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 7 sqm of open space per person relative to residential population in 2016.

Table 7.2-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
0	Regional	0.00	0%
2	City wide	4.18	67%
1	Neighbourhood	1.46	23%
0	Small Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
1	Local	0.46	8%
2	Small Local	0.13	2%
6	TOTAL	6.23	100%

# 7.2.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands define the northern extent of this precinct and are classified as City-wide open space given the linear connectivity they provide between the Merri Creek open space corridor and Princes Park in the City of Melbourne. Hardy Gallagher Reserve has space for the potential to include more neighbourhood level facilities including the current proposal for an urban agriculture facility. Currently, the North Carlton Neighbourhood House is located in the historic station building and the Princes Hill Pentaque Club is also located in the reserve.

Curtain Square is the other Neighbourhood open space and provides for a diversity of needs and is classified as a public garden in recognition of this. Pigdon Street Central Median is a Local open space due to its size, however its use is limited by the width and it can only be used primarily for seating. It is classified as Significant Road Reservation in recognition of its role in the network. Shakespeare Reserve is the only Small Local open space and is classified as Seating/viewing.

Table 7.2-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Curtain Square	1.46	Neighbourhood	Heritage	Public garden, Botanical, Play
Hardy Gallagher Reserve	3.28	City-wide	Linear	Heritage, Linking space, Service easement
Nicholson Street Reserve	0.08	Small Local	Significant Road Reserve	
Park Street Reserve	0.90	City-wide	Linear	Linking Space, Service easement
Pigdon Street Median	0.46	Local	Significant road reservation	Heritage
Shakespeare Reserve	0.05	Small Local	Informal	Native bushland, Urban heat mitigation
Total	6.23			

# 7.2.2d Distribution of open space in Carlton North - Princes Hill

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate hierarchy as shown in Table 7.2-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.2C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Carlton North - Princes Hill is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

There are no gaps in the provision of open space in Princes Hill, with excellent access to the Princes Park in the City of Melbourne and also to Hardy Gallagher Reserve.

In Carlton North the existing open spaces are located in the north and south of the precinct meaning that people living centrally in the precinct do not have an existing open space within a safe and easy walk as shown in Figure 7.2C on the following page.



Figure 7.2C Gap analysis for Carlton North - Princes Hill

#### Diagram Key

 PEDESTRIAN CROSSING/ SIGNALISED INTERSECTION

ARTERIAL ROADS (RDZ1)
(VicRoads Primary and Secondary Roads)

MAJOR ROADS

COLLECTOR ROADS

CITY-WIDE OPEN SPACE

500m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads or railways

\_\_\_\_ 500m walking catchment with pedestrian crossing/signalised intersection

NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE

400m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads or railways

LOCAL OPEN SPACE

200m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

SMALL LOCAL OPEN SPACE

150m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

FUTURE SMALL LOCAL OPEN SPACE As per approved Development Plans

150m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

NOTE: The road hierarchy for major and collector roads is based on the Melways Edition 44 (2017)



# 7.2.3 How residents use open space

A total of 81 resident surveys were received from Carlton North – Princes Hill, which represents 6 per cent of the total surveys received. The .id Community Profile identifies that 10 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in this precinct.

Table 7.2-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	king distance	
44	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Relaxing (8)</li> <li>Walking (7)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (6)</li> <li>Dog walking (5)</li> <li>Exercising dogs (4)</li> <li>Dog friendly (4)</li> <li>Exercising dogs (4)</li> <li>Playing with children (4)</li> <li>Playground (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (5)</li> <li>Additional toilets required (5)</li> <li>Upgrade required (3)</li> <li>More bins required (2)</li> </ul>
35	Curtain Square	<ul> <li>Playground (8)</li> <li>Playing with children (7)</li> <li>Relaxing (5)</li> <li>Close to home (4)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (4)</li> <li>Walking (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More grass required in dog of leash areas (3)</li> <li>No improvements required (3)</li> <li>Upgrade toilets (3)</li> </ul>
24	Princes Park	<ul><li>Dog walking (7)</li><li>Walking (6)</li><li>Exercising (5)</li><li>Playground (4)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Additional exercise equipment required (3)</li> <li>No improvements required (2)</li> <li>Additional trees required (2)</li> </ul>
13	Hardy Gallagher Reserve	<ul><li>Close to school (3)</li><li>Playground (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Upgrade playground (4)</li> <li>Change bocce court into community gardens (3)</li> <li>Redevelop bocce court (3)</li> </ul>
Open	space beyond wa	lking distance	
6	Carlton Gardens	<ul><li>Relaxing (2)</li><li>Socialising with friends / family (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (3)
6	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	<ul><li>Beautiful open space (3)</li><li>Walking (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (3)
6	Yarra Bend Park	• Dog walking (2)	<ul><li>Dog agility park required (1)</li><li>Dog drinking facilities required (1)</li></ul>
4	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul><li>Dog friendly (1)</li><li>Health and well-being (1)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>More basketball courts required (1)</li> <li>Shade needed over playground equipment (1)</li> </ul>

#### Values of open space (top five)

- 88% Trees
- 74% Place to relax and unwind
- 73% The feeling of space
- 73% An escape from the built environment
- 61% just being outside

#### Types of open space used (top five)

- 96% Large parks and gardens
- 88% Medium sized parks
- 83% Open space along the Yarra River
- 83%Small local parks
- 78% Urban Squares

## Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 86% Walking paths
- 81% Open grassed areas
- 77% Cycle paths
- 72% Drinking fountains
- 72% Seats

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Additional open space is required (5)
- No improvements required (4)
- Additional open space is required as a density increases (4)
- Open space is valued (4)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

# 7.2.4 Analysis of future change and open space needs

# 7.2.4a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

The table below shows the forecast residential population in Carlton North - Princes Hill. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the two open space sub-precincts of Carlton North and Princes Hill have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018). There is no worker population estimate available for this precinct.

The resident population is forecast to decline by 2 per cent with 167 less residents between 2016 and 2031. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the open space

needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe. The forecasts to 2041 show a 2 per cent increase.

Table 7.2-4 Resident population forecasts for Carlton North - Princes Hill open space subprecincts

SUBPRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Princes Hill	2,250	2,177	-73
% change Princes Hill			-3%
Carlton North	6,760	6,666	-94
% change Carlton North			-1%
Total Carlton North and Princes Hill	9,010	8,843	-167
Total % Change			-2%

# 7.2.4b Population change impacts on open space

The minor reduction in the quantity of people living and working in Carlton North - Princes Hill is not anticipated to have a noticeable impact on open space.

The forecast change in demographics is proportionally a slight increase in the percentage of lone person households and a slight decline in the proportion of couple families with dependents.

## 7.2.4c Where change will occur

The majority of Carlton North - Princes Hill is defined as Minimal Change in the *Yarra Housing Strategy*, 2018 (YHS, 2018), with small areas of incremental change along Nicholson Street and Rathdowne Street. Refer to Figures 7.2D and 7.2E below.

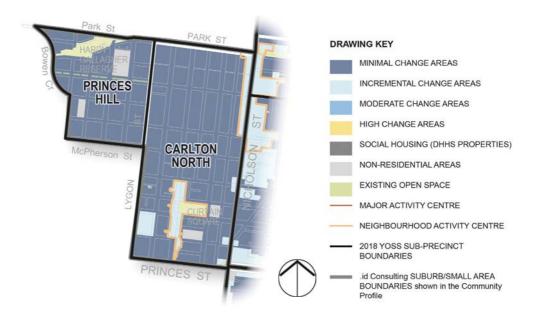


Figure 7.2D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

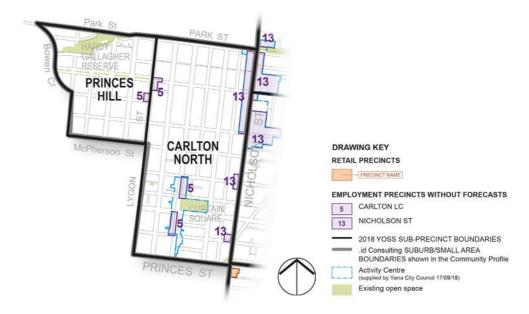


Figure 7.2E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

# 7.2.4d Open space distribution and future need in Carlton North - Princes Hill

Within Carlton North - Princes Hill the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space. The sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in Carlton North - Princes Hill to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside Carlton North - Princes Hill to visit open space, primarily to Edinburgh Gardens and Princes Park, mainly for walking, dog walking, exercise and relaxing. While this is the case, people are also visiting Curtain Square and to a lesser extent Hardy Gallagher Reserve, both of which are used for play and enjoying the space and because it is close to home. The high value placed on trees and the need to relax and unwind in the open space surveys supports the need to ensure that adequate areas of green open space with natural features are provided in Carlton North - Princes Hill.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Carlton North  Refer to Section 7.2.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 1 per cent decline in the resident population is forecast with a loss of 94 residents by 2031.</li> <li>The existing open space network is diverse with potential for minor improvements and provision of an additional Small Local open space to address the existing gap area shown in Figure 7.2C.</li> <li>Recommend a new Small Local open space central to the sub-precinct, as shown in Figure 7.2G. This is to provide an accessible and visible green open space, most likely achieved as part of a future road closure.</li> <li>Undertake minor upgrades to Curtain Square to review the resolve the dog off-lead area.</li> <li>Minor upgrades to Shakespeare Reserve to improve seating.</li> </ul>

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Princes Hill	A 3 per cent decline of 73 residents by 2031.
Refer to Section 7.2.2 for the	There are no gaps in the provision of open space in Princes
description of existing open	Hill.
space and character.	<ul> <li>Upgrade Hardy Gallagher Reserve including the playground and picnic/social facilities.</li> </ul>

# 7.2.5 Carlton North - Princes Hill Recommendations

# 7.2.5a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

The east-west linear open space provides excellent off-road shared trail connectivity to open space outside the precinct. Curtain Square and Hardy Gallagher Reserve provide neighbourhood level facilities for each sub-precinct and are supplemented by some Local and Small Local open spaces. The one gap in the open space network is proposed to be addressed with the provision of an additional Small Local open space.

#### Quality and design

There is potential to undertake some minor improvements to the quality of facilities in the existing open space network.

Refer to Figure 7.2F for the spatial location of recommendations for Carlton North - Princes Hill on the following page.

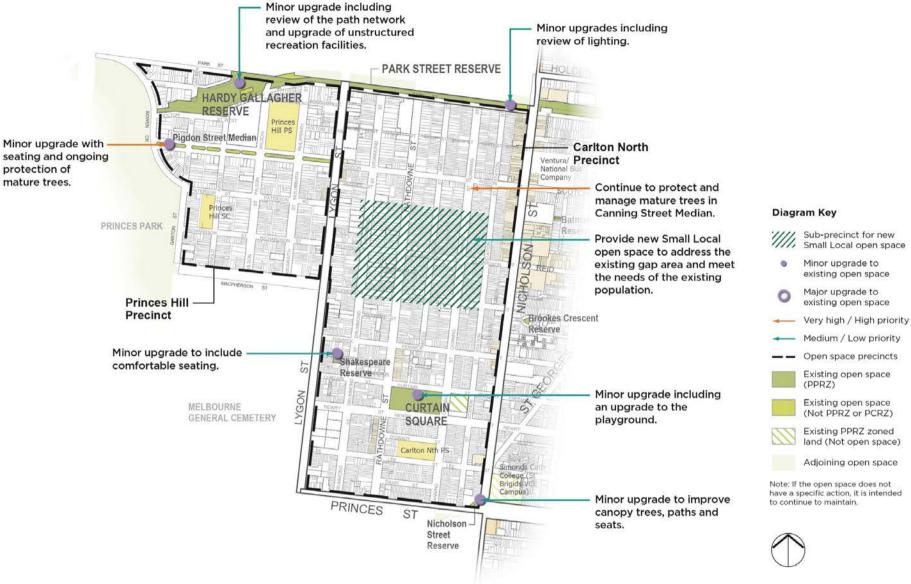


Figure 7.2F Recommendations for Carlton North - Princes Hill

# 7.2.5b Precinct Actions for Carlton North - Princes Hill

# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.2A-1	Provide a new Small Local open space in Carlton North to	YCC	Medium
	address the gap area for the existing population.		

# B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.2B-1	Canning Street Median	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to protect and manage the mature trees		
7.2B-2	Curtain Square	YCC	High
	Minor upgrade to Curtain Square including an upgrade to the existing playground.		
7.2B-3	Hardy Gallagher Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Undertake a minor upgrade to the reserve including review of the		
	existing path network, upgrade of unstructured recreation facilities		
	and signage regarding the proposed new urban agricultural facility at the Neighbourhood house.		
7.2B-4	Nicholson Street Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Minor upgrade to improve the overstorey canopy trees, path and seats.	DHHS	
7.2B-5	Park Street Reserve (Inner Circle Railway Parklands)	YCC	Low
	Review the Linear Park Masterplan and function of this site within the network and undertake minor upgrades including review of lighting.		
7.2B-6	Pigdon Street Median	YCC	High and
	Continue to protect and manage the mature trees and upgrade to include seating and associated park infrastructure including drinking fountain.		Ongoing
7.2B-7	Shakespeare Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Undertake a minor upgrade to improve the seating opportunities in this reserve.		



# 7.3 Central Richmond

### 7.3.1 Introduction

Central Richmond is bounded to the north by Bridge Road, to the south by Swan Street, the west by Punt Road and the east by the Yarra River (Birrarung). The ridgeline of Richmond Hill runs to the west of Church Street with the land falling away from the ridgeline to the south west and to the east towards the Yarra River.

The land use of Central Richmond is mixed with a combination of residential, business, commercial, retail, industrial use and open space. Bridge Road and Swan Street are major retail, commercial and business precincts in Central Richmond. The *Swan Street Structure Plan*, prepared in 2014, provides the direction for the future built form, building heights and public realm improvements. The study area includes the properties directly adjoining north side and south side of Swan Street and the Tanner Street Precinct as well. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct. The *Bridge Road Streetscape Masterplan*, adopted by Council in 2017 identifies streetscape improvement projects including identifying potential future public spaces along its spine. The *Swan Street Structure Plan* (2014) guides the future land use change and development within the study area which included Cremorne, South Richmond and Burnley as well.

The mixed land use means there is a significant worker population in Central Richmond which is about 20 per cent less than the resident population, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 13,888 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 9,820 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)

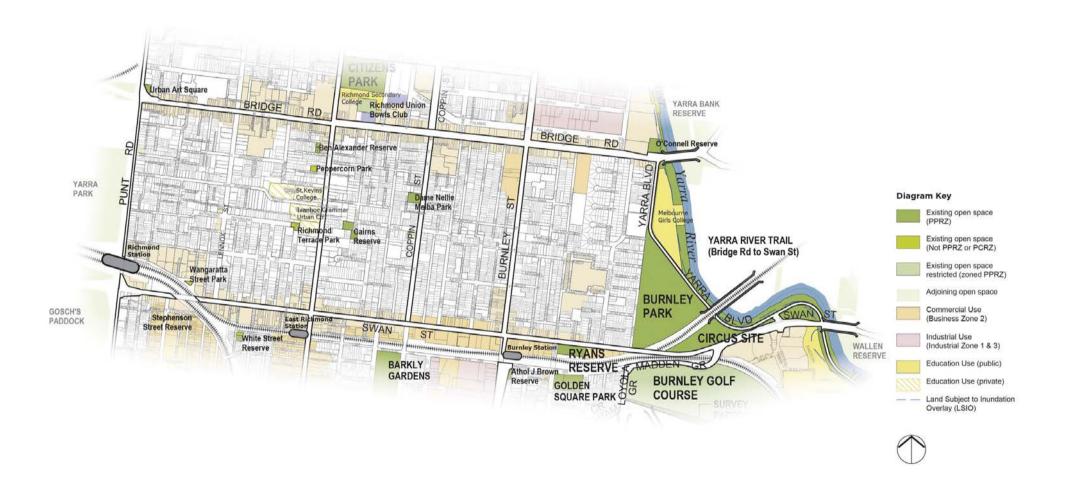


Figure 7.3A Existing open space in Central Richmond

# 7.3.2 Existing open space

# 7.3.2a Description

Church and Burnley Streets are major north south roads in Central Richmond and define three open space sub-precincts, Central Richmond A, B and C.

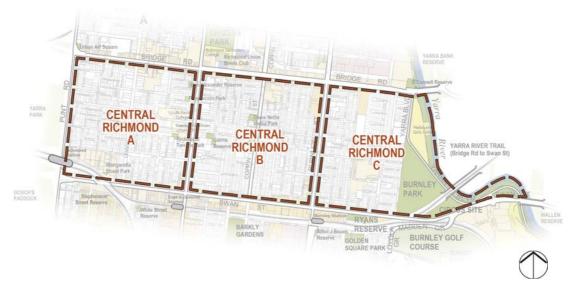


Figure 7.3B Open space sub-precincts for Central Richmond

#### **Central Richmond A**

- Open space sub-precinct Central Richmond A is located between Punt Road and Church Street, from Bridge Road in the north to Swan Street in the south.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Ben Alexander Reserve
  - Peppercorn Park
  - Richmond Terrace Park
  - Wangaratta Street Park
- Three of the four Small Local open spaces are located towards Church Street in the
  east, with Wangaratta Street Park located in the south west as part of the Tanner
  Street area. Therefore there are gaps in open space provision in this sub-precinct.
- Richmond Terrace Park is characterised as a public square with views, seating, barbecue and picnic facilities, Ben Alexander Reserve is predominantly for play, Peppercorn Park is botanical and seating and Wangaratta Street Park is characterised as a public square.
- Yarra Park adjoins Central Richmond A, located across Punt Road in the City of Melbourne. The open space survey outcomes identify that the worker community visit this open space. Yarra Park has a key role in the providing car parking for the MCG and other key sporting facilities in the precinct.
- The land use includes the major employment precinct associated with Swan Street near Richmond Station in the south west, business and retail in the north along Bridge Road and with the church and catholic school on the hill adjoining Church Street. The remainder is predominantly residential.

 The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies two moderate change areas associated with the Bridge Road, Swan Street and Tanner Street precincts. Incremental change is identified along Punt Road and the Church Street, and the remainder is minimal change.

#### **Central Richmond B**

- Open space sub-precinct North Richmond B is located between Church and Burnley Streets, north of Swan Street.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Cairns Reserve
  - Dame Nellie Melba Park
- Cairns Reserve is located on the eastern slope of Richmond Hill and affords great views to the north east and the Dandenong Ranges. The park has large open grassed terraces with space for informal ball games, seating and a medium sized playground. People use it as a local park for relaxing and enjoying the green space and ambience and to walk dogs.
- Dame Nellie Melba Park is characterised as Public garden and is used mainly for dog walking and enjoying the open space and garden character.
- The land use is predominantly residential with a combination of original Victorian and Edwardian dwellings combined with contemporary apartments of three levels and more. The commercial and business uses along Bridge Road, Swan Street and Burnley Streets means there is also an employment population in the precinct.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies the majority of the sub-precinct as Incremental Change with Moderate Change areas along Bridge Road, Swan Street and Burnley Street. The area on Richmond Hill in the south west part of the precinct is identified as a Minimal Change area, which is characterised by the larger original period dwellings.

#### Central Richmond C

- Open space sub-precinct Central Richmond C is located between Burnley Street and the Yarra River, north of Swan Street.
- · Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Burnley Park
  - Circus Site
  - Yarra River Trail (Bridge Rd to Swan St)
- Burnley Park is a Municipal open space and is characterised as heritage and sporting
  reserve with a range of unstructured recreational and informal uses. This includes a
  multi-purpose court, playground, picnic area and walking paths. The park was set
  aside as part of the larger Richmond Park and has Local Heritage Significance for
  both the Indigenous cultural heritage and non-Indigenous historical values of the park.
  heritage character, along with the significant trees the park contribute to its character
  and value.
- Located between the railway and the Swan Street, the Circus Site was part of the
  original larger Richmond Park land parcel set aside in the early 1800s by Hoddle. The
  site today is a Regional open space and classified and recognised for its cultural and
  natural heritage values including as an event space for the circus.

- The Yarra River Trail Place is a Regional open space that is characterised as linear and provides both the shared trail access, water based recreational access including rowing and kayaking and an important riparian biodiversity link along the Yarra River.
- Land use is in the process of changing to predominantly residential use with the
  conversion of some key non-residential sites including the former Channel 9 Studios.
  A combination of business and commercial use extends into the precinct form Swan
  and Bridge Roads.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a high change area associated with the development of the former Channel 9 Studios site, moderate change areas along Bridge Road and Swan Street, two minimal change areas and the remainder being incremental change.

## 7.3.2b Quantity of open space in Central Richmond

The nine existing open spaces in Central Richmond have a combined total of 23.46 hectares. This represents approximately 12 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 18 sqm of open space per person relative to residential population in 2016.

Table 7.3-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
2	Regional	6.87	29%
1	City wide	15.70	67%
0	Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
0	Small Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
2	Local	0.62	3%
4	Small Local	0.26	1%
9	TOTAL	23.46	100%

# 7.3.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The linear open space along the Yarra River is an important habitat and recreational corridor for wider Melbourne. This includes non-motorised water based recreation, cycling, walking, dog walking, exercising and relaxing. It is therefore designated as a Regional open space and is managed to protect and improve the habitat and recreational values. Access to the Yarra River itself, the bushland and natural qualities of this linear corridor are key reasons people visit this open space.

The heritage values, sporting facilities and unstructured recreation facilities at Burnley Park provide the context for the City-wide hierarchy and its heritage and sporting character classification. The reasons people visit this open space are diverse and this is reflected in the reasons people visit it. The Circus site, which is separated from Burnley Park by the railway, has multiple values including cultural heritage values, nature conservation and public parkland as a space that hosts the circus when it is in town. Without a Neighbourhood open space, Burnley Park and Citizens Park currently meet this need. The higher levels of use of the two Local open spaces within the precinct being Dame Nellie Melba Park and Cairns Reserve, combined with the forecast change

supports the reasons these two Local open spaces have the potential to be upgraded to include a more diverse range of facilities in them given their larger size when compared to the Small Local open spaces.

The four Small Local open spaces have different characters and form a highly valued part of the open space system of Central Richmond, particularly in sub-precinct A. The incremental change in urban densities in this precinct means these local open spaces also have the potential to play a greater role in urban greening and cooling.

Table 7.3-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Ben Alexander Reserve	0.08	Small Local	Play	Linking space, Seating/viewing
Burnley Park	15.70	City wide	Heritage	Sporting, Botanical, Public Garden
Caims Reserve	0.40	Local	Seating/viewing	Play
Circus Site	3.00	Regional	Heritage	Nature conservation, Public parkland
Dame Nellie Melba Memorial Park	0.22	Local	Public garden	Formal, Urban heat mitigation, Botanical
Peppercom Park	0.06	Small Local	Botanical	Seating/viewing
Richmond Terrace Park	0.07	Small Local	Public square	Seating/viewing, Linking space
Wangaratta Street Park	0.05	Small Local	Public square	
Yarra River Trail – Bridge Rd to Swan St	3.87	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
Total	23.46			

# 7.3.2d Distribution of open space in Central Richmond

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.3-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.3C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Central Richmond is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

For Central Richmond, the major gaps in the existing open space network occur between Punt Road and Lennox Street and between Coppin and Burnley Streets.



Figure 7.3C Gap analysis for Central Richmond

# 7.3.3 How residents use open space

A total of 172 resident surveys were received from the Central Richmond. Please note that in addition to these, 113 surveys were also completed by workers in Richmond, near the Epworth Hospital and Bridge Road. A summary of the results of the worker survey is included in the next section 7.3.4.

The 172 resident surveys completed for Central Richmond represents 14 per cent of the total surveys received. The .id Community Profile indicates that 15 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in Central Richmond.

Table 7.3-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	ing distance	
110	Citizens Park	<ul> <li>Dog walking (17)</li> <li>Playgrounds (16)</li> <li>Play (15)</li> <li>Sport – organised junior football incl. Auskick (12)</li> <li>Exercising (11)</li> <li>Walking (11)</li> <li>Gleadell Street Market (10)</li> <li>Social - meeting friends (8)</li> <li>Close to home (7)</li> <li>Relaxing (7)</li> <li>Sport - structured/organised (7)</li> <li>Sport - spectating (6)</li> <li>Sport - football (6)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clubrooms require upgrade (15)</li> <li>Sports facilities for girls required (12)</li> <li>Regular cleaning of dog offleash areas required (10)</li> <li>No improvements required (10)</li> <li>Upgrade the playground (10)</li> </ul>
42	Barkly Gardens	<ul> <li>Playgrounds (9)</li> <li>Dog walking (8)</li> <li>Social - meetings friends (6)</li> <li>Close to home (4)</li> <li>Exercising (4)</li> <li>Play - children (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Public toilets require upgrade(4)</li> <li>Public toilets require cleaning (4)</li> <li>Additional public toilets required (3)</li> <li>No improvements (3)</li> </ul>
28	Burnley Park	<ul> <li>Dog walking (9)</li> <li>Playground (4)</li> <li>Walking (4)</li> <li>Basketball court (3)</li> <li>Picnics including BBQs (3)</li> <li>Relaxing (3)</li> <li>Social – meeting friends (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improve the caretakers cottage (3)</li> <li>More exercise equipment (2)</li> <li>More seating (2)</li> <li>More basketball courts (2)</li> </ul>
22	Yarra River Corridor	<ul> <li>Walking (9)</li> <li>Exercising (6)</li> <li>Cycling (3)</li> <li>Dog walking (3)</li> <li>Natural character (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More drinking fountains (3)</li> <li>Widen the paths (2)</li> <li>More seating (2)</li> <li>Access ramp required at Collins Bridge (2)</li> </ul>

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space beyond wa	lking distance	
23	Royal Botanical Gardens	<ul><li> Gardens (6)</li><li> Picnics (4)</li><li> Relaxing (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(4)</li> </ul>
15	Barkly Gardens	<ul><li>Playground (7)</li><li>Social – meeting friends (3)</li><li>Walking (c)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>Shade for picnic facilities (3)</li> <li>Upgrade public toilets (3)</li> </ul>
14	Burnley Park	<ul><li>Dog walking (5)</li><li>Exercising (3)</li><li>Social - meeting friends (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(4)</li> </ul>
14	Citizens Park	<ul><li>Social - meeting friends (2)</li><li>Sport - girls organised sport (2)</li></ul>	• Improve sporting facilities for girls (2)
13	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	<ul><li>Sport - football (3)</li><li>Exercising (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Clubrooms require upgrade (2)</li> <li>Sporting facilities require upgrade (2)</li> </ul>

### Values of open space (top five)

- 67% Trees
- 63% A place to relax and unwind
- 57% The feeling of space
- 56% Just being outside
- 53% An escape from the built environment

#### Types of open space used (top five)

- 92% Open space along Yarra River
- 85% Small local parks
- 83% Large parks and gardens and 83% Local streets for exercise
- 81% Large sporting reserves
- 54% Urban squares

### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 83% Open grassed areas
- 82% Walking paths
- 76% Drinking fountains
- 73% Seats
- 64% Cycle paths

### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increase and the less private open space (17)
- Prioritise sport for children's health (8)
- Additional open space is required for junior sport (5)
- Open space retain what we have (4)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

# 7.3.4 How existing workers use open space

113 workers were surveyed in the Epworth Hospital and Bridge Road area about open space.

#### Frequency of use of open space near the workplace

• 88 per cent of those surveyed visit open space near their workplace with 53 per cent of them nominated they visit open space frequently.

#### Reasons to visit open space near the workplace

The three top reasons workers visit open space near their place are:

- 66% to be outdoors as a break from work
- 42% to socialise / meet colleagues / friends
- 19% to eat lunch

### Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name
15	Fitzroy Gardens
13	Royal Botanic Gardens
11	Parks
10	Citizens Park
8	Barkly Gardens
8	Yarra Park

## Suggestions for improvements to the open space network

The following list is the comments made by 4 or more people:

- Additional open space required (15)
- No improvements required to open space (9)
- Additional car parking required (5)
- Public toilets additional required (4)

# 7.3.5 Analysis of future change and open space needs

### 7.3.5a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

The table below shows the forecast population growth for the residential and worker populations in Central Richmond. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the three open space sub-precincts within Central Richmond have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth is moderate with an overall change in residential population of 24 per cent or an additional 3,381 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is estimated to increase by approximately 30 per cent, with an additional 3,036 additional workers between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there is still additional capacity for growth beyond 2031 in Central Richmond. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe.

Table 7.3-4 Resident population forecasts for Central Richmond open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Central Richmond A	4,722	5,935	1,213
% change Central Richmond A			26%
Central Richmond B	5,581	6,561	980
% change Central Richmond B			18%
Central Richmond C	3,585	4,773	1,188
% change Central Richmond C			33%
Total Central Richmond	13,888	17,269	3,381
Total % Change			24%

Table 7.3-5 Worker population estimates for Central Richmond open space sub-precincts

The worker population growth is moderate with an overall change in worker population of 30 per cent or an additional 3,036 workers between 2016 and 2031. The change is greatest in sub-precincts Central Richmond A and B.

EMPLOYMENT/ RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
Central Richmond A				
Bridge Road Retail Precinct	3,907	4,925	1,018	26%
Swan Street Retail Precinct	1,302	1,862	560	43%
Total estimated working population Central Richmond A	5, 209	6,787	1,578	30%
Central Richmond B				
Bridge Road Retail Precinct	3,907	4,925	1,018	26%
Swan Street Retail Precinct	767	1,097	330	43%
Total estimated working population Central Richmond B	4,674	6,022	1,348	29%
Central Richmond C				
Bridge Road Retail Precinct	0	0	0	0%
Swan Street Retail Precinct	256	366	110	43%
Total estimated working population Central Richmond C	256	366	110	43%
Retail and employment precinct totals				
Bridge Road Retail Precinct	7,814	9,850	2,036	26%
Swan Street Retail Precinct	2,326	3,325	1,000	43%
Total estimated working population Central Richmond	10,140	13,176	3,036	30%

### 7.3.5b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in Central Richmond will place increased pressures and demands on the existing open space. The pressures will include increased volumes of people in the open space utilising the facilities, leading to overcrowding, lack of access to the facilities due to increased numbers of people using them and deterioration in the quality of natural features such as grass areas due to compaction from increased use.

### 7.3.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident and worker population increase in Central Richmond will be concentrated in the Bridge Road and Victoria Street Retail Precincts in Central Richmond A and B, and the former Channel 9 Studios in Central Richmond C. Refer to Figures 7.3D and 7.3E below.

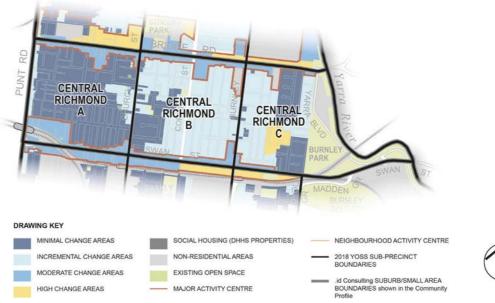


Figure 7.3D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

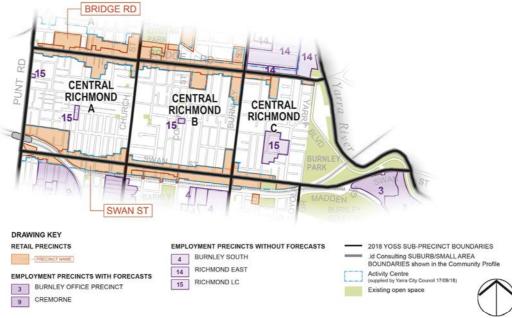


Figure 7.3E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

### 7.3.5d Open space distribution and future need in Central Richmond

Within Central Richmond the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space. These sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in Central Richmond to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside Central Richmond to visit open space, primarily for sport and the beauty and diversity of character in the large public gardens. The key open spaces include Citizens Park, the Royal Botanic Gardens and Kevin Bartlett Reserve. The high value placed on the need to relax and unwind in the open space surveys supports the need to ensure that adequate areas of green open space with natural features are provided in Central Richmond.

#### **Sub-precinct**

#### **Conclusions**

#### **Central Richmond A**

Located between Punt Road and Church Street, from Bridge Road in the north to Swan Street in the South. Refer to Section 7.3.2 for the description of existing open space and character.

- A 26 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,213 residents by 2031.
- A 30 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 1,578 workers by 2031.
- Combined, this represents an additional 2,791 people living and working in the precinct by 2031, compared to a combined estimated existing population of 9,752 in 2016, representing a 29 per cent increase.
- The existing open space network includes a series of Small Local open spaces with a diversity of character and facilities. Given they are all small spaces, none currently provide facilities for unstructured recreation.
- There is potential to improve and expand Wangaratta Street Park.
- There is a gap in open space provision in the western part of Central Richmond A and a gap in the provision of a larger open space that offers an opportunity for active unstructured recreational facilities.
- Recommend a new Local open space located in the northwest of the sub-precinct, as shown in Figure 7.3F to address the existing gap area. The new open space will be large enough to provide some unstructured active recreational activities, for example fitness stations and/or multi-use courts/spaces that encourage physical activity for a diverse range of ages.
- Upgrade and expand the size of Wangaratta Street Park and redesign to include significant urban greening and moisture absorbing surfaces to contribute to urban cooling and assist mitigate urban heat island effect.

### **Central Richmond B**

Located between Church and Burnley Streets, between Bridge Road and Swan Street. Refer to Section 7.3.2 for the description of existing open space and character.

- A 18 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 980 residents by 2031.
- A 29 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 1,348 workers by 2031.
- Combined this represents an additional 2,328 people living and working in the precinct by 2031, compared to a combined estimated existing population of 10,150 in 2016, representing a 23 per cent increase.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
	<ul> <li>There are gaps in the provision of open space east of Burnley Street. Therefore it is recommended that two additional Small Local open spaces or one larger Local open space is provided in the north and south of this subprecinct. This will provide new open space for the existing and estimated future worker and resident population in close proximity to the Bridge Road Activity Centre and the Swan Street retail strip.</li> <li>Continue to undertake minor upgrades to Cairns Reserve and Dame Nellie Melba Park. to adapt and cater to the increasement forecast increased population.</li> </ul>
Central Richmond C  Located between Burnley Street and the Yarra River and Bridge Road and Swan Street. Refer to Section 7.3.2 for the description of existing open space and character	<ul> <li>A 33 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,188 residents by 2031.</li> <li>A 43 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 110 workers by 2031.</li> <li>Combined, this represents an additional 1,298 people living and working in the precinct by 2031, compared to a combined estimated existing population of 3,806 in 2016, representing a 34 per cent increase.</li> <li>While there are no gaps in the provision of open space there will be an increase particularly in the resident population in the sub-precinct, particularly around the former Channel 9 Studios site.</li> <li>Therefore it is recommended that Burnley Park receives continued levels of improvement and maintenance levels to cater to the expanded population in the park.</li> </ul>

## 7.3.6 Central Richmond Recommendations

# 7.3.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Burnley Park, the Circus Site and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute significantly to the open space character of Central Richmond, however these are all located in the east of the precinct. More than 6,000 additional people are forecast to be living and working in the precinct, particularly to the western end of the precinct by 2031. There is a need to provide new Local and Small Local open spaces to cater primarily to the forecast population and better meet the open space needs of the existing population. The new open space will assist to diversify the active unstructured recreational activities in the west and assist to mitigate urban heat, provide increased urban greening and open space within a safe and easy walk of residents and workers as urban densities continue to increase in the future.

#### **Quality and design**

There is potential to diversify the recreational facilities in the western part of Central Richmond. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.

Refer to Figure 7.3F for the spatial location of recommendations for Central Richmond.

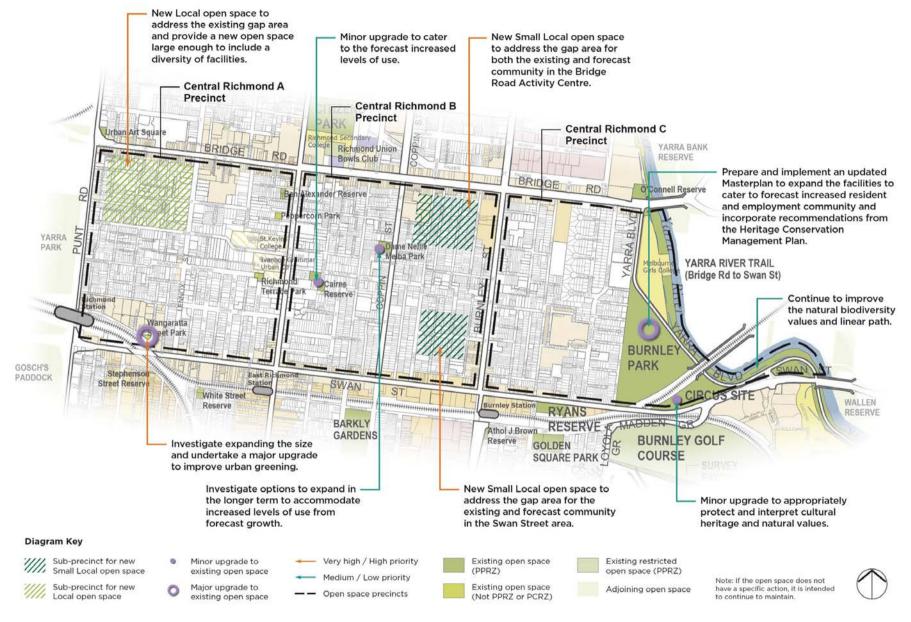


Figure 7.3F Recommendations for Central Richmond

# 7.3.6b Precinct Actions for Central Richmond

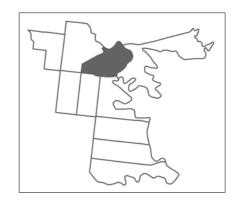
# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.3A-1	Provide a new Local open space in the north west of Central Richmond A as shown in Figure 7.3F for both the existing and forecast new population. The new Local open space will need to include the provision of space and facilities for unstructured active recreational uses given these are not currently well provided for in Central Richmond.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.3A-2	Provide a new Small Local open space in the north east part of Central Richmond B as shown in Figure 7.3F for both the existing and future population. The location is to be accessible via the local street network and preferably improve east-west connectivity.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.3A-3	Provide a new Small Local open space in the north east part of Central Richmond B as shown in Figure 7.3F for both the existing and future population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.3A-4	Investigate options to expand the size of Dame Nellie Melba Park in the longer term to increase the capacity of the open space to accommodate increased levels of use as a result of forecast growth.	YCC Developer	Low

# B Existing open space

ction	Respons- ibility	Priority
en Alexander Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
continue to maintain.		
urnley Park	YCC	Medium
repare a revised Landscape Masterplan that incorporates the		
ecommendations from the 2007 CMP, investigates viable future		
acilities to the accommodate the increased levels of use. This is		
rimarily for the forecast new population.		
airns Reserve	YCC	Medium
ndertake minor upgrades to adapt and cater to increased levels		
f use from the forecast population. This includes investigating the		
	YCC	Ongoing
•		
om damage.		
in the second of	continue to maintain.  Turnley Park  Trepare a revised Landscape Masterplan that incorporates the accommendations from the 2007 CMP, investigates viable future sees of the cottage and responds to the heritage and historical alues of the park. The design will need to cater to the forecast ew population needs including increasing the capacity of the cilities to the accommodate the increased levels of use. This is rimarily for the forecast new population.  This is rimarily for the forecast new population.  This includes investigating the rovision of a barbecue and picnic facility along facilities that incourage active unstructured recreation.  This includes investigating the rovision of a barbecue and picnic facility along facilities that incourage active unstructured recreation.  The first state of the site on time to manage this reserve for hosting major events with approved management guidelines to adequately protect the site	continue to maintain.  Turnley Park  Trepare a revised Landscape Masterplan that incorporates the recommendations from the 2007 CMP, investigates viable future ses of the cottage and responds to the heritage and historical falues of the park. The design will need to cater to the forecast ew population needs including increasing the capacity of the cilities to the accommodate the increased levels of use. This is rimarily for the forecast new population.  This includes investigating the revision of a barbecue and picnic facility along facilities that incourage active unstructured recreation.  The design will need to cater to the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast new population.  This includes investigating the revision of a barbecue and picnic facility along facilities that incourage active unstructured recreation.  The design will need to cater to the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast new population.  This includes investigating the revision of a barbecue and picnic facility along facilities that incourage active unstructured recreation.  The design will need to cater to the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast new population.  This includes investigating the revision of a barbecue and picnic facility along facilities that incourage active unstructured recreation.  The design will need to cater to the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast population.  The design will need to cater to the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast population.  The design will need to cater to the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for the forecast expendence of use. This is rimarily for

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.3B-5	Dame Nellie Melba Park  Undertake minor upgrades to adapt and cater to increase levels of use from the forecast population. Facilities to promote informal use of this reserve including barbecue and picnic facilities to complement the facilities provided in Cairns Reserve, which is nearby. Refer to the Action 7.3A-5 regarding the longer term aim to investigate opportunities to expand the size of the open space to improve its function and use primarily for the forecast population.	YCC	Low
7.3B-6	Peppercorn Park Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.3B-7	Richmond Terrace Park Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.3B-8	Wangaratta Street Park  Prepare a Concept Plan to guide the future expansion and upgrade of Wangaratta Street Park. This includes:  Investigating additional road closure to expand the size of the open space.  Increase the urban greening and cooling character of this open space including additional moisture absorbing surfaces, garden beds, trees and turf.	YCC	High
7.3B-9	Yarra River Trail – Bridge Rd to Swan St  Continue to undertake improvements as required to the natural biodiversity values and linear path consistent with the cultural and natural values of the river corridor.	YCC	Ongoing



# 7.4 Clifton Hill

### 7.4.1 Introduction

Merri Creek defines the eastern extent of Clifton Hill, with Queens Parade to the north west and the Alexandra Parade to the south. The land form is relatively flat and grades down towards Merri Creek.

The land use has historically been primarily residential, with non-residential use located along Hoddle Street, Queens Parade and Alexandra Parade/Eastern Freeway. A range of large strategic sites have progressively been redeveloped over recent years to medium density mixed use. A core area of non-residential use is to be retained between the railway and Hoddle Street south of Clifton Hill Station along with some near the corner of Smith Street and Alexandra Parade. The other types of land use include the Clifton Hill and Spensley Street Primary Schools and open space. The existing open space network significantly contributes to the precinct character, with Darling Gardens and Mayors Park west of Hoddle Street and the Merri Creek open space corridor on the eastern boundary of the precinct.

With the predominantly residential land use in the precinct the resident population is greater than the worker population in Clifton Hill, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 6,792 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 920 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)

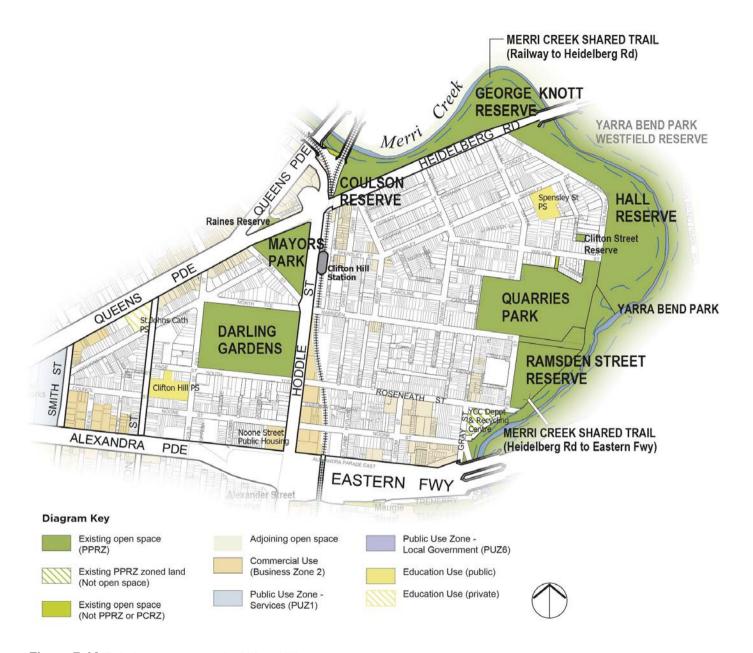


Figure 7.4A Existing open space in Clifton Hill

# 7.4.2 Existing open space

### 7.4.2a Open space precinct description

Hoddle Street forms a major physical barrier to easy and safe access to open space in Clifton Hill, and defines the two open space sub-precincts, Clifton Hill A and B, as shown in Figure 7.4B below.



Figure 7.4B Open space sub-precincts for Clifton Hill

#### **Clifton Hill A**

- Open space sub-precinct Clifton Hill A is located between Smith Street, Hoddle Street,
   Queens Parade in the north and Alexandra Parade in the south.
- · Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Darling Gardens
  - Mayors Park
- Darling Gardens is one of Melbourne's signature Victorian Gardens and is identified
  as locally significant as an early and important recreation facility within Clifton Hill and
  Collingwood. Of note are the mature deciduous trees including two recorded by the
  National Trust of Victoria. The Darling Gardens Masterplan (2015) guides the future
  upgrades to the gardens.
- Mayors Park located north of Darling Gardens complements it by providing structured sport and recreation facilities including the Collingwood Leisure Centre and the Mayors Park tennis and netball courts. Other facilities include a playground, open grassed area, paths and planting.
- Other major land use in this precinct includes the Clifton Hill Primary School and the non-residential uses to the south along Alexandra Parade.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies two Moderate Change areas. One is in the south-east adjoining Alexandra Parade between Wellington and Hoddle Streets.
   The second is the land adjoining Queens Parade. The balance of the precinct is identified as minimal change and non-residential use as shown in Figure 7.4D.

#### Clifton Hill B

- Open space sub-precinct Clifton Hill B is located between Hoddle Street and the Merri Creek with the Eastern Freeway to the south.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Clifton Street Reserve
  - Coulson Reserve
  - Hall Reserve
  - Quarries Park
  - Ramsden Street Reserve
  - Merri Creek Shared Trail (Heidelberg Road to the Eastern Freeway)
  - Merri Creek Shared Trail (Railway to Heidelberg Road)
- The majority of the open space reserves are located along Merri Creek and adjoin each other. The only open space located away from the continuous open space corridor along the creek is Clifton Street Reserve.
- Coulson Reserve and George Knott Reserve are primarily for structured sporting purposes with the Merri Creek Shared Trail located through and adjoining them.
   Located north of Heidelberg Road, they are not easily accessible from within the precinct and can only be accessed via the Merri Creek Trail shared trail crossing at Heidelberg Road.
- Hall Reserve is primarily for unstructured recreational use with two playgrounds and path connections down to the Merri Creek Trail, which directly adjoins the reserve. It has a natural bushland character.
- Quarries Park contains both structured sporting facilities and large regional play space, while Ramsden Street Reserve is primarily for structured sport.
- Merri Creek Shard Trail is continuous along this reserve adjacent to the creek and joins the Main Yarra Trail at Dights Falls at the confluence of the waterways in Abbotsford.
- The land use is predominantly standard and medium density residential with the area of non-residential use between the railway and Hoddle Street. Other land use includes the Spensley Street Primary School and open space.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a few Incremental Change areas but is predominantly Minimal Change, as shown in Figure 7.4D.

# 7.4.2b Quantity of open space in Clifton Hill

The 9 existing open spaces in Clifton Hill have a combined total area of 41.18 hectares. This represents approximately 24.6 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. Additionally there is one existing restricted open space, being George Knott Reserve, which is 2.35 hectares in size. Adding the restricted open space to the other 9 open spaces results in a total of 43.53 hectares and represents 26 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 65 sqm of open space per person relative to residential population in 2016 (excluding restricted open space).

Table 7.4-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
3	Regional	18.74	46%
5	City wide	22.37	54%
0	Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
0	Small Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
0	Local	0.00	0%
1	Small Local	0.07	0%
9	TOTAL	41.18	100%

### 7.4.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The linear open space along Merri Creek is an important habitat and recreational corridor for wider Melbourne. Downstream of Heidelberg Road it feels more spacious given the extensive Yarra Bend Park adjoins the eastern side of Merri Creek. For this reason, Hall Reserve adjoining the Merri Creek Trail reserves has been identified as Regional open space. Quarries Park has a natural bushland character towards the creek and the major play space including picnic and skate facility, along with the sports field for soccer including the pavilion in the western part of the park. The southern end of Hall Reserve also has a second soccer pitch. Quarries Park is classified as a City-wide open space. Similarly, Ramsden Street Reserve with the outdoor sports fields including a full sized AFL oval that is used for cricket and football.

In contrast to the natural bushland character and setting for the open space reserves along the Merri Creek Darling Gardens provides an established Victorian exotic public garden character. It is the most popular open space in the resident open space survey with more than 60 per cent of respondents indicating that they visit it. Mayors Park on the other hand is identified as being not well used in the open space survey. This may in part be due to its smaller size and close proximity to Darling Gardens.

As a point of different from other precincts in the City of Yarra, there are no Local open spaces and only one Small Local open space being Clifton Street Reserve located in the heart of the residential area between Walker and Spensley Streets. It is not specifically nominated in the resident open space survey and provides a green open grassed area with trees and a couple of picnic tables.

Table 7.4-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification	
Clifton Street Reserve	0.07	Small Local	Informal	Urban heat mitigation	
Coulson Reserve	1.03	City-wide	Sporting	Waterway, Botanical	
Darling Gardens	7.24	City-wide	Heritage	Public gaden, Botanical	
Hall Reserve	11.02	Regional	Linear	Sporting, Heritage, Native bushland, Nature conservation, Play	
Mayors Park	2.46	City-wide	Sporting	Restricted sport and recreation, Public garden	
Quarries Park	8.33	City-wide	Sporting	Linear, Play, Native bushland, Nature conservation, Seating/viewing	
Ramsden Street Reserve	3.32	City-wide	Sporting	Waterway, Nature conservation	
Merri Creek Shared Trail (Heidelberg Rd to Eastern Freeway)	3.98	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation	
Merri Creek Shared Trail (Railway to Heidelberg Road	3.73	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation	
Total	41.18				
Restricted open space					
George Knott Reserve	2.35	City-wide	Restricted sport and recreation	Waterway	
Total including restricted open space	43.5286				

### 7.4.2d Distribution of open space in Clifton Hill

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate hierarchy as shown in Table 7.4-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.4C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Clifton Hill is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

Clifton Hill has no major gaps in the existing open space network, the only gap being the area between the railway and Hoddle Street. Given that people working in this precinct can access open space via the local street network, this is not identified as a high priority to address. While no major redevelopment is planned, if the urban densities were to increase in the future between the railway and Hoddle Street, additional Small Local open space may be required to be provided.

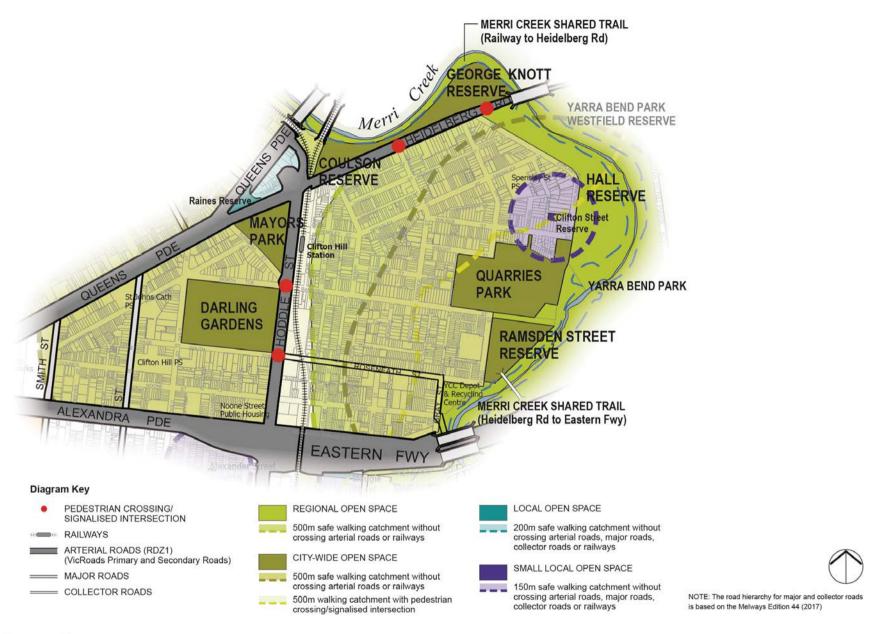


Figure 7.4C Gap analysis for Clifton Hill

# 7.4.3 How residents use open space

A total of 68 resident surveys were received from Clifton Hill, which represents approximately 5 per cent of the total resident surveys received. The .id Community Profile identifies that 7 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in Clifton Hill.

Clifton Hill is well provided for with open space and this is reflected in the responses to the survey in this precinct. There is an appreciation of the bushland qualities of open space given the proximity to Merri Creek and while it is appreciated the most frequently visited open space is Darling Gardens, primarily for play, dog walking and meeting people. In relation to facility provision in open space, respondents have requested additional facilities including shelters and seats. Overall the use of open grassed areas, walking paths and seats is higher than the Municipal average and they value the trees and request more in the streetscapes and open space. Dogs and children are integral to the respondents lives as is enjoying a picnic, playing sport and exercising outdoors.

 Table 7.2-3
 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements		
Open	space within walk	ting distance			
43	Darling Gardens	<ul> <li>Playground (14)</li> <li>Dog walking (9)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (6)</li> <li>Convenient / on the way (5)</li> <li>Picnics (5)</li> <li>Close to home (4)</li> <li>Trees (4)</li> <li>Walking (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (5)</li> <li>Fence the playgrounds (3)</li> <li>Additional lighting required (3)</li> <li>Improvements are appreciated (2)</li> </ul>		
22	Quarries Park	<ul> <li>Dog walking (9)</li> <li>Playground (78)</li> <li>Exercising (5)</li> <li>BBQ facilities (2)</li> <li>Walking (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More BBQs required (3)</li> <li>More bins required (2)</li> <li>Dog drinking facilities required (2)</li> <li>Additional lighting required (2)</li> </ul>		
19	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Dog walking (17)</li> <li>Exercising (4)</li> <li>Picnics (4)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (4)</li> <li>Relaxing (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>More bins required (1)</li> </ul>		
7	Yarra Bend Park	<ul><li>Dog walking (3)</li><li>Exercising (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Additional dog poo bags and bins required (3)</li> <li>Cyclists to go slower through the park (1)</li> </ul>		
Open space beyond walking distance					
10	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Picnics (4)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (3)</li> <li>Diverse activities (2)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>No improvements required (1)</li></ul>		

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
5	Fairfield Park	Socialising with friends/family (2)	<ul> <li>Sport clubrooms need upgrading (2)</li> <li>Open space needs to be upgraded (1)</li> </ul>
4	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	<ul> <li>Entertainment for adults and children (2)</li> </ul>	Additional exercise equipment required (1)
4	Yarra Bend Park	<ul> <li>Natural character of the open space (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Additional playgrounds required (1)</li> </ul>

### Values of open space (top five)

- 79% Trees
- 78% Place to relax and unwind
- 68% An escape from the built environment
- 66% The feeling of space
- 53% Just being outside

#### Types of open space used (top five)

- 97% Open space along Yarra River, 97% Large parks and gardens
- 93% Open space along the Merri Creek
- 82% Large sporting reserves
- 81% Small local parks, 81% Local streets for exercise
- 54% medium sized parks

#### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 90% Open grassed areas
- 87% Walking paths
- 77% Seats
- 74% Drinking fountains
- 62% Cycle paths

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Open space is valued (6)
- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increases (4)
- Council is doing a good job with the overall strategy (5)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

# 7.4.4 Analysis of future change and open space needs

# 7.4.4a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

The table below shows the forecast population growth for the residential and worker populations in Clifton Hill. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the three open space sub-precincts within Clifton Hill have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth is minor with an overall change in residential population of 9 per cent comprising an additional 640 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is forecast to increase by approximately 37 per cent, with an additional 345 workers between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there is still additional capacity for growth beyond 2031 in Clifton Hill. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe.

Table 7.4-4 Resident population forecasts for Clifton Hill open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Clifton Hill A	1,675	1,987	312
% change Clifton Hill A			19%
Clifton Hill B	5,117	5,445	328
% change Clifton Hill B			6%
Total Clifton Hill	6,792	7,432	640
Total % Change			9%

Table 7.4-5 Worker population estimates for Clifton Hill open space sub-precincts

EMPLOYMENT/RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
Clifton Hill A				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	386	566	180	46%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	119	156	37	31%
Total estimated worker population Clifton Hill	505	722	216	43%
Clifton Hill B				
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	416	545	129	31%
Total estimated worker population Clifton Hill	416	545	129	31%
Retail and employment precinct totals				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	386	566	180	46%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	535	700	166	31%
Total estimated worker population Clifton Hill	921	1,266	345	37%

## 7.4.4b Population change impacts on open space

The additional numbers of people living and working in Clifton Hill are anticipated to be accommodated within the existing open space network. This is due the lower numbers of people compared with the quantity and distribution of open space, combined with the location of anticipated forecast change.

The most populous age range is the 25 to 49 age range followed by 60 to 69 age range. In the future, there is forecast to be a slight decline in the 25 to 49 age range and increases in the 70+ age range and the 12 to 24 age range as well. The suggests a reduction in young families and an increase in the ageing population. Lone person households are the most numerous and this is forecast to increase through to 2031. These forecast changes mean there needs to be an emphasis on catering to all age groups in open space design with a focus on social facilities given the high proportion of people living in lone person households.

# 7.4.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident population increase in Clifton Hill will be concentrated west of Hoddle Street in open space precinct Clifton Hill A in areas along Queens Parade and Alexandra Parade. The employment population is forecast to be located in the Hoddle Street and Queens Parade and across open space precincts Clifton Hill A and B. Refer Figures 7.4D and 7.4E below for the spatial distribution of forecast change.



Figure 7.4D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

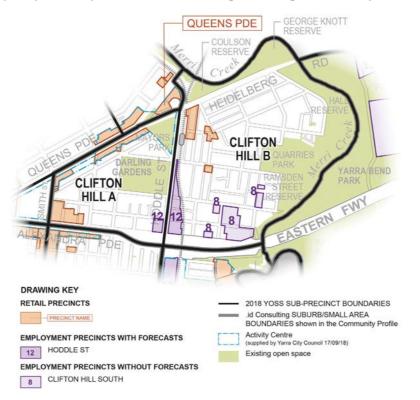


Figure 7.4E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

# 7.4.5d Open space distribution and future need in Clifton Hill

In Clifton Hill Hoddle Street and the railway form the main north south barriers to safe and easy walking access to open space. Therefore Clifton Hill has been divided into two main open space precincts, Clifton Hill A and B.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Clifton Hill A  Refer to Section 7.4.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 19 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 312 residents by 2031.</li> <li>A 43 per cent increase in the worker population is forecast with an additional 216 workers by 2031.</li> <li>The existing open space network is diverse in character and has capacity to accommodate increased levels of use within it, particularly with the proposed improvements in the Darling Gardens Masterplan.</li> <li>Recommend continued implementation of the Darling Gardens Masterplan as a priority to meet the increased levels of use from the forecast worker and resident population in this sub-precinct.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>In the longer term, review the future opportunities to improve facilities and character in Mayors Park, given the relatively low levels of use. Improvements to the character and facilities will primarily be for the forecast resident and worker population.</li> </ul>
Clifton Hill B Refer to Section 7.4.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 6 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 328 residents by 2031.</li> <li>A 31% increase in the worker population is forecast with an additional 129 workers by 2031.</li> <li>With the relatively low levels of forecast worker population increase in this precinct, it is not necessary at this stage to provide additional open space for the worker population between Hoddle Street and the railway. However, change in this location will need to be monitored, and if more than 300 additional workers or residents are proposed in the gap area, then an additional Small Local open space would be required.</li> <li>Undertake minor upgrades to Quarries Park to improve passive surveillance and the natural conservation values. In the medium term improve the condition of the play space and picnic facilities.</li> <li>Undertake minor upgrades to Hall Reserve to improve the social facilities in it including seating and picnic and barbecue facilities to accommodate increased levels of use.</li> <li>Continue to maintain the other open space reserves.</li> </ul>

## 7.4.6 Clifton Hill Recommendations

# 7.4.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Clifton Hill is well provided for with open space, with only one small gap area between Hoddle Street and the railway. Additional open space would only be required if the population in the non-residential areas was to substantially increase in the future.

#### **Quality and design**

There is a need to improve the diversity of facilities that appeal to a range of age groups, particularly the older age groups who are forecast to grow over the planning period. Additionally, the open space designs need to encourage social activity in open space with the forecast increase in lone person households.

Refer to Figure 7.4F for the spatial location of recommendations for Clifton Hill.

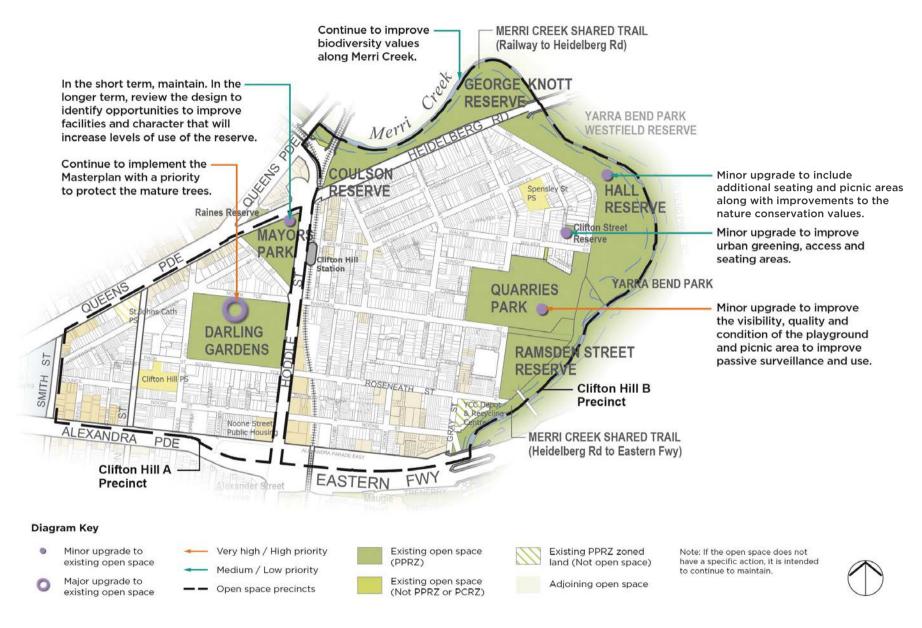


Figure 7.4F Recommendations for Clifton Hill

# 7.4.6b Precinct Actions for Clifton Hill

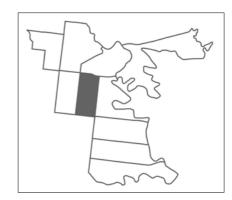
# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.4A-1	If substantial change occurs in the future between Hoddle Street and the Railway there is potential that a new Small Local open space may be required subject to an open space needs assessment. This would only be required if there is a change to the forecast growth and is not included in the contribution rate calculation and is not included on Figure 7.4F.	YCC	N/A

# B Existing open space

No.	Action	Responsibil ity	Priority
7.4B-1	Clifton Street Reserve	YCC	Low
	Undertake a minor upgrade to improve the design of this space including paths, social meeting areas and improved greening. This is primarily for the existing population.		
7.4B-2	Coulson Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.4B-3	Darling Gardens	YCC	High
	Continue to implement the Darling Gardens Masterplan, with priority given to the protection and care of the mature canopy trees, improving the quality and condition of the open grassed areas.		
7.4B-4	George Knott Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.4B-5	Hall Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Undertake minor upgrade to Hall Reserve to provide additional seating and picnic areas within the reserve given its size. This includes retaining the sports training facilities and areas already established in the reserve. The upgrades will cater to both the forecast increased workers and residents and the existing population.		
7.4B-6	Mayors Park	YCC	Low
	In the short term continue to maintain. In the longer term review the design of this open space to identify opportunities to improve its level of use and complement the facilities and character of the nearby Darling Gardens. This will cater to both the forecast and existing population.		
7.4B-7	Merri Creek Shared Trail (Railway to Heidelberg Rd)	PV	Ongoing
	Continue to improve the biodiversity values.		
7.4B-8	Merri Creek Shared Trail (Heidelberg Road to Eastern Freeway)	PV	Ongoing
	Continue to improve the biodiversity values.		

No.	Action	Responsibil ity	Priority
7.4B-9	Quarries Park	YCC	High
	Undertake minor upgrades to improve the passive surveillance		
	along with the condition of the playground and picnic area. This		
	will cater to both the forecast and existing population.		
7.4B-10	Ramsden Street Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		



# 7.5 Collingwood

### 7.5.1 Introduction

The urban context of Collingwood is changing from the industrial context to a high density mixed use character with residential, business, retail and commercial uses in renovated former industrial buildings. It is characterised by a lack of open spaces due to its industrial past when they did not set aside public open space in the original layout. A series of Small Local open spaces have been retrofitted into Collingwood in more recent times with the increased awareness of the value of open space to community health and wellbeing. The worker and resident survey respondents have identified they highly value the Small Local open spaces and they are expressing high level of use, and in some cases experiencing signs of overuse and over development. As expected, people travel outside of Collingwood to larger areas of open space, with the most common being Fitzroy Gardens.

Historically the land use in Collingwood has been a relatively unplanned mix of housing, retail and industry and a range of land parcel sizes. The historical records identify that the original industries in Collingwood included brewing and boot-makers. This changed to include textile clothing and footwear industries along with other service industries including the automotive repair and service industries. Since the 1990s there has been a change to business uses along with higher density housing in renovated heritage listed industrial buildings. More recently an arts precinct has emerged focussed around the former Collingwood TAFE site in a spine that extends down to the Abbotsford Convent and smaller galleries that have established themselves.

The Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023 identifies that Collingwood and Fitzroy are areas of special significance to many Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as the cradle of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander affairs in Victoria. They are the birthplace of important Aboriginal organisations, the centre of political activism and a meeting place for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to link-in with family, community and services. There is concern about the strain that rising property values and cost of living is having on the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community presence and connection to Yarra.

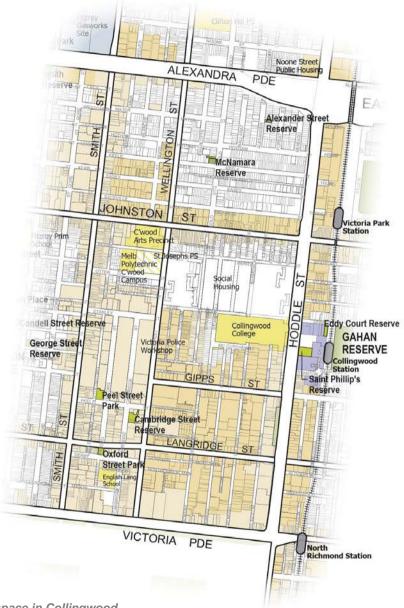
Smith Street is a vibrant Major Activity Centre with a business, retail and commercial core centred around Smith Street, extending into the Collingwood Employment precinct.

The Smith Street Structure Plan provides overall strategic direction for the future Major Activity Centre. It reinforces it .'....as a mixed use area where businesses and residential apartment exist side by side and as an area where light industry and associated uses continue to contribute to the local Yarra economy.' (Smith Street Structure Plan, p. 11)

The *Johnston Street Local Area Plan*, adopted by Council December 2015, provides the key direction for the future change in the Johnston Street Neighbourhood activity centre. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct. The *Gipps Street Precinct Local Area Plan*, adopted by Council February 2010 was the basis for the rezoning a former Industrial Area to a Commercial 2 Zone (C2Z) to reflect and support the contemporary businesses moving into the area. The C2Z does not allow residential use to encourage and supported the mixed use character of Collingwood.

With the mixed land use, there is a significant worker population in Collingwood which is about 40 per cent greater than the resident population, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 9,141 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 14,810 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)



Existing open space (Not PPRZ or PCRZ)

Adjoining open space

Commercial Use (Business Zone 2)

Public Use Zone - Services (PUZ1)

Public Use Zone - Local Government (PUZ6)

Education Use (public)

Education Use (private)

Figure 7.5A Existing open space in Collingwood

# 7.5.2 Existing open space

# 7.5.2a Description

Church and Burnley Streets are major north south roads in Collingwood and define three open space sub-precincts, Collingwood A, B and C.

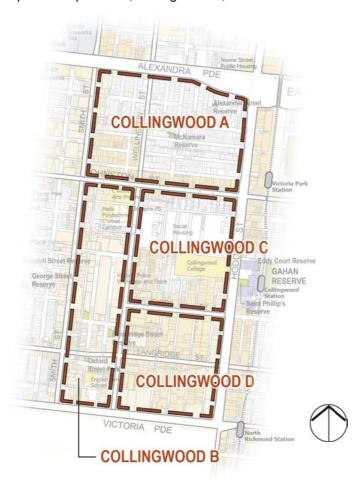


Figure 7.5B Open space sub-precincts for Collingwood

### **Collingwood A**

- Open space sub-precinct Collingwood A is located between Alexandra Avenue and Johnston Street, from Smith Street in the west to Hoddle Street in the east.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Alexandra Street Reserve
  - McNamara Reserve
- McNamara Reserve is located on a prominent and accessible corner and is highly visible and accessible. The playground dominates the open space however there is potential to consider a more integrated design.
- Alexandra Street Reserve is located in a local access street and is not easily visible and accessible to the local community. It has a BBQ, seating and trees.
- The land use in this sub-precinct is predominantly residential combined with commercial use to the south west and some smaller area of mixed use in the north.

- The Smith Street Major Activity Centre guides the commercial activity to the west of the sub-precinct.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies a high change areas area in the north west of the sub-precinct within the Smith Street Major activity centre. An area of moderate change is identified along Johnston Street and falls within the direction of the Johnston Street Local Area Plan. An area of non-residential land is identified in the in the south west within area currently zoned as C2Z and the balance is identified as minimal change. Refer to Figure 7.5D

#### Collingwood B

- Open space sub-precinct Collingwood B is located between Johnston Street in the north and Victoria Street in the south and between Smith Street to the west and Wellington Street to the east.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Cambridge Street Park
  - Oxford Street Park
  - Peel Street Park
- Cambridge Street Park has been fully redeveloped since the 2006 Strategy. At that
  time, this was the only open space in the whole of this sub-precinct. The upgrade
  includes a range of facilities including a play area, picnic and barbecue facility and
  the public art that is integrated into the playground. It is an example of slight overdevelopment of this open space relative to its size and the height of built form
  surrounding the site.
- Peel Street Park has been developed as a passive open space and well suited to the
  nearby worker community with seating, grassed areas and informal uses. This open
  space has been implemented as an action from the 2006 Strategy and has been well
  received by the community. It is nominated as the most visited open space in
  Collingwood in the worker and resident surveys.
- Oxford Street Park has been developed more recently, as an action from the 2006
   Strategy. The open space provides seating and greening in a highly urban precinct.
   It does not appear to be well used in the opens space surveys.
- The land use includes the Melbourne Polytechnic Collingwood Campus and the Collingwood Arts Precinct along with remainder of the precinct being mixed use and commercial use.
- The majority of the mixed use area comprises medium and high density development.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies a high change area in the vicinity of Langridge Street with the majority of the precinct identified to be moderate change with some smaller pockets of incremental change.

#### **Collingwood C**

- Open space sub-precinct Collingwood C is bounded by Johnston Street to the north, Gipps Street to the south, Wellington Street to the west and Hoddle Street to the east.
- There is no public open space located in this sub-precinct.
- Land use includes social housing, Collingwood College, residential use and commercial/business use.

The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) Identifies areas of moderate change along
Johnston Street and the southern part of Hoddle Street with the remaining identified
as non-residential use.

#### **Collingwood D**

- Open space sub-precinct Collingwood D is bounded by Gipps Street to the north,
   Victoria Street to the south, Wellington Street to the west and Hoddle Street to the east.
- There is no public open space located in this sub-precinct.
- Land use is predominately commercial/business with some education and pockets of residential.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) Identifies areas of moderate change along Victoria Street and Hoddle Street with the remaining being identified as nonresidential use.

#### 7.5.2b Quantity of open space in Collingwood

The 5 existing open spaces in Collingwood have a combined total of 0.34 hectares. This represents approximately 0.3 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. Additionally there are two existing encumbered open spaces that are 0.24 hectares in size. Adding the restricted open space to the 5 open spaces results in a total of 0.58 hectares and represents 0.5 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 0.4 sqm of open space per person relative to the residential population in 2016.

Table 7.5-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
0	Regional	0.00	0%
0	City wide	0.00	0%
0	Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
0	Small Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
2	Local	0.22	65%
3	Small Local	0.12	35%
5	TOTAL	0.34	100%

#### 7.5.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

In Collingwood there are 2 Local and 3 Small Local open spaces, with the two additional encumbered open spaces which function as tree reserves for the major arterial roads including Hoddle Street Alexandra Parade.

Cambridge Street Reserve and Peel Street Park are the two Local open spaces. Peel Street Park is the most visited open space in the precinct, followed by Cambridge Street Reserve. Peel Street Park caters to both the worker and resident community with the provision of seating and an open grassed area which is popular for dog walking/exercise, however there is potential to improve the character and greening of this space with additional trees and consideration of improving the layout to improve the quality of grass

and create a useable area for unstructured recreation. Cambridge Street Park provides play and picnic facilities which primarily appeals to residents rather than workers. The scale of development relative to the size of this open space means that it overwhelms the open space and this is reflected in the community survey outcomes.

Oxford Street Park, located close to Cambridge Street Reserve and Peel Street Park, is characterised as a public square the provides seating and some greening. It is the second most visited open space in Collingwood for people to relax, have lunch, enjoy the sunlight and green space. McNamara Reserve is characterised as informal and is located north the Johnston Street. The community survey respondents did not visit the open space, similarly they did not visit Alexander Street Reserve either. There is a need to review the design of McNamara Reserve given its low levels of use. Similarly, Alexander Street Reserve is not well used and this is likely due to its small size and location.

Hoddle Street Reserve and Alexandra Pde/Bendigo Street Reserve are both encumbered by traffic noise and movement and provide some greening adjacent to these major arterial roads. They are long and narrow in size making them difficult to use and are therefore not counted as part of the open space network.

Table 7.5-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Alexander Street Reserve	0.02	Small Local	Informal	
Cambridge Street Reserve	0.11	Local	Play	Urban plaza
McNamara Reserve	0.05	Small Local	Informal	Play, Seating/viewing
Oxford Street Park	0.05	Small Local	Public square	
Peel Street Park	0.11	Local	Urban plaza	
Total	0.34			
Encumbered open space				
Hoddle Street Reserve (btwn Langridge and Gipps Sts)	0.22	Small Local		Cnr Langridge & Hoddle Sts
Alexandra Pde/Bendigo St Reserve	0.02	Small Local		Cnr Bendigo Street & Alexandra Parade
Total encumbered open space	0.2423			

#### 7.5.2d Distribution of open space in Collingwood

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.5-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.5C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Collingwood is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

For Collingwood, the major gaps in the existing open space network occur between Smith Street and Wellington Street, north of Johnston Street, and between Wellington Street and Hoddle Street south of Johnston Street. These are shown in Figure 7.5C



#### Diagram Key

----- RAILWAYS

ARTERIAL ROADS (RDZ1)
(VicRoads Primary and Secondary Roads)

MAJOR ROADS

COLLECTOR ROADS

CITY-WIDE OPEN SPACE

500m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads or railways

NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE
400m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads or

railways

SMALL NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE

300m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads or railways

LOCAL OPEN SPACE

200m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

SMALL LOCAL OPEN SPACE

150m safe walking catchment without

crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

NOTE: The road hierarchy for major and collector roads is based on the Melways Edition 44 (2017)



## 7.5.3 How residents use open space

A total of 99 resident surveys were received from the Collingwood precinct. A summary of the results of the worker survey is included in the next section 7.5.4.

Table 7.5-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	ring distance	
35	Peel Street Park	<ul> <li>Close to home (7)</li> <li>Dog walking (5)</li> <li>Being outside (5)</li> <li>Dog friendly (4)</li> <li>Green open space (4)</li> <li>Convenient/on the way (4)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Improve seating design (6)</li> <li>More shade required (5)</li> <li>Improve open space layout and design (4)</li> <li>Dog owners to clean up after their dogs (3)</li> </ul>
22	Oxford Street Park	<ul><li>To have lunch (6)</li><li>Relaxing (4)</li><li>Close to home (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Dog owners to clean up after their dogs (2)</li> <li>Graffiti to be removed (2)</li> <li>More shade required (2)</li> </ul>
20	Fitzroy Gardens	<ul> <li>Exercising (5)</li> <li>Green open space (4)</li> <li>Close to home (3)</li> <li>Dog walking (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(2)</li> <li>Café / kiosk facilities needed</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul>
13	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul><li>Dog walking (4)</li><li>Close to home (1)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Maintenance of drinking fountains (2)</li> <li>No improvements required (2)</li> </ul>
10	Darling Gardens	<ul><li>Informal ball games / sport (3)</li><li>Convenient / on the way (2)</li></ul>	<ul><li>No improvements required</li><li>(2)</li><li>Additional toilets required (2)</li></ul>
Open	space beyond wa	lking distance	
15	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Socialising with family / friends (5)</li> <li>Picnics (4)</li> <li>Dog walking (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(2)</li> <li>Café / kiosk facilities needed</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul>
7	Yarra Bend Park	<ul><li>Jogging/running (2)</li><li>Walking (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Manage shared trail use between cyclists and pedestrians (1)</li> <li>Reduce speed that cyclists can ride through this park (1)</li> </ul>
6	Fitzroy Gardens	<ul> <li>Beauty and ambience of open space (2)</li> <li>Peacefulness of open space (1)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More dog of leash areas required (1)</li> <li>More dog poo bags and bins required (1)</li> </ul>
6	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	<ul><li>Walking (2)</li><li>Café / kiosk facilities (1)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required <ul><li>(1)</li><li>Additional botanical gardens required (1)</li></ul> </li> </ul>

#### Values of open space (top five)

- 77% Trees
- 74% A place to relax and unwind
- 71% An escape from the built environment
- 55% The feeling of space
- 53% Just being outside

#### Types of open space used (top five)

- 90% Small local parks
- 88% Large parks and gardens
- 87% Open space along the Yarra River
- 77% Large sporting reserve, 77% Urban Squares, 77% Local streets for exercise
- 68% Medium sporting reserves

#### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 81% Open grassed areas
- 79% Seats
- 78% Walking paths
- 66% Drinking fountains
- 61% Cycle paths

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Additional open space is required (11)
- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increase and the less private open space (8)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

## 7.5.4 How existing workers use open space

113 workers were surveyed in the Epworth Hospital and Bridge Road area about open space.

#### Frequency of use of open space near the workplace

• 88 per cent of those surveyed visit open space near their workplace with 53 per cent of them nominated they visit open space frequently.

#### Reasons to visit open space near the workplace

The three top reasons workers visit open space near their place are:

- 66% to be outdoors as a break from work
- 42% to socialise / meet colleagues / friends
- 19% to eat lunch

#### Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name
15	Fitzroy Gardens
13	Royal Botanic Gardens
11	Parks (names were not specified)
10	Citizens Park
8	Barkly Gardens
8	Yarra Park

#### Suggestions for improvements to the open space network

The following list is the comments made by 4 or more people:

- Additional open space required (15)
- No improvements required to open space (9)
- Additional car parking required (5)
- Public toilets additional required (4)

## 7.5.5 Analysis of future change and open space needs

#### 7.5.5a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

Tables 7.5-4 and 7.5-5 below shows the forecast population growth for the residential and worker populations in Collingwood. A substantial change is forecast with an additional estimated 15,000 people living and working in Collingwood by 2031. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the four open space sub-precincts within Collingwood have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur. There is significant variation in the forecast change between the different sub-precincts as shown.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth is significant with an overall change of 57 per cent or an additional 5,206 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is estimated to increase by approximately 70 per cent, with an additional 10,358 additional workers between 2016 and 2031. The community expressed concern at the recent increased urban densities and the impact this has on the quality of the existing open space network. They also placed a high level of importance on the need for additional open space and urban greening in the context of increased urban densities and the height of built form. Refer to Appendix C for further information regarding community feedback on the Draft Strategy.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there is additional capacity for growth beyond 2031 in Collingwood, however the rate of growth is slower than forecast for the 2016 to 2031 period. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the

open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe.

Table 7.5-4 Resident population forecasts for Collingwood open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Collingwood A	2,381	3,846	1,465
% change Collingwood A			62%
Collingwood B	3,075	6,065	2,990
% change Collingwood B			97%
North Collingwood C	2,551	2,798	247
% change Collingwood C			10%
North Collingwood D	1,134	1,638	504
% change Collingwood D			44%
Total Collingwood	9,141	14,347	5,206
Total % Change			57%

Table 7.5-5 Worker population estimates for Collingwood open space sub-precincts

EMPLOYMENT/ RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
Collingwood A				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	2,029	2,972	943	46%
Total estimated worker population Collingwood A	2,029	2,972	943	46%
Collingwood B				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	3,767	5,519	1,751	46%
Victoria Parade Employment Precinct	1,290	1,946	656	51%
Total estimated worker population Collingwood B	5,058	7,464	2,407	48%
Collingwood C				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	290	425	135	46%
Gipps Street Employment Precinct	1,585	3,568	1,984	125%
Total estimated worker population Collingwood C	1,874	3,993	2,118	113%
Collingwood D				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	97	142	45	46%
Victoria Parade Employment Precinct	3,167	4,776	1,609	51%
Gipps Street Employment Precinct	2,585	5,822	3,236	125%
Total estimated worker population Collingwood D	5,849	10,740	4,891	84%
Precinct Total				
Smith Street Retail Precinct	6,182	9,056	2,874	46%
Victoria Parade Employment Precinct	4,457	6,722	2,265	51%
Gipps Street Employment Precinct	4,170	9,390	5,220	125%
Total estimated worker population Collingwood	14,810	25,168	10,358	70%

#### 7.5.5b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in Collingwood will place increased pressures and demands on the existing open space. The pressures will include increased volumes of people in the open space utilising the facilities, leading to overcrowding in open space, lack of access to existing facilities and deterioration in the quality of natural features such as grass areas due to compaction from increased use. Due to the limited amount of open space in Collingwood, Peel Street Park already shows signs of over-use with difficulty in maintaining the grassed areas and the poor condition of garden beds. The community expressed concern about the impacts of recent development on the quality and availability of open space. They highlighted the need for additional open space as urban densities increase. Refer to Appendix C for further details regarding community feedback on open space in Collingwood.

The forecast change in demographics between 2011 and 2016 shows a proportional increase in the 18 to 34 age ranges and a decline in younger people and those in the older age range as well. This means that open space design needs to appeal to the 18 to 34 age range as well as providing for all age groups. Given there has also been an increase in lone person households and couples without children, open space will need to focus on providing facilities that encourage socialising in open space including seating areas and picnic facilities. There will also be a need to promote fitness and exercise by increasing the diversity of facilities that encourage this.

### 7.5.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident population increase in Collingwood will be concentrated in subprecincts Collingwood A and B. The worker population increase is estimated to occur across Collingwood B, C and D, particularly in the Gipps Street and Smith Street employment precincts. Refer to Figures 7.5D and 7.5E.

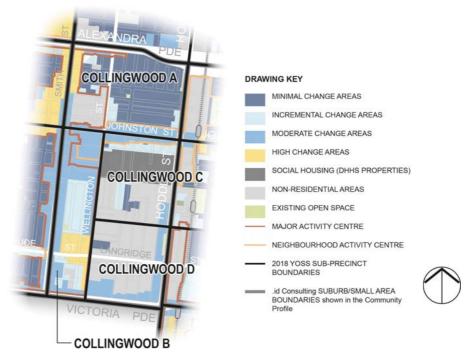


Figure 7.5D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

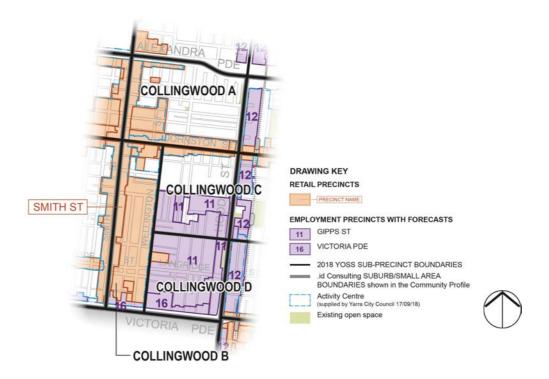


Figure 7.5E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

#### 7.5.5d Open space distribution and future need in Collingwood

Within Collingwood the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space. These sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in Collingwood to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside Collingwood to visit large areas of open space with the most popular being Fitzroy Gardens and Edinburgh Gardens, mainly for exercising and dog walking. The high value placed on trees, the need to relax and unwind and an escape from the built environment in the open space surveys supports the need to provide more open space in Collingwood, and ensure that it includes natural features and trees. The survey results confirmed that people visit small local open spaces as well, particularly when they are nearby.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Collingwood A  Open space sub-precinct Collingwood A. Refer to Section 7.5.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 62 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,465 residents by 2031.</li> <li>A 46 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 943 workers by 2031.</li> <li>The existing open space network lacks diversity of character and facilities with both existing Small Local open spaces offering play facilities when the demographics indicate a higher proportion of people in the 18 to 34 year age range. The open spaces provide limited unstructured recreation opportunities.</li> </ul>

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
	<ul> <li>Recommend a new Small Local open space between Smith and Wellington Streets to cater to both the existing and forecast population as shown in Figure 7.5E. The location will need to be accessible and visible and preferably located on a corner site with both east-west and north south access via the local street network. This small local open space will provide for the needs of the 18 to 34 demographic.</li> <li>Identify opportunities to increase the size of McNamara Reserve to provide a Local open space. The larger size will allow for a greater diversity of facilities to be provided to appeal to a diversity of age groups.</li> <li>Undertake a major upgrade to McNamara Reserve.</li> <li>Investigate the opportunity to either expand the size Alexander Street Reserve - preferably including east-west access to it or expanding the public street frontage. If this is not viable, then seek an alternative location for a new Small Local open space towards the south of Collingwood A close to the moderate change area and replace Alexander Street Reserve. The new Small Local open space is to be accessible via the local street network and with public</li> </ul>
	roads/laneways to at least two sides.
Collingwood B  Open space sub-precinct Collingwood B. Refer to Section 7.5.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 97 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 2,990 residents by 2031. Review of the population forecasts to 2041 indicates that population growth will slow to 27 per cent.</li> <li>A 48 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 2,407 workers by 2031.</li> <li>While two new Small Local open spaces have been established in the southern part of the precinct since the 2006 Strategy along with an upgrade to Cambridge Street Reserve, these open spaces are already experiencing overdevelopment and over use.</li> <li>Provide a new Local open space in the vicinity of the former Victoria Police Workshop on Stanley Street to primarily cater to the forecast new population.</li> <li>Provide a new Small Local open space in the north part of Collingwood B precinct to primarily cater to the forecast worker and resident population in the moderate change area identified in the <i>Yarra Housing Strategy</i>.</li> <li>Investigate options to increase the size of Peel Street Park, Cambridge Street Reserve and the Oxford Street Park given they are located in the forecast high change area in the <i>Yarra Housing Strategy</i>. Alternatively, seek provision of two additional Small Local open spaces, one north of Langridge Street and the other south of Langridge Street.</li> </ul>

#### **Sub-precinct Conclusions** Collingwood C • A 10 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 247 residents by 2031. Between 2031 and Open space sub-precinct 2041 a 27 per cent increase is forecast with an additional Collingwood C. Refer to 1,636 residents. This increased rate of growth forecast Section 7.5.2 for the beyond 2031 means that it will be important to consider description of existing open future open space opportunities on any of the larger space and character. redevelopment sites within this planning period, particularly if this relates to the redevelopment of social housing in the precinct. A significant 113 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated for this precinct, with an additional 2,118 workers by 2031. Currently there is no public open space in this precinct, with the social housing area and Collingwood College providing ancillary open space. Provide a new Small Neighbourhood open space Collingwood C to cater to both the existing and forecast population. In the future (i.e. 2031 to 2041) this open space will need to be increased in size to provide a new Local open space and it is recommended that this be considered in the siting of this new Small Neighbourhood open space. Collingwood D • A 44 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 504 residents by 2031. Open space sub-precinct Collingwood D. Refer to • A significant 84 per cent increase in the worker population is Section 7.5.2 for the estimated for this precinct, with an additional 4,891 workers description of existing open by 2031. space and character. Currently there is no public open space in this precinct and the majority of the precinct will continue to be for nonresidential use. Therefore it is recommended that a new Local open space is provided in the vicinity of Langridge Street in an accessible location and relatively central as illustrated in Figure 7.5F. Given there is currently no open space in this precinct, this new open space will also benefit the existing population.

Improve access to the proposed new Small Local open space proposed to be provided in sub-precinct Collingwood C. This includes safe crossing points over Langridge Street.

## 7.5.6 Collingwood Recommendations

#### 7.5.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

The majority of the Small Local open spaces in Collingwood are experiencing high levels of use. With the forecast substantial population increase of approximately 15,000 people by 2031, there is a need to provide additional open space in Collingwood, including new Small Neighbourhood, Local and Small Local open spaces. The recommendations include expanding the size of selected existing Small Local open spaces to allow inclusion of a greater diversity of facilities. The additional distributed open spaces will also assist to mitigate urban heat, provide increased urban greening and open space within a safe and easy walk of residents and workers as urban densities continue to increase in the future. This will positively contribute to the health and wellbeing of residents and workers. A priority for new open space is to ensure it receives excellent winter sunlight to address concerns expressed by the community regarding the more recent overshadowing of existing open space as a result of the increased height of built form in this precinct.

#### **Quality and design**

There is a need to increase and improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the Small Local open spaces in Collingwood. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.

Refer to Figure 7.5F for the spatial location of recommendations for Collingwood.

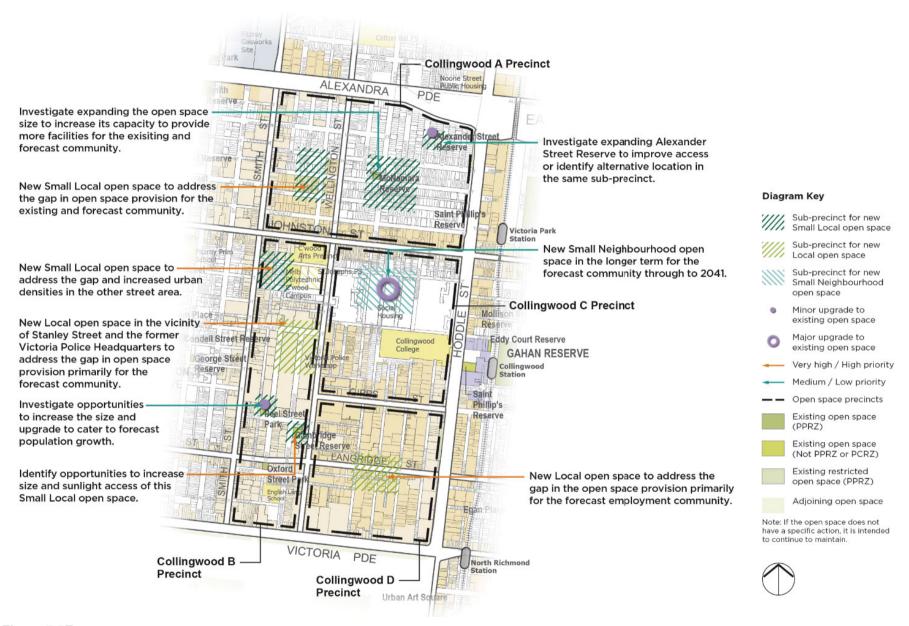


Figure 7.5F Recommendations for Collingwood

## 7.5.5b Precinct Actions for Collingwood

## A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.5A-1	Provide a new Small Local open space between Smith and Wellington Streets in open space precinct Collingwood A to cater to the existing and forecast population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.5A-2	Investigate options to expand the size of McNamara Reserve to increase it to a Local open space size to provide space to include diversity of facilities that appeal to both the existing and forecast community.	YCC Developer	Medium
7.5A-3	Investigate options to expand the size of Alexander Street Reserve in Collingwood A to make it more accessible and useable. Alternatively provide a new Small Local open space for both the existing and forecast population in a more accessible and visible location in Collingwood A sub-precinct. This can either be in addition to Alexandra Reserve, or to replace it.	YCC	Medium
7.5A-4	Provide a new Local open space in the northern part of open space precinct Collingwood B in the vicinity of the Former Victoria Police Workshop on Stanley Street. This is to cater primarily for the forecast new population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.5A-5	Increase the size of Peel Street Park and Cambridge Street Reserve to accommodate additional facilities and people, given both these open spaces are experiencing signs of over- development.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.5A-6	Provide a new Small Neighbourhood open space in Collingwood C. The future open space will need to be accessible to the moderate change area associated with Johnson Street to the north and any future change to the social housing estate. This can be staged so that it firstly provides a Local open space and can be expanded later to a Small Neighbourhood to cater to the 2041 forecast population	YCC Developer	High
7.5A-7	Provide a new Small Local open space between Gipps and Langridge Streets for both the existing and forecast worker population in Collingwood D.	YCC Developer	High
7.5A-8	Provide a new Small Local open space in Collingwood B south of Langridge Street within the high change area identified in the <i>Yarra Housing Strategy 2018</i> . This is primarily for the forecast population	YCC Developer	Very High

## B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.5B-1	Alexander Street Reserve	YCC	Medium
	Refer to Action 7.5A-3 regarding investigating the potential option		
	to expand the size and suitable alternative more accessible		
	locations for a new open space. Once the size, location and whether the existing open space is to be retained, undertake		
	capital works improvements to establish a new open space or		
	upgrade the existing.		
7.5B-2	Cambridge Street Reserve	YCC	High
	Investigate opportunities to increase the size of Cambridge Street		
	Reserve including options of utilising part of the adjoining road		
	reserve. This will increase the area and also sunlight access,		
7 FD 0	particularly in winter.  McNamara Reserve	YCC	Law
7.5B-3	In the short to medium term continue to maintain. As part of the	YCC	Low
	future expansion to the reserve in the long term, undertake a		
	major upgrade to include facilities appropriate to the existing and		
	forecast new community. Refer to Action 7.5A-2 regarding the		
	increase of its size.		
7.5B-4	Oxford Street Park	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.5B-5	Peel Street Park	YCC	Medium
	In the short term, undertake a minor upgrade to this open space to		
	provide additional trees, shade, improve seating and improve the		
	layout and condition of the open grassed area primarily for the new population due to increased levels of use. In the longer term,		
	undertake a major upgrade to incorporate the expanded area of		
	open space. Refer to Action 7.5A-5.		



# 7.6 Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

#### 7.6.1 Introduction

Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley is a combined precinct bounded to the north by Swan Street, to the South and east by the Yarra River (Birrarung) and the west by Punt Road. The topography is relatively flat and falls gradually to the river.

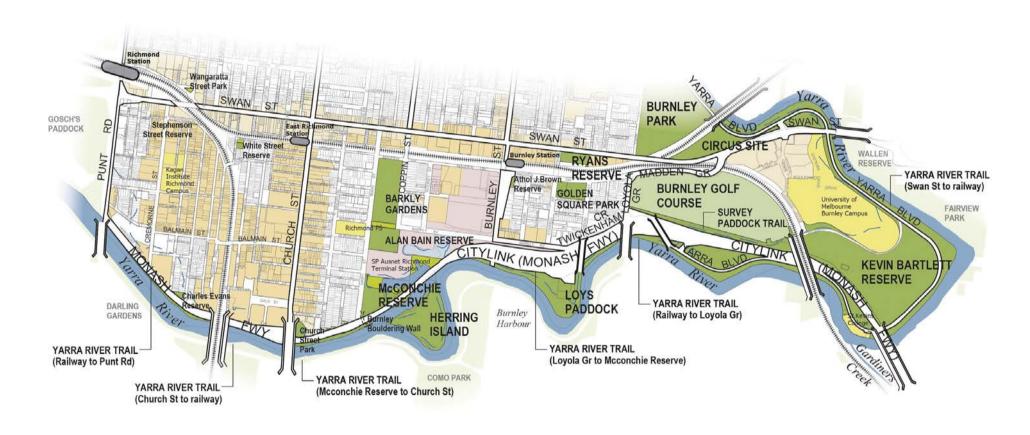
Cremorne is identified as a Major Employment Precinct in Yarra and the remaining land with the Commercial 2 zoning defines the extent of the employment precinct. The area has made a gradual transition from predominantly industrial use to a wider mix of activities including commercial offices and creative industries. The precinct is characterised by a variety of lot sizes, building stock and condition. The physical diversity has been an important factor in attracting a diversity of economic activities. The *Yarra Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy* (SEES) supports the protection of the major employment precinct Cremorne. It forecasts continued growth in the non-residential use, evidenced by the recent spike in office developments in the precinct. The SEES forecasts an approximate 20 per cent increase in floor area between 2016 and 2031. There are also pockets of residential use amongst the predominantly commercial use.

Richmond South is predominantly residential with retail and commercial use along Church and Swan Streets, and industrial use to the south east associated with the major power terminal station located there. Burnley, between Burnley Street and Loyala Grove is predominantly residential with some business and commercial use adjoining Twickenham Crescent in the south and along Swan Street. East of Loyala Grove the land use is predominantly open space combined with business/commercial use and education with the University of Melbourne Burnley Campus.

Swan Street and Church Streets are major retail, commercial and business precincts in North Richmond. The *Victoria Street Structure Plan*, adopted by Council in April 2010, provides the key direction for the future expansion and change within it. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct. The *Swan Street Structure Plan* prepared in 2014 provides direction on streetscape, built form and public realm improvements for Swan Street, Church Street and Cremorne.

With the mixed land use, there is a significant worker population in this precinct which is estimated to be more than four times the size of the resident population, as follows:

- Residential population 2016: 4,622 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Estimated worker population 2016: 17,024 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)



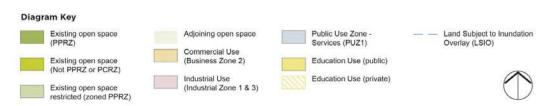


Figure 7.6A Existing open space in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

## 7.6.2 Existing open space

#### 7.6.2a Sub-precinct Description

Punt Road, Church Street, Burnley Street and Loyala Grove are major north south roads in this precinct and define four open space sub-precincts being Cremorne, Richmond South, Burnley A and Burnley B. These are illustrated in Figure 7.6B

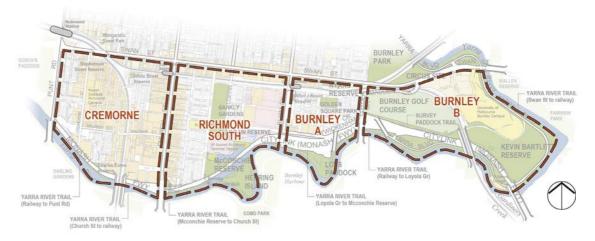


Figure 7.6B Open space sub-precincts for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

#### Cremorne

- Located between Punt Road and Church Street, from Swan Street in the north to The Yarra River in the South.
- · Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Charles Evans Reserve
  - Stephenson Street Reserve
  - White Street Reserve
  - Yarra River Trail (Church Street to Railway)
  - Yarra River Trail (Railway to Punt Road)
- The three Small Local open spaces are located in different parts of Cremorne however there are gaps in open space provision. Stephenson Street Reserve is narrow with seating and a mature tree, while Charles Evans and White Street Reserves are larger and have playgrounds, paths and seats. Charles Evans Reserve is located between the freeway sound walls and apartments with limited natural sunlight access to the reserve and is difficult to access. White Street Reserve on the other hand is set in the heart of a residential precinct and the path is frequently used as a cut through for people accessing the underpass that crosses under the railway line to Swan Street.
- While the Yarra River Trail traverses the southern boundary of Cremorne, it is separated from the precinct by the Monash Freeway. Access into the trail on the north side of the River is via Punt Road and McConchie Reserve in South Richmond. Access to the Main Yarra Trail on the south side of the Yarra River is provided at Church Street.
- Gosch's Paddock adjoins Cremorne on the western side of Punt Road in the City of Melbourne. Given Punt Road is a major arterial road it makes safe and easy access to this open space difficult.

- The predominantly non-residential land use in Cremorne means there is a significant worker population who use open space and are requesting additional open space be provided.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies two high change areas. One is in the south west and Moderate Change along Punt Road and Swan Street. The existing residential precincts are identified as minimal change area. The balance of the precinct is non-residential, which is forecast to continue to redevelop and intensify as described in the SEES (SGS, 2018).

#### **Richmond South**

- Richmond South is located between Church and Swan Street and the Yarra River.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes (in alphabetical order):
  - Alan Bain Reserve
  - Barkly Gardens
  - Church Street Park
  - Herring Island
  - McConchie Reserve
  - Yarra River Trail (McConchie Reserve to Church Street)
- Barkly Gardens is a well-used Municipal open space that is characterised as a Public Garden with heritage values. Directly adjoining it, Alan Bain Reserve provides structured sporting use via the sports field complementing the unstructured recreational use of Barkly Gardens.
- McConchie Reserve is uniquely different Regional open space that directly adjoins the Yarra River with the Monash Freeway separating the reserve from the River. The bouldering walls under the freeway combined with the deeply incised wetland located in the base of a former quarry adds to its character.
- Herring Island is located in the Yarra River and is only accessible via boat from the river, with a public landing located on the southern bank in Como Park in the City of Stonnington. Herring Island is managed by Parks Victoria.
- The Yarra River Trail provides major east-west connectivity along the north bank of the Yarra River and is accessible from McConchie Reserve via an underpass under the Monash Freeway.
- Church Street Park has been created on what was a former entry ramp to the Monash Freeway. The park incudes an open grassed area, seating, picnic, play and outdoor table tennis.
- Other land use apart from the residential and open space includes a major electrical terminal station, Burnley Tunnel emissions tower, the Metropolitan Fire Brigade, Richmond Primary School and the Yarra Primary School as shown in Figure 7.6B.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies High and Moderate Change Areas between Swan Street and the railway, while the majority of the existing residential areas are shown as Minimal Change Areas. The balance of the precinct is nonresidential, and the area adjoining Church Street is forecast to continue to redevelop and intensify as described in the SEES (SGS, 2018).

#### **Burnley A**

- Burnley A is located between Burnley Street and Loyala Grove and between Swan Street and the Yarra River.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Athol J. Brown Reserve
  - Golden Square
  - Loys Paddock
  - Ryans Reserve
  - Yarra River Trail (Loyala Gr to McConchie Reserve)
- Golden Square, located in the heart of the residential precinct is a Small Neighbourhood open space with mature native and exotic trees, a playground and open grassed area.
- Loys Paddock is a Regional open space that directly adjoins the Main Yarra Trail.
   The reserve is impacted by the traffic noise from the on-ramp to the Monash Freeway from Twickenham Crescent and also by the transmission towers and easement. The Yarra River Trail traverses through the reserve and it has natural biodiversity values.
- Ryans Reserve, located between Swan Street and the railway has been recently
  upgraded as a netball facility. The courts available for use free of charge to the public
  outside of training and match play.
- Adjacent to Burnley Street, Athol J. Brown Reserve is a long narrow reserve with mature trees and its character is as a tree reserve rather than for recreational use.
- Land use is a combination of industrial, business, commercial and residential use.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a High Change Area between Swan Street and the railway. There is a combination of Incremental Change and Minimal Change for the remaining residential areas within the precinct.

#### **Burnley B**

- Burnley B is the area east of Loyala Grove and south Swan Street and comprises large open space reserves adjacent to the Yarra River.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Burnley Golf Course
  - Kevin Bartlett Reserve
  - Survey Paddock Trail
  - Yarra River Trail (Swan Street to Railway) and (Railway to Loyala Gr)
- Managed by the City of Yarra, Burnley Golf Course is an 8 hole public golf course.
- Kevin Bartlett Reserve is a major sporting reserve for the City of Yarra and includes 4 soccer fields, an oval, sports pavilions, car parking and playground.
- The Main Yarra Trail continues adjacent to the Yarra River includes stands of mature remnant River Red Gums. The Gardiners Creek Trail joins to the Main Yarra Trail in this sub-precinct.
- The Capital City Trail that is located south of Burnley Golf Couse in a reserve that is known as the Survey Paddock Trail, after the original land subdivision in the early 1800s.
- Land use is a combination of open space, business and education, with Burnley Business Park and the University of Melbourne Burnley Campus located adjoining the open space.
- The Burnley Business Park is forecast to continue to expand in the SEES (SGS, 2018).

#### 7.6.2b Quantity of open space in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

The 19 existing open spaces in this precinct have a combined total area of 44.32 hectares. This represents approximately 19 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. Additionally there is one restricted open space being Burnley Golf Course, which is 13.37 hectares in size. Adding the restricted open space to the other 20 open spaces results in a total of 58.35 hectares and represents 25.1 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 95 sqm of open space per person relative to the residential population in 2016.

Table 7.6-1 Number, size and type of open space (excluding restricted open space)

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
10	Regional	39.59	58%
4	City wide	17.38	39%
1	Small Neighbourhood	0.83	2%
0	Neighbourhood	0.00	0%
2	Local	0.38	1%
3	Small Local	0.17	0%
20	TOTAL	44.98	100%

#### 7.6.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The open space corridor along the Yarra River is an important habitat and recreational corridor for wider Melbourne. It is therefore designated as a Regional open space and is managed to protect and improve the habitat and recreational values. Access to the Yarra River itself, the bushland and natural qualities of this linear corridor are key reasons people visit this open space. Burnley Golf Course is also defined as Regional open space in recognition of the regional sporting use and also the intention of council to improve its role in the biodiversity values.

Kevin Bartlett Reserve and Alan Bain Reserve have the City-wide hierarchy due to their sporting character classification, providing facilities primarily for people living and working in Yarra. While these reserves are designed primarily for structured sport, people also use them for unstructured recreation and informal uses, including exercising dogs, informal ball sports, walking and jogging. Barkly Gardens has a unique heritage and public garden character is recognised to be of significance to the City of Yarra and has therefore been given a City-wide hierarchy.

The Small Neighbourhood open space, Golden Square Park has an informal character with open grass, scattered trees and a playground and is in need of an upgrade. Church Street Park was established in the last few years and is located in a high density precinct, on a major road and has a more formal layout and context with a diversity of spaces and is characterised as an Urban plaza. The Small Local open spaces in Cremorne are all within a changing urban context, with two of them characterised as play due to the dominance of the play facilities in the open space and Stephensons Reserve is characterised as seating/viewing. Athol J Brown Reserve is informal in character given it contains some scattered trees and grass.

Table 7.6-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Nama	Aron Ha	City of Yarra Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Name Alan Bain Reserve	Area Ha	City-wide	Sporting	Classification
Athol J Brown Reserve	0.06	Small Local	Informal	
				Disco Data and a
Barkly Gardens	2.67	City-wide	Heritage	Play, Public garden
Charles Evans Reserve	0.10	Small Local	Play	
Church Street Park	0.27	Local	Urban plaza	
Golden Square Park	0.83	Small Neighbourhood	Informal	
Herring Island	3.19	Regional	Waterway	Nature conservation, Public art
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	12.88	City-wide	Sporting	
Loys Paddock	3.48	City-wide	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
McConchie Reserve	2.43	Regional	Seating/Viewing	Water feature, Waterway, Service easement, Linking space, Nature conservation, Play
Ryans Reserve	0.66	City-wide	Sporting	
Stephenson Street Reserve	0.02	Small Local	Seating/Viewing	
Survey Paddock Trail	0.96	Regional	Linear	Linking space
White Street Reserve	0.11	Local	Informal	Play
Yarra River Trail – Church St to Railway	0.16	Regional	Linear	Waterway
Yarra River Trail – Loyala Gr to McConchie Reserve	3.35	Regional	Linear	Waterway
Yarra River Trail – McConchie Reserve to Church St	0.39	Regional	Linear	Waterway
Yarra River Trail – Railway to Loyala Gr	1.80	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
Yarra River Trail – Railway to Punt Rd	0.90	Regional	Linear	Waterway
Yarra River Trail – Swan St to Railway	9.57	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
Total	44.98			
Restricted open space			I	
Burnley Golf Course	13.37	Regional	Restricted sporting	Nature conservation
Total Restricted open space	13.37			

## 7.6.2d Distribution of open space in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.6-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.6C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in this precinct is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

For this precinct, the major gaps in the existing open space network occur in Cremorne, with the other sub-precincts being well provided for.

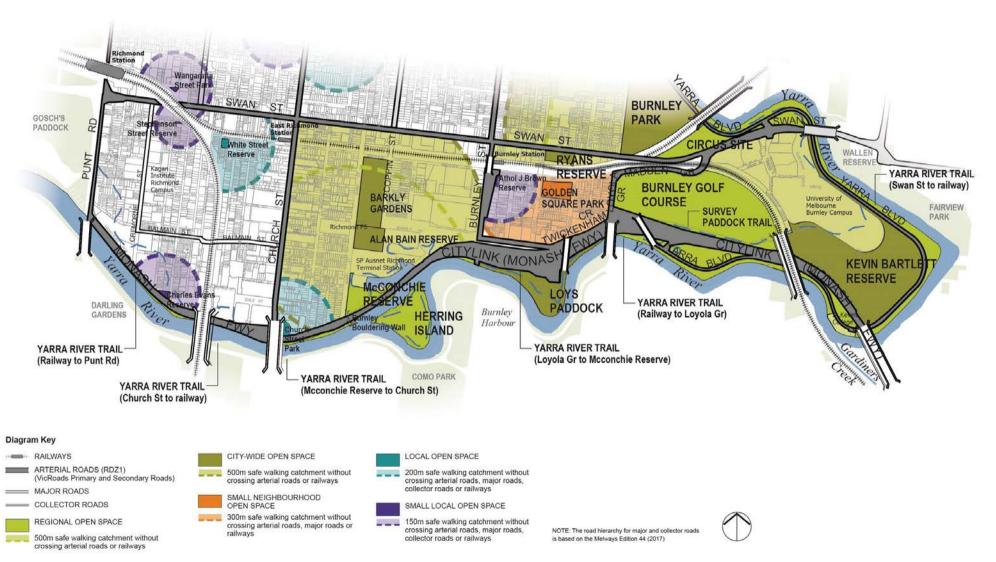


Figure 7.6C Gap analysis for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

## 7.6.3 How residents use open space

A total of 94 resident surveys were received from the Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley. Please note that in addition to these, 117 surveys were also completed by workers in the precinct in Swan and Church Streets precinct. A summary of the results of the worker survey is included in the next section 7.6.4.

The 94 resident surveys completed for this precinct represents 7 per cent of the total surveys received. The .id Community Profile identifies that 6 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in this precinct.

Table 7.6-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements			
Open	Open space within walking distance					
43	Barkly Gardens	<ul> <li>Playground (11)</li> <li>Picnic facilities – BBQS (8)</li> <li>Close to home (6)</li> <li>Socialising with friends/family (6)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Toilets require maintenance (5)</li> <li>Picnic facilities – shade required (4)</li> <li>Playground – shade required (3)</li> <li>No improvements required (3)</li> </ul>			
29	Citizens Park	<ul> <li>Sport – junior football including Auskick (8)</li> <li>Sport – children (5)</li> <li>Dog walking (5)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Sporting facilities require upgrade – clubrooms (7)</li> <li>Dog owners need to clean up dog waste (6)</li> <li>Sporting facilities – clubrooms need to cater to girls (5)</li> </ul>			
18	Burnley Park	<ul><li>Dog walking (4)</li><li>Walking (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Improve the Caretaker's cottage (3)</li> <li>Additional exercise equipment required (3)</li> </ul>			
11	White Street Reserve	<ul> <li>Sport - informal ball games (2)</li> <li>Being outdoors in the natural environment (2)</li> </ul>	Upgrade playground(2)			
9	Charles Evans Reserve	<ul> <li>Socialising with friends/family (3)</li> <li>Dog friendly (2)</li> <li>Close to home (2)</li> <li>Picnics (2)</li> <li>Play (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Grassed area requires improvement (4)</li> <li>Additional open space required(2)</li> <li>Picnic facilities – BBQ required (2)</li> </ul>			
8	Golden Square Park	<ul><li>Close to home (3)</li><li>Playground (3)</li><li>Dog walking (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Public toilets – additional required (4)</li> <li>Playground – shade required (3)</li> <li>Picnic facilities – additional BBQs required (2)</li> </ul>			
Open	Open space beyond walking distance					
9	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	<ul><li>Sport (6)</li><li>Sport – junior football (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Sporting facilities – clubrooms require facilities for girls (2)</li> <li>Additional bins (2)</li> </ul>			
8	Citizens Park	• Sport (3)				

#### Values of open space (top five)

- 77% Place to relax and unwind
- 73% Trees
- 66% The feeling of space
- 64% Place for children to play
- 62% An escape from the built environment

#### Types of open space used (top five)

- 89% Open space along Yarra River
- 88% Large parks and gardens
- 86% Local streets for exercise
- 84% Small local parks
- 82% Large sporting reserves

#### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 78% Drinking fountains
- 77% Open grassed areas
- 71% Walking paths
- 69% Cycle paths
- 67% Public toilets and 67% Seats

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by three or more people:

- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increase and the less private open space (19)
- Open space contributes to liveability (3)
- Open space provide additional multi-use spaces (3)
- Conflicts between cyclists and pedestrians on shared paths (3)
- Additional sporting facilities are required for girls (3)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

## 7.6.4 How existing workers use open space

117 workers were surveyed in the Swan Street and Church Street precincts about open space.

#### Frequency of use of open space near the workplace

• 90 per cent of those surveyed visit open space near their workplace.

#### Reasons to visit open space near the workplace

The four top reasons workers visit open space near their place are:

- 74% to be outdoors as a break from work
- 38% to socialise / meet colleagues / friends
- 30% to eat lunch

#### 17% to meet family

#### Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name
27	Church Street*
22	Parks
15	Barkly Gardens
9	Gardens
4	Dale Street
4	Flagstaff Gardens
4	Yarra Park

<sup>\*</sup>It is unclear from the survey outcome if Church Street includes the park or the streetscape only.

#### Suggestions for improvements to the open space network

The following list is the comments made by 4 or more people:

- Additional open space required (16)
- Additional seating required (12)
- Additional greening (4)
- Additional trees (4)

## 7.6.5 Analysis of future change and open space needs

#### 7.6.5a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

The table below shows the forecast population growth for the resident and worker populations in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley. A further breakdown of the residential forecasts in each of the four open space sub-precincts have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis.

Resident population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth is significant with an overall change in residential population of 106 per cent or an additional 4,917 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is estimated to increase by approximately 55 per cent, with an additional 9,160 workers between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 indicate that the resident population is forecast to continue to grow in Cremorne, Richmond South by approximately 38 and 40 per cent respectively, and only 3 per cent in Burnley A.

Table 7.6-4 Resident population forecasts for North Richmond open space sub-precincts

			Difference
SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	2016-2031
Cremorne	2,195	6,034	3,839
% change Cremorne			175%
Richmond South	1,546	1,939	393
% change Richmond South			25%
Burnley A	881	1,566	685
% change Burnley A			78%
Burnley B	0	0	0
% change Burnley B		0%	0%
Total Cremorne, Richmond			
South and Burnley	4,622	9,539	4,917
Total % Change			106%

Table 7.6-5 Worker population estimates for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley open space sub-precincts

EMPLOYMENT/ RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
Cremorne				
Swan Street Retail Precinct	737	1,054	317	43%
Employment Precinct 9	4,860	8,160	3,300	68%
Employment Precinct 7	4,643	6,915	2,272	49%
Total estimated worker population Cremorne	10,241	16,130	5, 889	58%
Richmond South				
Swan Street Retail Precinct	1,050	1,502	451	43%
Employment Precinct 7	1,897	2,825	928	49%
Total estimated worker population Richmond South	2,947	4,326	1,379	47%
Burnley A				
Swan Street Retail Precinct	447	639	192	0%
Total estimated worker population Burnley A	447	639	192	43%
Burnley B				
Employment Precinct 3	3,070	4,770	1,700	0%
Total estimated worker population Burnley B	3,070	4,770	1,700	55%
Retail and employment precinct totals				
Swan Street Retail Precinct	2,234	3,195	960	43%
Employment Precinct 9	4,860	8,160	3,300	68%
Employment Precinct 7	6,540	9,740	3,200	49%
Employment Precinct 3	3,070	4,770	1,700	55%
Total Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley	16,704	25,865	9,160	55%

#### 7.6.5b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in the precinct will place increased pressures and demands on the existing open space. In Richmond South and Burnley where there are larger open space reserves the additional demands on open space will be less noticeable than in Cremorne. In Cremorne the existing open spaces are small in size and currently comprise just under 2 per cent of the total precinct area. The increased population use of open space will lead to overcrowding, lack of access to existing facilities and deterioration in the quality of natural features such as grass areas due to compaction from increased use.

The forecast change in demographics with a slight decrease in the number of families and young children and an increase in young adults and older people living on their own means that there will be a likely increase in the demand for facilities that encourage socialising in open space including seating areas and picnic facilities. There will also be a need to promote fitness and exercise by increasing the diversity of facilities that encourage this.

#### 7.6.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident and worker population increase will be concentrated in Cremorne, Richmond South. The Swan Street spine is forecast to receive high levels of residential change, and it appears the additional worker population will occur in the retail and employment precincts shown in Figures 7.6D and 7.6E.

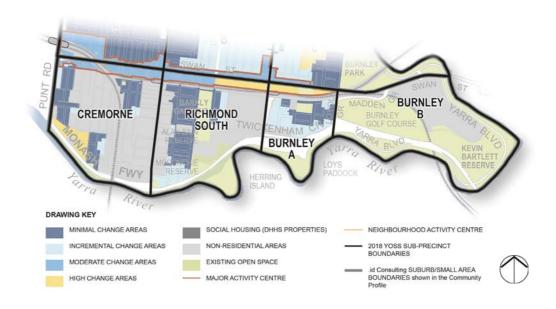


Figure 7.6D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

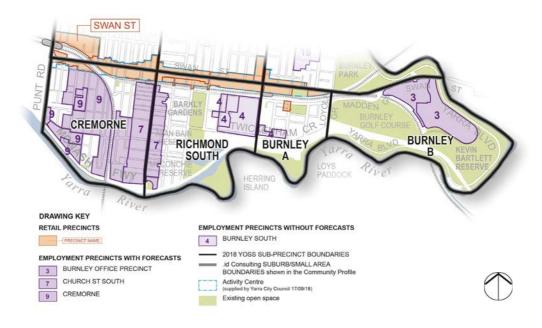


Figure 7.6E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

## 7.6.5d Open space distribution and future need in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

Within this precinct the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space. The open space sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in this precinct to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside the precinct to visit open space, however this is mainly due to the lack of open space in parts of the precinct.

#### **Sub-precinct Conclusions** • A 175 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast Cremorne with an additional 3,839 residents by 2031. Cremorne is located between Punt Road and • A 58 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated Church Street, with Swan with an additional 5,889 workers by 2031. Street to the north and the • The existing open space network is limited with only two Yara River to the south. Small Local and one Local open spaces that offer a limited Refer to Section 7.6.2 for the range of recreational uses due to their small size. description of existing open Recommend a new Small Local open space between Punt space and character. Road and Cremorne Street and north of Kelso Street as shown in Figure 7.6F. This is to provide an open space within a safe and easy walk via the local street network. Recommend a new Small Neighbourhood open space in the vicinity of the TAFE site between Cremorne Street and the railway and the north of Balmain Street. Currently, the suggested location is on the TAFE site as this is central to this precinct with excellent access. It is large enough to provide a range of unstructured recreational facilities combined with additional greening. Importantly, this open space will be accessible via the local street network to the areas of major growth and change. Recommend a new Small Local open space or expand the existing Charles Evans Reserve south of Balmain Street between Cremorne Street and the railway. This is to address both the forecast worker population and the High Change Area identified in the Housing Strategy. A new Local open space is required in the precinct between the railway and Church Street, north of Balmain Street. This is to cater primarily for the forecast new worker and resident population, along with providing a greater diversity of facilities for the existing population. A new Small Local open space is required in the nonresidential precinct south of Balmain Street, between the railway and Church Street. There are opportunities to convert some existing privately owned open space including converting part of the Dale Street or the car parking area on Electric Street to open space for the existing and forecast worker community. Upgrade White Street Reserve to include exercise equipment and picnic facilities to improve the character and diversity of age groups that can use the reserve. Continue to maintain Charles Evans Reserve with minor improvements to the picnic area and playground.

## Sub-precinct

#### Conclusions

#### **Richmond South**

Located between Church and Burnley Streets, south of Swan Street. Refer to Section 7.6.2 for the description of existing open space and character.

- A 25 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 393 residents by 2031.
- A 47 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 1,379 workers by 2031.
- Given this sub-precinct includes a diversity of open space, no additional opens space is required.
- Continue to undertake minor upgrades to Barkly Gardens to cater to the forecast increased levels of use.
- Continue to maintain Alan Bain and McConchie Reserves.

#### **Burnley A**

Located between Burnley Street and Loyala Grove with Swan Street to the north and the Yarra River to the south. Refer to Section 7.6.2 for the description of existing open space and character

- A significant 78 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 685 residents by 2031. The majority are anticipated to be located in the Swan Street area, consistent with the Yarra Housing Strategy 2018.
- A 43 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 192 workers by 2031 in the Swan Street area.
- Given the majority of the forecast population is going to live and work between Swan Street and the Railway, the Strategy recommends that the informal facilities at Ryans Reserve are improved to better cater to casual use outside of training and match play.
- Undertake a major upgrade of Golden Square Park to increase the diversity of the facilities, its interface to the retail/commercial use to the west of the park and the overall character.
- Review the future use and design of Athol J Brown Reserve as part of the future major upgrade of Golden Square Park to complement the character and facilities in the upgraded Golden Square Park.

#### **Burnley B**

Located between Loyala Grove and the Yarra River. Refer to Section 7.6.2 for the description of existing open space and character.

- A 55 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 1,700 workers by 2031.
- Currently there is no existing resident population and no future resident population is forecast for this precinct.
- Given this sub-precinct is predominantly open space, no additional opens space is required.
- Review the provision of suitable sports facilities at Kevin Bartlett Reserve for female participation.
- Undertake a review of Burnley Golf Course to confirm whether there is a need to continue the golfing use or whether there is a greater demand for other structured community sporting uses in the future.
- Continue to protect and improve the biodiversity values of the Yarra River corridor.

## 7.6.6 Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley Recommendations

### 7.6.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Barkly Gardens and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute to the open space character of this precinct. With the forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population in Cremorne, and lack of open space west of Church Street, a key recommendation is to provide new Small Neighbourhood, Local and Small Local open space reserves in Cremorne to cater to the nearly 10,000 additional workers and residents. With the forecast significant increase in urban densities along Swan Street and across the southern part of the Municipality, there is also a longer term opportunity to introduce more diverse golfing options and other sporting uses at Burnley Public Golf Course. Strengthening the natural biodiversity values along the Yarra River corridor will contribute to the character and resilience of Richmond South and Burnley.

#### **Quality and design**

There is potential to improve the quality and diversity of facilities in the existing open spaces in this precinct. The additional open space in Cremorne will be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.

Refer to Figure 7.6F for the spatial location of recommendations for this precinct.

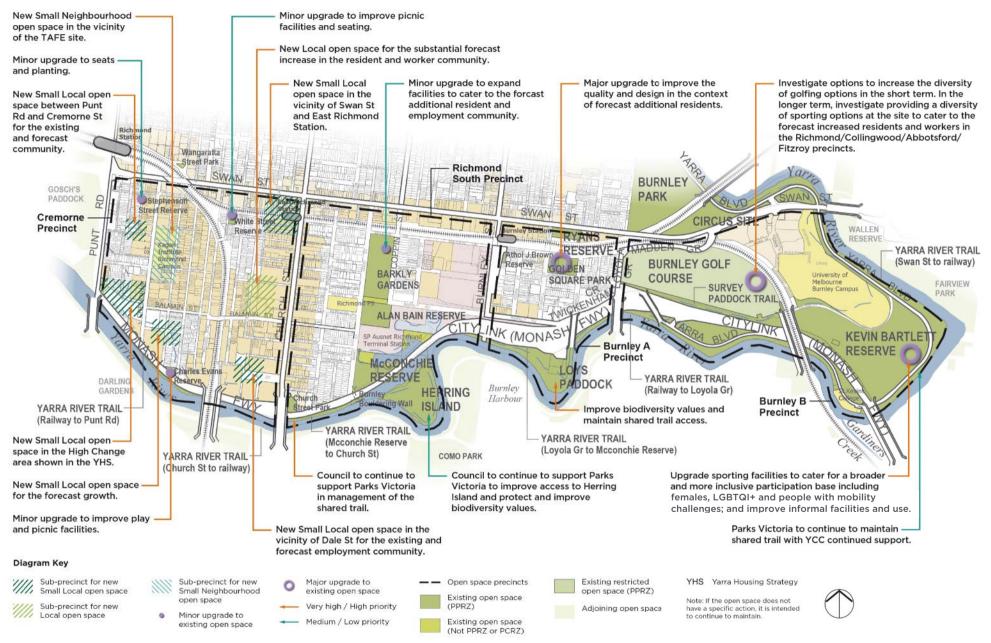


Figure 7.6F Recommendations for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

## 7.6.5b Precinct Actions for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

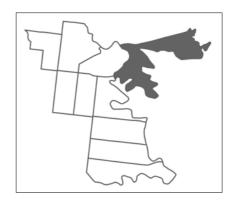
## A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.6A-1	Provide a new Small Neighbourhood open space in Cremorne in the vicinity of the Kangan TAFE site. There is potential to investigate locating this on the car park and improving east-west connectivity as well. This new open space is primarily for the new population and also for the existing population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.6A-2	Provide a new Small Local open space in the north-west area of Cremorne between Punt Road and Cremorne Street as shown in Figure 7.6F. This is to cater for both the forecast new and the existing population north of Kelso Street.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.6A-3	Provide a new Small Local open space in the south-west part of Cremorne in close proximity to the High Change Area shown in the Yarra Housing Strategy 2018. This is primarily to cater to the forecast new resident and worker population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.6A-4	Provide a new Small Local open space between Cremorne Street and the railway, south of Balmain Street, as shown in Figure 7.6F. This will primarily be for the forecast new population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.6A-5	Provide a new Local open space between the railway and Church Street and north of Balmain Street. This will complement the existing White Street Reserve, which is already well used, and cater to the forecast substantial increase in the worker and resident population. Options for future open space include the car park near East Richmond Station and the on the Bryant and May Site. The future open space will preferably be large enough to provide for unstructured active recreation including multi-use court, half courts, exercise equipment combined with urban greening and picnic and barbecue facilities.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.6A-6	Provide a new Small Local open space in the employment precinct south of Balmain Street and between the railway and Church Street. There is an opportunity to investigate changing the configuration of Dale Street to create a public open space and/or the configuration of the square on Electric Street. This will cater to both the existing and forecast worker population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.6A-7	Provide a new small local open space in the north or south of East Richmond Station primarily for the forecast population in the Swan Street precinct.	YCC Developer	Very High

# B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.6B-1	Alan Bain Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.6B-2	Athol J Brown Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.6B-3	Barkly Gardens	YCC	Medium
	Undertake minor upgrades to the playground and other		
	unstructured recreation facilities to cater to increased levels of use		
-	for forecast population.		
7.6B-4	Burnley Golf Course	YCC	Very High
	Undertake a major review of the future use of this public open		
	space to investigate options to increase the diversity of golfing options at the Burnley Golf Course in the short to medium term. In		
	the longer term, investigate the feasibility to provide a diversity of		
	sporting options offered at this site. This is investigation only, and		
	the space is intended to continue to be primarily used for		
	structured sporting uses.		
7.6B-5	Charles Evans Reserve	YCC	High
	Undertake minor upgrades including investigating improving the		
	picnic and play facilities.		
7.6B-6	Church Street Park	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.6B-7	Golden Square Park	YCC	High
	Undertake a major upgrade to better cater to the needs of the		
	existing and forecast population including:		
	<ul> <li>Improve the quality and design of the open grassed area.</li> <li>Increase the variety of unstructured recreation facilities in the</li> </ul>		
	open space to appeal to a more diverse age group.		
	Activate the interface between the park and the adjoining		
	commercial use to the west of the reserve.		
7.6B-8	Herring Island	PV	Ongoing
	Support investigating options to improve access to Herring Island		
	and its contribution to the biodiversity values of the Yarra River		
7.00.0	Corridor, consistent with the Yarra Strategic Plan.	\ <u>'</u>	
7.6B-9	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	YCC	High
	Investigate options to upgrade the sporting facilities to better cater to a broader and more inclusive participation base including		
	females, LGBTQI+ and people with mobility challenges. As part		
	of the future upgrade improve the passive and informal facilities		
	provided at the reserve primarily for the forecast population as		
	part of the future increased levels of use.		1
7.6B-10	Loys Paddock	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to improve the natural biodiversity values with		
	appropriate indigenous revegetation while maintaining appropriate access for the Main Yarra Trail.		
7.6B-11	McConchie Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
1.UD-11		100	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.	1	

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.6B-12	Ryans Reserve  Undertake minor upgrade to the informal facilities to complement the recent major upgrade to the netball facilities. This is to improve the casual use of the reserve outside of sports training and match play.	YCC	High
7.6B-13	Stephenson Street Reserve Undertake minor upgrade to improve seating opportunities and landscape character with additional planting.	YCC	Ongoing
7.6B-14	Survey Paddock Trail PV to continue to maintain.	PV	Ongoing
7.6B-15	White Street Reserve Undertake a minor upgrade including provision of improved picnic facilities and review of the play facility and options to improve the seating and other uses. If opportunities arise in the future, investigate expanding the size of this open space to improve its function and use.	YCC	Medium
7.6B-16	Yarra River Trail – Church St to Railway Continue to maintain.	PV (YCC)	Ongoing
7.6B-17	Yarra River Trail – Loyala Gv to McConchie Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.6B-18	Yarra River Trail – McConchie Reserve to Church St  PV to continue to maintain and YCC continues to support the importance of accessibility through this section of trail.	PV (YCC)	Ongoing
7.6B-19	Yarra River Trail – Railway to Loyala Gr Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.6B-20	Yarra River Trail – Railway to Punt Rd PV to continue to maintain.	PV (YCC)	Ongoing
7.6B-21	Yarra River Trail – Swan St to Railway  PV to continue to maintain and YCC continues to support the importance of accessibility through this section of trail.	PV (YCC)	Ongoing



# 7.7 Fairfield - Alphington

## 7.7.1 Introduction

Fairfield and Alphington are located between the Merri Creek and Darebin Creek with the Yarra River defining its southern boundary and Heidelberg Road its north.

The waterways and open space define the character of these precincts. Yarra Bend Park, Yarra Bend Public Golf Course and Fairfield Park make up more than half of Fairfield. Within Yarra Bend Park is the Melbourne Polytechnic Fairfield Campus and some business/commercial and use to the north along Heidelberg Road, while the majority of the rest of Fairfield is residential. East of Chandler Highway Alphington is a predominantly residential area with the privately owned and run Latrobe Golf Club on the Yarra River, Alphington Park and Wetlands and the proposed future linear open space along Darebin Creek. The area is experiencing significant change with the redevelopment of the former Alphington Paper Mills site into a new residential community with approximately 2,500 dwellings. As part of the planning process, the provision of new public open space has been shown in the Development Plan and is illustrated on Figure 7.7A as future open space. The *Alphington Paper Mill Development Plan, Alpha Partners and Glenvill 2016*, is the approved plan for the site. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct.

In Fairfield there are two public open space reserves adjacent to the north bank of the Yarra River being Rudder Grange and Coate Park. Currently, there is informal pedestrian access between them over privately owned land and there is a need to formalise this in the future to provide a secure formal pedestrian path link between the two public open spaces.

With the mixed land use, there is a significant worker population in Fairfield and Alphington which is about 20 per cent less than the resident population, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 2,894 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: Not available.

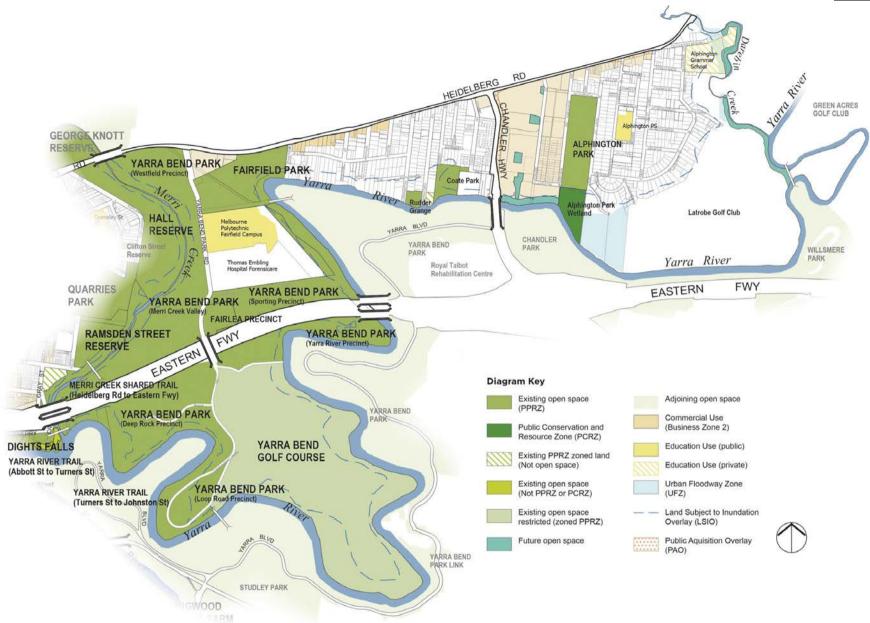


Figure 7.7A Existing open space in Fairfield - Alphington

## 7.7.2 Existing open space

## 7.7.2a Description

The two suburbs of Alphington and Fairfield are separated by Chandler Highway and have clear defined boundaries formed by the Heidelberg Road to the north, the Yarra River to the south and Merri Creek and Darebin Creek to the east and west. The extent of the two suburbs are shown in Figure 7.7B.

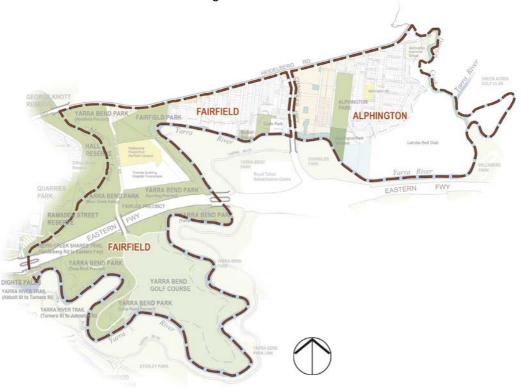


Figure 7.7B Open space sub-precincts for Fairfield - Alphington

#### **Fairfield**

- Open space located in this suburb includes
  - Coate Park
  - Fairfield Park
  - Rudder Grange
  - Yarra Bend Park
- Yarra Bend Park is a major regional open space that is Crown Land managed by Parks Victoria. The Parks Victoria Visitor Guide notes that it is the largest area of natural bushland near the heart of Melbourne and is home to the city's famous Flyingfox colony, has steep river escarpments, open woodlands, playing fields and golf courses.
- Fairfield Park directly adjoins Yarra Bend Park and is managed by the City of Yarra. It
  provides a diversity of facilities and provides access to the Yarra River for the boating
  including kayak and canoe launch facilities along with the boat hire associated with
  the Fairfield Boathouse and Tea Gardens. The Ivanhoe Northcote Canoe Club is
  based at the park and the Fairfield Amphitheatre is located in the park and

- accommodates up to 350 people at an event and is available for bookings. Fairfield Park Oval provides two soccer fields and a cricket ground along with cricket nets and a sports pavilion. The masterplan prepared in 2010 guides future works in the Park.
- Coate Park and Rudder Grange directly adjoin the Yarra River to the east of the
  precinct and an informal walking track along the Yarra River connects them both.
   Coate Park has mature exotic plantings and open grassed area with seats and picnic
  facilities. The existing masterplan prepared in 2002 guides future works.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies two Moderate Change areas, with one at the corner of Chandler Highway and Heidelberg Road and the other to the north of Fairfield Park. The remainder of the residential area is noted as Minimal Change.
- The non-residential land use forms part of the Fairfield Employment Precinct, however there are no employment forecasts for this area.

#### **Alphington**

- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Alphington Park
  - Alphington Park Wetlands
- Alphington Park provides for the sport and recreation needs of the existing residents and includes a sports field, bowling club, playground, picnic facilities and walking paths.
- Alphington Park Wetlands directly adjoin the Yarra River and are a peaceful location for walking and primarily for protection and improvement of the biodiversity values of the Yarra River corridor.
- Latrobe Golf Club is privately owned and provides a natural unbuilt character even though this area is not open and accessible to the public.
- A future linear open space corridor is proposed along the Darebin Creek as part of
  the Lower Darebin Creek Shared Trail link to the Main Yarra Trail. People living in
  Alphington can access the shared trail via Sparks Reserve, which is located in the
  City of Banyule via Heidelberg Road. Currently there is no direct access onto the trail
  from Alphington.
- Future open space is proposed within the Alphington Paper Mills development site and the layout shown in the 2016 Development Plan is shown in Figure 7.7A. This is a system of future Small Local and Local open space primarily for the new approximately 2,500 dwellings. The 30 metre wide reserve along the Yarra River will be accessible and will provide an open space link to Alphington Park Wetlands in the future. The land use is a combination of residential use, mixed use (Alphington Paper Mills site), special use for the Latrobe Golf Club, education for the Alphington Primary School and some commercial use along Heidelberg Road.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes one High Change area which is the Alphington Paper Mills Site. The area of commercial use on Heidelberg Road is designated as a Moderate Change area, with the remainder of the residential area being Minimal Change.

## 7.7.2b Quantity of open space in Fairfield - Alphington

The 6 existing open spaces in Fairfield and Alphington have a combined total area of 96.92 hectares. This represents approximately 28 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. Additionally there is 1 existing restricted open space that is 59.63 hectares in size. Adding the restricted open space to the other 6 open spaces results in a total of 156.55 hectares and represents 45.2 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 359 sqm of open space per person relative to the residential population in 2016.

Table 7.7-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
3	Regional	89.29	92%
1	City wide	5.50	6%
1	Neighbourhood	1.58	2%
1	Small Neighbourhood	0.54	1%
0	Local	0.00	0%
0	Small Local	0.00	0%
6	TOTAL	96.92	100%

## 7.7.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

Yarra Bend Park is noted to be the largest natural bushland area to the Melbourne CBD, being located approximately 6 kilometres from it. It also provides a significant sport and recreation precinct for the residential and worker community, particularly those living nearby including in Fairfield.

Fairfield Park including the oval is a Regional open space that is managed by the City of Yarra directly and provides a combination of facilities that meet local and regional open space needs. Alphington Park, on the other hand, is a City-wide reserve with a predominantly sporting character and caters primarily to the sport and recreation needs of Alphington.

Alphington Park Wetland is the only area of open space that is zoned Public Conservation and Resource Zone and has a Regional hierarchy in recognition of its contribution to the habitat values of the broader Yarra River corridor.

Coate Park is the only Neighbourhood Park due to its size and the range of facilities located in it, while Rudder Grange is a Small Neighbourhood open space with a walking path and seating that currently does not connect to Coate Park as a continuous path. There is a need to formalise and secure public access between these two reserves along the north bank of the Yarra River in the future.

A walking catchment has not been included for the future open space along the Darebin Creek given that it is fenced though Latrobe Golf Course at the end of Farm Road restricting access to the open space and Darebin Creek Trail for people living and working in Alphington.

Table 7.7-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Alphington Park	5.50	City-wide	Sporting	Heritage, Public garden
Alphington Park Wetland	2.49	Regional	Nature conservation	Waterway, Informal
Coate Park	1.59	Neighbourhood	Public garden	Waterway, Heritage
Fairfield Park	7.97	Regional	Heritage	Public garden, Sporting, Waterway, Nature conservation, Botanical
Rudder Grange	0.54	Small Neighbourhood	Waterway	Linking space, Nature conservation, Seating/viewing
Yarra Bend Park (Deep Rock Precinct)	19.95	Regional	Sporting	Waterway, Nature conservation
Yarra Bend Park (Fairlea Precinct)	8.87	Regional	Sporting	Public parkland
Yarra Bend Park (Loop Road Precinct)	8.72	Regional	Public parkland	Sporting, Heritage, Waterway
Yarra Bend Park (Merri Creek Valley)	18.31	Regional	Waterway	Linear, Native bushland, Nature conservation, Seating/viewing
Yarra Bend Park (Westfield Precinct)	8.90	Regional	Public parkland	Waterway, Nature conservation
Yarra Bend Park (Yarra River Precinct)	14.09	Regional	Waterway	Nature conservation, Linear
Total	96.92			
***************************************	<del></del>	<u>-</u> ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
Restricted open space				
Yarra Bend Public Golf Course	59.63	Regional	Restricted sporting	
Total including restricted open space	156.55			

## 7.7.2d Distribution of open space in Fairfield - Alphington

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate hierarchy as shown in Table 7.7-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.7C on the next page. The only gap area for this precinct is shown on the Latrobe Golf Club land and given this is private open space it is not applicable.

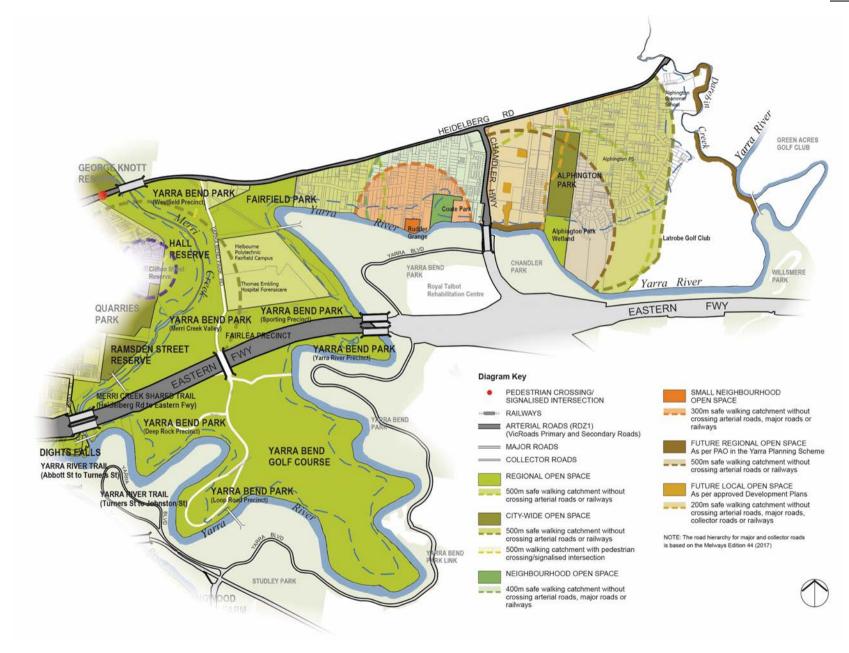


Figure 7.7C Gap analysis for Fairfield - Alphington

# 7.7.3 How residents use open space

A total of 55 resident surveys were received from the Fairfield - Alphington precinct, which represents 4 per cent of the total surveys received. The .id Community Profile identifies that 3 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives there.

It is interesting to note that despite the close proximity of Yarra Bend Park there are relatively low levels of use of the park.

Table 7.7-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	ing distance	
24	Alphington Park	<ul> <li>Dog walking (10)</li> <li>Close to home (4)</li> <li>Beautiful open space (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Upgrade the playgrounds (3)</li> <li>No improvements required (2)</li> <li>Netball court required (2)</li> <li>More watering of the open space (2)</li> </ul>
13	Fairfield Park	<ul> <li>Dog walking (4)</li> <li>Walking (4)</li> <li>Exercising (3)</li> <li>Playing with children (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>Additional bushland required</li> <li>(2)</li> </ul>
12	Coate Park	<ul><li>Dog walking (5)</li><li>Close to home (3)</li><li>Exercising (2)</li></ul>	<ul><li> More drinking fountains (2)</li><li> Dog waste bags/bins, additional required (1)</li></ul>
9	Darebin Parklands	<ul><li>Dog walking (4)</li><li>Exercising (4)</li><li>Walking (4)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Safer crossing points at major roads for cyclists (1)</li> <li>Dedicated facilities for womens sport(2)</li> </ul>
9	Yarra Bend Park	<ul><li>Beautiful open space (3)</li><li>Dog walking (2)</li></ul>	<ul><li>Dog drinking facilities required (1)</li><li>Prohibit dogs (1)</li></ul>
7	Alphington Park Wetland	• Dog walking (5)	<ul> <li>No improvements required (1)</li> <li>Wayfinding and educational signage required (1)</li> </ul>
Open	space beyond wa	Iking distance	
10	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul><li>Walking (2)</li><li>Beautiful (2)</li><li>Relaxing (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (3)
3	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	Socialising with friends/family (5)	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(3)</li> <li>Regular maintenance and cleaning required (2)</li> </ul>
93	Quarries Park	<ul><li>Exercising (1)</li><li>Children playing (1)</li></ul>	Upgrade playgrounds (1)

#### Values of open space (top five)

- 84% A place to relax and unwind
- 82% Trees
- 78% Habitat for native animals and plants
- 71% An escape from the built environment
- 64% Health and wellbeing, 64% Natural bushland character

### Types of open space used (top five)

- 80% Local streets for exercise
- 78% Open space along the Yarra River
- 64% Small local parks
- 55% Large parks and gardens
- 45% Open space along the Merri Creek

## Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 85% Walking paths
- 82% Open grassed areas
- 69% Seats
- 58% Cycle paths
- 45% Dog off-leash areas

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Open space is valued (6)
- Retain the open space that is already there (4)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

## 7.7.4 Analysis of future change and open space needs

### 7.7.4a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

Table 7.7-4 shows the forecast population growth for the residential and worker populations in Fairfield and Alphington. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the each sub-precinct within Fairfield and Alphington have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with the analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018). There are no worker population estimates available for this precinct.

The resident population growth is significant with an overall change in residential population of 214 per cent or an additional 6,205 residents between 2016 and 2031. In reviewing the forecast breakdown, the majority of the change is forecast to occur in Alphington on the Alphington Paper Mills Development site. The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there will be an approximately 28 per cent change in Fairfield, while Alphington will reduce to a 4 per cent increase. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe.

Table 7.7-4 Resident population forecasts for Fairfield and Alphington open space subprecincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Alphington	1,245	7,393	6,148
% change Alphington			494%
Fairfield	1,649	1,706	57
% change Fairfield			3%
Total Fairfield and Alphington	2,894	9,099	6,205
Total % Change			214%

## 7.7.4b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in Fairfield and Alphington will place increased pressure and demand on the existing open space. The pressures will include increased volumes of people in the open space utilising the facilities particularly in the City-wide, Neighbourhood and Local open space. The Alphington Paper Mills Development Plan includes the provision of one new Small Local open space, three new Local open spaces and the 30 metre wide Yarra River corridor. This will assist to reduce the pressure on the existing open space network in Alphington.

The forecast change in demographics results in an increase in young families with children in the pre and primary school age. There is forecast to be a decline in the 12 to 17 year and 50 to 69 age range. With an increase in the number of young children, the future open space designs will need to maximise the diversity of facilities including play areas for young children.

## 7.7.4c Where change will occur

The forecast resident and worker population increase in Fairfield and Alphington will be concentrated in Alphington on the former Alphington Paper Mill development site along with the areas of Moderate Change as identified in the *Yarra Housing Strategy*, 2018 (YHS, 2018). Refer to Figure 7.7D on the next page.

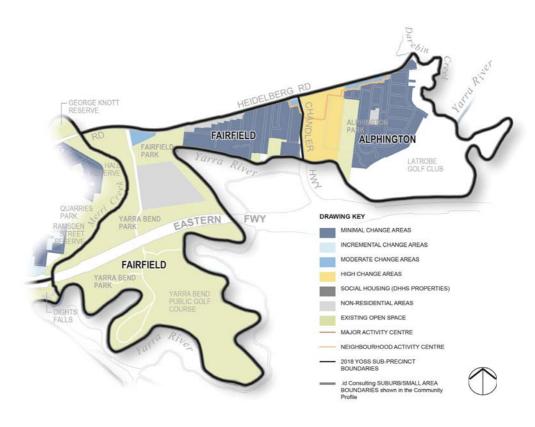


Figure 7.7D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

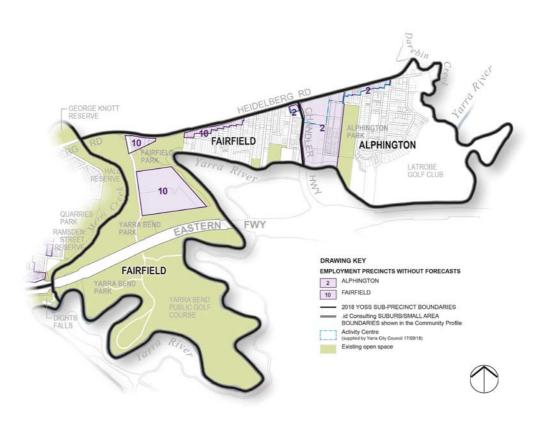


Figure 7.7E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

# 7.7.4d Open space distribution and future need in Fairfield - Alphington

The suburbs of Fairfield and Alphington are distinct and clearly defined by major roads and waterways.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Fairfield Refer to Section 7.7.2 for the	<ul> <li>A 3 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 57 residents by 2031.</li> </ul>
description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>Looking forward to 2041 a 28 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 48 residents by 2041.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>There is adequate open space provided for the existing and forecast population.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Minor upgrades to Coate Park and Rudder Grange to provide a bridge or formalised path, additional seating and improve the condition of the open grassed area in Coate Park.</li> </ul>
	Continue to implement the existing masterplan for Fairfield Park.
Alphington Refer to Section 7.7.2 for the	<ul> <li>A 494 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 6,148 residents by 2031.</li> </ul>
description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>Looking forward to 2041 the forecast increase slows significantly to 4 per cent.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>As part of the approved Alphington Paper Mills Development Plan 2016 additional open space will be provided on the site. This includes 1 Small Local and 3 Local open spaces, with a connection to the standard 30 metre wide reserve adjacent to the Yarra River.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Undertake a major upgrade to the play and picnic facilities in Alphington Park to cater to increased levels of use from the additional population.</li> </ul>

## 7.7.5 Fairfield - Alphington Recommendations

## 7.7.5a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Open space is well provided for and significantly contributes to the landscape character of these areas. With the significant levels of forecast growth in Alphington one new Small Local and three new Local open spaces are to be provided on the Alphington Paper Mills Development site as part of the approved Development Plan. In Fairfield, secure a formal public pedestrian path link between Coate Park and Rudder Grange along the Yarra River.

#### **Quality and design**

There is potential to expand the play and picnic facilities in Alphington Park to cater to the substantial increase in population, combined with ongoing upgrades to and implementation of the Fairfield Park Masterplan. The new open space designs are recommended to be reviewed in the context of ensuring there are facilities that provide for some active unstructured recreation and that they include greening and passive cooling given the high urban densities so they also contribute to mitigating urban heat island effect.

Refer to Figure 7.7F for the spatial location of recommendations for Fairfield - Alphington.

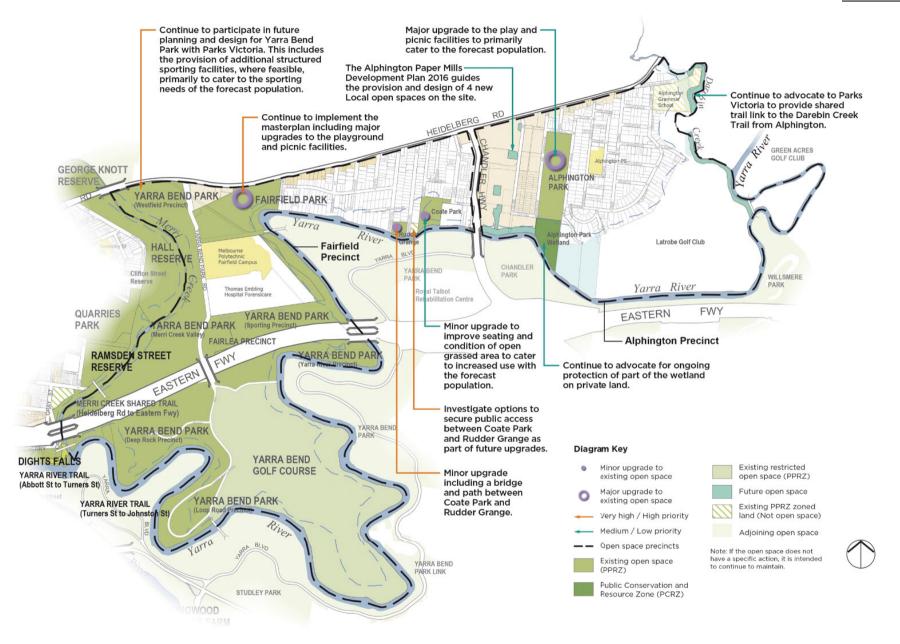


Figure 7.7F Recommendations for Fairfield - Alphington

# 7.7.5b Precinct Actions for Fairfield - Alphington

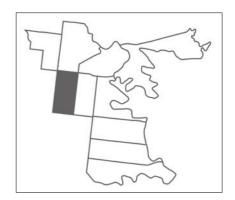
# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.5A-1	The Alphington Paper Mills Development Plan 2016 has identified the provision of 1 new Small Local open space in the north of the precinct.	Developer	High
7.5A-2	The Alphington Paper Mills Development Plan 2016 has identified the provision of 3 new Local open spaces on the site including the linking space to the 30 metre wide reserve along the Yarra River corridor.	Developer	High
7.5A-3	Continue to advocate to Parks Victoria to provide a shared trail link to the Darebin Creek Shared Trail from Alphington. Note that no costs have been included for this project as it is the responsibility of the Victorian government to provide access onto the trail.	PV (YCC)	High
7.5A-4	Continue to investigate options to secure public access along the Yarra River between Coate Park and Rudder Grange.	YCC (MW) (Adjoining Land Holders)	Ongoing

## B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.5B-1	Alphington Park	YCC	High
	Undertake a major upgrade of the playground and picnic facilities in Alphington Park to primarily cater to the forecast population.		
7.5B-2	Alphington Park Wetland  Continue to maintain and recognise the biodiversity values of the wetland. This includes advocating for ongoing protection for part of the wetland located on adjoining private land.	YCC (Adjoining land holder)	Ongoing
7.5B-3	Coate Park Undertake minor upgrade with additional seating, improve the condition of the open grassed areas and continue to improve the biodiversity values of the reserve consistent with the existing masterplan.	YCC	High
7.5B-4	Fairfield Park  Continue to implement the masterplan including a major upgrade to the playground and picnic facilities at the park. Future upgrades are for both the existing and forecast population.	YCC	High

		Respons-	
No.	Action	ibility	Priority
7.5B-5	Rudder Grange	YCC	Medium
	Undertake a minor upgrade including a bridge or formalised safe		
	path link between Coate Park and Rudder Grange, along with		
	additional seats and continue to improve the biodiversity values.		
7.5B-6	Yarra Bend Park (all precincts)	PV (YCC)	High and
	Continue to participate in the future planning and design for Yarra		Ongoing
	Bend Park to advocate for provision of additional structured		
	sporting facilities where feasible and required in the context of		
	limited additional space being available to cater to the sporting		
	needs of the forecast population in the City of Yarra.		



# 7.8 Fitzroy

### 7.8.1 Introduction

Fitzroy is bounded to the north by Alexandra Parade, to the South by Victoria Parade, the west by Nicholson Street and the east by Smith Street. The land is gently undulating with Brunswick Street on a ridgeline.

The land use of Fitzroy is mixed with core residential precincts combined with the commercial spines running north south and east west along the major roads. Fitzroy has intact original residential pockets of Victorian terraces amongst mixed land use including former small scale manufacturing and warehouses, many of which today are converted to residential use. Along Nicholson Street the substantial larger historical terraces opposite the Carlton Gardens and the World Heritage Listed Royal Exhibition Buildings contribute to the character and context of Fitzroy. There are large pockets of mixed use and an area of social housing known as the Atherton Gardens Estate. Other key land use includes St Vincents Hospital and the Australian Catholic University along Victoria Parade. Brunswick Street, Gertrude Street, Smith Street and Johnston Street are key commercial and retail precincts with cafes and restaurants along with a vibrant art scene including galleries and studios.

Fitzroy is identified as an urban area of special significance to the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander leaders gained influence and important organisations were born in and around the streets of Fitzroy. The area has seen Stolen Generations and estranged families reunited and it has given rise to renowned artists, activists and athletes.

The *Smith Street Structure Plan*, adopted by Council in November 2008, provides the key direction for the future expansion and change within it. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct.

With the mixed land use, there is a significant worker population in Fitzroy which is greater than the resident population as shown below:

- Existing residential population 2016: 11,485 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 17,314 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)



Diagram Key Existing open space (PPRZ) Existing open space (Not PPRZ or PCRZ) Existing open space restricted (zoned PPRZ) Adjoining open space Commercial Use (Business Zone 2) Public Use Zone -Services (PUZ1) Public Use Zone -Local Government (PUZ6) Education Use (public) Education Use (private)

Figure 7.8A Existing open space in Fitzroy

## 7.8.2 Existing open space

## 7.8.2d Description

Nicholson, Brunswick and Smith Streets are major north south roads in Fitzroy and Alexandra Parade, Johnston Street and Victoria Parade define four open space subprecincts, Fitzroy A, B, C and D. These are shown in Figure 7.8B.



Figure 7.8B Open space sub-precincts for Fitzroy

#### Fitzroy A

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy A is located between Alexandra Parade and Johnston Street, and between Nicholson and Brunswick Streets.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Garryowen Park
- This Local open space is located centrally in the sub-precinct and includes seating and play facilities. There are no gaps in open space distribution in this precinct due to its relatively central location.
- The land use includes a combination of mainly residential use to the north and mixed use to the south.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies this precinct to be a combination of minimal change in the north and incremental change in the south.

#### Fitzroy B

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy B is located between Johnston Street and Victoria Parade and between Nicholson and Brunswick Streets.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Frank King Park
  - King William Reserve
- Frank King Park is Small Local open space which has a public garden character with seats and planting and appears as a private open space given it is fenced.
- King William Reserve by contrast contains a range of unstructured recreation facilities including a half court and playground along with a seating area.
- On the west side of Nicholson Street is Carlton Gardens and the World Heritage listed Royal Exhibition Buildings in the City of Melbourne. They contribute to the character of the area and can be accessed across an arterial road.
- The land use is predominantly residential with retail/commercial and higher density residential along Brunswick and Johnston Streets. South of Gertrude Street the land use is predominantly residential area with St Vincents Hospital.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes two moderate change areas with the remainder identified as minimal and incremental change.

#### Fitzroy C

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy C is located between Alexandra Parade and Johnston Street and between Brunswick and Smith Streets.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Smith Reserve
- Smith Reserve is a Small Neighbourhood open space located on Alexandra Parade adjacent to the Fitzroy Pool. The open space is informal in character and includes an open grassed area for informal games and dog off-lead exercise, a picnic and barbecue facility and fenced playground.
- Land use is a combination of residential, mainly to the north and then mixed use with higher density residential to the south closer to Johnston Street.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies the mixed use area to the south and east as a high change area. Areas of moderate change are shown along Brunswick Street and also in the south, with the balance shown as minimal change.

#### Fitzroy D

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy D is located between Johnston Street and Victoria Parade and between Brunswick and Smith Streets.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Atherton Reserve
  - Condell Street Reserve
  - George Street Reserve
  - Greeves Street Reserve
  - Whitlam Place
- Atherton Reserve is a Neighbourhood open space and is popular for informal ball sports with the soccer ground and also for dog walking/exercise and play.

- Condell Street Reserve is a Local open space with some mature shade trees, open grassed areas, path link and a small play facility.
- George Street Reserve is a Small Local open space with mature trees, path and seat and is mainly used as linking space.
- Greeves Street Reserve includes seats with some planting.
- Whitlam Place, located opposite the Fitzroy Town Hall and Library, functions as a linking space and a space for relaxing and sitting. Facilities and features include shade trees, seating, paths and a monument.
- Land use is predominantly residential with commercial and business use along the major roads bordering the precinct and also along Gertrude Street in the south. Fitzroy Town Hall and Library provides a civic hub along with Fitzroy Primary School and the Sacred Heart Primary School.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies a high change area along Johnston Street in the north and moderate change along Brunswick and Smith Streets. The majority of the remainder of the precinct is identified as minimal change. Pockets of non-residential use include the Australian Catholic University site on Victoria Parade in the south.

## 7.8.2a Quantity of open space in Fitzroy

The 9 existing open spaces in Fitzroy have a combined total area of 2.27 hectares. This represents approximately 1.6 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 2.2 sqm of open space per person relative to the residential population in 2016.

Table 7.8-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
0	Regional	0.00	0%
0	City wide	0.00	0%
1	Neighbourhood	1.14	50%
1	Small Neighbourhood	0.58	29%
3	Local	0.43	19%
4	Small Local	0.12	5%
9	TOTAL	2.27	100%

### 7.8.2b Open space hierarchy, character and quality

Atherton Reserve is the Neighbourhood open space for Fitzroy and while it appears to be well used, the open space survey identified it is slightly less popular than Condell Street Reserve. The soccer field is used as a sports ground for informal and structured sport and is available for other activities including ball sports, jogging and exercising dogs. Other facilities include the cricket nets, a path and two seating areas with picnic tables. Atherton Reserve adjoins the Cubbies Adventure Playground which is a supervised play area. While the reserve is positioned centrally there is a lack of passive surveillance in it which may contribute to the lower levels of informal use. Condell Street is nearby and provides a complementary character with mature exotic trees and a public play facility,

however it is poorly located in the open space and there is potential to expand and improve it along with the layout and facilities in the reserve. Whitlam Place is the other Local open space which is located nearby to Condell Street Reserve and has a distinctly different character and functions well without a play facility.

The two Small Local open spaces are limited in size and the there is potential to improve the character of George Street Reserve with additional planting and seating.

The proximity and views to Carlton Gardens and the Royal Exhibition Buildings contribute to the open space character and historical context of Fitzroy.

Table 7.8-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Atherton Reserve	1.14	Neighbourhood	Informal	Linking space
Condell Street Reserve	0.20	Local	Informal	Play
Frank King Park	0.05	Small Local	Public garden	Formal
Garryowen Park	0.11	Local	Informal	Play
George Street Reserve	0.03	Small Local	Linking space	Seating/viewing
Greeves Street Reserve	0.01	Small Local	Seating/viewing	
King William Reserve	0.02	Small Local	Urban plaza	Play
Smith Reserve	0.58	Small Neighbourhood	Informal	Play
Whitlam Place	0.11	Local	Public square	
Total	2.27			

### 7.8.2c Distribution of open space in Fitzroy

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.8-2 and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Table 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.8C. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Fitzroy is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

For Fitzroy, the major gaps in the existing open space network occur south of Gertrude Street and between Rose and Johnston Streets, between Brunswick Street and Smith Street. These are shown in Figure 7.8C.

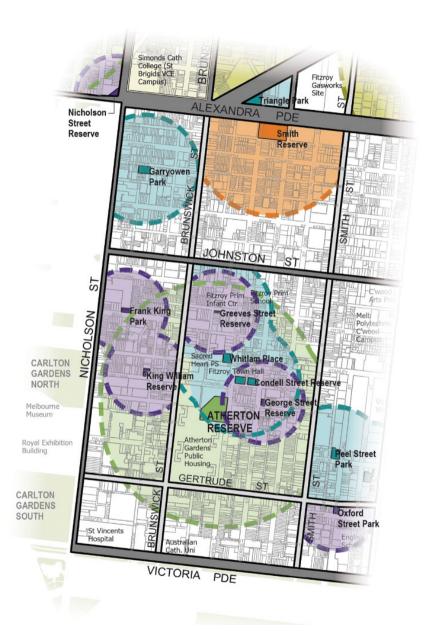


Figure 7.8C Gap analysis for Fitzroy

#### Diagram Key

ARTERIAL ROADS (RDZ1)
(VicRoads Primary and Secondary Roads)

MAJOR ROADS

—— COLLECTOR ROADS

CITY-WIDE OPEN SPACE

500m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads or railways

500m walking catchment with pedestrian crossing/signalised intersection

NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE

400m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads or railways

SMALL NEIGHBOURHOOD OPEN SPACE

300m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads or railways

LOCAL OPEN SPACE

200m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

SMALL LOCAL OPEN SPACE

150m safe walking catchment without crossing arterial roads, major roads, collector roads or railways

NOTE: The road hierarchy for major and collector roads is based on the Melways Edition 44 (2017)



# 7.8.3 How residents use open space

A total of 121 resident surveys were received from the Fitzroy precinct. A summary of the results of the worker survey is included in the next section 7.8.4.

 Table 7.8-3
 Most frequently visited open space

No	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
No.	Name   space within walk		Suggested improvements
67	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Dog walking (13)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (13)</li> <li>Relaxing (11)</li> <li>Walking (10)</li> <li>Large open space (8)</li> <li>Dog friendly (7)</li> <li>Picnics (7)</li> <li>Playground (7)</li> <li>Close to home (5)</li> <li>Playing with children (5)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (7)</li> <li>Dog fenced off areas required (3)</li> <li>Dog drinking facilities required (2)</li> <li>More exercise equipment needed (2)</li> <li>More shade required for playgrounds (2)</li> </ul>
47	Carlton Gardens	<ul> <li>Convenient / on the way (8)</li> <li>Relaxing (7)</li> <li>Close to home (6)</li> <li>Dog walking (5)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (6)</li> <li>Dog off leash areas required (3)</li> <li>Separate paths for cyclists and pedestrians (2)</li> </ul>
24	Smith Reserve	<ul><li>Close to home (8)</li><li>Playground (8)</li><li>Dog walking (5)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>More fencing required (3)</li> <li>More seating required (3)</li> <li>Traffic noise management (3)</li> </ul>
16	Condell Reserve	<ul><li>Playground (6)</li><li>Close to home (5)</li><li>Playing with children (5)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Empty bins frequently (5)</li> <li>Shade required for playground (3)</li> <li>Additional playgrounds required (2)</li> </ul>
14	Atherton Reserve	<ul> <li>Dog walking (3)</li> <li>Close to home (2)</li> <li>Exercise dogs (2)</li> <li>Playing with children (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Upgrade playgrounds (2)</li> <li>Additional fenced dog off leash areas required (2)</li> <li>Prohibit dog off leash (1)</li> </ul>
14	Fitzroy Gardens	<ul><li>Walking (6)</li><li>Convenient / on the way (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements needed</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul>
Open	space beyond wa	lking distance	
13	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Socialising with friends / family (4)</li> <li>BBQ facilities (2)</li> <li>Dog friendly (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More toilets required (2)</li> <li>More bins required (1)</li> <li>Bins to be emptied more frequently (1)</li> </ul>
7	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	<ul><li>Peaceful open space (3)</li><li>Relaxing (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (1)</li> </ul>
6	Darling Gardens	<ul><li>Playgrounds (3)</li><li>Picnics (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (2)
6	Yarra Bend Park	<ul><li>Cycling (4)</li><li>Dog walking (2)</li><li>Socialising with friends / family (2)</li></ul>	<ul><li>Dog agility park required (1)</li><li>Maintain paths (1)</li></ul>

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
			<ul> <li>Additional playgrounds required (1)</li> </ul>
5	Merri Creek Precinct	<ul><li>Cycling (1)</li><li>Dog walking (1)</li><li>Exercising (1)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>More access to the river for canoeing (1)</li> </ul>
5	Yarra River Precinct	• Dog walking (2)	<ul> <li>Additional boat sheds required to hire (1)</li> </ul>

## Values of open space (top five)

- 76% Place to relax and unwind
- 76% Trees
- 54% It's accessible
- 53% Just being outside, 53% The feeling of space
- 52% A place for children to play, 52% Health and well being

## Types of open space used (top five)

- 69% Local streets for exercise
- 65% Small local parks
- 64% Large parks and gardens
- 29% medium sized parks
- 27% Urban squares

#### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 88% Walking paths
- 69% Open grassed areas
- 67% Drinking fountains
- 59% Public toilets, 59% Seats
- 53% Cycle paths

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Additional open space required (6)
- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increase and the less private open space (5)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

## 7.8.4 How existing workers use open space

144 workers were surveyed in Fitzroy in Brunswick Street including near Victoria Parade.

#### Frequency of use of open space near the workplace

• 90 per cent of those surveyed visit open space near their workplace with only 10 per cent nominating they did not visit open space.

#### Reasons to visit open space near the workplace

The three top reasons workers visit open space near their place are:

- 66% to be outdoors as a break from work
- 46% to socialise / meet colleagues / friends
- 28% to eat lunch
- 21% to exercise for fitness
- 19% to meet family
- 12% to travel to and from work

#### Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name
28	Parks (names not provided)
25	Edinburgh Gardens
20	Carlton Gardens
20	Fitzroy Gardens
7	Small local park
6	Smith Reserve

#### Suggestions for improvements to the open space network

- Additional open space required (25)
- More greening/green open space (12)
- No improvements required to open space (11)
- Additional seats (8)
- More trees (7)

## 7.8.5 Analysis of future change and open space needs

### 7.8.5a Forecast future population

#### Quantity

Tables 7.8-4 and 7.8-5 show the forecast population growth for the residential and worker populations in Fitzroy. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the four open space subprecincts within Fitzroy have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth is significant with an overall change in residential population of 38 per cent or an additional 4,333 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is estimated to increase by approximately 48 per cent, with an additional 8,202 additional workers between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there is still additional capacity for growth beyond 2031 in Fitzroy and it is forecast to continue to grow at a similar rate with an additional nearly 5,000 residents by 2041. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe and to consider this in relation to the securing new open space.

Table 7.8-4 Resident population forecasts for Fitzroy open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Fitzroy A	1,326	2,059	733
% change Fitzroy A			55%
Fitzroy B	2,536	3,033	497
% change Fitzroy B			20%
Fitzroy C	2,376	3,648	1,272
% change Fitzroy C			54%
Fitzroy D	5,227	7,058	1,831
% change Fitzroy D			35%
Total Fitzroy	11,465	15,798	4,333
Total % Change			38%

Table 7.8-5 Worker population estimates for Fitzroy open space sub-precincts

EMPLOYMENT/ RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
Fitzroy A				
Brunswick Street Retail Precinct	2,195	3,208	1,013	46%
Total estimated worker populaton Fitzroy A	2,195	3,208	1,013	46%
Fitzroy B				
Brunswick Street Retail Precinct	1,596	2,333	737	46%
Victoria Parade Employment Precinct	4,575	6,899	2,324	51%
Total estimated worker population Fitzroy B	6,171	9,232	3,061	50%
Fitzroy C				
Brunswick Street Retail Precinct	1,197	1,750	553	46%
Smith Street Retail Precinct	1,449	2,123	674	46%
Total estimated worker population Fitzroy C	2,646	3,872	1,226	46%
Fitzroy D				
Brunswick Street Retail Precinct	1,663	2,430	768	46%
Victoria Parade Employment Precinct	2,698	4,069	1,371	51%
Smith Street Retail Precinct	1,642	2,406	763	46%
Total estimated worker population Fitzroy D	6,003	8,904	2,902	48%
Retail and employment precinct totals				
Brunswick Street Retail Precinct	6,650	9,720	3,070	46%
Victoria Parade Employment Precinct	7,273	10,968	3,695	51%
Smith Street Retail Precinct	3,091	4,528	1,437	46%
Total estimated worker population Fitzroy	17,014	25,216	8,202	48%

## 7.8.5b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in Fitzroy will place increased pressures and demands on existing open space and also for new open space. The pressures will include increased volumes of people in open space utilising the facilities, leading to overcrowding in open space, lack of access to existing facilities and deterioration in the quality of natural features such as grassed areas due to compaction from increased use.

The demographic trends continue to have the young workforce (25 to 34 age range) as the dominant age group with a slight decline in the 18 to 24 age range and slight increase in the 50+ age groups. There is a similar number of children in the 0 to 17 age groups indicating that young families will continue to be a key part of the community make up. This means that there will be a need to continue to provide a diversity of opens space facilities that appeal to a diverse community.

## 7.8.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident and worker population increase in Fitzroy will be concentrated in some of the key gap areas including north of Johnston Street and Victoria Parade south of Gertrude Street. The areas of future change are illustrated in Figures 7.8D and 7.8E below.

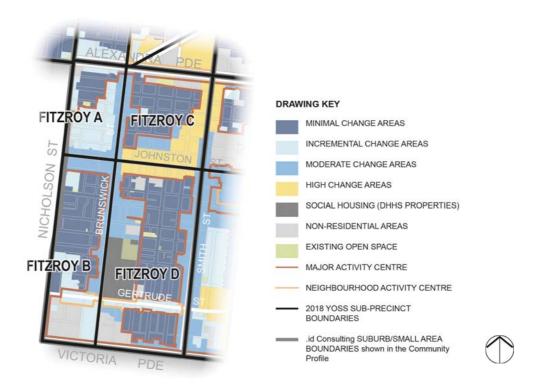


Figure 7.8D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

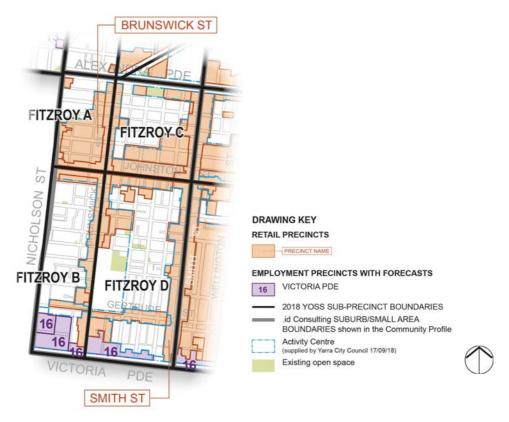


Figure 7.8E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

## 7.8.5d Future open space needs in Fitzroy

Within Fitzroy the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space, and therefore the analysis has been undertaken on a sub-precinct basis. The open space sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in Fitzroy to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside Fitzroy to visit open space, primarily for the beauty and diversity of character in the large public gardens including Carlton Gardens, Fitzroy Gardens and Edinburgh Gardens. The high value placed on the need to relax and unwind in the open space surveys supports the need to ensure that adequate areas of green open space with natural features are provided in all parts of Fitzroy.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Fitzroy A  Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy A. Refer to Section 7.8.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 55 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 733 residents by 2031. We note that in this precinct, the population is forecast to continue to increase with an additional 1,113 living there by 2041, taking it from 1,326 residents in 2016 to 3,172 in 2041.</li> <li>A 46 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional 1,013 workers by 2031.</li> <li>Garryowen Park is the only existing open space and caters primarily for the resident population.</li> <li>Recommend a new Small Local open space in the southern part of the sub-precinct in proximity to the moderate and incremental change areas. Given the forecast population will be living and working in a higher density context, the new open space will contribute to mitigating urban heat island</li> </ul>

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Gus preemet	effect and focus on facilities that complement those in Garryowen Park.  • Continue to maintain Garryowen Park to substantially meet the needs of the existing population living and working in the northern parts of the sub-precinct, along with the increased levels of use from the forecast population in that area.
Fitzroy B  Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy B. Refer to Section 7.8.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 20 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 497 residents by 2031.</li> <li>A 50 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with approximately 3,061 additional workers by 2031. Two thirds of these are forecast to be in the Victoria Parade employment precinct in the gap area.</li> <li>Frank King Park and King William Reserve provide a diversity of facilities for the existing community. However given their small size, the addition of more than 3,500 forecast people living and working in this sub-precinct will impact on these open spaces.</li> <li>Investigate options to expand the size of Frank King Park utilising part of the existing road reserve to increase its capacity to accommodate forecast growth.</li> <li>Provide a new Local open space north of Gertrude Street towards Brunswick Street close to the area of moderate change identified in the Yarra Housing Strategy.</li> <li>Recognise that Carlton Gardens in the adjoining City of Melbourne is valued and forms part of the open space network that is used by the community.</li> </ul>
Fitzroy C Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy C. Refer to Section 7.8.2 for the description of existing open space and character	<ul> <li>A 54 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,272 residents by 2031.</li> <li>A 46 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with an additional approximately 1,226 additional workers by 2031.</li> <li>Smith Reserve is the most visited open space in Fitzroy with many survey respondents noting the impact of traffic noise, movement and air pollution on the open space. A major upgrade is required to this reserve for both the existing and forecast population.</li> <li>The forecast growth is identified to occur in the south and east parts of this sub-precinct, which corresponds with an existing gap area in open space provision.</li> <li>Therefore a new Small Local open space is recommended to provide open space within safe walking distance of existing and future residents and workers in the moderate and high change areas.</li> <li>Please refer to Figure 7.8F.</li> </ul>

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Fitzroy D Open space sub-precinct	<ul> <li>A 35 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,831 residents by 2031.</li> </ul>
Fitzroy D. Refer to Section 7.8.2 for the description of	<ul> <li>A 48 per cent increase in the worker population is estimated with approximately 2,902 additional workers by 2031.</li> </ul>
existing open space and character	<ul> <li>Atherton Reserve is important for people to exercise and enjoy a larger sense of space. There is potential to undertake a major upgrade of the nearby Condell Street Reserve to improve and expand the play facility, include picnic facilities, paths and the open grassed areas with excellent passive surveillance nearby to Atherton Reserve.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>George Street Reserve has the potential to be improved with additional greening and seating to strengthen the open space character and cater to more people using it for seating.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Whitlam Place and Greeves Street Reserve function well as part of the existing open space network and will continue to be maintained.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>The forecast employment growth particularly is identified to occur in the Victoria Parade employment precinct associated with the Australian Catholic University and the non- residential land along Victoria Parade. This area lacks any nearby open space that is within safe and easy walking distance.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Therefore a new Small Local open space is recommended south of Gertrude Street in sub-precinct Fitzroy D. The open space will be for both the existing and forecast community and will assist mitigate urban heat island effect.</li> </ul>
	Please refer to Figure 7.8F

## 7.8.6 Fitzroy recommendations

## 7.8.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Atherton Reserve is the largest open space in Fitzroy and will continue to be improved by strengthening its role for modified structured sport (i.e. programs for juniors, all abilities and seniors), informal sport and recreation that can be undertaken in this larger open space. It will be complemented by a major upgrade to Condell Street Reserve to create a community park with updated and expanded play and picnic facilities along with improvements to the trees, garden beds and grassed areas. Combined with Whitlam Place which has a distinctly different character, it will create a quality hub of open space around the civic heart of Fitzroy Library and Town Hall.

A series of new open spaces are proposed to address existing gaps in the open space network and to meet the significant forecast population growth, along with the expansion to selected existing Small Local open space. Given the framework of the existing open space and the fine grain of development, a series of new Small Local open spaces are proposed so that the existing and forecast community live and work within a safe and easy walk of green open space.

#### Quality and design

There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the existing and proposed open space network. Given the urban densities, increasing the quality of these green spaces including maximising moisture absorbing surfaces will assist to mitigate urban heat island effect in the future. The additional open spaces will be designed to complement the existing network that combined will provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population.

Refer to Figure 7.8F for the spatial location of recommendations for Fitzroy.

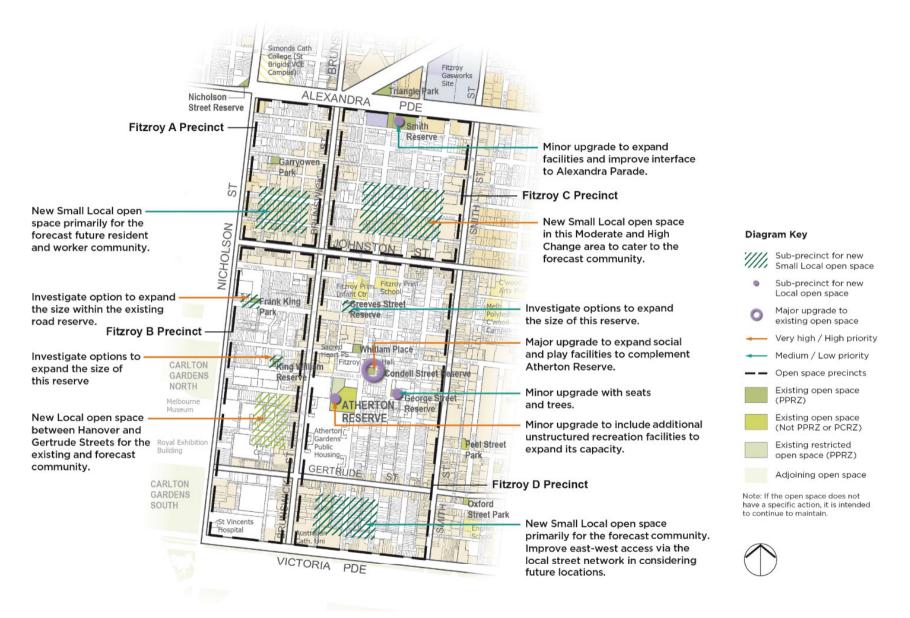


Figure 7.8F Recommendations for Fitzroy

# 7.8.6b Precinct Actions for Fitzroy

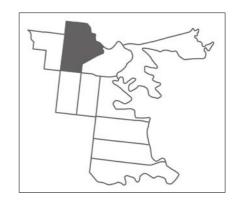
# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.8A-1	Provide a new Small Local open space in the southern part of open space sub-precinct Fitzroy A. This open space will primarily provide for the forecast future population that will be living and working the southern part of the precinct. The open space will have a role in mitigating urban heat island effect and provide facilities that meet the needs of the forecast future residents and workers and complement those provided in Garryowen Park.	YCC Developers	Medium
7.8A-2	Provide a new Local open space between Hanover and Gertrude Streets in open space sub-precinct Fitzroy B. This open space will be for both the existing and forecast population given the limited size of King William Reserve further north. This open space design will complement King William Reserve and assist to mitigate urban heat island effect as the urban density increases in this area.	YCC Developer	High
7.8A-3	Investigate options to increase the size of King William Reserve to increase the capacity of this existing open space to cater to the forecast population.	YCC Developer	Medium
7.8A-4	Provide a new Small Local open space in the southern part of open space sub-precinct Fitzroy C primarily for the forecast resident and worker population and also for the existing population.	YCC Developer	High
7.8A-5	Provide a new Small Local open space south of Gertrude Street in sub-precinct Fitzroy D. This is for both the existing and forecast population and to mitigate urban heat island effect.	YCC Developer	Medium
7.8A-6	Investigate options to expand the size of Greeves Street Reserve in sub-precinct Fitzroy D. This is primarily for the forecast population and to improve its role in mitigating urban heat island effect.	YCC Developer	Medium

## B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.8B-1	Atherton Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Undertake a minor upgrade to install fitness equipment/outdated		
	table tennis or other facilities adjacent to the path to increase the		
	diversity of recreation facilities that encourage fitness and use of		
	this open space. This will be for the both the existing and forecast		
	population given the scale of forecast growth.		

No.	Action	Respons-	Priority
7.8B-2	Condell Street Reserve  Undertake a major upgrade to significantly expand the unstructured recreation and social facilities including the playground, picnic and barbecue facilities, paths and open grassed area. This will be for the both the existing and forecast population given the scale of forecast growth and complement the facilities at Atherton Reserve.	YCC	High
7.8B-3	Frank King Park Investigate options to increase the size of the park by expanding it into the existing road reserve, primarily to cater to the forecast community.	YCC	High
7.8B-4	Garryowen Park Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.8B-5	George Street Reserve  Undertake a minor upgrade to increase planting and seating to improve the function and use of this reserve.	YCC DHHS	Medium
7.8B-6	Greeves Street Reserve Investigate options to expand the size of this open space to increase its function and use in the context of forecast population growth. Refer to Action 7.8A-6.	YCC	Medium
7.8B-7	King William Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.8B-8	Smith Reserve  Prepare and implement a masterplan for this reserve to improve the interface to Alexandra Parade, upgrade the play and picnic facility to cater to the increased levels of use anticipated in the future along with potential expansion of the overall size. This will be for the both the existing and forecast population.	YCC	Medium
7.8B-9	Whitlam Place Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing



# 7.9 Fitzroy North

### 7.9.1 Introduction

Merri Creek defines the eastern extent of Clifton Hill, with Queens Parade to the north west and the Alexandra Parade to the south. The land form is relatively flat and grades down towards Merri Creek.

The land use is predominantly residential, with non-residential use located along the major arterials including Queens Parade, Brunswick Street, Nicholson Street and Alexandra Parade. The former inner circle railway has been converted to open space which provides connectivity between the major areas of open space. Edinburgh Gardens is located in the heart of Fitzroy North and is a Victorian era garden that complements the Victorian architecture of the residential neighbourhood around it. Wide streetscapes in the residential area between Queens Parade and St Georges Road contribute to the overall landscape character and greening of Fitzroy North.

A range of large strategic sites have progressively been redeveloped over recent years to medium density mixed use from non-residential uses, which has increased the density of the neighbourhood. Social housing is located through the precinct, along with Rushall Park, the Victorian era retirement village located on Rushall Crescent near the railway.

A number of schools are located in the Fitzroy North including the Merri Creek Primary School, Fitzroy High School and Fitzroy Primary School. On the south side of Queens Parade the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site has recently been rezoned by the Minister for Planning as part of Amendment C243 to Mixed Use and Public Use Zone 2. Development Victoria has commenced planning for a new school, sports facility and residential development on this site. The school on the site is currently known as Fitzroy Gasworks (Senior Campus) and is intended to be the new senior campus for Collingwood College and Fitzroy High School. The remainder of the site is identified to have a sports facility, affordable housing and high density housing. The open space provision for this site has already been determined by Development Victoria and is not included in this Open Space Strategy.

With the predominantly residential land use in the precinct the resident population is greater than the worker population in Clifton Hill, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 12,357 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: No data is available (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)

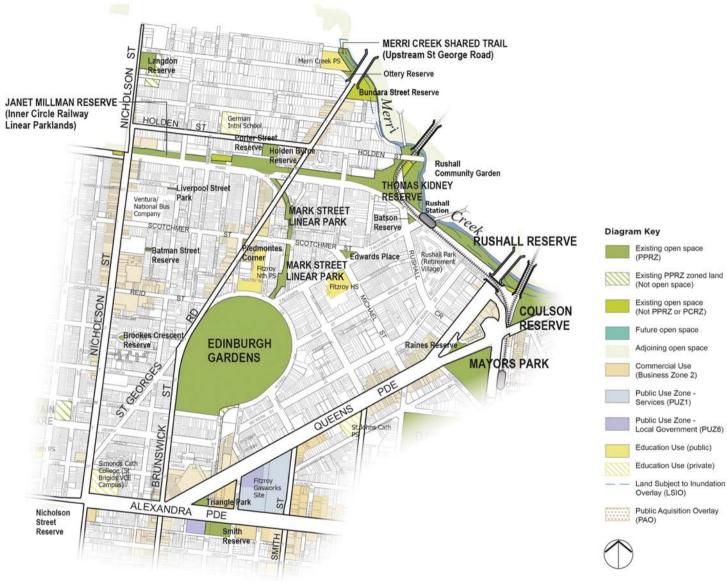


Figure 7.9A Existing open space in Fitzroy North

# 7.9.2 Existing open space

# 7.9.2a Open space precinct description

The major roads define a series of five open space sub-precincts being Fitzroy North A, B, C, D and E as shown in Figure 7.9B below. The arterial and major roads in Fitzroy North form a barrier to easy and safe access to open space. Additionally, due to the size of Fitzroy North, A and B and C and D have been defined along Scotchmer/Michael Streets, which are collector roads. This was to understand the changes in forecast change within each of them, however for the analysis we have not considered Scotchmer and Michael Streets as barriers to access to open space.

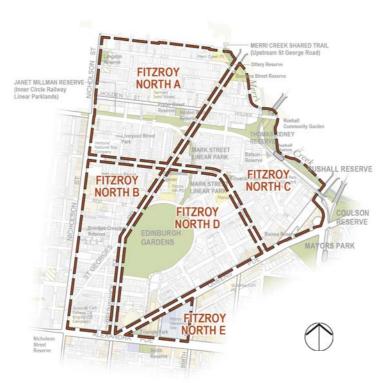


Figure 7.9B Open space sub-precincts for Fitzroy North

### Fitzroy North A

- Open space in sub-precinct Fitzroy North A is located between Nicholson Street and St Georges Road and between May and Scotchmer Streets.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Holden Byrne Reserve
  - Janet Millman Reserve (Part of the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands)
  - Langdon Reserve
  - Merri Creek Shared Trail (Upstream St Georges Road)
  - Porter Street Reserve
  - Liverpool Street Park
- The Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands provides excellent east-west access
  through this sub-precinct which at a broader scale links Merri Creek Shared Trail
  corridor and Princes Park located in the City of Melbourne. Additional to the linear
  open space there are Local open spaces that directly adjoin it, including Porter Street
  Reserve and Holden Byrne Reserve.

- Langdon Reserve in the north of the sub-precinct is well used and includes a playground, open grassed area, basketball half court and seating.
- Liverpool Street Park is a Small Local open space to the south providing seating and planting directly adjoining the road reserve.
- Merri Creek Shared Trail is located to the north east directly adjoining Merri Creek
   Primary School and provides good linear connectivity to the north.
- The land use is predominantly residential with some non-residential use along Nicholson Street and the St Georges Road along with the Merri Creek Primary School and the German International School on Holden Street.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) designated the majority of the precinct as Minimal Change, with pockets of Incremental Change along St Georges Road and Nicholson Street. There are no employment estimates available for the St Georges Road and Queens Parade Retail Precincts.

### Fitzroy North B

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy North B is located between Nicholson and Brunswick Street, south of Scotchmer Street.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Batman Street Reserve
  - Brookes Crescent Reserve
  - Piedmontes Corner
- The three Small Local open spaces have quite different characters with Piedmontes
  Corner being an urban square, Batman Street Reserve providing play and seating and
  the Brookes Crescent Reserve being a seating space with trees.
- The land use is predominantly residential with the Simonds Catholic College St Brigid's VCE Campus adjoining Alexandra Parade and some mixed use along Nicholson Street and Scotchmer Street.
- There is a proposed new Small Local open space being contributed as part of a major development site on the corner of Reid and Nicholson Streets.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a larger area of Incremental Change associated with the mixed used and General Residential Zones along Nicholson Street, Alexandra Parade and St Georges Road. The balance of the precinct is Minimal Change.

### **Fitzroy North C**

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy North C is located between St Georges Road and Queens Parade, defined to the north by Merri Creek and the south west by Michael Street.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Batson Reserve
  - Bundara Street Reserve
  - Edwards Place
  - Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands
  - Mark Street Linear Park
  - Raines Reserve
  - Rushall Reserve
  - Thomas Kidney Reserve

- Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands and Mark Street Linear Park provide excellent east west and north south connectivity through the precinct. They link key parklands including the Merri Creek Shared Trail and Edinburgh Gardens, outside the subprecinct.
- Open space along the Merri Creek corridor includes Bundara Street Reserve and Rushall Reserve. Batson Reserve adjoins the Merri Creek Corridor at the entry to Rushall Station and Thomas Kidney Reserve is at the junction of the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands and Merri Creek corridor. Two footbridges provide connectivity across Merri Creek to the open space corridor on the north east side of the creek in the City of Darebin.
- A series of smaller Local and Small Local open spaces includes Raines Reserve and Edwards Place.
- Land use is predominantly residential with the large heritage listed retirement village, Rushall Park located between Rushall Crescent and the railway. There is also a recently constructed aged care facility between Queens Parade and Hoddle Street.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a High Change area in the land between the Queens Parade and Hoddle Street/Heidelberg Road. A Moderate Change area adjoins Queens Parade, while the majority of the balance of the area is Minimal Change with small pockets of Incremental Change.

#### Fitzroy North D

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy North D is located between Brunswick Street and Queens Parade and extending north east to Michael Street.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Edinburgh Gardens
  - Mark Street Linear Park
- Edinburgh Gardens is the most popular open space reserve in the City of Yarra. Originally reserved in 1862 the sports field now WT Peterson Oval and also known as the Brunswick Street Oval is used by the Fitzroy Football Club and Edinburgh Cricket Club. The Fitzroy Bowling Club was established on the site in 1872 and the Fitzroy Tennis Club, originally established in 1894 is also located there. The park also includes extensive areas for unstructured recreation with tree lined paths, informal open grassed areas, dog off-leash areas, table tennis and a playground.
- Mark Street Linear Park provides north south connectivity to the main east-west Former Inner Circle Railway Linear Park.
- The sub-precinct is predominantly residential with some non-residential land use along Queens Parade, including along the former spur railway alignment between Queens Parade and the Edinburgh Gardens. To the north of the gardens is the Fitzroy Primary School and the Fitzroy High School.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes a High Change area in the south west adjoining Queens Parade, along with two Moderate Change Areas and Incremental Change.

#### Fitzroy North E

- Open space sub-precinct Fitzroy North E is a triangular precinct defined by Queens Parade and Alexandra Parade with Smith Street to the east.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes:
  - Triangle Park

- Triangle Park includes mature exotic trees to the perimeter with low mounds and an open grassed area.
- The sub-precinct includes some residential use in the original Victorian era terraces
  combined with non-residential business/commercial uses west of George Street. East
  of George street is the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site, which has recently been
  rezoned for future education and residential use. The future provision of open space
  at the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site has already been agreed to and does not form
  part of the recommendations in this Strategy.
- The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) highlights the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site as a High Change area.

## 7.9.2b Quantity of open space in Fitzroy North

The 19 existing open spaces in Fitzroy North have a combined total are of 29.56 hectares. This represents approximately 12.8 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 26 sqm of open space per person relative to the residential population in 2016.

Table 7.9-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
3	Regional	4.87	16%
4	City wide	21.89	74%
1	Neighbourhood	1.0	3%
0	Small Neighbourhood	0.0	0%
7	Local	1.67	6%
4	Small Local	0.13	0%
19	TOTAL	29.56	100%

# 7.9.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The linear open space corridor along Merri Creek is identified as Regional open space being recognised for the broader recreational and biodiversity values that are present along the creek corridor. The Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands extend east-west through Fitzroy North from Merri Creek and linking through Carlton North, Princes Hill and to Princes Park. There are off-road shared paths that provide excellent access along these linear open space reserves for walking and cycling. They also connect to larger open space systems along the Merri Creek and west through the City of Melbourne to Royal Park and Moonee Ponds Creek.

The most popular open space in the City of Yarra is Edinburgh Gardens which is designated as a City-wide open space with extensive facilities that cater to both structured and unstructured recreation along with social facilities. The heritage values are currently stated as being of Local significance, with specific listings in the Victorian Heritage Database for the Brunswick Street Oval Grandstand and the Classical Revival Rotunda, built in 1925.

The Local and Small Local open space network provides a diversity of spaces that form an important part of the open space network, particularly west of Brunswick Street/St Georges Road.

Table 7.9-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Batman Street Reserve	0.04	Small Local	Informal	Play
Batson Reserve	0.07	City-wide	Linking space	Heritage, Linear
Brookes Crescent Reserve	0.04	Small Local	Seating/viewing	Informal
Bundara Street Reserve	0.91	Regional	Linking space	Waterway, Seating/viewing
Edinburgh Gardens	17.37	City-wide	Heritage	Public garden, Structured sporting
Edwards Place	0.13	Local	Informal	Native bushland, Linking space
Holden Byrne Reserve	0.33	Local	Formal	Heritage, Linking space, Play, Botanical
Janet Millman Reserve (Part of Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands)	2.71	City-wide	Linear	Informal, Native bushland, Linking space, Service easement, Heritage
Langdon Reserve	0.43	Local	Informal	Play
Liverpool Street Park	0.02	Small Local	Seating/viewing	
Mark Street Linear Park	1.00	Neighbourhood	Linear	
Merri Creek Shared Trail – Upstream St Georges Road	0.39	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
Ottery Reserve	0.11	Local	Seating/viewing	Waterway, Nature conservation
Piedmontes Corner	0.04	Small Local	Significant road reservation	Public square
Porter Street Reserve	0.10	Local	Linking space	Formal
Raines Reserve	0.41	Local	Significant road reservation	
Rushall Reserve	3.57	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
Thomas Kidney Reserve	1.73	City-wide	Linking space	Community garden, Linear, Native bushland, Service easement, Heritage
Triangle Park	0.16	Local	Significant road reservation	Seating/viewing
Total	29.56			

# 7.9.2d Distribution of open space in Fitzroy North

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.9-2 above and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Tables 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.9C on the next page. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in Fitzroy North is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network. For Fitzroy North, the gaps in the existing open space network occur between Nicholson Street and Brunswick Street, and also in the triangle of land in the south between Queens Parade and the Alexandra Parade.



Figure 7.9C Gap analysis for Fitzroy North

# 7.9.3 How residents use open space

A total of 170 resident surveys were received from the Fitzroy North precinct which represents 13 per cent of the total surveys. The .id Community Profile identifies that 13 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in Fitzroy North.

Fitzroy North includes Edinburgh Gardens which is the most popular open space. The survey respondents greatly appreciate it for dog walking, exercise, play and meeting friends. There is concern about increasing density of development and the negative impacts on open space, including that more open space needs to be provided to meet the growing community's needs. While Edinburgh Gardens is appreciated there are concerns about the level of use, inappropriate behaviour in the gardens and the ongoing maintenance to manage the high levels of use. Clear designation of dog off-leash areas with fencing were suggested and the need to separate children and dogs from speeding cyclists. Open space being uninviting was one of the top reasons respondents of Fitzroy North did not visit open space with personal safety in third place which was explained in part by comments in the other category as being related to the conflicts between dogs and other park users.

Table 7.9-3 Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	king distance	
157	Edinburgh Gardens	<ul> <li>Dog walking (48)</li> <li>Relaxing (26)</li> <li>Walking (25)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (24)</li> <li>Exercising (23)</li> <li>Picnics (20)</li> <li>Playing with children (15)</li> <li>Close to home (12)</li> <li>Playground (12)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>More toilets required (13)</li> <li>No improvements required (9)</li> <li>Dog fenced off leash areas required (7)</li> <li>Dog drinking facilities required (6)</li> <li>Additional exercise equipment needed (6)</li> </ul>
18	Darling Gardens	<ul><li>Dog walking (7)</li><li>Walking (4)</li><li>Peaceful (3)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (2)</li> <li>Prohibit cyclists from the area (1)</li> <li>Dog fenced off leash areas required (1)</li> <li>Prohibit dogs (1)</li> </ul>
17	Curtain Square	<ul><li>Playground (5)</li><li>Dog walking (4)</li><li>Picnics (4)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Additional trees required (2)</li> <li>Maintenance of dog-off leash areas required (2)</li> <li>Improve usability for dogs (1)</li> </ul>
17	Park Street Reserve	<ul><li>Dog walking (5)</li><li>Cycling (4)</li><li>Walking (4)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>More bins required (3)</li> <li>Additional drinking fountains required (3)</li> <li>No improvements required (2)</li> </ul>

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
16	Merri Creek Precinct	<ul><li>Walking (5)</li><li>Dog walking (4)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Regular maintenance and cleaning required (2)</li> </ul>
		Natural character of open space	<ul> <li>Maintenance of paths required (2)</li> </ul>
		(4)	Maintenance of path
			<ul><li>vegetation required (2)</li><li>Improve weed control (2)</li></ul>
10	Princes Park	• Exercising (6)	<ul> <li>Additional lighting required</li> </ul>
		- 1	for morning runs (2)
-	space beyond wa	Iking distance	
24	Yarra Bend Park	Dog walking (8)	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(5)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Natural character of open space (8)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Improve paths (2)</li></ul>
		• Exercising (3)	Additional toilets required (2)
		• Picnics (3)	
10	Edinburgh Gardens	• Dog walking (3)	<ul> <li>More dog drinking facilities required (1)</li> </ul>
		<ul><li>Picnics (3)</li><li>Exercising (2)</li></ul>	Dog owners to have control
		<ul> <li>Large open space (2</li> </ul>	of their dogs (1)
		<ul> <li>Playing with children (2)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cycle paths needed through park (1)</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Socialising with friends / family (2)</li> </ul>	F · ( )
9	Yarra River Corridor	<ul><li>Natural character of the open space (4)</li><li>On the way cycling (2)</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Manage pedestrian and cyclists use of shared path (1)</li> </ul>
		• Walking (2)	• Limit development (1)
			<ul> <li>Connecting paths required</li> <li>(1)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Path vegetation needs more maintenance (1)</li> </ul>
			<ul> <li>Wayfinding and educations</li> </ul>
	5 15		signage required (1)
8	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	• Gardens (2)	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(2)</li> </ul>
7	Carlton Gardens	• Walking (3)	No Improvements required
		• Convenient / on the way (2	<ul><li>(1)</li><li>Allow cyclists to use the</li></ul>
			gardens (1)
7	Fitzroy Gardens	<ul><li>Café and kiosk facilities (2)</li><li>Peaceful open space (20</li></ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required</li> <li>(2)</li> </ul>
7	Merri Creek Precinct	• Dog walking (3)	Regular rubbish removal required (1)
	. Toomot	<ul><li>Open space (3)</li><li>Exercising (2)</li></ul>	required (1)  • More bins required (1)
	Princes Park	<ul><li>Exercising (2)</li><li>Dog walking (3)</li></ul>	More fenced dog off-leash
		• Paths (2)	areas required 92)
			<ul> <li>More bins required (1)</li> </ul>

# Values of open space (top five)

- 90% Trees
- 82% Place to relax and unwind
- 72% The feeling of space
- 71% An escape from the built environment
- 69% Just being outside

### Types of open space used (top five)

- 87% Large parks and gardens
- 76% Local streets for exercise
- 54% Open space along the Merri Creek
- 50% Small local parks
- 26% Urban squares

### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 92% Walking paths
- 87% Open grassed areas
- 79% Cycle paths
- 77% Drinking fountains
- 75% Seats

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Open space valued (18)
- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increase and the less private open space (7)
- Open space contributes to liveability (5)
- Open space keep/retain what there is (4)
- Maintenance and management valued (5)
- Enforce dog regulations (4)
- Dog fenced off-leash areas required (4)
- Improve dog regulation signage (4)
- Appreciate the opportunity to complete the survey (4)
- Council is doing a good job regarding open space (4)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

# 7.9.4 Analysis of future change and open space needs

### 7.9.4a Forecast future population

### Quantity

Table 7.9-5 shows the forecast population growth for the residential population in Fitzroy North. Currently, there are no estimates for the worker population in Fitzroy North as the forecast floor area change was not provided in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018*.

A further breakdown of the residential population forecasts for the five open space subprecincts within Fitzroy North have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur. The resident population growth is reasonably high with an overall change in residential population of 22 per cent or an additional 2,755 residents between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 indicate that there is substantial growth forecast in Fitzroy North E sub-precinct which includes the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site with an additional approximately 1,700 people forecast to live there by 2041 compared to the 42 who are forecast to live there by 2031.

The other key precinct with forecast change through to 2041 is Fitzroy North A, where an additional approximately 900 people are forecast to live there by 2041. For Fitzroy B, C and the forecast population change between 2031 and 2041 reduces to approximately 200 people in each.

Table 7.9-5 Resident population forecasts for Fitzroy North open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
Fitzroy North A	3,271	3,608	337
% change Fitzroy North A			10%
Fitzroy North B	3,387	4,063	676
% change Fitzroy North B			20%
Fitzroy North C	2,874	3,826	952
% change Fitzroy North C			33%
Fitzroy North D	2,784	3,573	789
% change Fitzroy North D			28%
Fitzroy North E	41	42	1
% change Fitzroy North E			2%
Total Fitzroy North	12,357	15,112	2,755
Total % Change			22%

# 7.9.4b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in Fitzroy North will place increased pressures and demands on the existing open space. In sub-precincts Fitzroy A, C and E the additional demands are likely to be met within the existing open space network. In Fitzroy B and D the pressures will include increased volumes of people in the open space utilising the facilities and may lead to overcrowding due to the lack of existing open space to accommodate the use.

The forecast change in demographics is only minor with a slight increase in the 60+ age range and decrease in the young families. However, 25 to 34 year olds remain the most populous age group, followed by the 35 to 49 and then the 50 to 59 year olds. There is forecast to be an increase in lone person households and a decrease in couple families with dependents. As a result of this change, there will be a need to provide a diversity of recreational facilities, including social facilities given a higher proportion of people will be living alone.

# 7.9.4c Where change will occur

The forecast resident population increase in Fitzroy North is distributed across the precinct, but with the High and Moderate Change areas identified in the *Yarra Housing Strategy* (YHS) on the north and south sides of Queens Parade. Additionally, the YHS identifies Incremental Change in other parts of the precinct. Refer to Figure 7.9D for the spatial location of these. While no employment population data is available for Fitzroy North there are retail and employment precincts identified in the SGS *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy* (SGS, 2018) and these are shown in Figure 7.9E.

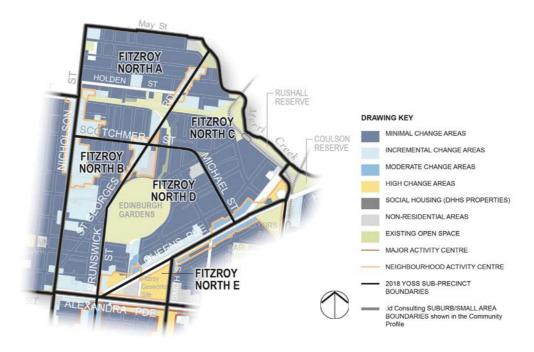


Figure 7.9D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

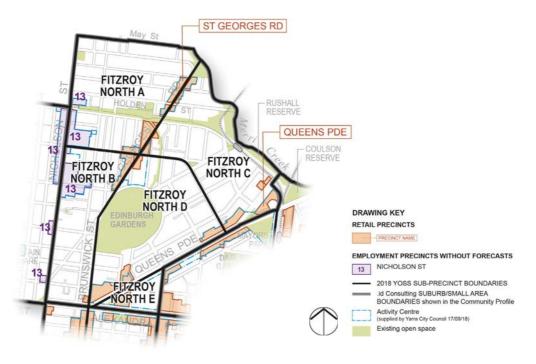


Figure 7.9E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

# 7.9.5d Open space distribution and future need in Fitzroy North

Within Fitzroy North, open space is well distributed in the north and east parts of the precinct. However there are some issues arising regarding perceived over-use of Edinburgh Gardens with respondents to the community survey complaining of inappropriate behaviour, overcrowding and that the levels of maintenance are not adequate to address the high levels of use, particularly rubbish in the park. From the survey outcomes Edinburgh Gardens is the most visited open space and with forecast population growth across the City it is anticipated that the levels of use will continue to increase. So, while there may not be physical gaps in the open space network there is potentially a need to add to the open space network in Fitzroy North to provide alternative smaller Local open spaces that the community can also use if Edinburgh Gardens is too crowded.

Sub-precinct	Conclusions
Fitzroy North A Refer to Section 7.9.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 10 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 337 residents by 2031. However a 25 per cent increase in the population is forecast to 2041, with an additional 889 people to forecast to be living there by then.</li> <li>No worker population forecasts are available for Fitzroy North.</li> <li>There is a gap in the provision of open space north of Holden Street. Recommend improving the quality of the streetscapes in the local street network to improve accessibility to existing open space.</li> <li>Undertake a major upgrade to Langdon Reserve to meet the needs of the existing and forecast population. This includes reviewing the location, size and design of the play facility with the potential to create a larger open grassed area and picnic facilities to appeal to a greater diversity of the community.</li> <li>Undertake minor upgrades to the Holden Byrne Reserve and Janet Millman Reserve to increase the capacity of the picnic and seating areas within the open space to cater to forecast growth. Additionally, a minor upgrade is also proposed to Ottery Reserve.</li> </ul>
Fitzroy North B Refer to Section 7.9.2 for the description of existing open space and character.	<ul> <li>A 20 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 676 residents by 2031.</li> <li>No worker population forecasts are available for Fitzroy North.</li> <li>There are gaps in the existing open space network and a new Small Local open space is recommended to address this for both the existing and forecast population in the southern part of the sub-precinct.</li> </ul>

## **Sub-precinct Conclusions Fitzroy North C** A 33 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 952 residents by 2031. Refer to Section 7.9.2 for the description of existing open No increase in the worker population is forecast. space and character While there are no gaps in the provision of open space in this sub-precinct, the majority of existing and forecast residents will use Edinburgh Gardens in sub-precinct Fitzroy North D. Given the popularity of Edinburgh Gardens across the City, it is proposed to expand Edwards Place by narrowing the road pavement. This will allow a major upgrade to this open space to provide an alternative open space within walking distance of the existing and forecast community as an alternative to Edinburgh Gardens, particularly when the Gardens are busy during events or on weekends. Please refer to Figure 7.9F. **Fitzroy North D** • A 28 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 789 residents by 2031. Refer to Section 7.9.2 for the description of existing open No worker population forecasts are available for Fitzroy space and character. Please refer to the explanation regarding the high levels of use of Edinburgh Gardens and the expansion of Edwards Place in Fitzroy North C sub-precinct conclusions. Undertake upgrades to the Edinburgh Gardens to increase the capacity of the unstructured sporting and informal social facilities where feasible, consistent with the Masterplan and Conservation Management Plan. **Fitzroy North E** A 2 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast changing it from 41 to 42 residents by 2031. Within the Refer to Section 7.9.2 for the timeframe of this Strategy, no additional open space or description of existing open works will be required. space and character However, a major increase in the resident population is forecast between 2031 and 2041, with an additional 1,680 residents forecast to be living there by 2041. We assume the majority of this forecast population is for the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site. No worker population forecasts are available for Fitzroy The quantity of new open space for the former Fitzroy Gasworks Site has already been determined prior to this Strategy as part of the Development Plan Overlay. This Strategy does not make any recommendations regarding the quantity and provision of new open space for the site. Please refer to Figure 7.9F.

# 7.9.5 Fitzroy North Recommendations

# 7.9.5a Summary of overall intent

### **Provision and distribution**

With Edinburgh Gardens, Merri Creek and the Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands Fitzroy North has a diverse and connected open space network. The network will be strengthened with the addition of one Small Local open space so that the community living and working in Fitzroy North B can easily walk to open space nearby in the future without crossing major roads. For Fitzroy North C and D, Edwards Place Reserve near Edinburgh Gardens is recommended to be expanded in size so that the local community can use it when the gardens are busy given they are the most popular open space in the City. The 2031-2041 resident forecasts indicate a substantial further increase in the resident population and additional public open space will be required to meet the open space needs of the additional population when the time comes.

### **Quality and design**

There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the Small Local open spaces in Fitzroy North so that they appeal to the broader community including all age groups. Upgrades to these, combined with the new and expanded areas of open space will aim to cater to the local open space needs as suitable alternatives to Edinburgh Gardens, given the high levels of use and activity at the Gardens.

Refer to Figure 7.9F for the spatial location of recommendations for Fitzroy North.

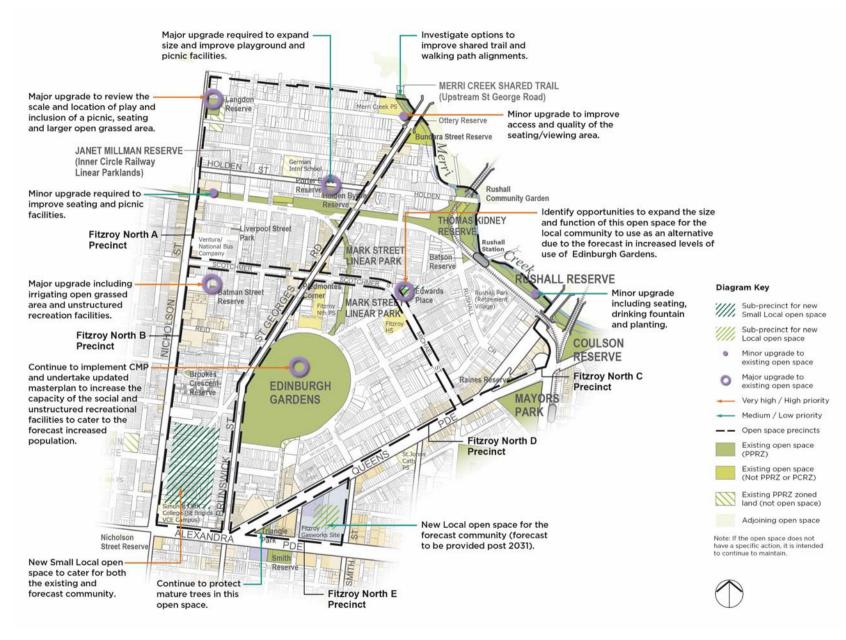


Figure 7.9F Recommendations for Fitzroy North

# 7.9.5b Precinct Actions for Fitzroy North

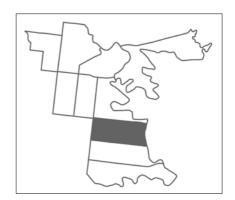
# A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.9A-1	Provide a new Small Local open space in sub-precinct North Fitzroy B to provide a new open space to address the gap in open space provision in the southern part of the sub-precinct for both the existing and forecast population.	YCC	Medium
7.9A-2	Investigate options to expand the size of Edwards Place by converting some of the existing road reserves to open space if feasible. Refer also to Action 7.9B-6.	YCC	Medium

# B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.9B-1	Batman Street Reserve  Undertake a major upgrade to this reserve including investigating options to irrigate the open grassed area and include unstructured recreation facilities appropriate to the needs of the existing and forecast community.	YCC	High
7.9B-2	Batson Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-3	Brookes Crescent Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-4	Bundara Street Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-5	Edinburgh Gardens Continue to implement the recommendations of the CMP for the northern precinct. Undertake and implement an updated Masterplan, particularly in the context of anticipated increased levels of use from the substantial forecast population in the City of Yarra.	YCC	High
7.9B-6	Edwards Place Identify opportunities to increase the size of this open space converting existing road reserves to increase the function and use of this open space for the community when Edinburgh Gardens is being used for major events. This includes a major upgrade to expand the facilities. Refer also to Action 7.9A-2 regarding expanding the size of the reserve.	YCC	Medium
7.9B-7	Holden Byrne Reserve  Undertake a major upgrade to expand the size and improve the quality of the playground and picnic facilities to increase the capacity of the reserve in the context of forecast growth.	YCC	Medium

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.9B-8	Janet Millman Reserve (Inner Circle Railway Linear Parklands)	YCC	Medium
	Undertake a minor upgrade to improve seating and picnic facilities.		
7.9B-9	Langdon Reserve Undertake a major upgrade including review of the scale and location of the playground and inclusion of picnic facility, additional seating and larger open grassed area.	YCC	Low
7.9B-10	Liverpool Street Park Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-11	Mark Street Linear Park Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-12	Merri Creek Shared Trail – Upstream St Georges Road Investigate options to improve condition and definition of the shared trail and the secondary walking trails in this location.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-13	Ottery Reserve  Minor upgrade to improve access and upgrade seating to take advantage of the views down over the Merri Creek corridor.	YCC	High
7.9B-14	Piedmontes Corner Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-15	Porter Street Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-16	Raines Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-17	Rushall Reserve  Minor upgrade including for additional seating, drinking fountain and planting to make it more accessible for the local community.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-18	Thomas Kidney Reserve Continue to maintain.	YCC	Ongoing
7.9B-19	Triangle Park  Continue to maintain this open space including protecting the existing mature trees in this space which is encumbered by traffic movement and noise.	YCC	Ongoing



# 7.10 North Richmond

# 7.10.1 Introduction

North Richmond is bounded to the north by Victoria Street, to the South by Bridge Road, the west by Punt Road and the east by the Yarra River (Birrarung). The land falls away to the river from north west where the prominent hill is known as Richmond Hill or Dockers Hill.

The land use of North Richmond is mixed with a combination of residential, business, commercial, retail, industrial use and open space. Victoria Street and Bridge Road are major retail, commercial and business precincts in North Richmond. The *Victoria Street Structure Plan*, adopted by Council in April 2010, provides the key direction for the future expansion and change within it. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct. The *Bridge Road Streetscape Masterplan*, adopted by Council in 2017 identifies streetscape improvement projects including identifying potential future public spaces along its spine.

With the mixed land use, there is a significant worker population in North Richmond which is about 20 per cent less than the resident population, as follows:

- Existing residential population 2016: 13,260 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 10,910 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)

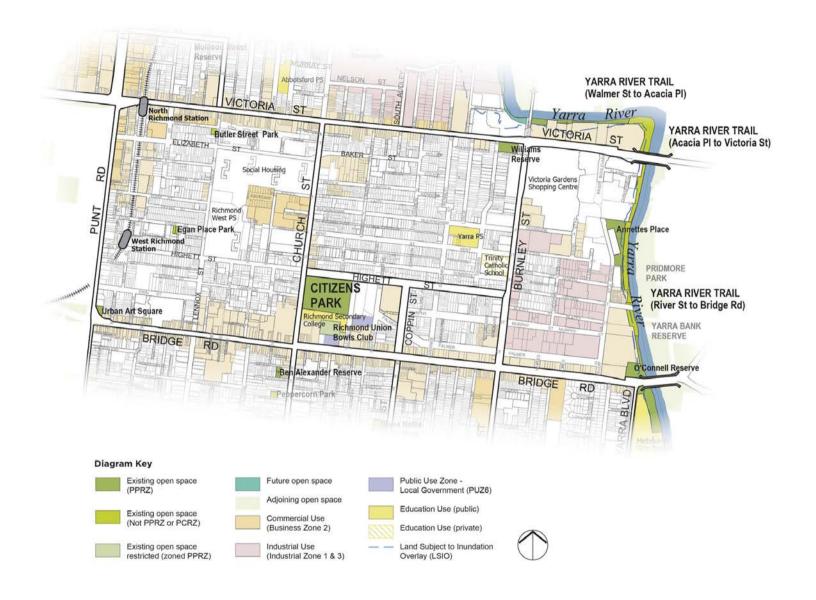


Figure 7.10A Existing open space in North Richmond

# 7.10.2 Existing open space

# 7.10.2a Description

Punt Road, Church and Burnley Streets are major north south roads in North Richmond and define three open space sub-precincts, North Richmond A, B and C.

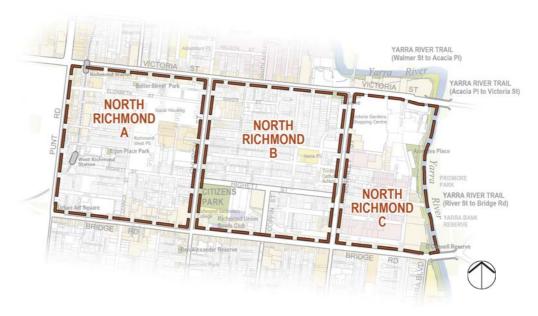


Figure 7.10B Open space sub-precincts for Richmond North

### **North Richmond A**

- Open space sub-precinct North Richmond A is located between Punt Road and Church Street, from Victoria Street in the north to Bridge Road in the South.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Butler Street Park
  - Egan Place Park
  - Urban Art Square
- These three Small Local open spaces are distributed across the sub-precinct however, there are gaps in open space provision in this area. Urban Art Square and Butler Street Park are characterised as urban plazas, while Eagan Street Park is characterised as play.
- The land use includes the major employment precinct associated with the Epworth
  Hospital in the south, Bridge Road retail, Victoria Street, and mixed use employment
  precincts adjoining Church Street in the east and between Punt Road the railway in
  the north west.
- To the north and south of Elizabeth Street central to the sub-precinct with high density housing. Other land use includes the Richmond West Primary School in the vicinity of the public housing estates.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) identifies two high change areas. One is in the north-west around the North Richmond railway station which forms part of the Victoria Street Activity Centre and Retail Precinct. The other is in the south east within the Bridge Road Activity Centre and Retail Precinct.

 Public housing occupies a large proportion of the residential land use in the subprecinct, with the balance being predominantly identified as incremental change areas, as shown in Figure 7.10D.

### **North Richmond B**

- Open space sub-precinct North Richmond B is located between Church and Burnley Streets, north of Bridge Road.
- Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Citizens Park
  - Williams Reserve
  - Richmond Union Bowls Club
- Citizens Park is an extremely well-used Municipal open space that is characterised as a sporting reserve. It caters to the structured sporting and unstructured recreational needs of people from all parts of Richmond and Cremorne. Given the size of the open space and its central and highly visible location, it appeals to a diversity of people and accommodates a wide range of uses. Given the high levels of use there are also key conflicts identified between different users particularly between structured sporting use and people exercising their dogs.
- Williams Reserve has been recently upgraded and is characterised as an urban plaza.
   The Victoria Street frontage is paved with seating and picnic facilities along with open grassed areas, playground and mature trees.
- The Richmond Union Bowls Club is a restricted open space and provides for structured sporting use only.
- The land use includes the Richmond Town Hall and City of Yarra municipal offices, the Richmond Secondary College, the Yarra Primary School, and commercial and business uses along Bridge Road and Victoria Street as shown in Figure 7.10A.
- Council has a Joint Use Agreement (JUA) with Yarra Primary School meaning that the school grounds are available for the community to use out of school hours.
- The majority of the precinct comprises terraces including original timber worker cottages, combined with some more recent medium and high density housing.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes two high change areas. Once is located
  east of Citizens Park and the other is along Bridge Road within the Activity Centre.
  The balance of the sub-precinct is predominantly shown as incremental change with
  some minimal change areas in the north east.

#### North Richmond C

- Open space sub-precinct North Richmond C is located between Burnley Street and the Yarra River, north of Bridge Road.
- · Open space located in this sub-precinct includes
  - Annette's Place
  - O'Connell Reserve
  - Yarra River Trail (River St to Bridge Rd)
- Annette's Place is a Neighbourhood open space near the Yarra River and is characterised as seating/viewing. It was established as part of the Victoria Gardens redevelopment in the 1990s, with residential development directly adjoining it which limits visual and physical access to it. O'Connell Reserve is a Small Neighbourhood open space that directly adjoins the Yarra River and is characterised as seating/viewing as well. The Yarra River Trail is a Regional open space that is

- characterised as linear and provides both the shared trail access and the important riparian biodiversity link along the Yarra River.
- Land use is a combination of industrial, business, commercial and residential use.
   This includes high density residential near the Yarra River and along Bridge Road.
- The Yarra Housing Strategy (2018) includes two high change areas. One is shown in the north over the Victoria Gardens site which forms part of the Victoria Street Activity Centre. The other is located on the north side of Bridge Road within the Activity Centre. In the south east, the Strategy shows a moderate change area adjacent to the Yarra River with the balance being shown as incremental change.

# 7.10.2b Quantity of open space in North Richmond

The eight existing open spaces in North Richmond have a combined total area of 5.81 hectares. This represents approximately 3 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. Additionally there is one existing restricted open space that is 4.61 hectares in size. Adding the restricted open space to the other eight open spaces results in a total of 62.67 hectares and represents 3.3 per cent of the total land area of the precinct. There is 4.4 sqm of open space per person relative to the residential population in 2016.

Table 7.10-1 Number, size and type of open space

No	Hierarchy	Area (ha)	%
1	Regional	0.82	14%
1	City wide	2.47	43%
1	Neighbourhood	1.35	23%
1	Small Neighbourhood	0.65	11%
1	Local	0.30	5%
3	Small Local	0.21	4%
8	TOTAL	5.81	100%

### 7.10.2c Open space hierarchy, character and quality

The linear open space along the Yarra River is an important habitat and recreational corridor for wider Melbourne. It is therefore designated as a Regional open space and is managed to protect and improve the habitat and recreational values. Access to the Yarra River itself, the bushland and natural qualities of this linear corridor are key reasons people visit this open space.

The sporting facilities at Citizens Park provide the context for the City-wide hierarchy and its sporting character classification. While the main oval is used for structured sport, it also receives high levels of unstructured recreation and informal uses, including exercising dogs, informal ball sports, jogging around the oval, lying on the oval and reading books and socialising. Annette's Place is the only Neighbourhood open space in the precinct, catering primarily to the people living and working in the Victoria Gardens development, but also benefits from being located adjacent to the Yarra River corridor. There is some scope to improve the character and facilities in this open space, however the close proximity of adjoining housing opening directly onto the reserve will impact on its future design and limits visual and physical access to it.

The Small Neighbourhood and Local open spaces have different characters, with O'Connell Reserve providing seating and viewing over the Yarra River corridor and Williams Reserve being a local park with an urban plaza context on Victoria Street. Two of the three Small Local open spaces also are characterised as urban plazas, with Egan Place Park primarily designed for play. With the increased urban densities in this precinct, these local open spaces have the potential to have a greater role in urban greening and cooling.

Table 7.10-2 Existing open space, hierarchy and character classification

Name	Area Ha	Hierarchy	Primary Character Classification	Secondary Character Classification
Annettes Place	1.35	Neighbourhood	Seating/Viewing	Play, Nature conservation, Waterway, Linking space
Butler Street Park	0.05	Small Local	Urban Plaza	
Citizens Park	2.47	City-wide	Sporting	Play
Egan Place Park	0.06	Small Local	Play	
O'Connell Reserve	0.65	Small Neighbourhood	Seating/Viewing	Waterway
Urban Art Square	0.10	Small Local	Significant road reservation	Urban Plaza
Williams Reserve	0.30	Local	Urban Plaza	Play, Public garden
Yarra River Trail – River St to Bridge Rd	0.82	Regional	Linear	Waterway, Nature conservation
Total	5.81			
Restricted open space				
Richmond Union Bowling Club	0.46	City-wide	Restricted sporting	
Total Restricted open space	0.46			

### 7.10.2d Distribution of open space in North Richmond

The existing open space has been allocated an appropriate open space hierarchy as shown in Table 7.10-2 and a corresponding walking catchment appropriate to it, as described in Tables 3-1 and 3-5 of this report. The areas of the precinct that are located outside the walking catchments of the different open space reserves are referred to as 'gap areas' and are shown in white in Figure 7.10C. The assessment of the adequacy of the existing open space network in North Richmond is informed by the analysis of the spatial distribution of open space. As one of the key aims of this Strategy is for everyone to live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space, the recommendations will focus on addressing the gaps in the existing open space network.

For North Richmond, the major gaps in the existing open space network occur between Punt Road and Church Street, along with some gaps in the precinct between Church Street and Burnley Streets. To assist with the open space analysis, North Richmond has been divided into three open space sub-precinct. These are shown in Figure 7.10C.

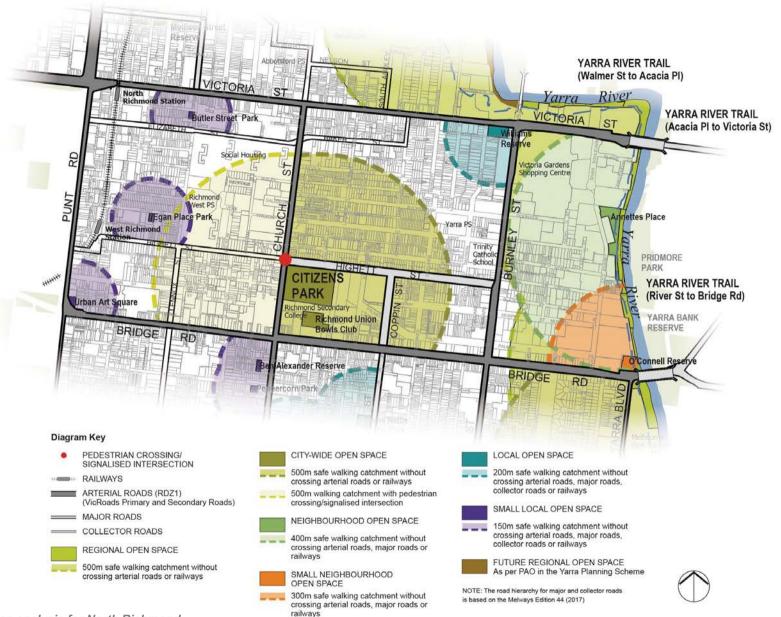


Figure 7.10C Gap analysis for North Richmond

# 7.10.3 How residents use open space

A total of 158 resident surveys were received from North Richmond. Please note that in addition to these, 113 surveys were also completed by workers in Richmond, near the Epworth Hospital and Bridge Road. A summary of the results of the worker survey is included in the next section 7.10.4.

The 158 resident surveys completed for North Richmond represents 13 per cent of the total surveys received. The .id Community Profile identifies that 15 per cent of the City of Yarra's population lives in North Richmond.

**Table 7.10-3** Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
Open	space within walk	ing distance	
110	Citizens Park	<ul> <li>Access (16)</li> <li>Walking (16)</li> <li>Exercising (15)</li> <li>Dog walking (9)</li> <li>Playground (8)</li> <li>Exercising dogs (6)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (6)</li> <li>Convenient/on the way (5)</li> <li>Dog friendly (5)</li> <li>Informal ball games (5)</li> <li>Relaxing (5)</li> <li>Sport (5)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (35)</li> <li>Dog waste requires cleaning (8)</li> <li>Upgrade required (4)</li> <li>Upgrade the playground (4)</li> </ul>
25	Yarra River Corridor	<ul> <li>Walking (9)</li> <li>Cycling (7)</li> <li>Natural character (4)</li> <li>Peaceful (4)</li> <li>Respite from busy roads and traffic (3)</li> <li>Escape from the built environment (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (3)</li> <li>Limit developments (2)</li> <li>Additional seating (2)</li> </ul>
22	Williams Reserve	<ul> <li>Relaxing (3)</li> <li>Socialising with friends / family (3)</li> <li>Close to home (3)</li> <li>Playground (3)</li> <li>Playing with children (3)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No improvements required (5)</li> <li>Dog waste bags/bins, additional required (2)</li> </ul>
13	Fitzroy Gardens	<ul><li>Walking (4)</li><li>Large space / size (2)</li></ul>	<ul><li>No improvements required (5)</li><li>Additional lighting (2)</li></ul>
	space beyond wa	lking distance	
10	Fitzroy Gardens	<ul><li>Walking (2)</li><li>Beautiful (2)</li><li>Relaxing (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (3)
9	Edinburgh Gardens	Socialising with friends/family (5)	<ul> <li>No improvements required (3)</li> <li>Regular maintenance and cleaning required (2)</li> </ul>
9	Yarra Bend Park	<ul><li>River setting (4)</li><li>Large space / size (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (5)

No.	Name	Reasons to visit	Suggested improvements
7	Barkly Gardens	<ul><li>Playground (3)</li><li>Large space / size (2)</li></ul>	• No improvements required (2)
7	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	• Sport (5)	<ul> <li>Sport clubrooms require upgrade/maintenance (2)</li> </ul>
5	Carlton Gardens	• Socialising with friends/family (4)	•

### Values of open space used (top five)

- 54% Place to relax and unwind
- 58% Trees
- 48% The feeling of space
- 46% Just being outside
- 44% An escape from the built environment

## Types of open space used (top five)

- 84% Open space along Yarra River
- 82% Small local parks
- 79% Large parks and gardens
- 74% Local streets for exercise
- 64% Large sporting reserves

### Activities and facilities in open space (top five)

- 80% Walking paths
- 66% Open grassed areas
- 63% Seats
- 50% Cycle paths
- 50% Drinking fountains

#### **General comments**

This was an open ended section of the survey where respondents could write any additional comments. The following list are comments made by four or more people:

- Additional open space is required particularly as densities increase and the less private open space (6)
- Appreciate the opportunity to complete the survey (4)
- Council is doing a good job regarding open space (4)

For further details on resident survey outcomes refer to the Report on Consultation Outcomes in Appendix B.

# 7.10.4 How existing workers use open space

113 workers were surveyed in the Epworth Hospital and Bridge Road area about open space.

### Frequency of use of open space near the workplace

 88 per cent of those surveyed visit open space near their workplace with 53 per cent of them nominated they visit open space frequently.

### Reasons to visit open space near the workplace

The three top reasons workers visit open space near their place are:

- 66% to be outdoors as a break from work
- 42% to socialise / meet colleagues / friends
- 19% to eat lunch

### Most frequently visited open space

No.	Name		
15	Fitzroy Gardens		
13	Royal Botanic Gardens		
11	Parks		
10	Citizens Park		
8	Barkly Gardens		
8	Yarra Park		

### Suggestions for improvements to the open space network

The following list is the comments made by 4 or more people:

- Additional open space required (15)
- No improvements required to open space (9)
- Additional car parking required (5)
- Public toilets additional required (4)

# 7.10.5 Analysis of future change and open space needs

### 7.10.5a Forecast future population

### Quantity

The table below shows the forecast population growth for the residential and worker populations in North Richmond. A further breakdown of the forecasts for the three open space sub-precincts within North Richmond have been prepared by .id Consulting to assist with analysis of where forecast change will occur.

Residential population forecasts are sourced from .id Consulting (2018) and the worker population estimates are calculated from the floor area growth forecasts in the *Spatial Economic and Employment Strategy, SGS, 2018* (SEES, 2018).

The resident population growth is significant with an overall change in residential population of 52 per cent or an additional 7,419 residents between 2016 and 2031. The worker population is forecast to increase by approximately 32 per cent, with an additional 4,264 additional workers between 2016 and 2031.

The resident population forecasts through to 2041 illustrate that there is still additional capacity for growth beyond 2031 in North Richmond. While this Strategy is primarily addressing the open space needs of the existing and forecast population through to 2031, it is useful to understand the context of the magnitude of change beyond the Strategy timeframe.

Table 7.10-4 Resident population forecasts for North Richmond open space sub-precincts

SUB-PRECINCT	2016	2031	Difference 2016-2031
North Richmond A	7,129	9,358	2,229
% change North Richmond A			31%
North Richmond B	5,675	7,265	1,590
% change North Richmond B			28%
North Richmond C	1,531	5,131	3,600
% change North Richmond C			235%
Total North Richmond	14,335	21,754	7,419
Total % Change			52%

Table 7.10-5 Worker population estimates for North Richmond open space sub-precincts

EMPLOYMENT/ RETAIL PRECINCT	2016	2031	DIFFERENCE	% CHANGE
North Richmond A				
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	1,487	2,104	617	41%
Bridge Road Retail Precinct	3,907	4,925	1,018	26%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct	208	272	64	31%
Total estimated worker populaton North Richmond A	5,602	7,301	1,700	30%
North Richmond B				
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	850	1,202	353	41%
Bridge Road Retail Precinct	3,754	4,732	978	26%
Total estimated worker population North Richmond B	4,603	5,934	1,331	29%
North Richmond C				
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	2,974	4,208	1,234	41%
Total estimated worker population North Richmond C	2,974	4,208	1,234	41%
Retail and employment precinct totals				
Victoria Street Retail Precinct	5,311	7,514	2,204	41%
Bridge Road Retail Precinct		9,657	1,996	26%
Hoddle Street Employment Precinct		272	64	31%
Total estimated worker population North Richmond		17,444	4,264	32%

# 7.10.5b Population change impacts on open space

The additional quantity of people living and working in North Richmond will place increased pressures and demands on the existing open space. The pressures will include increased volumes of people in the open space utilising the facilities, leading to overcrowding in open space, lack of access to existing facilities and deterioration in the quality of natural features such as grass areas due to compaction from increased use.

The forecast change in demographics with a slight decrease in the number of families and young children and an increase in young adults and older people living on their own means that there will be a likely increase in the demand for facilities that encourage socialising in open space including seating areas and picnic facilities. There will also be a need to promote fitness and exercise by increasing the diversity of facilities that encourage this.

# 7.10.5c Where change will occur

The forecast resident and worker population increase in North Richmond will be concentrated in the Bridge Road and Victoria Street Retail Precincts, combined with the areas of major change identified in the *Yarra Housing Strategy*, 2018 (YHS, 2018). Refer to Figures 7.10D and 7.10E below.

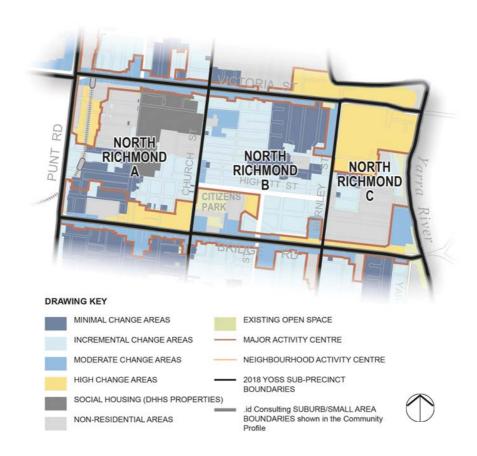


Figure 7.10D Open space sub-precincts and the Strategic Housing Framework (YHS, 2018)

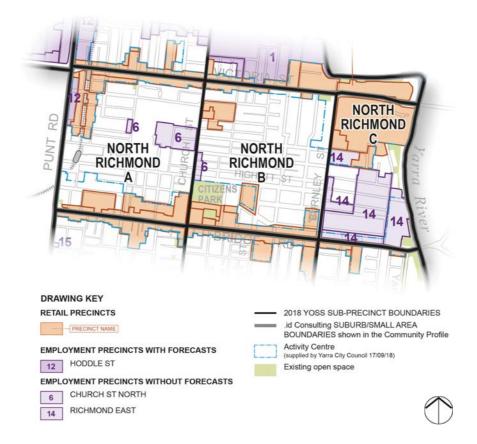


Figure 7.710E Open space sub-precincts and the Employment and Retail Precincts (SEES, 2018)

### 7.10.5d Open space distribution and future need in North Richmond

Within North Richmond the major roads form barriers to safe and easy access to open space. However, where traffic signals are located adjacent to Regional, City-wide and Neighbourhood open space, then the walking catchment extends across the major road, but in a lighter colour. This recognises that for many fit and healthy people, the major road may not present a physical or psychological barrier to visiting the open space, while for some people, particularly those with less mobility, the young and elderly, easy and safe access may not be applicable to them.

These sub-precincts are based on the ability of people working or living in North Richmond to easily reach open space. The open space survey results confirm that residents travel outside North Richmond to visit open space, primarily for the beauty and diversity of character in the large public gardens including the Royal Botanic Gardens, Fitzroy Gardens and Edinburgh Gardens. The high value placed on the need to relax and unwind in the open space surveys supports the need to ensure that adequate areas of green open space with natural features are provided in North Richmond.

### Sub-precinct

#### North Richmond A

Open space sub-precinct
North Richmond A is located
between Punt Road and
Church Street, from Victoria
Street in the north to Bridge
Road in the South. Refer to
Section 7.10.2 for the
description of existing open
space and character.

### Conclusions

- A 31 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 2,229 residents by 2031.
- A 30 per cent increase in the worker population is forecast with an additional 1,700 workers by 2031.
- The existing open space network lacks diversity of character and facilities to offer a range of recreational uses, and are all of the similar small size being less than 1,000 sqm, and provide limited unstructured recreation opportunities.
- Recommend a new Neighbourhood open space central to the sub-precinct, as shown in Figure 7.10F. The suggested location is on existing DHHS State government land which is central to the precinct and has excellent visual and physical access. It is large enough to provide a diverse range of unstructured recreational facilities combined with social spaces and additional greening. Importantly, this open space will be accessible via the local street network to the areas of major growth and change.
- A new Small Local open space is proposed In the south-east area of the precinct, close to the forecast high change area.
   This is to provide open space within a safe and easy walk of existing and forecast residents and workers associated with the Bridge Road Activity Centre between Bridge Road and Highett Street. Refer to location shown on Figure 7.10F.
- Upgrade Egan Place Park including investigating the potential to expand the size of this open space.

#### North Richmond B

Open space sub-precinct
North Richmond B is located
between Church and Burnley
Streets, north of Bridge
Road. Refer to Section
7.10.2 for the description of
existing open space and
character.

- A 28 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 1,590 residents by 2031.
- A 20 per cent increase in the worker population is forecast with an additional 1,331 workers by 2031.
- While there are no gaps in the provision of open space there will be a significant increase in the number of people using Citizens Park in the future from all parts of Richmond. Therefore it is recommended that an additional Small Neighbourhood open space is provided in the south east part of the sub-precinct North Richmond C (refer below). This will provide new open space primarily for the forecast worker and resident population in close proximity to the Bridge Road Activity Centre and the high change precinct identified in the YHS as shown in Figure 7.10D.
- Continue to undertake minor upgrades to Citizens Park as required to ensure it is meeting the communities needs and levels of use.
- Continue to maintain Williams Reserve in the short term and review the opportunities to improve its role in mitigating urban heat with sustainable water reuse in the future.

#### **Sub-precinct**

#### **North Richmond C**

This sub-precinct is located between Burnley Street and the Yarra River, north of Bridge Road. Refer to Section 7.10.2 for the description of existing open space and character

#### **Conclusions**

- A significant 235 per cent increase in the resident population is forecast with an additional 3,600 residents by 2031.
- A 41 per cent increase in the worker population is forecast with an additional 1,234 workers by 2031.
- While there are no gaps in the provision of open space there will be a significant increase in the resident population in both the north east and south east parts of the sub-precinct.
- Therefore it is recommended that an additional Small Neighbourhood open space is provided in the south east area of the sub-precinct as part of the future redevelopment of the larger land parcels in the precinct. This will focus on providing a green space to assist with mitigating urban heat and provide recreational facilities that complement the seating/viewing character of the other two existing open spaces. It is also recommended that improved north south pedestrian connectivity within the precinct is achieved as part of the redevelopment process. This in part will also address the future open space needs of forecast residents and workers in North Richmond B.
- Provide an additional Small Local open space the north west to cater to the recent and forecast high density development.
- Undertake a major upgrade to Annettes Place to provide a greater diversity of spaces and facilities to better cater to the forecast population as part of the major redevelopment in proximity to this open space.
- Please refer to Figure 7.10F.

### 7.10.6 North Richmond Recommendations

### 7.10.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Citizens Park and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute significantly to the open space character of North Richmond. With the forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population in North Richmond. Key recommendations include to provide a new Neighbourhood open space on the DHHS land between Punt Road and Church Street. This will primarily cater to the forecast population and better meet the open space needs of the existing community. With substantial change forecast east of Burnley Street, a new Small Neighbourhood open space is proposed towards the southern part of North Richmond C. This will cater to the forecast growth associated with the eastern end of the Bridge Road Activity Centre and for the forecast change within the sub-precinct as a whole. An additional Small Local open space is proposed in the vicinity of Doonside Street to address the recent and forecast change to high density development in this area.

#### **Quality and design**

There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the existing Local and Small Local open spaces in North Richmond. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.

Refer to Figure 7.10F for the spatial location of recommendations for North Richmond.

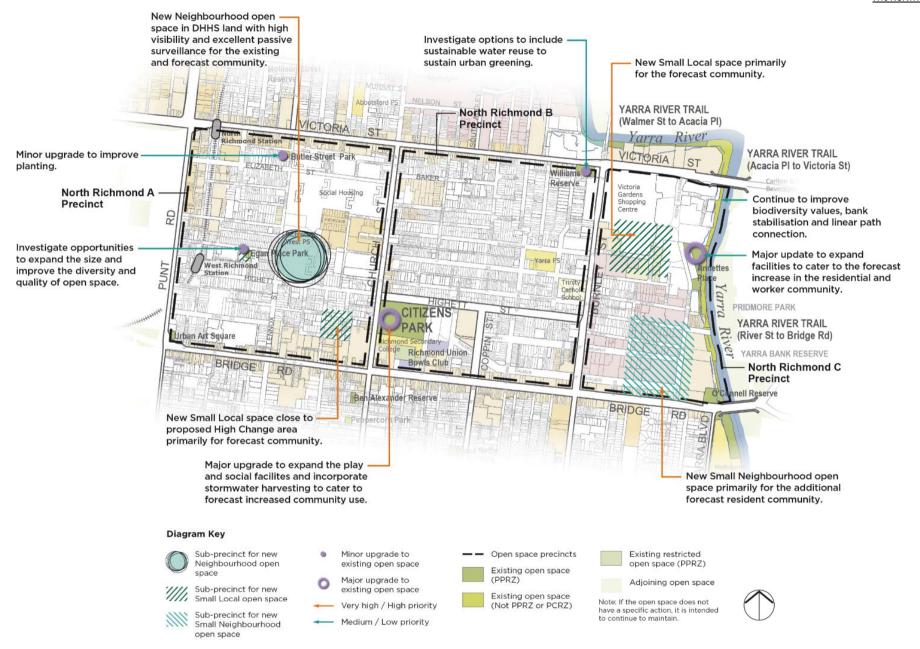


Figure 7.10F Recommendations for North Richmond

### 7.10.5b Precinct Actions for North Richmond

## A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.10A-1	Provide a new Neighbourhood open space in sub-precinct North Richmond A. There is potential to provide this on the DHHS land, central to the sub-precinct and accessible to the existing and forecast new population.	YCC DHHS Developer	Very High
7.10A-2	Provide a new Small Local open space in sub-precinct North Richmond A, in the Bosisto/Cameron Street area north of Bridge Road as shown in Figure 7.10F. This is to cater primarily to the forecast new population in the high change area in the south east portion of the sub-precinct.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.10A-3	Provide a new Small Neighbourhood open space in sub-precinct North Richmond C primarily for the forecast population. This is to be located in the south east area of the sub-precinct in the vicinity of Murphy Street and improve the north south pedestrian connectivity between Bridge Road Murphy Street if feasible.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.10A-4	Provide a new Small Local open space in sub-precinct North Richmond C primarily for the forecast population. This is to be located in the northern part of the sub-precinct in the vicinity of Doonside Street/Victoria Gardens.	YCC Developer	Very High

## B Existing open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.10B-1	Annette's Place	YCC	Low
	Continue to maintain in the short term. In the longer term,		
	undertake a major upgrade to substantially improve the useability		
	and character of this open space to better cater to a diversity of		
	users given the forecast increase in the resident population in the immediate catchment of this reserve.		
7.10B-2	Butler Street Park	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.10B-3	Citizens Park	YCC	Medium
	Undertake major upgrades including to the playground and other		
	unstructured recreation facilities, incorporate stormwater		
	harvesting project to improve the sustainable water re-use and		
	management of this reserve to cater to the increased levels of use		
	that this park will receive in the future and assist to mitigate urban heat island effect.		
7.10B-4	Egan Place Park	YCC	Medium
	Investigate opportunities to expand the size of this open space		
	primarily to cater to the forecast future population. Review and		
	revise the open space design, maximising opportunities to		
	integrate sustainable water re-use to increase the greening and		
	the urban cooling role of this open space.		

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.10B-5	O'Connell Reserve	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.10B-6	Urban Art Square	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to maintain.		
7.10B-7	Williams Reserve	YCC	Low
	Continue to maintain. In the medium term review the options to		
	increase sustainable water re-use in the reserve.		
7.10B-8	Yarra River Trail – River St to Bridge Rd	YCC	Ongoing
	Continue to undertake improvements where required to the		
	natural biodiversity values and linear path connection.		

# 8. Funding and open space contributions

## 8.1 Open space contribution principles

Developer contributions for public open space have been required in Victoria over many decades and are linked to the subdivision of land.

There are long-standing legislative principles with respect to these contributions. Both the 2006 Yarra Open Space Strategy and this Strategy are based on these principles. For example, both strategies:

- Provide a strategic assessment of open space needs for the future population of Yarra and recommendations for expenditure of contribution funds to meet the needs of the population on whose behalf the contributions are collected.
- Support a contribution rate that is strategically justified based on the value of open space projects.
- Ensure that contributions are used for land acquisition and capital works (not maintenance).
- Are based on the premise that contributions should not be used to make up historical deficiencies in open space provision.
- Expect contribution funding in established urban areas will generally need to be cofunded at some level with income from grants, rates or fees.

### With regard to Yarra:

- The Yarra Planning Scheme currently establishes a contribution rate, and this satisfies
  requirements of Section 18 of the Subdivision Act 1988 governing the assessment of
  open space contributions that are required to be paid.
- The Strategy recommendations and cost allocations provided to Council support the
  expenditure of contributions for the new open space and recreational facilities that will
  benefit new populations.
- The upgrading or renewal of open space and recreational facilities are prioritised in locations that will be more intensively used as a result of future redevelopment and subdivision (e.g. population increase, demographic change).

## 8.2 Review of existing open space contributions program and rate

### 8.2.1 Overview of the current contributions program

Council's open space contributions program brings in an average of over \$4 million annually to provide open space for new residents. The program is supported by a mandatory contribution rate and policy in the Yarra Planning Scheme as described in Sections 8.2.2 and 8.2.3.

The current contribution program has been successful in lifting the value of contributions when compared to the contributions that were collected before the mandatory rate was introduced in the planning scheme. The contributions help Council fund its open space program for new residents and the implementation of the 2006 Strategy.

### 8.2.2 Contribution rate set in the Yarra Planning Scheme

Council has set a mandatory contribution rate of 4.5 per cent for the municipality through the schedule to Clause 53.01 of the Yarra Planning Scheme as shown below. The contribution is mandatory for all eligible subdivisions.

Figure 8A Schedule to Clause 53.01 of the Yarra Planning Scheme

#### Subdivision and public open space contribution

Type or location of subdivision	Amount of contribution for public open space
Land or buildings intended to be used for residential purposes.	4.5%

The contribution rate applies to the total land value of the site when more than two lots (titles) are created. The levy can be for land, equivalent cash value or a combination of the two. There are many VCAT precedents that support the principle that the type of contribution to be made is solely up to the Council. This gives the City of Yarra considerable scope to require land contributions and specify where on the subdivision the new open space is to be located, having regard to the precinct locations and criteria for new open space set out in the Strategy.

## 8.2.3 Clause 22.12 Public Open Space Contribution

The Council's planning scheme policy at Clause 22.12 Public Open Space Contribution incorporates the relevant findings and recommendations of the 2006 Strategy. The policy sets out the basis for the mandatory open space contribution and specifies the subprecincts where a land contribution may be required. The criteria for land contributions is listed. There is also a caution that the design of developments will need to account for any land contribution that may be required when subdivision occurs.

## 8.2.4 Finance – Allocation of Moneys Received via the Public Open Space Requirement Policy, 2016

To guide implementation of the 2006 Strategy, Council adopted a policy statement on 28 June 2016 to clarify its approach to expenditure of the open space contributions collected. The Council resolution also called for an increase in the existing 4.5 per cent contribution rate in the Yarra Planning Scheme.

The policy requires funds to be separately accounted for and allocated for 'land acquisition for new reserves, undertaking open space capital works or improving existing open space.' This is consistent with the requirements of the Subdivision Act 1988. The policy also states that funds are to be allocated in line with the adopted Strategy 'for the benefit of the population on whose behalf the funds are collected.' There should be an equitable allocation of funds in line with where dwelling growth is greater.

The policy is consistent with the legislative principles referred to in Section 8.1 and Council's planning policy governing land and cash contributions.

## 8.3 Proposed open space contributions program

### 8.3.1 Development of a new contribution rate

This Strategy updates the City of Yarra's open space program. It is timely to review the contribution rate to ensure it will support Council's implementation of the new Strategy.

New open space contribution rates will be used to update the Yarra Planning Scheme and reflect the changes in the open space program going forward. In calculating the rate options, several factors are being considered including:

- The existing open space reserves, their function, location and qualities, and the improvements to open space that the City of Yarra has undertaken since the adoption of the 2006 Strategy.
- The significant population growth, demographic change and land use change that has occurred in Yarra since the adoption of the 2006 Strategy.
- The increased open space use by the employment population in Yarra.
- The substantial redevelopment that will occur in Yarra in the short and medium term, leading to the forecast increases in both residential and employment populations.
- The need for the City of Yarra to acquire land for new open space and fund capital improvements to open space based on the detailed analysis undertaken for this Strategy.
- The value of providing an updated set of open space upgrades and new open space to respond to the changes in Yarra for a 15 year period to 2031 and beyond.
- The expectation that contributions should fund a reasonable proportion of the
  future open space program having regard to population growth and demographic
  changes, so that the open space contributions levied provide for the open space
  needs of the population on whose behalf the contributions are collected.
- The value of land purchase for new open space is to be included in the calculation of the new contribution rate.
- The rate should apply to all eligible subdivisions in the City of Yarra irrespective of land use type.
- The benefits of implementing a higher single municipal rate to apply to all eligible subdivisions.
- Development outside the existing residential and employment population growth forecasts may trigger the need for expanded or additional open space beyond the specific recommendations in Section 7 of this Strategy.

It is anticipated that a higher municipal open space contribution rate would be in the order of 10 per cent. This is due to the high level of population growth that the Strategy plans for and the density of development in the City of Yarra, both of which are factors in the need for Council to provide new open space in the future. It is noted that the former Amcor Alphington Paper Mill Site and the Former Fitzroy Gasworks Site would be exempt from any change in the current rate because the open space contribution requirements for these sites have been established separately.

The Strategy city-wide and precinct recommendations in Sections 5 and 7 indicate how Council should implement its open space contribution program. The Strategy indicates when land acquisition (e.g. contributions or purchase) are required and how cash contributions should be spent to meet the needs of the population on whose behalf they are collected. There are minimum criteria for land acquisition and priorities for implementation of projects. The 2006 Strategy requirements are included in the current Clause 22.12 of the Yarra Planning Scheme. The policy will need to be updated (as noted in Section 9.1) when this Strategy is adopted.

## 8.3.2 Comparison of the proposed rate with adjoining municipalities

Many inner Melbourne councils have a scheduled open space contribution rate in their planning schemes. The councils that border the City of Yarra use the schedule to Clause 53.01 as shown in Table 8-1. Recently established rates are based on strategic open space studies that can be supported through the planning scheme amendment and Planning Panel process. The trend is to match higher rates (above 5 per cent) to higher growth locations. The Yarra schedule is the only one that confines the contribution schedule to residential development.

Table 8-1 Open space contribution rates for adjoining municipalities

Municipality	Clause 53.01 type or location of subdivision	Rate
Yarra	Land or buildings intended to be used for residential purposes.	4.5%
Banyule	A subdivision that creates more than one additional separately disposable parcel of land.	5%
Boroondara	None specified. [defaults to individual subdivision levies]	None
Darebin	Sliding scale 2 to 5+ lots	2% - 5%
Melbourne	Fishermans Bend Urban Renewal Area	8%
	High growth areas shown on maps	7.06%
	Moderate and low growth areas shown on maps	5%
Moreland	12 suburb locations shown on a map	2.5% - 6.8%
Stonnington	Suburbs of Glen Iris, Malvern, Malvern East, Toorak and Kooyong	5%
	Suburbs of Armadale, Prahran, Windsor and South Yarra	8%
	One site with a specific rate in Armadale	8%

## 8.3.3 Open space sub-precincts where a land contribution may be required

The Strategy identifies locations where new open space will be required. In some cases, it will be appropriate for Council to require a land contribution for all or part of the contribution assessment to create a new open space reserve. The land contribution may be part of a larger parcel of land that Council is assembling. The recommendations for where land acquisition is required for new open space for the forecast population are based on Council's existing growth framework as described in this Strategy. The recommendations are included in Section 7 of this Strategy.

## 8.3.4 Yarra Development Contributions Plan 2017

Council is introducing a Development Contributions Plan (DCP) in the Yarra Planning Scheme (Amendment C238) to fund over 700 social and physical infrastructure projects throughout the municipality. The purposes of this DCP are clear and the Plan states at page 24 that, "It should be noted that the projects shown in this DCP do not overlap with Council's Open Space Levy."

## 8.4 Capital works and land acquisition

### 8.4.1 Capital works

Council's capital works program for open space in the City of Yarra is informed by the list of actions in the existing Open Space Strategy 2006. The program is funded by a combination of different Council revenue sources including open space contributions, rates and external grants.

Approximately 70 per cent of the actions from the 2006 Strategy have been implemented via the capital works program, including the capital works to construct the six new open spaces that have been delivered since the Strategy was prepared.

The Strategy has prepared a new strategic program of works to be implemented over a 15-year timeframe. Where an action is either wholly or partly attributable to the forecast population it has been included in the Strategy Preliminary Opinion of Probable Cost (POPC).

The Strategy POPC apportions the cost for each Action between the existing and forecast population based on the benefit derived from the works. This Strategy POPC will form the basis of the revised open space contribution rate calculation. The priorities in the Strategy POPC are based on the open space needs analysis undertaken for each precinct.

## 8.4.2 Land acquisition

The six new public open space reserves that have been delivered since the preparation of the 2006 Open Space Strategy have been established on existing public land. Council has recently negotiated and secured a new Small Local open space in North Fitzroy on a redevelopment site and will also receive a series of new open space reserves as part of the Approved Development Plan for the Alphington Paper Mills Site.

A key issue for Council in implementing the 2006 Strategy has been the difficulty in securing new land area as open space. The majority of the development sites are too small to contribute a viable area of land for public open space. In response to this, the Strategy assumes that Council will need to purchase land for new open space rather than solely rely on land contributions or conversion of Council owned land from another use. The cost of land purchase will be included in a new open space contribution rate.

Additionally, the Strategy has identified small sub-precincts and the type of new open space required in each sub-precinct. This now provides a clear framework for Council to undertake a more detailed assessment of individual sites within each for the defined sub-precincts to identify suitable locations for new open space. This is described in more detail in Section 5.3 of the Strategy.

## 9. Implementation

## 9.1 Responsibilities and actions

Implementation of this Open Space Strategy will primarily be the responsibility of the Open Space Planning Team within the Planning and Placemaking Division of Council.

A number of areas of Council will also be responsible for implementing key actions and recommendations.

Area of Council	Responsibilities
Open space planning and design team	Responsible for coordinating the implementation of the Strategy. This includes:
	<ul> <li>Undertake open space sub-precinct assessments for the 31 sub-precincts identified as requiring additional open space in the Strategy. Proactively flag public and private land opportunities for potential future acquisition of land for new open space consistent with the Strategy recommendations.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Review the open space component of development applications, including within the context of the open space precinct assessments, to determine where open space land contributions are to be requested in consultation with Strategic and Statutory Planning.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Ensure open space needs are adequately recognised and provide input to the open space component of Structure Plans, local area plans and other planning documents.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Prepare and implement concept and landscape design plans for open space reserves in accordance with the Design and Management Guidelines in this Strategy.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Implement the capital works program in open space and prioritise the works in the renewal program to complement the capital works program.</li> </ul>

Area of Council	Responsibilities
Open space maintenance team including Arboriculture, Streetscapes, Natural Values and Urban Agriculture	<ul> <li>Ongoing maintenance and management of open space.</li> <li>Annual budget for operational and maintenance expenditure in open space.</li> <li>Providing advice from relevant areas of expertise.</li> <li>Responsible for gaining input from Open Space Planning and Design Team in relation to proposed works in open space.</li> </ul>
Strategic and statutory planning	<ul> <li>Ensure the Yarra Planning Scheme and other strategic documents guiding future development are consistent with the Strategy including:</li> <li>Amend the planning scheme to implement key strategic elements of public open space, especially Council's open space objectives and strategies and its public open space program as contained in this Strategy.</li> <li>Review the current Local Planning Policy for open space contributions and update consistent with this Strategy, e.g. precincts where land may be requested as a contribution, criteria for new open space.</li> <li>Introduce new local policy with respect to guidelines at 5.4.1 for development adjoining public open space and guidelines at 5.4.2 for sunlight access to public open space.</li> <li>Include requirements for new open space in Structure Plan and local area plan documents and related planning scheme amendments consistent with the Strategy recommendations. Include detailed direction on built form and sunlight access for medium and high density precincts (e.g. Design and Development Overlay provisions).</li> <li>Continue to administer the public open space contributions program and make budget allocations in accordance with Strategy costings.</li> <li>Liaise with developers in the initial development application stage to achieve desired outcomes for open space as set out in this Strategy.</li> <li>Consider if use of the Public Acquisition Overlay is warranted in specific circumstances.</li> <li>Coordinate activities and conduct referrals and coordination of outcomes between the Open Space Planning Team, Strategy Planning and Statutory Planning.</li> <li>Ensure that existing reserves and land added to the public open space network is zoned Public Park and Recreation Zone or Public Conservation and Resource Zone.</li> </ul>
Urban design	Responsible for gaining input from the Open Space Planning Team in relation to open space provision in future structure plans, streetscape plans, urban design frameworks and local area plans.

Area of Council	Responsibilities
Recreation and leisure	<ul> <li>Determine the structured sport and recreation facility provision in open space in the context of the recommendations in the Strategy. Responsible for structured sport and recreation facility provision and management in open space including the annual sports facility and ground allocations.</li> <li>Responsible for the provision and ongoing management of the leisure facilities in open space.</li> </ul>
Community Cultural Development	<ul> <li>Responsible for scheduling and managing festivals and events in open space in consultation with Parks and Open Space.</li> <li>Responsible for delivery of public art in open space in partnership with Parks and Open Space.</li> </ul>
Traffic, Sustainable Transport and civil engineering	<ul> <li>Provide engineering and infrastructure design investigation and advice, particularly for improving on-road pedestrian and bicycle links and road crossings and car parks.</li> <li>Prepare and implement Local Area Placemaking Plans including seeking input from the Open Space Planning Team regarding opportunities for future road closures that provide new or expand existing open space.</li> <li>Provide technical advice and assistance regarding sustainable water use in open space.</li> </ul>
Financial services	<ul> <li>Contribute to achievement of the Strategy through the annual budget process.</li> <li>Allocate public open space contributions as a percentage of open space project budgets in accordance with Strategy costings.</li> <li>Maintain an effective recording system for public open space contributions to assist appropriate recording of contributions and spending of funds.</li> </ul>
Local laws	<ul> <li>Domestic animal management.</li> <li>Development and enforcement of regulations in and adjoining open space.</li> </ul>
Communications and Engagement	<ul> <li>To guide the community consultation methods to be implemented for any open space improvement or development works.</li> </ul>
Aboriginal Partnerships Team	<ul> <li>To inform the implementation of open space improvement and development works in sites of cultural significance and other relevant sites to the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community.</li> </ul>

### 9.2 Priorities

The priorities identified in the Strategy provide some guidance on the order of how the actions are intended to be implemented. They are broadly based on the following:

- Trends in forecast resident and worker population growth
- · Land use trends
- · Gap areas
- · Community consultation outcomes
- Other relevant strategies and plans.

The Strategy has an implementation timeframe of 15 years and is intended to be implemented generally in accordance with the priorities in the Action tables. Loosely the time period correlates to the following:

Very High Years 1 to 4
High Years 5 to 8
Medium Years 7 to 12
Low Years 13 to 15

It is noted however, that changes to the forecast trends can occur and priorities may need to be adjusted to respond to these changes, particularly the allocation of adequate resources, budgets and funding to implement the works program.

A more detailed implementation program will be developed progressively as the Strategy is implemented. This program will allow a more detailed breakdown of responsibilities for each action and track its progress.

## 9.3 Monitoring

Implementation and monitoring of the Strategy will aim to:

- Establish a committee to oversee the implementation of the Strategy to ensure ongoing commitment and awareness of the Strategy at all levels of Council.
- Establish an appropriate system of planning, documenting and recording the works completed from the Strategy.
- Regularly monitor the implementation of the Strategy to assess the progress and success of the recommendations. This is particularly important for the provision of new open space.
- Regularly report internally on the Strategy progress including the open space contributions program.
- Review the Strategy at the 5 year and 10 year points to monitor its implementation.
- Integrate the implementation of the Strategy with other existing and future Council plans and strategies.

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## **Appendix A**

## **Drawings**

The following set of drawings are to be printed at A3 size from the separate file provided Volume 2 of 3.

Drawing No.	Drawing Title
YOSS-01a	Existing Open Space
YOSS-01b	Existing Open Space and Education Use
YOSS-01c	Existing Open Space Detail Plan
YOSS-02a	Existing Open Space and Heritage Overlays
YOSS-02b	Topography and Waterways
YOSS-02c	Waterways and Relevant Overlays
YOSS-02d	Waterways and Design and Development Overlay
YOSS-03a	Open Space Hierarchy
YOSS-03b	Gap Analysis
YOSS-04	Existing Land Use and Open Space Sub-precincts
YOSS-05	Adopted Strategic Housing Framework and Open Space Sub-precincts
YOSS-06	Employment and Retail Precincts and Open Space Sub-precincts

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CITY OF DAREBIN

COULSON

FTON HIL

GEORGE KNOTT RESERVE

RESERVE

QUARRIES PARK

FAIRFIELD PARK

- RUSHALL RESERVE

MAYORS PARK

HEIDELBERG RD

FAIRFIELD

YARRA BEND PARK

FWY

LPHINGTON ARK

LPHINGTON

Latrobe Golf Club

May St

NORTH

HOLDEN ST

CITY OF MORELAND

PARK ST

CARLTON

NORTH

CURTAIN SQUARE

NICHOLSON

Park St

RESERVE

PRINCES

HARDY GALLAGHER

PRINCES

HILL

McPherson St







CITY OF DAREBIN

COULSON

FTON HIL

GEORGE KNOTT RESERVE

RESERVE

YARRA BEND PARK

QUARRIES

FAIRFIELD PARK

EASTERN

- RUSHALL RESERVE

DARLING GARDENS

May St

NORTH

HOLDEN ST

CITY OF MORELAND

PARK ST

CARLTON

NORTH

CURTAIN

Park St

RESERVE

HARDY GALLAGHER

PRINCES

HILL

McPherson St

MELBOURNE GENERAL CEMETERY



HEIDELBERG RD

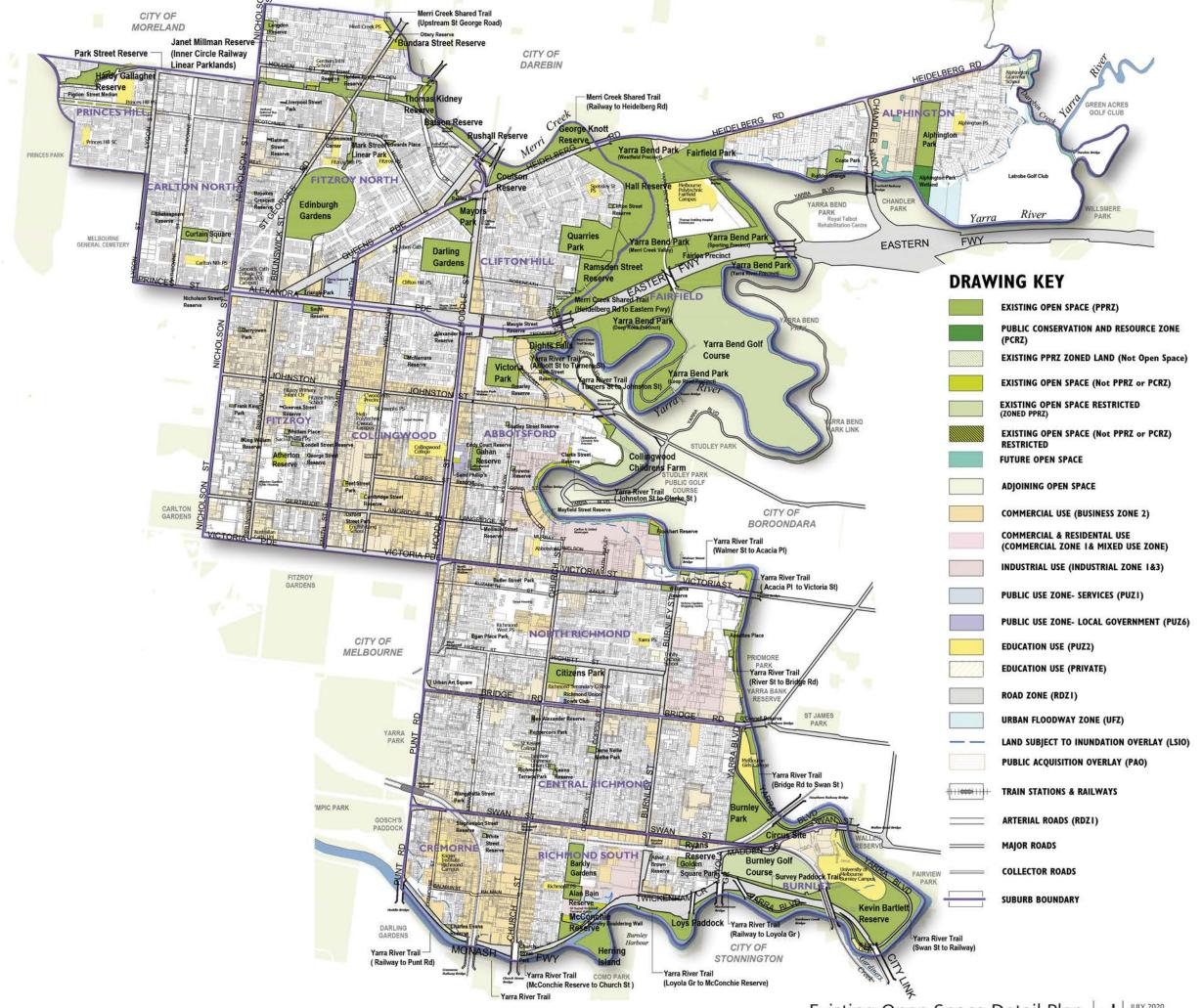
LPHINGTON

Latrobe Golf Club

FAIRFIELD

PARK

FWY



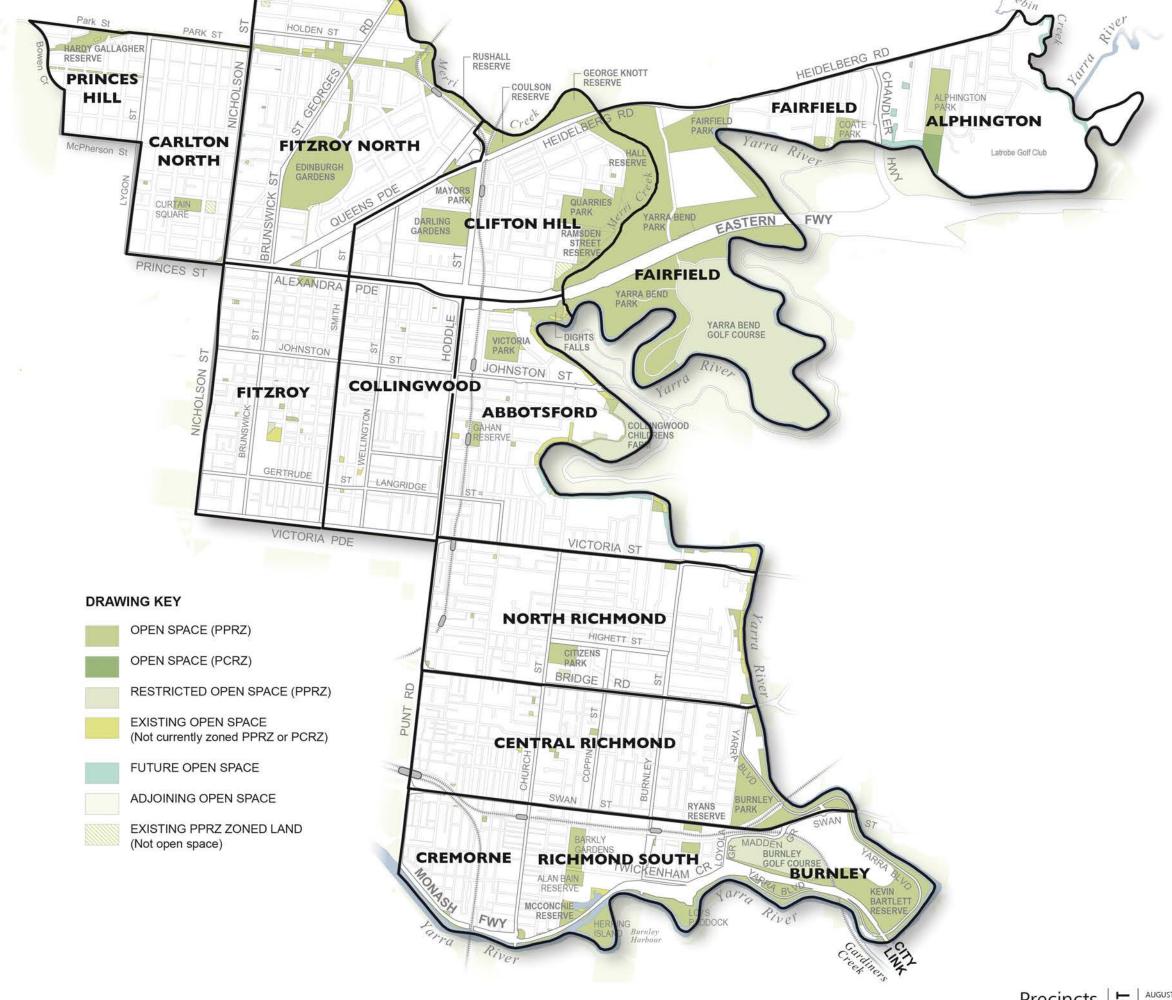


pace Detail Plan

TEGY 2020

SCALE 1:25,000 @ A3

250m 500m 750m





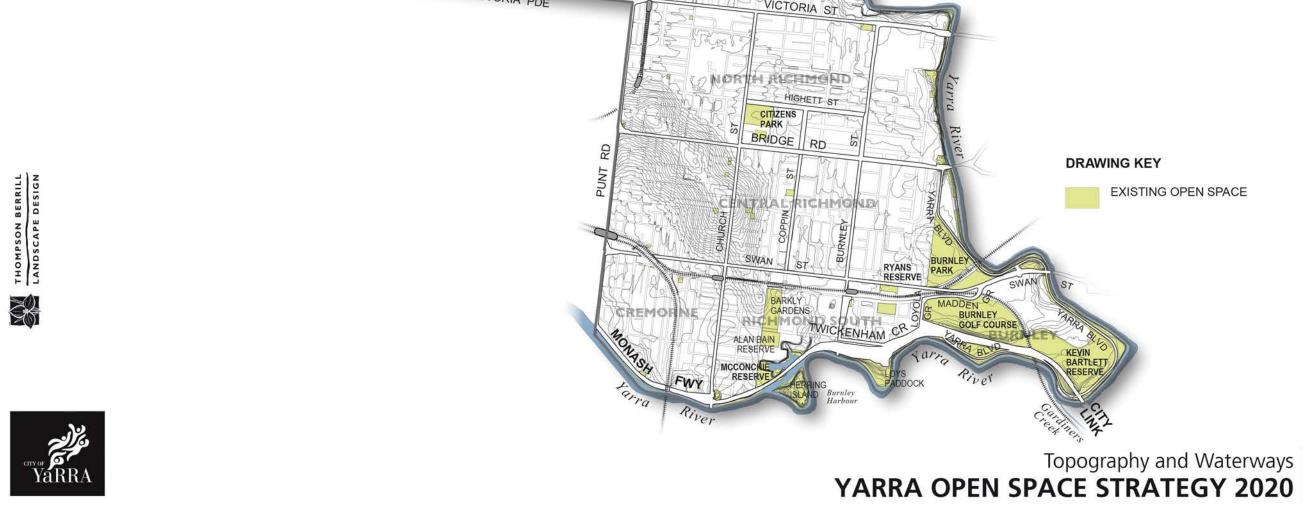


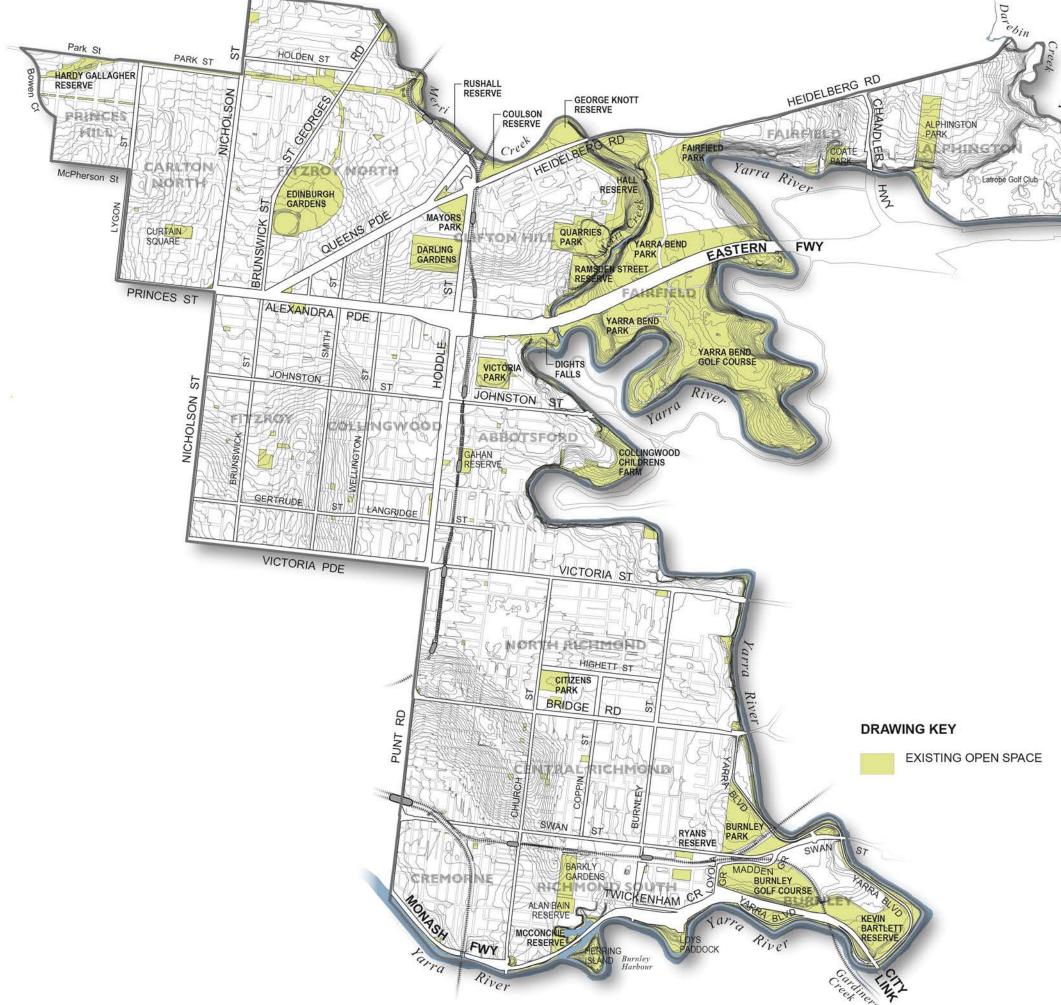


May St

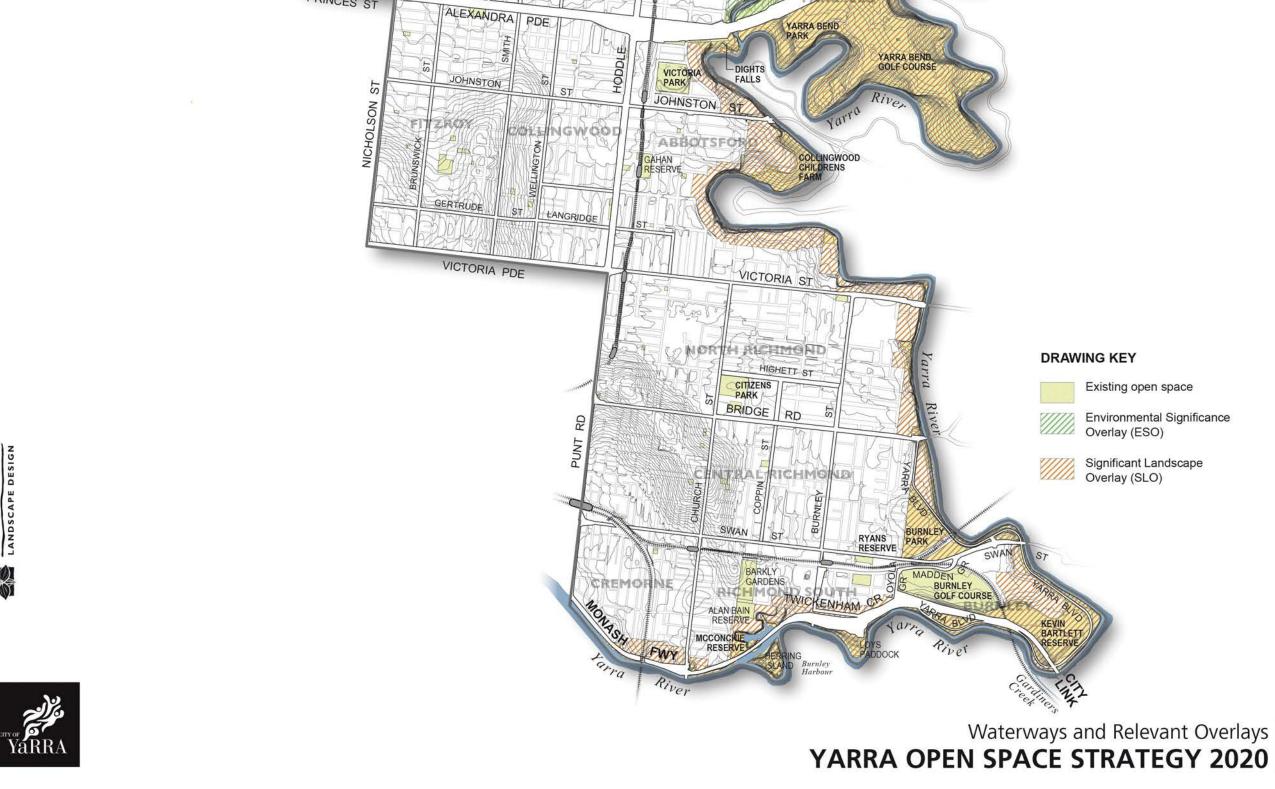
Park St











- RUSHALL RESERVE

MAYORS PARK

DARLING GARDENS

COULSON

- GEORGE KNOTT RESERVE

RESERVE

QUARRIES

HOLDEN ST

EDINBURGH GARDENS

FIZBOYMORTH

PARK ST

NORTH

CURTAIN

PRINCES ST

HARDY GALLAGHER RESERVE

PRINCES

ATTA

McPherson St



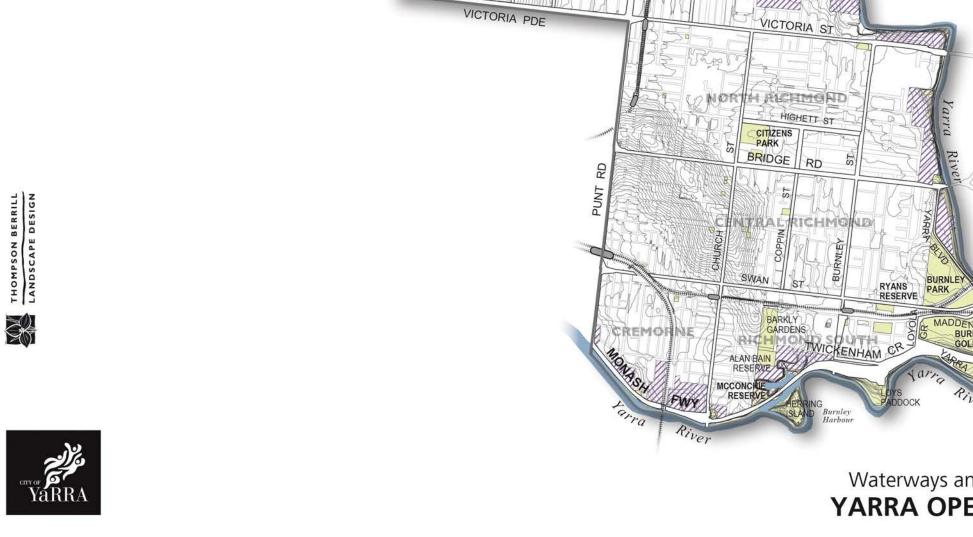
Waterways and Relevant Overlays

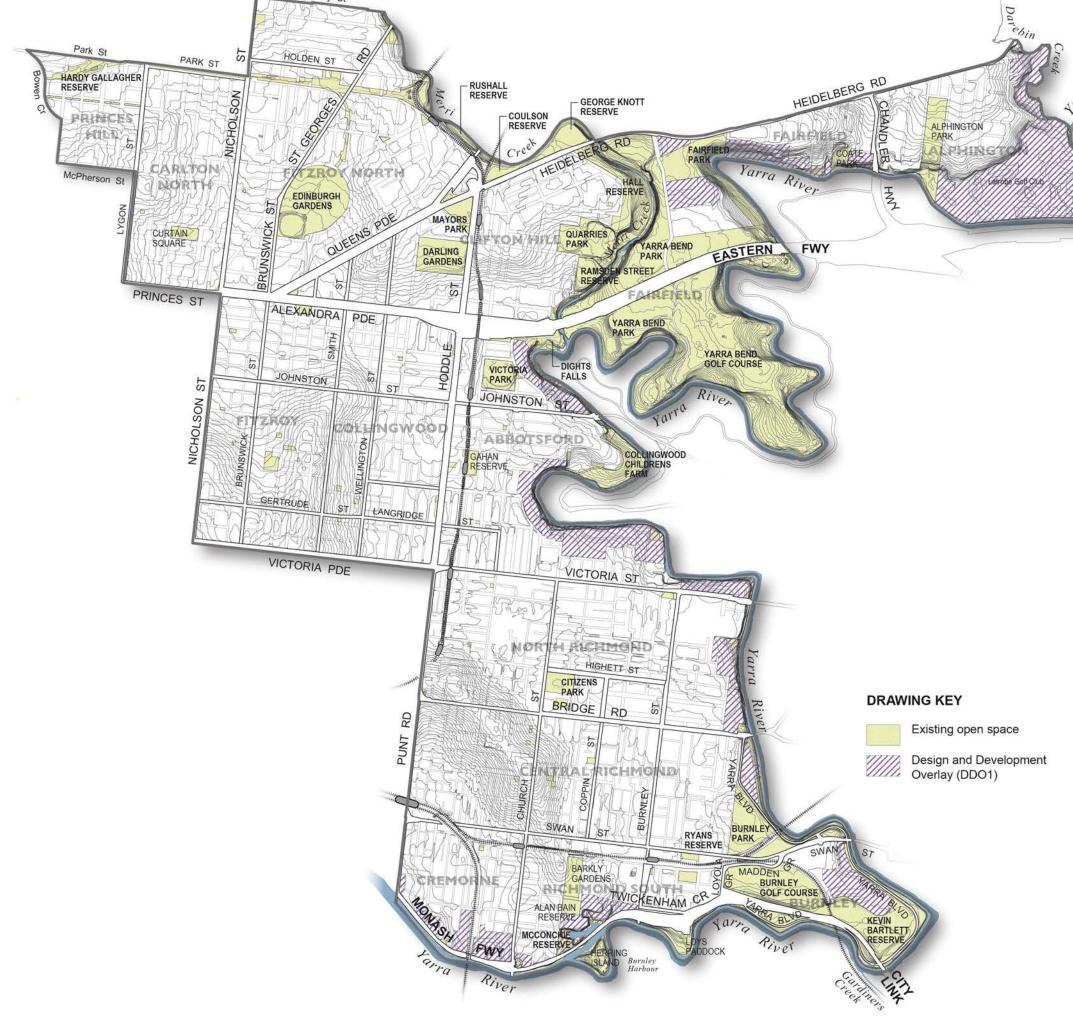
HEIDELBERG RD

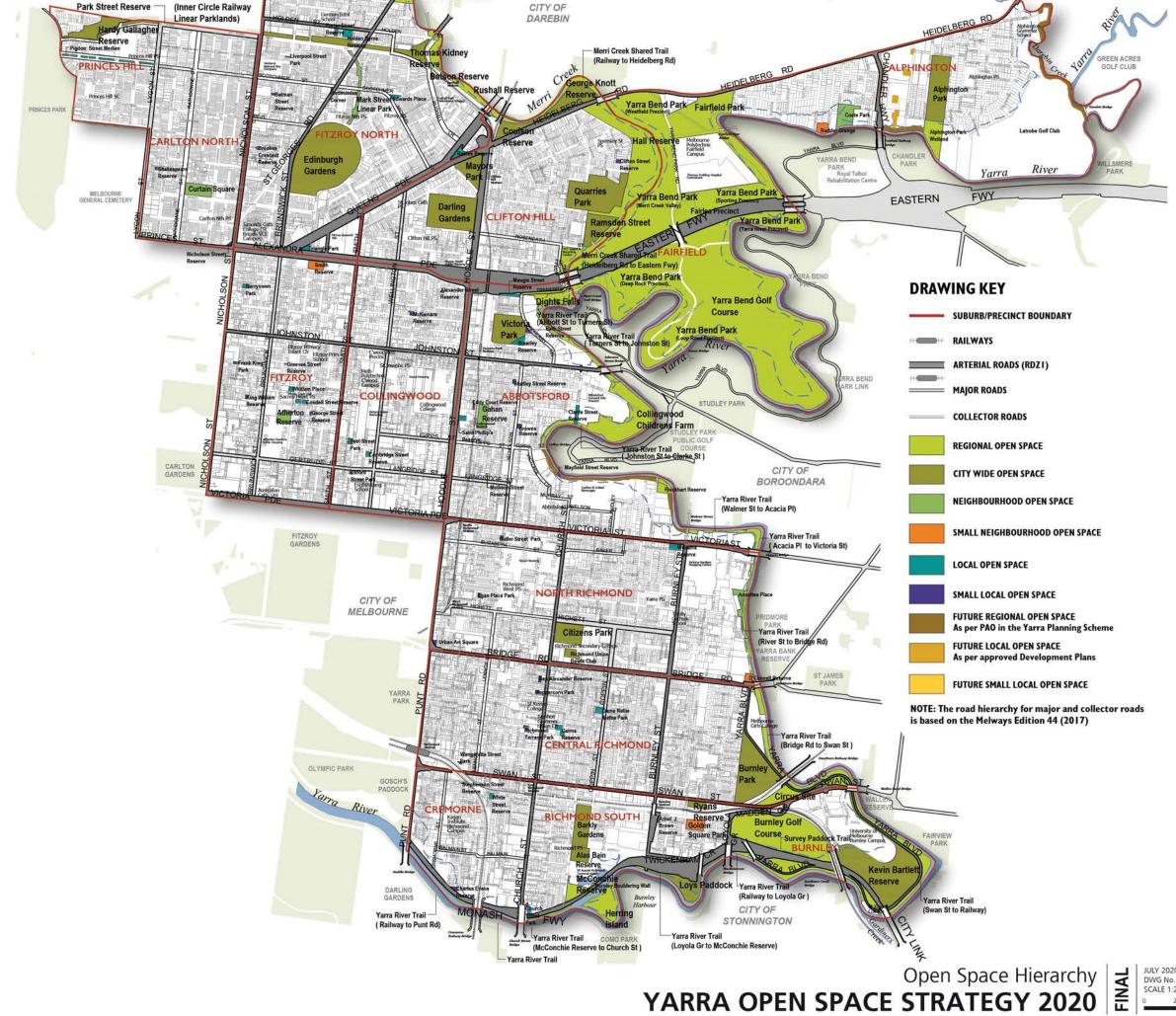
FWY

EASTERN

ALPHINGTON PARK







Merri Creek Shared Trail

(Upstream St George Road)

CITY OF

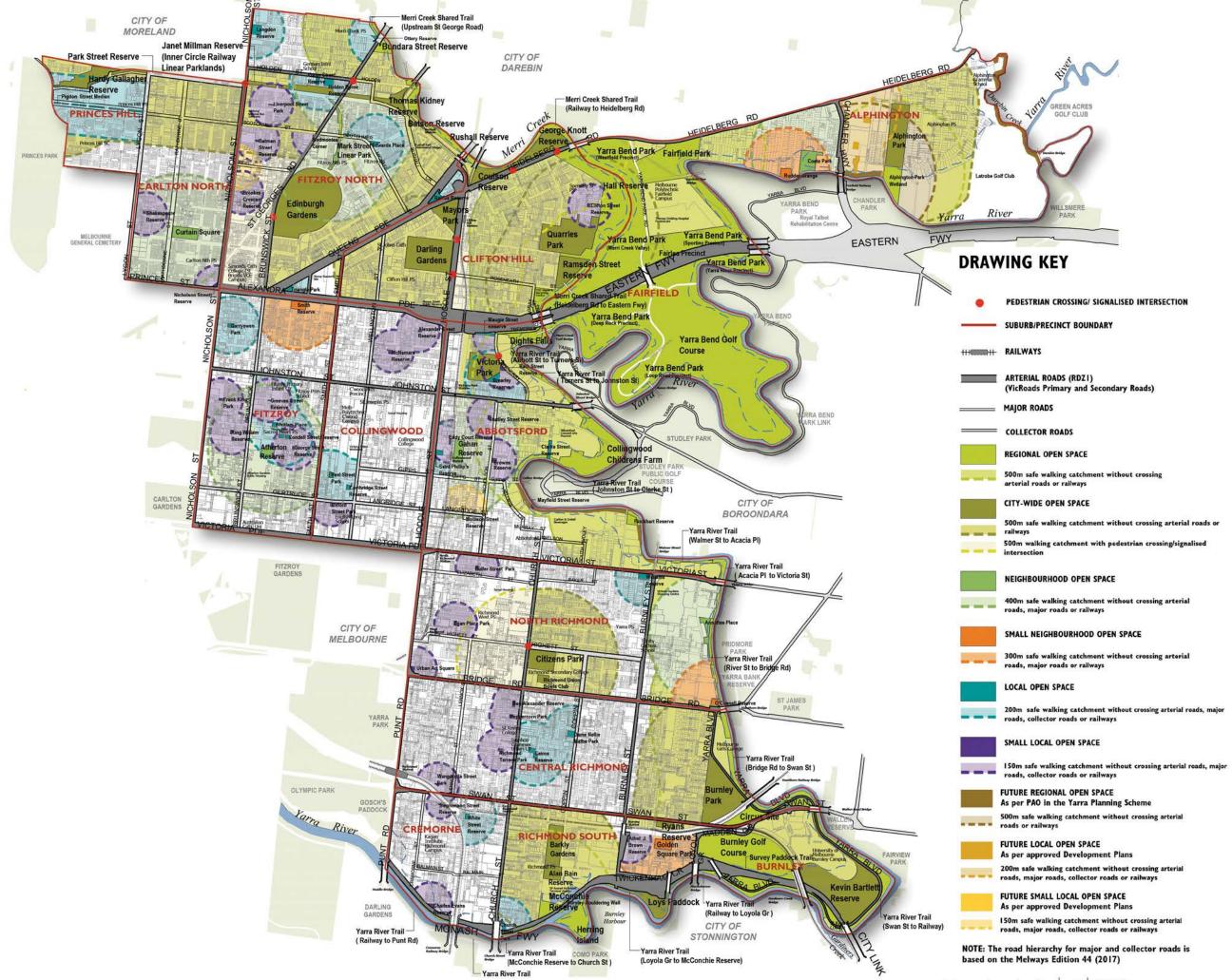
MORELAND

Janet Millman Reserv

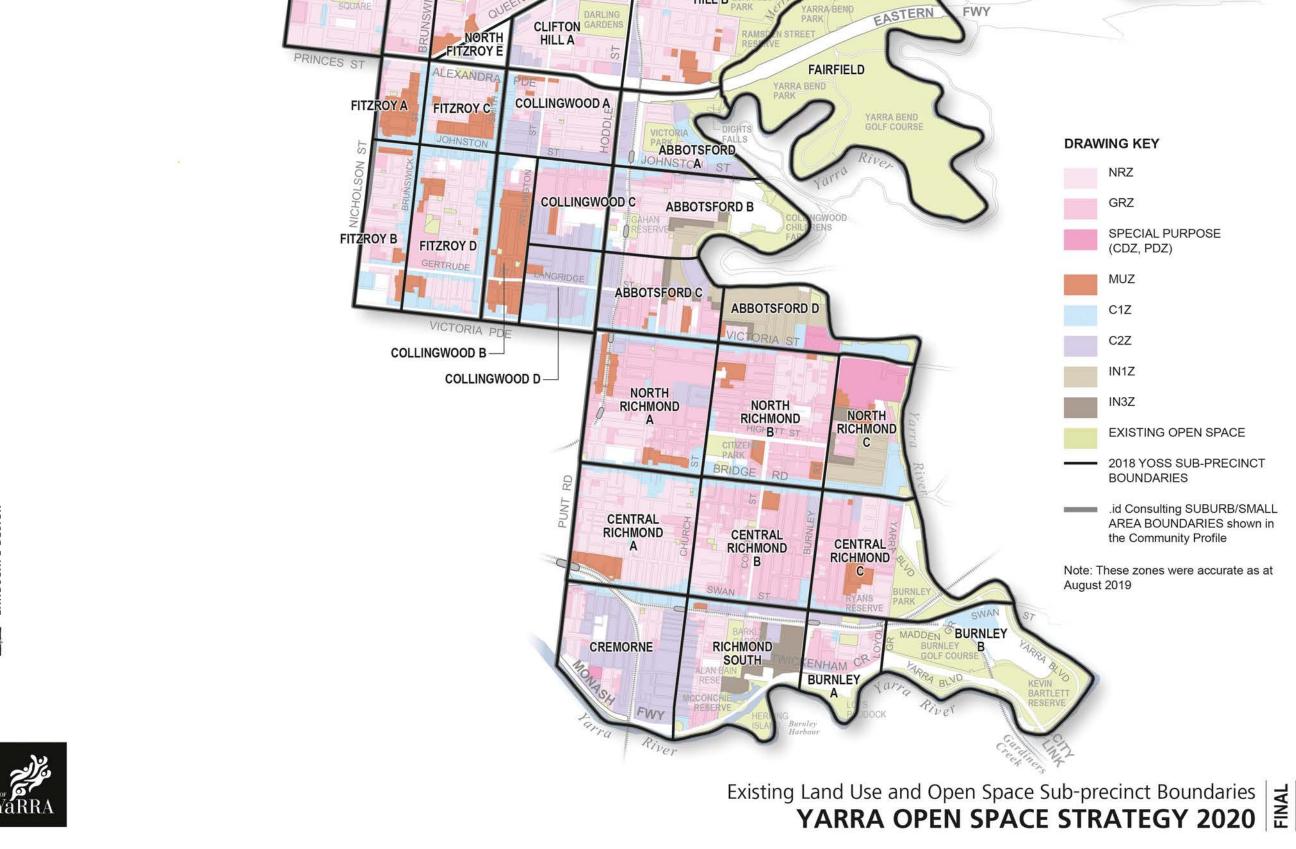


JULY 2020 DWG No. YOSS-03a SCALE 1:25,000 @ A3









- RUSHALL RESERVE

NORTH FITZROY C

- COULSON RESERVE

CLIFTON

GEORGE KNOTT RESERVE

**FAIRFIELD** 

FWY

**ALPHINGTON** 

Latrobe Golf Club

NORTH FITZROY A

NORTH FITZROY D

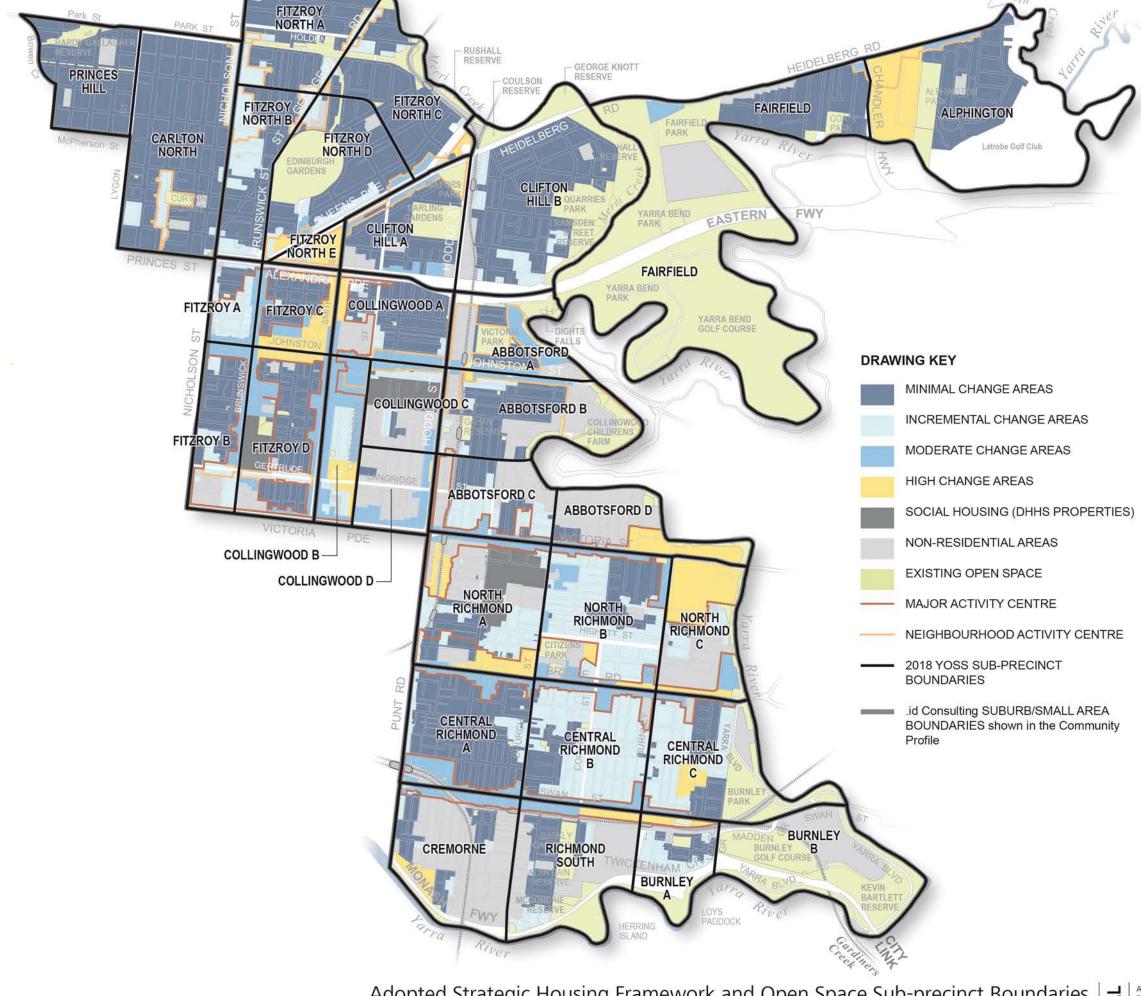
NORTH FITZROY B

CARLTON NORTH

PRINCES

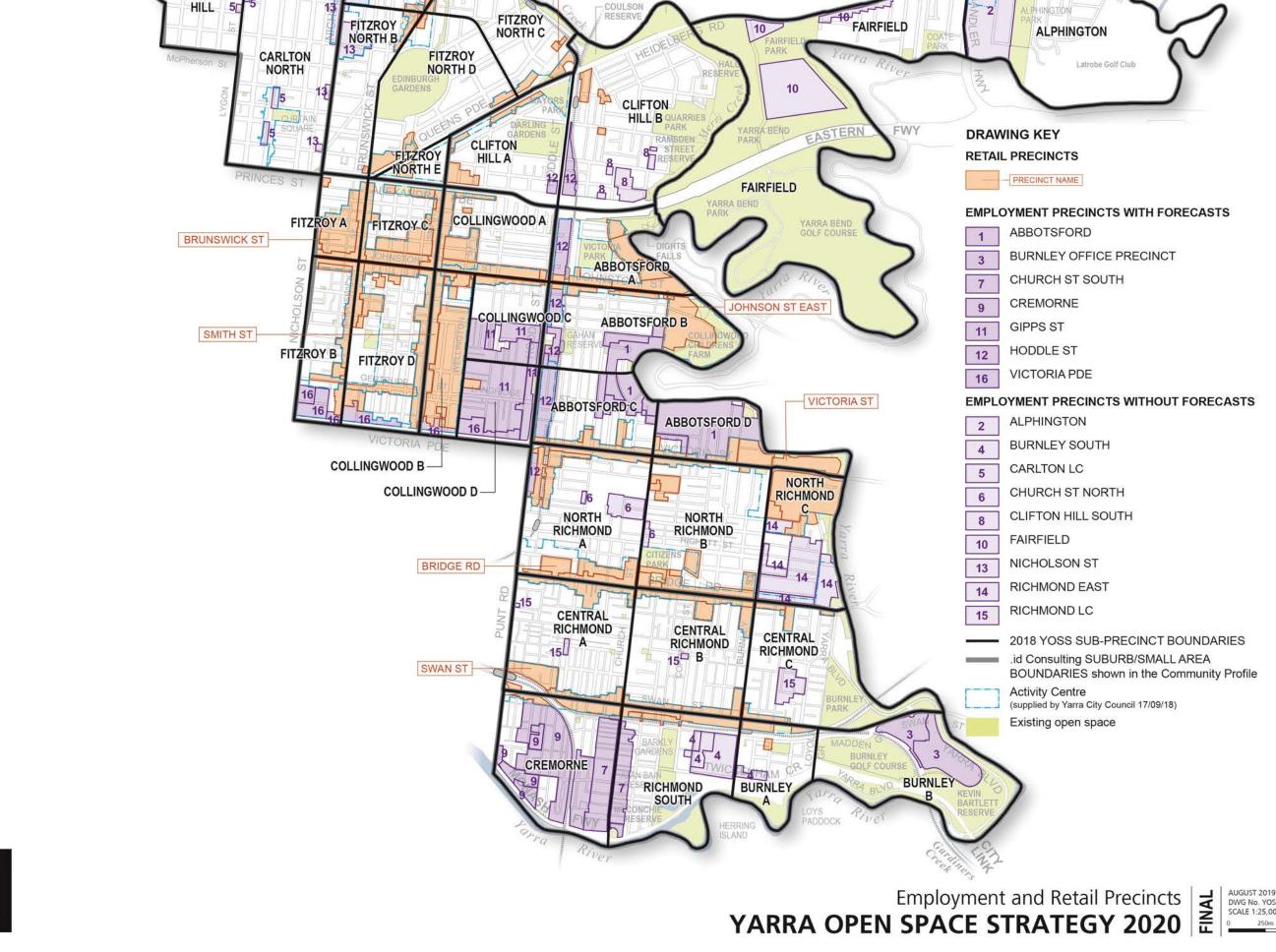
HILL







AUGUST 2019 DWG No. YOSS-05 SCALE 1:25,000 @ A3



ST GEORGES RD

RUSHALL RESERVE

QUEENS PDE

GEORGE KNOTT

FITZROY NORTH A

PRINCES





## **Appendix B**

Report on the community open space survey outcomes for the

**Yarra Open Space Strategy Project** 

# Report on the community open space survey outcomes

## **Yarra Open Space Strategy 2019**

Prepared by

**Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd** for the City of Yarra

November 2018

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- 1.4 Youth Open Space Survey

#### Appendix 2

Assumptions made during the data entry process for the resident survey

#### 1. Introduction

# 1.1 Scope and purpose of the community engagement process

The main purpose of the community engagement process was to gain an understanding of what people value about open space, existing patterns of use and key issues they would like addressed in open space as part of the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2019 project. This is one of the key pieces of research that is used as the basis for determining the open space needs of the existing community. Additional research is also undertaken to determine the open space needs including site visits, review of the existing reports, strategies and plans and consultation with council officers.

The Yarra Open Space Strategy 2019 will document the open space needs of the existing community and develop a series of actions address the needs. This will differentiate the actions required to meet the open space needs of the existing population as distinct from the forecast future population through to 2031.

#### 1.2 Summary of the community engagement process

TBLD designed the open space surveys and the City of Yarra designed and implemented the community engagement process. This included this following:

- Your Say Yarra (YSY) Project Page with project information, an online survey and a mapping tool for the community to provide feedback. <a href="https://www.yoursayyarra.com.au/openspace">https://www.yoursayyarra.com.au/openspace</a>
- Feature article in Yarra News directing users to the YSY project page.
- Regular social media posts promoting the project and the online survey.
- Articles to promote the consultation in Yarra newsletters including:
  - o Yarra Life
  - o Business Newsletter
  - o Recreation Newsletter
  - o School Newsletters
  - o Monday Musings (internal staff newsletter).
- Electronic banners advertising the consultation at Access Yarra counters.
- Email to electronic database, child care groups and resident advocacy groups such as friends of organisations inviting participation in the consultation.
- Distribution of postcards promoting the consultation at Child Care Centres, Neighbourhood Houses, Schools, Libraries, Access Yarra counters, and Pop Up sessions.
- Provision of hard copy surveys at Access Yarra Counters, Neighbourhood Houses, Libraries and to community members when requested.
- Email to Yarra's 15 Advisory Groups promoting the online survey and attendance at meetings when invited including:
  - Aboriginal Advisory Group
  - o Active Ageing Advisory Group
  - o Disability Advisory Committee
  - o Early Years Reference Group

- Urban Agriculture Advisory Committee
- o Housing and homelessness network meeting
- 3 Pop Up Sessions held, one in each Ward, to promote the project and receive survey responses. Around 100 responses were received at each session. They were held at:
  - o Peel Street Park
  - Edinburgh Gardens
  - o Citizens Park
- Intercept worker survey, with worker survey questions designed by TBLD and the City
  of Yarra engaged Metropolis to capture the worker population in Yarra's key
  employment precincts, that included:
  - o Church Street, Cremorne
  - o Bridge Road, Richmond
  - Collingwood
  - o Fitzroy
- Attained 498 responses which are summarised in two reports an overall report
  prepared by Metropolis, and a summary of results by the four employment precincts
  prepared by TBLD based on the raw data supplied by Metropolis.
- Random household survey run by Metropolis to capture minimum 600 responses across the municipality.
- Engagement with early years cohort:
  - o Interactive consultation led by Richmond Kinder
- Engagement with youth cohort through:
  - o Meeting with Youth Advisors to modify the survey
  - Attendance at Block Party at the Youth Centre to promote the survey and 72 responses were completed and have been summarised in this report.
- Engagement with the homeless/marginalised cohort:
  - peer review through 'Council to Homeless Persons' to design survey and consultation methodology
  - o attendance at St Mary's House of Welcome to promote the survey (21 responses)
  - offer to attend session at St Mark's, were asked to provide surveys instead (no responses)
  - offer to attend session at soup van to gather feedback (no response after initial contact)
  - provision of hardcopy surveys at local services such as health centres (no responses).
- Engagement with the CALD community:
  - attendance at Harvest Festival, Collingwood to promote the consultation and receive hardcopy surveys (12 responses).
- Invited community members to send email responses or call in to provide feedback if that was their preferred method of engagement (14 submissions).

#### 1.3 Open space survey design and distribution

#### 1.3.1 Survey purpose

The survey was prepared as the main method of seeking residents input during the background research and analysis phase of the City of Yarra Open Space Strategy. The intent of the survey is to gain an understanding of what people value about open space,

existing patterns of use and key issues that the community would like addressed in open space.

#### 1.3.2 Survey design

The survey included a combination of multiple choice and long hand questions that can be completed within 5 to 10 minutes. A copy of the survey is attached to this report as Appendix A.

#### 1.3.3 Survey distribution

The survey was distributed and available as both a hard copy and online survey. They were promoted through the community engagement process as summarised in Section 1.1 of the report.

A total of 1,877 of surveys were completed during the consultation period including:

- A combined total of 1,274 completed resident surveys were received, with some
  returned as hard copy surveys that were entered manually into the on-line survey
  database, others were completed on-line and 200 were completed as targeted
  telephone surveys in precincts where lower numbers of surveys had been
  completed. The survey results were all entered into the same database from
  which the summary has been prepared and included in Part A of this report.
- A combined total of 498 worker surveys were completed via intercept surveys in four different employment precincts in the City of Yarra. The report forms Part B of this report.
- 21 marginalised/homeless people completed the abridged version of the survey at the St Mary's House of Welcome session. The summary of the surveys are included as Part C of this report.
- 72 responses from the young people age cohort and the results have been summarised and included as Part D of this report.
- 12 responses from the CALD community and the summary of this survey are included in Part E of this report.
- 11 more detailed written submissions were received from groups and individuals which have been summarised in Part F of this report.

#### 1.3.4 Returned resident surveys by precinct

No. of surveys returned	% of total surveys	% of total population in the precinct	Precinct	Suburb
104	8%	9%	Abbotsford	Abbotsford
81	6%	10%	Carlton North/ Princes Hill	Carlton North, Princes Hill
172	14%	15%	Central Richmond	Central Richmond
68	5%	7%	Clifton Hill	Clifton Hill
99	8%	10%	Collingwood	Collingwood
94	7%	6%	Cremorne, Burnley, Richmond South	Cremorne, Burnley, Richmond South

No. of surveys returned	% of total surveys	% of total population in the precinct	Precinct	Suburb
55	4%	3%	Fairfield, Alphington	Fairfield, Alphington
121	10%	12%	Fitzroy	Fitzroy
170	13%	13%	Fitzroy North	Fitzroy North
158	12%	15%	North Richmond	North Richmond
83	7%	n/a	Other	Included in the municipal-wide summary only
57	5%	n/a	Unspecified	Included in the municipal-wide summary only
9	1%	n/a	Blanks	Included in the municipal-wide summary only

Surveys were received from all areas of the City of Yarra and these have been assessed collectively in the Municipal Wide section of this report. The percentage of returned surveys from Cremorne, Burnley and Richmond South and Fairfield and Alphington were slightly over represented when compared to the percentage of the total population of City of Yarra living in these precincts. The percentage of returned surveys from Abbotsford, Carlton North and Princes Hill, Central Richmond, Clifton Hill, Collingwood, Fitzroy and North Richmond were slightly under represented as a proportion of the total population. All precincts have also been assessed individually to inform the strategy at the precinct level. Refer to Section 3 of this report.

# **PART A**

# Resident open space survey

### A1 Municipal-wide survey outcomes

# A1.1 Overall summary of the resident open space survey outcomes

#### A1.1.1 Overview

The top three values for open space are:

- Trees (73%)
- A place to relax and unwind (70%)
- The feeling of space (61%)

The three most popular open spaces visited within walking distance are:

- Edinburgh Gardens (23%)
- Citizens Park (20%)
- Barkley Gardens (7%)

Further than walking distance, the most popular open spaces are:

- Edinburgh Gardens (6%)
- Yarra Bend Park (4%)
- Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne (4%)

Top three reasons for visiting open space within walking distance:

- Dog walking (8%)
- Relaxing (4%)
- Playgrounds (4%)

Top three reasons for visiting open space beyond walking distance:

- Social meeting people/friends (2%)
- Dog walking (1%)
- Picnics (1%)

For open space nearby, suggested improvements include:

- Improvements none required (6%)
- Toilets additional required (2%)
- Sporting facilities clubrooms require an upgrade (1%)

On a daily basis, local streets for exercise are the most frequently used open space, this is followed by small local parks and large parks and gardens. The Yarra River being a key feature of the Municipality is also highly used throughout the course of the year.

The most frequently used facilities include:

- Walking paths (80%)
- Open grassed areas for informal use (75%)
- Seating (68%)
- Drinking fountains (64%)

#### A1.1.2 Summary of the resident survey

The following is a summary prepared by the person who read all the surveys and entered the data into the database. It therefore reflects an overall understanding of the intent of the surveys having read them all, rather than being statistically accurate. The statistically accurate information is contained in the A1.1 and the other parts of Section A. Each precinct is given an overview as well, so this reflective chapter is considering the key issues.

#### Open space

In general, respondents highly valued open space and the choice and variety in the City of Yarra. Being outside was seen as key to health and wellbeing and, after the importance of trees, most values centred on the belief that open spaces are places to relax and unwind, escape the city and the traffic, and enjoy the feeling of space. Respondents liked walking, whether it be with or without dogs, playing with their children, cycling, exercising and informal/formal sport, having picnics and connecting with friends and family. In their general comments they were most concerned about having additional open spaces nearby or to meet the demands of a growing population.

Large parks and gardens were highly appreciated, and respondents are travelling distances to be in beautiful open spaces. They love the designed gardens such as Edinburgh Gardens and Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne, as well as the natural characteristics provided along the banks of the Yarra River, and Yarra Bend Park.

One of the main concerns was the impact of the increasing density on open space. They hoped Council would strive to maintain what open space there was as well as find additional space to accommodate users. For instance, in Collingwood, Peel Street Park, a relatively small park, is used by 4 per cent of the population. It is visited by residents and those people working in the area. The over use by dogs however is making the space uninviting, amongst that the park itself lacks shade, and the grass is being worn away from high traffic. Cremorne is lacking open space in general, so much so that people from other suburbs have requested additional space in that area.

It was also felt that high density or large developments should somehow be contributing to open space, be it by funds or creating spaces for public use.

#### **Facilities and Maintenance**

A number of respondents felt the open space was important for children who lacked private gardens at home; playgrounds, recreation for teenagers and organised sport was significant to their lives. Respondents often cite open spaces outside of the Municipality for their exciting and diverse playgrounds. Adventure play, water play, risk taking were all seen as important for childhood development.

Play was almost as important as sport, with respondents requesting for Council to prioritise sport, especially for children and females, for health and social purposes. Supporting sporting facilities, especially in Citizens Park, and Kevin Bartlett Reserve, is important to those surrounding areas, and it was regularly stated that the clubrooms needed an upgrade and were lacking facilities for females.

Maintenance was highly valued and everyone was mostly happy with the efforts made by council and the improvements previously made. However, the condition and availability of toilets were identified as an issue, with some respondents commenting that not enough public toilets exist within open space and many are unclean.

Trees and shade were highly important for respondents as well, not just for open space but also in the streets. Open spaces were noted as cool spaces and respondents were aware that trees and vegetation are required to help reduce the heat island effect. Other ways of helping the environment was to clean litter from open spaces and rivers, avoid the use of chemical herbicides, and encourage rooftop gardens, community gardening and urban agriculture. Cycling is valued and practiced by respondents, and safe connected routes could help encourage cycling as a mode of transport and make cycling more accessible for children.

#### Conflicting behaviours by users

Edinburgh Gardens, cited as one of the popular open spaces to visit for catching up with friends, having a picnic, walking the dog, doing sport or playing with the children. Its size, beauty and diversity were prized by most people enjoying the popularity of the spot. That said, respondents criticised others for leaving litter post-picnics, and dog owners came into conflict with other visitors over off-leash regulations. Clear signage was recommended, along with enforcement of regulations through fines. It is also noted that cyclists tend to speed through the park travelling not only past off-leash areas but also where children are playing. Speeding cyclists in spaces along the Yarra River precinct conflicted with off-leash dogs and pedestrians. It was felt that paths separating cyclists and pedestrians would be ideal, or at least signage at blind corners or other dangerous spots to slow riders down. Better navigational signage regarding paths in the Yarra River precinct and interpretive signage relating back to indigenous histories would also be appreciated.

Off-leash areas are popular with dog owners, and it was highly requested that they be fenced in order to keep dogs separated from busy roads, larger dogs, playgrounds or picnic areas. In shared spaces for dog owners and sporting events, respondents criticised dog owners for leaving dog waste behind. Respondents requested that waste be manged by Council between use and that more waste bags and bins for dogs be available to help owners in their responsibilities. Dog owners and local residents also felt that terms and times of use for shared use spaces needed to be clearly stated somewhere in order to plan their visits.

#### A1.2 Number of respondents

1,274 respondents completed the survey. 1,125 indicated that they live in the City of Yarra, 83 of respondents chose the option "other", 57 did not specify and 9 left their entries completely blank of all answers.

#### A1.3 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open space in their municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of responses, 1,274. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

Open space in the City of Yarra is most valued by respondents for trees, closely followed by a place to relax and unwind, and the feeling of space. Between 50 and 60 per cent of residents consider open space important for escaping the built environment, just being outside, and health and wellbeing.

Value	%
Trees	73%
A place to relax and unwind	70%
The feeling of space	61%
An escape from the built environment	59%
Just being outside	57%
Health and well being	50%
Habitat for native plants and animals	48%
A place for children to play	47%
Meeting people/friends	44%
Green character	41%
It's accessible	41%
Exercising dogs	40%
Fitness	40%
Flowers/garden beds	38%
Natural bushland character	36%
The quiet	35%
Knowing that it's there	26%
The diversity of open space	26%
Cultural heritage values/significance	23%
Playing casual ball games/activity	22%
Historical character	22%
Cultural activities and events	20%
Playing team/club based sport	19%
Watching activity	16%
Other	7%

The Other category included a range of comments such as walking through open space on their way to school/work/shopping, public spaces that are available to everyone, urban agriculture, long views/vistas and areas that provide an escape from urban heat.

#### A1.4 Open space within walking distance

In the following tables, the percentage column is calculated based on 1,274 surveys, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A1.4.1 Most frequently visited open spaces

The following tables lists the top ten open spaces visited within walking distance of home. All open spaces visited are included in the more detailed precinct analysis.

%	Open space within walking distance
23%	Edinburgh Gardens
20%	Citizens Park
7%	Barkly Gardens
5%	Darling Gardens
4%	Curtain Square
4%	Carlton Gardens
4%	Burnley Park
4%	Gahan Reserve
3%	Peel Street Park
2%	Yarra Bend Park

#### A1.4.2 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by residents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

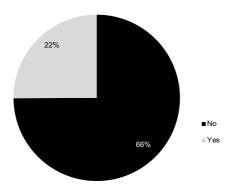
Part One – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part Two – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

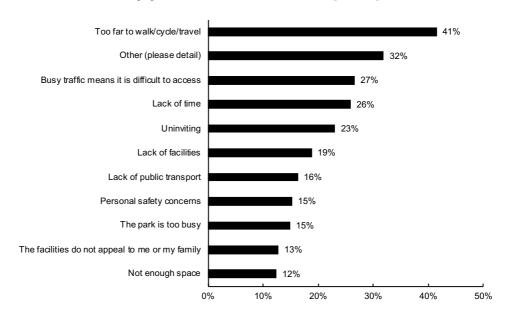
The percentages nominated in Part One are a proportion of the total of 1,274 surveys. The percentages nominated in Part Two are a percentage of respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question (282).

#### Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

The following pie chart illustrates that 68 per cent of respondents answered no to this question and 22 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to.



#### The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was distance at 41 per cent. This was followed by other reasons at 32 per cent. Some of the highest reasons were that there were too many dogs, there wasn't fencing for off-leash areas particularly around spaces with busy roads, lack of car parking especially for those with limited mobility, they were unaware of the space, along with dangerous cyclist behaviour and unsafe access. The Other category is discussed in detail in individual precincts where "other" was within the top three reasons for not visiting open space. Other reasons were closely followed by busy traffic making the space difficult to access and lacking time.

#### A1.4.3 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table highlights the various types of open space used by the residents of City of Yarra and their frequency of use.

The percentage columns are calculated based on 1,274 surveys. The total percentage column on the left hand side is calculated on the basis of the number of respondents who use the open space as a proportion of the total number of returned surveys excluding Never and Not Completed responses.

The percentages in the Table A below have been highlighted using shades of grey to identify the most frequent responses.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used in priority order

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
84%	Large parks and gardens	14%	17%	20%	21%	13%	7%	9%
84%	Open space along the Yarra River	9%	14%	18%	22%	20%	8%	8%
80%	Small local parks	16%	19%	19%	16%	10%	9%	10%
76%	Local streets for exercise	36%	18%	13%	6%	4%	13%	11%
71%	Large sporting reserves	5%	11%	15%	18%	22%	19%	10%
63%	Open space along the Merri Creek	5%	8%	11%	17%	22%	25%	11%
61%	Medium sized parks	5%	8%	11%	17%	21%	25%	14%
54%	Urban squares	5%	8%	12%	14%	16%	29%	17%

Large parks and gardens and open space along the Yarra River are the most visited types of open space by respondents. Looking at the patterns of use, both these types of open space have higher levels of use on a less frequent basis - i.e. monthly and once or twice a year. Small local parks are the third most visited type of open space ahead of local streets and large sporting reserves and this includes higher levels of use on a frequent basis including daily, 2-3 times per week, weekly and monthly basis.

Overall, urban squares are the least visited, with 29 per cent of respondents stating they never visit them. Open space along Merri Creek and Medium sized parks receive lower levels of use as well with 25 per cent of respondents stating they never visit them.

Respondents were not asked to explain the reasons for their frequency of use so based on the responses to other questions the likely reasons for lower levels of use of the Large sporting reserves, medium sized parks, open space along Merri Creek and urban squares include the distance to travel to reach them, the difficulty to access them and the lack of knowledge about them.

Below, Table B lists the most frequently visited open space in priority order, which is different from the most visited list in Table A.

Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

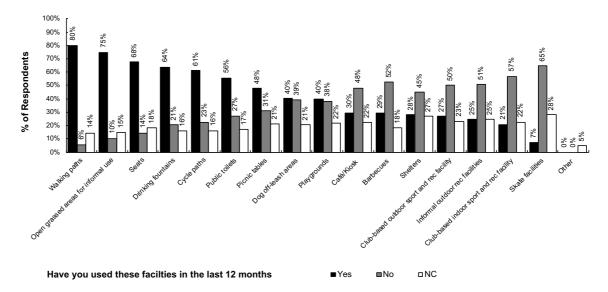
Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
67%	Local streets for exercise	36%	18%	13%
54%	Small local parks	16%	19%	19%
50%	Large parks and gardens	14%	17%	20%
42%	Open space along the Yarra River	9%	14%	18%
31%	Large sporting reserves	5%	11%	15%
25%	Urban squares	5%	8%	12%
24%	Open space along the Merri Creek	5%	8%	11%
23%	Medium sized parks	5%	8%	11%

In terms of the most frequently used open space, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by small local parks and the third being large parks and gardens. Open space along the Merri Creek and Medium sized parks are the most infrequently used.

#### A1.5 Facilities and features in open space

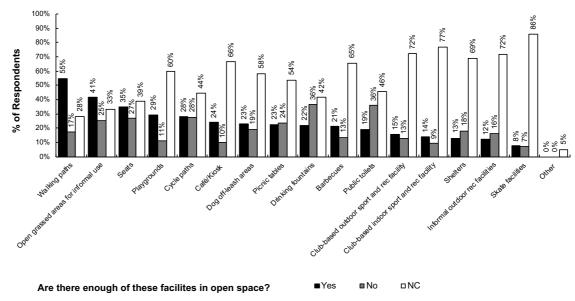
#### A1.5.1 Use of facilities in open space

The following graph highlights various types of facilities used in open space by residents of the City of Yarra in the last twelve months. 80 per cent of respondents used walking paths in the last twelve months. This is followed by 75 per cent using open grassed areas for informal use, 68 per cent seating, 64 per cent drinking fountains, and 61 per cent cycle paths. The results reinforce the popularity of walking and the unstructured use of open space including the informal open grassed areas and seating. Drinking fountains are high as a facility perhaps pertaining to the shift of discernment against single use plastics and bottled water. Informal outdoor recreation facilities have low levels of use along with, club-based sport facilities and the skate facilities. These facilities are typically used by children and young adults and this group is not well represented in the survey.



#### A1.5.2 Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of residents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for, and the analysis follows the graph.



Overall, the results of this question indicate there is a medium level of satisfaction with the provision of facilities in open space. While the previous graph highlights the high levels of use of walking paths, only 55 per cent of respondents consider these are well provided for, and walking paths are the most frequently used facility in the Municipality. 41 per cent state there are enough informal grassed areas and 35 per cent say there are enough seats. For public toilets and drinking fountains respectively, 36 per cent of respondents felt there were not enough.

Interpretation of these results indicates that there is scope to improve facility provision in open space to better meet the needs of the residents. This includes the following facilities in priority order where 20 per cent or more responded they are not well provided for:

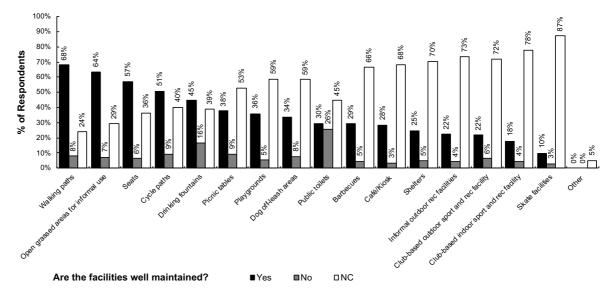
- · Drinking fountains
- · Public toilets
- · Cycle paths
- Seats
- Open grassed areas for informal use
- Picnic tables

By comparison, playgrounds appear to be well provided for.

It is interesting to also review the not completed results, indicating which facilities are not relevant to the respondents. Many of these facilities are typically of relevance to young people (under 18 years of age) and they are not well-represented in the survey.

#### A1.5.3 Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities over the last 12 months. The percentages are calculated on the total 1,274 surveys.



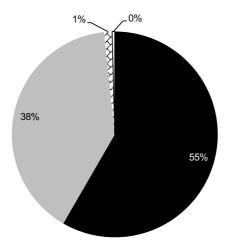
68 per cent of City of Yarra respondents are satisfied with the level of maintenance for walking paths, and 64 per cent are satisfied with open grassed areas for informal use, and 57 per cent seats, consistent with the higher level of use of these facilities. Overall, when assessing the results of the three questions relating to facilities in open space, the lack of them is more of an issue than their maintenance.

#### A1.6 Who completed the survey

1,274 respondents used the survey. 1,125 indicated that they live in the City of Yarra and 83 respondents chose other as an answer while 66 did not indicate their residence at all.

#### A1.6.1 Gender

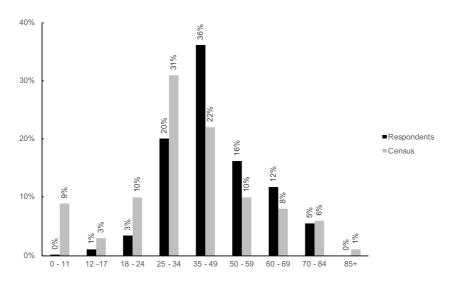
Approximately 55 per cent of respondents were female and 38 per cent male, while 1 per cent preferred not to say, and less than 1 per cent identified as non-binary. The 2016 Census data for the City of Yarra indicates 51.5 per cent of residents were female and 48.5 per cent male.



■ Female ■ Male < Perfer not to say □ Other

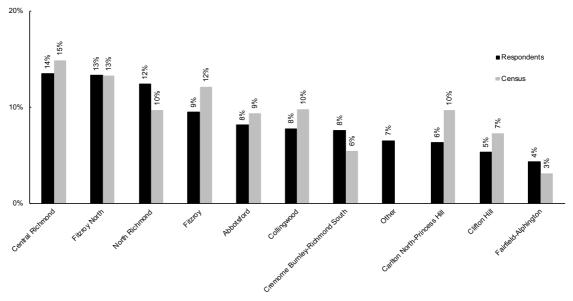
#### A1.6.2 Age Range

As expected, a lower number of children and young adults complete them, however refer to Part D which contains the results of the youth survey. There is a slight over-representation of the 35-49 age range and under-representation of the 25-34 age range however, overall these groups are well represented in the survey.



#### A1.6.3 Precincts

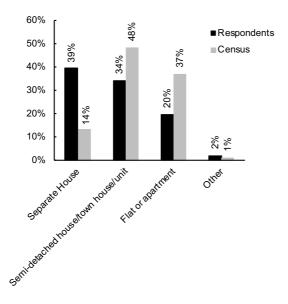
Surveys were received from all parts of the municipality providing a good representation from each relative to the population distribution. The following graph illustrates the survey responses relative to the population distribution across the City of Yarra.



#### A1.6.4 Dwelling type

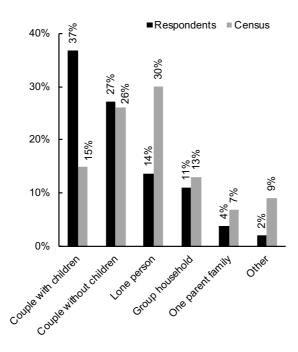
The quantity of private open space available to residents can influence their use of open space. Generally, detached dwellings have more private open space available than semi-detached dwellings or apartments, and changes in this can influence the usage patterns and level of demand for public open space.

39 per cent of respondents live in detached houses, followed by semi or row (34%), with 20 per cent of respondents living in a flat/apartment or other type of housing. There is an over-representation of people living in separate houses and under-representation of those living in apartments, meaning that it is likely that there is a higher need for public open space than is represented in the resident survey results, and that they are conservative in terms of needs.



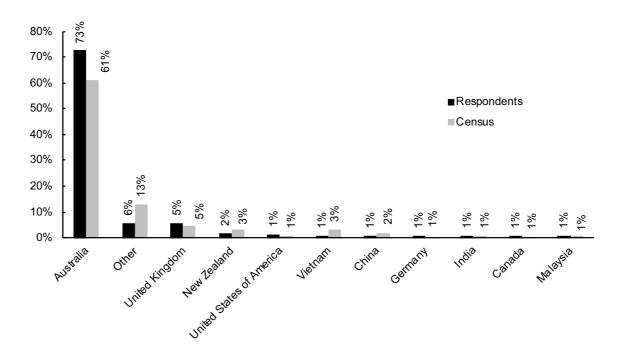
#### A1.6.5 Household type

Each of the different household types are represented in the survey, however when compared with the census results there is an over-representation of Couples with children and under-representation of lone person households. This may also correspond with the dwelling type in relation to the higher proportion of respondents living in separate houses and lower proportion living of flats and apartments when compared to the census data.



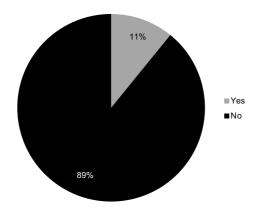
#### A1.6.6 Country of birth

The responses are generally consistent with the 2016 Census data with a slight over representation of respondents born in Australia.



#### A1.6.7 Language spoken at home

89 per cent of respondents speak English only at home and this is 20 per cent higher in proportion of the population when compared to the Census data.



### A2 Individual precinct summary

#### **A2.1 Overview**

The outcomes of the completed surveys have been summarised by precinct. The precincts names and areas are consistent with the precincts from the City of Yarra Community Profile. The Open Space Strategy makes recommendations for the future provision, design and management of open space on behalf of both the existing and forecast population. The precinct summaries inform the precinct analysis and recommendations contained in the City of Yarra Open Space Strategy. The precincts are listed in alphabetical order, which correlates to the order in which they are presented in the Strategy.

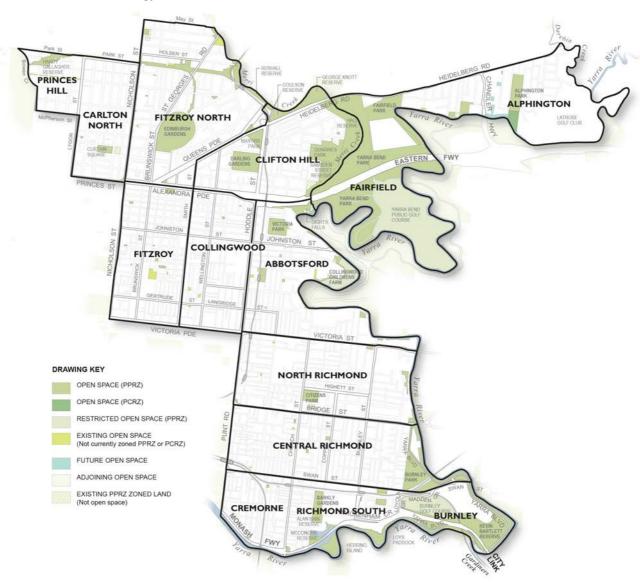


Figure A-1 City of Yarra Open Space Strategy Precincts

#### A2.2 Abbotsford

#### Summary of the survey outcomes for Abbotsford

**104** respondents indicated they live in Abbotsford. This represents 8 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 9 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Abbotsford.

With the Yarra River along the boundary of this precinct, residents in Abbotsford value the diversity of spaces, the natural bushland qualities and identify the need for additional space as urban density increases.

Gahan Reserve is the most visited open space in Abbotsford. Public toilets and extra trees would allow visitors to spend more of their day at the reserve. Some respondents suggested that Victoria Park could benefit from the addition of a playground and there is some confusion over when the space is available for exercising dogs. In the open space along the Yarra River conflicts with speeding cyclists on shared paths was a key issue. The numbers of dogs in open spaces and waste left by owners was cited as a common issue across open spaces and bins become full quickly during peak periods. Respondents would like to see bins emptied more frequently and for rubbish to be removed from open spaces and the river. Access could be improved for cyclists, people with limited mobility and prams if an access ramp was provided at Collins Bridge.

#### A2.2.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Abbotsford, 104. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

The top six values are very similar to the municipal-wide results. The main difference from the municipal-wide results is the higher value placed on Fitness (seventh compared thirteenth in the municipal-wide results) and on the natural bushland character being ninth compared to fifteenth overall. This is likely due the close proximity to Abbotsford and the Yarra River.

Value	%
The feeling of space	63%
Trees	62%
A place to relax and unwind	61%
An escape from the built environment	56%
Health and well being	56%
Just being outside	52%
Habitat for native plants and animals	47%
Fitness	44%

Value	%
Natural bushland character	44%
A place for children to play	42%
It's accessible	39%
Meeting people/friends	38%
Flowers/garden beds	35%
Green character	35%
The quiet	35%
Exercising dogs	32%
The diversity of open space	25%
Playing casual ball games/activity	23%
Knowing that it's there	20%
Cultural activities and events	18%
Historical character	18%
Cultural heritage values/significance	17%
Watching activity	17%
Playing team/club based sport	11%
Other	3%

#### A2.2.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 104 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.2.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
45	Gahan Reserve	43%
30	Yarra Bend Park	29%
29	Victoria Park	28%
22	Yarra River Corridor	21%
11	Citizens Park	11%
9	Dights Falls	9%
5	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	5%
5	Studley Park	5%
3	Collingwood Childrens Farm	3%
2	Clarke Street Reserve	2%
2	Darling Gardens	2%
2	Quarries Park	2%
2	Yarra River Trail (Johnston Street to Clarke Street)	2%
1	Burnley Park	1%
1	Cambridge Street Reserve	1%
1	Dame Nellie Melba Park	1%
1	Edinburgh Gardens	1%
1	Elsternwick Park	1%
1	Fitzroy Gardens	1%
1	Peel Street Park	1%
1	Royal Melbourne Botanical Gardens	1%
1	Williams Reserve	1%

# A2.2.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Abbotsford

The following table lists the reasons why Abbotsford respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Results indicate that Gahan Reserve functions well as a neighbourhood park as it is used for a diversity of social orientated recreational activities. By contrast Yarra Bend Park caters more for informal exercise with walking being the main reason people visit it, along with jogging.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements			
Gahan Reserve	11	Play - children	8	Improvements - none required			
45	7	Playground	6	Toilets - additional required			
	6	Relaxing	5	Playgrounds - upgrade			
	6	Walking	3	Open space - additional required			
	5	Dog walking	2	Carpark - additional required			
	4	Access - close to home	2	Dogs - prohibit dogs off-leash			
	4	Informal ball games/sport	2	Exercise equipment - additional require			
	4	Picnic facilities - BBQs	2	Picnic facilities - additional tables required			
	4	Social - meeting people/friends/parties	2	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment			
	3	Informal recreation facilities - basketball court	1	Access - provide safer places to cross major roads			
	3	Open space - fresh air	1	Community garden - required			
	3	Play - toddlers	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required			
	2	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - over use			
	2	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Fencing - additional required			
	2	Exercising	1	Garden beds - additional required			
	2	Recreation	1	Homelessness - action required			
	1	Cycling - children	1	Informal recreational facilities - addition required			
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Informal recreational facilities - resurfact basketball court			
	1	Health and well-being	1	Lighting - additional required			
	1	Lunch	1	Open space - improve design and layou			
	1	Open space - green place	1	Open space - improve maintenance			
	1	People watching	1	Open space - valued			
	1	Picnics	1	Pest control - improve			
	1	Play	1	Picnic facilities - shade over BBQs required			
	1	Safe - for children	1	Picnic facilities - shelter required			
	1	Walking - travel through	1	Playgrounds - additional required			
			1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenou planting required			
			1	Trees - plant additional exotic/deciduou trees			
			1	Trees - additional required			
			1	Seating - additional required			
			1	Vegetation - avoid using chemical herbicides			
			1	Water feature - additional required			
arra Bend	12	Walking	6	Improvements - none required			
Park	6	Jogging/running	3	Playgrounds - upgrade			
80	5	Exercising	2	Access - ramp required at Collins Bridg			
	4	Play - children	2	Bins - additional required			
	4	Playground	2	Lighting - additional required			
	4	Relaxing	2	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs			
				required			

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	3	Cycling	2	Playgrounds - shade required over
	3	Outdoors/being outside	1	equipment  Access - additional entry points to open
				space at Clark Street
	2	Dog walking	1	Access - restrict motor vehicle access
	2	Health and well-being	1	Community groups - create group to maintain open space
	2	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Cycle paths - connecting paths required between Main Yarra Trail and Yarra Boulevard
	2	Open space - large space	1	Cyclists - slow through park
	2	Open space - natural character	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	2	River setting	1	Exercise equipment - upgrade
	2	Trees	1	Paths - surface needs improvements
	1	Dog friendly	1	Paths - upgrade walking trails
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Public art - required with Indigenous heritage focus
	1	Entertainment/events - children's parties	1	River - stabilise the embankments
	1	Open space	1	River - to be cleaned
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrians
	1	Picnics	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Play	1	Signage - required about Indigenous heritage
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Sport - golf	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
	1	Studying		
	1	Taking visitors to the park		
	1	Walking - with pram		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Victoria Park 29	7	Dog walking	7	Playgrounds - additional required
29	6	Play - children	5	Improvements - none required
	5	Access - close to home	4	Access - additional information required about scheduled use
	4	Exercising	2	Dogs - over use
	3	Access - convenient (on the way)	2	Access - extend resident use by decreasing sporting events
	3	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, extend hours
	3	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Fencing - improve gates
	2	Cycling - children	1	Informal sporting facilities - half court required
	2	Dogs - exercising	1	Open space - additional required
	2	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space
	2	Open space - large space	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Access - close to public transport	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Shade sails - additional required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Dogs - watching	1	Trees - additional shade trees required
	1	Informal ball games/sport		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Open space		
	1	Picnic facilities		
	1	Picnics	4	
	1	Recreation - with family	1	
		<u> </u>	4	
	1	Relaxing Sports oval		

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Yarra River	5	Exercising	3	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on
Corridor 22		Ovelia a	-	shared paths
22	3	Cycling	3	Cyclists - slow through park/blind corners
	3	Dog walking	2	Access - ramp required at Collins Bridge
	2	Jogging/running	1	Access - link shared paths between
				Abbotsford and Richmond
	2	River setting	1	Lighting - additional required
	2	Walking - with pram	1	Open space - valued
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Paths - maintenance/cleaning required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Gardening - Collingwood Childrens Farm	1	Security - additional required
	1	Health and well-being	1	Signage - danger signs at blind corners required
	1	Open space - away from busy roads and traffic	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Trees - prune before winter
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Vegetation - maintenance required
	1	Play - children		
	1	Playground		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Sport - golf		
	1	Walking - children		
Citizens Park	3	Walking	5	Improvements - none required
11	2	Dogs - exercising	2	Trees - additional required
	2	Dogs - watching	1	Access - link market to open space
	2	Market	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs
	2	Play - children	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Exercising	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Sport - children's		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	1	Sunshine / Vitamin D	1	
Dights Falls	3	Walking	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs
9		Validing	'	required
	3	Waterfall	1	Lighting - additional required on pedestrian underpass
	2	Access - close to home	1	Improvements - none required
	2	Cycling	1	Open grassed areas - additional required by river
	2	Exercising	1	Open space - improve design and layou
	1	Jogging/running	1	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		1 22
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	River setting	1	
	1	Trees	1	
	1	Views	-	
Abbotsford	3	Market		
Convent Arts	2	Café and kiosk facilities		
Precinct	2	Open space	-	
5	1	Gardens	-	
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - beautiful  Open space - historical		
		character		
	1	Open space - large space	_	

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
Studley Park	3	Walking	1	Access - restrict motor vehicle access
5	2	Cycling	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Rubbish - regular removal of litter
	- 1	Canadina/novina/kovakina	1	required Shade - additional required
	1	Canoeing/rowing/kayaking	<u> </u>	Snade - additional required
		Exercising	_	
	1	Jogging/running	_	
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Open space - historical		
	4	character		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	River setting		
	1	Social - meeting		
		people/friends		
Collingwood Childrens Farm	2	Walking	1	Improvements - none required
Childrens Farm 3	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Open space - valued
	1	Farm animals		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Open space - natural		
	1	character Open space - peaceful	-	
	1	Social - meeting	4	
	'	people/friends		
Clarke Street	1	Access - close to home	1	Open space - additional required
Reserve 2	1	Open space - escape from	1	Trees - additional street trees required
2	4	the built environment		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
Darling	2	Playground		
Gardens		, , ,		
2 Quarries Park	1	Eversioing	1	Improvements, none required
Quarries Park 2		Exercising	<u> </u>	Improvements - none required
- V D:	1	Play - children		T
Yarra River Trail (Johnston	1	Dog walking	1	Access - additional entry points to ope space required
Street to Clarke	1	Open space - natural	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from
Street)		character		pedestrians
2	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Walking	-	
Burnley Park	1	Vegetation - diverse		
1	•	- 3 4.10.00	_	
Cambridge	1	Access - close to home		
Street Reserve	1	Lunch	-	
1	·			1
Dame Nellie Melba Park	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Seating - additional required
Meida Park 1				
Edinburgh	1	Cycling	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs
Gardens		Dismiss	4	required
1	1	Picnics	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Elsternwick	1	Exercising	1	Seating - additional required
Park	1	Jogging/running	<del>                                     </del>	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
1			-	
	1	People watching		
Fitzroy	1	Walking - travel through	_	
Gardens	_			

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Peel Street	1	Access - close to work	1	Shade - additional required
Park 1	1	Lunch		
Royal	1	Exercising		
Melbourne Botanical Gardens 1	1	Open space - green place		
Williams	1	Play - children		
Reserve 1			•	

#### A2.2.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 104 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.2.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
10	Edinburgh Gardens	10%
6	Citizens Park	6%
5	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	5%
5	Yarra Bend Park	5%
3	Fitzroy Gardens	3%
3	Quarries Park	3%
2	Dights Falls	2%
2	Fairfield Park	2%
2	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	2%
2	Princes Park	2%
2	Studley Park	2%
2	Victoria Park	2%
2	Yarra River Corridor	2%
1	Barkly Gardens	1%
1	Booran Reserve	1%
1	Browns Reserve	1%
1	Darebin Parklands	1%
1	Flagstaff Gardens	1%
1	George Knott Reserve	1%
1	Hays Paddock	1%
1	Kokoda Track Memorial Walk	1%
1	Local Mountains	1%
1	Melbourne Polytechnic Fairfield Campus	1%
1	Peel Street Park	1%
1	Powlett Reserve	1%
1	Willsmere-Chandler Park	1%
1	Yarra Park	1%

#### A2.2.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Abbotsford respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that Edinburgh Gardens is popular for social activities and Citizens Park is visited for the nearby markets, sports and children's play. Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne is a popular destination for its beauty.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	4	Social - meeting people/friends	2	Toilets - additional required
Gardens 10	3	Picnics	1	Dogs - move off-leash areas from cycle paths
	2	Cycling	1	Entertainment/events - allow for this park
	2	Open space - beautiful	1	Entertainment/events - relax prohibitions on holidays
	1	Alcohol - remove the prohibition	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Cycling - through	1	Paths - surface needs improvements
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Dog walking	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - green place	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Open space - layout		
	1	Play - children		
	1	Playground		
Citizens	2	Markets	2	Improvements - none required
Park	1	Dog friendly	1	Picnic facilities - additional required
6	1	Sport - football	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Picnics		
	1	Play - children		
	1	Playground		
	1	Sitting		
	1	Sport - participate		
	1	Walking		
Royal	2	Open space - beautiful	1	Improvements - none required
Botanical Gardens	1	Open space - clean		
Melbourne	1	Open space - inspiring		
5	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Relaxing		
Yarra Bend	2	Walking	1	Access - boat launch required
Park 5	2	Walking - with pram	1	Access - ramp required at Collins Bridge
	1	Canoeing/rowing/kayaking	1	Carpark - reduce
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
	1	Exercising	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Health and well-being	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Paths - connecting path/s required
	1	Picnics	1	Signage - boating signage required
			1	Toilets - additional required
Fitzroy	1	Gardens	1	Carpark - reduce fees/extend times
Gardens 3	1	Open space		•
-	1	Open space - beautiful	1	
	1	Open space - large space	1	
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Visiteu	1	Outdoors/being outside	NO.	Ouggested improvements
Quarries	1	Exercising	1	Dogs - over use
Park	1	Play	1	Improvements - none required
3	1	Play - children	1	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment
	1	Relaxing	1	Playground - upgrade required
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Trees - additional required
Dights Falls 2	1	Dog walking	1	Bins - additional required
2	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Walking		
Fairfield Park	1	Access - convenient (on the way)		
2	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Paths		
	1	Recreation		
	1	Walking		<del>,</del>
Kevin Bartlett	1	Sport - children	1	Toilets - sanitary bins and soap required
Reserve	1	Sport - cricket	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
2	1	Sport - football		
Princes Park	1	Exercising	1	Cycle paths - additional required
2	1	Jogging/running	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Sport	1	Vegetation - additional required
Studley	2	Open space - natural character		
Park 2	1	Café and kiosk facilities		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - large space		
Victoria	1	Open space - layout	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
Park 2	1	Sport - Collingwood Victorian Football League	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs
			1	Fencing - additional required
Yarra River Corridor	1	Cycling	1	Information - additional information required about open space and facilities available
2	1	Cycling - with children	1	Paths - connecting path/s required
	1	Exercising	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Jogging/running		gamerian eigineige verpanies
Barkly	1	Playground		
Gardens 1		1	1	
Booran	1	Community hub		
Reserve 1	1	Playground	1	
Browns	1	Play - toddler	1	Homelessness - action required
Reserve 1		,	1	Fencing - required
Darebin Parklands 1				
Flagstaff Gardens	1	Access - close to work		
George	1	Exercising		
Knott Reserve 1		1	1	
Hays	1	Playground	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
Paddock	1	Playground - fenced		
1	1	Safe	1	

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Kokoda Track	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
Memorial Walk 1				
Local Mountains	1	Hiking		
1				
Melbourne Polytechnic Fairfield	1	Open space - historical character	2	Open space - improve maintenance of AIDS memorial garden
Campus 1	1	Open space - memory/association		
Peel Street	1	Access - close to work	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
Park 1	1	Lunch	1	Seating - additional required
•			1	Shade - additional required
Powlett	1	Playground	1	Open space - valued
Reserve 1				
Willsmere-	1	Birdlife watching	1	Playgrounds - nature play required
Chandler Park	1	Open space - natural character		
1	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Yarra Park 1	1	Entertainment/events	1	Improvements - none required

#### A2.2.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

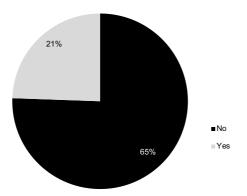
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

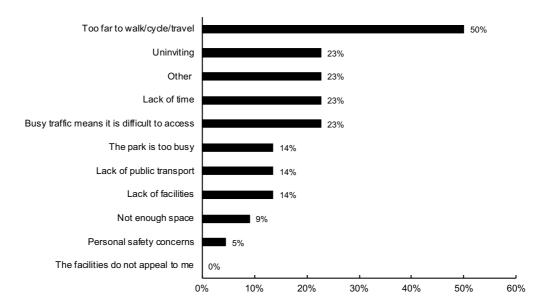
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 104 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 22 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

21 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is consistent with the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



50 per cent of the respondents found the reason for not visiting open space was due to the distance and followed by 23 per cent equally not visiting open space because the open spaces are uninviting, difficult to access due to traffic, a lack of time, and a number of other issues which ranged from being unaware of the open spaces available, to safety concerns such as lack of lighting, having a small dog around large dogs and not feeling comfortable in the routes to get there on foot or by bike. Compared to the Municipal average, 9 per cent more respondents in Abbotsford considered travel distance to open space as an issue. While reasons of open space being uninviting, difficult to access due to traffic, respondents lacking time and other reasons are similar to the Municipal responses.

#### A2.2.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Abbotsford. The percentages are calculated based on the 104 completed surveys. The

total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use.

Open space along the Yarra River is most visited open space at 89 per cent, followed by large parks and gardens, medium sized parks, and local streets for exercise, which all sit above 80 per cent.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
69%	Open space along the Merri Creek	1%	9%	19%	21%	19%	24%	7%
89%	Open space along the Yarra River	22%	32%	21%	12%	3%	8%	3%
83%	Large parks and gardens	2%	5%	23%	35%	18%	15%	2%
79%	Large sporting reserves	13%	14%	24%	14%	13%	18%	3%
81%	Medium sized parks	16%	17%	18%	18%	11%	13%	6%
75%	Small local parks	9%	12%	28%	20%	7%	20%	5%
54%	Urban Squares	5%	10%	13%	14%	13%	37%	10%
80%	Local streets for exercise	38%	20%	13%	7%	2%	15%	5%

#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

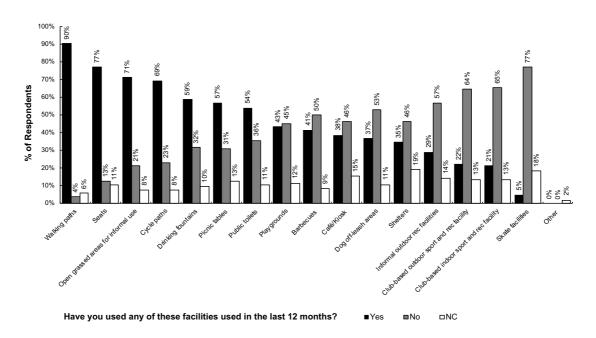
On a daily basis, local streets for exercise is most popular followed by the open space along the Yarra River which is the most used through the week. Use of medium sized parks and large sporting reserves are the next most frequently used, reflecting the types of open space in Abbotsford including Gahan Reserve (medium sized park) and Victoria Park (large sporting reserve).

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
75%	Open space along the Yarra River	22%	32%	21%
71%	Local streets for exercise	38%	20%	13%
52%	Medium sized parks	16%	17%	18%
51%	Large sporting reserves	13%	14%	24%
48%	Small local parks	9%	12%	28%
30%	Large parks and gardens	2%	5%	23%
29%	Open space along the Merri Creek	1%	9%	19%
27%	Urban Squares	5%	10%	13%

## A2.2.6 Facilities and features in open space

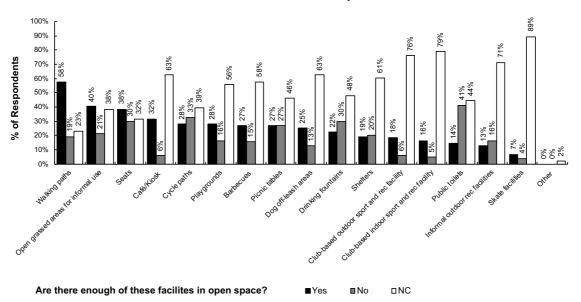
#### A2.2.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Abbotsford, 104. Respondents indicated that walking paths, seats and open grassed areas were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, walking paths being 10 per cent more popular than the Municipal use, seats being 11 per cent higher.



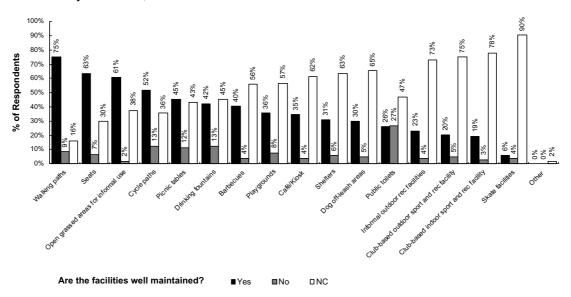
#### A2.2.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Abbotsford surveys received, 104.



#### A2.2.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Abbotsford surveys returned, 104.



# A2.2.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Abbotsford respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

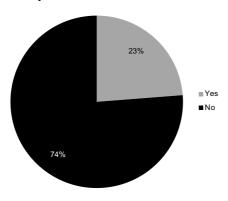
No.	General Comments List
26	Open Space
5	Open space - valued
8	Open space - additional required
3	Open space - contributes to liveability
2	Open space - appreciate the choice and variety
2	Open space - value natural character
1	Open space - develop with community organisations
1	Open space - don't over design
1	Open space - facilitate space for Bush Kinder
1	Open space - improve design and layout
1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
1	Open space - value the diversity of activities
19	Maintenance and Management
3	Bins - emptied more frequently on weekends
2	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
2	Rubbish - remove litter from open spaces
2	Toilets - improve maintenance
1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields
1	Dogs - provide more dog free open spaces
1	Maintenance and management - encourage residents to care for open space
1	Open space - ensure they are well maintained
1	Open space - improve maintenance of street gardens
1	Streetscape - clean

No.	General Comments List
1	River - efforts to converse the river are valued
1	Security - provide more
1	Toilets - provide soap and sanitary bins
1	Weeds - do not use chemical herbicides
11	Other
3	Streetscape - more green/plants
2	Overall strategy - appreciate the opportunity to comment
1	Community involvement - residents to care for plants on nature strip
1	Developments - limit large developments
1	Improvements - none required
1	Indigenous heritage - acknowledge/recognise within open spaces
1	Overall strategy - Council is doing a good job
1	Overall strategy - prioritise children's sporting activities
9	Park Infrastructure
5	Toilets - additional required
2	Bins - additional required
1	Safety - improve
1	Signage - on street garden plants
4	Trees and Vegetation
1	Trees - valued
1	Urban agriculture - additional required
1	Vegetation - increase native vegetation
1	Vegetation - medium height plants required in streets to decrease heat island effect
2	Access
1	Links - between Gipps Street and Flockhart Street
1	Links - green corridors between open space, public housing and transport required
'	Since de la contracto per contracto pen space, public nousing and transport required
2	Recreation Facilities
1	Playgrounds - do not replace equipment unnecessarily
1	Playgrounds - water play required

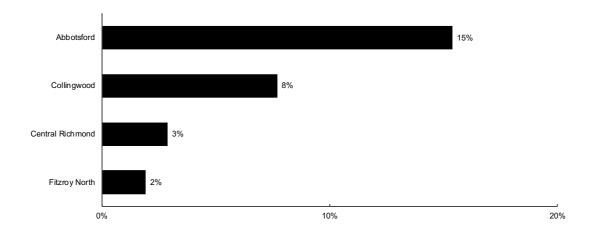
# A2.2.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following charts the percentage is calculated on the total 104 surveys received.

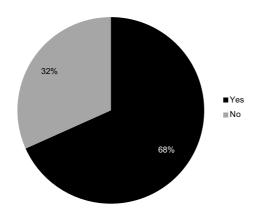
#### A2.2.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



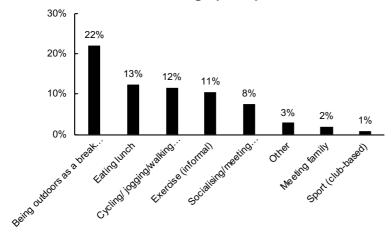
#### A2.2.8b Where respondents work



### A2.2.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



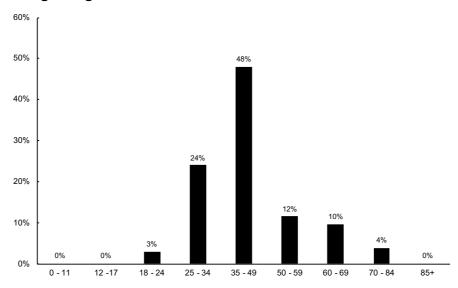
#### A2.2.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



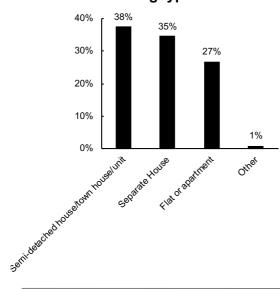
# A2.2.9 Information about respondents

In the following charts the percentage is calculated on the total 104 surveys received.

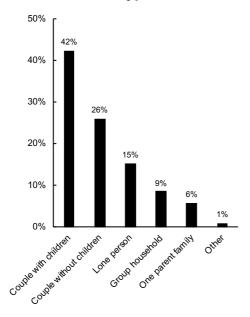
#### A2.2.9a Age range



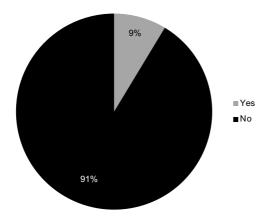




### A2.2.9c Household type



A2.2.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# A2.3 Carlton North - Princes Hill

# Summary of the survey outcomes for Carlton North - Princes Hill

**81** respondents indicated they live in Carlton North - Princes Hill. This represents 6 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 10 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in this precinct

Respondents from Carlton North - Princes Hill highly value the trees in open space. They visit the larger areas of open space nearby including Edinburgh Gardens, in the City of Yarra and Princes Park in the City of Melbourne. Curtain Square functions as wells as the Neighbourhood open space, visited mainly for plan and social activities, while Princes Park provides the space for exercise and fitness. Overall there is a reasonably high level of satisfaction with facilities and respondents would like to see more open space provided, along with more trees in the streets and open spaces. They value and use the cycle paths with a level of use greater than the municipal-wide average.

## A2.3.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Carlton North - Princes Hill, 81. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-four values in priority order.

88 per cent of respondents consider trees the most valued feature of open space, which is 15 per cent higher than the Municipal average even though trees are also ranked first in items of frequency of response. The only other slight difference in the ranking of values from the municipal average is a slightly higher rating of historical character, and cultural heritage values, and a slightly lower ranking of fitness and knowing that its there.

Value	%
Trees	88%
A place to relax and unwind	74%
The feeling of space	73%
An escape from the built environment	73%
Just being outside	67%
Habitat for native plants and animals	57%
Health and well being	52%
A place for children to play	52%
Green character	49%
Meeting people/friends	46%
It's accessible	43%
Exercising dogs	42%
Flowers/garden beds	42%

Value	%
Natural bushland character	42%
The quiet	40%
Fitness	40%
The diversity of open space	31%
Historical character	26%
Cultural heritage values/significance	26%
Knowing that it's there	25%
Playing casual ball games/activity	19%
Cultural activities and events	17%
Playing team/club based sport	14%
Watching activity	12%
Other	11%

The other category included a range of comments such as open space replacing the lack of backyard, community gardening, places to walk and cycle, distant views for eye health, design and maintenance, dog socialisation and human interaction, and for climate adaption reducing the urban heat island effect.

# A2.3.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 81 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.3.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
44	Edinburgh Gardens	54%
35	Curtain Square	43%
24	Princes Park	30%
13	Hardy Gallagher Reserve	16%
7	Park Street Reserve	9%
5	Yarra River Corridor	6%
4	Carlton Gardens	5%
4	Yarra Bend Park	5%
2	Canning Street Median	2%
2	Fitzroy Gardens	2%
2	Merri Creek Shared Trail	2%
2	Rushall Reserve	2%
1	Burnley Golf Course	1%
1	Darebin Parklands	1%
1	Darling Gardens	1%
1	Mayors Park	1%
1	McNamara Reserve	1%
1	Peel Street Park	1%
1	Royal Park	1%
1	Shakespeare Reserve	1%
1	Smith Reserve	1%
1	Temple Park	1%

# A2.3.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Carlton North - Princes Hill

The following table lists the reasons why Carlton North - Princes Hill respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that respondents use the three major open spaces, most popular being Edinburgh Gardens, then Curtain Square and Princes Park. While Edinburgh Gardens is also visited for a range of activities the key reason is to relax. By contrast Princes Park is visited mainly to undertake activities and Curtain Square is predominantly used for the playground and off-leash area.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	8	Relaxing	5	Improvements - none required
Gardens 44	7	Walking	5	Toilets - additional required
	6	Social - meeting people/friends	3	Playgrounds - upgrade
	5	Dog walking	2	Bins - additional required
	4	Dogs - exercising	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
	4	Dog friendly	2	Graffiti - removal required
	4	Play - children	2	Open space - valued
	4	Playground	2	Toilets - upgrade existing
	3	Open space - large space	1	Bins - improve
	3	Picnics	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	2	Access - close to home	1	Community garden - required
	2	Exercising	1	Developments - prohibit within park
	2	Open space - green place	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	2	Social - sense of community	1	Dogs - off-leash, personal safety concerns
	1	Access - close to the library	1	Dogs - off-leash areas require shade
	1	Access - close to work	1	Dogs - over use
	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Dogs - reduce off-leash areas
	1	Access - travel through	1	Events/entertainment - provide appropriate measures to handle event
	1	Cycling - through	1	Events/entertainment - remove alcohol prohibition on New Year's Eve
	1	Open space	1	Garden beds - native garden required fo wildlife
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Improvements - improve overlooked open spaces
	1	Open space - away from busy roads and traffic	1	Informal recreational facilities - upgrade skate park
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Open space - design and layout valued
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Open space - maintain watering
	1	Open space - memory/association	1	Open space - maximise potential for community/culture/fitness/leisure
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Picnic facilities - additional required
	1	Open space - valued	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required in the shade
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Playgrounds - garden play required
	1	Reading	1	Proposed management plan - appreciated
	1	Recreation	1	Public Art - change "Middle Row" by Robbie Rowlands for something more park related
	1	Shade	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Sitting	1	Shared paths - promote shared path curtesy
	1	Social - consuming alcohol with friends	1	Signage - improve dog regulation signs

Open Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Sport - AusKick	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements Toilets - provide soap
	1	Sport - Tennis	1	Toilets - regular cleaning/maintenance required
	1	Trees - shade	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous tree
			1	Trees - replace elms with Morton Bay
			1	Figs/silky oaks  Vegetation - additional smaller plants/native grasses required
Curtain	8	Playground	3	Improvements - none required
Square 35	7	Play - children	3	Open grassed areas - additional required in dog off-leash areas
	5	Relaxing	3	Toilets - upgrade existing
	4	Access - close to home	2	Drainage - improve dog off-leash areas
	4	Social - meeting people/friends	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
	4	Walking	2	Open grassed areas - improve
	3	Dogs - enclosed off-leash areas	2	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	3	Dog friendly	2	Playgrounds - upgrade
	3	Dog walking	2	Seating - additional required
	3	Picnics	1	Dogs - agility equipment required
	2	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	2	Open space	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	2	Open space - green place	1	Dogs - off-leash impacts on wildlife
	2	Trees	1	Dogs - over use
	1	Birdlife feeding	1	Garden beds - additional required at North and South entry points
	1	Birdlife watching	1	Graffiti - removal required
	1	Dogs - watching	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball courts	1	Informal recreational facilities - addition skate park required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Informal recreational facilities required for older children
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Management plan - required
	1	Open space - heritage character	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space into Canning Street
	1	Open space - popular	1	Open space - ensure it is well maintained
	1	Picnic facilities	1	Open space - valued
	1	Playground - swings	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Reading	1	Playgrounds - locate toddler's playground next to children's playgrour
	1	Recreation	1	Playgrounds - shade required over swings
	1	Shade	1	Seating - additional near playground
	1	Sitting	1	Shelters - additional required
	1	Sport - basketball	1	Toilets - disability toilet required
	1	Sunshine/Vitamin D	1	Toilets - provide soap
	1	Trees - fig	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenor planting required to attract wildlife
Princes Park	7	Dog walking	3	Exercise equipment - additional require
24	6	Walking	2	Improvements - none required
	5	Exercising	2	Trees - additional required
	4	Access - close to home	1	Developments - prohibit in this area
	4	Playground	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, appreciated
	3	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	3	Jogging/running	1	Garden beds - additional required
	2	Relaxing	1	Improvements - none mentioned as it is not in the City of Yarra
	2	Sport	1	Open space - valued

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	2	Trees	1	Running Path - levelling/drainage required on the east side
	2	Water feature	1	Sporting facilities - no more required
	1	Cycling	1	Sporting facilities - wheel chair
	1	Exercise equipment	1	accessible running track required Surfaces - smooth out rough asphalt
	1	Open space - escape from	1	Vegetation - additional flowering plant
		the built environment		required
	1	Open space - grassed areas		
	1	Open space - large space Open space - peaceful		
	1	Open space - provides cool		
		areas		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Play - children		
	1	Sitting		
	1	Views		I p
lardy Sallagher	3	Access - close to school	4	Playground - upgrade
Reserve 3	3	Playground	3	Informal recreational facilities - chang bocce court into community gardens
	2	Cycling	3	Informal recreational facilities - redevelop bocce court
	2	Walking	1	Cyclists - slow through park
	1	Access - close to	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, move from cyc
	1	shops/cafes Access - close to work	1	paths  Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	1	Community Garden	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	1	Cycling - through	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Dog walking	1	Informal recreation facilities - addition required for older children
	1	Exercising	1	Informal recreational facilities - table tennis required
	1	Open space	1	Maintenance - regular cleaning/maintenance required
	1	Sitting	1	Open space - keep/retain what there i
			1	Rubbish - remove litter from open spa
			1	Toilets - additional required
			1	Vegetation - improve weed control
Park Street Reserve	4	Walking	2	Drinking fountains - additional require
7	2	Dog walking	2	Vegetation - additional native/indigeno planting required
	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Access - provide cyclist/pedestrian crossing at Park Street and Canning Street
	1	Access - travel through	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Birdlife watching	1	Community garden - required
	1	Cycling	1	Community gardens - fruit orchard required
	1	Cycling - with children	1	Cyclists - slow through park
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional
	1	Exercising	1	required  Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
			1	Open space - leave as is
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Open space - natural character Open space - uncrowded	1	Signage - stating shared path curtesy
		character	1	Signage - stating shared path curtesy Trees - plant fruit trees
Yarra River Corridor	1	character Open space - uncrowded		Trees - plant fruit trees Signage - informative, instructional an
	1	character Open space - uncrowded Playground	1	Trees - plant fruit trees

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Exercising	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths for children cycling safety
	1	Open space - green place	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Playground	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Recreation		
	1	Walking		
Carlton Gardens	2	Relaxing	1	Community garden - herb garden required
4	1	Access - close to museum	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Access - travel through	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Gardens - maintained	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Open space - private garden is too small		
	1	Open space - valued		
	1	Playground		
	1	Walking		
Yarra Bend	1	Birdlife watching	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
Park 4	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrians
	1	Exercising	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required to attract wildlife
	1	Exercising - children		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Running		
	1	Walking		
Canning Street Median	1	Access - close to home	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
2	1	Birdlife watching	1	Garden beds - additional flowering gardens required
	1	Dog friendly		
	1	Open grassed areas - well maintained		
	1	Open space - grassed areas		
	1	Reading		
	1	Shade		
Fitzroy Gardens	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Events - improve advertising of music events in open spaces
2	1	Open space - diversity of types		
	1	Open space - green place		
Merri Creek	1	Dogs - swimming	1	Seating - additional required
Shared Trail 2	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Walking		
Rushall Reserve	1	Access - Merri Creek	1	Cycle path - do not proceed with proposed path
2	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - safe	1	Vegetation - improve weed control
Burnley Golf Course	1	Exercising Sport - golf		
1 Darebin	1	, ,		
Parklands 1	1	Dogs - off-leash area  Dogs - swimming		
Darling	1	Picnics	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
Gardens 1	1	Social - meeting people/friends		and and another
Mayors Park	1	Access - close to pool	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
, 510 1 un		1.155555 31000 to pool	<u> </u>	2 2.3. 1.3. 1.3. 1.3. 1.3. 1.3. 1.3. 1.3

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
1	1	Playground	140.	ouggested improvements
McNamara	1	Lunch	1	Trees - additional required
Reserve 1				
Peel Street	1	Lunch		
Park 1				
Royal Park	1	Dogs - off-leash area		
1	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Relaxing		
Shakespeare Reserve	1	Access - close to home	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
1	1	Open space - private garden is too small	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Play - children	1	Rubbish - remove litter from open space
Smith	1	Dog friendly	1	Fencing - additional required
Reserve 1				
Temple Park	1	Open space		
1	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs		

# A2.3.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 81 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.3.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
6	Carlton Gardens	7%
6	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	7%
6	Yarra Bend Park	7%
4	Edinburgh Gardens	5%
3	Darling Gardens	4%
2	Curtain Square	2%
2	Flagstaff Gardens	2%
2	Gardiners Creek Trail	2%
2	Merri Creek Precinct	2%
2	Park Street Reserve	2%
2	Princes Park	2%
2	Quarries Park	2%
2	Royal Park	2%
2	Studley Park	2%
2	Yarra Banks Public Golf Course	2%
1	CBD parks	1%
1	CERES Community Environment Park	1%
1	Coburg Lake Reserve	1%
1	Fitzroy Gardens	1%
1	Great Otway National Park	1%
1	Hardy Gallagher Reserve	1%

No.	Open space visited	%
1	Holden Byrne Reserve	1%
1	Jumping Creek Reserve	1%
1	Local cricket clubs	1%
1	Local netball facilities	1%
1	Mayors Park	1%
1	PA Burns Reserve	1%
1	Royal Park Nature Playground	1%
1	Yarra River Corridor	1%

# A2.3.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Carlton North - Princes Hill respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Open spaces visited beyond walking distance tend to be larger open spaces, for social events and, their beauty.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Carlton	2	Relaxing	3	Improvements - none required
Gardens 6	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Dogs - improve usability for dogs
	1	Access - close to museum	1	Open space - maintain watering
	1	Open space - large space	1	Open space - valued
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Picnics	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Play - children	1	Rubbish - remove broken glass
	1	Trees		
	1	Walking		
Royal	3	Open space - beautiful	3	Improvements - none required
Botanical Gardens Melbourne	2	Walking	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - make more family friendly
6	1	Entertainment/events	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - design and layout		
	1	Open space - diversity of types		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Vegetation - diversity		
Yarra Bend	2	Dog walking	1	Dogs - agility park required
Park 6	1	Dog friendly	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	1	Entertainment/events	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	1	Exercising	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Dogs - off-leash, personal safety concerns
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Dogs - over use
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Safety - improve at night
	1	River setting	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Walking	1	Shared use paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths
	1	Walking		•
Edinburgh Gardens	1	Dog friendly	1	Informal recreational facilities - additional basketball courts required

visited 4	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Health and well-being	1	Playgrounds - shade required over
	1	Informal recreational facilities -	1	equipment Trees - plant fruit trees
	1	basketball court Paths - good quality	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	planting required   Vegetation - hedge needed around
	1	Picnics		basketball courts
	1	Play - children		
	1	Playground		
	1	Recreation		
	1	Sport - children		
Darling Gardens	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Improvements - none required
3	1	Birdlife watching	1	Trees - replace exotic trees with native trees
	1	Dog walking		,
	1	Picnics		
	1	Social - meeting		
	1	people/friends Walking		
Curtain	1	Access - close to home	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
Square 2				
Flagstaff Gardens	1	Relaxing		
2 Gardiners	1	Open space - ambience,		
Creek Trail		beauty		
2	1	Walking		
Merri Creek Precinct	1	Dog walking	1	Cyclists - slow through park
2	1	Open space - natural character	1	Safety - improve for women
	1	Relaxing		
Park Street Reserve	1	Access - travel through	1	Paths - connecting path/s required from Yarra River Trail
2	1	Cycling	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space - away from busy roads and traffic	1	Vegetation - additional smaller plants/native grasses required for wildlife
Princes Park	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Jogging/running		
Quarries Park 2	2	Playground	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Open space - natural character	1	Open space - valued
			1	Shelters - additional required
			1	Toilets - additional required
Royal Park 2	1	Cycling	1	Open space - valued
_	1	Recreation	_	
-	1	Zoo		
Studley Park	1	Jogging/running	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
2	1	Open space - escape from the built environment Open space - large space	1	Toilets - regular cleaning/maintenance required
2		Sport spass large spass		T
		Sport - golf	1	Drinking fountains additional required
Yarra Banks Public Golf Course 2	2	Sport - golf	1	Drinking fountains - additional required  Graffiti - removal required
Yarra Banks Public Golf Course		Sport - golf  Exercising		-

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
CERES	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Open space - improve design and layout
Community Environment	1	Open space - diversity of types		
Park 1	1	Social - sense of community		
	1	Vegetation - Indigenous		
Coburg Lake	1	Jogging/running	1	Open space - valued
Reserve 1	1	Walking		
Fitzroy	1	Open space - beautiful		
Gardens 1	1	Open space - peaceful		
Great Otway	1	Beaches		
National Park 1	1	Views		
Hardy Gallagher	1	Access - close to school	1	Informal recreational facilities - redevelop bocce court
Reserve 1				
Holden Byrne	1	Cycling	1	Toilets - additional required
Reserve 1	1	Playground		
Jumping	1	Dog walking	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
Creek Reserve 1	1	River setting		
Local cricket	1	Open space - valued	1	Open space - additional required
clubs 1	1	Sport - spectating cricket		
Local netball facilities	1	Sport - netball		
facilities				
Mayors Park	1	Exercising		
1				
PA Burns	1	Dogs - swimming		
Reserve 1		•		
Royal Park	1	Cycling - with children	1	Shade - additional required
Nature Playground 1	1	Playground		
Yarra River Corridor 1	1	Cycling	1	Developments - prohibit in this area

# A2.3.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

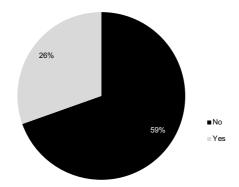
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

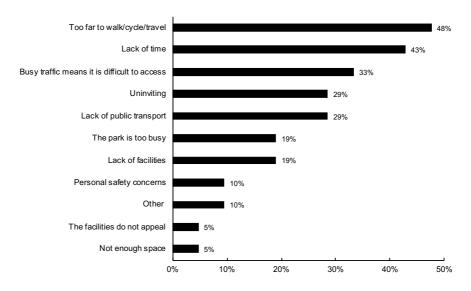
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 81 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 21 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

26 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is slightly higher than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due to distance, followed by a lack of time and difficult traffic. Compared to the Municipal average, 17 per cent more respondents indicated they lacked the time to visit open space and 6 per cent more respondents indicated that constraints from busy traffic was a reason they didn't visit open space.

# A2.3.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Carlton North - Princes Hill. The percentages are calculated based on the 81 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use

Large parks and gardens were the most frequently used type of open space followed by medium sized parks and small local parks/open space along the Yarra River.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
75%	Open space along the Merri Creek	5%	5%	20%	20%	26%	20%	5%
83%	Open space along the Yarra River	0%	6%	19%	25%	33%	11%	6%
96%	Large parks and gardens	21%	17%	30%	26%	2%	0%	4%
68%	Large sporting reserves	2%	2%	9%	21%	33%	25%	7%
88%	Medium sized parks	15%	15%	31%	17%	10%	5%	7%
83%	Small local parks	14%	16%	26%	21%	6%	5%	12%
78%	Urban Squares	5%	22%	17%	17%	16%	19%	4%
73%	Local streets for exercise	37%	19%	15%	2%	0%	15%	12%

#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

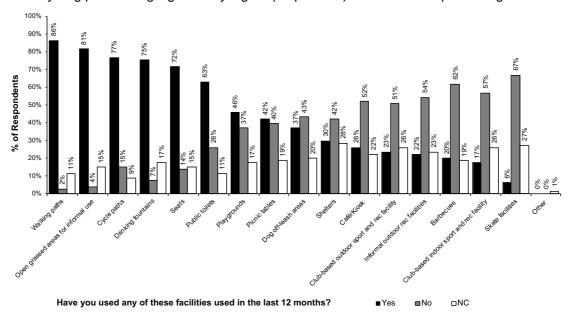
On a daily basis, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by large parks and gardens and medium sized parks. This generally reflects the open space network in the precinct Edinburgh Gardens and Princes park, with Curtain Square in between.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
70%	Local streets for exercise	37%	19%	15%
68%	Large parks and gardens	21%	17%	30%
60%	Medium sized parks	15%	15%	31%
56%	Small local parks	14%	16%	26%
44%	Urban Squares	5%	22%	17%
30%	Open space along the Merri Creek	5%	5%	20%
25%	Open space along the Yarra River	0%	6%	19%
14%	Large sporting reserves	2%	2%	9%

## A2.3.6 Facilities and features in open space

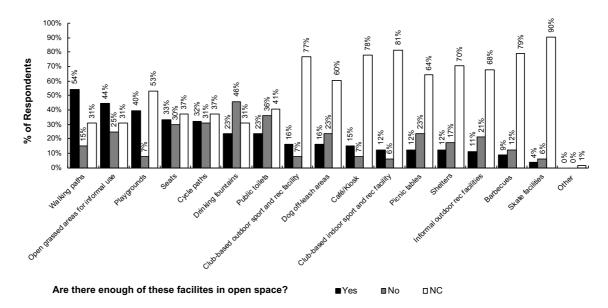
#### A2.3.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Carlton North - Princes Hill, 81. Respondents indicated that walking paths, open grassed areas and cycling paths were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, with the use of cycling paths being significantly higher (15 per cent) than the municipal average.



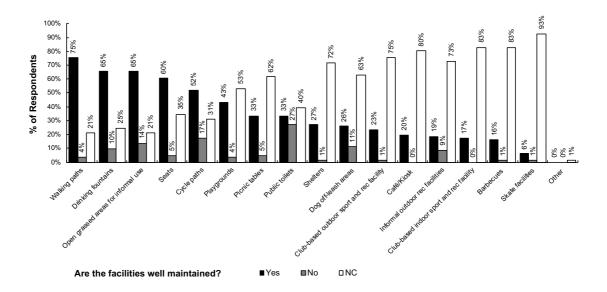
#### 3.3.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Carlton North - Princes Hill surveys received, 81.



#### A2.3.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Carlton North - Princes Hill surveys returned, 81.



# A2.3.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Carlton North - Princes Hill respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

No.	General Comments List
36	Open Space
5	Open space - additional required
4	Improvements - none required
4	Open space - additional required as density increases
4	Open space - valued
2	Open space - contributes to liveability
2	Open space - important to combat global warming
2	Open space - utilise dead space as green space
1	Developments - adjoining open space maintain height restrictions
1	Developments - concerns about impact on open space
1	Open space - appreciate the choice and variety
1	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing
1	Open space - design to reflect the culture of City of Yarra
1	Open space - important as private gardens become smaller
1	Open space - important for air quality
1	Open space - important for children
1	Open space - important for relaxing
1	Open space - improve design for use and utility
1	Open space - to be within walking distance
1	Streetscape - more green/plants
1	Streetscape - more green/plants on Drummond Street and Macpherson Street

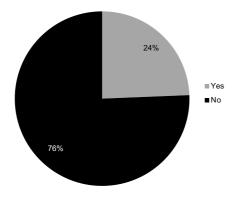
No.	General Comments List
17	Maintenance and Management
2	Graffiti - removal required regularly
2	Maintenance - regularly required to prevent civil disorder
1	Dogs - enclosed off-leash areas required
1	Dogs - enforce regulations
1	Dogs - off-leash areas valued
1	Dogs - open space for dogs appreciated
1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for controlling their dogs
1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
1	Graffiti - anti-graffiti program required
1	Information - advertise more information about organised sport/activities
1	Maintenance - regular cleaning/maintenance required to handle over crowding
1	Rubbish - encourage community collection of litter
1	Rubbish - fine companies for products found in rivers
1	Streets - do not close Station Street at Princes Street
1	Streets - keep clean
11	Trees and Vegetation
2	Community gardens - additional required
1	Garden beds - additional required
1	Open grassed areas - value grassed areas
1	Trees - additional required
1	Trees - plant additional exotic trees for shade
1	Trees - plant additional shade trees to prevent heat island effect
1	Trees - plant additional street trees
1	Trees - value street trees
1	Vegetation - increase vegetation for wildlife habitation
1	Vegetation - plant additional native plants for ecological sustainability
10	Park Infrastructure
2	Lighting - additional required for safety
1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - more required
1	Park infrastructure - reduce infrastructure to avoid maintenance costs
1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs with shelters required in local parks
1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
1	Seating - additional required
1	Signage - dog waste regulation signs required
1	Toilets - additional required
1	Toilets - improve accessibility
9	Paths
2	Cycle paths - additional required
1	Footpaths - ensure businesses keep a clear thoroughfare when over capacity
1	Footpaths - improve cobblestone paths for wheelchair access
1	Footpaths - make pavement more comfortable
1	Paths - avoid sharp materials in paths for foot/paw safety
1	Paths - maintenance required along river paths
1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths
5	Recreation Facilities
1	Exercise equipment - additional required in underutilised spaces
1	Playgrounds - increase diversity of equipment for a range of age groups
1	Playgrounds - initiatives for teenagers to design playgrounds required
1	Playgrounds - more adventure playgrounds required
1	Sporting facilities - basketball stadium required
7	Other
1	Developments - limit large developments

No.	General Comments List
1	Overall strategy - maintain a relaxed attitude
1	Overall strategy - prioritise ecological sustainability
1	Public art - provide more
1	Seating - additional street seating required
1	Streets - improve safety for pedestrians
1	Survey - ensure spelling of precincts is correct
3	Sustainability
1	Streets - recover and reuse bitumen
1	Urban agriculture - promote for sustainability purposes
1	Water - Council to support water sensitive urban design

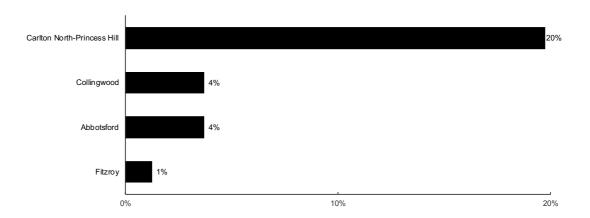
# A2.3.8 Work in City of Yarra

The following charts are is calculated on the total 81 surveys received. Princes Hill - Carlton North

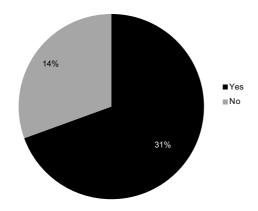
#### A2.3.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



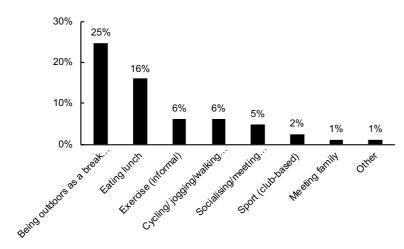
#### A2.3.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.3.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



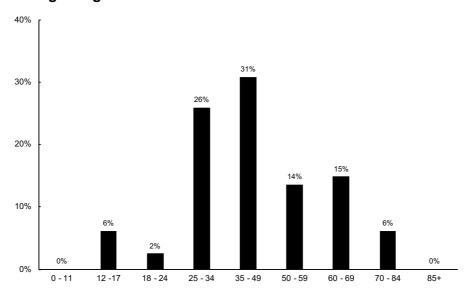
# A2.3.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



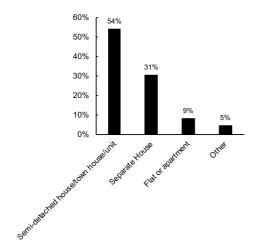
# A2.3.9 Information about respondents

The following charts are is calculated on the total 81 surveys received.

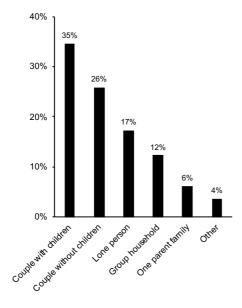
A2.3.9a Age range



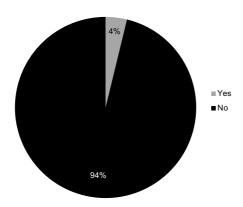
#### A2.3.9b Dwelling type



A2.3.9c Household type



A2.3.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# A2.4 Central Richmond

## Summary of the survey outcomes for Central Richmond

**172** respondents indicated they live in Central Richmond. This represents 14 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 15 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Central Richmond.

The key point of difference in Central Richmond from the municipal results is the higher level of respondents participating in sport, particularly children's sports events. Additional open space and sporting facilities, particularly the inclusion of female facilities in the clubrooms are frequently requested. Citizens Park is overwhelmingly the most visited open space for a diverse range of reasons including structed sport, dog walking and the market. Barkly Gardens and Burnley Park are the other two reasons that are well used.

There is also a focus on making Richmond more pedestrian and cycle friendly to cope with the increasing volumes of traffic. There were suggestions to make Gleadell Street pedestrian priority focused given the facilities and the market located there. Conflicts between pedestrians and cyclists on shared paths along the Yarra River is frequently mentioned, along with dog waste on sporting grounds. Respondents wish to resolve the dog waste issue by having Council clean the turf between shared use times. Litter in general is noted and specifically a concern regarding discarded syringes and the related drug abuse.

# A2.4.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Central Richmond, 172. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

The top eight values are consistent with the municipal-wide results with the trees as the most valued feature of open space followed by appreciating it as a place to relax and unwind, and the feeling of space. The main difference is that more respondents value playing club-based sport, casual ball games and fitness. A lower number of respondents value the habitat values, historical character and greening when compared to the municipal average.

Value	%
Trees	67%
A place to relax and unwind	63%
The feeling of space	57%
Just being outside	56%
An escape from the built environment	53%
A place for children to play	51%

Value	%
Meeting people/friends	48%
Health and well being	46%
Fitness	41%
Exercising dogs	40%
Habitat for native plants and animals	37%
It's accessible	37%
Green character	35%
Flowers/garden beds	32%
Natural bushland character	28%
Playing team/club based sport	27%
Playing casual ball games/activity	24%
The quiet	24%
Knowing that it's there	22%
The diversity of open space	22%
Cultural heritage values/significance	18%
Cultural activities and events	15%
Watching activity	13%
Historical character	13%
Other	2%

The other category included a range of comments including the design and lighting of the open space, to picnic, and for cycling.

# A2.4.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 172 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.4.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
110	Citizens Park	64%
42	Barkly Gardens	24%
28	Burnley Park	16%
22	Yarra River Corridor	13%
10	Yarra Park	6%
9	Cairns Reserve	5%
9	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	5%
7	Dame Nellie Melba Park	4%
6	Fitzroy Gardens	3%
5	Richmond Terrace Park	3%
4	Ben Alexander Reserve	2%
4	Yarra Bend Park	2%
4	Yarra Primary School	2%
3	Annettes Place	2%
3	Department of Housing Richmond Place	2%
3	Golden Square Park	2%

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
3	McConchie Reserve	2%
3	Yarra River Trail (Walmer St to Acacia PI)	2%
2	Edinburgh Gardens	1%
2	Egan Reserve	1%
2	O'Connell Reserve	1%
2	Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne	1%
2	Williams Reserve	1%
1	Alan Bain Reserve	1%
1	Burnley Bouldering Wall	1%
1	Darling Gardens	1%
1	Fordham Gardens	1%
1	Gahan Reserve	1%
1	GTV9 Studios	1%
1	Merri Creek Shared Trail	1%
1	Outer Circle Rail Trail	1%
1	Oxford Street Park	1%
1	Ryans Reserve	1%
1	St James Park	1%
1	Swan Street	1%
1	The Vaucluse	1%
1	Victoria Park	1%
1	Yarra River Trail (Abbott St to Turners St)	1%

# A2.4.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Central Richmond

The following table lists the reasons why Central Richmond respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Results indicate Citizens Park is popular for dog walking, childrens play and fitness/sport, while Barkley Gardens for the playground, dog walking and social events. For this precinct respondents include the schools and some streetscapes as open space as well.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Citizens Park 110	17	Dog walking	15	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade
	16	Playgrounds	12	Sporting facilities - facilities for girls required
	12	Play - children	10	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of off-leash areas required
	12	Sport - organised junior football	10	Improvements - none required
	11	Exercising	10	Playgrounds - upgrade
	11	Walking	5	Sporting facilities - upgrade required
	10	Market	4	Access - additional information about scheduled use required
	8	Social - meeting people/friends/parties	4	Open space - additional required
	7	Access - close to home	4	Open space - upgrade
	7	Relaxing	4	Picnic facilities - additional required
	7	Sport - children's organised	3	Dogs - enforce regulations
	7	Sport - spectating	3	Dogs - prohibit
	5	Sport - football	3	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	4	Dogs - exercising	3	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	4	Social - sense of community	3	Open space - valued
	4	Sport - club based	3	Seating - additional required in shaded areas
	4	Sport - cricket	2	Access - extend resident use by decreasing sporting events
	4	Sport - junior organised cricket	2	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	4	Sport - orgainised	2	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	3	Dogs - watching	2	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields/ovals
	3	Informal ball games/sport	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
	3	Jogging/running	2	Informal play facilities - required for older children
	3	People watching	2	Open space - overcrowded
	3	Picnic Facilities - BBQs	2	Sports field/oval - improve turf
	3	Sitting	2	Trees - additional required
	3	Sport	2	Trees - plant additional street trees on Gleadell Street
	2	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Café/kiosk - additional required
	2	Access - travel through	1	Cultural events - additional required
	2	Cycling - children	1	Dogs - increase/improve usability for dogs
	2	Dog friendly	1	Dogs - limit access
	2	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas	1	Dogs - over use
	2	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Dogs - prohibit off-leash
	2	Dogs - socialising	1	Dogs - provide recycled waste bags
	2	Informal sporting facilities - oval	1	Drinking fountains - improve drainage
	2	Open space - well maintained	1	Drug abuse - at toilets, action required
	2	Outdoors/being outside	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	2	Play	1	Garden beds - additional required
	1	Access - easy to access	1	Open space - improve design and layout
	1	Exercise equipment	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Open space	1	Picnic facilities - design for safety
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Picnic facilities - improve seating
	1	Picnics	1	Picnic facilities - improve water facilities
	1	Reading	1	Picnic facilities - upgrade tables
	1	Recreation	1	Playgrounds - additional required near clubrooms
			1	Playgrounds - additional swings required
			1	Playgrounds - re-locate away from intersection
			1	Playgrounds - regular cleaning required
			1	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment
			1	Seating - appropriate for the disabled required
			1	Shared use space - improve between dogs and sports
			1	Sport facilities - additional basketball court required
			1	Sporting facilities - lockers
			1	Sporting facilities - reduce children's sport in the evening
			1	Sporting facilities - running track, improve surface
			1	Sporting facilities - upgrade boxing facilities  Traffic - noise intrusive
			1	
	_	Discount of	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
Barkly Gardens	9	Playgrounds	4	Toilets - regular cleaning required
42	8 6	Dog walking Social - meeting	3	Toilets - upgrade existing  Improvements - none required
	U	people/friends/parties	٥	improvements - none required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Орен Ориосо	4	Access - close to home	3	Toilets - additional required
	4	Exercising	2	Bins - additional required
	4	Play - children	2	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	3	Open space - green place	2	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment
	3	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Bins - empty frequently
	2	Access - close to school	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Access - travel through	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	2	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, irrigate
	2	Open space - beautiful	1	Dogs - prohibit from picnic facilities
	2	Open space - well maintained	1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields/ovals
	2	Reading	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	2	Relaxing	1	Fencing - additional required
	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Fencing - additional required next to busy roads
	1	Cycling	1	Fencing - gates required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Informal play facilities - facilities for older children
	1	Dogs - socialising	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball hoops required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Open space - away from busy roads and traffic	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Open space - design and layout	1	Picnic facilities - additional required
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Picnic facilities - shelter required over BBQs
	1	Open space - identity	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - large space	1	Security - improve surveillance
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Shelters - additional required
	1	Open space - shade	1	Signage - improve dog regulation signs
	1	Picnics	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Play	1	Sporting facilities - indoor facilities required
	1	Recreation	1	Toilets - install blue lights
	1	Recreation - with children	1	Vegetation - additional low indigenous plantings required to protect birdlife  Water fountain - upgrade
	1	Sitting	1	water lountain - upgrade
	1	Sport (Alain Bain Reserve)  Sport - children's organised (Alain Bain Reserve)		
	1	Walking	1	
Burnley Park	9	Dog walking	3	Caretakers Cottage - improve
28	4	Playgrounds	2	Exercise equipment - additional required
	4	Walking	2	Open space - valued
	3	Informal recreational facilities - basketball court	2	Seating - additional required
	3	Picnic facilities - BBQs	2	Sporting facilities - provide basketball courts
	3	Relaxing	1	Access - pedestrian bridge connecting Burnley Park and Circus Site
	3	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Bins - additional required
	2	Exercising	1	Bins - empty frequently
	2	Open space - large space	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	2	Play	1	Caretakers Cottage - replace with Gazebo
	2	Play - children	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	1	Access - travel through	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	1	Cycling - through	1	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of off-leash areas required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Open Spaces	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Dogs - regular waste removal
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Drainage - improvement needed
	1	Dog friendly	1	Facilities - improve
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Garden beds - regular maintenance reguired
	1	Jogging/running	1	Improvements - appreciated
	1	Open space	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Informal sporting facilities - goal posts required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Recreation - with children	1	Open grassed areas - improvements required
	1	Sport - children	1	Open grassed areas - irrigate
	1	Sport - cricket	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Sport - football	1	Open space - value natural character
	1	Sports field/oval	1	Picnic facilities - additional required
	1	Walking -through	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required Picnic facilities - shade required
			1	Playgrounds - upgrade
			1	Seating - additional required facing oval
			1	Security - additional required
			1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from
				pedestrian paths
-			1	Trees - maintain Scarred Trees
Yarra River	9	Walking	3	Drinking fountains - additional required
Corridor 22	6	Exercising	2	Paths - widen
	3	Cycling	2	Seating - additional required
	3	Dog walking	2	Access - ramp required at Collins Bridge
	3	Open space - natural character	1	Access - stairs required at pedestrian bridge between Burnley Gardens and Heyington Station
	2	Jogging/running	1	Access - widen Walmer Street Bridge
	2	Open space - fresh air	1	Cyclists - slow through park
	2	Open space - peaceful	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	2	Relaxing	1	Improvements - none required
	2	River setting	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Access - close to shops/cafes	1	Natural resource management - improve
	1	Access - travel through	1	Open space - regular maintenance required
	1	Birdlife - watching	1	Open space - valued
	1	Cycling - through	1	Paths - connecting path/s required between Flockhart Street and Gipps Street
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	River - stabilise embankments
	1	Health and well-being	1	River - to be cleaned
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Rubbish - remove litter
			1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths
			1	Shared paths - widen Yarra River Trail between Walmer Street Bridge and Victoria Bridge
			1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
			1	Vegetation - improve weed control
Yarra Park 10	3	Dog walking	1	Access - provide safer places to cross major roads
	3	Exercising	1	Access - restrict motor vehicles to this area
	2	Access - travel through	1	Carpark - reduce
			1	1

Open Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit  Dog friendly	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements Carpark - remove
	1	Access - close to home	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths
	1	Cycling	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	1	Play - children	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	1	Sport - spectating football	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Trees	1	Improvements - none required
		I.	1	Open space - valued
			1	Playgrounds - remove rolling barrel equipment
Cairns Reserve	3	Access - close to home	2	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
9	2	Dog walking	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Open space - green place	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	2	Open space - peaceful	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	2	Playgrounds	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs in small parks
	1	Access - travel through	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Exercising	1	Maintenance - valued
	1	Open space - ambience,	1	Open space - additional required
	'	beauty	'	Open space - additional required
	1	Play - children	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Recreation - with children	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Relaxing	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Trees		
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	2	Exercising	3	Sporting facilities - facilities for girls required
9	2	Sport - children's football	2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade
	2	Sport - cricket	1	Carpark - additional required
	2	Sport - football	1	Carpark - upgrade
	2	Sport - organised	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	2	Sport - Richmond Junior Football Club	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for wast
	1	Play	1	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of off-leash areas required
	1	Play - children	1	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of oval required
	1	Sport - children	1	Dogs - regular waste removal
			1	Sports field/oval - improve turf
Dame Nellie	4	Dog walking	2	replacement program  Fencing - additional required around
Melba Park 7	2	Access - close to home	1	garden beds  Dogs - owners to be responsible for wast
=	2	Relaxing	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
	1	Gardens	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - layout	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
	1	Recreation		1 1 3 4 4
	1	Social - sense of community		
	1	Trees	1	
Fitzroy	2	Relaxing	2	Improvements - none required
Gardens 6	1	Access - travel through	_	,
	1	Access - convenient (on the way)		
	1	Exercising	1	

1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace bark for safety 1 Social - meeting people/friends 1 Playgrounds - shade required over equipment 2 River setting 1 Access - improvements required Park 4 2 Walking 1 Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required 1 Cycling 1 Drinking fountains - additional required 1 Dogs - off-leash area 1 Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required 1 Doge walking 1 Doge space - natural character 1 Open space - peaceful 1 Outdoors/being outside 1 Paths - good quality 1 Paths - good quality 1 Dogen space - space ful 1 Dogen space - grassed areas 1 Dogen space - value the availability of hours public use 1 Playgrounds 1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer 1 Place 3 Place 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional shade for tables required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds	Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
1		1			
Character   1		1			
1   Open space - peaceful   1   Picnics   1   Vegetation - beautiful   1   Walking   1   Access - close to home   2   Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required   1   Open space - green place   1   Improvements - none required   1   Open space - green place   1   Improvements - none required   1   Open space - green place   1   Trees - additional required   1   People watching   1   Trees - additional required   1   Reading   1   Relaxing   1   Social - meeting   people/friends   1   Social - sense of community   1   Social - sense of community   1   Pencing - gates required at Berry Stre   Alexander   1   Access - close to home   1   Open space - additional required   1   Picnic facilities - additional BBQs require		1	Open space - historical		
1   Picnics   1   Vegetation - beautiful   1   Walking   1   Walking   1   Walking   1   Walking   1   Walking   1   Walking - through   1   Access - close to home   2   Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required   1   Open space - green place   1   Improvements - none required   1   Open space - provision   1   Open grassed areas - improvements required   1   Reading   1   Reading   1   Reading   1   Social - meeting people/friends   1   Social - sense of community   1   Social - sense of community   1   Open space - additional required   1   Dog walking   1   Playgrounds - shade required at Berry Stre   1   Social - meeting   1   Playgrounds - shade required   1   Playgrounds - shade required   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Open space - additional required   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Open space - additional required   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Playgrounds - shade required over   1   Open space - peaceful   1   Open space -		4		4	
1   Vegetation - beautiful   1   Walking   1   Walking - through   1   Walking - through   1   Access - close to home   2   Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required   1   Diverse range of activities   1   Garden beds - additional required   1   Open space - green place   1   Improvements - none required   1   Open space - provision   1   Open grassed areas - improvements required   1   Reading   1   Reading   1   Relaxing   1   Social - meeting people/friends   1   Social - parties   1   Social - parties   1   Social - parties   1   Social - parties   1   Social - sense of community   1   Open space - additional required   1   Access - close to home   1   Open space - additional BBQs required   1   Social - meeting people/friends   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace hark for safety   1   Social - meeting people/friends   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace hark for safety   1   Social - meeting people/friends   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace hark for safety   1   Social - meeting people/friends   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace hark for safety   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace hark for safety   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to required   1   Playgrounds - rubber softfall to required   1   Dogs - off-leash area   1   Dogs				_	
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Terrace Park   1					
Richmond Terrace Park   1				4	
	Dichmond		ů ů	2	Maintananaa ragular maintananaa 9
1		'	Access - close to nome		
1	5				
People watching					
1		1	Open space - provision	1	
1 Relaxing   1 Sitting   1 Social - meeting people/friends   1 Social - sense of community   2 Play - children   1 Den space - additional required   1 Playgrounds - required at Berry Street   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace bark for safety   1 Playgrounds - shade required over equipment   2 River setting   1 Playgrounds - shade required over equipment   1 Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required   1 Dogs - off-leash area   1 Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required   1 Dogs - off-leash area   1 Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required   1 Dogs nace - peaceful   1 Dogn space - peaceful   1 Dogn space - peaceful   1 Dogn space - peaceful   1 Outdoors/being outside   1 Paths - good quality   2 Access - close to school   2 Toillets - open after hours   2 Informal sporting facilities - basketball   1 Open space - grassed areas   1 Open space - value the availability of shours public use   1 Playgrounds   1 Sport - soccer   1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for we have the specific process of tables required   1 Play - toddler   1 Pricoic additional shade for tables required   1 Playgrounds   1 Play		1	People watching	1	
1 Sitting   1 Social - meeting   people/friends   1 Social - sense of community   1 Social - sense of community   1 Social - sense of community   2 Play - children   1 Pencing - gates required at Berry Stre   1 Access - close to home   1 Open space - additional Bago required   1 Access - close to home   1 Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace to bark for safety   1 Social - meeting   people/friends   1 Playgrounds - shade required over   equipment   2 River setting   1 Access - improvements required   2 Walking   1 Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required   1 Cycling   1 Drinking fountains - additional required   1 Dogs - off-leash area   1 Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required   1 Dogs - space - natural character   1 Open space - peaceful   1 Outdoors/being outside   1 Paths - good quality   2 Access - close to school   2 Toilets - open after hours   2 Informal sporting facilities - basketball   1 Sport - soccer   1 Sport - netball   1 Sport - soccer   1 Sport - netball   1 Sport - soccer   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Picnic facilities - additional required   1 Player-toddler   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees required   1 Playgrounds   1 Playgrounds   1 Press - additional shade trees req		1	Reading		
1   Social - meeting   people/friends   1   Social - parties   1   Social - sense of community		1	Relaxing		
People/friends					
1   Social - parties     1   Social - sense of community		1	_		
1   Social - sense of community		1		1	
Park Alexander Reserve					
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1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds - rubber softfall to replace bark for safety 1 Social - meeting people/friends 1 Playgrounds - shade required over equipment 2 River setting 1 Access - improvements required Park 4 2 Walking 1 Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required 1 Cycling 1 Drinking fountains - additional required 1 Dogs - off-leash area 1 Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required 1 Dogen space - natural character 1 Open space - peaceful 1 Outdoors/being outside 1 Paths - good quality 1 Dogn space - peaceful 1 Dogn space - grassed areas 1 Dogn space - value the availability of hours public use 1 Playgrounds 1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer 1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for well as the place 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1	Dog walking	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
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Cleaning required   Cleaning required		1	Cycling	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
1 Dog walking 1 Jogging/running 1 Open space - natural character 1 Open space - peaceful 1 Outdoors/being outside 1 Paths - good quality  Yarra Primary School 4 2 Informal sporting facilities - basketball 1 Open space - grassed areas 1 Open space - value the availability of hours public use  Annettes Place 3 1 Access - close to home 1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for was required 1 Playgrounds 1 Ficnics 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance &
1 Open space - natural character 1 Open space - peaceful 1 Outdoors/being outside 1 Paths - good quality  Yarra Primary School 2 Informal sporting facilities - basketball 1 Open space - grassed areas 1 Open space - value the availability of hours public use  1 Playgrounds 1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer  Annettes Place 3 1 Picnics 1 Picnics 1 Picnics 1 Piaygrounds 1 Playgrounds 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1	Dog walking		oloug roquirou
Character   1   Open space - peaceful   1   Outdoors/being outside   1   Paths - good quality		1	Jogging/running		
1 Open space - peaceful 1 Outdoors/being outside 1 Paths - good quality  Yarra Primary School 4		1			
1		1		1	
Yarra Primary School Informal sporting facilities - basketball Dopen space - grassed areas Place Toilets - open after hours Bins - empty frequently Dopen space - value the availability of hours public use  Playgrounds Sport - netball Dogs - owners to be responsible for we have required Picnic facilities - additional shade for tables required Play - toddler Playgrounds Playgrounds Playgrounds Playgrounds		1	· · · · ·	1	
School 4  2 Informal sporting facilities - basketball 1 Open space - grassed areas 1 Open space - value the availability of hours public use 1 Playgrounds 1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer  Annettes Place 3  1 Access - close to home 1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for we tables required 1 Picnics 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional shade for tables required 1 Play - toddler 1 Playgrounds		1	Paths - good quality	1	
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1 Open space - grassed areas 1 Open space - value the availability of hours public use  1 Playgrounds 1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer  1 Access - close to home 1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for we tables required 1 Exercising 1 Picnic facilities - additional shade for tables required 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional required 1 Play - toddler 1 Trees - additional shade trees required		2		1	Bins - empty frequently
1 Playgrounds 1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer  Annettes Place 3 1 Access - close to home 1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for w 1 Exercising 1 Picnic facilities - additional shade for tables required 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional required 1 Play - toddler 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1		1	Open space - value the availability of after-
1 Sport - netball 1 Sport - soccer  Annettes Place 3 1 Access - close to home 1 Dogs - owners to be responsible for w 1 Exercising 1 Picnic facilities - additional shade for tables required 1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional required 1 Play - toddler 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1	Playgrounds		Thours public use
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1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional required 1 Play - toddler 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds	Annettes	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
1 Picnics 1 Trees - additional required 1 Play - toddler 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1	Exercising	1	Picnic facilities - additional shade for
1 Play - toddler 1 Trees - additional shade trees required 1 Playgrounds		1	Picnics	1	·
1 Playgrounds					Trees - additional shade trees required
			•		1
	Department		Cycling	1	Improvements - none required
of Housing 1 Diverse range of activities 1 Open grassed areas - water regularly	of Housing	1		1	<u> </u>
Richmond		1		1	Open space - keep/retain what there is

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
3	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Playgrounds		
	1	Relaxing		
Golden	2	Playgrounds	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
Square Park 3	1	Access	1	Improvements - none required
3	1	Picnic Facilities - BBQs	1	Open space - valued
	1	Picnics	1	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment
	1	Play	1	Playgrounds - upgrade
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Rotunda		
		Social - meeting		
McConchie	<u>1</u> 1	people/friends  Dog friendly	2	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
Reserve	1	Dog mendiy  Dog walking	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
3	1	Informal sporting facilities -	1	Informal sporting facilities - net required
	1	soccer goal Open space - peaceful	1 1	behind basketball hoop  Informal sporting facilities - net required
	1	Play - children	1	behind soccer goal  Sporting facilities - provide space for both
				soccer and basketball
	1	Walking		
Yarra River	2	Exercising	2	Improvements - none required
Trail (Walmer St to Acacia	2	Relaxing		
PI)	1	Dog walking		
3	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	River setting		
Edinburgh Gardens	1	Dog friendly	1	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment
2	1	Picnics	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Playgrounds		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Egan Reserve 2	1	Walking - through		
O'Connell Reserve	2	Access - travel through	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
2	1	Exercising	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	1	Relaxing	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Sitting	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees over Pyrus
Royal	1	Exercising	1	Open space - valued
Botanic Gardens	1	Open space - historical	1	Weddings - prohibit weddings vehicles in
Melbourne	1	character Walking		park
2 Williams	2	9	4	Cyclista tira numa required
Williams Reserve	1	Relaxing	1	Cyclists - tire pump required  Garden beds - flower gardens required
2	1	Exercising Recreation	'	Garden beds - nower gardens required
Alan Bain	1	Dog walking	1	Cycle paths - remove from school crossing
Reserve	1	Walking	+ '	Cycle patris - remove from school crossing
Burnley	1	Jogging/running	1	Furniture
Bouldering	1	Social - meeting	1	Public art - additional street art required
Wall 1		people/friends	1	Vegetation - additional required
D. P.		L vaz-ii t		- againetta required
Darling	1	Walking		
Gardens				
Gardens 1 Fordham Gardens	1	Open space		

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Gahan Reserve	1	Access - close to work	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
1				
GTV9 Studios	1	Dog walking	1	Bins - empty frequently
1	1	Exercising		
Merri Creek	1	Cycling		
Shared Trail 1			_	
Outer Circle Rail Trail	1	Cycling	1	Access - provide safer places to cross major roads
1	1	Walking		
Oxford Street	1	Access - close to work	1	Shade - additional required
Park 1	1	Lunch		
•	1	Sunshine/Vitamin D		
Ryans	1	Sport - netball	1	Open space - valued
Reserve 1			1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade
			1	Sporting facilities - courts require levelling
St James	1	Picnic facilities		
Park 1	1	Playgrounds		
Swan Street	1	Dinner	1	Open space - valued
1	1	Social - consuming alcohol with friends	1	Restaurants - additional required
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
The Vaucluse	1	Walking	1	Access - make into a no through road
1			1	Open space - green corridor required
Victoria Park	1	Walking		-
1			_	
Yarra River	1	Access - close to home	1	Open space - improve design and layout
Trail (Abbott Street to	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
Turners	1	Safe	1	Playgrounds - upgrade
Street) 1			1	Toilets - additional required

# A2.4.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 172 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.4.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

23         Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne         13%           15         Barkly Gardens         9%           14         Burnley Park         8%           14         Citizens Park         8%           13         Kevin Bartlett Reserve         8%           7         Fitzroy Gardens         4%           7         Yarra River Corridor         4%           3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           3         Park         1%           4         Banksia Park         1%           5         Yarra Park         1%           6         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%	No.	Open space visited	%
14         Burnley Park         8%           14         Citizens Park         8%           13         Kevin Bartlett Reserve         8%           7         Fitzroy Gardens         4%           7         Yarra River Corridor         4%           3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Studley Park         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Lozal playgrounds         1%           1         Lozal playgrounds         1%           1         Macleay Park         1% <td>23</td> <td></td> <td>13%</td>	23		13%
14         Citizens Park         8%           13         Kevin Bartlett Reserve         8%           7         Fitzroy Gardens         4%           7         Yarra River Corridor         4%           3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           3         Yarra Park         1%           4         Banksia Park         1%           5         Banksia Park         1%           6         Banksia Park         1%           7         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Barldge Road         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Loral playgrounds         1%	15	Barkly Gardens	9%
13         Kevin Bartlett Reserve         8%           7         Fitzroy Gardens         4%           7         Yarra River Corridor         4%           3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Loral playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1% </td <td>14</td> <td>Burnley Park</td> <td>8%</td>	14	Burnley Park	8%
7         Fitzroy Gardens         4%           7         Yarra River Corridor         4%           3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Studley Park         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Lozal playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%	14	Citizens Park	8%
7         Yarra River Corridor         4%           3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Lory Paddock         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Princes Park         1%      <	13	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	8%
3         Yarra Bend Park         2%           2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Loral playgrounds         1%           1         Loral playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%	7	Fitzroy Gardens	4%
2         Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct         1%           2         Carlton Gardens         1%           2         Edinburgh Gardens         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Hays Paddock         1%           2         Studley Park         1%           2         Yarra Park         1%           1         Banksia Park         1%           1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Lorys Paddock         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Park         1%	7	Yarra River Corridor	4%
2       Carlton Gardens       1%         2       Edinburgh Gardens       1%         2       Hays Paddock       1%         2       Studley Park       1%         2       Yarra Park       1%         1       Banksia Park       1%         1       Ben Alexander Reserve       1%         1       Bridge Road       1%         1       Central Gardens       1%         1       Collingwood children's Farm       1%         1       Darling Gardens       1%         1       Local playgrounds       1%         1       Loys Paddock       1%         1       Loys Paddock       1%         1       Macleay Park       1%         1       Merri Creek Shared Trail       1%         1       Phillip Island       1%         1       Port Melbourne Beach       1%         1       Powlett Reserve       1%         1       Princes Park       1%         1       Quarries Park       1%         1       Sandown Street Beach       1%         1       St Villam Angliss Reserve       1%         1       St Kilda Beach			2%
Edinburgh Gardens 1%  Hays Paddock 1%  Studley Park 1%  Yarra Park 1%  Banksia Park 1%  Ben Alexander Reserve 1%  Central Gardens 1%  Collingwood children's Farm 1%  Darling Gardens 1%  Local playgrounds 1%  Loys Paddock 1%  Macleay Park 1%  Merri Creek Shared Trail 1%  Phillip Island 1%  Port Melbourne Beach 1%  Princes Park 1%  Quarries Park 1%  Sandown Street Beach 1%  St James Park 1%  St Kilda Beach 1%  Wattle Park 1%  Wattle Park 1%  Wattle Park 1%  Wattle Park 1%  Warra Flats 1%	2	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	1%
2       Hays Paddock       1%         2       Studley Park       1%         2       Yarra Park       1%         1       Banksia Park       1%         1       Ben Alexander Reserve       1%         1       Bridge Road       1%         1       Collingwood children's Farm       1%         1       Collingwood children's Farm       1%         1       Darling Gardens       1%         1       Local playgrounds       1%         1       Loys Paddock       1%         1       Macleay Park       1%         1       Macleay Park       1%         1       Phillip Island       1%         1       Port Melbourne Beach       1%         1       Powlett Reserve       1%         1       Princes Park       1%         1       Quarries Park       1%         1       Sandown Street Beach       1%         1       St James Park       1%         1       St Kilda Beach       1%         1       University of Melbourne Burnley Campus       1%         1       Wattle Park       1%         1       Yarra Flats	2	Carlton Gardens	1%
2       Studley Park       1%         2       Yarra Park       1%         1       Banksia Park       1%         1       Ben Alexander Reserve       1%         1       Bridge Road       1%         1       Collingwood children's Farm       1%         1       Collingwood children's Farm       1%         1       Darling Gardens       1%         1       Local playgrounds       1%         1       Loys Paddock       1%         1       Macleay Park       1%         1       Merri Creek Shared Trail       1%         1       Phillip Island       1%         1       Port Melbourne Beach       1%         1       Powlett Reserve       1%         1       Princes Park       1%         1       Quarries Park       1%         1       Sir William Angliss Reserve       1%         1       St Kilda Beach       1%         1       University of Melbourne Burnley Campus       1%         1       Wattle Park       1%         1       Yarra Flats       1%	2	Edinburgh Gardens	1%
2       Yarra Park       1%         1       Banksia Park       1%         1       Ben Alexander Reserve       1%         1       Bridge Road       1%         1       Central Gardens       1%         1       Collingwood children's Farm       1%         1       Darling Gardens       1%         1       Local playgrounds       1%         1       Loys Paddock       1%         1       Macleay Park       1%         1       Merri Creek Shared Trail       1%         1       Phillip Island       1%         1       Port Melbourne Beach       1%         1       Powlett Reserve       1%         1       Princes Park       1%         1       Quarries Park       1%         1       Sandown Street Beach       1%         1       St James Park       1%         1       St Kilda Beach       1%         1       University of Melbourne Burnley Campus       1%         1       Wattle Park       1%         1       Yarra Flats       1%	2	Hays Paddock	1%
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1         Ben Alexander Reserve         1%           1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Darling Gardens         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         St Villiam Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	2	Yarra Park	1%
1         Bridge Road         1%           1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Darling Gardens         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Banksia Park	1%
1         Central Gardens         1%           1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Darling Gardens         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Ben Alexander Reserve	1%
1         Collingwood children's Farm         1%           1         Darling Gardens         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         St James Park         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Bridge Road	1%
1         Darling Gardens         1%           1         Local playgrounds         1%           1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Central Gardens	1%
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1         Loys Paddock         1%           1         Macleay Park         1%           1         Merri Creek Shared Trail         1%           1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Darling Gardens	1%
1       Macleay Park       1%         1       Merri Creek Shared Trail       1%         1       Phillip Island       1%         1       Port Melbourne Beach       1%         1       Powlett Reserve       1%         1       Princes Park       1%         1       Quarries Park       1%         1       Sandown Street Beach       1%         1       Sir William Angliss Reserve       1%         1       St James Park       1%         1       St Kilda Beach       1%         1       University of Melbourne Burnley Campus       1%         1       Wattle Park       1%         1       Yarra Flats       1%	1	Local playgrounds	1%
1       Merri Creek Shared Trail       1%         1       Phillip Island       1%         1       Port Melbourne Beach       1%         1       Powlett Reserve       1%         1       Princes Park       1%         1       Quarries Park       1%         1       Sandown Street Beach       1%         1       Sir William Angliss Reserve       1%         1       St James Park       1%         1       St Kilda Beach       1%         1       University of Melbourne Burnley Campus       1%         1       Wattle Park       1%         1       Yarra Flats       1%	1	Loys Paddock	1%
1         Phillip Island         1%           1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St James Park         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Macleay Park	1%
1         Port Melbourne Beach         1%           1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St James Park         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Merri Creek Shared Trail	1%
1         Powlett Reserve         1%           1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St James Park         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Phillip Island	1%
1         Princes Park         1%           1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St James Park         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Port Melbourne Beach	1%
1         Quarries Park         1%           1         Sandown Street Beach         1%           1         Sir William Angliss Reserve         1%           1         St James Park         1%           1         St Kilda Beach         1%           1         University of Melbourne Burnley Campus         1%           1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	Powlett Reserve	1%
1       Sandown Street Beach       1%         1       Sir William Angliss Reserve       1%         1       St James Park       1%         1       St Kilda Beach       1%         1       University of Melbourne Burnley Campus       1%         1       Wattle Park       1%         1       Yarra Flats       1%	1	Princes Park	1%
1 Sir William Angliss Reserve 1% 1 St James Park 1% 1 St Kilda Beach 1% 1 University of Melbourne Burnley Campus 1% 1 Wattle Park 1% 1 Yarra Flats 1%	1	Quarries Park	1%
1 St James Park 1% 1 St Kilda Beach 1% 1 University of Melbourne Burnley Campus 1% 1 Wattle Park 1% 1 Yarra Flats 1%	1	Sandown Street Beach	1%
1 St Kilda Beach 1% 1 University of Melbourne Burnley Campus 1% 1 Wattle Park 1% 1 Yarra Flats 1%	1	Sir William Angliss Reserve	1%
1 University of Melbourne Burnley Campus 1% 1 Wattle Park 1% 1 Yarra Flats 1%	1	St James Park	1%
1 Wattle Park 1% 1 Yarra Flats 1%	1	St Kilda Beach	1%
1         Wattle Park         1%           1         Yarra Flats         1%	1	University of Melbourne Burnley Campus	1%
	1		1%
1 Yarra Primary School 1%	1	Yarra Flats	1%
	1	Yarra Primary School	1%

#### A2.4.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Central Richmond respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in

priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that Royal Botanical Gardens is mainly used as a destination garden for its beauty and character while Barkley Gardens is used for the playgrounds and social/family events.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Royal Botanical	6	Gardens	4	Improvements - none required
Gardens Melbourne	4	Picnics	1	Open space - additional required
23	4	Relaxing		
	3	Open space - beautiful	1	
	2	Open space - fresh air		
	2	Open space - peaceful	1	
	2	Vegetation - flowers	1	
	2	Walking		
	1	Access - close to work	1	
	1	Birdlife watching		
	1		4	
		Exercising		
	1	Gardens - diversity		
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Open space - historical		
	1	Character Open space - provides cool	1	
		areas		
	1	Pond setting		
	1	Taking visitors to the park		
	1	Trees		
	1	Vegetation - diversity		
	1	Views		
	1	Volunteering		
Barkly Gardens	7	Playgrounds	3	Improvements - none required
15	3	Social - meeting people/friends/	3	Picnic facilities - shade required
	3	Walking	3	Toilets - upgrade existing
	2	Play - children	1	Café/kiosk - additional required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Facilities - valued
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Facilities	1	Open space - valued
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Overall strategy - council is doing a good job
	1	Open space - valued	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs		
	1	Social - children's parties	1	
	1	Social - parties	1	
Burnley Park	5	Dog walking	4	Improvements - none required
14	3	Exercising	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	3	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Carpark - additional required
	2	Open space - natural character	1	Community centre - required
	2	Picnics	1	Developments - do not develop a restaurant/events centre
	2	Playgrounds	1	Shelters - additional required
	2	Walking	1	Sports field/oval - improve
	1	Diverse range of activities		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Open space - historical character		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Open space - layout		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Open space - uncrowded		
	1	River setting		
	1	Sport - children	_	
	1	Sport - spectating	_	
	1	Trees - beautiful		
	1	Trees - indigenous		
	1	Trees - native		
Citizens Park	2	Social - meeting	2	Sporting facilities - facilities for girl
14		people/friends		required
	2	Sport - girl's organised football	1	Carpark - additional required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible
	1	Access - close to pool	1	for waste  Dogs - prohibit dogs
	1	Dog walking	1	Dogs - regular
	'			cleaning/maintenance of waste required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of off-leash areas required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Facilities - improve for children
	1	Play - children	1	Open space - allow school access
	1	Playgrounds	1	Shelters - additional required
	1	Sport	1	Sports fields/ovals - improve turf
				replacement program
	1	Sport - children's football organised	1	Sports fields/ovals - replace turf
	1	Sport - children's organised	1	Toilets - remove
	1	Sport - club based	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Sport - football organised		
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	4	Sport - junior organised football	2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade
13	3	Sport - football	2	Sporting facilities - upgrade
	2	Exercising	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Sport - children's organised	1	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of waste
	1	Playgrounds	1	required Facilities - upgrade
	1	Sport	1	Open space - keep/retain what
	'	Oport	'	there is
	1	Sport - club	1	Security - additional required
	1	Sport - cricket	1	Shelters - additional required
	1	Sport - junior organised soccer	1	Sporting facilities - indoor sporting facilities required
	1	Sport - organised	1	Sports fields/ovals - upgrade
	1	Walking	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
Fitzroy Gardens	3	Open space - beautiful	1	Safety - improve
7	1	Access - travel through	1	Shelters - additional required
	1	Gardens - beautiful	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - identity	1	Vegetation - plant additional
	1	Open space - large space	1	flowering plants
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	
	1	Play - children	-	
	1	Social - meeting	-	
	1	people/friends		

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Open space visited	1	Walking	140.	ouggested improvements
Yarra River Corridor	3	Exercising	2	Shared paths - separate cyclists from pedestrian paths
7	3	Relaxing	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	2	Walking	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Access - travel through	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	River setting		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Yarra Bend Park	1	Cycling		
3	1	Exercising		
	1	Jogging/running		
-	1	Open space - beautiful		
Abbotsford	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Carpark - additional required
Convent Arts	1	Cycling	1	Improvements - none required
Precinct 2	1	Lunch	1	Open space - valued
_	1	Open space - large space		- Pro- Spring
-	1	Play - children		
Carlton Gardens	1	Cycling - through	1	Shared paths - separate cyclists
2	1	Picnics		from pedestrian paths
-	1	Social - meeting		
	•	people/friends		
Edinburgh Gardens	1	Entertainment/events	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Picnics	1	Open space - valued
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting		
Hays Paddock	1	people/friends  Dogs - off-leash area	1	Café/kiosk - coffee van required
2	1	Open space - large space		
-	1	Play - children		
Studley Park	2	River setting	1	Cycle paths - additional required
2	1	Open space - green place	<u> </u>	Cycle patric additional required
Yarra Park	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, appreciated
1	1	Open space - large space	1	Improvements - none required
-	1	Sport - spectating		
Banksia Park 1	1	Open space - natural character		
Ben Alexander	1	Playgrounds	1	Improvements - none required
Reserve		1 ,0		1 ,
Bridge Road 1			1	Open space - improve atmosphere
Central Gardens	1	Exploring	1	Improvements - none required
Collingwood children's Farm	1	Exercising	1	Cycle paths - improve connection of paths
1	1	Open space - natural character		•
		Social - meeting	1	Trees - additional required

Onen engas visited	No.	Passan to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Open space visited Local Playgrounds	<b>NO.</b>	Reason to Visit Play - children	NO.	Suggested Improvements
1		r lay official	_	
Loys Paddock	1	Jogging/running	1	Drinking fountains - additional
1	'	Jogging/running	'	required
Macleay Park	1	Sport - children	1	Paths - surface needs
1				improvement north of St Georges Road
			_	Nodu
Merri Creek Shared	1	Access - travel through		
Trail				
1				
Phillip Island 1	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
1	1	Relaxing	+	
Port Melbourne	1	Dogs - off-leash area	+	
Beach	<u>'</u>	Dogo on loadin area		
1 Powlett Reserve	4	On ant to and a	1	
1	1	Sport - tennis		
		_	_	
Princes Park 1	1	Dog friendly		
•				
Quarries Park	1	Exercising	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas
1	1	Play - children	+	required
Sandown Street	1	Dog friendly	1	Open space - improve design and
Beach	'	Dog mendiy	'	layout
1				
Sir William Angliss	1	Playgrounds		
Reserve 1				
St James Park	1	Carparks	1	Open space - additional required
1	1	Gardens		
	1	Paths - walking	1	
St Kilda Beach	1	Open space - escape from	1	Maintenance - regular
1		the built environment	·	maintenance & cleaning required
University of Melbourne Burnley	1	Picnics	1	Open space - advertise
Melbourne Burnley Campus				
1				
Wattle Park	1	Markets		
1			<del>_</del>	
Yarra Flats	1	Cycling		
1	1	Hiking	7	
Yarra Primary	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Bins - empty frequently
School		1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
1				

## A2.4.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

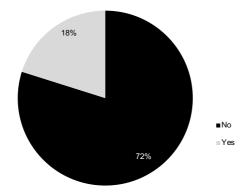
The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

- Part 1 whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.
- Part 2 the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

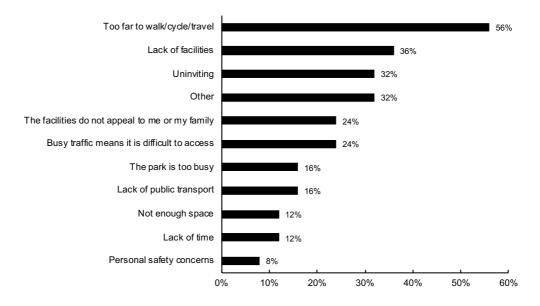
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 172 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 31 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

18 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is slightly lower than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due to distance at 56 per cent, followed by the lack of facilities and that they were uninviting. The other category included parks being difficult to access, particularly for people with limited mobility, dog related issues and syringes were also noted as an issue. Compared to the Municipal average, 15 per cent more respondents in Central Richmond considered travel distance to open space as an issue and 17 per cent more indicated the lack of facilities as a reason for not visiting open space.

## A2.4.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Central Richmond. The percentages are calculated based on the 172 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use.

Open space along the Yarra is the most popular type of open space, followed by small local parks. Large parks and gardens and local streets for exercise were tied for the third most used type of open space.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
47%	Open space along the Merri Creek	3%	5%	5%	12%	23%	41%	10%
92%	Open space along the Yarra River	11%	19%	23%	21%	19%	4%	4%
83%	Large parks and gardens	7%	16%	21%	24%	15%	10%	5%
81%	Large sporting reserves	10%	16%	19%	15%	21%	14%	5%
52%	Medium sized parks	3%	6%	6%	16%	20%	36%	11%
85%	Small local parks	17%	20%	20%	18%	10%	9%	9%
54%	Urban Squares	6%	4%	13%	16%	15%	30%	16%
83%	Local streets for exercise	40%	20%	14%	7%	2%	11%	3%

#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

On a daily/weekly basis, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by small local parks and then the open space along the Yarra.

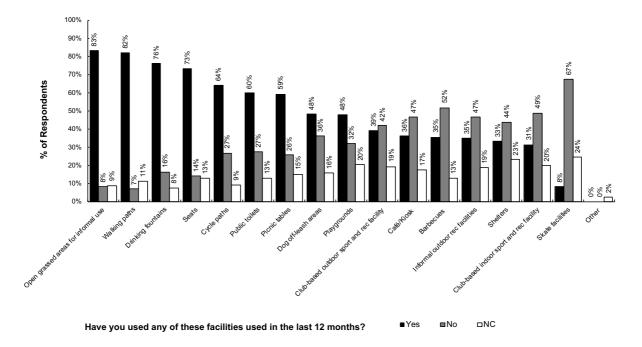
Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
74%	Local streets for exercise	40%	20%	14%
56%	Small local parks	17%	20%	20%
53%	Open space along the Yarra River	11%	19%	23%

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
45%	Large sporting reserves	10%	16%	19%
44%	Large parks and gardens	7%	16%	21%
23%	Urban Squares	6%	4%	13%
16%	Medium sized parks	3%	6%	6%
12%	Open space along the Merri Creek	3%	5%	5%

## A2.4.6 Facilities and features in open space

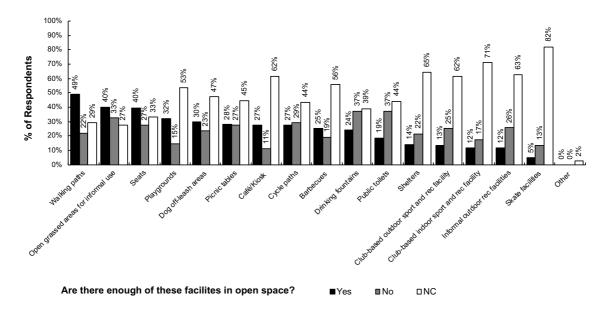
#### A2.4.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Central Richmond, 172. Open grassed areas had the highest level of use which was 8 per cent higher than the municipal average, reflecting the greater participation in ball sports. Walking paths, drinking fountains and seats were popular facilities consistent with the municipal-wide average.



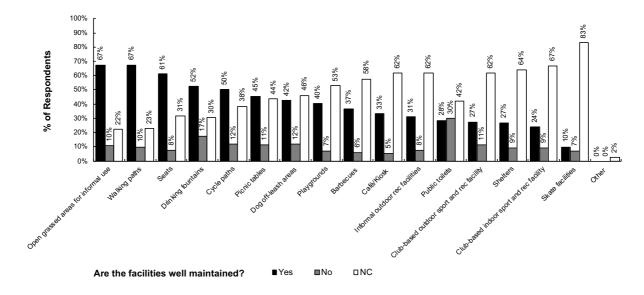
#### A2.4.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Central Richmond surveys received, 172. There is a higher proportion of people stating there are not enough open grassed areas and also more people requesting walking paths compared to the municipal-wide average.



#### A2.4.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Central Richmond surveys returned, 172.



## A2.4.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Central Richmond respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

No.	General Comments List
51	Open Space
6	Open space - additional required
6	Open space - additional required as density increases

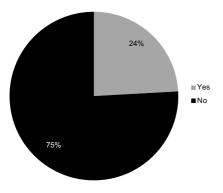
No	Canaral Comments List
<b>No.</b> 5	General Comments List  Open space - additional required as private gardens are smaller
5	Open space - additional required for children's sport
4	Open space - keep/retain what there is
3	Open space - ensure they are well maintained
3	Open space - valued
2	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing
2	Open space - contributes to liveability
2	Open space - proceed with Gleadell Street to be an open space
1	Improvements - appreciated
1	Open space - additional green corridors required
1	Open space - additional required in Cremorne
1 1	Open space - additional small parks required  Open space - adequate amount of open space provided
1	Open space - ensure they are safe
1	Open space - keep open feel and uncluttered
1	Open space - keep space green
1	Open space - proceed with the Underpark proposal
1	Open space - utilise dead space as green space
1	Open space - valued for walking
1	Plaza - redevelop the plaza at Church Street and Bridge Road
1	River - valued
22	Other
<b>23</b> 8	Overall strategy - prioritise sport for children's health
3	Overall strategy - council is doing a good job
2	Heritage streetscapes - develop a strategy to retain significant streetscapes, Swan
	Street/Bridge Road
1	Developments - to contribute to open spaces
1	Developments - to provide open green spaces
1	High Density Developments - require street courtyards to contribute to the streetscape
1	Overall strategy - appreciate focus on climate change
1	Overall strategy - appreciate the focus on multiculturalism
1	Overall strategy - appreciate the opportunity to comment
1	Overall strategy - encourage walking/cycling as traffic is heavy
1	Overall strategy - prioritise open space over café/kiosk business
1	Public Art - encourage street art on Gleadell Street
1	Survey - provide further opportunity to be specific about facilities
16	Maintenance and Management
3	Maintenance - valued
2	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
2	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance required on sports fields/ovals
2	Rubbish - syringes an issue
2	Shared use space - separate dogs from sporting fields
1	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
1 1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste  Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste at Yarra River Trail (Acacia Place to Victoria
1	Street)
1	Drug abuse - action required
1	Drug abuse - action required on Victoria Street
1	Management - enforce regulations before creating new regulations
1	Rubbish - remove litter from open space
15	Recreation Facilities
2	Sporting facilities - additional required
2	Sporting facilities - basketball courts required
1	Informal recreation facilities - required for older children
1	Informal recreation facilities - skate park required

No.	General Comments List
1	Playgrounds - adventure park required
1	Playgrounds - water play features required
1	Sporting facilities - additional required
1	Sporting facilities - basketball courts, indoors, required
1	Sporting facilities - basketball stadiums required
1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require facilities for girls
1	Sporting facilities - heat pool in Richmond
1	Sporting facilities - maintain
1	Sporting facilities - tennis courts required
11	Park Infrastructure
2	Drinking fountains - additional required
1	Bike racks - additional required
1	Carpark - additional required
1	Carpark - reduce
1	Dogs - waste bag/bins, additional required at Yarra River Trail (Acacia Place to Victoria Street)
1	Fencing - more required
1	Open space - encourage use by providing more facilities
1	Toilets - additional required
9	Trees and Vegetation
2	Streetscape - more green/plants
2	Trees - plant more street trees
1	Rooftop garden - provide more
1	Streetscape - more green/plants at Bridge Road/Gleadell Street
1	Trees - additional required
1	Vegetation - plant to seclude park form streets
1	Vegetation - weed out the White Moth Vine
6	Paths
1	Cycle paths - connecting paths required
1	Cycle paths - improvements required on Church Street
1	Cycle paths - regular maintenance required
1	Cycle paths - upgrade as density increases for commuters
1	Paths - appreciated
1	Paths - connect open spaces with shared use paths
5	Access
2	Access - pedestrian crossing required on Gleadell Street and Bridge Road
1	Access - ensure accessibility for all abilities
1	Access - restrict motor vehicle access for the MCG
1	Access - upgrade Bridge Road to be pedestrian focused
	1

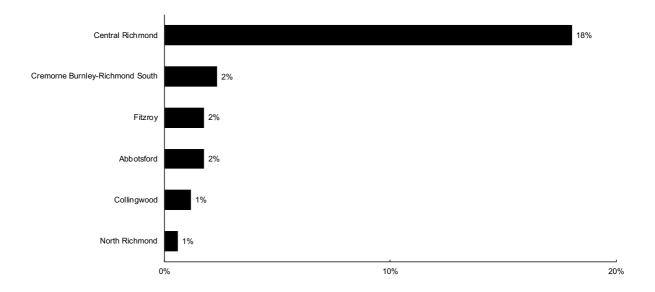
## A2.4.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 172 surveys received.

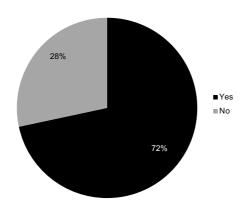
#### A2.4.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



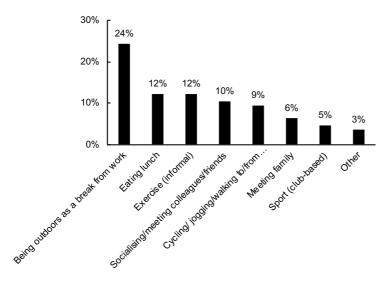
#### A2.4.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.4.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



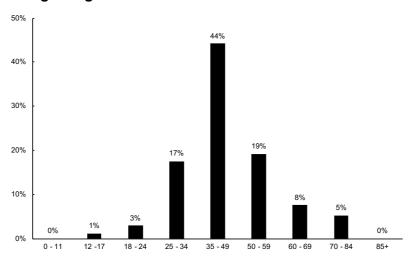
#### A2.4.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



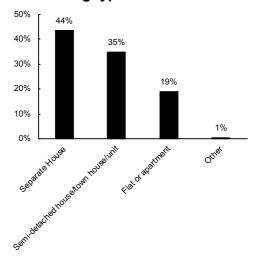
## A2.4.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 172 surveys received.

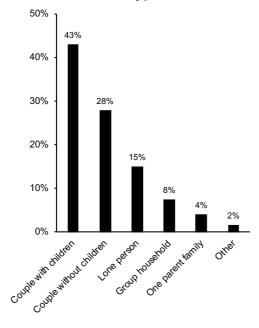
#### A2.4.9a Age range



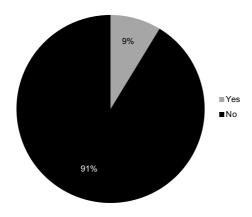
#### A2.4.9b Dwelling type



A2.4.9c Household type



A2.4.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



## A2.5 Clifton Hill

## Summary of the survey outcomes for Clifton Hill

**68** respondents indicated they live in Clifton Hill. This represents 5 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 7 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Clifton Hill.

Clifton Hill is well provided for with open space and this is reflected in the responses to the survey in this precinct. There is an appreciation of the bushland qualities of open space given the proximity to Merri Creek and while it is appreciated the most frequently valued open space is Darling gardens, primarily for play, dog walking and meeting people. In relation to facility provision in open space, respondents have requested additional facilities including shelters and seats. Overall the use of open grassed areas, walking paths and seats is higher than the Municipal average and they value the trees and request more in the streetscapes and open space. Dogs and children are integral to the respondents lives as is enjoying a picnic, playing sport and exercising outdoors.

## A2.5.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Clifton Hill, 68. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

79 per cent of respondents consider the trees as the most valued feature of open space closely followed by a place to relax and unwind and an escape from the built environment which is consistent with the municipal average. Natural bushland and the quiet were ranked higher than the municipal average, while the green character, knowing it is there and cultural heritage values were ranked lower than the municipal average.

Value	%
Trees	79%
A place to relax and unwind	78%
An escape from the built environment	68%
The feeling of space	66%
Just being outside	53%
Habitat for native plants and animals	53%
A place for children to play	47%
Health and well being	46%
It's accessible	40%
Natural bushland character	40%
The quiet	38%
Meeting people/friends	38%
Exercising dogs	38%
Green character	37%

Value	%
Fitness	34%
Flowers/garden beds	32%
The diversity of open space	31%
Playing casual ball games/activity	25%
Historical character	25%
Knowing that it's there	24%
Playing team/club based sport	19%
Cultural heritage values/significance	19%
Cultural activities and events	18%
Watching activity	12%
Other	1%

## A2.5.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 68 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.5.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
43	Darling Gardens	63%
22	Quarries Park	32%
19	Edinburgh Gardens	28%
7	Yarra Bend Park	10%
6	Merri Creek Precinct	9%
5	Ramsden Street Reserve	7%
4	Hall Reserve	6%
4	Yarra River Corridor	6%
3	Dights Falls	4%
3	Fairfield Park	4%
2	Coulson Reserve	3%
2	Rushall Reserve	3%
1	Barkly Gardens	1%
1	Carlton gardens	1%
1	Citizens Park	1%
1	Holden Byrne Reserve	1%
1	Redleap Reserve	1%
1	Studley Park	1%

# A2.5.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Clifton Hill

The following table lists the reasons why Clifton Hill respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that dog walking is

a popular activity of the respondents in all the open space, with Darling Gardens and Quarries Park also favoured for their playgrounds.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Darling	14	Playground	5	Improvements - none required
Gardens 43	9	Dog walking	4	Lighting - additional required
	6	Social - meeting people/friends	4	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	5	Access - convenient (on the way)	3	Playgrounds - fence
	5	Picnics	3	Toilets - additional required
	5	Trees	2	Garden Beds - additional flower bed required
	4	Access - close to home	2	Improvements - appreciated
	4	Walking	2	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	3	Play - children	2	Open space - valued
	2	Jogging/running	1	Access - provide safer places to cross major roads
	2	Open space - green place	1	Bins - additional required
	2	Relaxing	1	Bins - empty frequently
	1	Access - close to public transport	1	Cyclists - prohibit in that area
	1	Access - close to shops/cafes	1	Developments - limit
	1	Access - easy to access	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	1	Exercising	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Events/entertainment - improve management of events
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Facilities - childcare centre required
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Facilities - hall for club activities
	1	Open space - large space	1	Open space - ensure space is well maintained
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Open space - improvements required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Open space - protect space
	1	Open space - well maintained	1	Paths - additional required
	1	Paths	1	Paths - additional required along southern boundary
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Paths - maintenance required
	1	Play - toddlers	1	Playground - shade required over swings
	1	Recreation	1	Playgrounds - valued
	1	Sitting	1	Playgrounds - water play feature required
	1	Social - sense of community	1	Rotunda - appreciated
	1	Walking - with pram	1	Seating - additional required
			1	Signage - cyclist regulation signs required
			1	Signage - historical data  Signage - informative, instructional and
			1	navigational signage required  Trees - additional required to block
			1	views of the road  Trees - maintenance required
			1	Trees - replant after removal
			1	Trees - water
Quarries Park	9	Dog walking	3	Picnic facilities - additional BBQ's required
-	8	Playground	2	Bins - additional required
	5	Exercising	2	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	2	Picnic facilities - BBQs	2	Lighting - additional required
	2	Walking	2	Trees - additional required

Open Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Access - close to home	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements Bins - recycling bins to be installed
	1	Cycle paths	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, move away
				from playground
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - fenced off-lead areas required
	1	Dogs - off-lead area	1	Dogs - waste bag/bins, more required
	1	Events/entertainment	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Drinking fountains - maintenance required
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Gazebos - additional required
	1	Open space - popular	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Social - children's parties	1	Open space - additional required as density increases
	1	Sporting facilities - cricket nets	1	Open space - keep uncluttered
	1	Sports field/oval	1	Pavilions - additional required
	1	Trees	1	River - monitor water quality
			1	Shared use space - use soccer pitch for women's cricket as well
			1	Trees - maintenance required
			1	Trees - plant along paths
Edinburgh	7	Dog walking	3	Improvements - none required
Gardens 19	4	Exercising	1	Bins - additional required
13	4	Picnics	1	Dogs - fenced off-lead areas required
	4	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	3	Relaxing	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	2	Access - close to home	1	Garden Beds - additional required
	2	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Informal recreational facilities - enlarge skate park
	1	Access - close to the library	1	Open space - ensure it is well maintained
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Rubbish - remove litter from open space
	1	Informal recreation facilities - skate park	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs		
	1	Playground		
	1	Playground - fenced		
	1	Social - club meetings		
Yarra Bend Park	3	Dog walking	3	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
7	2	Exercising	1	Cyclists - slow through park
	1	Jogging/running	1	Open space - keep/retain what the natural character
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Recreation		
	1	Walking		
Merri Creek	3	Access - close to home	1	Cyclists - slow through park
Precinct 6	3	Open space - natural character	1	Rubbish - remove litter from open space
	2	Walking		
	1	Access - travel through		
	1	Birdlife watching		
	1	Cycling		
	1	Open space - historical character		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	2	Walking	1	Paths - additional required around oval

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Ramsden Street	1	Access - close to home	1	Paths - improve near Roseneath Street Bridge
Reserve 5	1	Access - easy to access	1	Seating - improve design
J	1	Sport - cricket	1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require shade
Hall Reserve	3	Access - close to home	1	Bins - recycling bins to be installed
4	2	Health and well-being	1	Birdlife - Indian Mynah overtaking native species
	2	Access - easy to access	1	Drinking fountains - additional required at skate park
	1	Access - travel through	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Birdlife watching	1	Informal recreational facilities - add netball boundaries to basketball court
	1	Cycling - through	1	Informal recreational facilities - skate park requires shade
	1	Dog walking	1	Paths - surfaces require improvements
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Vegetation - continue weed eradication and native planting
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Vegetation - plant indigenous vegetation to attract birdlife
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Trees		
	1	Walking		1 -
Yarra River Corridor	3	Walking	1	Developments - do not allow on the Yarra
4	1	Dog friendly	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	1	Dog walking	1	River - improve water quality
	1	Jogging/running	1	River - maintain integrity
	1	Playground		
Dights Falls	3	Cycling	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
3	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Paths - additional required
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Walking		
Fairfield Park 3	2	Cycling - through	2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms at Ivanhoe Northcote Canoe Club require upgrade/maintenance
	1	Canoeing/rowing/kayaking		apgradormanionarios
	1	Health and well-being		
	1	Paths - unpaved		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Walking		
Coulson Reserve	2	Exercising	2	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
2	1	Dog walking	1	Bins - recycling bins to be installed
			1	Dogs - off-lead areas, additional required
			1	Dogs - waste bag/bins, more required
			1	Drinking fountains - maintenance required
			1	Exercise equipment - additional required
			1	Improvements - appreciated
			1	Open space - additional required as density increases
			1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQ's required
Rushall Reserve	1	Dog walking	1	Community group - required for weed removal
2	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Cycle path - do not add
	1	Open space - small space	1	Vegetation - avoid using chemical herbicides
	1	Vegetation - Indigenous		
	1	Playground	1	Toilets - upgrade existing

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Barkly Gardens 1				
Carlton gardens 1	1	Jogging/running	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
Citizens Park	1	Sport - Richmond Junior Football Club	1	Facilities - maintenance required
			1	Sporting facilities - facilities for girls required
Holden Byrne	1	Lunch	1	Improvements - appreciated
Reserve 1	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Walking		
Redleap	1	Birdlife watching		
Reserve	1	Open space - green place		
1	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Trees		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Studley Park 1	1	Open Space	1	Signage - required along the river regarding indigenous history/practice
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	River setting		
	1	Trees		

## A2.5.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 68 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.5.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
10	Edinburgh Gardens	15%
5	Fairfield Park	7%
4	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	6%
4	Yarra Bend Park	6%
2	All Nations Park	3%
2	Princes Park	3%
1	Barkly Gardens	1%
1	Bellbird Picnic Area	1%
1	Burnley Bouldering Wall	1%
1	CERES Community Environment Park	1%
1	Citizens Park	1%
1	Darebin Parklands	1%
1	Dights Falls	1%
1	Fitzroy Gardens	1%
1	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	1%
1	Linear Park - Inner Circle Railway Linear Park	1%

No.	Open space visited	%
1	Royal Park Nature Play Playground	1%
1	Sherbrooke Falls Walk	1%
1	Yarra River Corridor	1%

#### A2.5.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Clifton Hill respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that Edinburgh Gardens and Fairfield Park are visited mainly for social activities, whereas Royal Botanic Gardens is enjoyed for its entertainment/events.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	4	Picnics	1	Improvements - none required
Gardens 10	4	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Rubbish - regular removal required
	2	Diverse range of activities	1	Trees - water
	1	Cycling		
	1	Exercising		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Playground		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Shade		
	1	Sporting facilities - cricket oval		
	1	Trees		
	1	Walking		
Fairfield Park	2	Social - meeting	2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms
5	2	people/friends	2	require an upgrade
	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Canoeing/rowing/kayaking	1	Open space - needs upgrading
	1	Dog walking	1	Sporting facilities - improve facilities for the Ivanhoe Northcote Canoe Club
	1	Lunch		
	1	River setting		
	1	Views		
	1	Walking		
Royal Botanical Gardens	1	Entertainment/events - children	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
Melbourne 4	1	Entertainment/events - moonlight cinema		'
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Paths - walking		
	1	Picnics		
Yarra Bend Park 4	1	Open space - natural character	1	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Picnics		
	1	Recreation		
	1	Walking		
All Nations Park	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Informal recreation facilities - skate park		
Princes Park	2	Jogging/running	1	Improvements - none required

Open space	NI.	D	N.	0
visited Barkly Gardens	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Access - close to work	No	Suggested Improvements
1	1	Facilities		
Bellbird Picnic Area	1	Wildlife watching - bats	1	Improvements - none required
1			1	Open space - valued
Burnley	1	Playground	1	Improvements - none required
Bouldering Wall		•	l	
CERES	1	Markets		
Community Environment Park 1				
Citizens Park 1	1	Access - close to work	1	Vegetation - additional colour is needed
	1	Walking		
Darebin	1	Dog walking	1	Bins - additional required
Parklands 1	1	Open space		
Dights Falls 1	1	Open space - natural character	1	Bins - additional required
Fitzroy Gardens	1	Open space - beautiful		
1	1	Open space - natural character		
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	1	Sport - Richmond Junior Football Club	2	Sporting facilities - facilities required for girls
1			1	Dogs - regular cleaning/maintenance of waste
			1	Sports field/oval - improve turf replacement management
Linear Park - Inner Circle	1	Cycling	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
Railway Linear Park 1	1	Cycling - through		
Royal Park Nature Play	1	Play - children	1	Open space - additional required
Playground 1	1	Playground		
Sherbrooke Falls Walk	1	Access - travel through	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
1				
Yarra River	1	Cycling	1	River - improve banks
Corridor 1	1	Jogging/running		

## A2.5.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

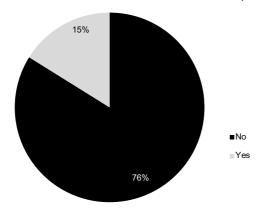
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

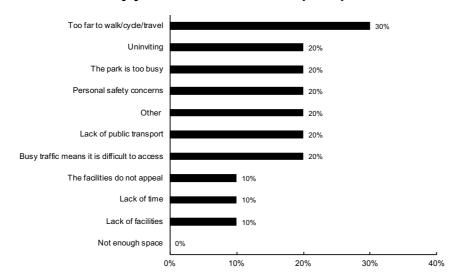
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 68 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 10 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there an open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

15 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is lower than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due to the distance, however compared to the Municipal average, 11 per cent less respondents in Clifton Hill considered travel distance to open space as an issue. Lack of public transport, open space being too busy and personal safety concerns were all around 5 per cent higher, while the traffic and other reasons lower than the Municipal responses.

## A2.5.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Clifton Hill. The percentages are calculated based on the 68 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use.

Open space along the Yarra River and large parks and gardens are equally the most utilised open spaces followed by the Merri Creek. This reflects the proximity of Clifton Hill to the Merri Creek/Yarra River and large areas of open space.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
93%	Open space along the Merri Creek	21%	28%	22%	12%	10%	6%	3%
97%	Open space along the Yarra River	15%	22%	21%	24%	16%	3%	1%
97%	Large parks and gardens	21%	24%	24%	16%	13%	0%	4%
82%	Large sporting reserves	13%	19%	22%	9%	19%	13%	6%
54%	Medium sized parks	3%	4%	7%	18%	22%	31%	16%
81%	Small local parks	15%	12%	21%	19%	15%	10%	10%
50%	Urban Squares	1%	3%	10%	18%	18%	34%	18%
81%	Local streets for exercise	35%	29%	9%	4%	3%	15%	6%

#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

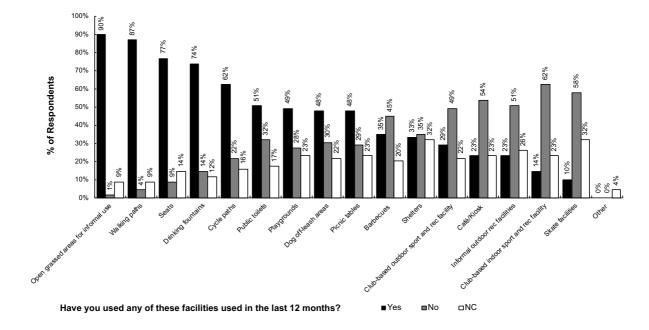
On a daily/weekly basis, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by open space along the Merri Creek and large parks and gardens. This generally reflects the proximity of Merri Creek and the number of large parks in Clifton Hill.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
74%	Local streets for exercise	35%	29%	9%
71%	Open space along the Merri Creek	21%	28%	22%
68%	Large parks and gardens	21%	24%	24%
57%	Open space along the Yarra River	15%	22%	21%
54%	Large sporting reserves	13%	19%	22%
47%	Small local parks	15%	12%	21%
15%	Medium sized parks	3%	4%	7%
15%	Urban Squares	1%	3%	10%

## A2.5.6 Facilities and features in open space

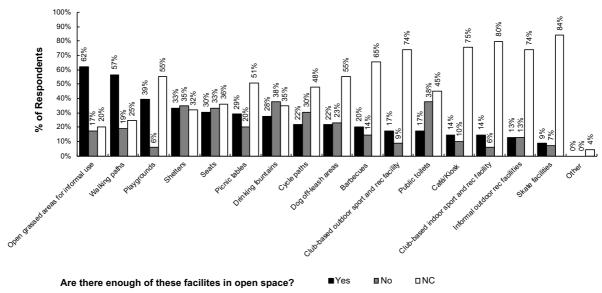
#### A2.5.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Clifton Hill, 68. Respondents indicated that open grassed areas, walking paths and seats were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, approximately 15 to 7 per cent higher than the Municipal average.



#### A2.5.6b Provision of facilities in open space

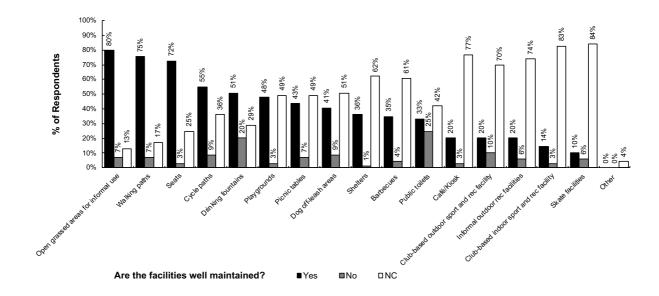
The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Clifton Hill surveys received, 68.



Compared to the municipal average there is a higher level of satisfaction with the provision of open grassed areas and playgrounds, however a much higher level of dissatisfaction with provision of shelters and a higher level of dissatisfaction with provision of seats and dog off lead areas.

#### A2.5.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Clifton Hill surveys returned, 68 and the results are very similar to the municipal results.



## A2.5.7 General comments on open space

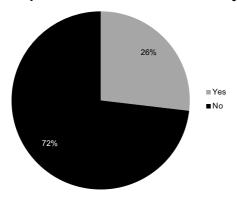
Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Clifton Hill respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

No.	General Comments List
21	Open Space
6	Open space - valued
4	Open space - additional required as density increases
3	Open space - contributes to liveability
2	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing
1	Open space - additional small open spaces required
1	Open space - diversity of types valued
1	Open space - important for lack of private gardens
1	Open space - natural character valued
1	Open space - not enough provided in Collingwood
1	Open space - Roseneath Street Reserve needs improvement
•	open spase Tresenedal Careet Research Institution In provenient
9	Maintenance and Management
2	The Westfield Restoration Project - improve management
1	Bins - empty more frequently
1	Council - to follow up with community on maintenance requests
1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
1	Drones - designate a flying space
1	Maintenance - valued
1	Open space - ensure they are well maintained
1	Sporting clubs - additional support required
'	Sporting clubs - additional support required
9	Other
5	Overall strategy - Council is doing a good job
1	Cyclist traffic lights - install to allow head start for safer commutes at Wellington Street
•	and Alexander Parade
1	Open space - promote Merri Creek and Yarra Bend Parks in a bushwalking guide
1	Overall strategy - keep promoting cycling
1	Public art - appreciated
8	Recreation Facilities
2	Sporting facilities - make sporting fields multi use
1	Informal recreation facilities - upgrade skate parks for differing abilities
1	Playground - water play required
1	Recreational facilities - indoor facilities with storage for regular community
	meetings/events required
1	Sporting facilities - appreciate the running track upgrade at Collingwood Athletics
1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require an upgrade at Mayors Park
1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade/maintenance
5	Park Infrastructure
1	Lighting - follow guidelines by the International Dark Sky Association
1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required near playgrounds
1	Seating - additional required
1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required on trails
1	Signage - interpretive retelling local histories required
	olgriage - interpretive reteiling local histories required
4	Trees and Vegetation
1	Trees - create a register of trees children can climb
1	Trees - large trees valued
1	Trees - protect all trees
1	Trees - protect all trees  Trees - street tree planting slows traffic
'	1.000 Gloot 100 piditang olovio tidino
1	Access
1	Access - improve access to the river for rowing purposes
•	
1	Paths
1	Shared paths - regulations needed for cyclists

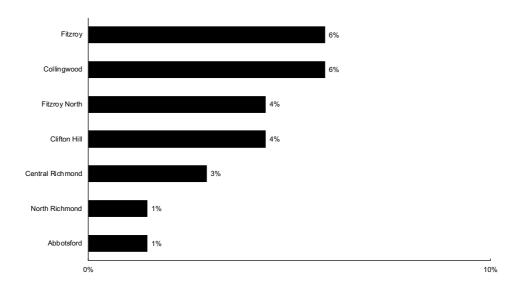
## A2.5.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 68 surveys received.

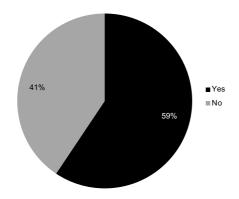
### A2.5.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



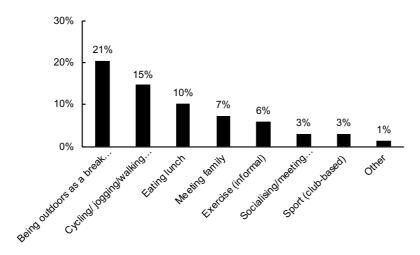
#### A2.5.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.5.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



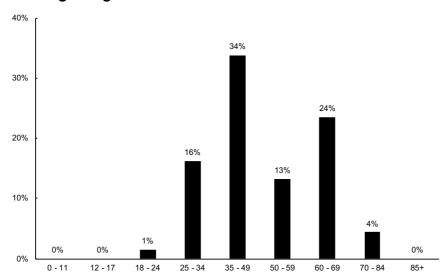
#### A2.5.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



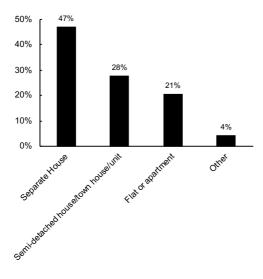
## A2.5.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 68 surveys received.

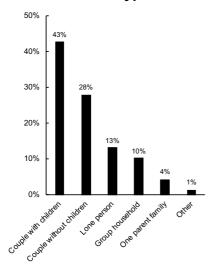
#### A2.5.9a Age range



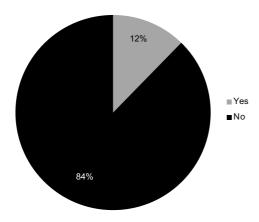
## A2.5.9b Dwelling type



#### A2.5.9c Household type



### A2.5.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# A2.6 Collingwood

## Summary of the survey outcomes for Collingwood

**99** respondents indicated they live in Collingwood. This represents 8 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 10 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Collingwood.

The urban context of Collingwood is changing from the industrial context to a high density mixed use character with residential, business, retail and commercial uses in renovated former industrial buildings. It is characterised by a lack of large green open spaces due to its industrial past. The survey respondents visit and highly value the small local open space and also travel further into adjoining areas to exercise and use larger areas of open space the most common being Fitzroy Gardens. Small parks are well utilised for short breaks but in the case of Peel Street Park the design and over use make the park uninviting for some residents.

Residents appreciate and would like to have additional open space in any form as well as more street trees, community gardens and playgrounds. Dogs are popular, the need for dog owners to be responsible for waste was identified as a key issue. Compared with other precincts, there is a lower level of participation in exercise due to the lack of opportunities to do this in Collingwood.

## A2.6.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Collingwood, 99. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

77 per cent of respondents consider trees as the most valued feature of open space, followed by as a place to relax and escape the built environment, 12 per cent higher than the overall response. The green character, flowers and garden beds the quiet and historical character are all ranked higher than the municipal-wide results. Being a place for children to play, health and wellbeing and fitness are all ranked lower, reflecting the lack of provision of larger areas of open space that are of a size to exercise in.

Value	%
Trees	77%
A place to relax and unwind	74%
An escape from the built environment	71%
The feeling of space	55%
Just being outside	53%
Habitat for native plants and animals	49%
Green character	44%
Flowers/garden beds	41%
Exercising dogs	30%

Value	%
A place for children to play	35%
Health and well being	35%
The quiet	32%
It's accessible	31%
Natural bushland character	28%
The diversity of open space	28%
Historical character	25%
Cultural activities and events	24%
Fitness	24%
Cultural heritage values/significance	23%
Knowing that it's there	20%
Playing casual ball games/activity	15%
Watching activity	15%
Playing team/club based sport	10%
Other	3%

The other category included a range of comments including having a spiritual connection with nature, duck watching, using picnic facilities, having urban agriculture, being able to have dogs off-leash, use bins, and having the playgrounds fenced.

## A2.6.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 99 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.6.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
35	Peel Street Park	35%
22	Oxford Street Park	22%
20	Fitzroy Gardens	20%
13	Edinburgh Gardens	13%
10	Darling Gardens	10%
8	Carlton Gardens	8%
8	Yarra Bend Park	8%
7	Cambridge Street Reserve	7%
7	Gahan Reserve	7%
6	McNamara Reserve	6%
5	Victoria Park	5%
4	Powlett Reserve	4%
3	Citizens Park	3%
3	Dights Falls	3%
3	Yarra River Corridor	3%
2	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	2%
2	Condell Street Reserve	2%
2	Curtain Square	2%
2	Department of Housing Harmsworth Street	2%
2	Local Oval	2%
2	Local Park	2%
2	Quarries Park	2%

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
2	Yarra Park	2%
1	Albert Park	1%
1	Alexander Street Reserve	1%
1	Atherton Reserve	1%
1	Department of Housing Perry Street	1%
1	Department of Housing Richmond Place	1%
1	Fitzroy Primary School	1%
1	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	1%
1	Saint Phillips Reserve	1%
1	Saint Joseph Primary School	1%
1	Studley Park	1%
1	Tatterson Park	1%

# A2.6.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Collingwood

The following table lists the reasons why Collingwood respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. The results indicate that Peel Street Park and Oxford Street Park are the most popular, particularly because they are nearby in order to take a break from the indoors, or to bring the dog for a short walk, while Fitzroy Gardens is utilised for exercising and other qualities of a larger area of open space.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Peel Street Park	7	Access - close to home	6	Seating - improve design
35	5	Dog walking	5	Shade - additional required
	5	Outdoors/being outside	4	Open space - improve design and layout
	4	Dogs friendly	3	Dogs - owners responsible for the removal of waste
	4	Open space - green place	3	Fencing - additional required
	4	Access - travel through	3	Paths - connecting path/s required
	3	Lunch	3	Paths - improvements required around wheelchair access ramp
	3	Reading	3	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	3	Relaxing	2	Dogs - over use
	2	Apartment living	2	Lighting - additional required
	2	Open space	2	Lighting - upgrade
	2	Open space - provision	2	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	2	Paths - additional direct paths required
	1	Access - easy to access	2	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Open space - additional required	2	Seating - additional required
	1	People watching	2	Security - additional required
	1	Picnics	2	Trees - additional required
	1	Social - phone calls	2	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Sunshine/Vitamin D	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Walking	1	Dogs - improve usability for dogs
			1	Drainage - improvement needed
			1	Entertainment/events - prohibit
			1	Fencing - remove fencing
			1	Graffiti - removal required
			1	Homelessness - action required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
			1	Improvements - none required
			1	Improvements - required
			1	Nature strip - required from Wellington Street to Peel Street Park
			1	Open grassed areas - improvements required
			1	Open grassed areas - raised area to protect grass
			1	Open space - additional required
			1	Pergola required for shade
			1	Playgrounds - additional required with creative/diverse character
			1	Rotunda - required for entertainment/events
			1	Seating - change colour
			1	Security - prohibit alcohol consumption
			1	Security - prohibit late night alcohol consumption
			1	Shelter - additional required
			1	Vegetation - resilient plants required
Oxford Street	7	Relaxing	3	Trees - additional required
Park 22	6	Lunch	2	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	3	Access - close to home	2	Graffiti - removal required
	2	Access - close to work	2	Improvements - none required
	2	Access - travel through	2	Shade - additional required
	2	Exercising	1	Bins - empty frequently
	2	Open space - fresh air	1	Cyclists - prohibit
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Dogs - over use
	2	Sunshine/Vitamin D	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	2	Walking	1	Garden beds - improvements required
	1	Dog walking	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Open grassed areas - maintenance required
	1	Open space - green place	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Reading	1	Paths - dangerous, east side of the park
	1	Trees - shade	1	Security - additional required
		1	1	Security - improve surveillance
			1	Shelters - additional required
			1	Smoking - prohibit in open space
			1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
			1	Vandalism - an issue
Fitzroy Gardens	5	Exercising	2	Improvements - none required
20	4	Open space - green place	1	Café/kiosk facilities - additional required
	3	Access - close to home	1	Community garden - required
	3	Dog walking	1	Developments - avoid over developing
	3	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	Developments - to donate money for open spaces
	3	Open space - peaceful	1	Dog - drinking facilities, additional required
	3	Relaxing	1	Improvements - none required, value trees and water
	3	Trees	1	Lighting - upgrade required
	2	Open space	1	Playgrounds - additional creative/diverse character
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Trees - additional required to clean
		J		air

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	2	Walking	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous
	1	Access - travel through	1	trees Vegetation - additional flowers
				required
	1	Café and kiosk facilities		
	1	Entertainment/events - children		
	1	Open space - fresh air		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Outdoors/being outside Sunshine/ Vitamin D		
Edinburah	4	Dog walking	2	Drinking fountains - maintenance
Edinburgh Gardens	4	Dog walking		required
13	2	Access - close to home	2	Improvements - none required
	2	Exercising	2	Toilets - additional required
	2	Informal ball games/sport	1	Informal sporting facilities - improve
	2	Open space - large space	1	basketball court surface
	2	Picnics	1	Community garden - required  Dog - waste bags/bins, additional
		Fichics	'	required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for
	2	Trees - beautiful	1	holes Irrigation - pipes leaking north of skate park
	1	Access - cycle through	1	Signage - improve for dogs on- leash/off-leash areas
	1	Cycling	1	Social - value the social aspect
	1	Diverse range of activities		
	1	Dogs friendly		
	1	Historical character		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Play		
Darling Gardens	3	Informal ball games/sport	2	Improvements - none required
0	2	Access - convenient (on the way)	2	Toilets - additional required
	2	Dog walking	1	Community garden - required
	2	Picnics	1	Open space - additional required
	2	Play - children	1	Seating - additional required
	2	Playground	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Access - close to home		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Open space - fresh air		
	1	Park facilities		
	1	Paths - cycling		
	1	Playground - basket swing		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Carlton Gardens	3	Jogging/running	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	2	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Community garden - required
	2	Picnics	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	2	Trees - large	1	Garden beds - additional required
	1	Access - close to museum	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Cycling	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Exercising		

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Play - children		
	1	Playground		
	1	Relaxing		
Yarra Bend Park 8	2	Dogs - off-leash area	3	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	2	Jogging/running	2	Paths - surface needs improvements
	2	Picnics	1	Access - improve access to the Yarra for cyclists and people with disabilities
	2	Relaxing	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	2	Walking	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	1	Dogs friendly	1	Drinking fountains -required near playground
	1	Drawing	1	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	1	Exercising	1	Shelters - additional required near playgrounds
	1	Natural character - bushland character/feel		
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	River trail		
	1	Working - outdoors		
Cambridge Street Reserve	2	Access - close to home	1	Development - concerns about impact on open space
7	2	Playground	1	Dogs - over use
	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - required
	1	Lunch	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQ's	1	Open space - additional required as density increases
	1	Play - children	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space
	1	Sitting	1	Open space - keep/retain what is there
	1	Trees - shade		
Gahan Reserve 7	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Dogs - fenced off-lead areas required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Fencing - additional required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space
	1	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Play	1	Trees - additional required
		. 5	1	Vegetation - additional flowers
	1	Play - children		required
	1	Sport - volleyball	·	1 -
	1	Sport - volleyball Walking		1 -
	1 1 1	Sport - volleyball Walking Working - outdoors		required
McNamara	1	Sport - volleyball Walking	2	1 -
McNamara Reserve 6	1 1 1 2 2	Sport - volleyball Walking Working - outdoors Play - children Playground		Improvements - none required Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
Reserve	1 1 1 2	Sport - volleyball Walking Working - outdoors Play - children	2	Improvements - none required Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required Bins - empty frequently
Reserve	1 1 1 2 2	Sport - volleyball Walking Working - outdoors Play - children Playground	2	Improvements - none required Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Park facilities	1	Open space - grassed area required
	1	Play	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Playground - fenced		
	1	Shade		
Victoria Park 5	2	Dog walking	1	Dogs - conflict with use of sporting ovals
	2	Informal ball games/sport	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	1	Exercising	1	Information - additional information required about open space and facilities available
	1	Picnics	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Play - children	1	Signage - improve clarity for dog on- leash/off-leash areas
	1	Relaxing		
Powlett Reserve 4	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQ's	1	Fencing - around playground for safety
	1	Dog walking	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Lunch	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - provision	1	Sporting facilities - additional tennis facilities required
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Play		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Sport - tennis		
	1	Trees		1
Citizens Park 3	2	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas, additional required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Sporting facilities - multi use court
	1	Open space - large space	1	Toilets - value upgrade
	1	Safe		
Diabte Felle	1	Walking	1	Access impresse areasing at Tura
Dights Falls 3	1	Dogs - off-leash area  Dog walking	1	Access - improve crossing at Turo Street and Hoddle Street Rubbish - regular litter removal
	'			required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Natural character - bushland character/feel	1	Vegetation - improve weed control
	1	Paths		
Yarra River	1	Walking Access - close to home	2	Signage - about local history/
Tarra River Corridor 3				indigenous culture
J	1	Cycling  Natural character, bushland	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Natural character - bushland character/feel	1	Vegetation - improve weed control
	1	Open space - green place	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Outdoors/being outside Walking		
Abbotsford	1	Café and kiosk facilities	2	Improvements - none required
Convent Arts	1	Open space - grassed areas		improvements - none required
Precinct	1	Trees		
	1 '	11000		
2	1	Vona		
2	1	Yoga	1	Dlaygrounds provide shade
	1 1 1	Yoga Access - close to home Play - children	1	Playgrounds - provide shade Playgrounds - upgrade required

No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Open grassed areas - additional required
1	Dogs friendly	1	Open grassed areas - improve
	ı	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
1	Open space - fresh air	1	Vegetation - additional flowers required
1	Outdoors/being outside		1 - 4
1	Play		
1	Social - meeting people/friends		
1	Dog walking		
1	Exercising		
1	Access - close to home	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
1	Play - children	1	Seating - additional required
2	Playground	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
1	skate park	1	Playgrounds - water play required
1		1	Toilets - upgrade existing
1	River setting		
1	Dog walking	2	Improvements - none required
1	<u> </u>	1	
	II.		
	-	4	
-			
	-	4	
		1	
1	Access - close to nome		Dogs - enforce regulations
		1	Gates - removal appreciated  Maintenance - regular maintenance
1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	& cleaning required  Trees - additional required
1	People watching		
1	Relaxing		
1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables
1	Social - meeting people/friends		
4	Informal hall	1	
1			
1	Exercising	4	
<u> </u>		4	
	•	<u> </u>	1 - 0 - 100
		1	Toilets - additional required
		4	
1	Relaxing		
4			
1	Informal ball games/sport  Social - meeting people/friends	-	
1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Troop additional required
		1	Trees - additional required
1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Trees - additional required  Paths - additional required
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 Access - convenient (on the way) 1 Dogs friendly  1 Open space - fresh air 1 Outdoors/being outside 1 Play 1 Social - meeting people/friends 1 Dog walking 1 Exercising 1 Access - close to home 1 Play - children 2 Playground 1 Informal recreation facilities - skate park 1 Picnic facilities 1 River setting 1 Dog walking 1 Exercising 1 Social - meeting people/friends 1 Trees - heritage 1 Trees - shade 1 Exercising 1 Relaxing 1 Access - close to home  1 Café and kiosk facilities 1 People watching 1 Relaxing 1 Café and kiosk facilities 1 People watching 1 Relaxing 1 Café and kiosk facilities 1 People watching 1 Relaxing 1 Café and kiosk facilities 1 People watching 1 Relaxing 1 Café and kiosk facilities 1 People watching 1 Relaxing 1 Café and kiosk facilities	1

# A2.6.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 99 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.6.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
15	Edinburgh Gardens	15%
7	Yarra Bend Park	7%
6	Fitzroy Garden	6%
6	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	6%
4	Yarra River Corridor	4%
3	Carlton Gardens	3%
3	Citizens Park	3%
3	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne "The Tan"	3%
2	Darebin Parklands	2%
2	Gahan Reserve	2%
2	Peel Street Park	2%
2	Quarries Park	2%
2	Studley Park	2%
1	Atherton Reserve	1%
1	Caulfield Park	1%
1	Ceres Community Environment Park	1%
1	Department of Housing Harmsworth Street	1%
1	Dights Falls	1%
1	East Melbourne Park	1%
1	Federation Square	1%
1	Gilpin Park	1%
1	Jells Park	1%
1	Kokoda Track Memorial Park	1%
1	Lysterfield Park	1%
1	Merri Creek Shared Trail	1%
1	Nature Play at Royal Park	1%
1	Neill Street Reserve	1%
1	Yarra Bank Reserve	1%
1	Yarra Park	1%

#### A2.6.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Collingwood respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. The overall results indicate that Edinburgh Gardens is generally utilised as a social space for picnics and dog walking while Yarra Bend Park is used for informal exercise.

Open Space	No.	Reasons for Visiting	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	5	Social - meeting people/friends	2	Improvements - none required
Gardens 15	4	Picnics	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	3	Dog walking	1	Drones - allow
	3	Open space - large space	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	2	Exercising	1	Fencing - additional required in off- leash areas
	2	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	Playgrounds - shade required over equipment
	2	Informal recreational facilities - skate park	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Access - close to home		
	1	Cycling - through		
	1	Dogs - off-leash area		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Playground		
	1	Sport - soccer lessons		
	1	Walking		
Yarra Bend Park	2	Jogging/running	3	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians or shared paths
7	2	Walking	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional
	1	Cycling	1	required Drinking fountains - additional require
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Pedestrian crossing - improve at Turo
	·	Dogo exercicing		Street
	1	Exercising	1	Trees - maintenance required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Vegetation - maintenance required
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	River setting		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Fitzroy Garden ô	2	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	2	Open space - peaceful	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	1	Dogs - on-leash area	1	Garden beds - additional required
	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Exercising	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Health and well-being	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Trees - beautiful		
	1	Walking		
Royal	2	Walking	1	Access - extend in children's garden
Botanical Gardens Melbourne	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	Open space - additional botanical gardens required
)	1	Health and well-being	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Open space		
	1	Open Space - ambience, beauty	_	
	1	Open space - diversity of types	_	
	1	Picnics		
	1	Playground - water play		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Yarra River	2	Cycling	3	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians or
Corridor 1		Jogging/running		shared paths Bins - additional required

Open Space	<b>No.</b> 2	Reasons for Visiting Walking	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements Paths - valued
	1	Birdlife watching		<u> </u>
	1	Cycling - with children		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Carlton	1	Exercising	2	Improvements - none required
Gardens	1	Jogging/running		improvements - none required
3	1	Walking		
0''' D. I		9	1	
Citizens Park 3	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - additional fenced off-leash areas in Collingwood required
	1	Dogs friendly	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Exercising		
	1	Studying		
	1	Walking		
Royal Botanical Gardens	3	Jogging/running	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
Melbourne "The Tan" 3				
Darebin	1	Dogs friendly	1	Dogs - fence off-leash areas
Parklands 2	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Improvements - none required
Gahan Reserve	1	Access - close to home	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Access - close to the library	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Reading		
Peel Street	1	Apartment living	1	Dogs - over use
Park 2	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Open grassed areas- increase area
	1	Relaxing	1	Vegetation - additional required
Quarries Park	2	Playground	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Open space - large	1	Playgrounds - upgrade
Studley Park	1	Exercising	1	Improvements - none required
2	1	Open space - identity	1	Picnic facilities - additional required tables near the playground
	1	Open space - natural character		
Atherton Reserve	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
1 Caulfield Park 1	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
-				
Ceres Community	1	Community hub	1	Open space - additional community environmental parks required
Environment Park 1	1	River setting		
Department of	1	Community garden	1	Security - additional required
Housing Harmsworth Street	1	Safe - locked garden		
<u>1</u> Dights Falls 1	1	Exercising	3	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Natural character - bushland character/feel		
	1	Paths - exercising		
East	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs		
Melbourne Park 1	1	Sport - tennis		
Federation	1	Entertainment/events		
Square		L		

Open Space	No.	Reasons for Visiting	No.	Suggested Improvements
Gilpin Park	1	Exercising	1	Lighting - additional required
1	1	Jogging/running		
Jells Park	1	Paths - good quality	1	Trees - additional required
1			•	
Kokoda Track	1	Exercising	1	Bins - additional required
Memorial Park	1	Open space - beautiful		
'	1	Open space - natural character		
Lysterfield	1	Car park - plenty		
Park 1	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Safe - jogging		
Merri Creek Shared Trail	1	Walking	2	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on
1				shared paths
N ( 5)		C. en	ı	
Nature Play at Royal Park	1 1	Hill Playground	_	
1	•	**		
	1	Water park		
Neill Street Reserve	1	Sporting facilities - multi use court	1	Improvements - none required
1				
Yarra Bank	1	Drawing		
Reserve 1	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
Yarra Park	1	Exercising	1	Toilets - additional required

## A2.6.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or additional broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

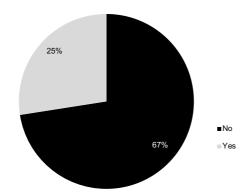
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

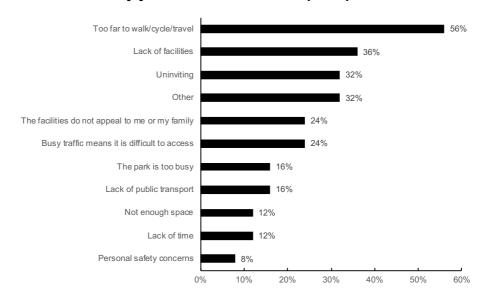
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 99 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 25 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

25 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is slightly higher than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due to distance followed by the lack of facilities. Equally open spaces were said to feel uninviting and there were a number of other reasons such as dogs were not allowed to be off-leash, they feared vandals and skateboarders or felt they were unwelcome, or unaware of the space. Compared to the Municipal average, 15 per cent more respondents in Collingwood considered travel distance to open space as an issue. While other reasons were consistent with the Municipal response, open space being uninviting is 11 per cent higher.

## A2.6.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Collingwood. The percentages are calculated based on the 99 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
68%	Open space along the Merri Creek	4%	5%	11%	23%	24%	21%	11%
87%	Open space along the Yarra River	6%	10%	20%	31%	19%	6%	7%
88%	Large parks and gardens	5%	16%	24%	29%	13%	3%	9%
77%	Large sporting reserves	1%	12%	13%	20%	30%	12%	11%
68%	Medium sized parks	1%	6%	15%	23%	22%	17%	15%
90%	Small local parks	26%	25%	18%	11%	9%	4%	6%
77%	Urban Squares	21%	12%	19%	12%	12%	9%	14%
77%	Local streets for exercise	42%	10%	11%	10%	3%	13%	10%

Small local parks are the most frequently used open spaces, followed by large parks and gardens and open space along the Yarra River, which is consistent with the open space network available in Collingwood.

Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

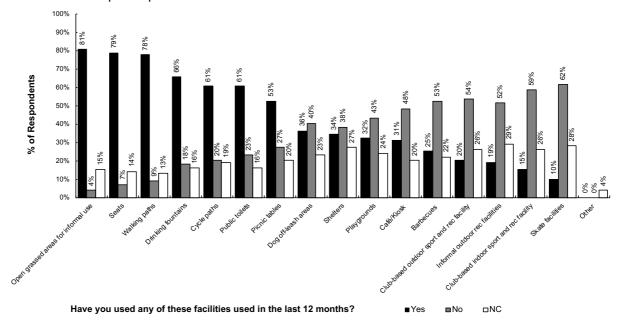
Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
90%	Small local parks	26%	25%	18%
88%	Large parks and gardens	5%	16%	24%
87%	Open space along the Yarra River	6%	10%	20%
77%	Large sporting reserves	1%	12%	13%
77%	Urban Squares	21%	12%	19%
77%	Local streets for exercise	42%	10%	11%
68%	Open space along the Merri Creek	4%	5%	11%
68%	Medium sized parks	1%	6%	15%

On a daily/weekly basis, small local parks are the most popular followed by large parks and gardens and open space along the Yarra River. On a daily basis local streets for exercise is the most frequently used, followed by small local parks. People in Collingwood are using local parks nearby and travelling outside their suburb to access large open space and open space along the Yarra River.

### A2.6.6 Facilities and features in open space

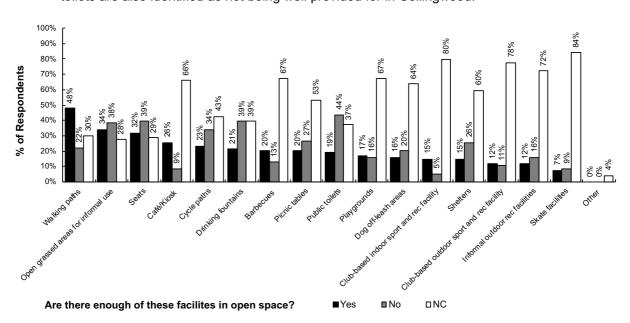
#### A2.6.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Collingwood, 99. Respondents indicated that open grassed areas, seats and walking paths were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, seats being used 11 per cent more than the Municipal response.



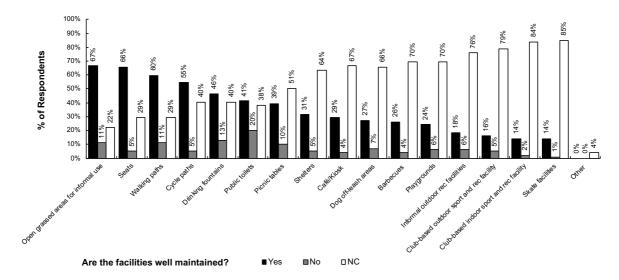
#### A2.6.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Collingwood surveys received, 99, the biggest difference between the municipal results and Collingwood is the need for additional open grassed areas for informal use (26% more respondents requested this). Seats and public toilets are also identified as not being well provided for in Collingwood.



#### A2.6.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Collingwood surveys returned, 99.



## A2.6.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Collingwood respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

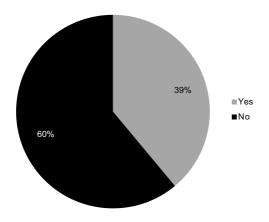
No.	General Comments List
40	Open Space
11	Open space - additional required
8	Open space - additional required as density increases
3	Streetscape - additional green plants
2	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing
1	Access - maximize use of school grounds for open space
1	Open space - additional required with natural character for play
1	Open space - grass nature strips required to link parks
1	Open space - important for relaxing
1	Open space - important for socialization
1	Open space - improve maintenance
1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
1	Open space - larger open space required
1	Open space - utilise dead space as green space
1	Open space - value design and layout
1	Open space - value informal open spaces
1	Open space - value maintenance
1	Open space - value the choice and variety
1	Open space - value the Yarra River
1	Open space - valued
11	Trees and Vegetation
3	Community gardens - additional required

No.	General Comments List
2	Trees - plant additional street trees
1	Fernery - required
1	Garden beds - additional required
1	Garden beds - additional required permeable bed on streets for dog
	urination
1	Trees - important for shade
1	Trees - plant additional street trees on Alexander Parade
1	Trees - protect exotic/heritage trees
10	Maintenance and Management
2	Bins - to be emptied additional frequently
2	Dogs - fenced in off-leash areas required
2	-
	Graffiti - maintenance required
1	Car Parks - reduce fees and extend times around open spaces
1	Cyclists - conflict with pedestrians on shared paths
1	Dogs - urination becoming a problem on Cambridge Street
1	Maintenance - valued
10	Park Infrastructure
1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
1	Bins - additional required
1	Café/kiosk - additional required
1	Dog - drinking facilities, additional required at off-leash areas
1	Rotunda - required for events/entertainment
1	Seating - additional required
1	Seating - additional required for elderly with shade
1	Shade - additional required
1	Toilets - additional required
1	Toilets - additional required at off-leash areas
•	
8	Recreation Facilities
1	Exercise equipment - additional required
1	Playgrounds - additional required
1	
-	Playgrounds - additional required with creative/diverse character
1	Playgrounds - important for child development
1	Playgrounds - maintenance required at public housing developments
1	Playgrounds - prohibit exercising on children's equipment
1	Playgrounds - water play park required
1	Sporting facilities - additional indoor basketball courts required
6	Other
3	Council - to appoint an open space officer
2	Value the review of existing spaces when creating new open spaces
1	High density developments - limit developments
1	High density developments - to contribute funds for open space
1	Survey - should include section on urban agriculture
'	Salvoy Should include Socion on alban agriculture
2	Access
2	Access
2	Access - value walking through large open spaces
2	Paths
1	Shared paths - need separate paths for cyclists and pedestrians
1	Paths - desire lines should be made into paths
	• -

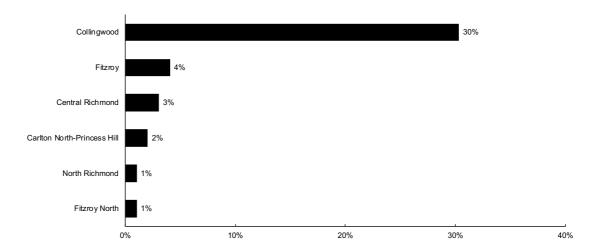
# A2.6.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 99 surveys received.

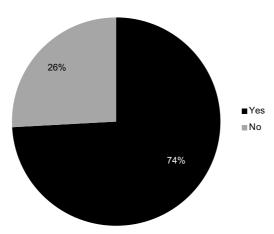
### A2.6.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



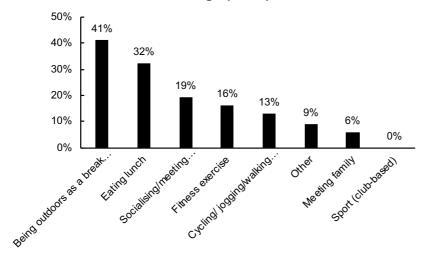
#### A2.6.8b Where respondents work



### A2.6.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



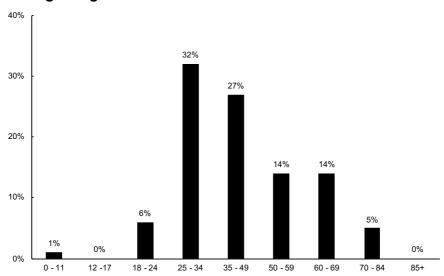
#### A2.6.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



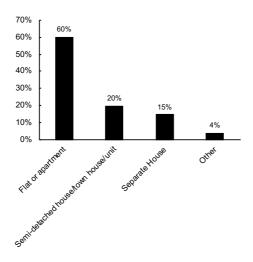
# A2.6.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 99 surveys received.

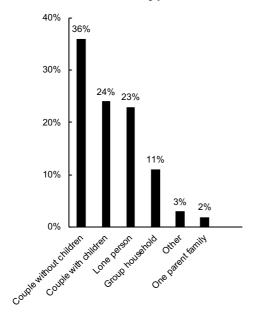
A2.6.9a Age range



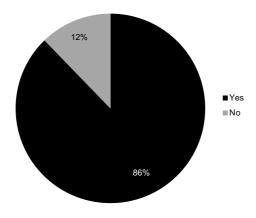
A2.6.9b Dwelling type



A2.6.9c Household type



A2.6.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# A2.7 Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

# Summary of the survey outcomes for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

**94** respondents indicated they live in Cremorne, Burnley or Richmond South. This represents 7 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 6 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley.

Cremorne, Burnley and South Richmond residents appreciate and utilise their open space for social contact and events, playing sport and walking their dogs. Barkley Gardens is the most popular open space valued for play, picnics, meeting friends and exercise. Citizens Park, Barkley Gardens and Whites Street Reserve are other popular reserves. Key issues identified in the responses include the lack of open space, particularly in Cremorne and difficulty in accessing open space available due to a lack of/poor quality of footpaths and/or cycle paths and busy traffic.

Conflicts between dog owners and children using sporting grounds was a common conflict, with dog waste being a reoccurring issue at Citizens Park and Kevin Bartlett Reserve. Those parks also require clubroom upgrades and facilities for females. Trees were highly valued in parks for their character and shade and requested as a priority in the streetscapes as well.

# A2.7.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley, 94. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

The highest ranking for open space values is as a place to relax and unwind, followed by trees and the feeling of space. These top three are consistent with the municipal wide results however the top ranking in the municipal average is trees. The key differences from the municipal average is a higher priority given to a place for children to play, the quiet, fitness and playing team based and casual ball sports. Habitat values, walking dogs and green character were all given a lower ranking.

Value	%
A place to relax and unwind	77%
Trees	73%
The feeling of space	66%
Place for children to play	64%
An escape from the built environment	62%

Value	%
Just being outside	55%
Health and wellbeing	55%
Fitness	51%
Meeting people/friends	49%
Habitat for native plants and animals	49%
It is accessible	41%
The quiet	39%
Flowers/garden beds	39%
Natural bushland character	39%
Exercising dogs	38%
Playing casual ball games	33%
Playing team/club based sport	33%
The diversity of open space	28%
Knowing that it is there	22%
Historical character	19%
Cultural heritage values	18%
Cultural activities and events	15%
Green character	14%
Watching activity	9%
Other	1%

# A2.7.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 94 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.7.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space beyond Cremorne	%
43	Barkly Gardens	46%
29	Citizens Park	31%
18	Burnley Park	19%
11	White Street Reserve	12%
9	Charles Evans Reserve	10%
8	Golden Square Park	9%
8	Gosch's Paddock	9%
7	Yarra Park	7%
7	Yarra River Corridor	7%
6	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	6%
6	McConchie Reserve	6%
6	Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne	6%
3	Yarra River Trail (Railway to Punt Rd)	3%
2	Alan Bain Reserve	2%
2	Dame Nellie Melba Park	2%
2	Kagan Institute Richmond Campus	2%
2	Loys Paddock	2%
2	Ryans Reserve	2%
1	Fitzroy Gardens	1%

No.	Open space beyond Cremorne	%
1	Local Open Space	1%
1	Richmond Terrace Park	1%
1	Treasury Gardens	1%
1	Wangaratta Street Park	1%
1	Williams Reserve	1%
1	Yarra River Trail (Bridge Rd to Swan St)	1%
1	Yarra River Trail (McConchie Reserve to Church St)	1%
1	Yarra River Trail (Johnston St to Clark St)	1%

# A2.7.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley

The following table lists the reasons why Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Barkly Gardens is predominately used for informal play, social events and exercise, whereas Citizens Park is mainly used for sport and dog walking/exercise.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Barkly	11	Playground	5	Toilets - maintenance required
Gardens 43	8	Picnic facilities - BBQs	4	Picnic facilities - shade required
45	6	Access - close to home	3	Improvements - none required
	6	Social - meeting people/friends	3	Playground - shade required
	5	Exercising	2	Improvements - none required - improvements appreciated
	4	Dog walking	2	Picnic facilities - shelter required
	4	Open space - large space	2	Toilets - additional required
	4	Play - children	2	Toilets - deterrents for drug users
	4	Walking	2	Toilets - upgrade required
	3	Diverse range of activities	2	Trees - maintenance required
	3	Dog friendly	1	Bins - additional required
	3	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	3	Events - children	1	Cycle paths - improve
	3	Picnics	1	Cycling - improve amenity/safety in streets to access open space
	2	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Dogs - enforce on-leash regulations
	2	Informal ball games/sports	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Play	1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields
	2	Relaxing	1	Footpaths - improve amenity in streets to access open space
	1	Access - easy to access	1	Garden beds - maintenance required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Informal sport facilities - install goal posts
	1	Open space	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball court requires shade
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Informal sports facilities - install layer soccer nets next to power terminals
	1	Open space - away from busy roads and traffic	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Open space - green	1	Maintenance - valued
	1	Open space - layout	1	Paths - surface upgrades
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs additional required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Open Opaces	1	Open space - well maintained	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs regular
	4	Conial abilduarda mentina	1	maintenance required
	1	Social - children's parties  Social - sense of community	1	Picnic facilities - upgrade  Seating - additional required
	1	Sport - children's cricket	1	Security - prohibit consumption of
	'	oport dimarents dileket	'	alcohol at night
	1	Sports oval	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Trees - shade	1	Traffic - close Mary St during school hours
			1	Trees - additional required
			1	Trees - plant additional indigenous
Citizens Park	8	Sport - junior football	7	trees Sporting facilities - clubrooms
29		1		require upgrade
	5	Dog walking	6	Dogs - dog owners responsible for dog waste
	5	Sport - children	5	Sporting facilities - clubrooms
	2	Exercising	3	require facilities for girls  Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional
		, and the second		required
	2	Playgrounds	2	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields
	2	Sport	2	Improvements - none required
	2	Sport - junior cricket	2	Sports oval - improve turf
	2	Sport - football	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional
	1	Access - easy to access	1	required  Drainage - improvement required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Exercise equipment - additional
	'		<u>'</u>	required
	1	Dogs - exercise	1	Gates - improve
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Information - additional information required about open space and facilities available
	1	Jogging/running	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Paths - connecting path/s required to Bridge Road
	1	Open space - being outside	1	Paths - running track required
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Pavilion - improve
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Play Play - children	1 1	Shelters - provide additional Sporting facilities - additional
	I	Play - Children	'	facilities for girls required
	1	Play - young toddler	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Relaxing	1	Toilets - upgrade required
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	_	
	1	Sport - community organised	_	
	1	Sports oval		
Burnley Park 18	4	Dog walking	3	Caretaker's cottage - improve
-	3	Walking	3	Exercise equipment - additional required
	2	Access - close to home	2	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	2	Exercising	2	Garden beds - improvement required
	2	Open space - being outside	2	Improvements - none required
	2	Open space - large space	1	Bins - empty frequently
	2	Play - children	1	Dogs - owners to effectively control their dogs
	2	Playground	1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting field
	1	Access - cycling through	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	1	Access - travel through	1	Garden Beds - additional native/indigenous planting required
			•	

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Birdlife watching	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball facilities -appreciated
	1	Sport - basketball	1	Informal sports facilities- facilities for older children
			1	Playgrounds - increase diversity of equipment for a range of ages
			1	Toilets - open outside of business hours
White Street	2	Sport - informal ball games	2	Playgrounds - upgrade required
Reserve 11	1	Cycle paths - good quality	1	Informal sporting facilities - climbing wall required
	1	Dogs - exercise	1	Lighting - required for evening play
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Open space - enlarge/extend the open space
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Playgrounds - fence to prevent dogs
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Toilets - upgrade required
	1	Picnics	1	Trees - maintenance required
	1	Play - young toddler		
	1	Reading		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Sport - children's		
	1	Trees - large		
	1	Trees - native		
Charles Evans	3	Social - meeting people/friends	4	Grassing - improvements required
Reserve	2	Dog friendly	2	Open space - additional required
9	2	Access - close to home	2	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	2	Picnics	1	Garden beds - maintenance required
	2	Play - children		
	1	Access - easy to access		
	1	Informal ball games/sports		
	1	Open space - additional required		
	1	Open space - grassed areas		
	1	Open space - green		
	1	Open space - additional required		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Open space - provision		
	1	Playground		
<u> </u>	1	Relaxing	<b>.</b>	I <del></del> 11 - 1 - 1 - 1
Golden Square Park	3	Access - close to home	4	Toilets - additional required
8	2	Playground  Dog walking	2	Playgrounds - shade required Picnic facilities - additional BBQs
	1	Café and kiosk facilities	1	required  Dogs - prohibit near playgrounds
	1	Dog friendly	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional
	1	,	1	required  Picnic facilities - additional tables
		Family friendly	<u>'</u>	required
	1	Informal ball games/sports	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - being outside	_	
	1	Open space - clean	1	
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - well maintained	1	
	1	Play - children		
Gosch's	4	Dog walking	3	Open space - additional required
Paddock	2	Exercising	1	Access - provide an overpass

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
8	2	Walking	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Cycling - improve amenity in the streets to access open space
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	1	Informal ball games/sports	1	Footpaths - improve amenity in the streets to access open space
	2	Open space - additional required	1	Garden beds - additional required
	1	Open space - clean	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Traffic - noise intrusive
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space - sense of space		
	1	Sport - spectating		
Yarra Park	2	Dog walking	2	Open space - additional required
7	2	Jogging/running	1	Access - provide an overpass at Sean St
	1	Access - close to home	1	Carpark - remove, retain as parklan
	1	Cycling	1	Drinking fountains - provide additional
	1	Exercising	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Playgrounds - increase diversity of equipment for a range of age group
	1	Open space - green		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Playground		
	1	Walking		<u> </u>
Yarra River Corridor	3	Exercising	1	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
7	2	Open space - peaceful	1	Drinking fountains - provide additional
	2	Running	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Access - cycling through	1	Lighting - additional required on trai
	1	Access - easy to access	1	Rubbish - additional traps required on river
	1	Cycling	1	Shared paths - separate paths for cyclists and pedestrians required
	1	Cycling - travel through	1	Shared paths - widen paths
	1	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space - being outside	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - fresh air		
	1	Views		
	1	Walking		
McConchie	2	Access - close to home	2	Seating - additional required
Reserve 6	2	Dog walking	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Bins - emptied additional frequently
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Biodiversity - improve habitat for Rakali
	1	Exercising	1	Interpretation Signage - about indigenous culture
	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball half court	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Public art - provide additional indigenous
	1	Open space - green		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Playground		
	1	River setting		

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Royal Botanic	1	Exercising	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
Gardens Melbourne	1	Flora and Fauna		mprovements appreciated
6	1	Gardens	1	
	1	Jogging/running	1	
	1	Open Space - ambience, beauty	1	
	1	Open space - green	1	
	1	Open space - none within walking distance		
	1	Walking		
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	1	Picnics	1	Lighting - additional required on East Side
3	1	Sport - children	1	Sporting facilities - additional netball facilities required
	1	Sport - children's football	1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require greater access for children
	1	Sport - football	1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade
Yarra River	1	Access convenient (on the work)	1	Toilets - upgrade required  Carpark - remove, retain as parkland
Trail (Railway	1	Access - convenient (on the way)  Open space - additional required	1	Open space - additional required
to Punt Rd) 3	1	River setting	1	(Nylex)  Open space - enlarge/extend the
			'	open space
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Walking		I =
Dame Nellie Melba Park 2	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, no restricted hours  Seating - upgrade surface
2	1	Dog walking Play - young toddler	'	Seating - upgrade surface
	1	Shade	1	
Kagan	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Community garden - required
Institute Richmond	1	Sport - basketball	1	Informal recreational facilities - provide additional
Campus 2	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Open space - additional required
_	1	Sport - children	1	Picnic facilities - additional required
	1	Sport - volleyball	1	Trees - additional required
Loys Paddock	2	Exercising	1	Garden beds - additional native/indigenous planting required
2	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - peaceful		
Ryans Reserve	1	Reading	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
2	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Walking		
	1	Sport - netball		T =
Alan Bain Reserve	1	Open space	2	Trees - additional required
1	1	Sport - cricket	1	Cycle paths - improve
	1	Sport - football	1	Open space - improve
			1	Paths - perimeter path required  Shade - provide additional
Fitzroy	1	Cycling	1	Improvements - none required
Gardens	1	Jogging/running	'	improvements - none required
1	1	Open space - green	1	
	1	Walking	1	
Richmond	1	Reading	1	Community garden - required
Terrace Park	1	Relaxing	1	Vegetation - provide additional
1	i		1	1 11111111

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Treasury	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Improvements - none required
Gardens 1	1	Walking		
Wangaratta	1	Access - close to home	1	Open space - uninviting
Street Park 1				
Williams Reserve	1	Access - close to home	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
1	1	Café and kiosk facilities		
	1	Playground		
Yarra River	1	Access - travel through		
Trail (Bridge Rd to Swan St) 1	1	Exercising		
Yarra River Trail (McConchie	1	Exercising	1	Paths - cyclist/pedestrian bridge required at MacRobertson Bridge or Church Street Park
Reserve to	1	Open space - green		
Church St) 1	1	River setting		
Yarra River Trail	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Toilets - additional required
(Johnston St to Clark St)	1	Open space - natural character		
1	1	Open space - peaceful		

# A2.7.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 94 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.7.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space beyond walking distance	%
9	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	10%
8	Citizens Park	9%
5	Outside of Municipality	5%
4	Barkly Gardens	4%
4	Edinburgh Gardens	4%
4	Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne	4%
4	Yarra Bend Park	4%
4	Yarra River Corridor	4%
3	Burnley Park	3%
3	Gosch's Paddock	3%
2	Collingwood Children's Farm	2%
2	Fawkner Park	2%
2	Studley Park	2%
1	Albert Park	1%
1	Darebin Parklands	1%
1	Fairfield Park	1%
1	Golden Square Park	1%

No.	Open space beyond walking distance	%
1	Local Open Space	1%
1	Local Ovals	1%
1	Port Melbourne Beach	1%
1	Princes Park Carlton	1%
1	Richmond Terrace Park	1%
1	Sandridge Beach	1%
1	Yarra Park	1%
1	Yarra River Trail (River St to Bridge Rd)	1%

#### A2.7.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. Overall the results indicate that Kevin Bartlett Reserve is mainly used for structured sporting use, while Citizens park is used for a combination of sport and unstructured recreation use. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space.

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvement
Kevin	3	Sport - junior football	2	Bins - additional required
Bartlett Reserve	1	Dog walking	2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require facilities for girls
9	1	Jogging/running	1	Dogs - owners responsible for waste
	1	Sport	1	Drainage - improvement required
	1	Sport - children	1	Seating - provide additional
	1	Sport - girl's football	1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade
	1	Sport - children's cricket	1	Sporting facilities - upgrade
	1	Sport - community	1	Sports oval - improve turf
	1	Sport - participation		
Citizens Park	1	Access - central location	1	Picnic facilities - BBQ's additional required
8	1	Access - close to pool	1	Cycling - improve amenity/safety in streets to access open space
	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Dogs - dog owners responsible for dog waste
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Footpaths - improve amenity in streets to access open space
	1	Dogs - exercise	1	Grassing - fill in holes
	1	Exercise equipment	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance and cleaning required
	1	Fences	1	Playground - additional equipment required
	1	Playground	1	Security - additional required
	1	Sport - Auskick	1	Trees - additional required around sports oval
	1	Sport - Richmond Union Cricket Club		
	1	Sporting facilities		
	1	Sporting oval		
Outside of municipality 5	1	Playgrounds	1	Open space - additional required in Cremorne
	1	Beach	1	Playgrounds - additional creative/diverse character
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Playgrounds - water park required in Cremorne

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvement
	1	Facilities		
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - identity		
	1	Playground - diversity of		
		equipment for a range of age groups		
	1	Walking		
	1	Water park		
Barkly Gardens	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Playground - improvements appreciated
ı	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Toilets - upgrade
	1	Dog walking		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Playground		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Sports oval		
Edinburgh Gardens	2	Relaxing	1	Sporting facilities - increase football use
4	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Park infrastructure - provide additional facilities
	1	Cycle paths	1	Paths - separate cyclist and pedestrian paths
	1	Festivals		
	1	Open space - beauty		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Picnics		
Royal Botanic	1	Free	2	Improvements - none required
Gardens	1	Open space - beautiful		
Melbourne	1	Open space - peaceful		
4	1	Relaxing		
Yarra Bend	2	Open space - natural character	1	Improvements - none required
Park 4	2	Walking	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
	1	Exercising	1	Paths - maintenance required on dirt tracks
	1	Jogging/running		unt tracks
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - escape from the		
	·	built environment		
	1	Open space - large space		
Burnley	1	Picnic facilities - BBQ's	1	Improvements - none required
Park B	1	Children's parties	1	Toilets - additional required
-	1	Gardens	4	
	1	Play - children		
	1	Walking		T = - n
Gosch's Paddock 3	2	Dog walking	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	2	Walking	1	Dogs - prohibited areas
Collingwood Children's	1	Cafe/kiosks	1	Improvements - none required
Farm 2	1	Farm - animals Gardens	1	Open space - additional required in Cremorne
	1		4	
	1	Open space - historic character	4	
	1	Open space - large space	4	
F =	1	River setting	1	Overline Deller variable 15
Fawkner Park 2	1	Cycling  Open space - escape from the	1	Cycling Paths - connect Fawkne Park to the Yarra River Trail  Open space - additional required
-	'	built environment	1	Open space - additional required

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvement
	1	Open space - natural character	1	Open space - value natural character
	1	Picnics		
	1	Sport - tennis		
Studley Park 2	1	Dog friendly	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs additional required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Playground - upgrade
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Shelters - provide additional
	1	Walking	1	Toilets - additional required
Albert Park	1	Jogging/running		
1	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - fresh air		
Darebin	1	Information - flora and fauna		
Parklands	1	Information - heritage		
•	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Open space - natural character		
Fairfield	1	Open space - natural character		
Park 1	1	Open space - provides cool areas		
1	1	River setting		
Golden	1	Fairy Tree	1	Toilets - additional required
Square Park	1	Picnic facilities - BBQ's		
1	1	Playground		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Local concreted open space	1	Sport - Roller derby	1	Sporting facilities - provide additional hard surfaced multi use courts
1	1	Sport - Roller hockey		•
Local Ovals 1	1	Sport - children's football		
Port Melbourne	1	Beach		
Beach				
Princes Park Carlton	1	Jogging/running		
1				
Richmond	1	Walking - rest stop	1	Improvements - none required
Terrace Park 1			I	•
Sandridge Beach	1	Dog friendly		
1				
Yarra Park	1	Dogs - none	1	Improvements - none required
1	1	Informal sport facilities - goal posts		•
Yarra River	1	Open space - natural character	1	Improvements - none required
Trail (River St to Bridge Rd)	1	Trees		

### A2.7.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or additional broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

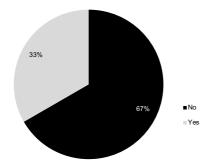
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

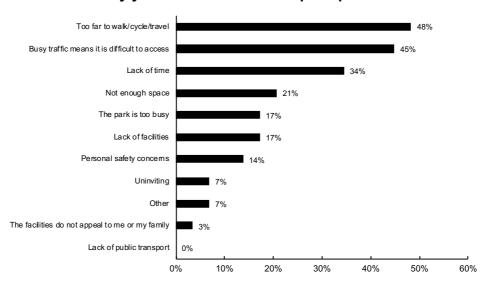
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 94 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 29 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the guestion.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

33 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is 11 per cent higher than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due to the distance followed by a lack of access due to major roads. Compared to the Municipal average, 7 per cent more respondents in this precinct noted travel distance to open space as an issue. The traffic as a reason for not visiting open space is 18 per cent higher than the Municipal

average. Time constraints were also higher than the Municipal average of 26 per cent by 8 per cent.

# A2.7.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley. The percentages are calculated based on the 94 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%	
10% to 19%	
20% to 29%	
30% to 39%	
40% and over	

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use.

Open space along the Yarra River is the most visited open space, followed closely by large parks and gardens, local streets for exercise and small local parks

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
88%	Large parks and gardens	21%	24%	19%	16%	7%	10%	2%
82%	Large sporting reserves		21%	23%	15%	15%	13%	5%
86%	Local streets for exercise		18%	12%	4%	3%	6%	7%
51%	Medium sized parks	2%	4%	6%	16%	22%	38%	11%
49%	Open space along the Merri Creek	1%	2%	1%	6%	38%	34%	17%
89%	Open space along the Yarra River		30%	22%	13%	5%	4%	6%
84%	Small local parks	13%	30%	12%	21%	9%	9%	7%
52%	Urban Squares	0%	9%	9%	11%	24%	29%	19%

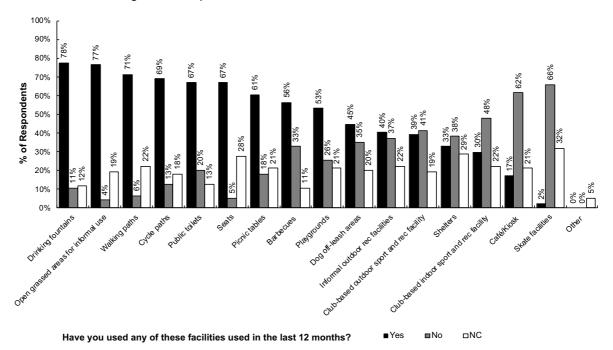
#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

On a daily/weekly basis, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by open space along the Yarra River, and large parks and gardens. This generally reflects the lack of small local parks in Cremorne and the proximity to the Yarra River and Barkley Gardens.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
79%	Local streets for exercise	49%	18%	12%
71%	Open space along the Yarra River	19%	30%	22%
65%	Large parks and gardens	21%	24%	19%
54%	Small local parks	13%	30%	12%
52%	Large sporting reserves	7%	21%	23%
17%	Urban Squares	0%	9%	9%
13%	Medium sized parks	2%	4%	6%
4%	Open space along the Merri Creek	1%	2%	1%

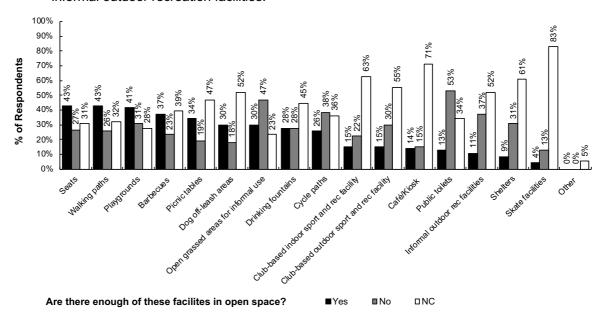
#### A2.7.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Cremorne, Burnley and South Richmond, 94. Respondents indicated that drinking fountains, open grassed areas and walking paths were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months. Overall, compared to the municipal average, the level of use of many of the facilities is higher in this precinct.



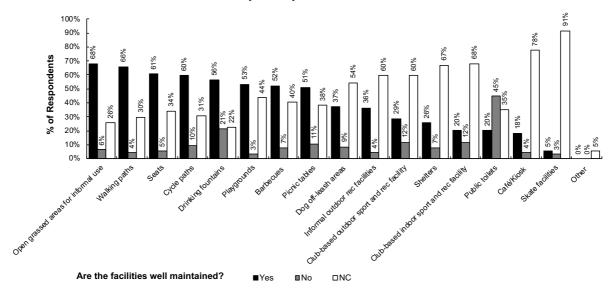
#### A2.7.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley surveys received, 94. Compared with the municipal results, there is a greater demand for more facilities and features in open space, particularly open grassed areas, public toilets and informal outdoor recreation facilities.



#### A2.7.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley surveys returned, 94.



# A2.7.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Cremorne, Richmond South and Burnley respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

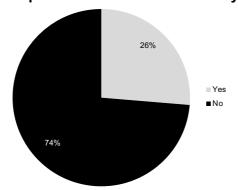
No.	General Comments List
<b>35</b>	Open Space
19	Open space - additional required as density increases
3	Open space - contributes to livability
3 2	Open space - provide additional multi use spaces
	Open space - prioritise open space development
1 1	Open space - appreciate previous improvements
1	Open space - appreciate the choice and variety Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing
1	Open space - important for birds and wildlife
1	Open space - important for birds and wilding
1	Open space - additional open spaces with trees required
1	Open space - additional open spaces required for a variety of reasons
1	Open space - additional small open spaces required
	Sport space additional small sport spaces required
13	Maintenance and Management
3	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
2	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
1	Bins - empty frequently
1	Dog - off-leash areas, additional required
1	Dog - off-leash personal safety concerns
1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields
1	Paths - enforce walking on paths dedicated to pedestrians
1	Rubbish - remove rubbish from open space
1	Shopping trolleys - remove from streets and open space
1	Smoking - prohibit at 64 Balmain Street
•	Showing prompt at a 1 Bannain Grade
10	Recreation Facilities
3	Sporting facilities - provide additional for girls
2	Sporting facilities - provide additional for children
1	Playgrounds - shelter required
1	Sports field - required
1	Sporting facilities - provide additional hard surfaced multi use courts
1	Sporting facilities - provide additional indoor multi use courts
1	Sports facilities - valued
10	Trees and Vegetation
2	Trees - additional street trees required
1	Garden beds - additional required
1	Streetscape - additional green/plants
1	Streetscape - additional green/plants on southern Canterbury Street
1	Trees - do not remove
1	Trees - fruit trees for community engagement
1	Trees - plant additional fruit trees
1	Vegetation - improve maintenance
1	Vertical garden - additional required
9	Park Infrastructure

No.	General Comments List
1	Bins - additional required
1	Drinking Fountains - additional required
1	Interpretation signage - about indigenous culture
1	Interpretation signage - about native vegetation
1	Lighting - additional required
1	Picnic facilities - additional required
1	Picnic facilities - shelters required
1	Signage - instructional and navigational signage for paths required on Yarra Trail
1	Toilets - additional required
9	Other
1	Appreciate the opportunity to comment
1	Council to acquire Ryan's Reserve for protection
1	Footpaths - infrastructure to accommodate growing density on Southern Canterbury St
1	High density developments - should contribute funds for open space developments in immediate vicinity
1	High density developments - to include incidental green into design
1	Improvements - none required, appreciate the opportunity to comment
1	Streets - widen on southern Canterbury Street
1	Traffic - congested
1	Traffic - speeds need to be reduced access and residential streets
6	Access
2	Footpaths - improve amenity in streets to access open space
1	Cycling - improve amenity in streets to access open space
1	Footpaths - provide additional paths connecting to the Royal Botanical Gardens "Tan" and Melbourne Cricket Ground
1	Links - green cyclist and pedestrian link between Richmond Highschool and Primary
1	Links - improve links so open space is on route
6	Paths
1	Cycle paths - connecting paths required, Coppin Street
1	Cycle paths - additional required on road
1	Cycle paths - need separate paths for cyclists and pedestrians
1	Paths - maintenance required post construction
1	Paths - safer routes required
I	i auis - saici ioutes iequiieu

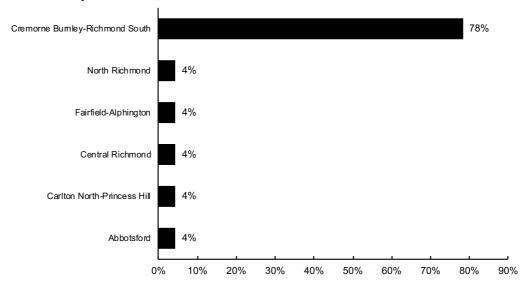
# A2.7.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 94 surveys received.

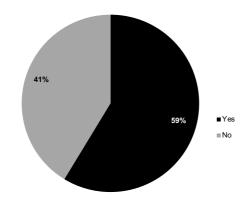
#### A2.7.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



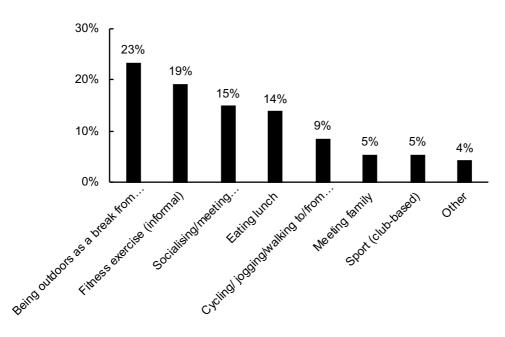
#### A2.7.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.7.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



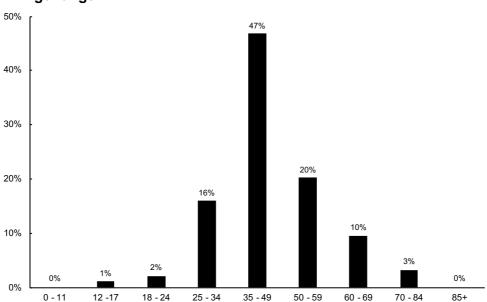
### A2.7.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



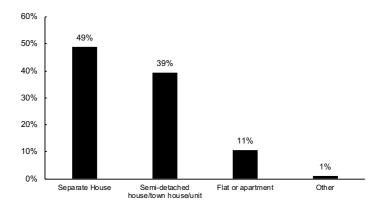
# A2.7.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 94 surveys received.

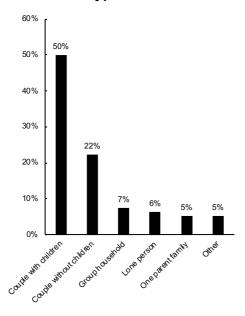
#### A2.7.9a Age range



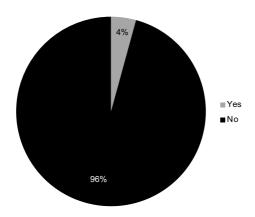
#### A2.7.9b Dwelling type



### 3.7.9c Household type



## 3.7.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# A2.8 Fairfield and Alphington

# Summary of the survey outcomes for Fairfield and Alphington

**55** respondents indicated they live in Fairfield and Alphington. This represents 4 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 3 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Fairfield and Alphington.

Alphington Park is most popular, mainly for dog walking, play and its beauty. Fairfield Park and Coate Park are also popular mainly for dog walking and exercise. Being close to the Yarra River concerns regarding the health of the river is a key issue for them. Informal sporting facilities, particularly with a focus on women's sports and netball are repeatedly cited, as is the desire for more drinking fountains, and for new and diverse playgrounds.

### A2.8.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Fairfield and Alphington, 55. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

84 per cent of respondents value open space a place to relax and unwind, followed by trees and habitat for native plants and animals. The higher valuing of habitat values and also its natural bushland character reflects the proximity of this precinct to the Yarra River. The other significant difference is the value of open space for meeting people and and friends is much lower than the municipal average. This is likely due to the higher amount of private open space that residents have access to in this precinct.

Value	%
A place to relax and unwind	84%
Trees	82%
Habitat for native plants and animals	78%
An escape from the built environment	71%
Health and well being	64%
Natural bushland character	64%
A place for children to play	62%
The feeling of space	62%
Just being outside	58%
Exercising dogs	56%
Flowers/garden beds	49%
The quiet	49%
Green character	47%
Fitness	45%

Value	%
It's accessible	42%
Cultural heritage values/significance	38%
Historical character	38%
Meeting people/friends	38%
Knowing that it's there	35%
The diversity of open space	31%
Cultural activities and events	29%
Playing casual ball games/activity	25%
Playing team/club based sport	24%
Watching activity	15%
Other	4%

The other category included risk and adventure play for children and collecting edible weeds.

# A2.8.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 55 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.8.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
24	Alphington Park	44%
13	Fairfield Park	24%
12	Coate Park	22%
9	Darebin Parklands	16%
9	Yarra Bend Park	16%
7	Alphington Park Wetland	13%
5	Rudder Grange	9%
5	Sparks Reserve	9%
4	Yarra River Corridor	7%
2	Edinburgh Gardens	4%
1	Atherton Reserve	2%
1	Bellbird Picnic Area	2%
1	Darebin Yarra Trail Link	2%
1	Johnson Park	2%
1	Local cycle paths	2%
1	Local golf clubs	2%
1	Merri Creek Shared Trail	2%
1	Oxford Street Park	2%
1	Peel Street Park	2%
1	Raines Reserve	2%

# A2.8.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Fairfield and Alphington

The following table lists the reasons why Fairfield and Alphington respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall dog walking is the main reason people visit open space, along with watching children play and exercising.

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Alphington	10	Dog walking	3	Playgrounds - upgrade
Park 24	5	Access - close to home	2	Improvements - none required
	4	Play - children	2	Informal recreational facilities - netball court required
	3	Open space - beautiful	2	Open space - regular watering required
	3	Relaxing	1	Access - to the river required
	3	Walking	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs
	2	Exercising	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs off-leash
	2	Recreation - family	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	1	Access - to the river	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Informal recreational facilities - skate park required
	1	Informal sporting facilities - cricket nets	1	Paths - limit the number of paths
	1	Jogging/running	1	Playgrounds - nature play playground required
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Playgrounds - water play playgrounds required
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	Sporting facilities - facilities dedicated to women's sport required
	1	Open space - natural character		,
	1	Vegetation - Indigenous		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Fairfield Park	4	Dog walking	3	Improvements - none required
13	4	Walking	2	Open space - additional bushland required
	3	Exercising	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	3	Play - children	1	Fairfield Boathouse - extend opening hours to include dinner in summer
	2	Access - travel through	1	Landscape design - maintain historic character
	2	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Revegetation - review impact on vistas/views
	2	Play - augmented reality games	1	Streetscape - additional plantings required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Trees - retain exotic/deciduous trees
	1	Café/kiosk facilities		1
	1	Canoeing/rowing/kayaking		
	1	Dogs - exercising		
	1	Open space - historical character		
	1	Open space - memory/association		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Sport - children's cricket		
Coate Park	5	Dog walking	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
12	3	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	2	Exercising	1	Exercise equipment - additional
	2	Open space - ambience,	1	required Informal recreation facilities - skate
		beauty		park required
	1	Access - travel to school	1	Open grassed areas- improvements required
	1	Birdlife watching - ducks	1	Open space - maintenance required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Paths - improve paths under the
	1	Open space - natural	1	Fairfield Railway Bridge Paths - improve river paths
		character		
	1	Open space - valued	1	Paths - maintenance needed due to tunnel erosion
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Residential run-off - filter through wetland
	1	Play - augmented reality	1	Rubbish - remove from river
	1	games Play - children	1	Vegetation - avoid using chemical
	1	River setting	1	herbicides Vegetation - replant and restore river
	1	Walking		corridor
Darebin	4	Dog walking	1	Access - provide safer places to cross
Parklands				major roads for cycle path
9	4	Exercising	1	Access - required to path from Alphington
	4	Walking	1	Cycle paths - finish
	1	Jogging/running	1	Sporting facilities - facilities dedicated to women's sport required
	1	Open space - natural character		To women's sport required
	1	Open space - valued		
	1	Social - meeting		
Yarra Bend	3	people/friends Open space - beautiful	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional
Park	3	Open space - beautiful	'	required
9	2	Dog walking	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs
	1	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs off-leash
	1	Access - travel through	1	Drinking fountains - additional require
	1	Cycle paths	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Dogs - off-lead area		
	1	Exercising		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Open space - uncrowded		
	1	Picnics		
	1	River setting		
	1	Sport - golf		
	1	Vegetation - Indigenous		
	1	Walking		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Alphington	5	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
Park Wetland 7	1	Exercising	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Open space - beautiful		_ aa manganoma orginago roquirou
	1	Open space - fresh air		
	1	Open space - natural		
	1	character Relaxing		
	1	Walking		
Rudder Grange	2	Dog walking	1	Drinking fountains - additional require
5	2	Walking	1	Open space - retain natural character

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Open space - historical		
	1	character Open space -		
	·	memory/association		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Open space - small space		
	1	Play - augmented reality		
	1	games River setting		
Sparks Reserve 5	2	Access - close to home	2	Open space - protect the natural character
	2	Walking paths		
Yarra River	2	Walking	1	Paths - additional required
Corridor 4	1	Dog walking	1	Restoration - continue
4	1	Recreation - family		1
	1	Relaxing		
Edinburgh	1	Dog walking	1	Playgrounds - upgrade
Gardens 2	1	Open space - popular	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Playgrounds		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Atherton Reserve	1	Access - close to work	1	Playgrounds - nature play playground required
1			1	Playgrounds - water play playgrounds required
Bellbird Picnic	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
Area 1	1	Wildlife watching - bats		
Darebin Yarra	1	Cycling		
Trail Link 1	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Walking paths		
Johnson Park 1	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
•		1	1	
Local cycle paths	1	Cycling		
1 Local golf				
clubs 1				
Merri Creek	1	Cycling	1	River - to be cleaned
Shared Trail 1	1	Walking		
Oxford Street	1	Lunch	1	Garden beds - additional required
Park 1	1	Relaxing	1	Open grassed areas - improvements required
Peel Street	1	Lunch	1	Shade - additional required
Park	1	Outdoors/being outside		
1 Raines Reserve 1	1	Access - close to work	1	Garden beds - additional required with historical context
•		ı	1	Trees - plant more shade trees to reduce heat islands
			1	Vegetation - avoid plants that block
				views

# A2.8.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 55 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.8.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
10	Edinburgh Gardens	18%
3	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	5%
3	Quarries Park	5%
3	Studley Park	5%
3	Yarra Bend Park	5%
2	Fairfield Park	4%
2	Royal Botanic Gardens Melbourne	4%
2	Sparks Reserve	4%
1	Alphington Park	2%
1	Bellbird Picnic Area	2%
1	Carlton Gardens	2%
1	Darebin Creek Precinct	2%
1	Darebin Parklands	2%
1	Melbourne Central Shopping Centre	2%
1	Oxford Street Park	2%
1	Ramsden Street Reserve	2%
1	Wilson Reserve	2%
1	Yarra River Corridor	2%

#### A2.8.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Fairfield and Alphington respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Edinburgh Gardens is the most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance, for dog walking and also for social events and sport.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	3	Dog walking	2	Improvements - none required
Gardens 10	2	Playground	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs off-leash
	2	Sport - children's cricket	1	Informal recreational facilities - additional basketball court required
	1	Facilities		
	1	Informal recreation facilities - basketball court		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Play - children	1	
	1	Trees - beautiful		
Abbotsford	1	Markets	1	Improvements - none required
Convent Arts Precinct 3			1	Landscape design - retain historical character
Quarries Park 3	1	Exercising	1	Playgrounds - adventure play required
	1	Play - children	1	Playgrounds - upgrade

Open space				
visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements Playgrounds - water play required
	1	Playground	1	Playgrounds - water play required
Ctudley Devic	2	Social - meeting people/friends		
Studley Park 3	2	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Boathouse		
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - escape from the		
	1	built environment Open space - peaceful		
	1	Walking paths		
Yarra Bend Park	1	Cycling	1	Drinking fountains - additional
3				required
	1	Exercising	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Sport		
	1	Walking		
	1	Walking paths		
Fairfield Park 2	1	Canoeing/rowing/kayaking	1	Access - improve wheelchair access
_	1	Dog friendly	1	Drinking fountains - additional
		Malling	4	required
	1	Walking	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
Royal Botanic Gardens	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Improvements - none required
Melbourne	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs		
2	1	River setting		
	1	Walking		
Sparks Reserve 2	2	Access - close to home		
	2	Walking		
Alphington Park				
1				
Bellbird Picnic Area	1	Wildlife watching - flying foxes	1	Improvements - none required
1				
Carlton Gardens	1	Relaxing		
1	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Darebin Creek	1	Dog walking	1	Access - additional bridge
Precinct 1		Fyereiging		required at southern end
'	1	Exercising  Open space - peaceful		
Darebin Parklands	1	Dog walking		
Darebin Parkiands	1	Dog waiking	]	
		Louist margarette	ı	
Melbourne Central Shopping Centre	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
1		1	1	
Oxford Street Park 1	1	Lunch	1	Landscape design - improvement/upgrade needed
•		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	I improvementapgrade needed
Ramsden Street			1	Informal recreational facilities -
Reserve				cricket nets require maintenance
1				
Wilson Reserve	1	Dog walking		
1	1	Exercising		
Yarra River Corridor	1	Exercising	1	Improvements - none required
Corridor 1				

#### A2.8.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

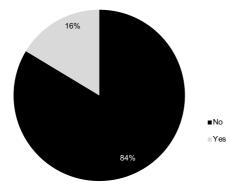
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

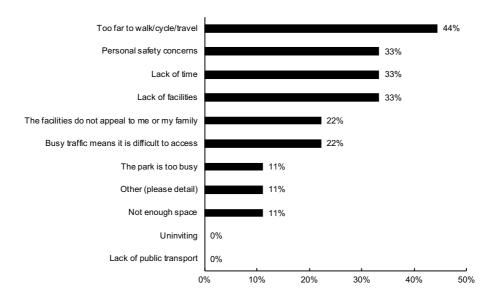
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 55 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 9 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

16 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is lower than the Municipal response, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due distance, followed equally by personal safety concerns, a lack of time and lack of facilities. Compared to the Municipal average, 3 per cent more respondents in Fairfield and Alphington considered travel distance to open space as an issue. Personal safety scored 18 per cent higher, followed by lack of facilities at 14 per cent, with lack of time being only 7 per cent more than the Municipal response.

# A2.8.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Fairfield and Alphington. The percentages are calculated based on the 55 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%		
10% to 19%		
20% to 29%		
30% to 39%		
40% and over		

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use

Overwhelmingly the open space along the Yarra River is most visited, followed by small local parks, while the large park and gardens are equally used as local streets for exercise.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
84%	Open space along the Merri Creek	15%	18%	13%	29%	9%	16%	0%
98%	Open space along the Yarra River	25%	31%	22%	15%	5%	2%	0%
89%	Large parks and gardens	16%	18%	20%	24%	11%	11%	0%
84%	Large sporting reserves	5%	15%	18%	29%	16%	16%	0%
56%	Medium sized parks	4%	4%	13%	11%	25%	40%	4%
93%	Small local parks	18%	22%	24%	20%	9%	7%	0%
31%	Urban Squares	0%	2%	4%	13%	13%	67%	2%
89%	Local streets for exercise	35%	25%	20%	5%	4%	9%	2%

#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

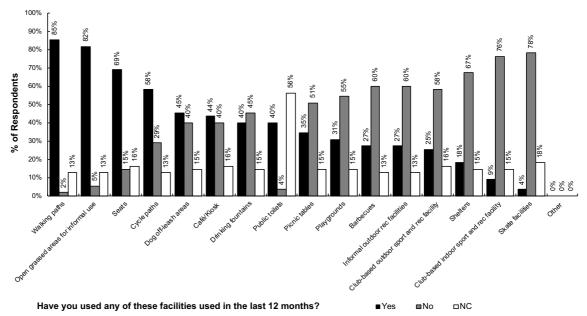
On a daily basis, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by the open space along the Yarra River. This generally reflects the easy access to the Yarra River in Fairfield and Alphington.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
80%	Local streets for exercise	35%	25%	20%
78%	Open space along the Yarra River	25%	31%	22%
64%	Small local parks	18%	22%	24%
55%	Large parks and gardens	16%	18%	20%
45%	Open space along the Merri Creek	15%	18%	13%
38%	Large sporting reserves	5%	15%	18%
20%	Medium sized parks	4%	4%	13%
5%	Urban Squares	0%	2%	4%

### A2.8.6 Facilities and features in open space

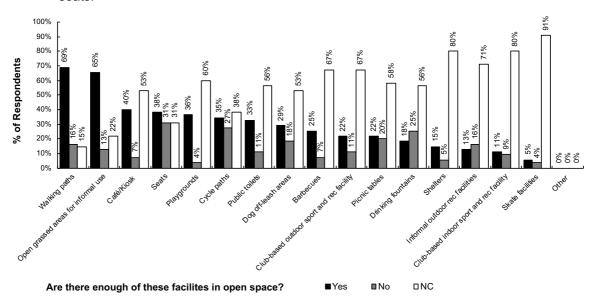
#### A2.8.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Fairfield and Alphington, 55. Respondents indicated that walking paths, open grassed areas and seats were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, all slightly higher than the Municipal average.



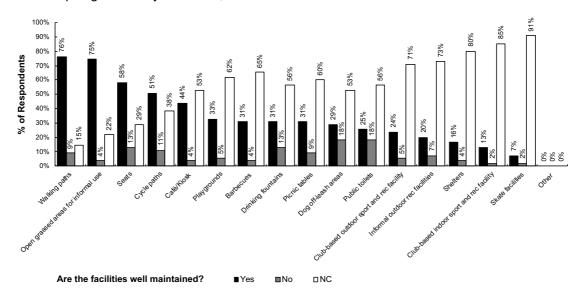
#### A2.8.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Fairfield and Alphington surveys received, 55. Coupled with the municipal average, respondents are more satisfied with the provision of facilities except for seats, where there is a higher number of people identifying there aren't enough seats.



#### A2.8.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Fairfield and Alphington surveys returned, 55.



# A2.8.7 General comments on open space

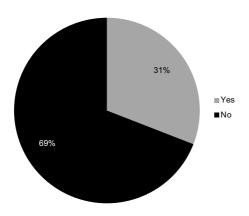
Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Fairfield and Alphington respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

No.	General Comments List
23	Open Space
6	Open space - valued
4	Open space - keep/retain what there is
2	Improvements - improvements made in Studley Park and Fairfield Park have made
	areas inaccessible
2	Open space - additional required
1	Improvements - none required
1	Open space - additional required as density increases
1	Open space - additional required as private gardens are smaller
1	Open space - additional smaller spaces required as density increases
1	Open space - contributes to liveability
1	Open space - important to combat global warming
1	River - maintain a green riparian zone
1	River - preserve banks from erosion
1	Urban ecosystem - required
8	Recreation Facilities
2	Exercise equipment - additional required
2	Playgrounds - additional nature play parks required
2	Sporting facilities - netball courts required
1	Informal recreation facilities - skate park required
1	Sporting facilities - netball courts with lights required
1	Sporting facilities - provide more for females
•	oporting radiitates provide more for females
7	Other
1	Developments - concerns about impact on suburb's quality
1	Developments - do not allow over three stories in height
1	Glenvill development - keep proposed development back from the river
1	Overall strategy - Council is doing a good job
1	Papermill - poorly planned
1	Street lighting - additional required in Como Street
1	Street lighting - maintenance required
6	Maintenance and Management
1	Community group - create group for community clean up
1	Dogs - fenced in off-leash areas required
1	Drones - flying space required
1	Graffiti - removal required
1	Maintenance - valued
1	Rubbish - remove litter in open space
2	Paths
1	Cycle paths - connecting paths required on Queens Parade in Clifton Hill
1	Streets - safety an issue
1	Park Infrastructure
1	Carpark - additional required at local school

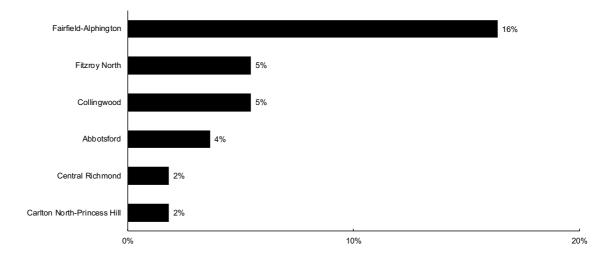
# A2.8.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 55 surveys received.

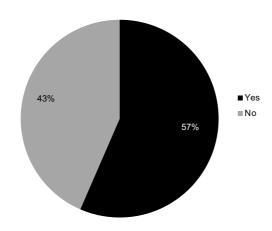
#### A2.8.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



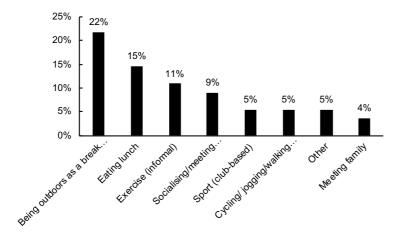
#### A2.8.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.8.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



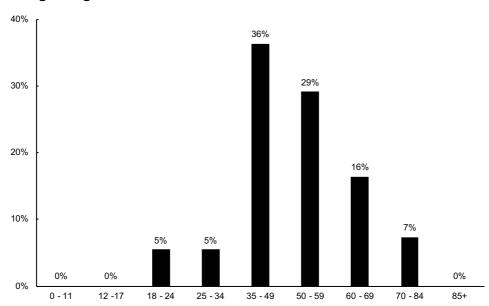
### A2.8.85 Reason for visiting open space near work



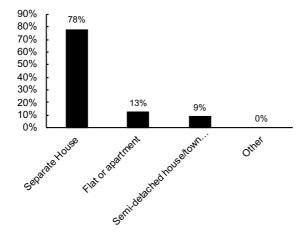
# A2.8.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 55 surveys received.

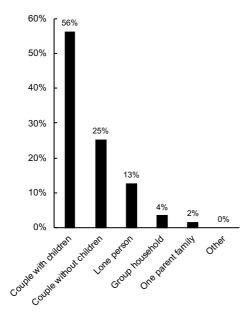
A2.8.9a Age range



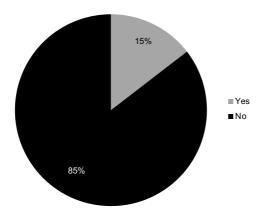
#### A2.8.9b Dwelling type



# A2.8.9c Household type



# A2.8.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# A2.9 Fitzroy

## Summary of the survey outcomes for Fitzroy

**121** respondents indicated they live in Fitzroy. This represents 10 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 12 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Fitzroy.

Respondents in Fitzroy value the access they have to the small and large open space reserves within and adjoining their precinct. Edinburgh Gardens is the most popular open space for dog walking, meeting friends, walking and relaxing followed by Carlton Gardens mainly for travelling through and relaxing. Trees were often mentioned in their role in climate health with street trees as a focus. There were requests for additional open space as the density in Fitzroy increases. Organised sport was not a focus of responses with most exercise taking place in the form of jogging and cycling, and there were many requests for fenced off-leash areas for dogs.

# A2.9.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Fitzroy, 121. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

76 per cent of respondents consider the opportunity to relax and unwind followed by trees and that it is accessible as the top three most valued features of open space. Valuing the accessibility of open space is much higher for Fitzroy than the municipal average, along with flowers and garden beds and the quiet.

Value	%
A place to relax and unwind	76%
Trees	76%
It's accessible	54%
Just being outside	53%
The feeling of space	53%
A place for children to play	52%
Health and well being	52%
An escape from the built environment	51%
Flowers/garden beds	50%
Meeting people/friends	47%
Green character	46%
The quiet	45%
Exercising dogs	43%
Habitat for native plants and animals	43%
Fitness	41%
Knowing that it's there	32%
Natural bushland character	29%

Value	%
Cultural heritage values/significance	26%
The diversity of open space	24%
Historical character	21%
Cultural activities and events	18%
Watching activity	15%
Playing casual ball games/activity	12%
Playing team/club based sport	9%
Other	2%

The other category included the grassed areas as well as that open spaces are there for everyone.

# A2.9.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 121 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

### A2.9.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
67	Edinburgh Gardens	55%
47	Carlton Gardens	39%
24	Smith Reserve	20%
16	Condell Street Reserve	13%
14	Atherton Reserve	12%
14	Fitzroy Gardens	12%
6	Garryowen Park	5%
5	King William Reserve	4%
3	Princes Park	2%
3	Whitlam Place	2%
3	Yarra Bend Park	2%
2	Frank King Park	2%
2	Murchinson Square	2%
2	Oxford Street Park	2%
2	Peel Street Park	2%
2	Treasury Gardens	2%
1	All Nations Park	1%
1	Capital City Trail	1%
1	Curtain Square	1%
1	Darling Gardens	1%
1	Merri Creek Trail	1%
1	Nature Play at Royal Park	1%
1	None within walking distance	1%
1	Park Street Reserve	1%
1	Royal Melbourne Botanical Gardens	1%
1	Victoria Park	1%
1	Yarra River Corridor	1%

# A2.9.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Fitzroy

The following table lists the reasons why Fitzroy respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that Edinburgh Gardens is the most popular open space for dog walking and meeting people, along with a diversity of other uses. Carlton Gardens, though also used for recreational purposes, is used primarily to travel through on route to other places. In contrast, Smith Reserve and Condell Street Reserve are used mainly because they are nearby and for play.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	13	Dog walking	7	Improvements - none required
Gardens 67	13	Social - meeting people/friends	3	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	11	Relaxing	2	Dogs - drinking facilities required
	10	Walking	2	Exercise equipment - additional required
	8	Open space - large space	2	Open space - valued
	7	Dog friendly	2	Playgrounds - shade required
	7	Picnics	2	Seating - additional required
	7	Playground	1	Bike racks - additional required
	5	Access - close to home	1	Bins - additional required
	5	Play - children	1	Dogs - agility area required
	4	Exercising	1	Drinking fountains - upgrade
	4	Open space - green place	1	Fencing - additional required along bike lane
	3	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Heritage - acknowledgement of LGBQT history
	3	Jogging/running	1	Music - reduce noise
	3	Open space - popular	1	Open auditorium - required
	3	Open space - provides cool areas	1	Open space - additional required as density increases
	3	Trees	1	Open space - overcrowded
	2	Cycling - through	1	Paths - additional unsealed paths required
	2	Diverse range of activities	1	Paths - running track's surface needs improvements
	2	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Public art - additional required
	2	Informal ball games/sport	1	Security - additional required near grand stands
	2	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Security - decrease hours on alcohol ban
	2	Social - consuming alcohol	1	Security - prohibit alcohol
	2	Social - sense of community	1	Shelters - additional required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Signage - improve dog regulation signs
	1	Facilities	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Water - additional fountains required
	1	Open space - layout	1	Water - council to support water sensitive urban design
	1	Open space - peaceful	_	
	1	Open space - shade		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Paths		

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Reading		
	1	Recreation		
	1	Sitting Sport shildren		
	1	Sport - children		
Caultan	1	Trees - large	_	
Carlton Gardens	8	Access - travel through	6	Improvements - none required
47	'	Relaxing	3	Dogs - off-leash areas required
	6	Access - close to home	2	Cycle paths - improve
	5	Dog walking	2	Shared paths - separate cyclists and pedestrian paths
	4	Jogging/running	1	Access - provide safer places to cross major roads
	4	Walking	1	Cultural events - additional required
	3	Exercising	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	3	Open space - green place	1	Dogs - off-leash areas required beside tennis courts
	3	Play - children	1	Lighting - additional required
	3	Social - meeting	1	Playgrounds - additional
	_	people/friends	4	required
	2	Access - convenient (on the way)	1	Seating - additional required
	2	Access - easy to access	1	Seating - benches that face grassed areas
	2	Informal ball games/sport	1	Shelters - additional required
	2	Outdoors/being outside	1	Signage - museum sign too bright
	1	Access - close to museum	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Birdlife watching - ducks	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Walking paths - remove cyclist ban
	1	Health and well-being		1
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - fresh air		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Open space - well maintained		
	1	Playgrounds		
	1	Recreation		
	1	Social - sense of community		
	1	Trees		
	1	Wildlife watching - possums		
Smith Reserve 24	8	Access - close to home	3	Fencing - additional required
24	8	Playground	3	Open grassed areas - improvements/maintenance
	5	Dog walking	3	required Seating - additional required
	3	Social - meeting	3	Traffic - noise intrusive
	2	people/friends Access - close to pool	3	Trees - additional required
	2	Dogs - exercising	2	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Social - sense of community	2	Lighting - additional required
	1	Access - convenient (on the	2	Playground - upgrade/expand
	1	way) Access - easy to access	2	Playgrounds - shade required
	1	Access - travel through	2	Shade - additional required
		<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
орон оршоос	1	Dog friendly	1	Air - improve quality
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Bins - empty frequently
	1	Open space	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	1	Open space - green place	1	Drinking fountains - additional
				required
			1	Exercise equipment - additional required
			1	Improvements - none required
			1	Open space - additional required
			1	Open space - improve design and layout
			1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
			1	Playground - regular maintenance and cleaning required
			1	Rubbish - regular litter removal required including enforcement
			1	Security - improve surveillance
			1	Vegetation - hedge required
Condell Street	6	Playground	5	Playground - upgrade
Reserve	5	Access - close to home	3	Bins - empty frequently
16	5	Play - children	3	Playground - shade required
	2	Outdoors/being outside	2	Seating - additional required
	2	Picnics	2	Shade - additional required
	2	Seating	2	Trees - additional required
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Bins - recycling bins to be
	<u>'</u>	-		installed
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Fencing - additional required
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Reading	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Sitting		
	1	Trees - beautiful		
Atherton Reserve	3	Dog walking	3	Playgrounds - additional required
14	2	Access - close to home	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	2	Play - children	1	Dogs - prohibit off-leash
	1	Access - close to work	1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting field
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - green place	1	Seating - move near bins
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Paths - safe for children		1 4
	1	Playground	1	
	1	Reading	1	
	1	Relaxing	1	
Fitzroy	6	Walking	1	Improvements - none required
Gardens	3	Access - travel through	1	Open space - valued
14	1	Access - easy to access	1	Paths - additional required
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Playgrounds - additional
				required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Exercising	1	Playgrounds - maintenance
	1	Jogging/running	1	required Seating - shelter required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Vegetation - additional
		орен орасс реасста		native/indigenous planting required
	1	Picnics		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Trees - beautiful		
	1	Trees - large		
	1	Trees - shade		
Garryowen Park	2	Access - close to home	1	Drinking fountains - maintenance required
6	2	Play - children	1	Improvements - none required
	2	Play - children	1	Lighting - additional required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Open space	1	Open grassed area -
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	maintenance required  Open space - improve design
	'	Spoil space - grassed areas	'	and layout
	1	Open space - green place	1	Rubbish - regular removal required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Security - prohibit alcohol
	1	Playground		
	1	Sitting		
King William Reserve 5	4	Playground	2	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	2	Play - children	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
			1	Drinking fountains - maintenance required
			1	Homelessness - action required
			1	Improvements - none required
			1	Rubbish - regular removal required
			1	Shade - additional required
			1	Trees - additional required
Princes Park 3	2	Jogging/running	1	Paths - improve running track's surface
	1	Exercising		
Whitlam Place 3	2	Relaxing	2	Open space - improve design and layout
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Lunch	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Reading	1	Seating - additional required
		•	1	Shade - additional required
Yarra Bend	2	Dog walking	1	Bins - additional required
Park	1	Dog friendly		1
3	1	Open space - natural character	-	
	1	Walking		
Frank King	2	Access - close to home	2	Dogs - prohibit
Park 2		ı	l	1
Murchinson Square	1	Dog walking	2	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
2	1	Exercising		

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Oxford Street	1	Access - close to home	2	Shade - additional required
Park	1	Lunch		·
2	1	Vegetation - diversity		
Peel Street	1	Lunch	1	Paths - improve
Park	1	Relaxing	1	Public art - additional required
2		1	1	Trees - additional required
Treasury	1	Access - travel through		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Gardens	1	Walking		
All Nations	4	ŭ	1	Picnic facilities - additional
All Nations Park	1	Dog walking	1	BBQs required
1		1	ı	
Capital City	1	Access - travel through	1	Lighting - additional required
Trail		1	ı	1
Curtain Square	1	Dog walking		
1		Dog wanang		
Darling	1	Access - convenient (on the	1	High density developments -
Gardens		way)		limit developments
1	1	Dog walking		
	1	Walking		
Merri Creek	1	Cycling	1	Rubbish - regular litter removal
Shared Trail 1	1	Open space - natural	1	required Vegetation - re-vegetation
•	'	character	'	required
Nature Play at	1	Play - children	1	Picnic facilities - additional
Royal Park			1	BBQs required Shelters - additional required
None within			1	·
walking			'	Open space - additional required near Kerr Street
distance				
Park Street	1	Cycling	1	
Reserve	1	Dog friendly	_	
_1		Dog menaly		
Royal	1	Exercising		
Melbourne Botanical	1	Gardens		
Gardens	1	Walking		
Vietoria Bark	4	Evereining	4	Diko rooko additianal
Victoria Park 1	1	Exercising	1	Bike racks - additional required
-		1		1
Yarra River	1	Exercising	1	High density developments -
Corridor				limit developments
1	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	1	Social - meeting		Toquilou
		people/friends		

# A2.9.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 121 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.9.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
13	Edinburgh Gardens	11%
7	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	6%
6	Darling Gardens	5%
6	Yarra Bend Park	5%
5	Merri Creek Precinct	4%
5	Yarra River Corridor	4%
4	Abbotsford Convent Art Centre	3%
4	Princes Park	3%
3	Carlton Gardens	2%
2	Curtain Square	2%
2	Fitzroy Gardens	2%
2	Frank King Park	2%
2	Victoria Park	2%
1	Atherton Reserve	1%
1	Barkly Gardens	1%
1	Bass Coast Parks	1%
1	Bellarine Peninsula	1%
1	Bells Beach	1%
1	Collingwood Childrens Farm	1%
1	Collingwood Leisure Centre	1%
1	Darebin Parklands	1%
1	Dights Falls	1%
1	Flagstaff Gardens	1%
1	Great Ocean Road	1%
1	Outside the Study Area	1%
1	Park Street Reserve	1%
1	Quarries Park	1%
1	Royal Park	1%
1	Smith Reserve	1%
1	South Melbourne/Middle Park Beach	1%
1	St. Kilda Adventure Playground	1%
1	State Library of Victoria	1%

#### A2.9.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Fitzroy respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. The reasons for visiting Edinburgh Gardens are predominantly for social events, and the Royal Botanic Gardens for their ambiance and beauty.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	4	Social - meeting people/friends	2	Toilets - additional required
Gardens 13	2	Picnic facilities - BBQ's	1	Bins - additional required
	2	Dog friendly	1	Bins - empty frequently
	2	Playgrounds	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Access - travel through	1	Informal recreational facilities - improve skate park
	1	Cycling	1	Shade - additional required along central path
	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area		

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Events/Entertainment		- aggeste impressioner
	1	Exercising		
	1	Informal recreation facilities - skate park		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - large		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Play		
Royal Botanical	3	Open space - peaceful	1	Improvements - none required
Gardens Melbourne	2	Relaxing		
7	1	Dog walking		
	1	Entertainment/events		
	1	Gardens		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Paths - jogging/running		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Trees		
Darling	3	Playgrounds	2	Improvements - none required
Gardens 6	2	Picnics	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Dog walking	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Informal ball games/sports	1	Open space - valued
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Security - prohibit alcohol
	1	Open space - layout		
	1	Play - children		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Yarra Bend	4	Cycling	1	Dogs - agility park required
Park 6	2	Dog walking	1	Paths - maintenance required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Trees		
	1	Walking		
Merri Creek Precinct	1	Cycling	1	Access - increase access to the river for canoeing
5	1	Dog walking	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Exercising	1	Rubbish - regular removal required
	1	Open space - escape from the	1	Rubbish - remove from river
	1	built environment Open space - peaceful		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Walking		
Yarra River	2	Dog walking	1	Boat sheds - additional required for hire
				<u>'</u>
Corridor 5	1	Access - close to work	1	Facilities - additional required

Open space	No	Posson to Visit	Ne	Suggested Improvements
visited	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit  Open space - natural character	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	River setting		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Walking		
Abbotsford	2	Eating	1	Improvements - none required
Convent Art	2	Market	1	Open space - value natural character
Centre 4	1	Culture	1	Open space - valued
	1	Exhibitions		<u> </u>
	1	Farm		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Walking		
Princes Park	2	Jogging/running	1	Dogs - increase usability for dogs
3	1	Dog friendly		13
	1	Paths - jogging/running		
Carlton	1	Architecture - beautiful	1	Bike racks - additional required
Gardens	1	Diverse range of activities	1	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
3	1	Open space - grassed area		`
	1	Open space - layout		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Trees - beautiful		
Curtain Square 2	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash area	1	Dogs - additional fenced off-leash areas required
	1	Dog walking		
Fitzroy Gardens	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Dogs - increase usability for dogs
2	1	Open space - natural character	1	Trees - additional tall trees required
	1	Relaxing	1	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
Frank King Park	1	Open space - fresh air		
2	1	Relaxing		
Victoria Park 2	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash area		
	1	Recreation		
Atherton Reserve	1	Open space - heritage	1	Sporting oval - improve
1	1	Open space - peaceful		
Barkly Gardens	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Bins - empty frequently
1	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Social - sense of community		
Bass Coast Parks 1	1	Recreation		
Bellarine Peninsula	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
1				
Bells Beach 1	1	Open space - natural character  Water - clean		
Collingwood	1	Cycling	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
Childrens Farm	1	Education - children	'	Tolloto - upgrado existing
1	1	Open space - green space		
	1	Open space - natural character		
Collingwood	1	Swimming - lessons		
Leisure Centre	1	Sport - tennis		
	1	Dog walking		

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Darebin Parklands 1	1	Open space - natural character		. 33
Dights Falls	1	Open space - natural character	1	Improvements - none required
1	1	Walking		
Flagstaff Gardens 1	1	Access - close to work		
Great Ocean	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Access - improvements required
Road 1				
Outside the	1	Open space - views		
Municipality 1				
Park Street	1	Exercising		
Reserve 1	1	People watching		
Quarries Park	1	Play - children	1	Improvements - none required
1				
Royal Park	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
1			1	Open space - value diversity
Smith Reserve	1	Access - close to pool	1	Vegetation - hedge required
1	1	Exercising		
South	1	Diverse range of activities		
Melbourne/Mid dle Park Beach				
1	4	I Di		
St. Kilda Adventure	1	Playgrounds		
Playground 1				
State Library of	1	Protests	1	Shade - additional required
Victoria 1				

# A2.9.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

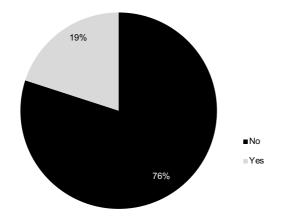
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

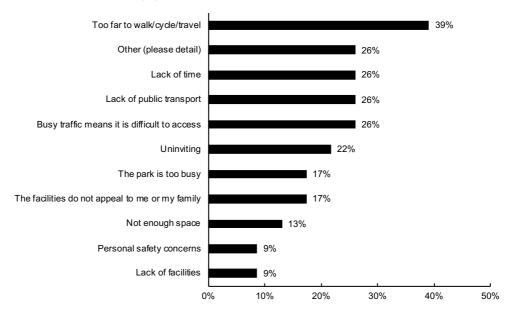
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 121 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 23 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

19 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is slightly lower than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was due to distance, followed equally by lack of time, lack of transport, busy traffic and a variety of other reasons such as they found it an unpleasant space, unwelcoming for dogs, difficult to find access points (in the case of the Yarra River) or lacking exercise equipment.

# A2.9.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Fitzroy. The percentages are calculated based on the 121 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used.

Large parks and gardens were the most visited open space, followed by small local parks, open space along the Yarra River and medium sized parks.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
70%	Open space along the Merri Creek	1%	2%	4%	27%	36%	27%	2%
83%	Open space along the Yarra River	2%	2%	12%	26%	41%	16%	2%
98%	Large parks and gardens	18%	26%	20%	26%	7%	1%	2%
75%	Large sporting reserves	4%	5%	12%	21%	32%	22%	2%
82%	Medium sized parks	7%	12%	11%	28%	25%	17%	2%
92%	Small local parks	23%	22%	20%	18%	8%	5%	3%
54%	Urban Squares	5%	12%	11%	17%	10%	42%	4%
74%	Local streets for exercise	37%	21%	12%	2%	2%	22%	3%

### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

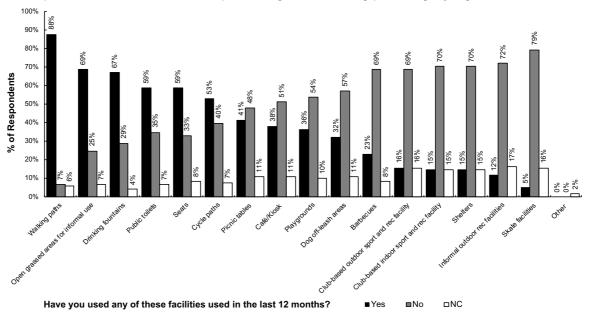
On a frequent basis, local streets for exercise are the most popular followed by small local parks and the third being large parks and gardens. This reflects the open space network given that the small parks and large gardens are the most easily accessible, whereas it is further to travel to reach the Yarra River and Merri Creek.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
69%	Local streets for exercise	37%	21%	12%
65%	Small local parks	23%	22%	20%
64%	Large parks and gardens	18%	26%	20%
29%	Medium sized parks	7%	12%	11%
27%	Urban Squares	5%	12%	11%
21%	Large sporting reserves	4%	5%	12%
16%	Open space along the Yarra River	2%	2%	12%
7%	Open space along the Merri Creek	1%	2%	4%

## A2.9.6 Facilities and features in open space

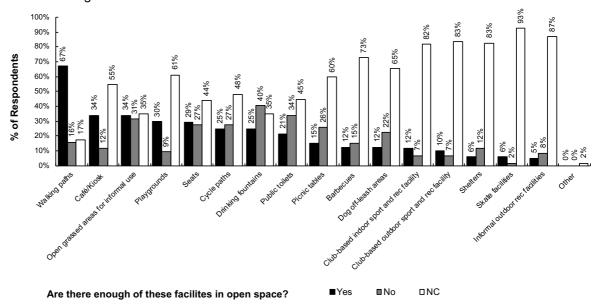
#### 3.9.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Fitzroy, 121. Respondents indicated that walking paths, open grassed areas and drinking fountains were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months. Open grassed areas being 6 per cent lower than the Municipal average, and walking paths slightly higher.



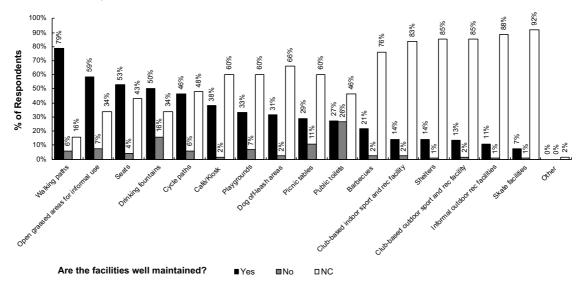
#### 3.9.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Fitzroy surveys received, 121. Compared to the municipal average, more people identify there are not enough open grassed areas and drinking fountains.



#### A2.9.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Fitzroy surveys returned, 121.



## A2.9.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Fitzroy respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

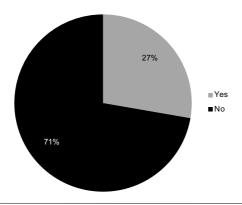
No.	General Comments List					
22	Open Space					
6	Open space - additional required					
5	Open space - additional required as density increases					
2	Open space - ensure they are well maintained					
2	Open space - important for relaxation					
1	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing					
1	Open space - important to combat global warming					
1	Open space - improve design and layout to include more trees					
1	Open space - improve maintenance					
1	Open space - valued					
1	Shade - additional required					
1	Traffic - noise intrusive					
10	Maintenance and Management					
2	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required					
2	Rubbish - remove litter in open space					
1	Alcohol - remove prohibitions					
1	Bins - empty frequently					
1	Dogs - enforce regulations					
1	Graffiti - removal required					
1	Rubbish - enforce fines for littering					
1	Weeds - do not use chemical herbicides					
10	Trees and Vegetation					

No. General Comments List  2 Trees - plant more street trees 1 Rooftop gardens - encourage/advise residents/businesses to create green roofs 1 Streetscape - more green/plants 1 Trees - additional required to combat climate change 1 Trees - important for wildlife 1 Trees - value on streets 1 Vegetation - encourage/advise residents/businesses on greenscaping to reduce heat island effects 1 Vegetation - encourage/advise residents/businesses on greenscaping to reduce heat island effects 1 Vegetation - increase diversity  8 Other 1 Bins - remove business bins from streets 1 Events - organise more community events 1 Festivals - more required 1 Public art - encourage participatory public art works 1 Shopping strips - improve design 1 Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required for bicycle crossing points 2 Survey - improve 1 Traffic - slow traffic on back streets  5 Park Infrastructure 1 Bike racks - additional required 1 Playgrounds - additional required 2 Playgrounds - additional required 3 Signage - on LGBQT histories 4 Toilets - improve maintenance  7 Recreation Facilities 2 Playgrounds - shade required 4 Playgrounds - shade required 5 Paths 6 Paths 7 Paths 7 Paths 8 Paths - improve surfaces for running 7 Sustainability 8 Climate change - plan for climate change		
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1 Sustainability	1	
	1	Paths - improve surfaces for running
1 Climate change - plan for climate change	1	Sustainability
	1	Climate change - plan for climate change

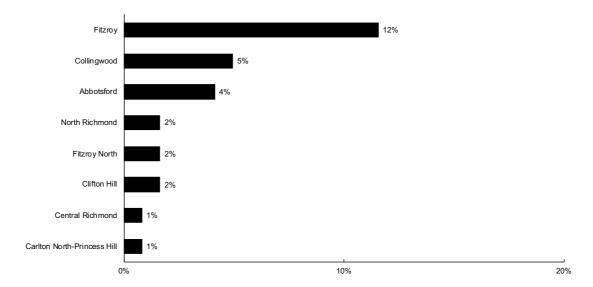
# A2.9.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 121 surveys received.

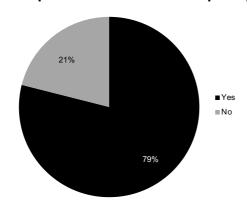
# A2.9.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



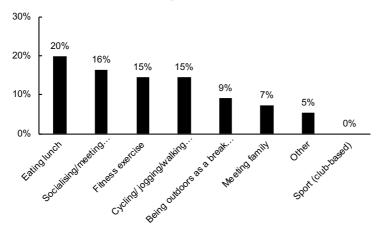
#### A2.9.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.9.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace

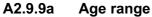


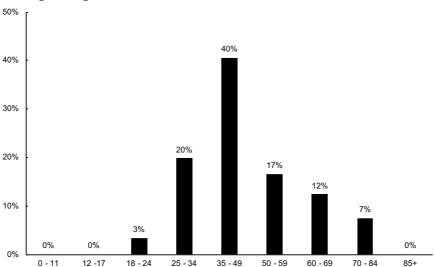
#### A2.9.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



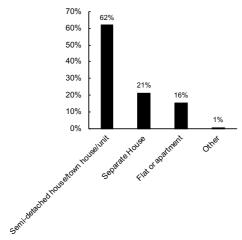
# A2.9.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 121 surveys received.

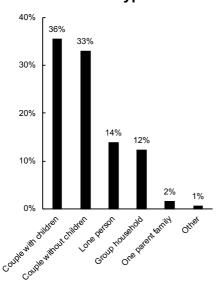




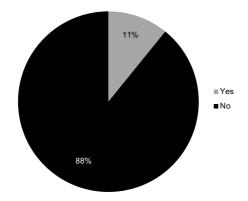
### A2.9.9b Dwelling type



#### A2.9.9c Household type



# A2.9.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# **A2.10 Fitzroy North**

### Summary of the survey outcomes for Fitzroy North

**170** respondents indicated they live in Fitzroy North. This represents 13 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 13 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in Fitzroy North.

Fitzroy North includes Edinburgh Gardens, which is the most popular open space in the City of Yarra. The respondents of Fitzroy North greatly appreciate open space and overwhelmingly visit it primarily for dog walking, exercise, play and meeting friends. There is concern about increasing density of development and the negative impacts on open space, and that more open space needs to be provided to meet the populations needs. While they appreciated Edinburgh Gardens there are many concerns about the level of use, inappropriate behaviour in the gardens and the ongoing maintenance to manage the high levels of use. This includes the need for more responsibility to be taken by dog owners. Clear designation of dog off-leash areas with fencing were suggested, also the need to separate children and dogs from speeding cyclists. Open space being uninviting was one of the top reasons respondents of Fitzroy North did not visit open space with personal safety in third place which was explained in part by comments in the other category as being related to the conflicts between dogs and other park users.

## A2.10.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-four values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for Fitzroy North, 170. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-five values in priority order.

The ranking of the top three values trees, a place to relax and unwind and the feeling of space are the same as the municipal average. Residents in Fitzroy North have valued meeting people and friends and exercising dogs higher than the municipal average.

Value	%
Trees	90%
A place to relax and unwind	82%
The feeling of space	77%
An escape from the built environment	71%
Just being outside	69%
Meeting people/friends	60%
Exercising dogs	56%
Habitat for native plants and animals	56%
Health and well being	56%
It's accessible	51%
A place for children to play	48%

Value	%
Green character	48%
Flowers/garden beds	44%
Fitness	44%
The quiet	42%
Natural bushland character	41%
The diversity of open space	36%
Cultural heritage values/significance	34%
Historical character	33%
Knowing that it's there	31%
Cultural activities and events	26%
Playing casual ball games/activity	25%
Watching activity	24%
Playing team/club based sport	23%
Other	8%

The other category included the reduction of the heat island effect, safety, freedom from cyclists, cycling, places to look into the distance for eye sight health, the cleanliness and facilities provided, as well as the diversity of people, sense of community and the chance to socially drink alcohol with friends outside.

# A2.10.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 170 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.10.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
157	Edinburgh Gardens	92%
18	Darling Gardens	11%
17	Curtain Square	10%
17	Park Street Reserve	10%
16	Merri Creek Precinct	9%
10	Princes Park	6%
9	Holden Byrne Reserve	5%
9	Rushall Reserve	5%
8	Mark Street Linear Park	5%
8	Merri Creek Shared Trail	5%
5	Yarra Bend Park	3%
4	Peel Street Park	2%
4	Thomas Kidney Reserve	2%
3	Fairfield Park	2%
2	Cambridge Street Reserve	1%
2	Community Gardens	1%
2	Janet Millman Reserve	1%
2	Smith Reserve	1%
1	Campbell Reserve	1%

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
1	Capital City Trail	1%
1	Carlton Gardens	1%
1	Collingwood College	1%
1	Department of Housing Harmsworth Street	1%
1	Dights Falls	1%
1	Hardy Gallagher Reserve	1%
1	Langdon Reserve	1%
1	Local cycle paths	1%
1	Local dog park	1%
1	None within walking distance	1%
1	Ottery Reserve	1%
1	Peel Street Park	1%
1	Phillips Reserve	1%
1	Quarries Park	1%
1	Triangle Park	1%

# A2.10.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in Fitzroy North

The following table lists the reasons why Fitzroy North respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that Edinburgh Gardens is the most popular open space primarily for dog related activities as well as social events, exercise, informal and formal sport, and children's play. Along with the addition of extra toilets, exercise equipment and bins there are numerous requests for dog control in the park particularly near the cycling paths. Rubbish was also cited as an issue, where regular cleaning and maintenance is required.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Edinburgh	48	Dog walking	13	Toilets - additional required
Gardens 157	26	Relaxing	9	Improvements - none required
157	25	Walking	7	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	24	Social - meeting people/friends	6	Dogs - drinking facilities, additional required
	23	Exercising	6	Exercise equipment - additional required
	20	Picnics	5	Cultural activities - additional required
	15	Play - children	5	Drinking fountains - additional required
	12	Access - close to home	4	Bins - additional required
	12	Playground	4	Cyclists - slow through park
	9	Open space - large space	4	Dogs - off-leash areas, enforcement required
	9	Sport - tennis	4	Open space - valued
	8	Jogging/running	4	Signage - improve dog regulation signs
	7	Diverse range of activities	4	Skate Park - upgrade/extend
	6	Cycling - through	3	Cafe/kiosk facilities - additional required
	6	Dogs - exercising	3	Cycle paths - separate cycle paths from dog off-leash areas
	5	Informal ball games/sport	3	Dogs - reduce off-leash areas
	6	Open space - ambience, beauty	3	Emely Baker Centre - replace with trees/gardens
	6	Open space - beautiful	3	Improvements - valued
	6	Open space - valued	3	Shared paths - separate cyclist and pedestrian paths

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	5	Open space - green place	3	Trees - maintain/protect mature trees including elm trees
	5	Open space - peaceful	2	Cyclists - prohibit in the gardens
	5	Open space - popular	2	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	4	Dog friendly	2	Entertainment/Events - additional required
	4	Open space - fresh air	2	Improvements - none required
	3	Access - travel through	2	Informal sporting facilities - additional multi use courts required
	3	Health and well-being	2	Lighting - additional required
	3	Open space - diversity of types	2	Picnic facilities - remove from dog off- leash areas
	3	Open space - escape from the built environment	2	Playgrounds - upgrade northern playground
	3	Picnic facilities - BBQ's	2	Public art - additional required with Indigenous focus
	3	Reading	2	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	3	Shade	2	Security - allow alcohol consumption
	3	Social - sense of community	2	Security - enforce littering fines
	3	Sport	2	Sporting facilities - additional courts required
	3	Trees	2	Sporting facilities - upgrade
	2	Dogs - off-leash area	2	Sporting facilities - upgrade tennis club
	2	Open space - identity	2	Trees - additional required
	2	Open space - none at home	2	Trees - additional required in dog off- leash areas
	2	Outdoors/being outside	2	Trees - maintenance required
	2	Play - toddlers	2	Vegetation - additional flowering plants required
	2	Safe	2	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
	2	Social - parties	1	Access - improve access for cycling children
	2	Sport - Fitzroy Tennis Club	1	Access - prioritise pedestrians and cyclists at crossings
	2	Sport - spectating	1	Bins - empty frequently
	2	Sport - spectating football	1	Bins - recycling bins to be installed
	2	Trees - beautiful	1	Birdlife - leave dead trees for parrots
	2	Yoga	1	Car access - prohibit at sporting oval
	1	Access - close to school	1	Community garden - required
	1	Access - close to shops/cafes	1	Cyclists - prohibit on all paths except central path
	1	Access - Inner Circle Rail Trail	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, appreciated
	1	Breakfast	1	Dogs - over use
	1	Dogs - socializing	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	1	Entertainment/events	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs on sporting fields
	1	Gardens - beautiful	1	Dogs - sandpit required
	1	Open grassed areas	1	Emely Baker - renovate into café/restaurant
	1	Open space	1	Emely Baker Centre - remove/repurpose
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Entertainment/events - festivals additional required
	1	Open space - layout	1	Entertainment/events - prohibit in this area
	1	Open space - provides cool areas	1	Entertainment/events - value outdoor cinema
	1	People watching	1	Facilities - additional required
	1	Public art	1	Green waste - place to recycle green waste required
	1	Recreation	1	Informal recreation facilities - upgrade skate park
	1	Recreation - family	1	Lighting - additional required for morning jogging

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Sport - basketball	1	Lighting - required in dog off-leash area
	1	Sport - children's cricket	1	Lighting - upgrade
	1	Sport - children's football	1	Maintenance - valued
	1	Sport - community organised	1	Music - allow respectful levels till 11 p.m.
	1	Sport - Edinburgh Cricket Club	1	Open grassed area - improve
	1	Sport - Fitzroy Junior Football Club	1	Open space - additional required as density increases
	1	Sport - football	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Sport - skateboarding	1	Open space - value diversity
	1	Sport - slacklining	1	Open space - value proposed changes
	1	Sunshine/Vitamin D	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQ's required
	1	Walking - family	1	Picnic facilities - additional picnic tables required
			1	Picnic facilities - shelter required
			1	Playgrounds - shade required
			1	Playgrounds - upgrade/maintenance required
			1	Public art - additional required
			1	Rubbish - people to take responsibility of their waste
			1	Seating - additional required in shaded areas
			1	Security - enforce noise regulations
			1	Shade - additional required
			1	Shelters - additional required
			1	Slacklining - allow
			1	Sporting facilities - additional required
			1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade/maintenance
			1	Sporting facilities - improve fencing in cricket grounds for lost balls
			1	Sporting facilities - paddle tennis court required
			1	Toilets - additional required on southern end Toilets - extend hours of use
			1	
			1	Toilets - maintenance required
			1	Toilets - upgrade existing
			1	Trees - plant additional fruit trees
			1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
			1	Trees - replace dying trees
			1	Vegetation - plant additional vegetation that attract bees
			1	Water features - additional required
			1	Wildlife - plant additional native/indigenous vegetation to attract
Darling	7	Dog walking	2	wildlife Improvements - none required
Gardens 18	4	Walking	1	Access - opening hours to be
	3	Open space - peaceful	1	extended Cyclists - prohibit in that area
	2	Relaxing	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Dogs - prohibit
	1	Access - close to public	1	Facilities - more required
	1	transport  Dogs - exercising	1	Open grassed areas - improvements
				required
	1	Exercising	1	Open space - valued
	1	Jogging/running	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Shared paths - separate cyclist and pedestrian paths

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Slacklining - allow
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Sporting facilities - disc golf course required
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - green place	1	Traffic - noise intrusive
	1	Open space - large space	1	Trees - remove dead and dangerous ones from open space
	1	Picnics	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
	1	Play - children	1	Vegetation - hedge required
	1	Playground - swings		
	1	Sport - disc golf		
	1	Sport - slacklining		
	1	Trees - beautiful		
Curtain	5	Playground	2	Trees - additional required
Square 17	4	Dog walking	2	Dogs - off-leash areas, maintenance required
	4	Picnics	1	Dogs - improve usability for dogs
	3	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Open grassed area - improve
	2	Access - close to	1	Open grassed area - water through
	2	shops/cafes/library Access - convenient (on the	1	summer Plumbing - improve
	2	way) Dogs - exercising	1	Signage - improve dog regulation signs
	2	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Trees - communicate about replacements
	2	Relaxing	1	Trees - replace trees that are dying
	1	Access - close to home	1	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
	1	Exercising		,
	1	Hills		
	1	Informal ball games/sport		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	Open space - small space		
	1	Play		
	1	Play - toddler		
	1	Reading		
	1	Sitting		
Park Street	5	Dog walking	3	Bins - additional required
Reserve 7	4	Cycling	3	Drinking fountains - additional require
1	4	Walking	2	Access - provide safer places to cross major roads
	3	Access - convenient (on the way)	2	Improvements - none required
	2	Jogging/running	2	Lighting - additional required
	2	Play - children	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas require
	2	Relaxing	1	Paths - separate cyclist and pedestria paths
	1	Café/Kiosks	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Cycling - through	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Exercising	1	Trees - additional required for shade
	1	Paths - good quality	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Vegetation - avoid using chemical herbicides
	1	Playground	1	Vegetation - increase native vegetation
Merri Creek Corridor	5	Walking	2	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
16	4	Dog walking	2	Paths - maintenance required
	4	Open space - natural character	2	Paths - vegetation maintenance

Open Spaces	<b>No.</b> 3	Reason to Visit Cycling	<b>No.</b> 2	Suggested Improvements  Vegetation - improve weed control
	3	Exercising	2	Water - water sensitive urban design to improve water quality
	3	Open space - peaceful	1	Cyclists - overcrowding an issue
	2	Access - travel through	1	Cyclists - prohibit in that area
	2	Relaxing	1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
	2	River setting	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	1	Access - provides links to other open spaces	1	Dogs - off-leash, personal safety concerns
	1	Birdlife - watching	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, more required
	1	Dog friendly	1	High density developments - limit developments
	1	CERES Environmental Community Park	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space
	1	Health and well-being	1	Paths - City of Moreland to maintain trail
	1	Open space - large space	1	Paths - improve shared paths west of St Georges Road
	1	Open space - valued	1	Paths - surface needs improvements
	1	Paths	1	Paths - widen
	1	Picnics	1	Rubbish - remove from river
			1	Trees - additional required
			1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
			1	Vegetation - plant additional flowering plants to attract bees
			1	Wildlife - plant additional native/indigenous vegetation to attract wildlife
Princes Park 10	6	Exercising	2	Lighting - additional required for morning runs
	2	Dogs - exercising	1	Cycle paths - additional shade along paths to open space required
	2	Jogging/running	1	Improvements - none required
	2	Open space	1	Informal sporting facilities - additional skate park required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs additional required
	2	Walking	1	Signage - identifying plants/trees
	1	Access - close to home	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Vegetation - plant additional flowering plants
	1	Open space - fresh air		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Paths - running track	_	
	1	Picnics	_	
	1	Play - children	1	
	1	Relaxing	1	
	1	Sport - tennis		
Holden Byrne Reserve	2	Access - close to home  Dog walking	1	Bins - additional required  Drinking fountains - maintenance
9		-	<u> </u>	required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Play - children	1	Maintenance - improve
	2	Walking	1	Open space - improve design and layout
	1	Cycling - prohibit	1	Picnic facilities - additional picnic tables required
	1	Dog friendly	1	Playgrounds - fence
	1	Exercising	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Playground	1	Vegetation - increase native vegetation
	1	Open space - uncrowded	1	vegetation Vegetation - re-vegetation required

pen Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Relaxing	No.	Suggested Improvements
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	1	Shade Trees	1	
Rushall	4	Dog walking	8	Cycle paths - do not create proposed
Reserve				cycle path
1	2	Open space - natural character	1	Access - additional required entry points to path
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Open grassed area - improvements required
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Open space - improve design and layout
	1	Access - close to home	1	Open space - keep/retain what there i
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Relaxing	1	Vegetation - improve weed control
	1	Safe - from traffic		
	1	Walking		
lark Street inear Park	3	Walking	2	Access - give cyclists and pedestrians priority at crossings
}	2	Cycling - through	2	Trees - additional required
	2	Dog walking	1	Access - provide safer paths for cycling children
	2	Play	1	Garden beds - additional required
	2	Play - children	1	Open grassed area - improvements required
	2	Relaxing		
	1	Cycling		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Playground		
	1	Recreation		
Merri Creek Shared Trail	5	Walking	2	River - clean
inaleu IIali	2	Cycling	1	Improvements - continue woody week removal along Merri Creek
	2	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
	2	Exercising	1	Open space - valued
	2	Jogging/running	1	Paths - vegetation maintenance required
	1	Dogs - exercising	_	
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Shade		
	1	Vegetation - diversity		
Peel Street Park	3	Access - close to work	3	Seating - improve design
air	3	Lunch	3	Shade - additional required
	2	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Open space - improve design and layout
	1	Dog walking	1	Open space - over-crowded
	1	Health and well-being	1	Public art - additional required
	1	Public art - murals	1	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	1	Relaxing		
arra Bend	2	Open space - natural character	1	Bins - additional required
Park	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Paths - maintenance required
	1	Cycling	1	Vegetation - maintenance required
	1	Dog walking	1	
	1	Exercising		
			1	
	1	Informal ball games/sport		
	1	Jogging/running		

Open Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Walking	No.	Suggested Improvements
Thomas	3	Cycling	1	Cyclists - prohibit
Kidney Reserve	1	Dog walking	1	Toilets - additional required
4	1	Open space - ambience,		· ·
	1	Open appear green place		
	1	Open space - green place Open space - natural character		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Walking		
	3	Sport - soccer	1	Carpark - additional required
Fairfield Park 3	1	Dog walking	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
3	1	Informal ball games/sport		, ,
Cambridge Street	1	Lunch	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
Reserve 2	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
Community Gardens	1	Gardening	1	Community gardens - additional required on streets
2	1	Gardening - learning to grow plants		
	1	Vegetation - diversity	1	
Janet Millman Reserve	1	Dog walking	1	Dogs - move dog amenities into off- leash area
2	1	Open space - natural character	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Vegetation - additional required between bike path and Railway Street
	1	Walking		T
Smith Reserve	2	Playground	1	Improvements - none required
2			1	Playgrounds - increase diversity of equipment for a range of age groups
Campbell Reserve	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
2	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
Capital City Trail 1	1	Walking	1	Shared paths - separate cyclist and pedestrian paths
Carlton Gardens	1	Health and well-being	1	Cyclists - continue prohibition of cyclists
1	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		Cyclists
	1	Trees		
Collingwood	1	Children's school	1	Carpark - additional required
College 1			1	Open space - improve design and layout
			1	Sporting oval - improve turf
			1	Traffic - pollution intrusive
Department of Housing	1	Playground	1	Open space - improve design and layout
Harmsworth Street 1			1	Playgrounds - upgrade
Dights Falls	1	Open space - beautiful		<u> </u>
1	1	Paths - walking paths	1	
	1	Relaxing	1	
Hardy Gallagher	1	Access - close to work	1	Informal sporting facilities - upgrade bocce courts
Reserve 1			1	North Carlton Railway Neighbourhood
Langdon	1	Play - children	1	House - upgrade  Dogs - prohibit
Reserve 1	-	-		
Local cycle paths	1	Cycling	1	Underpass - maintenance required at Rushall
1	1	Jogging/running	]	

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Walking		
Local dog park 1	1	Dog friendly	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this open space
None within walking distance				
Ottery Reserve 1	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - improve usability for dogs
Phillips Reserve 1	1	Sport - disc golf	1	Sporting facilities - disc golf course required
Quarries Park 1	1	Sport - skateboarding	1	Shelters - additional required
Triangle Park	1	Open space	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
1	1	Sitting		

## A2.10.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 170 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.10.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
24	Yarra Bend Park	14%
10	Edinburgh Gardens	6%
9	Yarra River Corridor	5%
8	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	5%
7	Carlton Gardens	4%
7	Fitzroy Gardens	4%
7	Merri Creek Precinct	4%
7	Princes Park	4%
5	Merri Creek Shared Trail	3%
5	Quarries Park	3%
4	Collingwood Childrens Farm	2%
4	Fairfield Park	2%
3	Park Street Reserve	2%
3	Rushall Reserve	2%
2	Curtain Square	1%
2	Deep Rock Precinct	1%
2	Dights Falls	1%
2	Port Melbourne Beach	1%
1	Abrahams Reserve	1%
1	All Nations Park	1%
1	Alphington Park	1%
1	Balfe Park	1%
1	CERES Environmental Community Park	1%
1	Darling Gardens	1%

No.	Open space visited	%
1	Edwardes Lake Park	1%
1	George Knott Reserve	1%
1	Local Cycle Paths	1%
1	Local farms	1%
1	Mayors Park	1%
1	McNamara Reserve	1%
1	Mornington Peninsula	1%
1	Oxford Street Park	1%
1	Royal Park	1%
1	Royal Park Nature Playground	1%
1	Studley Park	1%
1	Victoria Park	1%

#### A2.10.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why Fitzroy North respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. The main area of open space valued by residents is Yarra Bend Park for its natural qualities and character, along with dog walking, exercise and social events. Dog walking is the main reason people visit open space.

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Yarra Bend	8	Dog walking	5	Improvements - none required
Park 24	8	Open space - natural character	2	Paths - improve
	3	Exercising	2	Toilets - additional required
	3	Picnics	1	Bins - additional required
	2	Cycling	1	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
	2	Dogs - exercising	1	Dogs - enforce regulations
	2	Recreation	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, more required
	2	Walking	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Cycle paths	1	Open space - value natural character
	1	Cycling - through	1	Paths - connecting path/s required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Rubbish - regular litter removal required
	1	Music	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Security - improve surveillance of rubbish dumping
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Open space - large space	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Wildlife - native wildlife needs protection
	1	Relaxing		
	1	River setting		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
	1	Sport - women's football		
	1	Wildlife watching - Tawny Frogmouths		
Edinburgh Gardens	3	Dog walking	1	Dogs - drinking facilities, more required
10	3	Picnics	1	Dogs - owners to control dogs

Open Space	<b>No.</b> 2	Reason to Visit Exercising	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements  Cycle paths - required through park
	2	Open space - large space	1	Improvements - none required
	2	Play - children	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketbal courts required
	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Informal sporting facilities - disc golf course required
	1	Freedom	1	Interpretative signage - on rain garde
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Open space - valued
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	Sporting facilities - improve fencing ir cricket grounds for lost balls
	1	Skate park	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Sport	1	Toilets - maintenance required
	1	Trees	1	Trees - plant fruit trees
	1	Vegetation - diversity	1	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
	1	Walking		
/arra River Corridor	4	Open space - natural character	1	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians o shared paths
)	2	Cycling - through	1	Development - limit
	2	Walking	1	Paths - connecting path/s required
	1	Cycling	1	Paths - maintenance of vegetation required
	1	Open space - large space	1	Signage - informative, instructional and navigational signage required
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Paths		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Vegetation - Indigenous		
Royal	2	Gardens	2	Improvements - none required
Botanical Bardens	2	Jogging/running	1	Carpark - additional required
Melbourne B	1	Events/entertainment - outdoor cinema	1	Entertainment/events - less required
	1	Facilities	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - diversity of types		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Social		
	1	Vegetation - diversity		1
Carlton Gardens	3	Walking	1	Cyclists - remove prohibition
,	2	Access - travel through	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Access - close to museum	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Exercising	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - beautiful		
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	-	
	1	Open space - grassed areas		
	1	Open space - popular  Open space - well maintained	-	
	1			
		Picnics	-	
		Dlay shilds		
	1	Play - children	-	
		Shade	-	
Fitzroy	1	*	2	Improvements - none required

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
7	1	Entertainment/events	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Gardens		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - escape from the		
	1	built environment Open space - well maintained		
	1	Social - parties		
	1	Walking		
Merri Creek	3	Dog walking	2	Rubbish - regular removal required
Corridor	3	Open space	1	Bins - additional required
7	2		1	Dogs - off-leash areas, require
		Exercising	'	enforcement
	2	Open space - natural character	1	Rubbish - remove from river
	2	Walking	1	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
	1	Cycling		planting required
	1	Dog friendly		
	1	Health and well-being		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Recreation - family		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Wildlife watching		
Princes Park	3	Dog walking	2	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
7	2	Paths	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Access - close to school	1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Seating - additional required in shaded areas
	1	Dogs - socialising	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Exercise equipment		
	1	Jogging/running		
	1	Playground		
	1	Pond setting		
Merri Creek Shared Trail	2	Cycling	3	Paths - widen
5	2	Walking	1	Paths - improve surface
	1	Cycle paths - good quality	1	Rubbish - regular removal required
	1	Cycling - with children	1	Safety - improve
	1	Open space - peaceful		
	1	River setting		
Quarries Park 5	2	Playground	1	Bins - additional required
·	2	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Cycling	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Lunch	1	Playgrounds - shade required
	1	Open space - large space	1	Public art - maintain
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Picnics		
	1	Playground - challenging		
	1	Walking		
Collingwood Childrens Farm 4	3	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
Fairfield Park 4	2	River setting	1	Access - improve access to river for canoeing/kayaking
	1	Access - to river	1	Dogs - waste bags/bins, more required

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
<u> </u>	1	Diverse range of activities		
_	1	Entertainment/events - free		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Walking		
Park Street Reserve	1	Access - travel through	1	Toilets - additional required
3	1	Exercising	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Vegetation - additional required
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous planting required
	1	Open space - grassed areas		native/indigerious planting required
	1	Trees		
Rushall	1	Birdlife watching - ducks	1	Improvements - continue woody weed
Reserve		-	4	removal on the Merri Creek
3	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Improvements - none required
-	1	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Cycle paths - additional required
	1	Open space - large space	1	Vegetation - more native/indigenous planting required
ļ	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Trees - beautiful		
ļ	1	Walking		
Curtain	2	Access - close to the library	1	Open space - value diversity
Square 2	1	Playground		
Deep Rock	1	Dog friendly	2	Improvements - none required
Precinct	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
2	1	Picnics		
-	1	Relaxing		
-	1	Walking		
Dights Falls	1	Cycling	1	High density developments - prohibit
2		, ,		on river
	1	Exercising		
	1	Picnics		
Port Melbourne	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
Beach	1	Exercising		
2	1	Relaxing		
	1	Swimming		
	1	Walking		
Abrahams Reserve	1	Cycling		
1	1	Play - children		
All Nations Park	1	Dog walking		
Park 1				
Alphington	1	Sport - football		
Park 1	1	Walking		
Balfe Park	1	Sport		
1	1	Social - meeting people/friends		
CERES	1	Vegetation - diversity	1	Improvements - none required
Environmental Community Park 1		ı		·
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Access - opening hours to be
Dandenong		1 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	l	
-	1	Views		extended

Open Space	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Darling Gardens 1	1	Relaxing		
Edwardes Lake Park	1	Lake setting	1	Birdlife - plant more indigenous/native plants to encourage water birds
1	1	Open space - large space	1	Cultural activities - additional required
			1	Drinking fountains - additional required
			1	Sporting facilities - canoe hire required
			1	Wildlife - plant more native/indigenous vegetation to attract wildlife
George Knott Reserve 1	1	Sport - children	1	Access - pedestrian path linking from Queens Parade
Local Cycle Paths	1	Cycling		
rains 1			_	
Local farms 1	1	Horse - riding		
Mayors Park	1	Playground	1	Improvements - none required
1				
McNamara Reserve 1	1	Playground		
<u>ı</u> Mornington	1	Beach		
Peninsula 1	1	Walking	1	
Oxford Street Park	1	Access - close to work	1	Open grassed area - improvements required
1			1	Paths - improve
			1	Trees - plant mature trees
Royal Park 1	1	Open space - green place		
Royal Park Nature	1	Play - children	1	Shade - additional required
Playground 1				
Studley Park	1	Open space - natural character		
1	1	River setting	1	
Victoria Park	1	Sport - football	1	Dogs - over use
1		1	1	Signage - improve dog regulation signs

#### A2.10.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

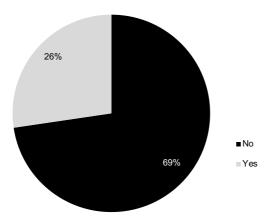
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

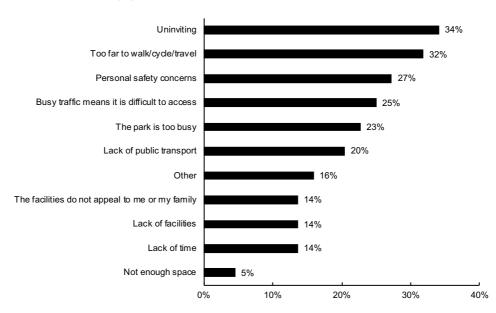
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 170 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 44 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

26 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is slightly higher than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was that they found the space to be uninviting, this was closely followed by the distance then personal safety concerns. Compared to the Municipal average, 11 per cent more respondents in Fitzroy North considered open space being uninviting as an issue. 9 per cent less Fitzroy North respondents indicated distance as a reason for not visiting open space. Personal safety concerns were higher, by 27 per cent of respondents, which is 12 per cent above the Municipal average.

## A2.10.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in Fitzroy North. The percentages are calculated based on the 170 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%
10% to 19%
20% to 29%
30% to 39%
40% and over

#### Table A Types of open spaces used and frequency of use.

Large parks and gardens are the most visited open spaces, which reflects the location of Edinburgh Gardens within this precinct. This is followed by open space along the Merri Creek and using local streets for exercise. Fitzroy North has some wide streets with well-established trees which are likely to contribute to the high levels of use of the local streets.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
91%	Open space along the Merri Creek	11%	20%	22%	21%	16%	9%	1%
84%	Open space along the Yarra River	2%	9%	14%	27%	32%	12%	5%
97%	Large parks and gardens	42%	27%	18%	8%	2%	3%	0%
72%	Large sporting reserves	1%	4%	12%	21%	34%	21%	7%
74%	Medium sized parks	1%	6%	12%	22%	32%	16%	10%
82%	Small local parks	14%	20%	16%	15%	18%	10%	8%
62%	Urban Squares	4%	8%	14%	19%	17%	19%	19%
86%	Local streets for exercise	45%	18%	14%	4%	5%	8%	6%

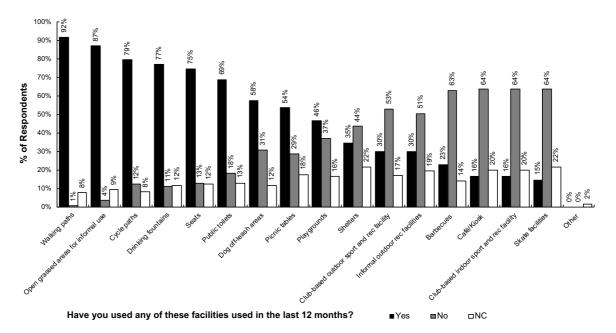
#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

In terms of the most frequently used open space, large parks and gardens are the most popular followed by local streets for exercise before the Merri Creek This generally reflects that the popularity of Edinburgh Gardens and attractiveness of the streetscape near the Gardens.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
87%	Large parks and gardens	42%	27%	18%
76%	Local streets for exercise	45%	18%	14%
54%	Open space along the Merri Creek	11%	20%	22%
50%	Small local parks	14%	20%	16%
26%	Urban Squares	4%	8%	14%
25%	Open space along the Yarra River	2%	9%	14%
19%	Medium sized parks	1%	6%	12%
16%	Large sporting reserves	1%	4%	12%

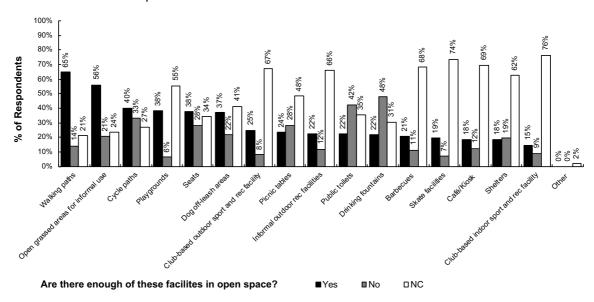
#### A2.10.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from Fitzroy North, 170. Respondents indicated that walking paths, open grassed areas and cycle paths were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, all higher than the Municipal average.



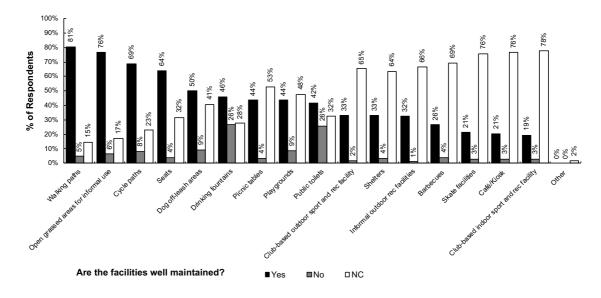
#### A2.10.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of Fitzroy North surveys received, 170. Compared to the municipal average, more people identify that there are not enough cycle paths, drinking fountains and public toilets.



#### A2.10.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of Fitzroy North surveys returned, 170.



## A2.10.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is

a summary of these comments from returned surveys from Fitzroy North respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

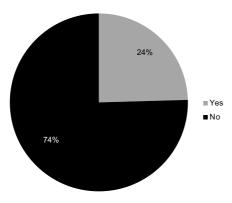
No.	General Comments List
49	Open Space
18	Open space - valued
10	Open space - additional required as density increases
5	Open space - contributes to liveability
4	Open space - keep/retain what there is
2	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing
2	Open space - keep/retain as community/social spaces
2 1	Open space - value the choice and variety
1	Open space - additional green corridors required Open space - additional required between Dean Street and Barkly Street
1	Open space - additional required south of Alexandra Parade
1	Open space - council to purchase abandoned dwellings for open space
1	Open space - value informal open spaces
1	Open space - value natural character
39	Maintenance and Management
5	Maintenance and management - valued
4	Dogs - enforce regulations
3	Alcohol - consumers to be responsible for waste
3	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
3	Cyclists - slow through parks
3	Dogs - off-leash areas valued
2 1	Rubbish - remove litter in open space
1	Alcohol - allow consumption for special events Alcohol - over consumption in open space
1	Dogs - increase fines for leaving waste
1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for controlling their dogs
1	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
1	Dogs - waste bag/bins, additional required
1	Events/entertainment - prohibit festivals in open spaces
1	Graffiti - removal required
1	Open space - ensure they are well maintained
1	Open space - maintenance required for small local parks
1	Picnic facilities - encourage people to be responsible for waste
1	Ranger - provide for larger/less used open spaces
1	Security - enforce regulations for littering
1	Slacklining - allow in public spaces
1	Toilets - improve maintenance
40	
16	Other High density developments - to contribute to open space
3 3	
ა 1	Overall strategy - council is doing a good job  Activities - additional required for refugees
1	Developments - encourage innovation in vacant shops
1	Developments - limit large developments
1	High density developments - limit developments
1	High density developments - limit developments around open space
1	Overall strategy - increase taxation on high income earners for open space funding
1	Overall strategy - invest funding into open space in lower socio-economic areas
1	Survey - additional space required for further comments
1	Survey - include questions on community gardens
1	Traffic - reduce near parks

No	Canaral Comments List
No. 15	General Comments List Park Infrastructure
4	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
4	Signage - improve dog regulation signs
2	Seating - additional required
1	Bins - additional required
1	Drinking fountains - additional required
1	Facilities - more required for elderly
1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required within dog off-leash areas
1	Shade - additional required
14	Recreation Facilities
2	Exercise equipment - additional required
2	Informal recreation facilities - table tennis required
2	Informal sport facilities - additional multi use courts required
1	Informal sport facilities - additional netball courts required
1	Informal sport facilities - disc golf course required
1	Little Free Libraries - additional required
1	Playgrounds - shade required
1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade/maintenance
1	Sporting facilities - paddle tennis court required
1	Sporting facilities - provide tennis facilities free of cost
1	Sporting facilities - upgrade tennis club
11	Paths
2	Cycle paths - need to separate cyclists from dog off-leash areas
2	Shared paths - separate cyclists and pedestrian paths
2	Shared Paths - widen
1	Cycle paths - maintenance required
1	Cycle paths - safer routes for cyclists required
1	Cycle paths - valued
1	Cycle paths - widen/upgrade paths in streets
1	Shared paths - mandate right of way rules for cyclists
5	Trees and Vegetation
2	Community gardens - additional required
1	Trees - additional required for shade
1	Trees - plant more fruit trees
1	Trees - plant more street trees
'	Plant more successions
1	Sustainability
1	Green waste - place to recycle required

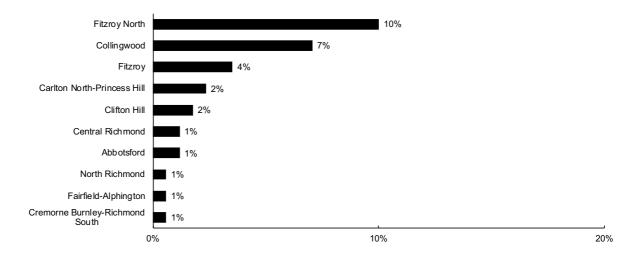
## A2.10.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 170 surveys received.

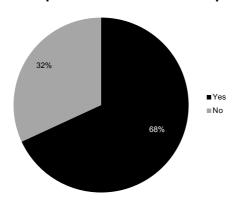
A2.10.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



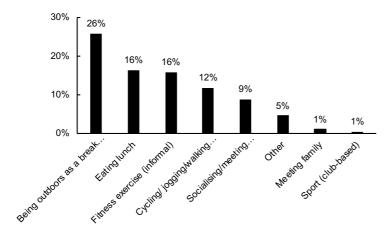
A2.10.8b Where respondents work



A2.10.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



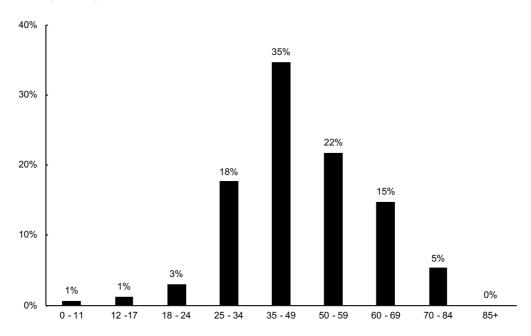
#### A2.10.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



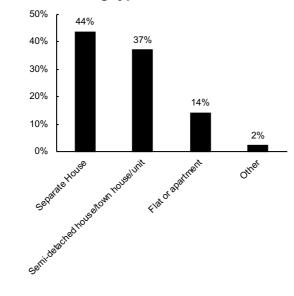
# A2.10.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 170 surveys received

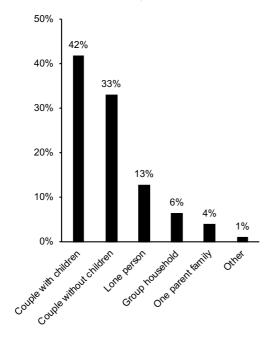
#### A2.10.9a Age range



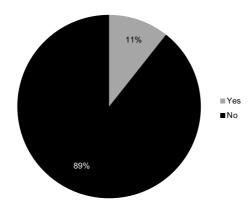
#### A2.10.9b Dwelling type



A2.10.9c Household type



A2.10.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



## **A2.11 North Richmond**

## Summary of the survey outcomes for North Richmond

**158** respondents indicated they live in North Richmond. This represents 13 per cent of total surveys received. The Community Profile figures indicate that 15 per cent of the City of Yarra population lives in North Richmond.

With both the Yarra River corridor and Citizens Park located in North Richmond, the respondents appreciate the existing open space and also the opportunity to comment via the survey. Citizens Park overwhelmingly receives the highest levels of use because it is close by, for walking, exercise, dog walking and play. This is followed by the Yarra River corridor for walking and cycling. Respondents nominate they use small local parks on a frequent basis, most likely due to their close proximity. There is a focus on the importance of open space for fitness and support for children's participation in sport including female participation. Additional open space is frequently requested, particularly as density increases. Additional trees in parks and gardens and the streets are also requested.

## A2.11.1 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about the open spaces in their Municipality and were invited to select any of the twenty-five values listed, with an option to add additional values under the 'other' category.

Percentages are calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys for North Richmond, 158. The table below illustrates the information, listing the twenty-four values in priority order.

The top three values are consistent with the municipal results with open space being a place to relax and unwind, trees and the feeling of space. The key difference is the higher ranking of fitness, watching activity, playing team-based sport and flowers and garden beds.

Value	%
A place to relax and unwind	54%
Trees	51%
The feeling of space	48%
Just being outside	46%
An escape from the built environment	44%
Fitness	41%
Health and well being	40%
A place for children to play	38%
Habitat for native plants and animals	35%
It's accessible	34%
Meeting people/friends	34%
Exercising dogs	32%
Green character	30%

Value	%
Natural bushland character	27%
Knowing that it's there	25%
The quiet	25%
Flowers/garden beds	23%
Playing casual ball games/activity	22%
Watching activity	22%
Playing team/club based sport	19%
Cultural activities and events	17%
The diversity of open space	17%
Cultural heritage values/significance	13%
Historical character	13%
Other	3%

The other category included a range of comments including water amenities, cleanliness, order and safety, cat walking, fenced off-leash areas, and space to walk through.

## A2.11.2 Open space within walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 158 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.11.2a Most frequently visited open spaces

The following table lists the open spaces visited within walking distance of home.

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
110	Citizens Park	70%
25	Yarra River Corridor	16%
22	Williams Reserve	14%
13	Fitzroy Gardens	8%
10	Yarra Bend Park	6%
9	Barkly Gardens	6%
6	Yarra Primary School	4%
5	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	3%
5	Burnley Park	3%
5	Department of Housing Richmond Place	3%
5	Yarra Park	3%
4	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	3%
3	Local gardens	2%
3	Local Parks	2%
2	Annettes Place	1%
2	Edinburgh Gardens	1%
2	None with n walking distance	1%
2	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	1%
2	Studley Park	1%
1	Butler Street Park	1%
1	Chestnut Street Reserve	1%
1	Darling Gardens	1%
1	Fairfield Park	1%
1	Flockhart Reserve	1%

No.	Open space within walking distance	%
1	Gahan Reserve	1%
1	Gosch's Paddock	1%
1	Local Dog Park	1%
1	Local Football Fields	1%
1	Peppercorn Park	1%
1	Powlett Reserve	1%
1	Richmond Terrace Park	1%

# A2.11.2b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements to open space within walking distance in North Richmond

The following table lists the reasons why North Richmond respondents visit open space within walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. Overall the results indicate that Citizens Park is heavily used for both recreation, dogs exercise and sport, while the Yarra River Corridor is used to enjoy the natural space and travel through by foot or bicycle.

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Citizens Park	16	Access - close to home	35	Improvements - none required
110	16	Walking	8	Dogs - owners to be responsible for waste
	15	Exercising	4	Open space - upgrade
	9	Dog walking	4	Playgrounds - upgrade
	8	Playground	3	Picnic facilities - additional BBQ's required
	6	Dogs - exercising	3	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade/maintenance
	6	Social - meeting people/friends	3	Trees - additional required
	5	Access - convenient (on the way)	3	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
	5	Dog - friendly	2	Dogs - prohibit
	5	Informal ball games/sport	2	Lighting - additional required
	5	Relaxing	2	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	5	Sport	2	Open space - valued
	4	Play - children	2	Seating - additional required
	4	Sports oval	1	Access - additional information about scheduled use required
	3	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Access - improvements required
	3	Dogs - watching	1	Birds - plant additional native/indigenous vegetation to attract birdlife
	3	Jogging/running	1	Birds - prohibit pigeon feeding
	3	Markets	1	Carpark - remove parking permits
	3	Open space	1	Development - concerns about impact on open space
	3	People watching	1	Dogs - improve usability for dogs
	3	Walking - through	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	2	Diverse range of activities	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, extend hours of use
	2	Sport - football	1	Dogs - off-leash, personal safety concerns
	1	Access - close to gym	1	Dogs - over use
	1	Access - travel through	1	Dogs - owners to be in control of their dogs
	1	Cycling - children	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs on sporting fields time
	1	Dogs - socialising	1	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Open space - adult space	1	Drainage - improvement needed
	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Drainage - improvement needed near swimming pool
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	Drug abuse - action required
	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Fencing - additional required
	1	Open space - green place	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
	1	Open space - large space	1	Lighting - use floodlighting
	1	Open space - provision	1	Maintenance - valued
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Picnics	1	Paths - improve surface for jogging
	1	Recreation	1	Pavilion - required
	1	Sitting	1	Picnic facilities - additional tables required
	1	Sport - Auskick	1	Picnic facilities - improve drainage around tables
	1	Sport - children's organised junior football	1	Playgrounds - additional required
	1	Sport - children's organised sport	1	Playgrounds - increase diversity of equipment for a range of age groups
	1	Sport - cricket	1	Playgrounds - shade required
	1	Sport - Milo Cricket	1	Playgrounds - water play required
	1	Sport - organised	1	Rubbish - remove litter
	1	Sport - Richmond Junior Football Club	1	Seating - additional near playground
	1	Sport - spectating	1	Security - improve surveillance
	1	Sport - spectating football	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Sunshine/Vitamin D	1	Shared space - keep/retain as both dog and sports area
	1	Walking - with children	1	Sport field/oval - improve turf
			1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms requires facilities for girls
			1	Sporting facilities - improve cricket turf
			1	Sporting facilities - upgrade spectators seating
			1	Toilets - upgrade existing
			1	Trees - maintenance required
			1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenou planting required
Yarra River	9	Walking	3	Improvements - none required
Corridor 25	7	Cycling	2	Developments - limit developments
	4	Open space - natural character	2	Seating - additional required
	4	Open space - peaceful	1	Access - ramp required at Gipps Street
	3	Open space - away from busy roads and traffic	1	Access - underpass at Swan Street Bridge needs widening
	3	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Bins - additional required
	2	Exercising	1	Birds - plant additional native/indigenou vegetation to attract honeyeaters
	1	Abbotsford Convent Arts Precinct	1	Cyclists - conflicts with pedestrians on shared paths
	1	Access - travel through	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Lighting - solar lights required for path a night
	1	Collingwood Childrens Farm	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
	1	Dog walking	1	Open space - protect
	1	Jogging/running	1	Paths - dangerous, improvements needed
	1	Open space	1	Paths - widen
	1	Open space - fresh air	1	River - prevent erosion
	1	Recreation	1	Rubbish - remove litter

Open Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Relaxing	No.	Suggested Improvements Toilets - additional required
			1	· ·
MA/:11:	1	River setting	1	Trees - plant additional indigenous trees
Williams Reserve	3	Relaxing	5	Improvements - none required
22	3	Social - meeting people/friends	2	Dogs - waste bags/bins, additional required
	3	Access - close to home	1	Access - retain ease of access
	3	Playground	1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
	3	Play - children	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs
	2	Picnics	1	Fencing - additional required
	2	Dog walking	1	Picnic facilities - fence
	1	Access - close to shops/cafes	1	Picnic facilities - shade required over BBQs
	1	Access - travel through	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Café/kiosk	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Exercising	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Open space	1	Vegetation - increase high to mid-level plantings on the east of the park
	1	Open space - grassed areas		parange on the east of the para
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Playground		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Sitting	1	
	1	Social - meeting		
		people/friends		
Fitzroy	4	Walking	5	Improvements - none required
Gardens 13	2	Open space - large space	2	Lighting - additional required
	2	Open space - ambience, beauty	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Exploring	1	Entertainment/events - additional required
	1	Health and well-being	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Jogging/running	1	Open space - valued
	1	Open space - green place	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Open space - peaceful	1	Safety - improve
	1	Picnics	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Relaxing	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Social - consuming alcohol with friends		
	1	Trees		
	1	Walking - through		
Yarra Bend	2	Exercising	3	Improvements - none required
Park 10	2	Open space - peaceful	1	High Density Developments - limit developments
	2	Walking	1	Picnic facilities - improve security
	1	Access - close to home	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Access - close to work	1	Security - enforce fines for littering
	1	Cycling	1	Security - improve surveillance
	1	Dog - friendly		
	1	Dog walking		
	1	Open space - diversity of types		
	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Play - children		
	1	Relaxing		
Barkly	2	Access - close to school	4	Improvements - none required
				provomonto nono required

Open Spaces	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
9	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball
	1	Dog walking	1	hoop required Open space - valued
	1	Picnic facilities - BBQs	1	Paths - improvements needed
	1	Play - children	1	Toilets - upgrade existing
	1	Playground	-	remete apgrane emeanig
	1	Recreation		
	1	Walking		
Yarra Primary	3	Playground	2	Improvements - none required
School 6	2	Access - close to home	1	Bins - additional required
·	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required, improvements appreciated
	1	Informal ball games/sport	1	Informal recreation facilities - table tennis required
	1	Informal sporting facilities - basketball hoops	1	Informal recreation facilities - tennis courts required
	1	Play - children	1	Trees - additional required
	1	Play - safe for children	1	Vegetation - additional native/indigenous
	1	Studying		planting required
Abbotsford	2	Social - meeting	3	Improvements - none required
Convent Arts		people/friends		
Precinct 5	1	Access - to Yarra	2	Open space - valued
·	1	Café/kiosk	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Dog walking	1	Bins - recycling bins required
	1	Exercising	1	Shared paths - improvement required
	1	Markets		
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - heritage character		
	1	Outdoors/being outside		
	1	Walking		
Burnley Park	1	Dog walking		
5	1	Facilities		
	1	Open space - diversity of types		
	1	Sport - children's organised junior cricket		
	1	Sport - children's organised junior football		
	1	Sport - organised		
Department of Housing	1	Access - convenient (on the way)	2	Drug abuse - action required
Richmond	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Bins - additional required
Place 5	1	Open space - escape from the built environment	1	Bins - empty frequently
	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Bins - recycling bins required
	1	Playground	1	Education campaign - against dumping waste
	1	Relaxing	1	Improvements - required
	1	Sitting	1	Informal sporting facilities - upgrade
	1	Social - meeting	1	Open space - bare/uninviting/neglected,
	1	people/friends Social - sense of community	1	improvements required Playgrounds - additional required
Yarra Park	3	1	4	
farra Park 5		Walking	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Dog walking	'	Cyclists - slow through park
Vavin Bartist		Dogs fewer dogs present	4	Dubbiob romava littar
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	1	Sport - children's organised sport	1	Rubbish - remove litter
4	1	Sport - organised	1	Sport field - improve turf management
	1	Sport - Richmond Junior Football Club	1	Sporting facilities - facilities required for girls

Onen Sueses	N.a	Bosson to Visit	l Na	Commented Improvements
Open Spaces	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit Sport - soccer	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements Sporting facilities - clubrooms require
				upgrade/maintenance
			1	Sporting facilities - improve facilities for girls and boys
Local	1	Access - close to home	3	Improvements - none required
gardens 3	1	Access - easy to access		1
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Social - meeting		
l and marks	2	people/friends	1	Impressorate none required
Local parks 3	2	Open space - grassed areas Sitting	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Relaxing	-	
Annettes	1	Open space - uncrowded	1	Playgrounds - upgrade
Place	1	Play - children	1	Security - additional required
2 Edinburgh	1	Picnics	1	Improvements - none required
Gardens	1	Social - meeting	'	improvements - none required
2		people/friends		
	1	Sunshine/Vitamin D		
None within walking distance				
2 Royal	1	Exploring	1	Improvements - none required
Botanical	1	Walking	<u> </u>	improvements - none required
Gardens Melbourne 2		, realising		
Studley Park 2	2	Open space - natural character	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Cyclists - no cyclists present	1	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Open space		
Butler Street Park 1	1	Access - close to home	1	Drug abuse - action required
Chestnut Street Reserve	1	Café/kiosk	1	Open space - restrict motor vehicle access
1		T		1
Darling Gardens	1	Playground	1	Improvements - none required
1 Fairfield Park	1	Cycling	1	Improvements - none required
1	<u> </u>	Cyoning	<u> </u>	provemente - none required
Flockhart	1	Access - close to home	1	Security - enforce fines for littering
Reserve		1	1	Security - improve surveillance
1 Gahan	1	Open space - diversity of	1	Playgrounds - maintenance required for
Reserve		types	1	wooden structure
Gosch's	1	Jogging/running	1	Open space - valued
Paddock			<u> </u>	
1 Local dog	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Grassings - improvements required
park	1	Relaxing	'	C. 200mg0 improvements required
1	1	Walking - through	-	
Local football	1	Open space - large space		
fields 1			_	
Peppercorn	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Rubbish - remove litter
Park 1	1	Walking		
Richmond	1	Open space - grassed areas	1	Improvements - none required
Terrace Park	1	Outdoors/being outside	1	Open space - valued
		1		

#### A2.11.3 Open space beyond walking distance

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 158 surveys received. The number is the total number of survey responses for each specific open space, and they are listed in priority order.

#### A2.11.3a Most frequently visited open space beyond walking distance

The following table lists the open spaces visited beyond walking distance of home.

No.	Open space visited	%
10	Fitzroy Gardens	6%
9	Edinburgh Gardens	6%
9	Yarra Bend Park	6%
7	Barkly Gardens	4%
7	Kevin Bartlett Reserve	4%
5	Carlton Gardens	3%
4	Burnley Park	3%
4	Royal Botanical Gardens Melbourne	3%
3	Citizens Park	2%
3	Local national parks	2%
3	St Kilda Beach	2%
2	Ramsden Reserve	1%
2	Williams Reserve	1%
2	Yarra River Corridor	1%
1	Birrarung Marr	1%
1	Darling Gardens	1%
1	Elwood Beach	1%
1	Flagstaff Gardens	1%
1	Lilydale to Warburton Rail trail	1%
1	Maribyrnong River	1%
1	Wallen Reserve	1%

#### A2.11.3b Reasons for visiting and suggested improvements

The following table lists the reasons why North Richmond respondents visit open space beyond walking distance along with any suggested improvements, and are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific open space. While respondents in North Richmond use Fitzroy Gardens for travelling through and its beauty, they are travelling to Edinburgh Gardens for social occasions.

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
Fitzroy	2	Open space - beautiful	3	Improvements - none required
Gardens 10	2	Relaxing	1	Dogs - prohibit
	2	Walking	1	Facilities - additional required for children
	2	Access - convenient (on the way)		
	1	Dogs - fewer present		
	1	Lunch		
	1	Open space		

Open space visited	No.	Reason to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvements
	1	Open space - large space	1101	- uggesteu improvenionio
	1	Photography		
	1	Recreation - with family		
Edinburgh	5	Social - meeting people/friends	3	Improvements - none required
Gardens 9	1	Entertainment/events	2	Maintenance - regular maintenance & cleaning required
	1	Open space - diversity of types	1	Bins - additional required
	1	Open space - memory/association	1	Open space - valued
	1	Open space - safe	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Relaxing		1
Yarra Bend Park	4	River setting	5	Improvements - none required
9	2	Open space - large space	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Access - close to home	1	Open grassed area - maintenance required
	1	Cycling	1	Picnic facilities - additional BBQs required
	1	Dogs - off-leash area	1	Seating - additional required
	1	Exploring	1	Toilets - additional required
	1	Fishing		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Playground		
	1	Sport - golf		1
Barkly Gardens 7	3	Playground	2	Improvements - none required
	1	Dog walking	1	Sports oval - allow Richmond Primary School students to utilise
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - green place		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Playground - diversity of challenges		
	1	Social - meeting people/friends  Social - children's parties		
	1	Walking		
Kevin Bartlett	1	Exercising	2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms
Reserve 7	1	Open space	1	require upgrade/maintenance  Access - provide safer places to
	1	Sport	1	cross major roads Improvements - none required
	1	Sport - football	1	Open grassed area - improvements required
	1	Sport - girl's Richmond Junior	1	Security - additional required
	1	Football Club Sport - organised	1	Sporting facilities - facilities for girls required
	1	Sport - soccer		i roquirou
	1	Walking		
Carlton	4	Social - meeting people/friends		
Gardens 5	1	Garden beds		
	1	Open space		
	1	Open space - design and layout		
	1	Open space - large space		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Relaxing		
	1	Trees - beautiful		

Open space	N.	December Visit	NI-	C
visited 4	<b>No.</b>	Reason to Visit  Open space - natural character	<b>No.</b>	Suggested Improvements Playgrounds - water play required
•	1	Open space - peaceful	•	inalygrounds mater play roquirou
	1	Playground		
	1	Social - parties		
Royal Botanical	1	Gardens	1	Gardens - additional children's
Gardens				gardens required
Melbourne 4	1	Open space - beautiful	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - large space	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Play - children		
	1	Gardens - waterplay		
	1	Trees		
Citizens Park	2	Walking	1	Dogs - prohibit dogs off-leash
3	1	Play - children	1	Open space - enlarge/extend this
	1	Sitting	1	open space Playgrounds - upgrade
	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Shade - additional required
Local national	1	Camping	1	Improvements - none required
parks	1	Hiking		
3	1	Open space - escape from the built environment		
St Kilda Beach	1	Bay	2	Improvements - none required
3	1	Beach		•
	1	Dog - friendly		
	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - memory/association		
Ramsden	1	Dogs - exercising	1	Improvements - none required
Reserve 2	1	Dog walking		
Williams	1	Open space	1	Open space - additional required
Reserve 2			1	Trees - additional shade trees required
Yarra River Corridor	2	Open space - peaceful	1	Open space - keep/retain what there is
2	1	Open space - ambience, beauty		
	1	Open space - natural character		
	1	Relaxing		
Birrarung Marr	1	Dog - friendly		
	1	Play - children		
Darling Gardens 1	1	Social - meeting people/friends	1	Improvements - none required
Elwood Beach	1	Access - close to work		
1	1	Beach		
	1	Views		
Flagstaff Gardens	1	Walking	1	Improvements - none required
Lilydale to	1	Cycling		
Warburton Rail trail 1	1	Walking		
Maribyrnong	1	Cycling		
River		1	l	
Wallen Reserve	1	Dog walking	1	Improvements - none required
1		13 2 3	<u> </u>	The state of the s

## A2.11.4 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space by respondents. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in general.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

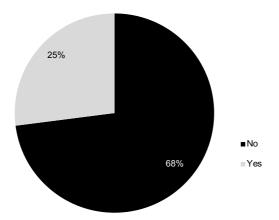
Part 1 – whether there is open space they would like to visit but are unable to.

Part 2 – the reasons they are unable to visit open space.

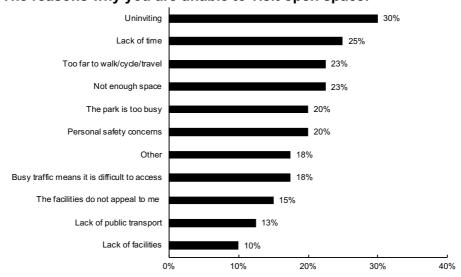
The percentages nominated in Part 1 are a proportion of the total 158 surveys received. The percentages nominated in Part 2 are a percentage of the 40 respondents who answered yes to the first part of the question.

#### Part 1 Is there open space you would like to visit but are unable to?

25 per cent of respondents indicated that they would like to visit open space but are unable to. This is slightly higher than the Municipal average, 22 per cent.



#### Part 2 The reasons why you are unable to visit open space:



The most frequent reason for not visiting open space was because the open spaces were uninviting, followed by the lack of time distance and lack of space. Compared to the

Municipal average, 7 per cent more respondents in North Richmond considered open spaces to be uninviting.

## A2.11.5 Types of open space visited and frequency of use

The following table shows the frequency of use of different types of open space in North Richmond. The percentages are calculated based on the 158 completed surveys. The total percentage column shown on the left hand side of the table is the sum of total use and does not include never and not completed responses. The percentages on the right hand side indicate frequency of use. The percentages in Table A below have been highlighted using shades of colour to assist with interpretation of the results.

0% to 9%		
10% to 19%		
20% to 29%		
30% to 39%		
40% and over		

#### Table A Types of open spaces used in priority order.

Open space along the Yarra is the most visited type of open space followed by small local parks and large parks and gardens. This is slightly inconsistent with the open space network in North Richmond given the high number of people nominating they use Citizens Park.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly	Monthly	1-2 times a year	Never	NC
46%	Open space along the Merri Creek	2%	3%	4%	16%	22%	47%	7%
84%	Open space along the Yarra River	6%	9%	27%	28%	14%	11%	4%
79%	Large parks and gardens	3%	7%	16%	26%	28%	17%	4%
64%	Large sporting reserves	4%	9%	14%	20%	17%	32%	4%
47%	Medium sized parks	4%	6%	9%	14%	15%	42%	11%
82%	Small local parks	16%	18%	27%	15%	6%	14%	4%
55%	Urban Squares	4%	7%	12%	13%	20%	36%	9%
74%	Local streets for exercise	28%	16%	15%	8%	8%	22%	4%

#### Table B Frequently visited types of open spaces in priority order

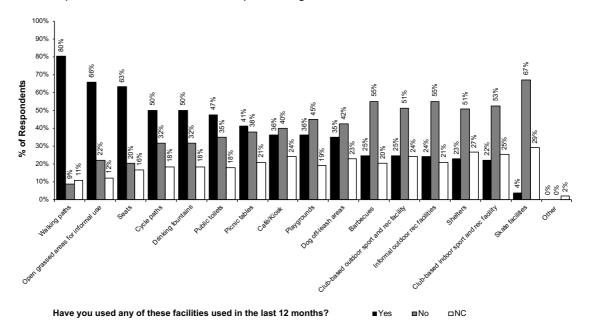
On a frequent basis small local parks are the most popular, followed by the local streets when used for exercise, and then the Yarra River.

Total	Open Space	Daily	2-3 times a week	Weekly
61%	Small local parks	16%	18%	27%
59%	Local streets for exercise	28%	16%	15%
42%	Open space along the Yarra River	6%	9%	27%
27%	Large parks and gardens	3%	9%	16%
27%	Large sporting reserves	4%	9%	14%
23%	Urban Squares	4%	7%	12%
19%	Medium sized parks	4%	6%	9%
9%	Open space along the Merri Creek	2%	3%	4%

## A2.11.6 Facilities and features in open space

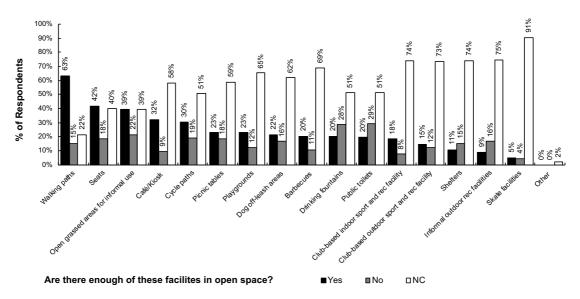
#### A2.11.6a Use of facilities and features in open space

The following table indicates use of facilities in open space over the last twelve months. The percentages are calculated on the number of returned surveys from North Richmond, 158. Respondents indicated that walking paths, open grassed areas and seats were the most popular facilities used in the last 12 months, with open grassed areas approximately 10 per cent lower than the Municipal average.



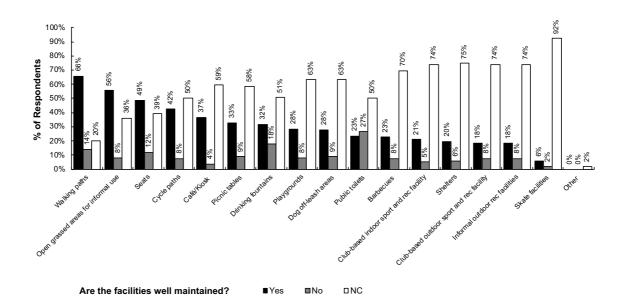
#### A2.11.6b Provision of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the percentage of respondents that consider the various facilities within open space either are or are not adequately provided for. Percentages are calculated on the total number of North Richmond surveys received, 158. Overall there is a higher level of satisfaction with the provision of facilities in open space when compared to the municipal results.



#### A2.11.6c Maintenance of facilities in open space

The following graph illustrates the level of satisfaction with the maintenance of open space facilities. The percentages are calculated on the total number of North Richmond surveys returned, 158.



## A2.11.7 General comments on open space

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write any additional comments on the open space within the Municipality and their local area. The following is a summary of these comments from returned surveys from North Richmond respondents which have been grouped together into topics and assembled in priority order.

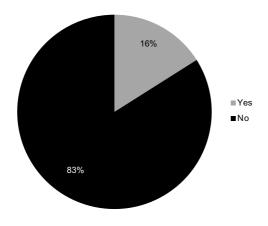
No.	General Comments List
15	Recreation Facilities
3	Sport - prioritise sport for children's health
2	Sporting facilities - additional basketball courts required
2	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require upgrade/maintenance
1	Exercise equipment - additional required
1	Playgrounds - additional required
1	Sporting facilities - clubrooms require facilities for girls
1	Sporting facilities - improve
1	Sporting facilities - provide indoor basketball courts
1	Sports fields/ovals - improve turf
1	Sports fields/ovals - improve drainage
13	Open Space
6	Open space - additional required as density increases/less private open space
2	Open space - valued
1	Open space - develop unused/dead space into green space
1	Open space - ensure they are well maintained
1	Open space - add greening to urban squares required
1	Open space - important
1	Open space - increase diversity
13	Other
4	Overall strategy - appreciate the opportunity to comment
4	Overall strategy - Council is doing a good job
1	Community behaviour - improve
1	Developments - adjoining open space maintain height restrictions
1	Developments - limit large developments
1	Developments - limit large developments along the Yarra
1	Overall strategy - prioritise natural/native flora/fauna
12	Maintenance and Management
2	Dogs - prohibit on sporting fields
2	Rubbish - remove litter in open space
1	Bins - empty more frequently
1	Dogs - enforce regulations
1	Dogs - off-leash areas, additional required
1	Dogs - regular removal of waste required
1	Maintenance - valued
1	Shared space - conflicts between cricket players and dog owners
1	Shared space - separate spaces for dogs and humans required
1	Trolleys - dumping an issue
8	Park Infrastructure
1	Dogs - fenced off-leash areas required
1	Dogs - agility equipment required
1	Fencing - additional required
1	Lighting - improve in open spaces
1	Picnic facilities - additional required
1	Picnic facilities - shade required for tables
1	Picnic facilities - design for child safety

No.	General Comments List
1	Toilets - upgrade toilets at Richmond Primary School
7	Trees and Vegetation
2	Trees - additional required
1	Community gardens - additional required in streetscape
1	Trees - plant indigenous trees to support wildlife
1	Trees - plant more street trees
1	Streetscape - more green/plants
1	Vegetation - prioritise increasing vegetation in open spaces
1	Access
1	Footpaths - remove pedestrian walkway on Regent Street
1	Paths
1	Cycle paths - improve drainage along the river

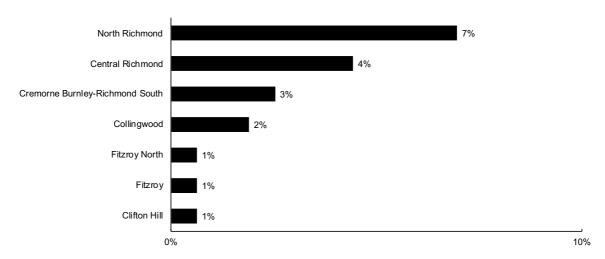
# A2.11.8 Work in City of Yarra

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 158 surveys received.

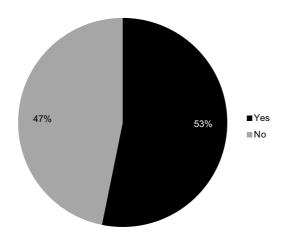
## A2.11.8a Respondents that work in the City of Yarra



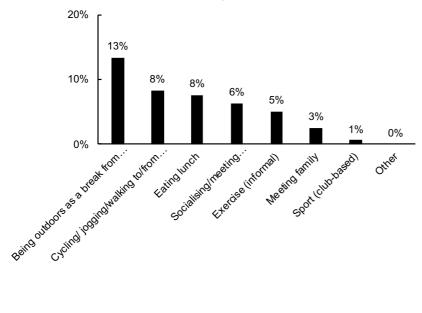
#### A2.11.8b Where respondents work



#### A2.11.8c Respondents that visit the open space near their workplace



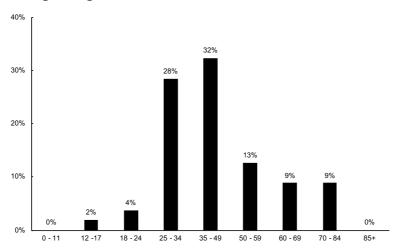
#### A2.11.8d Reason for visiting open space near work



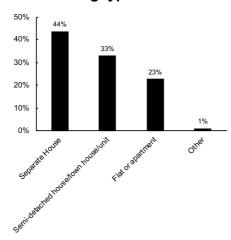
# A2.11.9 Information about respondents

In the following table, the percentage is calculated on the total 158 surveys received.

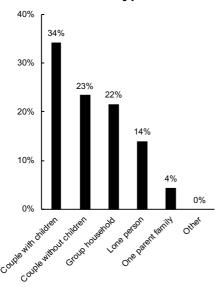
#### A2.11.9a Age range



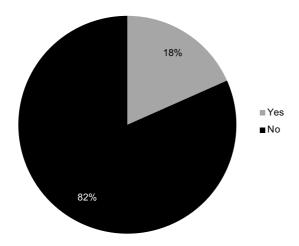
## A2.11.9b Dwelling type



#### A2.11.9c Household type



# A2.11.9d Respondents who speak English as a second language



# **PART B**

# Worker open space survey

# **B1** Introduction

#### B1.1 Summary of the worker open space survey

Workers were surveyed in four employment precincts in the City of Yarra including Collingwood, Cremorne, Fitzroy and Richmond. The Worker Survey was conducted by Metropolis Research as an intercept survey based on questions supplied by TBLD. Some questions were modified and additional questions added by Metropolis Research. Metropolis Research were commissioned to prepare an report on the survey outcomes, which is attached to this report as Appendix A.

TBLD has analysed the results of the four questions from the survey for each individual employment precinct using the raw data supplied by Metropolis Research. The four questions analysed on a precinct basis are:

- How often do you typically visit open space near your workplace?
- What open spaces near your workplace do you visit most often?
- What are all the reasons why you visit these open spaces near your workplace?
- Do you have any suggested improvements to the open space network near your workplace?

## B1.2 Overall summary of the worker survey outcomes

The total number of workers surveyed was 498, and below is the breakdown of the number of surveys for each employment precinct:

- Collingwood 124 respondents
- Cremorne 117 respondents
- Fitzroy 144 respondents
- Richmond 113 respondents

For the overall survey outcomes, refer to Appendix A which includes the report on the survey outcomes prepared by Metropolis Research.

Metropolis advised that the surveys were conducted in the following locations in each of the employment precincts:

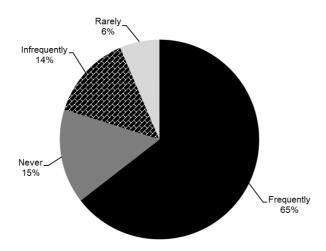
- Collingwood Smith Street
- Cremorne Church Street and Swan Street
- Fitzroy St Vincents Hospital and Brunswick Street area
- Richmond Epworth Hospital and Bridge Road.

# B2 Worker survey employment precinct summaries

# **B2.1 Collingwood**

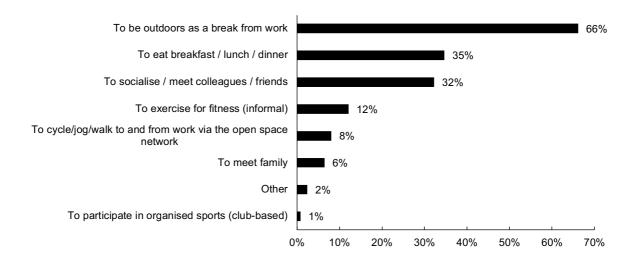
## B2.1.1 How often you visit open space near your workplace

85% of the 124 respondents visit open space near the workspace, with 65% visiting it frequently.



#### **B2.1.2** Reasons to visit open space near workplace

The majority (66%) of workers in Collingwood visit open space to be outdoors as a break from work, followed by eating meals and the socialising with friends/colleagues.



## B2.1.3 Which open space do you visit near your near workplace

Fitzroy Gardens and Peel Street Park are the most visited areas of open space.

No.	Open space visited			
28	Fitzroy Gardens			
24	Peel Street Park			
15	Edinburgh Gardens			
14	Carlton Gardens			
5	Gertrude Street			
5	Smith Street			
4	Small parks			
4	Parks/reserves			
4	Webb Street			
3	Botanical Gardens			
3	CBD parks and gardens			
3	George Street			
3	Oxford Street			
3	Whitlam Place			
2	Exhibition Gardens			
2	Fitzroy Pool			
1	Open space around the Department of Housing flats			
1	Atherton Reserve			
1	Burnley Gardens			
1	Clifton Hill			
1	Condell Place			
1	Council house gardens			
1	Fairfield Gardens			
1	Fitzroy Town Hall			
1	Gipps Street Park			
1	Lincoln Square			
1	Museum in Carlton Gardens			
1	Parliament Gardens			
1	Playground			
1	Playground in Kew			
1	Stanley Street			
1	Streets			
1	Treasury Gardens			
1	Victoria Park			
1	Yarra River			

# B2.1.4 Suggested improvements/changes to open space visited near the workplace

Respondents were given the opportunity to provide any suggestions for improvement to the open space or to highlight any issues they have with the open space.

Open space visited	No.	Suggested improvement for/issue width
Open space in general	14	Open space – additional required
43	4	Green spaces – additional required in the city
	3	Greening - more trees/plants/grass in open space
	2	Picnic tables for having lunch - additional required
	2	Public toilets - additional required
	2	Quieter places to relax and unwind - additional required
	2	Shade - additional required

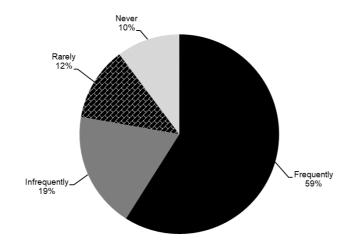
Open space visited	No.	Suggested improvement for/issue width
-	2	Safety - feel unsafe
	1	Better value for the rates
	1	Bicycle parking - additional required
	1	Car parking - additional required to improve access to open space
	1	Maintenance - additional required
	1	Maintenance - cleaning graffiti required
	1	Maintenance - well maintained
	1	Pedestrian access - improve safety
	1	Pets - more pet free areas required
	1	Rubbish collection - increase frequency
	1	Seating- uncomfortable
	1	Trees - additional required
Fitzroy Gardens	4	Open space – additional required
28	3	Green open space - additional required
	3	Open space - need more like Fitzroy Gardens in City of Yarra
	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
	2	Public toilets - additional required
	2	Seating - additional required
	2	Seating - improvement required
	1	Barbecue areas - additional required
	1	
	1	Car parking - more required to access open space
	1	Enjoy as is - no improvement required
	1	Jogging paths - additional required
		Maintenance - additional required
	1	Public toilets - more cleaning required
	1	Shade - additional required
Peel Street Park	4	Seating - additional required
24	4	Enjoy as is - no improvement required
	3	Shade - additional required
	2	Open space - additional required
	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Garden bed/grassed areas - more required
	1	Garden maintenance - cleaning more frequently
	1	Open space - more awareness required
	1	Picnic tables and seats - additional required
	1	Seating - more comfortable seating required
	1	Trees - more large trees for shade
	1	Trees and vegetation - additional required
Edinburgh Gardens	2	Enjoy as is - no changes required
15	1	Basketball court - additional required
	1	Bicycle infrastructure - required
	1	Open space - don't sell to developers
	1	Open space - need additional large parks
	1	Opens space - more required
	1	Playgrounds - additional required
Carlton Gardens	2	Trees - more native species in open space required
14	1	Garden beds - additional required
	1	Good - no changes required
	1	Open space - more areas to relax required
	1	Seating - additional required
Smith Street	1	Drinking fountains - additional required
5iiiilii Sireel 5	1	Seating - additional required
•	'	County - additional required

Open space visited	No.	Suggested improvement for/issue width
Webb Street	1	Maintenance - more cleaning required
4	1	Maintenance - well maintained
	1	Public drinking - policing required
Botanical Gardens 3	1	Open space good - no changes required
Oxford Street Park	1	Open space - additional required
3	1	Peel Street Park - gets very busy
	1	Seating - additional required
Parks	1	Trees - more required
3	1	Green open space - additional required
	1	Public toilets - additional required
Exhibition Gardens	1	Drinking fountain - additional required
2	1	Rubbish bins additional required
Burnley Gardens	1	Footpaths - maintenance required
1	1	Safety - more lighting required
Gardens in the CBD 2	1	Open space - more required near my workplace
	1	Seating - additional required
Fairfield Park 1	1	Disability parking - additional required
Gipps Street Park 1	1	Family areas - additional required
Whitlam Park	1	Dogs bowls and poo bags - required
3	1	Open space - more required
	1	Seating - additional required
Lincoln Square 1	1	Rubbish bins - additional required
Local Open space	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
4	1	Garden beds and trees - need more in streetscapes
Museum in Carlton Gardens 1	1	Open space - more required in City of Yarra
Parliament Gardens 1	1	Open space good - no changes required
Fitzroy Pool 2	1	Public pools - more required
Open space 1	1	Open space - additional required
Stanley Street 1	1	Open space - need more large parks
Treasury Gardens 1	1	Public toilets - more cleaning required
Victoria Park 1	1	Greening - additional required
Yarra River 1	1	Green open space - additional required

# **B2.2** Cremorne

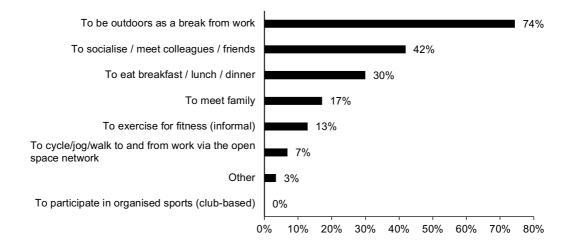
#### B2.2.1 How often you visit open space near your workplace

90% of respondents visit open space near the workspace, with 59% visiting it frequently. This reinforces the importance of open space to workers and is slightly higher than Collingwood.



#### B2.2.2 Reasons to visit open space near workplace

The majority (74%) of workers in Cremorne visit open space to be outdoors as a break from work, followed by 42% to socialise and meet with friends/colleagues. There is a low level of participation in exercise and organised sport.



#### B2.2.3 Which open space do you visit near your near workplace

Church Street and Parks in general are the most visited open spaces in Cremorne. It is unclear from the survey results whether people are referring to Church Street in general or Church Street Park. From the survey results below it appears that the intercept surveys for Cremorne were conducted in Church Street, which explains the high number of responses specifically mentioning this area of open space.

No.	Open space visited
27	Church Street
22	Parks (no location/name provided)
15	Barkley Gardens
9	Gardens (no location/name provided)
4	Dale Street
4	Flagstaff Gardens
4	Yarra Park
3	Citizens Park
3	Church Street Park
3	McConchie Reserve
3	Open space outside the City of Yarra and City of Melbourne
2	Burnley Gardens
2	Carlton Gardens
2	Garden near work
2	Olympic Park
2	Richmond Park
2	Small local park
2	White Street Reserve
1	Cafe
1	Richmond Terrace Park
1	Goschs Paddock
1	Kings Domain
1	Near bridge shore gardens
1	Near this street
1	Olympic Park
1	Outdoor cafes
1	Palmer Parade Park
1	Richmond Station
1	Yarra River

# B2.2.4 Suggested improvements/changes to open space visited near the workplace

Respondents were asked to provide any suggestions for improvement to the open space or to highlight any issues they have with open space in general.

Open space visited	No.	Suggestions/issues with open space		
Church Street	5	Seating - additional required		
27	3	Maintenance - improvement required		
	2	Designated smoking areas - additional required		
	2	Drinking water - to be provided		
	2	Open space - additional required Provide bins with butt out facility		
	1			
	1	Rubbish bins - additional required		
Parks	5	Improvement - none required		
22	2	Car parking - additional required		

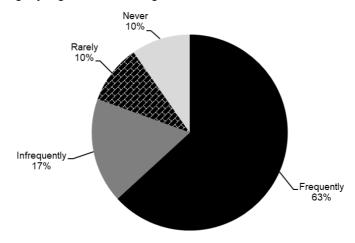
0		0
Open space visited	<b>No.</b> 2	Suggestions/issues with open space  Green spaces - additional required
	2	Maintenance - additional required
	2	
	2	Open space - more required
	1	Seating - additional required  Barbeque facilities - additional required
	1	Better night lighting - additional required
	1	Café/food/drink - services required
	1	Fitness equipment - additional required
	1	Improvement - none required, they are great
	1	Picnic shelters - additional required
	1	Picnic tables/chairs - additional required
	1	Shaded seating - additional required
	1	Trees - additional required
Barkley Gardens	2	Improvements - none required
15	2	Maintenance - additional required
10	2	Open space - more required
	1	Car parking - more required
	1	Dogs - owners to clean up after dogs
	1	Improvements - beautification required
	1	Improvements - none required, beautiful
	1	Maintenance - retain good condition
	1	Public toilets - improvement required
	1	Relaxing - ensure quiet and relaxing
	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Seating - additional required
Gardens	4	Open space - additional required
9	2	Improvement - none required
	1	Car parking - better parking required near open space
	1	Free car parking near open space - required
	1	Green open space - additional required
	1	Noise - reduce noise levels in open space
	1	Seating - more required
	1	Variety of shade trees - additional required
Dale Street	2	Traffic management - improvement required
4	1	Dedicated pedestrian footpath - required
·	1	Grass - improvement required
	1	Rubbish bins - additional required
Flagstaff Gardens	1	Seating - additional required
4	1	Shade - additional required
<del>-</del>	1	Swings are facing the sun - realignment required
Varra Dark		
Yarra Park 3	2	Greening - adjacent to the river required
3	2	Maintenance - cleaning required
	1	Boats - along the Yarra required
Fit as Osada a O	1	Seating - additional required
Fitzroy Gardens 3 McConchie Reserve	1	Rubbish bins - emptied more frequently to reduce presence of vermin
3	1	WiFi - connectivity required
Burnley Gardens	2	Improvements - none required
2	1	Greening - additional required
	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Maintenance - additional required
Church Street Reserve	1	Commercial in these areas
2	1	Cycling paths - required
	1	Food trucks - more frequent
	<u> </u>	·

Open space visited	No.	Suggestions/issues with open space		
	1	Improvements - none required		
	1	Rubbish bins - additional required		
Citizens Park	1	Dogs - review standard on-lead controls		
2	1	Seating additional required		
City Link Off Ramp	2	Maintenance - cleaning required		
2	1	Barbecue area - required		
	1	Shade - additional required		
	1	Trees - additional required		
	1	Trees - maintenance required		
Olympic Park 2	1	Open space - additional required		
Small Local Park	1	Greening - additional required		
2	1	Open space - additional required		
Richmond Terrace Park 1	1	Maintenance - cleaning required		

# **B2.3** Fitzroy

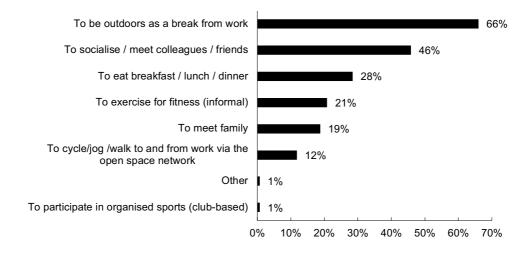
#### B2.3.1 How often you visit open space near workplace

90% of respondents visit open space near the workspace, with 63% visiting it frequently. This reinforces the importance of open space to workers and is similar to Cremorne and slightly higher than Collingwood.



#### B2.3.2 Reasons to visit open space near workplace

The main reason (66%) workers in Fitzroy visit open space is to be outdoors as a break from work, followed by 46% to socialise and meet with friends/colleagues, with 21% visiting it to exercise, which is higher than for Cremorne and Collingwood. This is likely due to workers in Fitzroy having easier access to larger open spaces.



## B2.3.3 Which open space near your near workplace most visited

Parks (not named specifically) and Edinburgh Gardens are the most visited open spaces in Fitzroy, followed by Carlton Gardens and Fitzroy Gardens. As noted above in B2.3.2, access to the larger sized parks is likely to be the reason why more workers visit open space to exercise than for Collingwood and Cremorne.

No.	Open space within City of Yarra
28	Parks
25	Edinburgh Gardens
20	Carlton Gardens
20	Fitzroy Gardens
7	Small Local Parks
6	Smith Reserve
5	Brunswick Street
5	Open space outside City of Yarra & City of Melbourne
3	Atherton Gardens
3	Whitlam Place
2	Condell Street Reserve
2	Fitzroy Library Park
2	Garryowen Park
1	Argyle Square
1	Café
1	Counter Street
1	Gardens
1	Greeves Street Park
1	King William Reserve
1	Lincoln Square
1	McNamara Reserve
1	Melbourne University
1	Merri Creek
1	Royal Park
1	School
1	Treasury Gardens
1	University Square

# B2.3.4 Suggested improvements/changes to open space visited near the workplace

Respondents were asked to provide any suggestions for improvement to the open space or to highlight any issues they have with open space in general. Requests for additional open space, and improving the quality and greening of the existing open space are the most common suggestions from respondents Fitzroy.

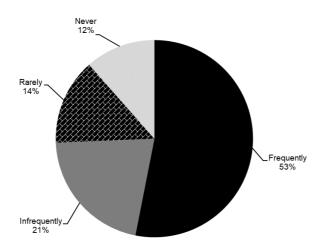
Open space visited	No	Suggestions for/issues with open space
Parks	11	Open space - additional required
28	3	Greening - additional required
	2	Aesthetics - improve/beautify
	2	Seating - additional required
	2	Trees - additional required
	1	Aesthetic - attractive
	1	Development - concern about building heights
	1	Development - concern about over-development
	1	Maintenance - clean up after dogs

Open space visited	No	Suggestions for/issues with open space
	1	Open space - rarely visit
	1	Open space - rarely visit due to lack of time
	1	Open space - required as density increases
	1	Play areas - additional required
	1	Recreation - more activities required
	1	Recreation - rock climbing and activities required
	1	Seating - improve quality
	1	Streetscapes - adjoining require improvement
Edinburgh Gardens	2	Open space - more required in busy area
25	1	Council - doing well with the park
	1	Green open space - more required
	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Alcohol - allow consumption in open space
	1	Public shower facility - required
0 - 10 - 01		, ,
Carlton Gardens	1	Beautiful
20	1	Cycling - enforce the no cycling rule
	1	Maintenance - more required
	1	Open space - additional required
Fitzroy Gardens	7	Improvements - none required
20	4	Open space - additional required
	2	Trees - additional required
	1	Garden beds - additional required
	1	Green open space - additional required
	1	Greening - additional required
	1	Maintenance - clean up after dogs
	1	Maintenance - regular cleaning
	1	Open space - should be available all of the time
	1	Open space - very important in high density areas
	1	Pets - effective control required
	1	Public toilets - improve cleaning
	1	Seats - additional required
	1	Seats and picnic tables - additional required
Small Local Park	2	<u>'</u>
7	2	Improvements - none required
ı		Greening - more required in parks
	1	Development - stop to improve/increase open space
	1	Maintenance - cleaning required to remove rubbish
	1	Maintenance - improve cleanliness
	1	Maintenance - more cleaning required
	1	Open space - more required
Smith Reserve 6	1	Open space - additional required
Atherton Gardens 3	1	Bathrooms - more required
Whitlam Place	1	Community - support surveys
3	1	Events - available for people to hire
	1	Events - encourage more people in open space
	1	Greening - additional required
Condell Street Reserve	2	Greening - additional plants in the park
2	1	Improvements - improve interface to streets
	1	Recreation - more facilities required
Fitzroy Library Park	1	Open space - more required
2	1	Recreation - more activities
_	1	Shade - additional required
	1	Trees - additional required
Cormicular Dayl-		· ·
Garryowen Park	1	Bins - additional required
2	1	Bins - recycling bins required
	1	Dogs - improve areas/facilities for them
	1	Seats - additional required

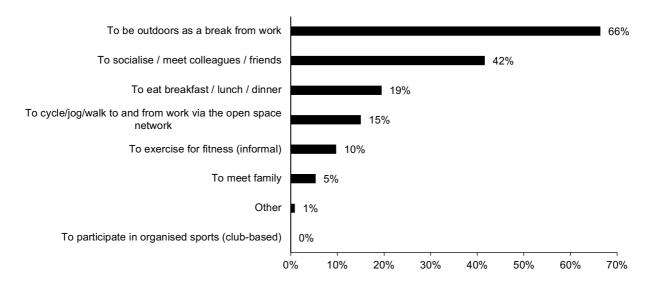
Open space visited	No	Suggestions for/issues with open space
Counter Street	1	Aesthetics - improve/beautify
1	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Shade - additional required
Gardens 1	1	Trees - additional required
Greeves Street Park 1	1	Recreation - more facilities for games etc required
King William Reserve	1	Open space - additional required
1	1	Open space - important to protect
	1	Trees - protect
Lincoln Square 1	1	Greenery - maintain existing
McNamara Reserve 1	1	Seats and tables - additional required
Melbourne University	1	Seats - additional required
1	1	Shade - additional required
Royal Park 1	1	Tables - additional required
School 1	1	Improvements - non required
Treasury Gardens 1	1	Seats - additional required
University Square	1	Maintenance - improvement required
1	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Open space - more to be developed

# **B2.4 Workers survey outcomes - Richmond**

# B2.4.1 How often you visit open space near workplace Richmond



# B2.4.2 Reasons to visit open space near workplace Richmond



# B2.4.3 Which open space near your near workplace most visited Richmond

No.	Open space visited
15	Fitzroy Gardens
13	Botanical Gardens
11	Parks
10	Citizens Park
8	Barkley Gardens
8	Yarra Park

No.	Open space visited
6	Edinburgh Gardens
5	Football Ground
5	Yarra River
4	Carlton Gardens
4	Erin Street
4	Richmond Park
3	Epworth
3	Reserves
2	Beach
2	City Gardens
2	Parks and gardens
2	Richmond Station
2	Treasury Gardens
1	Batman Park
1	Burnley Gardens
1	Collingwood Town Hall
1	Coppin Street
1	Factory yard
1	Federation Square
1	Gardens
1	Jolimont Street
1	Melbourne University
1	Open cafe
1	Parliament Gardens
1	Peppercorn Park
1	St Vincent's Place
1	Victoria Park
1	Williams Street

# B2.4.4 What suggestions for or issues with do you have for the open space you visit near your workplace Richmond

The answers to this question have been presented in two different ways. The first table lists the answers by topic and the second table lists the comments by individual reserve.

Open Space	No.	Suggestions for/issues with open space
Fitzroy Gardens	1	Beautification - additional required
15	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Maintenance - well maintained
	1	Open space - additional required in Richmond
	1	Seating - additional required
Botanical Gardens	1	Car parking - additional required
13	1	Car parking - issue
	1	Greening - additional required
	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - additional required in City of Yarra
	1	Parking - make it free
	1	Public toilets - additional required
	1	Seating - improvements required
Parks	1	Car parking - turn open space into car parking
11	1	Cycle paths - less required
	1	Improvements - none required

Open Space	No.	Suggestions for/issues with open space
	1	Improvements requires especially in Epworth Hospital area
	1	Open spaces - additional required
	1	Running tracks - additional required
Citizens Park	3	Car parking - additional required
10	2	Improvements - none required
	2	Open space - additional required in Richmond
	1	Green open space - additional required
	1	Greening - additional required
	1	Maintenance - additional cleaning required
	1	Relaxing - in the evening
Barkley Gardens	1	Car parking - additional free parking required
8	1	Open space - additional required in Richmond
Yarra Park 8	1	Open space - additional required
Edinburgh Gardens 6	1	Open space - additional required
Citizens Park	2	Picnic tables and seats - additional required
5	1	Bicycle parking - additional secure parking required
	1	Improvements - none required
	1	Open space - additional required
	1	Open space - with good sunlight access
	1	Public toilets - additional required
Carlton Gardens	1	Car parking - free parking near open space
4	1	Maintenance - City of Melbourne space well maintained, City of Yarra needs to improve
Erin Street	1	Car parking - more time required
4	1	Open space - additional required in City of Yarra
	1	Public toilets - more required
Epworth	1	Car parking - additional required at train station
3	1	Car parking - free parking required
	1	Improvement - none required
	1	Open space - additional required in Richmond
Reserves	1	Access - improvements required
3	1	Car parking - additional required
Parks and gardens 3	1	Improvements - non required
Batman Park 1	1	Open spaces - additional require in City of Yarra and City of Melbourne
Burnley Gardens 1	1	Development - stop approving high rise developments
-	1	Green open space - additional required
Gardens	1	Open space - improve balance of open space and developments
1	1	Trees - increased number of trees in open space
Jolimont Street 1	1	Open space - additional required
Melbourne University	1	Improvements - none required
1	1	Maintenance - improvement required
Peppercorn Park 1	2	Dogs - owners to clean up after their dogs
Richmond Station 1	1	Dogs - additional poo bag stations required
St Vincent's Place	1	Public toilets - additional required
1	1	Trees - additional required along streets
Victoria Park	1	Events - additional required in the parks
1	1	Seating - additional required

# **PART C**

# Homeless and marginalised open space survey

# C. Homeless and marginalised community survey outcomes

# C1 Summary of the homeless and marginalised community open space survey

Five surveys were designed for City of Yarra. These were the CALD survey, the Community survey, Homeless survey, worker and Youth survey. This report is for the Homeless and Marginalised survey only. The survey consisted of eight questions about open space including the final question being an open-ended question seeking comments regarding what changes and where would the respondents make/suggest for open space in the City of Yarra

# C2 Overall summary of the homeless and marginalised community outcomes

A total of 21 responses were received. Not all respondents completed all questions. Some key overall outcomes from the survey include:

- Carlton Gardens was nominated as the most used open space, with frequency of use varying from daily to once every few months. The most typical use for this open space is physical activity, and just being in nature.
- Whilst the name/location of open spaces not used by respondents didn't highlight any
  one particular area not used more than another, the reasons why the open spaces
  weren't used were almost all related to safety and security.
- 95% of respondents completed their surveys at St Marks, and 5% submitted their response by mail.
- Nearly 80% of respondents are aged over 50 years of age, 53% aged between 50 59 years of age.

# C3 Open space used in the City of Yarra

Name/location of open space	When do you use	Why do you use
Carlton Gardens	Daily	Exercise
7	Once per week (2)	I like formal gardens
	Once every few months	Natural state
		Places to sit
		Trees and fresh air
		Walk (2)
No parks		Lives with own little area to sit
3		No dogs
		Would use if was in walking distance
Edinburgh Gardens	Everyday	To find a good lady
2	Once in a while	Garden beds
Fitzroy Gardens	Daily (2)	Community
2		General exercise
		Walk
Rushall Reserve		Historical site
2		Signing of Batman Treaty

Name/location of open space	When do you use	Why do you use
Numeriodation of open space	Which do you doc	Shortcut home
Treasury Gardens	Daily	Fresh air
2	Once per week	Natural state
	·	Trees
		Walk
Whitlam Park	Day/Night	Eat lunch
2	Varies	Relax
		Socialise
		To read
Abbotsford Convent Area	As often as I like	Away from city noise
1		Away from traffic
		Green
		Peace and quiet
Batman Park	Night	To sleep
1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Coburg Lakes		Shade
1		
Collingwood Football	Night (when no events)	BBQs
Club Ground	0.0000	Open
1		Pleasant
		Trees
Condell Park	Day/Night	Accessible
1		Location
Dights Falls	As often as I like	Away from city noise
1		Away from traffic
		Green
		Peace and quiet
Flagstaff Park	Night	To sleep
1		
Gahans Reserve		Like Peel Street better but wish we could do it cheaper
1		
Local Park	Not often	Walk
1		
Near Gertrude Street	Once every 2 months	Freedom
1		Fresh air
		Lovely park
Next to Fitzroy Library	Everyday	Free WiFi
1		
Parks off Gertrude Street	In spare time	Play equipment
1		
Peel Street Park	Daily	Play guitar
1		

# C4 Open space not used in the City of Yarra

Name of open space	Reasons not used
Botanical gardens	
1	
Fitzroy/Yarra	Not enough time, too busy
1	
Many	I do not live in Yarra
1	

Name of open space	Reasons not used
Open space along freeway & Hoddle St	Traffic
1	
Park along Nicholson Street	Looks creepy
1	
Recreation area around Fitzroy flats	At night I am hesitant. I have clearly seen how the African youths congregate in intimidating numbers
1	
River park	Too many dogs and drug dealers
1	
Seated area on Smith Street & Gore Street	People who "own" the area are not inclusive
1	
Southern Cross Station	Security guards are racist towards the homeless
1	
General comments	Need facilities in parks, BBQ's and toilets
	Places too far away

# C5 What to change about open space and where

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write what they would change about open space in the City of Yarra and where.

Name/location of open space	What would you change
Nearby Freeway footbridge off Trenery Crescent	Good place to meet up to get trains
•	Make it more inviting
Open space near King William Street and Primary School	Make it into a pop up park for and the local users
Rushall Crescent	No trees - plant more and put bike path in
All parks and walkways	More visible security especially during the night time
Not sure	More space needed near Easey Street, Collingwood
Area on loop off Studley Road	Nothing there to sit etc
General comments	Connect people in community with community gardens  Melbourne Dreaming Book
	More celebration of Indigenous leaders, historical and current
	Worried about getting kicked out of parks
	Council watchman
	Hammocks in trees
	Have more open space
	If something breaks, notice it's slow to get fixed in East Brunswick
	Keep it more clean
	Like Playground and BBQ area
	Maintain trees better
	Memorials and plaques of local Aboriginal history

Name/location of open space	What would you change
	More bins
	More comfortable park benches
	More covers over BBQ's
	More drinking fountains in all parks
	Need BBQ's
	Open space improves areas
	Oxford Street Park More community involvement in the making to save costs
	Public toilets
	There's not enough open space

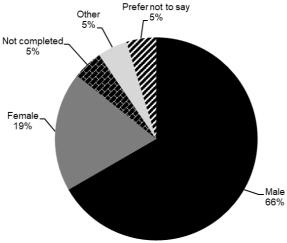
# C6 Information about who completed the survey

#### C6.1 Where did you completed the survey?

20 respondents completed the survey at St Marks. One response was mailed in from surveys distributed at Co-Health, Collingwood.

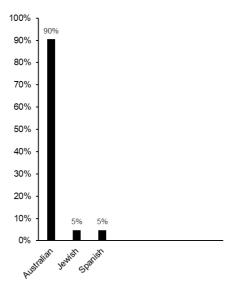
#### C6.2 Gender

A total of 21 surveys were completed. 66% of these were recorded as male, compared to 19% as female, with 15% nominating, not completed, other or prefer not to say.



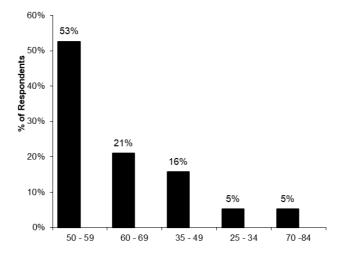
#### C6.3 Nationality

Nationality of those surveyed was overwhelmingly Australian (90%) with only two other nationalities nominated Jewish and Spanish at 5% each



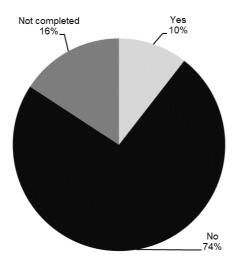
#### C6.4 Age range

The largest group of survey respondents (53%) is from the 50 – 59 year age range.



#### C6.5 Aboriginal or Torres Straits Islander

10% of respondents identified as Aboriginal or Torres Straits Islander.



# **PART D**

# Youth open space survey

# D. Youth survey outcomes

# D1 Summary of the youth open space survey

Five surveys were designed for City of Yarra. These were the CALD survey, the Community survey, Homeless survey, worker and Youth survey. This report is for the Youth survey only. The survey consisted of ten questions about open space including the final question being an open-ended question seeking comments regarding what changes would the respondents make/suggest for open space in the City of Yarra

#### D2 Overall summary of the youth survey outcomes

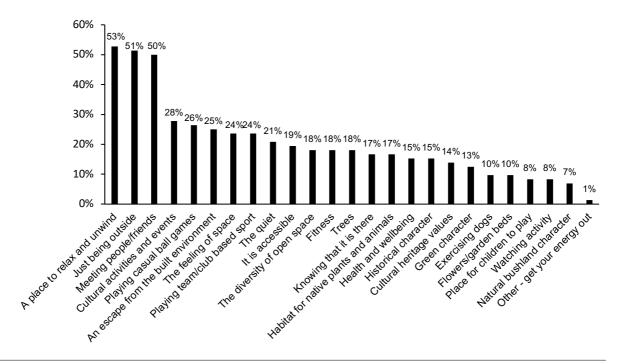
A total of 72 responses were received. Not all respondents completed all questions. Some key overall outcomes from the survey include:

- Atherton Reserve was nominated as the most used open space. Reasons for this
  included participation in structured sport and exercise, in particular soccer.
- The Basketball court was shown as the second most used open space, although the respondents did not provide the name of the space where the basketball courts were.
- 45% of respondents were from the Fitzroy area, with Collingwood and North Richmond each showing 11% of respondents as the suburb where they live.
- A high proportion of 12 to 17 year olds completed the survey (58%). This may be as a result of where the surveys were completed.
- A place to relax and unwind, just being outside and meeting people/friends were the top three values of open space.

# D3 Values of open space

Respondents were asked to indicate what they valued most about open space. The following table is a list of these values in priority order.

The percentage column is calculated on the basis of the total number of returned surveys of 72.



#### The following table list the values in priority order

Value	%
A place to relax and unwind	53%
Just being outside	51%
Meeting people/friends	50%
Cultural activities and events	28%
Playing casual ball games	26%
An escape from the built environment	25%
The feeling of space	24%
Playing team/club based sport	24%
The quiet	21%
It is accessible	19%
The diversity of open space	18%
Fitness	18%
Trees	18%
Knowing that it is there	17%
Habitat for native plants and animals	17%
Health and wellbeing	15%
Historical character	15%
Cultural heritage values	14%
Green character	13%
Exercising dogs	10%
Flowers/garden beds	10%
Place for children to play	8%
Watching activity	8%
Natural bushland character	7%
Other - get your energy out	1%

# D4 Open space in City of Yarra

# D4.1 What open space used in the City of Yarra

No	Open space within Local Area
16	Atherton Reserve
7	Basketball court
7	Fitzroy
5	Library
5	Soccer field
5	Yarra Youth Centre
4	Citizens Park
3	Edinburgh Gardens
3	Parks
3	Richmond Recreation Centre
3	Yarra Bend
2	Fitzroy oval
1	Barkley Gardens
1	Burnley Park and oval
1	Carlton
1	Condell Park
1	Fitzroy Gardens
1	Richmond
1	Richmond High School
1	Yarra Park (City of Melbourne)

# D5 Open space used in the City of Yarra

The following table lists the reasons why people visit the specific open spaces within City of Yarra and suggested improvements to them. The open spaces are listed in priority order. The numbers underneath the park names are the total number of respondents who reported visiting that specific park.

# D5.1 Why do you use the open space in the City of Yarra and what improvements or changes

Open Space	No.	Reasons to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvement
Atherton	7	Play soccer	2	Separate dog park
Reserve 5 Play with		Play with friends/play/fun	1	Attract more people
10	3	Relax	1	Basketball court
	2	Meet up with people	1	Improve basketball equipment
	1	Play Sport	1	Improve soccer equipment
	1	Soccer lesson	1	Lighting - night
	'	200001 1033011	1	Make park home ground for a club
			1	More soccer activities
			1	Owners to clean up after their dogs
			1	Skate park
Basketball court	4	To play basketball	1	More diverse sports
7	4	TO play basketball		Wore diverse sports
Fitzroy	2	Dlay apart	2	Owners to clean up after their dogs
7	1	Play sport Fun	1	More open space
1	1		1	More female based activities
		I use everywhere	'	Wore lemale based activities
	1	Place to hang out		
1 35		Relax	4	I A marde
Library	3	Reading	1	A park
5	1	Quiet	1	More space for study/furniture
	1	Relax		
	1	Study		Living
Soccer field	4	Soccer/soccer practice	4	Lighting - night
5			3	Improve soccer equipment
Yarra Youth Centre	2	Meet people	1	Community giving activities
5	2	Textiles activities		
	1	Because its there		
	1	Meet friends		
	1	Music		
	1	Open support		
	1	Work there	_	
Citizens Park	1		2	Owners to clean up after their dogs
4	1	Big open space Footy/ball games	1	Indoor courts
7	1	Recreation	+ '	maddi courts
	1	Workout areas	$\dashv$	
Edinburgh	2		1	Amphitheatro
Edinburgh Gardens		Events	'	Amphitheatre
3	1	Meet friends	1	Increase police presence at night
	1	Picnic	1	More live performances
	1	Relax		
	1	Fun		
Parks	1	Fun	1	Owners to clean up after their dogs
3	1	Lie in		
	1	Picnics		
	1	Smoke		
	1	Walks	<del> </del>	

Open Space	No.	Reasons to Visit	No.	Suggested Improvement
Richmond Recreation Centre	2	Swimming/pool		Diving boards
3	1	Basketball courts	1	Indoor courts
Yarra Bend	1	Escape 1 Lighting - night/early n		Lighting - night/early morning
3	1	Natural 1 Sep		Separate cyclists and people
	2	Ride/run/recreation		
Fitzroy oval	2	Play soccer		
2			•	
Barkley Gardens	1	Big enough to go running		
1			_	
Burnley Park and oval	1	On the way to and from school		
1			_	
Carlton	1	Close to where I live		
1	1	Green space		
Condell Park	1	Convenient for work breaks		
1				
Fitzroy Gardens	1	Meditation		
1	1	Reading		
Richmond	1	Hang out with friends	1 More open space	
1			•	•
Yarra Park (City of Melbourne)	1	Recreation/outdoor activities		
1				

# D6 Open space not visited

This question was asked to find out what issues currently limit the use of existing open space. The question included some of the common reasons why people may not use open space. The reasons can apply either to a specific open space or more broadly to open space in City of Yarra.

The question has been analysed below in 2 parts:

Part One – whether there is open space that they don't visit.

Part Two – the reasons they don't visit open space.

# D6.1 Which open spaces in City of Yarra you don't visit:

No.	Name/location of open space you don't visit
2	Dog parks
2	Fitzroy Adventure Playground
1	All of them
1	Any that are far from my house
1	Atherton Reserve
1	Carlton
1	Citizens Park
1	Fitzroy
1	Jonas Street
1	Kevin Bartlett Reserve
1	Most of them :(
1	Not sure
1	Park
1	Parks with limited surveillance
1	Richmond housing (public)

1	Sporting reserves/urban plazas
1	Yarra Youth Centre

# D6.2 Reasons why you don't visit open space:

Open Space don't visit	No.	Reasons don't visit
Dog parks	1	Because I'm scared
2	1	Dogs chase me away
	1	Owners don't clean up after their dogs
Fitzroy Adventure Playground	1	Because it is childish
2	1	Too old
All of them		
1		
Any that are far from my house		
1		
Atherton Reserve	1	More interested in basketball
1		_
Carlton		
1		
Citizens Park	1	Not well maintained
1	1	Owners don't clean up after their dogs
	1	Too much time not able to use park
Fitzroy	1	Busy
_1		
Jonas Street	1	It is un-useful
1		
Kevin Bartlett Reserve	1	Poor walking connections to residential
1		areas
Most of them	1	Don't know where they are
1	-	
Not sure	1	Not sure
1		<u> </u>
Park		
1		
Parks with limited surveillance		_
1		
Richmond housing (public)	1	No amenities or activities
1		1
Sporting reserves/urban plazas	1	Don't know they existed
1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Yarra Youth Centre	1	Can't smoke
1		1
	I	

# D7 What to change about open space and where

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write what they would change about open space in the City of Yarra and where. The following is a summary of these comments which have been grouped together into six topics and assembled in priority order. The total number of people making a comment on a topic is included as the bolded number in each topic heading.

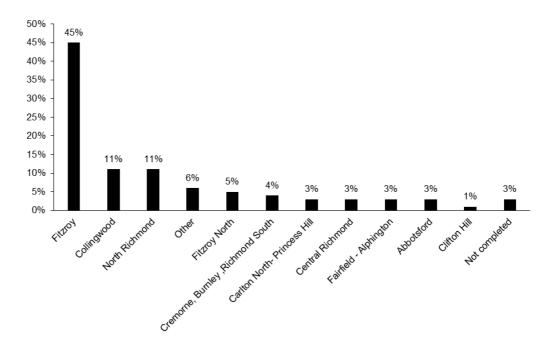
The majority of comments related to the need to improve the quality of facilities and access to open space including additional paths.

The general comments have been grouped into a series of categories to make them easier to review.

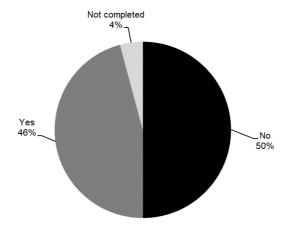
No.	General Comments
14	Recreation use
2	A fitness park area
2	Basketball - to hang out and talk
2	Soccer - nets on goals
1	Basketball - upgrade court
1	Interactive spaces
1	Playground equipment - improve
1	Soccer - A club that represents Fitzroy
1	Soccer - Indoor soccer court
1	Soccer - lights on pitch
1	Soccer - more fields
1	Swimming Pool
11	Other
9	Nothing
1	More people
1	Open to children under 12
6	Infrastructure
2	Bins - provide more, recycling and composting
2	Lighting - More spaces well-lit at night/early
	morning
1	Amphitheatres
1	Tennis tables -provide more
6	Provision of open space
5	Open space - more required
1	Information - more about the range
3	Dogs
1	Dog areas - provide more
1	Owners - clean up after dogs
1	Dog owners - stricter rules
1	Trees and vegetation
1	_
=	Trees and vegetation  More greenery around the edges, on busy roads

# D8 Information about who completed the survey

# D8.1 Which suburb do you live in?

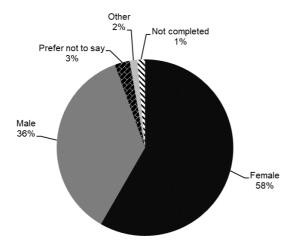


# D8.2 Do you work or study in the City of Yarra?



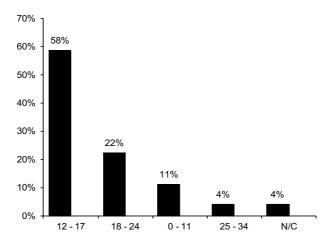
#### D8.3 Gender

A total of 72 surveys were completed on-line. 58% of these were recorded as female, compared to 36% as male.



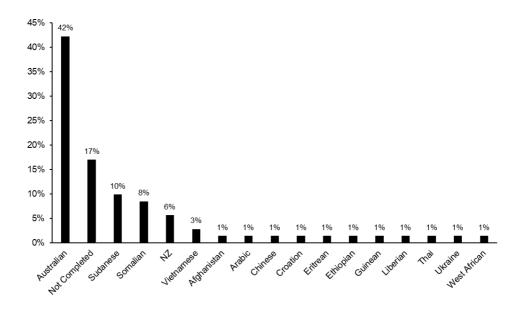
# D8.4 Age range

The largest group of survey respondents is from the 12 - 17 year age range.



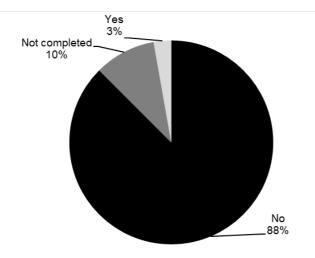
# D8.5 Nationality

Nationality of those surveyed was predominantly Australian (45%) with the next largest group of people did not complete this question - 17%. Fifteen other nationalities were identified in the survey.



# D8.6 Aboriginal or Torres Straits Islander

3% of respondents respondents identified as Aboriginal or Torres Straits Islander.



# **PART E**

**Culturally and Linguistically Diverse (CALD) open space survey** 

# E. Culturally and Linguistically Diverse (CALD) community survey outcomes

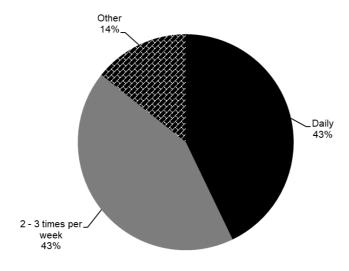
# E1 Summary of the Culturally and Linguistically Diverse community open space survey

Five surveys were designed for City of Yarra. These were the Culturally and Linguistically Diverse survey, the Community survey, Homeless survey, worker and Youth survey. This section is for the CALD survey only. The survey consisted of eight questions about open space including the final question being an open-ended question seeking comments regarding what changes and where would the respondents make/suggest for open space in the City of Yarra.

#### E2 Overall summary of the CALD community outcomes

A total of 12 responses were received, 5 of which were from children aged under 12 years of age. Not all respondents completed all questions.

#### E3 How often do you visit open space in your area



#### E4 Open space used in the City of Yarra

Open Space	No.	Reasons to Visit	
Harmsworth Street Reserve	3	Recreation - use playground	
6	2	Exercise - run around	
	1	Recreation - basketball court	
	1	Recreation - ride bike	
	1	Socialise	
Fitzroy Gardens	1	Exercise	
2	1	Facilities - BBQ	
All of the parks	1		
1			
Boat Park			
1			

Carlton Gardens		
1		
Richmond	1	Exercise - walk
1	1	Recreation - sport
Murry Park (Heidleberg)	•	
1		

#### E5 Open space not used in the City of Yarra

Open Space	No.	Reasons to Visit
Richmond	1 Drug users	
2	1	Too far - no MYKI
Harmsworth Street Reserve	1	Not safe - too much drinking
_1		
Reservoir Park	1	Too far - no time
1		

### E6 What to change about open space and where

Respondents were provided a section where they were able to write what they would change about open space in the City of Yarra and where.

Open Space	No.	Suggested improvements
Richmond	1	Open space - additional required
1		
Cnr Johnston St and Hoddle St	1	Bus stop area - improvement needed
1		
General area	1	Exercise equipment - additional required
Harmsworth Street Reserve	1	Basketball equipment/facilities - additional required
1	1	Soccer facilities - additional required
	1	Maintenance - additional cleaning required
	1	Play equipment - additional required
	3	Playgrounds - additional required
	2	Drinking fountains - additional required
	1	Seating - additional required

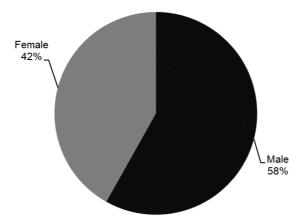
#### E7 Information about who completed the survey

#### E7.1 Where did you completed the survey?

12 respondents completed the survey at the Harvest Festival, Collingwood. The festival is held at the Harmsworth Street Reserve. The reserve form part of the grounds of the public housing towers.

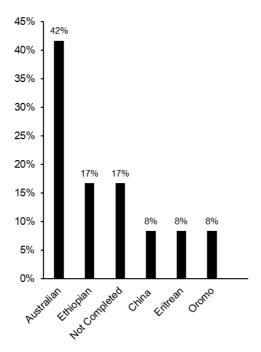
#### E7.2 Gender

A total of 12 surveys were completed. 58% of these were recorded as male, compared to 42% as female.



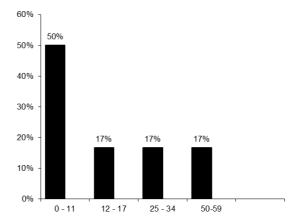
#### E7.3 Nationality

Nationality of those surveyed was approximately half Australian (42%) and the other half either Ethiopian, Chines, Eritrean, or Oromo, with 17% not providing an answer.



#### E7.4 Age range

Half of the respondents were aged between 12 and 59 years of age.



#### **E7.5** Aboriginal or Torres Straits Islander

None of the of respondents identified as Aboriginal or Torres Straits Islander.

- 5 responded no.
- 7 did not answer the question.

# **PART F**

# **Written Submissions**

### F. Written Submissions

#### F1 Overview

A total of 11 more detailed written submissions were received, comprising 6 from individual residents and 5 from organisations. For privacy reasons, the names of individual residents are not listed in this summary, but are referred to as Resident 1, 2 etc.

#### F2 Organisations

#### F2.1 Message Consultants - Tim Biles, Collingwood

- Streets have become places for cars and parked cars rather than social spaces and conduits for pedestrians.
- Ongoing road maintenance and upgrades have taken a lot of pubic funds at the expense of being available for other works.
- The authorities also have been allowed to make money from kerb side parking.
- Why do we render so much public space to cars when open space is a scarce resource in Yarra?
- Most of the spaces we provide for pedestrians and cyclists is unfriendly, cluttered and always challenged by the motor vehicle'.
- Apartment living means we have less private space including for children being raised in apartments not homes.
- How do we make a difference?
  - Adopt the Barcelona model.
  - Place cars under the streets and use the space above the street as public realm with moving vehicles but not parked vehicles.
- "Our Streets are Not Garages" motto for managing car parking and public open space.
- Link the traffic and car parking department with the open space department.
- Engage with the state and form a political and financial partnership.
- Identify a street to be the first model for this.
- Introduce a broader development contribution for the area with higher density.
- They have given the model to stage the works example used in Cambridge and Oxford Streets.

#### F2.2 Streets Alive Yarra - Jeremy Lawrence, Cremorne

- Community group who advocate for shopping streets that attract regular business from local residents.
- Return of safe streets for cyclists and pedestrians freeing up space on streets for those who prefer to drive.
- The City of Yarra has taken creative and clever steps to convert existing street space to urban park space.
- Create streets as shared zones encourage children to play in them.
- Philosophy of streets are for the people, accommodating cars. Therefore, priority for the strategy is to recommend all quiet residential street are shared zones where pedestrians and cyclists have priority over cars.
- Convert Geadell Street to a shared zone with reduced off-street parking.
- Improve pedestrian and cycle amenity in local streets so that people walk/cycle to open spaces, so we don't need carparking in open spaces.
- Support the Plan Melbourne Principle of 20-minute neighbourhoods by ensuring every resident can walk to a park within 20 minutes.

#### F2.3 Melbourne Bike Polo - Damon Rao

- Highlights the need for informal active recreational spaces in urban areas as land use intensity increases into the future.
- Apply concepts around semi and informal less organised recreational opportunities to the development of the public space in the City of Yarra and provides examples.
- Suggests that single purpose courts are already used more broadly than originally intended and that the demand for variety is growing, therefore, need to redesign to accommodate multi-purpose principles.
- Used the example of the redevelopment of Neill Street Reserve in Carlton, Albert Park Futsal Courts, Grandview Park and Coopers Skate Park in Vancouver, Canada.
- Previous sites used for Bike Polo include Victoria Gardens Shopping Centre car park and Princes Hill Secondary College. However, centre management risk concerns and resident complaints at the school site have limited use.
- Flagstaff Gardens is used on a fee-paying basis but would like to see opportunities explored at Curtain Square ad Melbourne Museum as well as other school sites.

#### F2.4 Fitzroy Residents' Association - Margaret Portelli, Secretary, Fitzroy

- Suggest that the open space strategy needs a 3-year review period given the increase development and population.
- Consider greening initiatives for streets and laneways for relief in hot weather and to socialise and references the City of Melbourne's Green Your Laneway pilot and use of pop up parks.
- Legislate to increase open space contribution in proportion to the residential developments as requested in 2016.
- Suggest that open space contribution rate should be set at 8% in the future development contribution overlay to the Yarra Planning Scheme. Reason given is that other councils have set the rate at 8%.
- Provide public transparency on open space contributions from developers within their budgets and itemised receipts and expenditures.
- Preserve existing public space by using developer's contributions primarily for the acquisition of private land for public amenity.
- Consider ways to encourage developments to not automatically be given approval for 100% of requested land including lobbying the minister for change at State level.
- Suggests that the costs of purchasing pocket parks has been inflated by the lack of height controls leading to land speculation.

#### F2.5 Richmond Kindergarten School Project - Justeen Fitzgibbon

Collated feedback from children included:

- Visits parks for sports, to ride bikes, parties, and fun.
- Prefer parks that are sport focused, have space to ride bikes, are adventure parks, contain sandpits, are natural bush land with animals and secret places, and have music events.
- It's important that parks have shade, places to stay dry in the rain, and room.
- Would like to see parks with slides that go underground or as big as the trees, with fun things to touch and smell (like a pool with pretend spaghetti), bridges to climb over and swim around, play structures such as ships and objects to build with.

#### F3 Residents

#### F3.1 Resident 1, Central Richmond

- We need more parks and open space for wildlife, not just people.
- Use indigenous plants and trees to encourage wildlife, including birds, insects, possums, lizards, etc. and include ponds for frogs.
- · Establish dog free areas.

Use Aboriginal names for open spaces.

#### F3.2 Resident 2, Collingwood

- Support the recent implementation of the Oxford Street Park and Peel Street Parks.
- Collingwood is desperately short of open space.
- Prepare an extension to Cambridge Street Park due to conflicts between different user groups in the park.
- Recent developments have overshadowed the park reducing its attractiveness of use.
- Propose a partial road closure of Cambridge Street just south of Peel Street to expand the Cambridge Street Reserve to the north-west.

#### F3.3 Resident 3, Cremorne

- Lived in Cremorne for over 30 years and have seen it change from a depressed industrial precinct to a design precinct with increased worker and resident population.
- Concerned that no additional open space has been provided in the precinct despite substantial growth and change.
- Has identified a range of opportunities for open space and highlighted where they
  have already been considered in existing strategies and plans and queried why
  some of these have not been implemented?

#### F3.4 Resident 4, Fitzroy North

 Requests additional seating in Edinburgh Gardens, particularly near the northern area near the State School, for the elderly and due to the popular nature of the park.

#### F3.6 Resident 5, Clifton Hill

Requests outdoor adult exercise equipment in Clifton Hill Park.

#### F3.7 Resident 6, Abbotsford

- Develop a community pocket park on the corner of Hoddle and Johnston Streets, as it is neglected.
- Would love to contribute or suggest the involvement with local community health centre like Cultivating Community's partnership in developing planter box gardens on the corner of Sackville and Hoddle.
- Create a children's playground in Victoria Park for the increasing number of children, who may be intimidated by the number of dogs using the oval. Suggest near the Turner Street side of the oval close to the BBQ area.
- Establish a half basketball court in Victoria Park similar to the one in Gahan's Reserve.
- Commend council for their initiatives around open space and welcome further development.

### **Appendix 1**

- 1.1 Resident Open Space Survey
- 1.2 Worker Open Space Survey
- 1.3 Marginalised/Homeless Opens Space Survey
- 1.4 Youth Open Space Survey







### Open Space Survey : February 2018

We want to know which open spaces and facilities you love and why. Telling us how you use your open spaces will help us create a better strategy that works for everybody. We want to find out how you use our open spaces now, how you would like to use them in the future, where you think the gaps are and where you think improvements could be made. Open space includes parks, playgrounds, gardens, waterways, nature trails, sporting reserves and urban plazas. Please return this survey or complete it online by Sunday 18 March 2018.

Thinking about all the different types of open space, what do you value most about them? (Please tick the

ap	ppropriate box(es) below)		
	A place to relax and unwind The feeling of space The quiet Just being outside Knowing that it is there The diversity of open space An escape from the built environment It is accessible	Cultural activities and events Meeting people/friends Fitness Health and wellbeing Playing team/club based sport Playing casual ball games/activity Place for children to play Watching activity Exercising dogs	Trees Flowers/garden beds Habitat for native plants & animals Natural bushland character Historical character Cultural heritage values/ significance Green character Other
_			

Please nominate up to two open spaces that you visit regularly within walking distance of home and why you visit them? If you don't know their names just give us a location (for example a street name).

Name or location of open space	Reason(s) for visiting	Do you have any suggested improvements?
1		
1.		
2		
Ζ.		

For information in your language, please call 9280 1940 and quote the **REF** number below. | 欲知粵語版本的資訊,請致電9280 1932並報上下列**REF**號碼。| Για πληροφορίες στα Ελληνικά, παρακαλούμε καλέστε το 9280 1934 και αναφέρετε τον αριθμό **REF** παρακάτω. | Per informazioni in italiano siete pregati di chiamare il numero 9280 1931 e di citare il numero di riferimento (**REF** number) sottoindicato. | 欲知普通话版本的信息,请致电9280 1937并报上下列**REF**号码。| Para información en castellano. | llame al 9280 1935 y cite el número de **REF**. De más adelante. | Để biết thông tin bằng tiếng việt, xin hãy gọi số 9280 1939 và nói số **REF** dưới đầy. | المعلومات باللغة العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 1920 والإشارة الى رقم المرجع 1920 المعلومات باللغة العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 1920 والإشارة الى رقم المرجع 1920 المعلومات باللغة العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 1920 والإشارة الى رقم المرجع 1920 المعلومات باللغة العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 1920 والإشارة الى رقم المرجع 1920 المعلومات باللغة العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 1920 والإشارة الى رقم المرجع 1920 والإشارة العربية العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 1920 والإشارة المرجع 1920 والإشارة العربية العربية





Which main open space do you visit beyond walking distance of home, and why do you visit this space? If you don't know their names just give us a location (for example a street name)..

Name or location	п от орен ѕрасе	Reason(s) for visi	ung		improv	ements?		
1.								
1.								
Q4 Is there oper	n space in the City of Y	arra that you <u>don't</u>	visit but v	would like	to?			
Yes (Pleas	se tell us why below)	No (Go to	Q5)					
Reasons why yo	u <u>don't</u> visit open spac	се						
Lack of ti		Not enough space Lack of facilities The facilities do not to me or my family	appeal	Lack of p	ublic transı safety cond			
last 12 mont (Please place a	range of facilities withing the second are a second a tick in the appropriate of the second in alphabetical order).	dequately maintain	ned and w Used in		enough? Was it ac	ny of the fa lequately ained?	Are t	here
Facilities			Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Barbecues								
Cafe/kiosk								
Club-based ind	oor sport and recreation fac	cility						
Club-based out	door sport and recreation f	acility						
Cycle paths								
Dog off-leash a	reas							
Drinking founta	ains							
fitness equipme	or recreation facilities (for exent, cricket nets)	xample half courts,						
Open grassed a	areas for informal use							
Playgrounds								
Picnic tables								
Public toilets								
Seats								
Shelters								
Skate facilities								
Walking paths								
If other, please	specify:							
	-		<b>建</b>	TANK!	To say the say			A STORY





Please indicate how frequently you use each type of open space listed below? (Please place a tick in the appropriate location below). Frequency of use Type of open space Open space along the Merri Creek Open space along the Yarra River Large parks and gardens (primarily non-sporting) for example Edinburgh Gardens, Fairfield Park, Barkly Gardens and Park Street Reserve/Hardy Gallagher Reserve Large sporting reserves, for example Quarries Park, Yarra Bend Park, Kevin Bartlett Reserve, Victoria Park and Burnley Park Medium sized parks, for example Gahan Reserve (Abbotsford) and Curtain Square (Carlton North) Small local parks Urban squares Local streets for exercise Where do you live? (Please tick one box) Which of these apply to your household? (Please tick one box) Abbotsford Collingwood Fitzroy Speak only English at home Carlton North -Fitzroy North Cremorne Speak a language other than English at home Princes Hill and Burnley -North Richmond South Central If so, which other language do you speak at home? Richmond Fairfield -Richmond Alphington Clifton Hill What type of household do you live in? (Please tick appropriate box) Your gender? (Please tick appropriate box) Couple with children Lone person Couple without children Group household Female Other Prefer not to say Male One parent family Other **Your age range** (Please tick appropriate box) Do you work in the City of Yarra? 0-11 25-34 60-69 Yes (Go to question 15) No (Go to question 19) 12-17 70-84 35-49 Where do you work? (Please tick one box) 18-24 50-59 85+ Abbotsford Collingwood Fitzroy Carlton North -Fitzroy North The type of dwelling you live in? (Please tick one box) Cremorne Princes Hill and Burnley -North Richmond South Flat or apartment Separate house Central Richmond Fairfield -Richmond Semi-detached house/ Other ..... Alphington Clifton Hill townhouse/unit If you work in the City of Yarra, do you visit open What is your country of birth? space near your workplace? Yes No





(	Why do you visit the open space near your workplace?	
	Being outdoors as a break from work  Sport (club-based)  Cycling/jogging/walking to/from work work via the open space network (rather than roads)  Other (please describe):  Cycling/jogging/walking to/from work via the open space	
→ first fold over	018 If you are speaking on behalf of a community organisation or group, what is its name?	→ first fold over
(	Any further comments on open space in the City of Yarra?	_'_
		I
	If you would like to be kept informed about the project directly, please supply your contact details.	
	Name:	
under	Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey. Please fold in accordance with the diagram below, hold it closed with a small piece of tape (no staples please) and return free of charge via the post by Sunday 18 March 2018.	under
second fold unde	<b>Note:</b> your name and address will be entered onto a separate data base and will not be linked to the information contained in this survey.  The personal information requested on this form is being collected by the City of Yarra for the purpose of understanding community views about open space provision in the municipality. The personal information will be used solely by Council for that primary purpose or directly related purposes.	second fold under

**Delivery Address:** PO Box 168 RICHMOND VIC 3121

FOLD DIAGRAM

Once completed fold survey as shown in diagram:



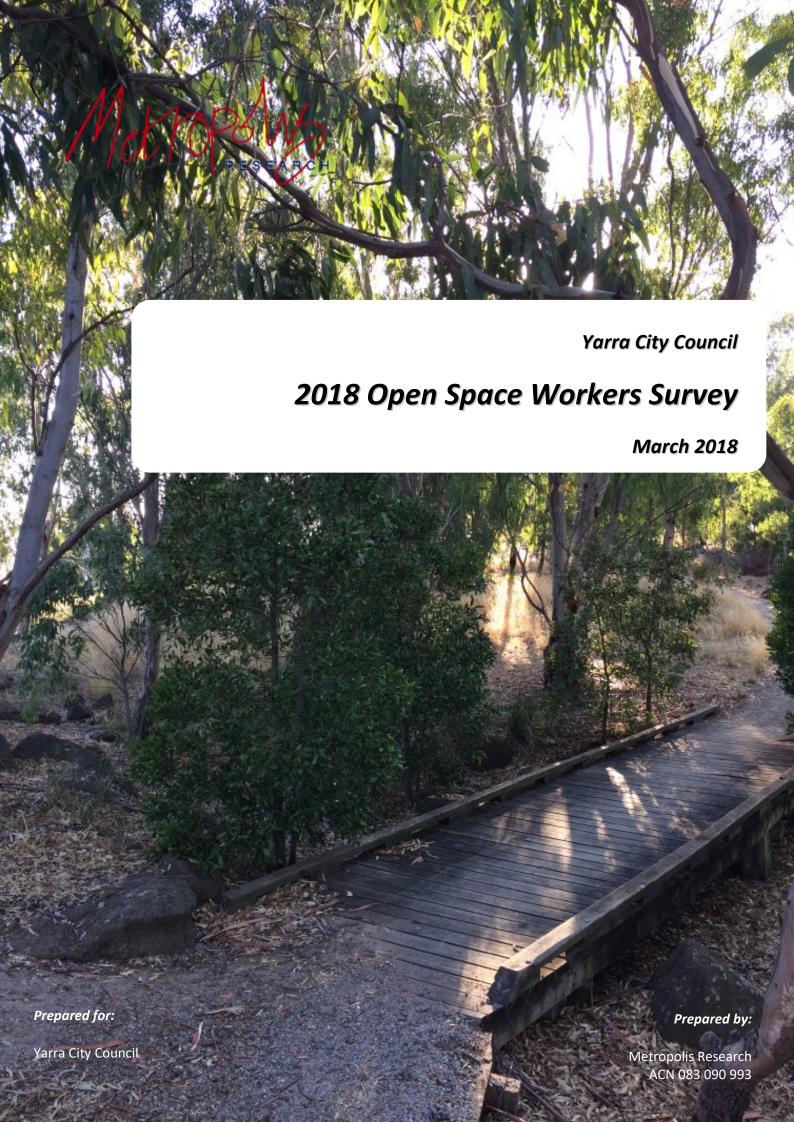




No stamp required if posted in Australia



City of Yarra Reply Paid 168 RICHMOND VIC 3121



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#### **Contact Details**

This report was prepared by Metropolis Research Pty Ltd on behalf of the Yarra City Council. For more information, please contact:

#### **Dale Hubner**

Managing Director Metropolis Research Pty Ltd

P O Box 1357 CARLTON VIC 3053

(03) 9272 4600 d.hubner@metropolis-research.com

#### Malcolm McCall

Unit Manager Social Policy and Research Yarra City Council

333 Bridge Road RICHMOND VIC 3121

(03) 9205 5001 malcolm.mccall@yarracity.vic.gov.au



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Mettopolish RESEARCH

#### Introduction

Metropolis Research was commissioned by the Yarra City Council to conduct primary research of workers at four locations across the municipality to explore a range of issues around the use of open space.

The research aimed to assist the development of the *Yarra City Council – Open Space Strategy*. The survey was not designed by Metropolis Research, and Metropolis Research makes no warranty as to the validity and utility of the questions.

Specifically, the survey aimed to explore the following:

- Frequency of visiting open spaces near work
- The open spaces most commonly visited
- Reasons for visiting open space near work
- Suggestions / issues with open space near work
- Respondent profile including age, gender, and industry of employment.

#### Methodology

The survey was conducted as a face-to-face intercept survey of approximately five minutes duration.

Individuals were randomly approached on the street at the variety of times of the day. A screening question was asked if the individual was working in the local area on that day, and if so they were invited to participate.

Individual that were not working in the local area were provided a postcard with details as to the *Open Space Strategy*, including reference to the *Open Space Strategy* Survey currently being conducted by Council via the website. Only a limited supply of these postcards was provided to Metropolis Research.

#### Location and timing of surveys

Surveys were conducted over a period of approximately two weeks from the 7<sup>th</sup> to the 19<sup>th</sup> of March 2018. Surveys were conducted at a variety of times, predominately in two shifts from 11am till 2pm and from 4pm till 7pm weekdays.

The following table outlines the total number of surveys completed in each of the four locations. The locations to be surveyed were advised to Metropolis Research by officers of the Yarra City Council.



### Survey location Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

Location	Workers		
Location	Number	Percent	
Cremorne	117	23.5%	
Collingwood	124	24.9%	
Fitzroy	144	28.9%	
Richmond	113	22.7%	
Total	498	100%	

#### **Open Space near workplace**

#### Frequency of visiting open space

Respondents were asked:

"How often do you typically visit open space near your workplace?"

A little less than two-thirds (60.2%) of respondents visit open space near their workplace at least once a week.

Only a relatively small (11.6%) proportion of respondents reported that they never visit open space near work.

# Frequency of visiting open space near workplace Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

Eroguancu	Workers			
Frequency	Number	Percent		
Frequently (at least once a week)	300	60.2%		
Infrequently (at least every few months)	88	17.7%		
Rarely (once or twice a year at most)	52	10.4%		
Never	58	11.6%		
Not stated	0			
Total	498	100%		



#### Open space visited most often

Respondents that visited open space near their work were asked:

"What open spaces near your workplace do you visit most often?"

The respondents that visited open spaces near their work were asked to identify the two open spaces that they visit most often.

The 440 respondents that they visit open space near their work provided a total of 556 responses, at an average of approximately 1.3 open spaces per respondent.

The open spaces most commonly identified include Fitzroy Gardens (14.1%), Edinburgh Gardens (9.6%), Carlton Gardens (8.0%), open spaces around Church Street (5.6%), Barkley Gardens (4.4%), Botanical Gardens (4.2%), and open spaces around Peel Street (4.2%).

Metropolis Research notes that a little less than one-fifth (19.1%) of respondents identified open spaces in such a manner as to be undefined, such as "parks and gardens". Some of these responses refer to the fact that the respondent does not visit specific open spaces, but visits a variety depending on a range of factors. Other undefined responses include those where the respondent was not fully aware of the details of the open space.

Attention is also drawn to the fact that respondents identified a significant number of open spaces, most located within the City of Yarra but also including some located outside the municipality. A total of ninety-two separate responses are categorised in the following tables. Given the difficulty of identifying some open spaces, there may be a small degree of overlap in these results.

There was significant variation in the open spaces most often visited observed between respondents from the four locations across the municipality, with attention drawn to the following:

- *Cremorne* the three most often visited open spaces were Church Street (23.1%), Barkley Gardens (12.0%), and Yarra Park (4.3%).
- *Collingwood* the four most often visited open spaces were Fitzroy Gardens (22.6%), Peel Street (16.9%), Edinburgh Gardens (12.1%), and Carlton Gardens (11.3%).
- *Fitzroy* the three most often visited open spaces were Edinburgh Gardens (18.8%), Fitzroy Gardens (16.7%), and Carlton Gardens (14.6%).
- *Richmond* the three most often visited open spaces were Fitzroy Gardens (13.3%), Botanical Gardens (11.5%), and Citizens Park (8.8%).



# Open spaces visited most often Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

0,000,000,000	Wor	Workers		
Open space	Number	Percent		
Fitzroy Gardens	70	14.1%		
Edinburgh Gardens	48	9.6%		
Carlton Garden	40	8.0%		
Church Street	28	5.6%		
Barkley Gardens	22	4.4%		
Botanical Gardens	21	4.2%		
Peel Street	21	4.2%		
Yarra Park	13	2.6%		
Near this street	11	2.2%		
Citizens Park	10	2.0%		
Near the library	7	1.4%		
Richmond Park	7	1.4%		
Cafe	6	1.2%		
Football Ground	6	1.2%		
Yarra River	6	1.2%		
Brunswick Street	5	1.0%		
Gertrude Street	5	1.0%		
Smith Street	5	1.0%		
Atherton Reserve	4	0.8%		
Burnley Gardens	4	0.8%		
Dale Street	4	0.8%		
Epworth	4	0.8%		
Erin Street	4	0.8%		
Flagstaff gardens	4	0.8%		
Near the pool	4	0.8%		
Smith Reserve	4	0.8%		
Treasury Gardens	4	0.8%		
Webb Street	4	0.8%		
Behind Coles	3	0.6%		
City Gardens	3	0.6%		
George Street	3	0.6%		
Lincoln Square	3	0.6%		
McConchie Reserve	3	0.6%		
Oxford Street	3	0.6%		
Richmond Station	3	0.6%		
Other open spaces (57 separately identified)	68	13.7%		
Undefined	96	19.3%		
Shachilea	50	13.370		

Total responses 556



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#### <u>Open spaces visited most often - Cremorne</u> <u>Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey</u>

(number and percent of total respondents)

Open space	Wor	Workers	
	Number	Percent	
	<b></b>	22.40/	
Church Street	27	23.1%	
Barkley Gardens	14	12.0%	
Yarra Park	5	4.3%	
Botanical Gardens	4	3.4%	
Dale Street	4	3.4%	
Flagstaff gardens	4	3.4%	
Fitzroy Gardens	3	2.6%	
McConchie Reserve	3	2.6%	
Near this street	3	2.6%	
Burnley Gardens	2	1.7%	
Cafe	2	1.7%	
Howard Street	2	1.7%	
Olympic Park	2	1.7%	
Richmond Park	2	1.7%	
White Street	2	1.7%	
Brand new park behind St Stephens church	1	0.9%	
Carlton Garden	1	0.9%	
Domain Gardens	1	0.9%	
Football Ground	1	0.9%	
Forrest Hill	1	0.9%	
Marry Street	1	0.9%	
Milton Parade	1	0.9%	
Museum gardens	1	0.9%	
Near bridge shore gardens	1	0.9%	
Olympic Gardens	1	0.9%	
Palmer Parade park	1	0.9%	
Regharries Park	1	0.9%	
Richmond Station	1	0.9%	
Undefined	34	29.1%	

Total responses 126



# Open spaces visited most often - Collingwood Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

Open space	Wor	Workers	
	Number	Percent	
Fitzroy Gardens	28	22.6%	
Peel Street	28	16.9%	
Edinburgh Gardens	15	12.1%	
Carlton Garden	14	11.3%	
Gertrude Street	5	4.0%	
Smith Street	5		
Near this street		4.0%	
	•	3.2%	
Webb Street	4	3.2%	
Botanical Gardens	3	2.4%	
George Street	3	2.4%	
Near the library	3	2.4%	
Behind Coles	3	2.4%	
Oxford Street	3	2.4%	
Atherton Reserve	1	0.8%	
Burnley Gardens	1	0.8%	
City Gardens	1	0.8%	
Clifton Hill	1	0.8%	
Condell Place	1	0.8%	
Council house gardens	1	0.8%	
Exhibition Gardens	1	0.8%	
Fairfield Gardens	1	0.8%	
Fitzroy Pool	1	0.8%	
Fitzroy Town Hall	1	0.8%	
Gipps Street Park	1	0.8%	
Lincoln Square	1	0.8%	
Near CBC parks	1	0.8%	
One Museum	1	0.8%	
Parliament Gardens	1	0.8%	
Playground	1	0.8%	
Playground in kew	1	0.8%	
Near the pool	1	0.8%	
Stanley Street	1	0.8%	
Treasury Gardens	1	0.8%	
Victoria Park	1	0.8%	
Yarra River	1	0.8%	
Undefined	7	5.6%	

Total responses 140



# Open spaces visited most often - Fitzroy Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

Open space	Wor	Workers	
	Number	Percent	
Edinburgh Gardens	27	18.8%	
Fitzroy Gardens	24	16.7%	
Carlton Garden	21	14.6%	
Brunswick Street	5	3.5%	
Near this street	4	2.8%	
Smith Reserve	4	2.8%	
Near the library	4	2.8%	
Atherton Reserve	3	2.1%	
Cafe	3	2.1%	
Near the pool	3	2.1%	
Townhall Park	2	1.4%	
Whitlam Park	2	1.4%	
Lincoln Square	2	1.4%	
Albert Park	1	0.7%	
Argyle Square	1	0.7%	
Botanical Gardens	1	0.7%	
Braybrook Park	1	0.7%	
Church Street	1	0.7%	
Collingwood Gardens	1	0.7%	
Counter Street	1	0.7%	
Epworth	1	0.7%	
Exhibition Gardens	1	0.7%	
Fleming Park	1	0.7%	
Garryowen Garden	1	0.7%	
Greeves Street	1	0.7%	
Heide park	1	0.7%	
King Park	1	0.7%	
Language Street	1	0.7%	
Leicester Street	1	0.7%	
McNamara Reserve	1	0.7%	
Melbourne University	1	0.7%	
Merri Creek	1	0.7%	
Museum gardens	1	0.7%	
Richmond Park	1	0.7%	
Royal Park	1	0.7%	
Shelley Park	1	0.7%	
Treasury Gardens	1	0.7%	
Undefined	38	26.4%	

Total responses 166



### Open spaces visited most often - Richmond Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

Open space	Woi	Workers	
	Number	Percent	
Fitarou Cardons	15	13.3%	
Fitzroy Gardens			
Botanical Gardens	13	11.5%	
Citizens Park	10	8.8%	
Barkley Gardens	8	7.1%	
Yarra Park	8	7.1%	
Edinburgh Gardens	6	5.3%	
Football Ground	5	4.4%	
Yarra River	5	4.4%	
Carlton Garden	4	3.5%	
Erin Street	4	3.5%	
Richmond Park	4	3.5%	
Epworth	3	2.7%	
Beach	2	1.8%	
City Gardens	2	1.8%	
Richmond Station	2	1.8%	
Treasury Gardens	2	1.8%	
Batman Park	1	0.9%	
Burnley Gardens	1	0.9%	
Cafe	1	0.9%	
Collingwood Town Hall	1	0.9%	
Coppin Street	1	0.9%	
Factory yard	1	0.9%	
Federation Square	1	0.9%	
Jolimont Street	1	0.9%	
Melbourne University	1	0.9%	
Parliament Gardens	1	0.9%	
Peppercorn Park	1	0.9%	
St Vincent's Place	1	0.9%	
Victoria Park	1	0.9%	
Williams Street	1	0.9%	
Undefined	17	15.0%	

Total responses 124



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#### Reasons for visiting open space

Respondents visiting open space near their work were asked:

"What are all the reasons why you visit these open spaces near your workplace?"

Almost all (96.8%) of respondents visiting open space near their work identified at least one reason for visiting. Respondents were provided a pre-coded list of seven reasons (including "other" reasons), and on average these respondents identified two reasons each.

The three most common reasons for visiting open space near work were to be outdoors as a break from work (77.0%), to socialise / meet colleagues / friends (46.1%), and to eat breakfast / lunch / dinner (32.0%).

Clearly these results highlight the fact that open space near work is used primarily as a relaxation and social space.

A small number of respondents also visited open space near work for exercise (16.1%), to meet family (13.9%), and to cycle / jog / walk to and from work (11.8%).

There were only a small number of other reasons identified by respondents, with walking the dog, and to smoke being separately categorised from the "other" responses.

### Reasons for visiting open space near work Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of total respondents)

Reason	Workers	
	Number	Percent
To be outdoors as a break from work	339	77.0%
To socialise / meet colleagues / friends	203	46.1%
To eat breakfast / lunch / dinner	141	32.0%
To exercise for fitness (informal)	71	16.1%
To meet family	61	13.9%
To cycle / jog / walk to and from work	52	11.8%
To walk the dog	4	0.9%
To participate in organised sports (club-based)	2	0.5%
To smoke	2	0.5%
Other reasons	3	0.7%
Total responses	87	78
Respondents identifying at least one reason for	42	26
visiting open space near work	(96.	8%)

#### Suggestions for or issues with open space

Respondents were asked:

"Do you have any suggestions for or issues with open spaces near your workplace?"

A little more than two-thirds (69.5%) of respondents identified at least one suggestion for or issues with open space near their workplace, at an average of 1.6 responses each.

Far and away the most common issue / suggestion for open space is to retain existing open spaces and to create new green spaces as much as possible, with one-third (33.9%) of respondents identifying this issue.

The three other most common issues or suggestions relate to more seating and tables (12.0%), more and better cleaning and maintenance (11.4%), and more greenery and trees (11.4%).

A small number of respondents identified each of a wide range of other issues including car parking, shade, public toilets, water fountains, safety / policing, beautification and many other issues.

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#### <u>Suggestions for or issues with open spaces near work</u> <u>Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey</u>

(number and percent of total respondents)

Suggestion / issue	Workers	
Suggestion / issue	Number	Percent
More open spaces / green spaces / retain spaces	169	33.9%
More seating and tables	60	12.0%
Cleaning and maintenance	57	11.4%
More greenery and trees	57	11.4%
Car parking	32	6.4%
More shade	21	4.2%
Public toilets	20	4.0%
More bins / bin collection	12	2.4%
Water fountains	10	2.0%
Planning and development (e.g. overdevelopment)	9	1.8%
Beautification	8	1.6%
Safety / policing	7	1.4%
Play parks / kids area	6	1.2%
Animals / pets	6	1.2%
Proper walking / running tracks	5	1.0%
More events / activities in parks	5	1.0%
More bike parking / infrastructure	4	0.8%
Dogs on leash / dog friendly	4	0.8%
Traffic management	4	0.8%
Alcohol and drug issues	3	0.6%
Dog waste bags	3	0.6%
BBQ facility	3	0.6%
More info / public awareness	3	0.6%
Food trucks / stall	2	0.4%
Cafes	2	0.4%
Public shower facility	2	0.4%
Exercise equipment	2	0.4%
More / better lighting	2	0.4%
Enforcement of regulations	1	0.2%
Disability parking	1	0.2%
Fence	1	0.2%
Streetscape	1	0.2%
Less noise pollution	1	0.2%
Family area	1	0.2%
Other	22	4.4%

Total responses	546
Respondents identifying at least one suggestion for	346
or issue with open near work	(69.5%)



#### **Respondent profile**

The following questions outline the profile of respondents to the survey.

#### Age structure

Consistent with the fact that respondents were employed, most respondents were aged between 20 and 59 years.

<u>Age structure</u> <u>Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey</u>

(number and percent of respondents providing a response)

400	Workers	
Age 	Number	Percent
15 to 19 years	6	1.2%
20 to 34 years	247	49.6%
35 to 44 years	145	29.1%
45 to 59 years	80	16.1%
60 to 74 years	19	3.8%
75 years and over	1	0.2%
Not stated	0	
Total	498	100%

#### Gender

The survey obtained a near perfect fifty / fifty split between male and female respondents.

<u>Gender</u> Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey

(number and percent of respondents providing a response)

Gender	Workers	
Genuel	Number	Percent
Male	248	49.9%
Female	249	50.1%
Other	0	0.0%
Prefer not to say	1	
Total	498	100%



#### **Industry**

The majority of respondents were employed in four industries; healthcare and social assistance (21.8%), retail trade (15.6%), accommodation and food services (11.9%), and professional, scientific and technical services (10.9%). These were categorised into the 2011 ANZSIC codes.

Metropolis Research notes that these industry results are similar to the 2016 *Census* results for residents of the City of Yarra, which found the top four industries to be hospitals, cafes and restaurants, higher education, and computer system design and related services. These are based on the new 2016 ANZSIC classification system.

### <u>Frequency of visiting open space near workplace</u> <u>Yarra City Council - 2018 Open Space Workers Survey</u>

(number and percent of total respondents)

Frequency	Wor	Workers	
	Number	Percent	
Health Care and Social Assistance	108	21.8%	
Retail Trade	77	15.6%	
Accommodation and Food Services	59	11.9%	
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	54	10.9%	
Information Media and Telecommunications	39	7.9%	
Construction	29	5.9%	
Public Administration and Safety	23	4.6%	
Financial and Insurance Services	19	3.8%	
Education and Training	14	2.8%	
Arts and Recreation Services	14	2.8%	
Manufacturing	9	1.8%	
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	8	1.6%	
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	6	1.2%	
Administrative and Support Services	6	1.2%	
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	4	0.8%	
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	2	0.4%	
Mining	1	0.2%	
Wholesale Trade	1	0.2%	
Other Services	4	0.8%	
Inadequately described	18	3.6%	
Not stated	3		
		4000/	

498

100%

**Total** 

**Appendix One: Survey form** 

Mettops What RESEARCH

### **Yarra - 2018 Open Space Workers Intercept Survey**

### (untitled) 1. Staff member Aryan Geethu Mohit Stephane O Jeremy Mathew Michael C Ziheng Frances Sohan Ashish Ashish C Lisa 2. Location Fitzroy Cremorne Collingwood C Richmond (untitled) 3. In what industry do you work?

4. How often do you typically visit ope	n space near your workplace?
<ul> <li>Frequently (at least once a week)</li> </ul>	C Rarely (once or twice a year at most)
<ul> <li>Infrequently (at least one every few months)</li> </ul>	© Never
5. What open spaces near your works One Two	olace do you visit most often?
6. What are all the reasons why you www.workplace?	risit these open spaces near your
To be outdoors as a break from work	<ul> <li>To participate in organised sports (club-based)</li> </ul>
<ul><li>To socialise / meet colleagues / friends</li></ul>	C To eat breakfast / lunch / dinner
C To meet family	C To cycle / jog / walk to and from
<ul> <li>To exercise for fitness (informal)</li> </ul>	work via the open space network (rather than roads)
	Other - Write In

7. Do you have any suggestions for workplace?	or or issues with open spaces near your
One	
Two	
Three	
Four	
8. Which of the following best desc	cribes you?
15 to 19 years	© 60 to 74 years
© 20 to 34 years	75 years and over
© 35 to 44 years	C Prefer not to say
45 to 59 years	
9. With which gender do you most	identify
O Male	Other
C Female	Prefer not to say





Oper	n Space Su	rvey : Febr	ruary/March	ı 2018			
			17.0				
us how you us	e your open spaces w	ill help us create a be	etter strategy tha	ls, sporting reserves and u at works for everybody. W he future and where you t	e want to find out		
Q1 Location o	f where you are com	oleting this survey:					
	What gender do you identify as? (Please tick appropriate box)			Nationality (Please tick appropriate box)			
Male Demale Other Prefer not to say				Australian Other, please describe			
	Age range (Please tick appropriate box)			Aboriginal/Torres Straits Islander (Please tick appropriate box)			
12-17	25-34	50-59 70-84 60-69 85+	Yes				
Q6 What ope	n space in the City of	Yarra do you use, wh	nen and why?				
Name/location	n of open space	When do you u	se it?	Why do you use	it?		
1.							
2.							
Q7 What ope	n space in the City of	Yarra <u>don't</u> you use a	and why?				
Name/location	n of open space	Why don't you	use it?				
1.							
2.							
What would you change in the open spaces of Yarra and where?							
Where? (Name	/location of open space	) What would yo	u change?				
1.							
2.							
Q8 What wou Where? (Name							





Open Space Survey : February/March 2018						
We want to know which open spaces a help us create a better strategy that w waterways, nature trails, sporting rese	orks for everyone. Ope					
Which suburb do you live in? (Please Abbotsford Collingwood	e tick one box) Fitzroy	Your gender? (Please tick appropriate box)  Male Female Other Prefer not to say				
Carlton North - Cremorne and Burnley - Richmond Sou	Fitzroy North  North Richmond	Your age range (Please 0-11 12	e tick appropriate box) 2-17			
Clifton Hill Alphington	(V - 2	Nationality (Please tick appropriate box)  Australian Other (Please list)				
O2 Do you work or study in the City of Yes (Please name the suburb)	No (Go to question 3)	Aboriginal/Torres Straits Islander  Yes No				
The feeling of space  The quiet  Just being outside  Knowing that it is there  The diversity of open space	en space? (Please tick the secape from the built extraorment altural activities and events eeting people/friends ealth and wellbeing eaying casual ball games	e appropriate box(es) below)  Playing team/club based sport  Place for children to play  Watching activity  Exercising dogs  Trees  Flowers/garden beds	Habitat for native plants and animals  Natural bushland character  Historical character  Cultural heritage values  Green character  Other			
What open space in the City of Yan Name/location of open space	ra do you use and why Why do you use it?		sted improvements/changes			
1.						
2.						
What open space in the City of Yai  Name/location of open space	ra <u>don't</u> you use and v Why <u>don't</u> you use it	•				
1.						

Q10 What would you change about open space in Yarra and where?

### **Appendix 2**

#### Assumptions made during the data entry process

The responses to the survey are summarised on both a municipality-wide basis and precinct basis in this report. This information in this report forms part of the primary research for the City of Yarra Open Space Strategy 2019.

The following is a summary of some of the assumptions made in entering the data from the surveys into the database.

- Some respondents did not provide the name of the open space they visited, instead
  listing the name of surrounding streets or buildings/landmarks that were used to help
  identify the park or reserve they were referring to. If this occurred, the following
  method was used:
- If the open space could be identified using the street names or buildings/landmarks provided and was located within the municipality, the response were attributed to the appropriate open space.
- If the open space visited was unable to be identified and outside of the municipality, it
  was placed in the category of 'Outside the Municipality' and information about its use
  was documented accordingly.
- Streets, local school grounds, adjoining properties and other types of space not covered in the strategy were named and information about its use and suggested improvements were documented accordingly.
- When respondents included comments in relation to a specific open space in the 'General Comments' section, this information was entered into the specific open space in the question regarding the open space, rather than in the General Comments Section.
- When respondents used question marks in the Facilities Section of the questionnaire, they were not recorded and were counted as not completed. All other forms of marking boxes were recorded.
- When respondents provided suggested improvements as a response to the question 'reasons why you visit [open space]', these were entered as suggested improvements and not as reasons for visiting.
- When respondents mentioned either playing sports using casual language and/or in
  an open space that did not have formal sporting facilities it was recorded as informal
  ball games/sports. When sports played were named directly and in an open space that
  supported that sport, it was put under the category of "Sport ", naming the sport
  directly. If a specific club or team was named, it was recorded under the category of
  "Sport" accordingly.
- When respondents included "Dogs" as a reason for visiting an open space it was recorded under "Dogs - friendly"
- · Double entries and test entries were recorded as regular entries
- In types of open space visited and frequency of use if the question was responded to twice, the first answer was used as the correct response

# **Appendix C**

Report on the community engagement for the Draft Yarra Open Space Strategy

# **Summary Report**

# **Community engagement Draft Yarra Open Space Strategy 2019**

Prepared by:

**Thompson Berrill Landscape Design Pty Ltd** 

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### **Attachments**

- A Proposed changes and additional text for the final version of the Yarra Open Space Strategy Technical Report
- B Copy of the feedback form / survey

### 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Scope of the community engagement

### 1.1.1 Summary of the community engagement process

Council endorsed the Draft Yarra Open Space Strategy 2019 for consultation in December 2019 and it was available for public consultation from 20 January to 15 March 2020. The engagement process involved a range of consultation methods described below.

### 1.1.1a Your Say Yarra Website page

A Your Say Yarra Website page for the Draft Strategy was the main tool used to provide information and collect feedback. The page contained essential information around the overall direction and the proposed recommendations within each of the 10 open space precincts. There were interactive maps for each of the open space precincts and the community could also access the Daft Strategy documents via the website along with a Frequently Asked Questions page and other related Yarra Strategies.

The community was invited to participate via:

- Direct emails and letters to previous participants from the first round of consultation.
- · Social media posts.
- Postcards on Access Yarra counters, libraries, neighbourhood houses, letter box drops as well as other community and service centres.
- Physical copies of the Strategy and surveys were available at the Yarra service centres.
- Direct emails to key stakeholder groups such as schools, friends of groups, sporting groups and internal advisory committees.
- Contacting service agencies that assisted with the first round of consultation including St Mark's and St Mary's House of Welcome.
- Articles in the Yarra News and associated Yarra e-newsletters.

### 1.1.1b Advisory committee meetings

Council officers attended advisory committee meetings where invited including the:

- Aboriginal Advisory Group
- Active Ageing Advisory Group
- Disability Advisory Committee
- Early Years Reference Group
- Heritage Advisory Committee
- Yarra Environment Advisory Committee
- Yarra Multicultural Advisory Group.

At the advisory committee meetings, Council officers provided an overview of the Strategy and invited members to participate in the on-line survey. They also provided information specifically on where the Strategy intersected with the relevant strategic documents of that group and asked them to test the recommendations to ensure they were aligned.

### 1.1.1c Pop up sessions

Council officers attended four pop up sessions to provide information, encourage participation in the survey and provide copies of the Draft Strategy. These sessions were held at the following locations:

- Connie Benn Centre, 160 Brunswick Street, Fitzroy
- · Citizens Park, Richmond
- · Edinburgh Gardens, Fitzroy North
- · Peel Street Park, Collingwood

The majority of those who attended the pop-up sessions completed the on-line survey. Notes of comments heard more than once were also recorded.

### 1.1.2 Survey / Feedback form

A hard copy and on-line survey was prepared to encourage feedback on the key recommendations in the Draft Strategy. The key strategy recommendations were listed in the survey and respondents were asked to rate the level of importance of each key recommendation. Refer to Attachment B for a copy of survey. Everyone who left their details during the first round of consultation was notified of the exhibition of the Draft Strategy and were encouraged to complete the survey.

A total of **284** surveys were completed and the results of the survey are summarised in Section 2 of this report. The Final Strategy has taken the results of this survey into consideration and this report identifies what changes have been made in response to it.

### 1.1.3 Written submissions

A total of ten written submission were received during the public exhibition process. These are summarised in Section 3 of this report.

# 1.2 Combined summary of the key outcomes from the consultation

Overall, there was support for all the key recommendations in the Draft Strategy. In particular, there is a strong level of support for maximising opportunities to include natural features including trees, garden bed and grass in open space to assist mitigation of urban heat island effect. Providing additional open space and increasing opportunities for inclusive design of open space so everyone is able to use it also received a high level of support.

The top key issues raised in the consultation include:

- Increasing urban densities and the impact this has on neighbourhood character including overshadowing and over use of open space, the visual dominance of built form without adequate levels of greening and more vehicles and traffic.
- Lack of existing open space to adequately cater to the recent and future development and increased population.
- The need to balance the provision of increased facilities for fitness and exercise with the unbuilt and natural qualities of green space which is highly valued as a place to relax and unwind.
- Dogs off-leash in open space leading to personal safety and health issues, particularly
  in relation to children, while others note the importance to provide off-leash areas
  given pets are important for community health and wellbeing.

# 1.3 Summary of the key changes made to the Strategy based on the consultation outcomes

### 1.3.1 Provision of additional open space

The open space survey outcomes and written submissions confirm the community support the need for providing additional open space, particularly in the high density precincts. In response to this, TBLD has reviewed the open space needs assessments undertaken to determine if any additional open space required beyond the 24 new public open spaces already proposed in the strategy. Based on this review, two additional open space have been added to the updated Strategy including:

### Collingwood

A proposed additional new Small Local open space in open space sub-precinct Collingwood B. This is due to the quantum of forecast growth planned for in this sub-precinct, and the concern expressed by the community about the need for more open space, the loss of urban greening and views to the sky as a result of increased urban densities. Additionally, the recommendation for a new Local open space in open space sub-precinct Collingwood B has been updated to specifically reference this potentially being located in the vicinity of the Former Police Workshop on Wellington and Stanley Streets.

#### Richmond

A proposed additional new Small Local open space is included in open space subprecinct North Richmond C. This is due to the quantum of forecast growth planned for this sub precinct, and particularly, the quantum of growth and density proposed in the northern section of it. While the existing Annette's Place Reserve can accommodate some additional use, the proximity of residential use and lack of passive surveillance will continue to limit the visibility, accessibility and diversity of uses that can be undertaken at that reserve in the future.

Figure 5A which schematically illustrates the type and location of new open space has been updated with the new open space and included in the Attachment A. Figure 7.5F - Recommendations for Collingwood and Figure 7.10F Recommendations for North Richmond have also been updated, and are included in Attachment A.

Refer to Attachment A which includes extracts from the Strategy Technical Report highlighting the updated recommendations referred to above.

### 1.3.2 Urban greening

The key recommendation to increase the presence of natural features in public open space, particularly in high density precincts was strongly supported during the consultation. In the feedback, people noted the importance of green open space as a contrast to the high density precincts, and the lack of overall greening in the streetscapes and on the recent development sites.

The Draft Strategy identifies the importance of green open space and incudes design guidelines in Section 6 of the Technical Report in support of increased natural features in existing and new open space. Future open space design upgrades and designs of new open space as part of development sites will need to demonstrate they adhere to the design guidelines regarding natural features and urban greening. Refer to Section 6.2.1. Additional text has been added to the Strategy Technical Report to note the high level of community support for urban greening.

Refer to Attachment A for the extract of Section 3.1.5.

### 1.3.3 Streetscapes

The consultation outcomes included requests for streetscapes to be included as public open space. Section 1.2.3 of the Strategy Technical Report explains the difference between public open space and streetscapes, and the reason they have distinctly different roles in the public realm. This Section has been revised to provide a more detailed description why streetscapes are not included as public open space, and the existing plans and strategies that guide the future design and management of streetscapes in the City of Yarra.

The Strategy acknowledges the important contribution of streetscapes to neighbourhood character, urban greening and accessibility to open space. An additional section has been added to the Strategy in Section 3.1.7 Urban context.

Refer to Attachment A for the extracts of updates to Section 1.2.3 and the new Section 3.1.7.

### 1.3.4 Increased urban densities

Many people expressed concern about the impact on increased urban densities on neighbourhood character. They generally acknowledged the need for increased densities, but are concerned at the lack of planning and improvements to public open space and other parts of the public realm including the streetscapes to adequately offset the impact. The Strategy has addressed the issues of increased urban densities by planning ahead for the forecast change. This is described in Section 4 of the Strategy Technical Report. An additional Section has been added to specifically to highlight the issue of the impacts of increased levels of use of open space.

Refer to Attachment A for the new Section 4.5.

### 1.3.5 Open space contribution program

The open space contribution program and rate is directly linked to the projects included in the Open Space Strategy. A number of submissions made the suggestion that Council should only spend open space contributions on land acquisition.

As described in the Strategy and in this report, the open space contribution program is based around the provision of additional land area for open space and also for capital works costs to establish new open space and upgrade facilities in existing open space where appropriate to meet the additional needs of the forecast population.

The open space contribution program has been updated to reflect the additional projects as a result of the community and council officer consultation on the Draft Strategy 2019. Based on the additional projects, the contribution rate will be increased to accommodate the additional projects.

Refer to Attachment A which includes extracts from Section of the Strategy Technical Report highlighting the updated text referred to above.

The open space contribution program and rate is directly linked to the projects included in the Open Space Strategy. A number of submissions made the suggestion that Council should only spend open space contributions on land acquisition.

### 2. Survey results

### 2.1 Summary of key outcomes

Overall the majority of respondents considered the key recommendations from the Draft Strategy to be either Very important or Important. Only two recommendations were rated as being of lower importance - which are the provision of additional dog off-leash areas and encouraging participation in structured sport.

Rank	%	Recommendation
1.	95%	Maximise opportunities to have large canopy shade trees and natural features including grass and garden beds to keep open space cooler in the summer and mitigate urban heat.
2.	91%	Provide additional open space so that the majority of people who live and work in the City of Yarra are within easy walking distance of open space.
3.	90%	Increase opportunities for people of all ages, abilities and cultural backgrounds to access, participate and enjoy open space.
4.	89%	Improve biodiversity values along waterway corridors including the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek with appropriate revegetation.
5.	88%	Continue to deliver sustainable water harvesting and reuse, contributing to increased urban greening in open space, particularly in higher density areas.
6.	87%	Implement an open space contribution rate of up to 10 per cent in the Yarra Planning Scheme that applies to new development. This is so the new population contributes fairly to new open space and improvements to existing open space.
7.	86%	Encourage people to be outdoors and to exercise and keep fit by providing a diverse range of facilities in open space
8.	68%	Encourage participation in organised sport by providing adequate open space and upgrading facilities to be more inclusive for everyone.
9.	55%	Investigate the provision additional dog off-leash areas as part of the future review of the Domestic Animal Management Plan.

### 2.2 Survey method and respondents

### 2.2.1 Survey method and content

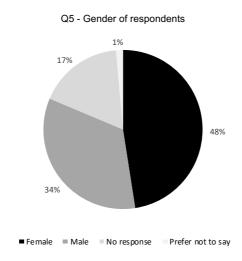
A total of **284** surveys were completed, with 36 of these completed online. The survey included a list of key recommendations from the Draft Strategy that respondents were asked to rate in terms of level of importance to them. The four categories of importance were:

- Very important
- Important
- · Some importance
- Not important

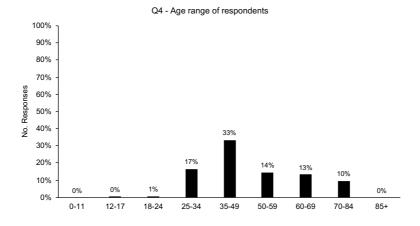
Next to each recommendation, respondents were invited to make any comments on their answer. There was also space for people to make general comments on the Draft Strategy. The other simple multiple choice questions included were to gain an understanding of who completed the survey to confirm whether a representative sample was received.

### 2.2.2 Who completed the survey

### 2.2.2a Gender

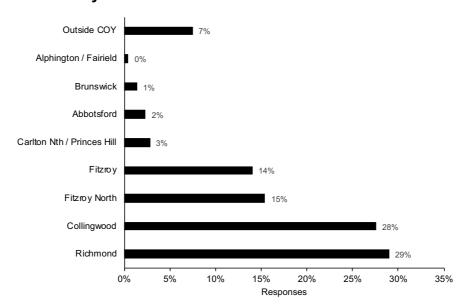


### 2.2.2b Age range



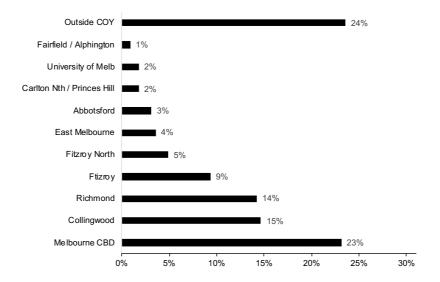
Typically these household surveys do not attract a high response rate from people under the age of 25 and there is a reasonable representation of other age groups between 25 and 84.

### 2.2.2c Where they live



The majority of the surveys were completed by residents from the City of Yarra, with representation from all suburbs. Please note that with 1No. survey received from Fairfield / Alphington, which is the reason the percentage appears as 0%. The highest percentage of results were received from Richmond and Collingwood as shown.

### 2.2.2d Where they work



Just over half of the survey respondents work outside the City of Yarra, with nearly half of them working in Melbourne CBD, and other key places being East Melbourne and at the University of Melbourne. Of the 49 per cent of those who work in the City of Yarra, they are spread across all suburbs with the majority being in Collingwood and Richmond.

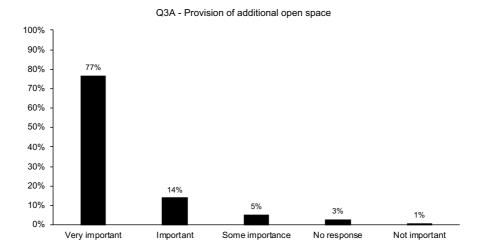
### 2.3 Results of each question

### 2.3.1 Q3A Provision of additional open space

### 2.3.1a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

Provide additional open space so that the majority of people who live and work in the
 City of Yarra are within easy walking distance of open space



Overall there is a high level of support for the provision of additional open space and is ranked second highest out of the nine key recommendations, with a combined total of 91 per cent of respondents stating it is important. The comments associated with this rating indicate there that open space is highly valued and that additional open space is required, particularly as urban densities increase.

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.1c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

### 2.3.1b Top five comments

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.1.1	Green open space beneficial to health and wellbeing (30).	Respondents highly value the contribution that green open space makes to their health and wellbeing. It reinforces the importance of incorporating natural features including trees, garden beds and grass into open space upgrades and new open space. This is consistent with the Strategy including Section 1.3 Objectives and principles, Section 1.4 the importance of open space, Section 2.4 research into the health and wellbeing benefits of open space, Section 4.3 Urban densities and open space and Section 6.2 Climate change and urban greening.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.1.2	Open space - beneficial for health and wellbeing (29).	Proposed change to the Strategy:  Section 1.4 will be updated to reference the support of the benefits of green open space to community health and wellbeing during the consultation on the Draft Strategy.  This is similar to 2.3.1.1, however the key difference is that in 2.3.1.1 respondents specifically noted green open space as distinct from open space in general. Many of these comments were supported by comments related to being places to exercise, socialise and to relax and unwind. The Strategy supports these principles throughout the document.  Proposed change to the Strategy:
2.3.1.3	Open space - additional required as density increases (19).	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Provision of additional open space is strongly supported particularly in the higher density areas including</li> <li>Collingwood, Fitzroy and Richmond. There were extensive comments from people noticing the increased rate of change with taller built form leading to more people and also loss of light, longer views, urban greening and sunlight.</li> <li>Proposed change to the Strategy:         <ul> <li>Add an additional Small Local open space in Collingwood B sub-precinct given the level of specific comments and concerns regarding the lack of open space as urban densities increase in Collingwood.</li> <li>Add an additional Small Local open space in North Richmond C as in response to the need for additional open space where urban densities are increasing.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
2.3.1.4	Open space - important as density increases (14)  Green open space important to mitigate urban heat island effect (14).	Refer to the response 2.3.1.3 above.  The comment supports the Strategy direction to identify mitigating urban heat island effect as a key role of public open space in the future. Critical to its function for this is for the open space to incorporate moisture retaining surfaces and large trees to promote evapotranspiration for effective cooling during periods of extended heat. This is included in the Strategy in Sections 1.4, 3.3.3, 4.4, 4.4.2 and 6.2.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None

### 2.3.1c List of all comments regarding additional open space

No.	Comments regarding provision of additional open space
123	Importance of open space
29	Open space - beneficial for health and wellbeing
14	Open space - important as density increases
11	Open space - contributes to sense of community
8	Open space - for childrens play
7	Open space - essential to liveability
6	Open space - no additional open space required in my area
5	Open space - for socialisation / meeting friends
5	Open space - important for exercising pets
3	Open space - highly valued
3	Open space - trees and plants are highly valued in open space
2	Open space - beneficial to physical health
2	Open space - important due to high density living and lack of private open space
2	Open space - being outdoors is beneficial to health and wellbeing
1	Open space - buildings and roads increase the heat in Fitzroy
1	Open space - appreciate them
1	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing in high density areas
1	Open space - beneficial to health and wellbeing (residents and workers)
1 1	Open space - contact with nature Open space - contributes to aesthetics
1	Open space - contributes to aesthetics Open space - contributes to sustainability
1	Open space - diversity of types valued
1	Open space - dog socialisation
1	Open space - essential for work/life balance
1	Open space - for adults exercise
1	Open space - for biodiversity
1	Open space - for childrens play given no private open space
1	Open space - for fresh air
1	Open space - for outdoor activities
1	Open space - healing when you are ill
1	Open space - important access for young children
1	Open space - important every day including during the week and weekends
1	Open space - important to relax and exercise outdoors
1	Open space - improve knowledge of local eco-system
1	Open space - see the sky
1	Open space - spaces for walking valued
1	Open space - trees improve air quality
1	Open space - protect sunlight access to open space
1	Open space - unstructured and informal spaces valued
1	Open space - urban plazas are important
88	Importance of green open space
30	Green open space beneficial to health and wellbeing
14	Green open space important to mitigate urban heat island effect
11	Green open space important for biodiversity
7	Green open space that is easily accessible is important
3	Green open spaces are beautiful
3	Green open space as a break from traffic noise and pollution

No	Comments regarding provision of additional open space
<b>No.</b> 3	Green open space contributes to sense of community
2	Green open space important for physical health and fitness
2	Green open space improves air quality
2	Green open space is important for families
3	Green open space to relax and unwind
1	Green open space to absorb rainfall
1	Green open space as a break from built form
1	Green open space contributes to liveability
1	Green open space for childrens play
1	Green open space important as urban density increases
1	Green open space important for exercising pets
1	Green open space important for trees
1	Green open space important place for meeting friends
74	Additional open space required
19	Open space - additional required as density increases
9	Open space - additional green open space required as density increases
6	Open space - additional required in Collingwood
5	Open space - Edinburgh Gardens is too crowded so additional open space required to offset this
4	Open space - additional required as density increases in Fitzroy
3	Open space - additional open space required within walking distance
3	Open space - important as no access to private open space
3	Open space - important to easily reach open space for health and wellbeing
3	Open space - additional green open space required in Collingwood
1	Open space - additional open space for future generations
1	Open space - additional required in Richmond
1	Open space - additional required in Richmond Hill
1	Open space - additional required, however it is too late as urban densities are too high and land is too expensive
1	Open space - Citizens Park is overused and additional open space is required to offset this
1	Open space - convert car parks to public plazas
1	Open space - convert existing public land to open space so it is not as expensive
1	Open space - convert on-street parking to green open space and wider footpaths
1	Open space - existing open space is very busy
1	Open space - important to mitigate urban heat island effect in Collingwood
1	Open space - increase size of Greeves St Reserve in Fitzroy
1	Open space - increase the size of Napier St road closure at Webb St in Fitzroy
1	Open space - is our backyard
1	Open space - lack of open space in Collingwood impacts on ability to live there and raise a family
1	Open space - more required due to no private gardens/backyards
1	Open space - need space to kick a ball in Collingwood
1	Open space - Oxford St Collingwood to be a park
1	Open space - providing more agree with but not in locations suggested
1	Open space - support providing more that is within easy walking distance
20	Open space within easy walking distance is important
7	Open space - proximity to home valued
2 2	Open space - access nearby valued so you can walk there
	Open space - accessible to everyone
1 1	Open space - access for workers is important  Open space - access to green open space reduces stress
1	Open space - access to green open space reduces stress  Open space - access to nature contributes to sense of community
1	Open space - access to open space important to liveability
'	Open space - access to open space important to invedbility

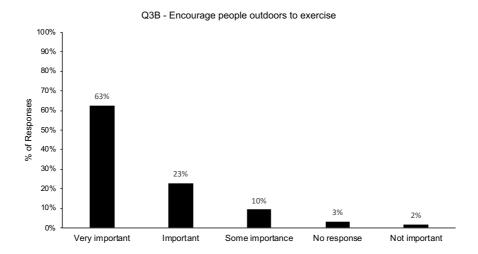
No.	Comments regarding provision of additional open space
1	Open space - access to the sky important
1	Open space - access within 300 metres of all residents a good aim
1	Access - access close to home is appreciated as I cannot walk far
1	Access - encourages use of open space
1	Open space - nearby important for wellbeing
19	Improve utilisation and quality of existing open space rather than provide
	additional
4	Open space - improved utilisation of existing open space required
2	Open space - quality open space is important
2	Open space - well maintained is important
2	Open space - visit open space in adjoining municipalities instead of new open space
1	Open space - consider those in adjoining areas
1	Open space - currently does not encourage community
1	Open space - currently not used to capacity
1	Open space - improve the quality of what is there rather than provide new
1	Open space - important to improve the quality of open space around the safe
	injecting room in Richmond
1	Open space - improve existing facilities
1	Open space - proposed open space in Central Richmond is too expensive.
1	Open space - underutilised in Richmond
1	Open space - upgrade existing open space
	the character of the character
7	Streets
1	Streets - close streets reduce parking convert to open space
1	Streets – improve pedestrian amenity in streets in Fitzroy
1	Streets - increase planting in streetscapes in Fitzroy
1	Streets - reduce clutter from private bins left on footpaths in Fitzroy
1	Open space - improve access via local street network to major areas of open space
1	Open space - improve public road access to open space so it is safer and easier to
•	see
1	Open space - needs to include streetscapes
5	Dogs
1	Fenced off-leash area required in Collingwood
1	Dog owners to be in control of their dog
1	Dog owners to be responsible for dog waste
1	Dog on leash area required at Citizens Park
1	Provide additional fenced dog off-leash areas
3	Impacts of additional open space on traffic and roads
1	Open space - additional would compromise traffic flow
1	Open space - need to consider traffic flow and parking.
1	Open space - retain car parking
2	Trees
1	Additional street trees to mitigate urban heat island effect required
1	Additional trees in open space to reduce carbon footprint
1	Unstructured recreation facilities
1	Unstructured recreation facilities - consider other facilities nearby so they are not
	duplicated

# 2.3.2 Q3B Provide a diversity of facilities to encourage people to exercise outdoors

### 2.3.2a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

 Encourage people to be outdoors and exercise and keep fit by providing a diverse range of facilities in open space



While important, this was ranked seventh out of the nine recommendations. The comments made clarify that while exercise and keeping fit are important, so too is the peace and quiet that open space provides along with the social aspects of open space. Survey respondents raised issues of the need to balance facilities with natural features and green space. The highest level of importance placed on the key recommendation to maximise natural features and urban greening reinforces the need to ensure the natural features, particularly trees are retained and are not removed at the expense of facilities.

### 2.3.2b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.2c has a full list of the comments. The top 5 have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response	
2.3.2.1	Exercise is important for health and wellbeing (26)	The Strategy acknowledges that exercise is important for health and wellbeing, including in Section 1.2 and 3.1.5.	
		The Strategy does not have a specific section that identifies this as a key influence on open space. <b>Proposed change to the Strategy</b> :	
		Add a new Section 4.5 that confirms the importance of the provision of facilities for unstructured recreational use balanced with the protection of natural features and contemplative spaces in open space for people to relax and unwind.	

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.2.2	Diversity of facilities - agree they are important (22)	As noted in 2.3.2.1.
2.3.2.3	Diversity of facilities - important to encourage people outdoors to exercise.	There is recognition that the provision of facilities encourages people to be outdoors and participate in activities. There are other comments that express concern that a balance needs to be retained between the provision of facilities for exercise and other values of open space, particularly for its naturalness, peace and quiet and the social connectedness.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  Update Section 6.3 to refer to the balance of the provision of facilities that encourage fitness are balanced the protection and maintenance of natural features and green open space.
2.3.2.4	Diversity of facilities - prefer to have grass and trees so there is more space (9)	This include comments in relation to the small size of exiting open space and that facilities can easily overdominate the space, which people note is very important for being able to visit to relax and unwind. The need for green open space with natural features has been included and referenced throughout the Strategy.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None.
2.3.2.5	Health - encouraging people to exercise reduces stress on public health system	This is noted, and is described in Section 1.4, Importance of open space in the Draft Strategy. It is also supported by the Council Plan objectives, included in Section 1.3.1 of the Strategy Technical Report which are adopted as key objectives to meet for the Open Space Strategy.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None

### 2.3.2c List of all comments regarding diversity of facilities in open space

No.	Comments regarding provision of a diversity of facilities in open space
126	Support a diversity of facilities
26	Diversity of facilities - exercise important for health and wellbeing
22	Diversity of facilities - agree they are important
15	Diversity of facilities - important to encourage people outdoors to exercise
8	Diversity of facilities - agree they are important but also need green space and trees for peace and quiet
6	Diversity of facilities - important they are accessible and free
6	Diversity of facilities - participating in exercise contributes to sense of community
6	Diversity of facilities - exercise important for social contact as well
2	Diversity of facilities - agree important and currently do not have access to this
2	Diversity of facilities - basketball rings important
2	Diversity of facilities - cycle and walking paths are important
2	Diversity of facilities - fitness is important for mental health and happiness
2	Diversity of facilities - important for children

No.	Comments regarding provision of a diversity of facilities in open space
2	Diversity of facilities - important they are outdoors
2	Diversity of facilities - important as they encourage people in older age groups outdoors
2	Diversity of facilities - tree lined paths important
1	Diversity of facilities - agree they are important as long as they feel safe to use especially women
1	Diversity of facilities - agree they are important for all age groups
1	Diversity of facilities - can be for other reasons including enjoying the arts, play, socialise
1	Diversity of facilities - exercise is important to my family
1	Diversity of facilities - important as they encourage us outdoors to exercise, especially Princes Park
1	Diversity of facilities - important for exercising dogs
1	Diversity of facilities - important for health but only in the large parks
1	Diversity of facilities - important for health, but hard to find time to do it
1	Diversity of facilities - important for health, but less options in the inner city
1	Diversity of facilities - important for health, request a major outdoor fitness station
1	Diversity of facilities - important people can walk to them to reduce vehicle use
1	Diversity of facilities - important they are close to home as I have no car
1	Diversity of facilities - important to exercise away from the traffic
1	Diversity of facilities - important to exercise in the sun for Vitamin D
1	Diversity of facilities - important to include programmed activities for older women
1	Diversity of facilities - improves accessibility to everyone
1	Diversity of facilities - more required as density increases
1	Diversity of facilities - nature play important
1	Diversity of facilities - not all open space needs to be for exercise - social contact and meeting places also important
1	Diversity of facilities - skate facilities important
1	Diversity of facilities - strategy needs more about how they will be implemented.
28	Open space and natural character
9	Diversity of facilities - prefer to have grass and trees so there is more space
3	Open space - green space is the most important, facilities are of secondary importance
2	Diversity of facilities - open grassed areas important
2	Open space - green open space with paths, trees and vegetation is a priority
2	Open space - green space encourages people to socialise and sense of community
2	Open space - large parks and gardens provide diversity of facilities and spaces that are important for community health and wellbeing
1	Open space - additional required
1	Open space - additional required in Collingwood
1	Open space - create it and people will use it and find a variety of uses for it
1	Open space - ensure ongoing maintenance
1	Open space - for children's play
1	Open space - important for workers and residents
1	Open space - people value open space when they use it
1	Open space - query whether they are already well used
12	Unstructured recreation
6	Unstructured recreation - beneficial to mental and physical health and wellbeing
2	Unstructured recreation - important to encourage people outdoors and stay active
1	Unstructured recreation - contributes to sense of community and social contact

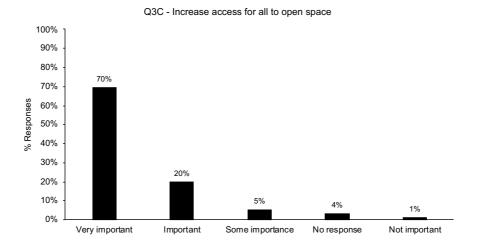
Unstructured recreation - important for children to access parks nearby to run and play Unstructured recreation - important to children to access parks nearby to run and play Unstructured recreation - personal trainers use open space  Health Health - encouraging people to exercise reduces stress on public health system  Disagree with a diversity of facilities Diversity of facilities - don't agree with this Diversity of facilities - should not take up existing outdoor space Diversity of facilities - no additional facilities are required Diversity of facilities - on additional facilities are required Diversity of facilities - don't agree with this as parks are too small  Paths Paths - remove the commuter cycle paths from open space Paths - good quality required Paths - have separate cycle and pedestrian paths along the Capital City Trail Paths - have separate cycle and pedestrian paths along the Capital City Trail Paths - priority to have cycle paths Paths - priority to pedestrians, bicycles and public transport  Structured sport Structured sport and recreation - key reason for open space Structured sport and recreation - key reason for open space Structured sport and recreation - personal trainers should not be charged to use the park Sport and recreation - contributes to sense of community Informal use Informal use - just being outdoors is important for health and wellbeing Informal use - spaces for families to enjoy as a relief from the built form  Indoor recreation facilities - important for diversity  Physical activity Paths - walking and cycling paths are important to encourage people outdoors to exercise Physical activity - improves quality of life  Other comments Community gardens - important in open space Dogs - dog walking encourages people outdoors to exercise Drinking fountains - additional required Electronic devices - should be banned in parks so people exercise Facilities - quality of facilities is important Nature - important for health and wellbeing Play equipment - good quality required Streetsc	No.	Comments regarding provision of a diversity of facilities in open space		
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<ul> <li>Facilities - quality of facilities is important</li> <li>Nature - important for health and wellbeing</li> <li>Play equipment - good quality required</li> <li>Streetscapes - local streets are popular for walking</li> </ul>	1	Drinking fountains - additional required		
<ul> <li>Nature - important for health and wellbeing</li> <li>Play equipment - good quality required</li> <li>Streetscapes - local streets are popular for walking</li> </ul>	1	Electronic devices - should be banned in parks so people exercise		
<ul> <li>Play equipment - good quality required</li> <li>Streetscapes - local streets are popular for walking</li> </ul>	1	Facilities - quality of facilities is important		
Streetscapes - local streets are popular for walking	1	Nature - important for health and wellbeing		
	1	Play equipment - good quality required		
Weather - detracts from being outdoors	1	Streetscapes - local streets are popular for walking		
	1	Weather - detracts from being outdoors		

### 2.3.3 Q3C Increase access for everyone to open space

### 2.3.3a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

 Increase opportunities for people of all ages, abilities and cultural backgrounds to access, participate and enjoy open space



Ranked third out of nine key recommendations, the combined very important and important total is 90 per cent. The comments clarify that access and inclusion are important to the survey respondents. Improving access covers all aspects of this including:

- · open space being nearby and therefore accessible
- ensuring open space is physically accessible for people with limited mobility
- ensuring open space is safe and welcoming for people to use
- it is free and therefore socially equitable
- is important to build a sense of community.

### 2.3.3b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.3c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.3.1	Access - important for everyone including all abilities (24)	This supports on the key principles in Section 1.3.2 of the Strategy to ensure it is accessible. There were more specific comments around ensuring that open space is accessible for people with limited mobility, in wheelchairs and the for those who cannot walk far. The design guidelines in Section 6.6 encourage the inclusion of a diversity of facilities that appeal to all the different parts of our community. Section 6.7 encourages structured sport and recreation facilities to be inclusive and accessible.

No.	Comment	Response
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None
2.3.3.2	Access - important to build a sense of community as they are equitable (23)	The more detailed descriptions associated with this comment related to open space being a place where everyone can gather and socialise irrespective of their income, cultural background, gender, age and physical ability. Having spaces that are publicly owned and bring communities together is referenced throughout the Strategy, however there is potential to strengthen it by include equitable as one of the core principles in Section 1.3.2.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  • Add 'equitable' as a key principle to the Section 1.3.2, with the aim being - To ensure the public open space
2.3.3.3	Access and inclusion – very	network is inclusive and accessible to everyone  Noted, refer to Response and proposed change in
	important consideration for all open space (22)	2.3.3.2 above.
2.3.3.4	Access - important to celebrate our cultural diversity (13)	Noted, refer to 2.3.3.2 above.
2.3.3.5	Access - to green open space	Noted, refer to response in 2.3.2.1.
	as well as facilities (9)	Proposed change to the Strategy:
		Refer to 2.3.2.1.

### 2.3.3c List of all comments regarding diversity of facilities in open space

No.	Comments regarding diversity of facilities in open space
145	Recognise and support increasing access for all
24	Access - important for everyone including all abilities
23	Access - important to build a sense of community as they are equitable
22	Access and inclusion – very important consideration for all open space
13	Access - important to celebrate our cultural diversity
9	Access - to green open space as well as facilities
6	Access - important for all ages including young and old
5	Access - important as it is free and equitable
4	Access - important as urban densities increase
4	Access - recognise difficult to make it accessible for everyone
3	Access - important for everyone to feel safe
2	Access - fitness important for everyone including all ages, abilities and cultural backgrounds
2	Access - important especially for children
2	Access - important especially for children to access it independently
2	Access - important for residents and workers
2	Access - important for social contact
2	Access - important to celebrate diversity of our community
2	Access - more grassed areas required
2	Access - open space to be within a safe and easy walk of everyone
1	Access - all ability access in playgrounds

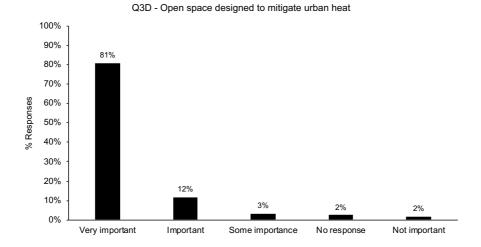
#### Comments regarding diversity of facilities in open space No. Access - all ability access to paths and trails important 1 Access - cobblestones in laneways difficult for people in with limited ability Access - consider adjoining residents in relation to placement of facilities so it 1 minimises noise impacts on them 1 Access - convert all of Peel Street to open space to hold community events Access - Darling Gardens is a good example of an open space that is accessible for 1 everyone 1 Access - fence playgrounds for young children 1 Access - important for community health and wellbeing of everyone 1 Access - important for everyone and Yarra does this well 1 Access - important for everyone to feel welcome and not be dominated by children's playgrounds 1 Access - important to access sports grounds 1 Access - important to ensure families can stay in the area 1 Access - increase the diversity of programs in open space - eg outdoor classes 1 Access - Rushall Reserve is not accessible for all Access - safe injecting room impacts on our safe access and use of green open 1 space 1 Access - Strategy needs to explain how this is to be implemented 1 Access - some open space is underutilised as the design and facilities are not targeted to the local demographics 1 Access - important they are well maintained to ensure they are accessible 8 Open space 3 Open space - additional open space in Collingwood required to promote access 1 Open space - additional open space required in Balmain Street Cremorne Open space - additional required 1 Open space - contributes to liveability 1 Open space - contributes to the sense of place 1 Open space - improves health and well being 6 No increase in access required 3 Access - adequate now 1 Access - not important for me Access - sufficient as vehicle access to roads needs to be retained 1 Structured sport - not necessary for Council to increase participation in sport 1 4 Dogs 1 Dogs - enforce dog off-leash regulations Dogs - enforce off-leash areas at Edinburgh Gardens 1 1 Dogs - off-leash and dog excrement limit access for others 1 Dogs - off-leash near playgrounds limits safe access for children 1 **Paths** 1 Paths - separate cycle and walking paths, no shared paths

## 2.3.4 Q3D Open space designed to assist mitigating urban heat island effect

### 2.3.4a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

 Maximise opportunities to have large canopy shade trees and natural features including grass and garden beds to keep open space cooler in the summer and mitigate urban heat



With 81 per cent stating that mitigating urban heat is very important to them demonstrates the highest level of support for this recommendation. Combining the Very Important and Important totals results in 95 per cent of respondents identifying this is important.

Comments demonstrate that respondents understand the important role that trees and urban greening plays in liveability, particularly during periods of extended heat.

### 2.3.4b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.5c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.4.1	Important to make the city more liveable in the context of climate change (37)	<ul> <li>Noted, and this is consistent with the Strategy.</li> <li>Proposed change to the Strategy:</li> <li>Update Section 1.4 and 3.1.5 of the Strategy text to reference the high level of community support for open space for inclusion of natural features that contribute to mitigating urban heat.</li> </ul>

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.4.2	Trees - plant more canopy shade trees important to retain liveability with climate change (33)	Noted, and this is consistent with the recommendations in the Strategy. This includes 1.1.1 where trees were identified as being important to the community and more highly valued compared the consultation results in 2006. The Principles reference the importance of trees, similarly in Section 1.4 regarding the importance of open space. The importance of trees is referred to throughout the Strategy including support for protecting and planting more throughout Section 6 Design and Management Guidelines.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.4.3	Support green spaces and large trees to mitigate forecast temperature rise (22)	Refer to response to 2.3.4.1 and 2.3.4.2.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  Refer to response to 2.3.4.1 and 2.3.4.2.
2.3.4.4	Streetscapes - plant canopy trees for shade, particularly in high density areas (13)	This Strategy refers to the recently prepared the Urban Forest Strategy 2017, and supports its implementation with promotes planting additional street trees. This is referred to in Section 2.1.2d with a summary of the Urban Forest Strategy 2017, Section 6.2 Climate change and urban greening, Section 6.11 Open space maintenance, <i>Proposed change to the Strategy:</i> • None
2.3.4.5	Open space - additional trees and greening will make open space more usable and attractive (12)	This comment supports the recommendations in the Strategy, particularly the need for Council to focus on maximising urban greening and space for additional trees in future public open space design. Refer to Response to 2.3.4.4.  Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None

### 2.3.4c List of all comments regarding mitigating urban heat island effect

No.	Comments – open space designed to assist mitigating urban heat island effect
66	Support greening of open space to assist to mitigate urban heat island effect
37	Important to make the city more liveable in the context of climate change
22	Support green spaces and large trees to mitigate forecast temperature rise
3	Important given the weather is getting hotter
2	Require new developments to include urban greening requirements including green walls, roof gardens and greening between the street and the building
1	Stop approving small apartments
1	An increase in natural features will improve carbon sequestration in context of climate change
39	Trees
33	Trees - plant more canopy shade trees important to retain liveability with climate change
1	Trees - important and need to be selected well and maintained by qualified Arborist

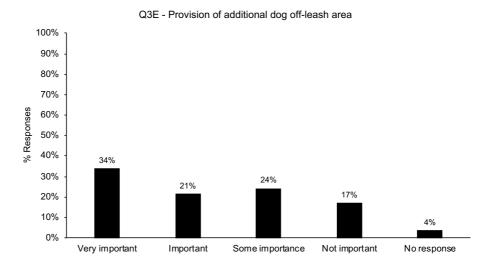
No.	Comments – open space designed to assist mitigating urban heat island effect	
1	Trees - introduce mandatory protection on private land	
1	Trees - need careful selection to avoid damage to infrastructure	
1	Trees - plant more large canopy shade trees important to retain liveability with climate	
•	change especially in Collingwood	
1	Trees - require minimum of 1 large canopy tree in front gardens	
1	Trees - shade is important in high density areas.	
19	Open space	
12	Open space - additional trees and greening will make open space more usable and attractive	
3	Include additional planting along the waterways as well	
1	Ensure adequate sunlight to open space is retained	
1	Open space - ensure it remains practical to use with urban greening	
1	Open space - need additional large green space in Richmond	
1	Open space - plant native trees and plants	
5	Water use	
2	Native fauna - important to provide water in open space on hot days for fauna	
	including birds	
1	Open space - grass is supported but concern to maintain with drier climate	
1	Open space - recommend use of low water use native plants	
1	Open space - support improved level of irrigation in open space to support grass cover year round	
18	Streetscapes	
13	Streetscapes - plant canopy trees for shade, particularly in high density areas	
2	Streetscapes - replace footpaths with permeable surfaces	
1	Streetscapes - close Gertrude Street and plant with trees for shade	
1	Streetscapes - don't support converting them to open space	
1	Streetscapes - existing garden beds poorly maintained	
9	Health and wellbeing	
8	Health and wellbeing - natural features aesthetically pleasing and beneficial for mental health	
1	Health and wellbeing - green spaces are essential for health and wellbeing	
4	Biodiversity	
4	-	
2	Biodiversity - additional natural features improve biodiversity	
2	Biodiversity - additional natural features will benefit wildlife including bees	
3	Health	
3	Health - additional shade will provide protect the community from the sun in summer	
3	Urban agriculture	
3	Urban agriculture - including edible fruit trees, vegetables and herbs	
3	Orban agriculture - including edible truit trees, vegetables and herbs	
1	Dogs	
1	Dogs - owners to clean up after dogs so natural spaces are useable by all	
1	Sport	
1	Sport - maximise opportunities for natural features as long as there is room for	
	sporting activities	

### 2.3.5 Q3E Provision of additional dog off-leash areas

### 2.3.5a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

 Investigate the provision of additional dog off-leash areas as part of the future review of the Domestic Animal Management Plan



This recommendation had the lowest level of importance compared with the others and was ranked last out of the nine key recommendations.

The comments identify that there is a clear divide between people who agree with providing additional dog off-leash areas and those that do not want this due to the impacts dogs off-leash have on other recreational use and values of open space. There are also numerous comments in relation to the conflicts and issues associated with dogs off-leash on sports grounds, particularly at Citizens Park.

### 2.3.5b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.5c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.5.1	Dogs - no additional off-leash areas required (24)	The response reflects the negative experience people have of dog owners not effectively controlling their dogs in public open space. Many of the comments associated with this statement refer to issues of dogs off-leash impacting on the ability to use the public open space for other purposes. Sharing is a core principle underpinning the Strategy and will continue to be an important guide as urban densities increase and open space is used by more people. By recommending that Council investigate options for additional dog off-leash areas in the Domestic Animal Management Strategy means that there will be a thorough consultation process focused on resolving the dog management issues in the City, including in public

No.	Comment	Response
		open space. This recommendation is located in Section
		6.6 of the Strategy.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None
2.3.5.2	Citizens Park is overrun with dogs (19)	The survey responses raised many concerns regarding the dog off-leash arrangements at Citizens Park. Being one of the most popular parks in the City of Yarra, and located within an area with substantial forecast growth, it is important to resolve the appropriate shared use of this space. The need for and provision of both additional open space and repurposing of existing reserves will assist to reduce the future pressure on Citizens Park. The need to resolve the dog management issues at Citizens Park are urgent and should be undertaken in the context of all the issues as part of the Domestic Animal Management Plan. This recommendation is located in Section 6.6 of the Strategy.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.5.3	Dogs - owners to be responsible for dog waste (15)	The survey respondents are concerned about the health hazards from dog waste in open space and also that it limits effective use of open space for other purposes.  This issue appropriate to review as part of the revisions to the next Domestic Animal Management Plan.  Proposed change to the Strategy  None
2.3.5.4	Dogs - additional off-leash areas required (13)	The comment reflects the need that dog owners have to exercise their dogs off-leash. As the population increases so will the number of people who own dogs and need to exercise them. As per the response in 2.3.5.2, the Strategy recommends the identification of appropriate locations for off-leash areas is to be addressed as part of the Domestic Animal Management Plan.  Proposed change to the Strategy  None
2.3.5.5	Dogs - off-leash personal safety concerns, particularly children (12)	Dogs off-leash and not under effective control of their owners can be intimidating for other park users. This issue needs to be addressed more effectively by the Domestic Animal Management Plan. The Strategy recommends a major update of the Domestic Animal Management Plan, refer to Recommendation 6.6-1.  Proposed change to the Strategy  None.

## 2.3.5c List of all comments regarding provision of additional dog off-leash areas

No	Comments regarding provision of additional dog off-leash areas
80	Concerns regarding dog off-leash areas
24	Dogs - no additional off-leash areas required
12	Dogs - off-leash personal safety concerns, particularly children
11	Dogs - owners to be responsible for controlling their dogs
5	Dogs - discourage dog ownership in Yarra given lack of space
4	Dogs - off-leash areas exclude other users
4	Access - unfair to create more off-leash areas as it excludes other users
3	Dogs - not important given we need access to green space
3	Dogs - need a balance of dog off-leash and dog free areas
2 2	Dogs - easily exercised on-leash walking in the streets
2	Dogs - increase dog on-lead or dog-free areas  Dog - no additional off-leash areas as they impact on wildlife
1	Dogs - off-leash areas impact on informal use of open space
1	Dogs - additional off-leash areas are not a priority
1	Dogs - adequate off-leash areas in Cremorne
1	Dogs - Edinburgh Gardens - access by dogs limits human use of park
1	Dog - owners to ensure their dog is under effective control in open space
1	Dogs - more spaces for children required
1	Dogs - not a priority
1	Dogs - support dogs exercised on-lead
·	
73	Support the provision of additional dog off-leash areas
13	Dogs - additional off-leash areas required
5	Dogs - additional off-leash areas required in Fitzroy
5	Dogs - dog off-leash areas are important for socialisation of people and dogs
8	Dogs - additional off-leash areas required as urban densities increase
7	Dogs - additional fenced off-leash areas required
6	Dogs - off-leash areas valued
2	Dogs - additional dog drinking facilities required
2	Dogs - enlarge off-leash areas so they are effective
5	Dogs - important for socialisation of people and dogs
2	Dogs - off-leash areas means there should be no-dog areas as well
1	Dogs - additional off-lead facilities required in North Fitzroy
1	Dogs - additional off-leash area required as urban densities increase in
1	Collingwood  Dogs - additional off-leash area required to support responsible pet ownership
1	Dogs - additional off-leash areas could be investigated
1	Dogs - additional off-leash areas required in large parks only
1	Dogs - adopt the UK approach of universal dog friendliness
1	Dogs - all parks and gardens to be off-leash
1	Dogs - encourage people outdoors to exercise and socialise
1	Dogs - exercising my dog is important for me
1	Dogs - important to exercise them close to home
1	Dogs - improve amenity for dogs and their owners to improve existing off-leash
	areas
1	Dogs - improve condition of fenced dog off-leash areas, regarding Curtain Square
1	Dogs - off-leash and on-leash areas valued

### No Comments regarding provision of additional dog off-leash areas

- Dogs off-leash areas additional required to reduce pressure existing small open spaces
- 1 Dogs Ottery Park closed to dogs has reduced off-leash areas
- 1 Pets pet owners important to have an area where they can socialise (including cats)
- Dogs support dog parks so that other parks don't become unusable due dog excrement for example Peel Street Park
- 1 Dogs to share spaces with community sporting activity

#### 40 Citizens Park dog off-leash issues

- 19 Citizens Park is overrun with dogs
- 10 Citizens Park dog waste and holes in the oval is a health hazard for sporting use of oval
- 3 Citizens Park owners to take responsibility for their dogs
- 2 Citizens Park ban dogs from the oval
- 2 Citizens Park remove fence to oval so that owners effectively control dogs
- 2 Citizens Park needs to have more time allocated to sporting use without dogs
- 1 Citizens Park I don't take my dog there as it is overcrowded
- 1 Citizens Park oval to be on-leash
- 1 Citizens Park additional off-leash area required in Richmond to replace Citizens Park
- 1 Citizens Park Dogs off-leash to be removed from this park given impact on sporting oval

### 25 Dog waste

- 15 Dogs owners to be responsible for dog waste
- 4 Dogs waste makes some areas of open space unusable by others
- 1 Dogs waste not picked up hazard for children
- 1 Dogs waste not picked up is a health hazard
- 2 Dogs owners to be responsible for collecting dog waste
- 1 Dogs additional waste bags/bins required
- 1 Dogs waste makes it hard to enjoy outdoor open space

### 14 Sporting grounds and dogs

- 3 Dogs prohibit on sporting fields
- 3 Dogs remove off-leash areas from sports ovals to improve safety of sport
- 2 Dogs Atherton Gardens is not appropriate as an off-leash area given sporting use
- 2 Dogs ban dogs on sporting fields
- 2 Dogs additional off-leash areas required to reduce conflict with sporting use
- 2 Dogs health and safety issue of dog excrement and holes on sporting fields

#### 8 Enforce dog regulations

- 4 Dogs enforce off-leash regulations
- 2 Dogs enforce regulations
- 1 Dogs Council to enforce off-leash regulations
- 1 Dogs owners to be more responsible in selection of their dog in a high density environment

### 6 Open space

- 1 Open space dog waste limits the use of parks near home
- 1 Open space more required as density increases
- 1 Open space no dog-free parks close to my home
- 1 Dogs Cremorne no open space is large enough to provide off-leash areas
- 1 Dogs lack of open space limits potential for additional off-leash areas
- 1 Dogs need access to quiet, safe open spaces

#### No Comments regarding provision of additional dog off-leash areas Fenced dog areas Dogs - additional fenced dog parks required for training dogs 1 1 Dogs - additional fenced off-leash areas established by removing on-street parking adjacent to open space Dogs - fenced off-leash areas away from waterways due to risk of snakes 1 1 Dogs -fenced off-leash areas required 3 Benefits of dog ownership 2 Dogs - ownership provides range of benefits to owners Dogs - increased ownership provides range of benefits to owners 1 1 **Playgrounds**

Playgrounds - fenced to prevent dog access

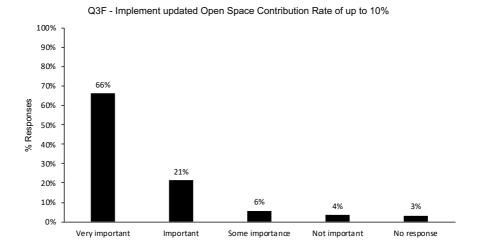
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# 2.3.6 Q3F Implement an open space contribution rate of up to 10 per cent

### 2.3.6a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

• Implement an open space contribution rate of up to 10 per cent in the Yarra Planning Scheme that applies to new development. This is so the new population contributes fairly to new open space and improvements to existing open space.



This recommendation is ranked sixth out of nine of the key recommendations in relation to its level of importance, with a combined total of 87 per cent.

The comments were mainly in relation to concern regarding the impact of high density development on the levels of use and quality of existing open space. The comments also reinforced the need for the provision of new open space, and specifically green open space. There were also a number of comments about the need to improve the interface between the high density development and the streetscape, requesting setbacks with planting and trees.

The comments also indicated that some people misunderstood the intent of the contribution rate. The full comments are listed in the 2.3.6c.

### 2.3.6b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.6c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.6.1	Contribution rate - agree with	Noted.
	statement (50)	Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.6.2	Contribution rate - 10 per cent too low given high density development (12)	The statement reflects the sentiment of many of the 109 comments about the rate. This includes the concern regarding the intensity of recent and forecast development and the impact this will have on the existing open space. The Strategy specifically addresses the forecast increased urban densities and population growth in Section 4.3 of the Strategy Technical Report. The forecast growth is a key consideration in the precinct based open space needs assessments and recommendations. Refer to Section 7 of the Strategy Technical Report.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None.
2.3.6.3	Open space - additional green open space required as density increases (11)	There is strong support in this and other related comments for the inclusion of more green public open space and also additional trees and greening on development sites. The Strategy addresses the need for greening of new open space in the Design and Management Guidelines in Section 6. Section 5.4.1 of the Strategy Technical Report includes guidelines for development adjoining or nearby public open space.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None.
2.3.6.4	Development - must include green open space on the development sites (9)	Refer to response to 2.3.6.3
2.3.6.5	Contribution rate - agree with statement given high density development (7)	Refer to response to 2.3.6.1.

### 2.3.6c List of all comments regarding the open space contribution rate

No.	Comments regarding the open space contribution rate	
109	Support the proposed contribution rate	
50	Contribution rate - agree with statement	
12	Contribution rate - 10 per cent too low given high density development	
7	Contribution rate - agree with statement given high density development	
6	Contribution rate - contributions should be spent on new green open space close to the development	
3	Contribution rate - fair and reasonable that developers contribute to new open space	
3	Contribution rate - open space needs to be mandated, not just preferred	
2	Contribution rate - agree due to the need for new open space to meet the needs of the new population	
2	Contribution rate - agree with statement given high density development in Cremorne	
2	Contribution rate - agree with statement given high density development in Collingwood and need for new green public open space	
2	Contribution rate - agree with statement and include business as well as residential use	
2	Contribution rate - agree with the rate for large developers, but not small developers	

### No. | Comments regarding the open space contribution rate

- 2 Contribution rate shouldn't impact residents financially
- 2 Contribution rate to be reserved for acquisition of new open space
- 1 Contribution rate 10 per cent too low given high density development in Collingwood
- 1 Contribution rate 10 per cent too low given high density development in Fitzroy
- 1 Contribution rate agree but will only provide small areas of open space not large sporting reserves
- 1 Contribution rate agree if it is a land contribution so some greening occurs for each development
- 1 Contribution rate agree that the community benefit will be seen if implemented well
- 1 Contribution rate agree with statement, need to do this as a priority
- 1 Contribution rate all residents need to contribute
- 1 Contribution rate either contribute land or cash towards purchase of open space
- 1 Contribution rate everyone to contribute fully
- 1 Contribution rate needs to increase relative to the density proposed on the site
- 1 Contribution rate to be reserved for extraordinary capital improvement project
- 1 Contribution rate too late, most of the area has been redeveloped
- 1 Contribution rate use funds generated guickly
- 1 Development must include open space to protect liveability of the neighbourhood

### 29 Open space

- 11 Open space additional green open space required as density increases
- 3 Open space existing open space already overcrowded
- 2 Open space important it is public open space, not private open space
- 2 Open space important to protect existing open space
- 2 Open space provision of should be mandated as part of planning approvals
- 1 Open space contributes to liveability
- Open space disappointed to see lack of a new larger open space in North Fitzroy
- 1 Open space environmental benefits
- 1 Open space important for outdoor exercise
- 1 Open space important for socialisation
- 1 Open space increase programming in existing open space instead of new open space
- 1 Open space provide shade/habitat for wildlife
- 1 Open space retain and improve existing open space to reduce costs
- 1 Open space valuable but not instead of roads

### 27 Development

- 9 Development must include green open space on the development sites
- 3 Development to contribute to mitigating urban heat island effect
- 3 Development development should also provide rooftop gardens and courtyards the public can use
- 2 Development interface to streetscape needs improvement with increased greening
- 2 Development needs space for trees to contribute to mitigating urban heat on the development sites
- 1 Development avoid multi level towers
- 1 Development concerned about the scale of high density development on the Gasworks Site in North Fitzroy
- 1 Development concerned about the scale of recent development and no open space provided
- 1 Development contribute to community facilities
- 1 Development high density development in Collingwood is diminishing appeal of area
- Development need better planning to ensure balance of high density and open space
- 1 Development prefer larger dwellings and less of them
- 1 Development significant increase in urban densities without significant increase in green open space

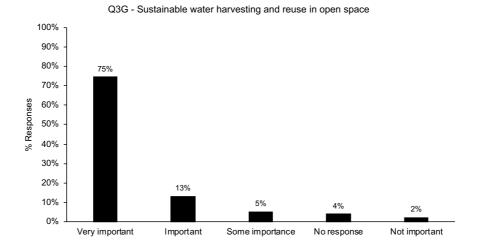
No.	Comments regarding the open space contribution rate
11	Lack of understanding about the contribution rate
7	Contribution rate - don't understand
2	Contribution rate - how is the figure calculated
1	Contribution rate - as a ratepayer cannot afford to pay more
1	Contribution rate - existing residents should not have to pay this
3	Contributions and allocation to projects
2	Contribution rate - concern about where the funds have been spent
1	Contribution rate - concern about where the funds been spent in Collingwood
3	Do not agree with the contribution rate
1	Contribution rate - don't agree as the cost will be passed onto owners and make it less affordable
1	Development - unfair to blame new residents for lack of open space - historical lack of provision
1	Contribution rate - strategy needs to further justify increase
1	Parking
1	Parking - key issue

# 2.3.7 Q3G Continue to deliver sustainable harvesting and reuse to increase urban greening

### 2.3.7a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

• Continue to deliver sustainable water harvesting and reuse, contributing to increased urban greening in open space, particularly in higher density areas.



75 per cent of respondents rated this recommendation as very important and when combined with important, a total of 88 per cent place importance on it. It is ranked fifth out of the nine key recommendations.

The comments made relating to this recommendation were mainly in relation to recognising the importance to making best use of water and to ensure sustainability into the future. Other comments support irrigating open space, including small local open spaces so they are green in summer as well. There were a few comments noting the need to ensure it is implemented well and that the infrastructure associated with it does not impact on the useability of the open space.

### 2.3.7b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.7c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.7.1	Sustainable water use - important (17)	The Draft Strategy already notes the importance of sustainable water use. This referred to in relation to the importance of urban greening to community health and wellbeing and mitigating urban heat island effect. This is noted in Section 1.4 about the importance of open space, Section 4.4 regarding issues associated with the impacts of climate change on open space and Section 6.4

No.	Comment	Response
		regarding sustainable water use in the design guidelines
		for open space.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None
2.3.7.2	Sustainable water use - important for green spaces and urban cooling in the longer term (16)	The importance of green open space and its role in mitigating urban heat island effect has been incorporated into the Strategy in the Sections noted in 2.3.7.1.  Additionally, Section 6.2 includes design guidelines responding to climate change and promoting urban greening.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.7.3	Sustainable water use - important for sustainability (14)	The Strategy identifies the importance of the sustainability, with Sustainable being one of the key Strategy Principles referred to in Section 1.3.2 of the Strategy Technical Report. Sustainable water use is also specifically addressed in Section 6.4 of the design and management guidelines in the Strategy.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.7.4	Sustainable water use - important as a precious resource (10)	Refer to Response in 2.3.7.3
2.3.7.5	Sustainable water use - important given drought and dry climate (10)	Refer to Response in 2.3.7.3

# 2.3.7c List of all comments regarding sustainable water harvesting and reuse

The following list of comments are assembled into topics and summarised from the full long hand comments provided in the survey. Detail has been retained in the comments to provide more insight into the comments made.

No.	Comments regarding sustainable water harvesting and reuse
119	Support sustainable water harvesting and reuse
17	Sustainable water use - important
16	Sustainable water use - important for green spaces and urban cooling in the longer term
14	Sustainable water use - important for sustainability
10	Sustainable water use - important as a precious resource
10	Sustainable water use - important given drought and dry climate
6	Sustainable water use - important contribution to environmental goals for Yarra
9	Sustainable water use - important in the context of climate change
2	Sustainable water use - important everywhere not just high density areas
2	Sustainable water use - concern about the costs
2	Sustainable water use - important in the context of increased urban densities
2	Sustainable water use - include in every green open space, not only high density areas
2	Sustainable water use - priority to establish green open space and trees
2	Sustainable water use - green open space irrigated with sustainable water supply supported

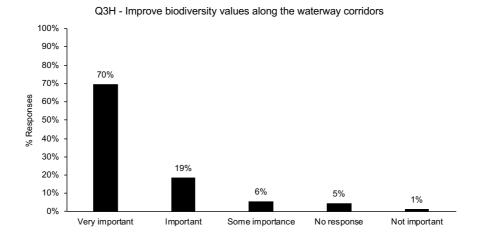
No.	Comments regarding sustainable water harvesting and reuse
2	Sustainable water use - concern at loss of open space to infrastructure
_	associated with water harvesting
1	Sustainable water use - could be implemented on a larger scale
1	Sustainable water use - community education required
1	Sustainable water use - concern about leaking water pipes in Abbotsford area
1	Sustainable water use - concern it will cause flooding
	_
1	Sustainable water use - consider improving water quality
1	Sustainable water use - Council can show leadership on this
1	Sustainable water use - developments to incorporate sustainable water reuse
1	Sustainable water use - happy with existing program - no need to expand
1	Sustainable water use - important for broader environmental benefits including for wildlife during hot dry weather
1	Sustainable water use - important for sustainability including supporting wildlife
1	Sustainable water use - important for urban agriculture
1	Sustainable water use - important to keep grass cover in summer in small local parks
1	Sustainable water use - important to reduce impact on waterways
1	Sustainable water use - important to research and implement successfully
1	Sustainable water use - important to store water during flood events and reuse
1	Sustainable water use - important to use the precious resources we have
1	Sustainable water use - investigate synthetic turf for sports fields
1	Sustainable water use - is it feasible in high density areas such as Cremorne
1	Sustainable water use - should be developers responsibility not Council
1	Sustainable water use - support in principle
1	Sustainable water use - support more permeable paved surfaces used in streets
1	Sustainable water use - support rainwater harvesting
1	Sustainable water use - we are all responsible
4	Not supportive of increasing sustainable water reuse
2	Poor implementation - WSUD works Clifton Ave/Roseneath St ineffective
1	Poor implementation - WSUD works in Stanley Street have been ineffective
1	Sustainable water use - reduce the population and decrease water use
1	High density
1	High density - stop over populating City of Yarra
1	Open space
1	Open space - need green open space
1	Trees
1	Trees - benefit from additional watering
1	Vegetation
1	Vegetation - use species designed to meet the natural rainfall

# 2.3.8 Q3H Improve biodiversity values along the waterway corridors

### 2.3.8a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

 Improve biodiversity values along waterway corridors, including the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek with appropriate revegetation



Ranked fourth out of nine key recommendations, 70 per cent of respondents rated this recommendation as very important and when combined with important, a total of 89 per cent place importance on it.

The comments support the importance to protect the existing values and expand them with revegetation and improving water quality. They also highlight the importance of the natural values of the waterway corridors in contrast to an urban setting and are highly valued for this.

### 2.3.8b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.8c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.8.1	Waterways - support indigenous revegetation to improve riparian zone and habitat values (11)	The Draft Strategy highlights the importance of protecting and strengthening the biodiversity values along the waterway corridors. It also acknowledges the importance of protecting and improving the biodiversity values in other open space reserves within the context of character types. This is described in Section 6.3, of the Strategy Technical Report.

No.	Comment	Response
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None
2.3.8.2	Natural environment - important to protect (11)	As noted in the response to 2.3.8.1, protecting the natural environment is strongly supported. The existing values are described in Sections 3.1.3 and 3.1.4 of the Strategy Technical Report.  Recommendations regarding their protection and improvement are contained in Section 5.4.3, Section 6.3 and 6.10.4.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.8.3	Biodiversity - protect and improve is an important goal (8)	The Draft Strategy Technical Report has Ecological as one of the key Open Space Principles in Section 1.3.2 of the Strategy.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.8.4	Waterways - support improvement to water quality and riparian zone to protect native fauna (6)	The Draft Strategy Technical Report refers to the waterways, including the importance of the water quality and riparian zone in Section 3.1.4. Liaison with other agencies in relation to the waterway itself is included in Section 6.12.2 of the Strategy including liaison Melbourne Water and other agencies including adjoining municipalities and Parks Victoria.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:  None
2.3.8.5	Waterways - lungs of the city and require ongoing protection (5)	This comment refers to the importance of the waterways to the quality and character of the City. Section 3.1 in the Strategy Technical Report describes the existing open space network and highlights the importance of the Yarra River and the waterways to the character and open space system.  Proposed change to the Strategy:
		None

# 2.3.8c List of all comments regarding improving biodiversity values along the waterway corridors

The following list of comments are assembled into topics and summarised from the full long hand comments provided in the survey. Detail has been retained in the comments to provide more insight into the comments made.

No.	Comments regarding improving biodiversity values along waterway corridors
<b>57</b>	Waterways
11	Waterways - support indigenous revegetation to improve riparian zone and habitat values
6	Waterways - support improvement to water quality and riparian zone to protect native fauna
5	Waterways - lungs of the city and require ongoing protection
5	Waterways - lungs of the city and require on+A3:B15going protection
4	Waterways - highly valued for their natural environmental qualities require protection
3	Waterways - support community participation in revegetation and clean up
2	Waterways - continue the successful revegetation works already underway
2	Waterways - improvements will encourage more people to use the trails and advocate for their protection
2	Waterways - protect including to prevent erosion
2	Waterways - recognise, respect and consult with traditional owners
2	Waterways - stop approving developments so close to the Yarra River which impact on natural values
1	Waterways - concern about the noise generated by rowing clubs and commuter cyclists
1	Waterways - concern that increase in snakes is a threat to children and pets
1	Waterways - continue to maintain
1	Waterways - Council advocate to remove concrete lined channels and naturalise them
1	Waterways - ensure no loss of native trees
1	Waterways - habitat values including for insects very important
1	Waterways - implement existing plans for them
1	Waterways - introduce electric boats and phase out motor boats to improve water quality
1	Waterways - litter removal a priority
1	Waterways - Melbourne Water to improve
1	Waterways - need to address poor stormwater quality entering the waterways at the source
1	Waterways - priority to improve natural values
1	Waterways - State Government responsibility
30	Biodiversity
8	Biodiversity - protect and improve is an important goal
4	Biodiversity - important in the context of climate change
4	Biodiversity - important to protect and support the ecosystem including native fauna
2	Biodiversity - important to protect and improve for both the environment and enjoyment of open space
1	Biodiversity - important to protect bee population
1	Biodiversity - important to protect for future generations
1	Biodiversity - important to reduce introduced species and protect native fauna
1	Biodiversity - improve connectivity between Princes Park and Edinburgh Gardens
1	Biodiversity - improving and protecting will make it more sustainable in the longer term
1	Biodiversity - increase garden beds with native shrubs in larger parks and gardens to encourage smaller birds
1	Biodiversity - increasingly important in inner city due to loss in the peri-urban and regional areas

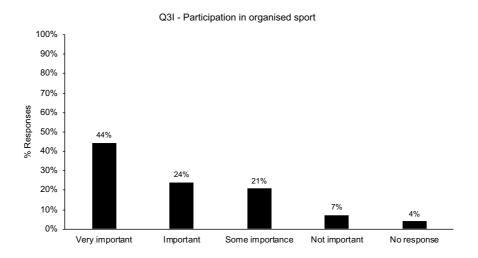
No.	Comments regarding improving biodiversity values along waterway corridors
1	Biodiversity - not important in Collingwood - increasing open space is a higher priority
1	Biodiversity - protect and promote native flora and fauna
1	Biodiversity - recognise we live in an urban environment so opportunities to improve are limited
1	Biodiversity - support expansion of native flora
1	Biodiversity - under threat, important to protect and improve
13	Natural environment
11	Natural environment - important to protect
1	Natural environment - contributes to health and wellbeing
1	Natural environment - important to connect people and pets with nature
3	Connectivity
2	Connectivity - need to improve connectivity for native fauna
1	Connectivity - along waterways important to strengthen habitat
	, , , , ,
3	Vegetation
2	Vegetation - indigenous revegetation important
1	Vegetation - weed control important
•	Togotation Trock Control Important
1	Urban agriculture
1	Urban agriculture - expand opportunity at Abbotsford Convent
'	orban agriculture - expand opportunity at Abbotsiona Convent

### 2.3.9 Q3I Encourage participation in organised sport

### 2.3.9a Summary

The full recommendation that survey respondents were asked to indicate the level of importance to was:

 Encourage participation in organised sport by providing adequate open space and upgrading facilities to be more inclusive for everyone



Ranked second last of the nine key recommendations in relation to its level of importance, only 44 per cent of respondents identified it is very important. When combined with important, a total of 68 per cent place importance on it. This is not unusual given the lower proportion of the community who participate in structured sport and recreation compared to those who visit open space for other reasons.

The comments made relating to this recommendation noted the benefits of participation in organised sport, particularly being part of a team, health and wellbeing and encouraging young people outdoors. There were also concerns that structured sport facilities should not dominate the open space and the need to be inclusive.

### 2.3.9b Top five comments

The survey asked people to explain the reason for their answer, and 2.3.9c has a full list of the comments. The top five have been included below in a table with a response to the comments made.

No.	Comment	Response
2.3.9.1	Organised sport - local clubs encourage participation including junior teams (24)	Structured sport and recreation is important for community health and wellbeing including encouraging children to be active. The Strategy Technical Report refers broadly to the health and wellbeing benefits, it does not highlight junior participation in sport.

No.	Comment	Response
No.	Oommone	Proposed change to the Strategy:  Update the text in Section 3.1.5c of the Strategy Technical Report to refer to the importance of the social connectedness and participation in sport by juniors.
2.3.9.2	Organised sport - participation in team sports strengthens and builds sense of community (24)	Refer to response to 2.3.9.1.
2.3.9.3	Organised sport - adequately provided for (16)	The Strategy does not assess the structured sporting needs, however it does identify the need for new land area for structured sporting use if it is required. During the project, the sport and recreation team at Council advised that additional land area for structured sporting use will be required to meet the needs of the forecast population growth. The Strategy Technical Report includes recommendations to investigate repurposing existing restricted open space and potentially Yarra Bend Park, as described in Section 5.3.5 of the Technical Report.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None.
2.3.9.4	Health and wellbeing - participation in organised sport along with other types of informal recreation all contribute to a healthy community (8)	Refer to 2.3.9.1 regarding health and wellbeing benefits of strucured sport. Informal or unstructured recreation is referred to in the Strategy including in Section 3.1.5, Community use of open space, Section 6.6 Design guidelines for unstructured recreation and throughout Section 7 regarding the use of open space at a precinct level.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  Add a new Section in 4.5 regarding the need to provide additional facilities and space for both structured and unstructured recreational use by the forecast population.
2.3.9.5	Organised sport - needs to be inclusive of all (7)	The Strategy Technical Report promotes inclusion in organised sport. This is covered mainly in Section 6.7 in the design and management guidelines for structure sport and recreation use and infrastructure.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  None.

### 2.3.9c List of all comments regarding the open space contribution rate

The following list of comments are assembled into topics and summarised from the full long hand comments provided in the survey. Detail has been retained in the comments to provide more insight into the comments made.

No.	Comments on analyzaging participation in arganized apart
101	Comments on encouraging participation in organised sport Support increased participation in organised sport
24	Organised sport - local clubs encourage participation including junior teams
24	Organised sport - local clubs encourage participation including junior teams  Organised sport - participation in team sports strengthens and builds sense of
24	community
7	Organised sport - needs to be inclusive of all
6	Organised sport - agree with statement
5	Organised sport - facility improvement required for female sports
4	Organised sport - facilities require improvement
3	Organised sport - good for some, but not all
3	Organised sport - more facilities required as population increases
3	Organised sport - participation contributes to mental and physical health and wellbeing
2	Organised sport - additional basketball courts required
2	Organised sport - need to improve the quality of facilities in Richmond
2	Organised sport - support organised sport and informal use of the sports grounds when not being used by clubs
1	Organised sport - additional basketball courts required
1	Organised sport - clubroom design and location requires improvement
1	Organised sport - concerned regarding cost of participation
1	Organised sport - is already inclusive, no change required
1	Organised sport - need to become more adaptable to make better use of existing facilities by programming training etc differently
1	Organised sport - no room for facilities in Collingwood
1	Organised sport - Not council's responsibility
1	Organised sport - opportunities to participate extremely important in high density areas
1	Organised sport - require additional open space to provide additional facilities
1	Organised sport - strongly support community sport
1	Organised sport - support improvement of existing facilities only
1	Organised sport - support increased provision of facilities
1	Organised sport - support statement balanced with provision of adequate space and facilities for informal recreation
1	Organised sport - support the sporting clubs
1	Organised sport - upgrades to address safety
1	Organised sport facilities - increase shared use
18	Adequate facilities for structured sport already
16	Organised sport - adequately provided for
1	Organised sport - can be quite intrusive limiting the enjoyment of the space used by others
1	Organised sport - provision of facilities not appropriate in open space focused on informal use, eg Darling Gardens
17	Health and wellbeing
8	Health and wellbeing - participation in organised sport along with other types of informal recreation all contribute to a healthy community
6	Health and wellbeing - improvements to green open space will have broader health and wellbeing benefits compared to organised sport

No.	Comments on encouraging participation in organised sport
2	Health and wellbeing - all types of recreation are important including organised sport
1	Health and wellbeing - outdoor gyms are important particularly for older age groups
9	Sporting grounds
3	Sporting grounds - Citizens Park need to better manage dogs to make it safe for children to play sport
3	Sporting grounds - cost of establishing and maintaining them is disproportionate to the number of users
1	School grounds - sport facilities in schools to be available for clubs to use
1	Sporting grounds - chemical free maintenance to minimise environment impact
1	Sporting grounds - support non-potable irrigation
3	Informal recreation
1	Informal recreation - additional basketball courts required
1	Informal recreation - additional skate facilities required
1	Informal recreation - retain fence at Frank King Park so informal ball games can
'	safely continue
3	Open space
1	Open space - informal open space is the priority
1	Open space - natural spaces attract more consistent use from diverse sections of the community than sport participants
1	Open space - required for uses other than organised sport
2	Dogs
2	Dogs - prohibit off-leash on sporting fields
2	Dogs - profibit off-least) off sporting fields
2	Inclusive for everyone
1	Inclusive for everyone - does not necessarily mean competitive sports
1	Inclusive for everyone - includes older women
1	Access
1	Access - concerned about impact of vehicles when organised sport facilities are
·	used by people outside the local area
1	Art and culture
1	Art and culture - additional facilities and access required
ı	Art and culture - additional facilities and access required
1	Indoor recreation facilities
1	Indoor recreation facilities - water play park and an indoor water facility are much needed
1	Strategy
1	Strategy - unclear how this will be delivered
I	Sualegy - undear now this will be delivered

# 3. Written submissions

### 3.1 Overview

A total of 10 written submissions were received during the community engagement process from a combination of community organisations and individuals. Some of the key issues raised include:

- Include streets in the definition of public open space.
- Identify specific locations for future street closures to provide new open space in the Strategy.
- Include recommendations to plant more street trees.
- Increase the priority and provision of new open space in Collingwood given the recent and forecast increase in urban densities.
- Support the increase in the public open space contribution rate to 10 per cent.

# 3.2 Summary of individual submissions

### 3.2.1 Submission 1

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.1.1	The submitter proposes that streets should be included in the definition of open space.	Streets are set aside primarily for transport purposes while public open space is set aside primarily for the sport, recreation and nature conservation purposes. The Strategy acknowledges that streets provide excellent connectivity between open spaces and in some locations are closed to transport and converted too public open space.  Where streets remain open to traffic, they are referred to as ancillary open space in the Strategy. Council has previously closed parts of some streets to create small parcels of open space. Where this occurs and the land can be rezoned for public open space, then these parcels are included in the open space network.  Refer to the Technical Report Sections 1.21 and 1.2.3 for further information regarding this.  Proposed change to the Strategy:
3.2.1.2	The Strategy needs to include the role streetscapes have in providing linear connections between open space reserves.	<ul> <li>No change</li> <li>The Strategy makes reference to the role streetscapes have in providing connectivity and access to the open space network in Section 1.2.3 regarding the definition of Ancillary open space and Section 3.5.1 regarding the gaps in the open space network and Section 6.4.3 regarding improving access to open space.</li> <li>Proposed change to the Strategy:         <ul> <li>An additional section will be added to the Strategy in Section 3.1.7 in relation to urban context. This will provide an overview of the influence of urban layout</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

No.	Comment	Response
		<ul> <li>including streetscapes and densities accessibility to open space.</li> <li>Additional information added to the definition of Ancillary open space, refer to Section 1.2.3.</li> </ul>
3.2.1.3	Proposes that the Gap Analysis in the Strategy should be prepared based on the LAPM (Local Area Place Making). The submitter proposes that the precincts in the Strategy are too large and require a finer grain of the LAPM.	The open space needs analysis is at a sub precinct level, some of which aligns with LAPM's but many are at a finer grain. They are based on walkability to open space and are also consistent with the Yarra Community Profile Precincts as shown on the .id Forecast site. The open space precincts are tailored to be the best fit for assessing walkability to open space.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.1.4	Inequitable to propose new open space in North Carlton and North Fitzroy compared to Cremorne, Collingwood and Richmond.	The basis of the recommendation for new open space is not only based on the total percentage of land area as open space, but also whether people live and work within a safe and easy walk of open space. Gaps in the provision of open space are identified in North Carlton and North Fitzroy along with Fitzroy, Richmond and Collingwood. While many of the road reserves are wider in Carlton North and North Fitzroy which improves their pedestrian and cycle amenity value, they do not replace the need for public open space.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.1.5	The proposed open space contribution rate should be applied to large commercial redevelopment sites that do not subdivide.	The public open space contribution rate that is proposed as part of the Strategy does not apply to properties that do not subdivide. This is a feature of the legislation and Council is not able to change this.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.1.6	The Yarra Open Space Strategy Gap Analysis and recommendations for new open space need to be reflected in the VPA Precinct Plan for Cremorne.	Noted. Council officers advise that the Gap Analysis and the Draft Strategy were considered in the preparation of the Cremorne Place Implementation Plan which recognises the need for additional open space and improved connections to existing adjacent open spaces.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.1.7	Concern that open space contributions payable in Cremorne will be minimal due to large scale commercial developments that do not subdivide.	Refer to response to 3.2.1.5.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change

### 3.2.2 Submission 2

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.2.1	Yarra Open Space Strategy should be renamed to Yarra Public Open Space Strategy	The definition on Page 3 of the Technical Report describes that the term 'open space' is used in place of 'public open space', for ease of reference throughout. This is accepted industry practice.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.2.2	Ancillary open space should be addressed as part of the public open space.	Ancillary open space is different from public open space. This is defined in Section 1.2 of the Strategy. Refer also to the response in 3.2.1.1 of this report.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.2.3	The submitter would like to see new road closures identified on the plan, rather than areas in which new open space is required. Concern that without showing the detail, the new open space will not be provided.	The Strategy proposes the type and area in which new public open space is required. It has not identified specific sites as this needs to be determined during implementation of the Strategy. Some of the new open spaces may not include road closures and may require land contributions or land purchase. This is described in the Strategy Technical Report in Section 5.3 - Provision of new open space.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.2.4	Include laneways as public open space.	Laneways are public spaces and provide good connectivity between streets, public spaces and public open space. They also provide access to properties. As noted in Section 1.2 of the Strategy Technical Report, laneways are different from public open space given they primarily provide access rather than primarily being for recreation and nature conservation. Refer to response to 3.2.1.2 in this consultation report.  **Proposed change to the Strategy:  **Refer to response to 3.2.1.2 in this consultation**
		report.

# 3.2.3 Submission 3

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.3.1	Collingwood B Precinct spaces requires major change to vehicle traffic management in order to expand the size of the existing open spaces and create new	The Strategy Technical Report has identified the need for additional open space and expansion to the size of existing open spaces in Collingwood. The level of detailed analysis to determine how to achieve this will be undertaken during the implementation of the Strategy.
	open space.	Proposed change to the Strategy:  • Additional open space is proposed in Collingwood.  Refer to response to 2.3.1.3 in this consultation report for further information.

# 3.2.4 Submission 4

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.4.1	Collingwood B Precinct spaces requires major change to vehicle traffic management in order to expand the size of the existing open spaces and create new open space.	Refer to response 3.2.3.1  Proposed change to the Strategy:  • Refer to response 3.2.3.1.

# 3.2.5 Submission 5

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.5.1	Collingwood has the lowest percentage of open space in the City of Yarra. It has also been established through research that open space makes a significant contribution to health and well-being of communities. The submitter proposes that it is irresponsible to allow increased urban densities without addressing significant shortfall in open space. The submitter proposes:  Collingwood be given highest priority for new open space.  The Victorian Government owned Police Workshops be a priority for new open space.	Noted, the Strategy Technical Report at Table 3-3 identifies that Collingwood has the lowest percentage of open space as a proportion of land area in Yarra.  Section 7.5 of the Strategy Technical Report identifies a range of Actions for Collingwood - including the provision of new open space and expanding the size of existing open space. The priorities vary according to the growth forecast to occur in the different parts of Collingwood.  Based on the combination of all the feedback received during the community engagement process, an additional Small Local open space has been added to Collingwood B precinct, and the Police Workshops are specifically named in the actions to provide a new Local open space in Collingwood B.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  Refer to response to 2.3.1.3 in this report regarding provision of an additional Small Local open space in Collingwood B.  Action 7.5A in the Technical Report has been updated to reference the Police Workshops and Stanley Street specifically.
3.2.5.3	A higher priority for new open space actions be given in precincts where the provision of open space falls below 10.1 sqm per person.	Stanley Street specifically.  The Strategy Technical Report describes there are different measures used to assess and determine the need for new open space in established urban areas. This includes the quality and type of open space, its distribution, provision of open space in adjoining precincts, existing and proposed urban densities, community feedback on the existing open space network and the level of forecast change. To provide one measure of the quantity of open space relative to population density as the only tool to determine priorities does not acknowledge the other influences.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.5.3	Concern that the amount of open space relative to the residential population density	Noted. The quantity of open space relative to residential density will be added to each precinct rather than only referenced in Section 3.
	has not been included in the precinct chapters.	Proposed change to the Strategy:  Update Section 7 to include reference to the quantity of open space relative to residential population

No.	Comment	Response
		density in each precinct from Table 3-3 in the
-		Strategy.
3.2.5.4	Strongly support winter sunlight	Noted.
	access to open space.	Proposed change to the Strategy:
		No change
3.2.5.5	There needs to be improved	The Strategy Technical Report identifies the need for
	heritage protection measures for	protecting heritage and nature conservation values in
	heritage values in open space	open space in Sections 6.8 and 6.10.4. There is a list of
	and streetscapes.	the existing open spaces that are identified to have heritage significance with some heritage controls in Table
		6-2 in the Report.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		No change
0.0.5.0		
3.2.5.6	Increase urban greening in Collingwood with additional	The comments relate to the implementation of other Council Strategies including the Urban Forest Strategy.
	street trees, promotion of planter	Reference to improved urban greening and urban
	boxes and managing surface	agriculture are included throughout Section 6, Design and
	water runoff.	Management Guidelines in the Strategy Technical
		Report.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		No change
3.2.5.7	Support an increase in the	Noted.
	public open space contribution	Proposed change to the Strategy:
	rate to 10 per cent, and the	No change
	expansion of the contribution	
	rate being applicable to non-	
	residential development as well.	

### 3.2.6 Submission 6

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.6.1	Fence to Frank King Park makes it a secure park for young children and is also used by the John Street Community Early Childhood Co-op. Therefore the submitter does not support removing the fence.	While the fence is valued by younger children, it is uncommon for public open spaces to be fenced. Given the community concern regarding the fence, this will be removed. The recommendation has also been updated to include investigating the expansion of the size of Frank King Park to increase its capacity to cater to the increased levels of use as a result of the forecast additional residents and workers in Fitzroy.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		Remove reference to fence removal and investigate options to expand the size of the reserve into the adjoining road reserve to increase its capacity to cater to the forecast additional population.

### 3.2.7 Submission 7

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.7.1	Proposes that streets and lanes	Refer to Response to 3.2.1.1
	should be included as public	Proposed change to the Strategy:
	open space.	Refer to Response to 3.2.1.1.
3.2.7.2	Heritage values and issues have not been included in the Strategy, including the	Carlton Gardens are shown on the diagrams and plans included in the Strategy Technical Report. Specific reference to them will be added to Section 7.8 in the
	connection to Carlton Gardens	Strategy Technical Report.
	and the Exhibition Buildings as	Proposed change to the Strategy:
	key adjoining open space.	.Update Section 7.8 Fitzroy to reference the adjoining
		Carlton Gardens and Exhibition Buildings.

### 3.2.8 Submission 8

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.8.1	The trees and vegetation in Burnley Park are in poor condition and their heritage values are not recognised or interpreted.	The strategy recommends preparation of a Masterplan incorporating recommendations from the Heritage Conservation Management Plan. The Masterplan will address plantings and vegetation management and health.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		No change

# 3.2.9 Submission 9

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.9.1	Recognise the need to convert	Refer to response 3.2.1.1
	sections of streets to create new	Proposed change to the Strategy:
	open space	No change.
3.2.9.2	Additional streetscape planting should be included in the Strategy.	The City of Yarra has an Urban Forest Strategy which guides the street tree planting and urban greening program and the Strategy Technical Report refers to and supports the implementation of the Urban Forest Strategy. It is referred to in the Strategy Technical Report in Section 2.1.2d, Section 3.1.5a, Section 6.2, Section 6.2.3 and Section 6.11.1.
		Proposed change to the Strategy:
		No change
3.2.9.3	Encourage planter boxes in the	Refer to 3.2.9.2
	streets.	Proposed change to the Strategy:
		No change
3.2.9.4	Roof top gardens in major developments should not be considered as a replacement for open space at ground level.	Noted. Roof top gardens are not a replacement for public open space at ground level and the Strategy does not recommend they are accepted as that. The reasons for not accepting roof top gardens as a replacement for public open space at ground level includes:  They are not as visible and accessible to the general public as public open space at ground level

No.	Comment	Response
		<ul> <li>Public open space contributes to the neighbourhood character and urban greening, whereas roof gardens are not as visible and the greening benefits are limited.</li> <li>Roof gardens do not have the longevity and certainty associated with the provision of pubic open space at ground level for future generations, as they are linked to the longevity of the building</li> <li>Open space at ground level is capable of supporting large, long-lived canopy trees that are beneficial to air quality, mitigating urban heat and carbon sequestration.</li> <li>Proposed change to the Strategy:</li> <li>No change</li> </ul>
3.2.9.5	Streets to be included as public open space.	Refer to response 3.2.1.1.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.9.6	Winter sunlight access to open space.	Section 4.4.3 of the Strategy Technical Report includes the benefits of winter sunlight access to public open space. It also includes recommendations for winter sunlight protection to open space in Table 5-2 Criteria to assess suitability of land as open space and Section 5.4.2 and Action 5.4-2.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change

### **3.2.10** Submission 10

No.	Comment	Response
3.2.10.1	Concern about the build-up of traffic in Collingwood given the increased urban densities without any change to traffic management to decrease the impact of increased traffic on the local area.	The issue raised by the submitter highlights the reason why streets are not included as open space in the Strategy. While they are publicly owned, their primary role and purpose is to provide access through and within the urban areas including access to people's properties.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change
3.2.10.2	Concern that prioritising cycle access is not necessarily inclusive for everyone as people with limited mobility cannot cycle, and for some, vehicles are the only safe and accessible form of transport.	Refer to response to 3.2.10.1.  Proposed change to the Strategy:  No change

# Attachment A

# Extract of key changes made to the Yarra Open Space Strategy 2020 Technical Report

The following extracts show the amended text with yellow highlight. We have included the whole section in which the change is made for context and ease of reference back to the main document.

# 1. Introduction

**Extract of key changes** 

### 1.2.3 Ancillary open space

The term ancillary open space is used to differentiate parts of the public realm that are not included in the definition of public open space. This includes streetscapes, urban spaces between buildings, school and educational facility grounds, along with community facility grounds, for example, neighbourhood houses.

#### **Streetscapes**

Streets are used by people to socialise and exercise including walking and cycling, and while these are common to activities that are also undertaken in open space, the streets are primarily set-aside for their transport and travel function and purpose. Streets complement the open space network by providing transport and tree canopy links between them. The community use the streets to walk or cycle along to reach open space and other destinations in the neighbourhood. Many of the streets include street trees that make a contribution to the landscape character and urban greening in Yarra. While streets complement the open space network, they do not replace the need for open space. The local street network is owned by Council and parts of them can be converted to open space where they are no longer required for transport and travel purposes and meet the criteria for open space. In this situation the street would change its designation and become public open space.

Overall the streets and roads in Yarra are managed by an overarching *Road Management Plan 2017-2021*, along with a series of more detailed Local Area Place Making Plans. The street tree planting is managed through the implementation of the *Urban Forest Strategy 2017* and other more detailed plans and policies.

#### School grounds

This Strategy recognises the contribution that ancillary open space provides including opportunities such as schools that can partner with Council, however school land is not reserved for open space and can be sold for other purposes or converted through building construction. The lack of certainty over this land being available to supplement

the open space system is the reason the use of school grounds is not referred to in the Strategy as it does not replace the need for public open space.

#### Other public land

Other public land that falls into the ancillary open space category is railway corridors where they have not already been developed and secured as public open space. A simple test for distinguishing public open space from other public land is whether the land is suitable for inclusion in the Public Parks and Recreation Zone or the Public Conservation and Resource Zone.

This Strategy focuses on planning for the adequate provision, design and management of a public open space network that is secured for future generations to enjoy. This means that the open space is publicly owned, without the ability for that land to be sold or converted to another use without clear demonstration that it is no longer required by the community as open space.

The future provision, design and funding for ancillary open space is guided by a range of other plans and strategies prepared by Council and other State Government agencies and will not form part of the open space capital works program in this Strategy.

### 1.2.4 Publicly accessible private open space

Some publicly accessible private open space complements the public open space system including church grounds and private forecourts to buildings. These are referred to as publicly accessible private open space. They can complement the public open space network, but they cannot be relied on as a replacement for public open space as Council does not have direct control over them and they can potentially be converted to another use, or sold.

Other private land that contributes to the open space system is private golf courses, which are available to members on a fee paying basis. La Trobe Golf Club in Alphington is located within the City of Yarra, and there are additional privately owned golf courses adjoining municipality. Golf courses contribute to the natural and unbuilt quality of the landscape, have some benefits in mitigating urban heat island effect associated with climate change, and contribute to the environmental values and landscape character of an area. They are not a replacement for public open space as they can potentially be converted to different uses in the future, given they are privately owned.

# 2. Policy context

**Extract of key changes** 

### 2.1.1f Yarra River Protection (Willip-gin Birrarung Murron) Act 2017

The Act enshrines the protection of the Yarra River, recognising its great importance to Melbourne and Victoria and the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung language is used in the title of the Act in recognition of Traditional Owners' custodianship of the river and connection to the lands through which the river flows.

The Act underlines the importance of the public parklands and open spaces along the Yarra River within metropolitan Melbourne and allows these to be collectively declared as the Greater Yarra Urban Parklands.

A number of guiding principles are set out in the Act which must be used by agencies with responsibilities for managing the river and parklands. Two important purposes of the Act are:

- requiring the development and implementation of a Yarra Strategic Plan as an overarching policy and planning framework; and
- establishing the Birrarung Council to provide advice to government and to report annually on the implementation of the proposed *Yarra Strategic Plan*.

The Act will affect how Council protects and manages the Yarra River and the associated parklands. The importance of the river and parklands is elevated and the Act places additional obligations and accountabilities on Council, as a land owner and manager, in the way it plans and manages the river and parklands in accordance with the principles under the Act.

### 2.1.1g Draft Yarra Strategic Plan (2020)

Melbourne Water is leading the development of the *Yarra Strategic Plan* which will give effect to the community's 50 year long-term vision for the Yarra River and provide the basis for future planning of the river corridor and each of its reaches.

The *Draft Yarra Strategic Plan* is the first integrated corridor plan developed collaboratively by the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Cultural Heritage Aboriginal Corporation and all 15 state and local government agencies involved in managing the river. Central to elevating the significance of the Yarra River and parklands, and managing it as "one living and integrated natural entity" is the development of the Plan. The Plan responds to the key challenges of climate change and population growth and provides a 10 year regional strategy that supports the 50 year community vision for the river and provides overarching guidance for responsible agencies to achieve the community vision and the aspirations of traditional owners.

The plan works towards meeting the 50 year Community Vision and the Birrarung Water Policy Nhanbu narrun ba ngargunin twarn Birrarung (Ancient spirit and lore of the Yarra).

It identifies immediate actions for the river, enables long-term collaborative management between agencies and Traditional Owners and guides local planning.

There are four 10 year performance objectives to deliver the 50 year Community Vision that is outlined Yarra River Strategic Plan:

- A healthy river and lands
   Improving the water quality of the Yarra River and protecting its land, floodplains and billabongs to achieve greater biodiversity.
- A culturally diverse river corridor
   Acknowledging, protecting and commemorating the rich heritage of the Birrarung and its stories.
- Quality parklands for a growing population
   Improving the river's parklands to support community wellbeing and strengthen the relationship between the Yarra River, its community and visitors.
- Protecting the natural beauty of the Yarra River corridor
   Respecting the significance of the Yarra River's landscapes. Where we build, we protect and celebrate the river's natural beauty, landscapes and views.

The plan includes a Yarra River 50 Year Community Vision along with a vision for all the four main reaches. The City of Yarra is located predominantly in the Inner City Reach, and the vision for this reach is extracted below:

#### Yarra River Inner City Reach 50 Year Community Vision

Our Yarra River, Birrarung is a thriving river for our thriving city.

It provides a unique place of transition, both spiritually and physically. Here the river and its treasured banks and backdrops are Melbourne's meeting place; an inclusive and iconic place for connection, celebration, recreation and learning.

Our love for its vast and expanding green spaces and clean waters provide a healthy habitat for all.

While still being finalised, the Plan is expected to change the way in which Council and other agencies conceive and manage the Yarra River and its parklands. There will be an increasing focus on how council manages the river and parklands as a single living entity and how it achieves the new statutory obligations. Greater coordination with other agencies and improved management will be expected as will be the participation and involvement of tradition owners.

The Yarra Strategic Plan will bring opportunities for stronger collaboration, more holistic and integrated management of the river corridor, improved health of the river and greater recognition of the cultural values of the river and parklands.

### 2.1.2f Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023

The Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023 is the fourth partnerships policy and this plan continues to build upon the successes and challenges of previous plans. Formerly known as the Aboriginal Partnerships Plans, Yarra's official policy will from here-on-in be known as the Yana Ngargna Plan. Yana Ngargna is a Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung phrase meaning 'continuing connection'. This refers to the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung's continuing

connection to culture, country and identity – as well as Council's commitment to developing continuing connections with Wurundjeri Woi Wurring, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people, communities and organisations. The plan was renamed in 2019, the International Year of Indigenous Languages.

The plan has important notes and clarifications on terminology, Welcome to Country and Official Acknowledgement of Country. The Plan clearly sets of the role of the *Yana Ngargna* Advisory Group and the *Yana Ngargna* Working Group who guide and action, including coordinating projects that build cultural awareness and confidence across the Council. It also sets out the broader Social and Political context, along with National and State Policies, Acts and Commitments.

The Plan includes four priority areas, commitments, context and actions:

- Priority 1 Relationships supporting community connections, promoting culture and protecting important places.
- Priority 2 A Visible Culture increasing the visibility of Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait islander people, culture, issues and achievements in Yarra.
- Priority 3 Community Health and Wellbeing working towards improved health and wellbeing outcomes for the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in Yarra.
- Priority 4 Organisational Development increasing Council's capacity, confidence and connection through improved Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander employment pathways, cultural awareness and internal coordination.

# 3. Existing open space network

**Extract of key changes** 

### 3.1.5a Community open space survey outcomes

The community consultation outcomes about open space have identified that trees are at the top of list of what the community value about open space. This is followed by open space being a place to relax and unwind and the feeling of space. When comparing this to the outcomes of what people most valued in 2006, trees were fifth, so their level of importance is now higher than it was then. The *Yarra Urban Forest Strategy* provides a clear direction for the future care and management of trees in the City. Since the 2006 Strategy, the relationship between the importance of trees in mitigating the effects of climate change has become more prominent and may explain the increased awareness and value of trees by the community. The open space network provides opportunities to plant and retain large canopy trees that are more difficult to manage in the local street network due to space constraints. The *Yarra Urban Forest Strategy* also confirms that the canopy cover of trees in open space is an important component of the total canopy cover in the city.

Small local parks are the most visited type of open space in the current survey, which has increased since 2006, where small local parks were ranked as being the fourth most visited. Since the preparation of the Strategy, an additional six Small Local open spaces have been added to the network, which may also have influenced the levels of use of these small spaces. In Collingwood, the most visited open space is now Peel Street Park compared with Fitzroy Gardens when the survey was completed in 2006. This supports valuable contribution that Small Local open spaces make to the open space network, and people will use these small spaces regularly if they are provided.

As part of the research for the Strategy, the worker community was surveyed regarding their use patterns of open space. The surveys have confirmed that more than 80 per cent of workers use open space during the time they spend at work, and that it is important to them. This is different from the 2006 Strategy, where less than 50 per cent of workers surveyed visited open space during their time at work. In Collingwood, additional Small Local open space has been added to the network that is noted as being well used by the worker community, however they are requesting additional open space.

In relation to the reasons residents visit open space, there is a greater diversity of reasons they visit, with socialising, relaxing and dog walking more frequently mentioned than the previous survey in 2006.

The resident survey results have been summarised at a detailed precinct level, which has informed the precinct recommendations and 15-year Action Plan in Section 7 of the Strategy. The worker survey results have been summarised at a more detailed level by each of the four employment precincts and these have informed the Precinct Recommendations in Section 7 of the Strategy.

Council sought community feedback on the Draft Strategy. This feedback confirmed there was a strong level of support for increasing natural features including trees, garden beds

and grassed areas to increase urban greening and assist to mitigate urban heat. There was also a strong level of support for providing additional open space in the locations where medium and high density development is forecast to continue. The feedback highlighted the importance of open space as a place to relax and unwind, and so while many people support the increased provision of facilities to encourage people to keep fit, socialise and use open space, they noted that it is also equally important to retain the natural qualities and character in open space. Refer to the Design and Management Guidelines in Section 6 of this Strategy which promotes the inclusion of natural features and urban greening in existing and new open space. Also refer to the Precinct Recommendations in Section 7 which include actions to add new open space to the network.

### 3.1.5c Structured sport and recreation use

Structured sport and recreational use of open space is important to community health and wellbeing. It is provided for in the large Regional and City-wide open spaces across Yarra including Victoria Park, George Knott Reserve, Kevin Bartlett Reserve, Coulson Reserve, Quarries Park, Ramsden Street Reserve, Alphington Park, Fairfield Park, Yarra Bend Park, Edinburgh Gardens, Citizens Park, Burnley Park, Alan Bain Reserve, Ryans Reserve, Yarra Bend Golf Course and Burnley Golf Course. There are also some key sporting reserves that adjoin the City of Yarra including Princes Park, Northcote Park, Gosch's Paddock and Como Park. Structured sport and recreation not only encourages participation in physical activity, it also promotes social connectedness in the community associated with attending training and matches and club based activities.

### 3.1.6 Cultural heritage values

# 3.1.6a Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander cultural heritage values

The Wurundjeri Woi Wurriing's unique connection to the land and waterways in Yarra extends back tends of thousands of years to the time when their creator spirit, Bunjil, created the land, the people and all living things. Given this enduring and special connection, it is vital that Council continues to develop a stronger relationship with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurring people and especially with the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Land and Compensation Cultural Heritage Council Aboriginal Corporation (the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung Corporation).

Council also deeply values it relationships with the broader Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community connected to Yarra. The area remains an important place for members of this community, who live, work and spend time in the area. The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander history of Fitzroy maintains a deep resonance with the community. And it is perhaps because of the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community's pride in and connection to Fitzroy that Yarra has developed such a strong relationships with and commitment to the community. (Yana Ngargna Plan 2020-2023).

The waterway corridors, wetlands and open plains and forests in Yarra were the natural features of the landscape, which have now largely been destroyed or modified by urbanisation. The Yarra River offered a permanent water source along with the streams of the Merri and Darebin Creeks and made the surrounding land desirable. Despite the enormous change and devastating effects of European occupation including diseases, forced removal from traditional lands, family and lifestyle, Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung traditions and culture continues in Yarra today. Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people continue to live in the suburbs of Collingwood and Fitzroy. (Yarra Aboriginal Partnership Plan, 2004).

Remaining notable cultural features in the City identified to date include the Burnley Park Corroboree Tree, Scar trees (Coate Park/Rudder Grange and Studley Park), Dights Falls Mission School and Native Police Corps, the potential Merri Creek Treaty Site opposite Rushall Station (just outside the City boundaries), the confluence of the Yarra River and Merri Creek and the Fig Tree in Carlton Gardens where many legendary Aboriginal speakers addressed gatherings from the 1920s to the 1940s (*Aboriginal Partnerships Plan 2015-18*).

Some of these are described in more detail below.

- Burnley Park Corroboree Tree In 1926 a young boy found a boomerang wedged
  in the branch of the giant Burnley Park Corroboree tree when he climbed it. In 1991
  his brother returned the boomerang to a Wurundjeri elder, Marth Nicholson, in a
  ceremony at the tree site. The tree is now dead, but it is believed it was a meeting
  and corroboree place for many Aboriginal clans until well after European settlement.
  (Eidelson, 1997)
- Dights Falls Mission School, which wattle-and-daub school hut, opened on January 1, 1846 by the Collins Street Baptist Church. Nearby was the Dights Mill which provided flour for the colony. The location was already a popular meeting and trading place for Aboriginal clans in and around Melbourne. The school closed in 1851 after devastating floods in 1850 washed away the cultivated gardens and footbridge over the river. (Eidelson, 1997)
- Dights Falls Native Police Corps was set up in 1837 as a regional base from their main base in Dandenong Creek flats. Elders of the clans around Melbourne participated as it offered prestige. It was set up as a military encampment with rows of up to 50 tents/shelters and their role was to act as official escorts, tracking lost people and guard duty at the Pentridge Stockade. The camp was disbanded three times, the last in 1853. (Eidelson, 1997)

Fitzroy stands alongside Redfern in itis stature as an urban area of special significance. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander leaders gained influence and important organisations were born in and around the streets of Fitzroy. The area has seen Stolen Generations and estranged families reunited and it has given rise to renowned artists, activists and athletes. The positive impacts that ripple out from this community continue to be felt today. Many of the community members that advise and partner with Council today are the descendants of Elders and political activists who have led great social change. Many are strong social justice advocates in their own right. The Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander community connection to the area is under pressure due to forecast increased growth that is causing property prices up and making it unaffordable for the community to continue to stay in the area. (*Yana Ngargna Plan* 2020-2023)

### 3.1.7 Urban context

The urban context and densities in the City of Yarra vary from predominantly medium to high density inner-city areas of Collingwood, Richmond and Fitzroy to the medium density areas of Princes Hill, Carlton North, North Fitzroy and Clifton Hill. Fairfield and Alphington have a predominance of detached dwellings with a more suburban character.

The historical land use and urban development patterns influence the provision, layout and access to public open space. Suburbs that were principally laid out as residential neighbourhoods from the start incorporate public gardens and parks as an integral part of the layout. In the areas of the City that were predominantly commercial and industrial land use, open space was not generally included. Broadly, the suburbs north of Alexandra Parade and the Eastern Freeway were established primarily for residential use. While they are more nuanced than this, overall these suburbs have a network of established parks and gardens that date back to the early subdivision of land. Many of the streets in Princes Hill, Carlton North and Fitzroy North have large road reserves with established avenues of street trees. This contributes to the ease of walking and cycle access through these neighbourhoods along with overall urban greening.

In the areas south of Alexandra Parade and the Eastern Freeway, the historical land use patterns included major areas of industrial and commercial use with pockets of residential, mainly to house the worker community for the industrial and commercial precincts. The subdivision of land for non-residential purposes generally did not include public open space as part of it. A limited number and size of parks and gardens were included in the layout of the former residential areas in amongst the industrial and manufacturing uses.

In more recent times the conversion of the commercial and industrial land use to high density mixed use settings has resulted in a much larger population working and living in areas with limited or no open space. As part of this more recent conversion of land use it has been difficult for Council to secure enough new open space to adequately cater to the significant population increase. As such, in the areas south of Alexandra Parade and the Eastern Freeway the built form has a greater predominance than in the north and overall there is less greening. This is also due to the predominance of smaller road reserves and lack of mature street trees - as street tree planting was not a priority in the former industrial areas of the City. While generally the streets are narrower they are in a grid layout which contributes to the ease of access and connectivity. There are some pockets, however, where larger land holdings have meant the street layout is disjointed and access is not as easy via the street network.

The Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek provide excellent habitat, cultural and open space connectivity through the City. The presence of the waterways has influenced the historical land use and urban layout of the City. As land use continues to change and redevelop it creates opportunities to improve the interface between urban development and the waterways thereby strengthening their cultural significance, biodiversity and recreational values and contribution to the urban character and identity of the City. The *Yarra Strategic Plan* will assist to deliver an improved urban interface to the Yarra River corridor.

As the City continues to grow over the next 15 years there are opportunities to expand the open space network to improve the sustainability and liveability of Yarra in the future, particularly in the parts of the City where land use is changing. Key to this is to implement the actions for the provision of new open space shown in Section 7 of the Strategy consistent with the design guidelines in Section 6 that promote increased urban greening and diversity. It will also be important to continue to implement the other key strategies and plans that strengthen and improve the quality and greening of other parts of the public realm including the streetscapes.

# 3.6 Quality of open space

### 3.6.1 Overview

The quality of open space is important as it influences whether the open space makes a valuable contribution to the open space network.

The quality and character of each open space is influenced and formed by a range of factors including its inherent physical and natural qualities, the urban context, its size, form, use, position, design and history. These factors are measured against the outcomes of the community survey and other research including the biodiversity and nature conservation values.

### 3.6.2 Quality assessment and recommendations

The three main methods used to gather data on the quality of open space are the site assessments; the community and council stakeholder engagement outcomes; and the background document research.

During the site assessments each open space is evaluated against the same set of criteria in relation to the following:

- Location
- Existing landscape character and overall condition
- Topography and views
- Adjoining land use
- The urban context and influences including built form, public access points and interface treatments.
- Forecast change
- Existing infrastructure and facilities
- Vegetation character and values

Following the site assessment work, the background research and consultation outcomes then informs the quality and context of each individual open space.

The quality of each open space is assessed in the context of the network as a whole both in relation to the existing context and also in the context of the forecast change that is planned over the next 15 years. If the quality of the open space is assessed as being adequate, there will be no specific actions or upgrade works required. Where the quality of the open space is assessed as being inadequate, recommendations are developed to provide guidance on the extent of change proposed. This may include a minor upgrade to existing facilities or a major change to the facilities and/or the landscape character and function of the open space, and in some locations expansion to its size.

The recommendations for all the existing open spaces in the City are made in Section 7 of this Strategy. Refer also to Section 4.5 regarding the issues of for increased levels of use in open space.

# Forecast change and implications on open space planning

**Extract of key changes** 

### 4.2.6 Population growth not included in the forecasts

Additional population growth beyond the forecasts used in the Strategy can be expected beyond the planning period. This has been demonstrated with the high level of population growth that occurred following the adoption of the Open Space Strategy 2006. There will also be locations not currently anticipated for redevelopment or included in the forecasts at this time but that will come forward in their redevelopment timing due to land sales, market trends, availability of investment finance and other factors. Redevelopment in the City of Yarra is high density in nature and increases the need to provide an adequate amount of quality open space that is easily accessible for residents and workers.

Council expects that additional new open space is likely to be needed if higher density redevelopment occurs beyond what is anticipated in the forecast numbers. This will become particularly evident in locations that currently do not have safe and easy walking access to the existing open space network or where the existing network is reaching capacity. The recommendations for new open space in Section 7 of this Strategy will need to be supplemented if additional population growth occurs beyond the level forecast.

## 4.4.4 Vegetation management

The changing climate, including the forecast increase in severe weather events, impacts on plant health and survival. The inclusion of sustainable water harvesting and reuse will assist with managing vegetation. Other major impacts will be forecast increase in storm events with increased wind velocities and changing patterns of rainfall that will potentially damage existing mature trees.

Balancing the need to retain existing large canopy trees for habitat, shade and evapotranspiration will mean that a focus on the ongoing management of tree health, including adaptive management, will be required in the future. The changing climate will likely impact on the health of remnant indigenous vegetation as well as planted vegetation.

The future management of large canopy trees and vegetation will be implemented through the *Urban Forest Strategy* and the *Yarra Street Tree Policy*.

# 4.5 Increased levels of use of open space

### 4.5.1 Overview

With the forecast increase in urban densities and population growth the existing open space network will need to cater to increased numbers of people using it. While additional open space is also proposed, the intensity and levels of use in the existing and new open space is anticipated to continue to increase. At the same time, the important role open space plays in the health and wellbeing of the community, particularly in high density precincts is also now better understood. One of the key factors in open space continuing to make an important contribution to liveability is the inclusion of natural features including large mature canopy trees, garden beds and grassed areas. The natural features require more ongoing maintenance as they are not as robust as built features and paving. This has implications for the design, management and maintenance of open space.

The community feedback during the exhibition of the Draft Strategy reinforced the importance of public open space for both the mental and physical health and wellbeing of the community. There is also strong support for maximising urban greening in open space including trees, garden beds and grassed areas and supporting this with sustainable stormwater harvesting and reuse.

### 4.5.2 Diversity of facilities balanced with the natural character

Providing additional facilities in open space to cater to more people using it will be required. The facilities will encourage the community outdoors to exercise and socialise in open space and include paths, fitness stations, multi-use courts, playspaces, seats, picnic shelters and barbecues. Balanced with the facilities, is also the need to retain a sense of space and naturalness so that people can relax and unwind and have a break from built form. The need to achieve this balance is the reason why additional open space is required. This is based on the need to increase the total amount of open space that is available to accommodate the thousands of additional residents and workers benefiting from it and using it. This is why in some precincts additional new open space is recommended, even though it may not actually be a gap area. Refer to Section 3.5.1 for a description of the gap areas.

# 4.5.3 Increased costs associated with managing natural features in open space in the context of climate change and forecast growth

Managing and maintaining natural features in the context of high levels of use and in this changing climate is challenging. For example open grassed areas are increasingly being used for informal and casual ball sports as per the changing trends in the way people participate in exercise. This increases the wear and tear on them and creates the need to irrigate them during summer so they can cope with the additional levels of use. In the current context of the climate emergency and changing rainfall, water is an increasingly valuable resource. Therefore, the preference is for future irrigation to be sourced from

sustainable water harvesting and reuse. The infrastructure and investigation to do this increases the capital cost of providing open space that can more sustainably accommodate higher levels of use throughout the year.

As part of the future planning for open space, the capital works budgets will allow for the inclusion of the additional infrastructure for sustainable water harvesting and reuse.

Section 6 of this Strategy provides guidance regarding the design and management of existing and new open space. Section 7 of this Strategy includes the recommendations to upgrade existing open space and the provision of new open space to meet the open space needs of the existing and forecast population.

# 5. Open space framework recommendations

**Extract of key changes** 

# 5.3 Provision of new open space

#### 5.3.1 Overview

This Strategy has identified where additional open space is required to 2031 for both the existing and forecast community. Some of the additional open space is to be provided primarily for the forecast population, and others are proposed to meet both the needs of the existing and forecast population. The method to secure additional land area as open space can be a combination of different mechanisms including contribution of land area by larger redevelopment sites, the purchase of undeveloped land, the purchase of developed sites and conversion of public land to open space.

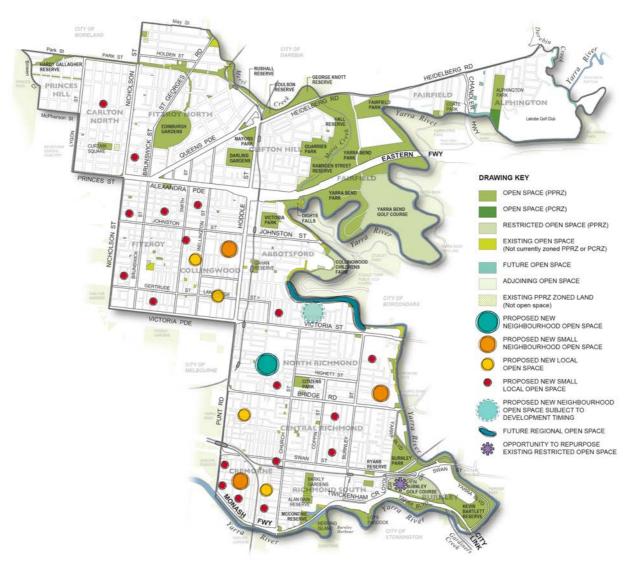


Figure 5A Schematic plan illustrating the type and location of proposed new open space

# 6. Open space design and management recommendations

**Extract of key changes** 

# 6.2 The climate emergency and urban greening

As described in Section 4.4 of this Strategy, open space is influenced by the changing climate and also has an important role to play in mitigating and adapting to its effects. This includes supporting a significant tree canopy cover which provides multiple benefits to the character and liveability of Yarra. The *City of Yarra Urban Forest Strategy 2017* provides a clear charter for the future custodianship of Yarra's street and park tree population. The Urban Forest Strategy highlights the multiple benefits of trees including the health and wellbeing benefits, environmental benefits and the economic benefits.

Additional to the importance of canopy trees is the positive effects that open space can have on urban cooling in this time of climate change, particularly during periods of extended extreme heat. For open space to assist with mitigating urban heat, ideally it is well distributed across the urban areas, retains moisture through the inclusion of moisture absorbing surfaces such as grass and garden beds and includes large broad spreading canopy trees that will transpire overnight and effectively cool the higher density urban areas. This is one of the key reasons that the Strategy recommends additional small, distributed areas of open space across the higher density precincts, particularly in the areas where growth is forecast. The other key reason is that they will provide open space that is within easy and safe walking distance of residents and workers.

In order for these open spaces to be effective in mitigating urban heat they need to have retained moisture, preferably in garden beds and grassed areas, large mature canopy trees combined with some open areas within them so there is room for air circulation and effective evapotranspiration.

## 6.4.1 Sustainable water use in open space

Key issues include:

- The City of Yarra supports a water sensitive city approach to water use and this
  needs to be reflected in future open space design and upgrades.
- In order to assist with urban greening and cooling there is a need to investigate
  options to increase sustainable water use in open space. The scope and need for
  these projects will deliver multiple benefits and requires a partnership across the
  different disciplines and teams at Council. Refer also to Section 6.2, Climate change
  and urban greening.
- High levels of informal use of open grassed areas in the municipality which is forecast
  to continue to increase over time. There is a need to consider irrigating in high use
  areas so they remain viable and useable in the summer.

- Conversion of sports fields to warm seasons grasses, which has been difficult to manage during the winter sports season.
- The high cost of stormwater re-use projects limits their implementation to all sites, however appropriate external funding will be sourced to assist and maximise implementation where feasible. As an alternative, in situations where stormwater re-use is not viable or where funding is not available in the short term, investigate passive irrigation a short-term method of improving urban greening in open space without always necessarily meeting water quality improvement objectives.
- Council has a Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD) Policy for Council Infrastructure
   Assets that may be of assistance in open new open space projects.

#### Guidelines regarding sustainable water use in open space:

- a) Incorporate best practice principles for stormwater reuse in open space using passive irrigation principles. This includes redirecting stormwater and rainwater runoff from buildings and paved surfaces within the open space and the surrounding local catchment to the open space.
- b) For new open space and upgrades to existing open space in medium and high density areas, consider the multiple benefits of mitigating urban heat as part of the evaluation of appropriate stormwater reuse and treatment systems proposed for open space.
- c) Maximise the use of porous paving and permeable surface treatments to reduce concentrations of stormwater runoff and improve the moisture retaining (and passive cooling) qualities of open space.
- d) Where car parking is provided the stormwater runoff is to be reused within the open space.
- e) Water features in open space will need to demonstrate they meet the principles of sustainable water use/re-use and that they contributes to the landscape character, amenity and urban cooling qualities of the open space.
- f) Water tanks/storage devices, where required, are to be preferably located underground. If this is not feasible, the second preference is to co-locate them with other built form and infrastructure in the open space. If they are the only built feature in the reserve, then their siting, size, material selection, colour and design is to complement the character of the open space. Tanks are to minimise impact on major view sheds of the open space from the surrounding area and viewlines into the open space from entries and paths/trails.
- g) Consider synthetic surfaces at selected locations to reduce pressure and irrigation requirements for natural turf sports fields. This will require the development of an agreed assessment method for determining suitable locations for synthetic surfaces. Refer to Guidelines for Synthetic Sports Surfaces in Section 6.7.6 of this Strategy.

No.	Recommendation	Respon- sibility	Priority
<mark>6.4-1</mark>	Irrigation guidelines	YCC	Very High
	Develop guidelines to determine where and what		
	scale of irrigation is appropriate in the different types		
	of open space. This is to specifically address the		
	need for increased urban greening in all types of		
	open space including Small Local open space in high		
	density neighbourhoods and other principles outlined		
	and described in Section 6 of this Strategy.		

#### 6.6.3 Provision of unstructured recreation facilities

The open space survey undertaken for this project identified that people visit open space for a diversity of reasons with the most popular reasons including walking, dog walking, relaxing, playgrounds and social reasons. In answer to the question about why people don't visit open space a number of reasons were given including that the open space was unappealing. Therefore, the guidelines in this Strategy encourage the inclusion of a range of different facilities that encourage people to use them and improve their physical fitness and health. This is balanced with the need to retain the natural qualities and character of the open space as described in Section 6.2

#### Guidelines to promote and increase unstructured recreational use of open space:

- a) Refer to guidelines in 6.5.3 regarding encourage a diversity of facilities in open space.
- b) Location and type of active unstructured recreation facilities to complement other identified structured, unstructured and informal uses in the open space and the overall character.
- c) Include associated facilities that support and encourage participation in exercise including seats of different types, drinking fountains and shade. This is so that people of all levels of ability and fitness are encouraged to exercise and improve their fitness by providing opportunities for people to rest while exercising.
- d) Placement and design of these facilities is to demonstrate they minimise visual and noise impacts on adjoining land, particularly in relation to noise and activity in proximity to adjoining residents and nature conservation areas.
- e) Placement and design of these facilities is to demonstrate they are balanced with retaining the natural and unbuilt qualities of the open space.

# 7. Precinct analysis and recommendations

**Extract of key changes** 

## 7.5.5b Precinct Actions for Collingwood

## A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.5A-1	Provide a new Small Local open space between Smith and Wellington Streets in open space precinct Collingwood A to cater to the existing and forecast population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.5A-2	Investigate options to expand the size of McNamara Reserve to increase it to a Local open space size to provide space to include diversity of facilities that appeal to both the existing and forecast community.	YCC Developer	Medium
7.5A-3	Investigate options to expand the size of Alexander Street Reserve in Collingwood A to make it more accessible and useable. Alternatively provide a new Small Local open space for both the existing and forecast population in a more accessible and visible location in Collingwood A sub-precinct. This can either be in addition to Alexandra Reserve, or to replace it.	YCC	Medium
7.5A-4	Provide a new Local open space in the northern part of open space precinct Collingwood B in the vicinity of the Former Victoria Police Workshop on Stanley Street. This is to cater primarily for the forecast new population.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.5A-5	Increase the size of Peel Street Park and Cambridge Street Reserve to accommodate additional facilities and people, given both these open spaces are experiencing signs of over- development.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.5A-6	Provide a new Small Neighbourhood open space in Collingwood C. The future open space will need to be accessible to the moderate change area associated with Johnson Street to the north and any future change to the social housing estate. This can be staged so that it firstly provides a Local open space and can be expanded later to a Small Neighbourhood to cater to the 2041 forecast population	YCC Developer	High
7.5A-7	Provide a new Small Local open space between Gipps and Langridge Streets for both the existing and forecast worker population in Collingwood D.	YCC Developer	High
7.5A-8	Provide a new Small Local open space in Collingwood B south of Langridge Street within the high change area identified in the <i>Yarra Housing Strategy 2018</i> . This is primarily for the forecast population	YCC Developer	Very High

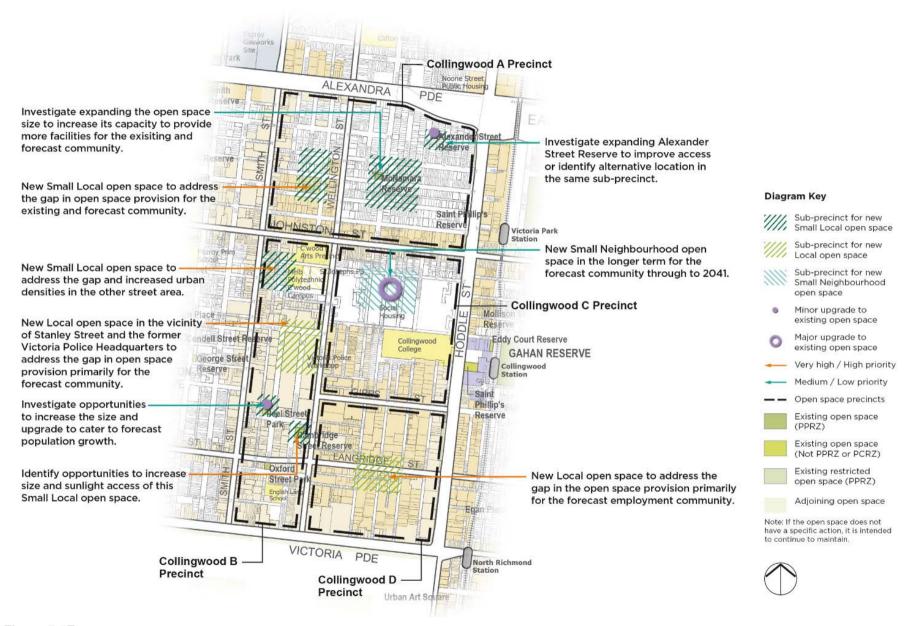


Figure 7.5F Recommendations for Collingwood

# 7.8 Fitzroy

#### 7.8.1 Introduction

Fitzroy is bounded to the north by Alexandra Parade, to the South by Victoria Parade, the west by Nicholson Street and the east by Smith Street. The land is gently undulating with Brunswick Street on a ridgeline.

The land use of Fitzroy is mixed with core residential precincts combined with the commercial spines running north south and east west along the major roads. Fitzroy has intact original residential pockets of Victorian terraces amongst mixed land use including former small scale manufacturing and warehouses, many of which today are converted to residential use. Along Nicholson Street the substantial larger historical terraces opposite the Carlton Gardens and the World Heritage Listed Royal Exhibition Buildings contribute to the character and context of Fitzroy. There are large pockets of mixed use and an area of social housing known as the Atherton Gardens Estate. Other key land use includes St Vincents Hospital and the Australian Catholic University along Victoria Parade. Brunswick Street, Gertrude Street, Smith Street and Johnston Street are key commercial and retail precincts with cafes and restaurants along with a vibrant art scene including galleries and studios.

Fitzroy is identified as an urban area of special significance to the Wurundjeri Woi Wurrung, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander leaders gained influence and important organisations were born in and around the streets of Fitzroy. The area has seen Stolen Generations and estranged families reunited and it has given rise to renowned artists, activists and athletes.

The *Smith Street Structure Plan*, adopted by Council in November 2008, provides the key direction for the future expansion and change within it. The *Yarra Housing Strategy* (2018) provides direction on the future level of change for residential use within the precinct.

With the mixed land use, there is a significant worker population in Fitzroy which is greater than the resident population as shown below:

- Existing residential population 2016: 11,485 (Source: .id Consulting population forecasts, 2018)
- Existing estimated worker population 2016: 17,314 (Source: SEES, SGS 2018)

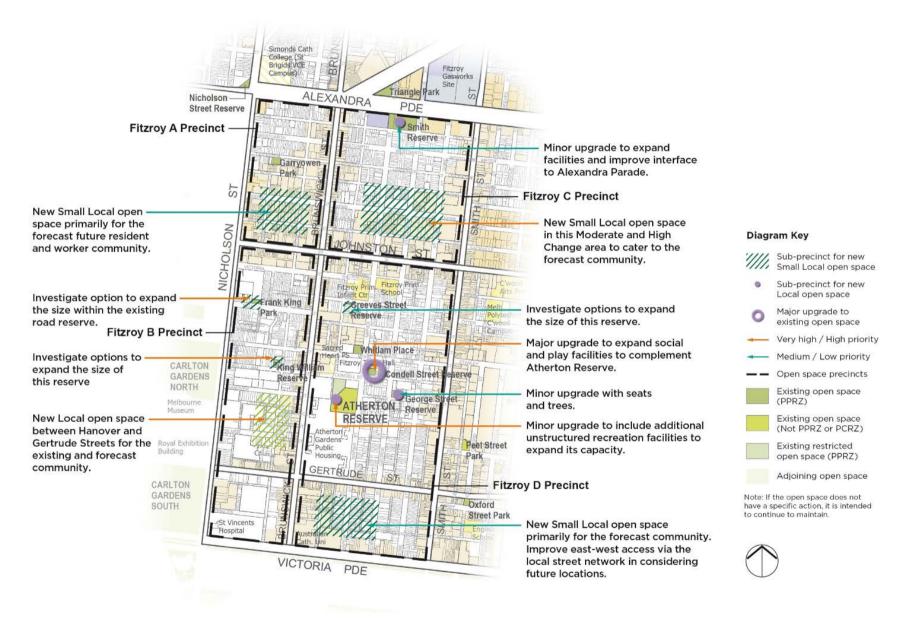


Figure 7.8F Recommendations for Fitzroy

#### 7.10.6 North Richmond Recommendations

#### 7.10.6a Summary of overall intent

#### **Provision and distribution**

Citizens Park and the system of open space along the Yarra River contribute significantly to the open space character of North Richmond. With the forecast substantial increase in the resident and worker population in North Richmond. Key recommendations include to provide a new Neighbourhood open space on the DHHS land between Punt Road and Church Street. This will primarily cater to the forecast population and better meet the open space needs of the existing community. With substantial change forecast east of Burnley Street, a new Small Neighbourhood open space is proposed towards the southern part of North Richmond C. This will cater to the forecast growth associated with the eastern end of the Bridge Road Activity Centre and for the forecast change within the sub-precinct as a whole. An additional Small Local open space is proposed in the vicinity of Doonside Street to address the recent and forecast change to high density development in this area.

#### **Quality and design**

There is potential to improve the recreational quality and diversity of facilities in the existing Local and Small Local open spaces in North Richmond. The additional open space can be designed to provide a diversity of facilities for the existing and future population and contribute positively to mitigating urban heat island effect.

Refer to Figure 7.10F for the spatial location of recommendations for North Richmond.

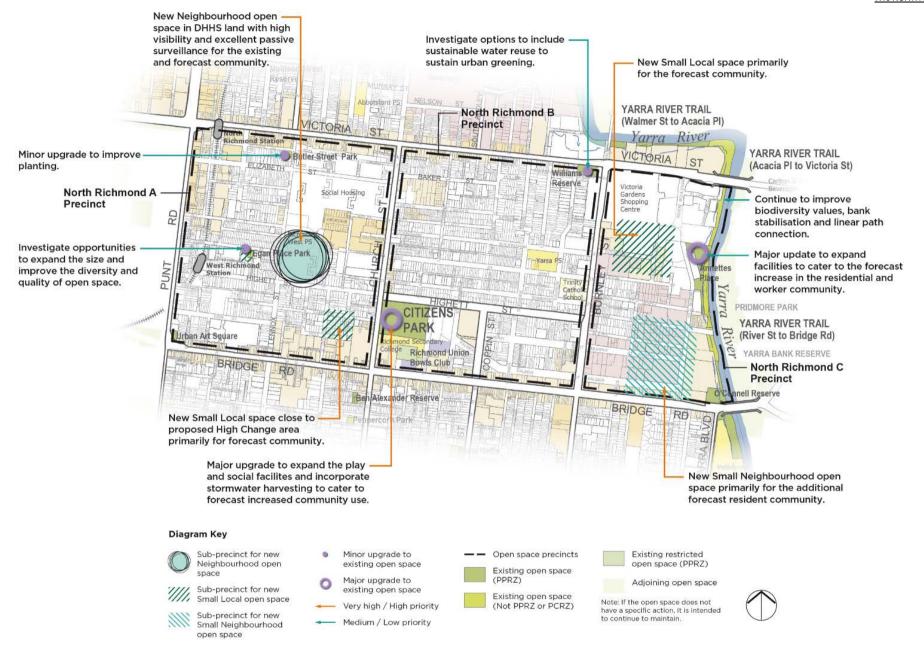


Figure 7.10F Recommendations for North Richmond

## 7.10.5b Precinct Actions for North Richmond

## A Additional open space

No.	Action	Respons- ibility	Priority
7.10A-1	Provide a new Neighbourhood open space in sub-precinct North Richmond A. There is potential to provide this on the DHHS land, central to the sub-precinct and accessible to the existing and forecast new population.	YCC DHHS Developer	Very High
7.10A-2	Provide a new Small Local open space in sub-precinct North Richmond A, in the Bosisto/Cameron Street area north of Bridge Road as shown in Figure 7.10F. This is to cater primarily to the forecast new population in the high change area in the south east portion of the sub-precinct.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.10A-3	Provide a new Small Neighbourhood open space in sub-precinct North Richmond C primarily for the forecast population. This is to be located in the south east area of the sub-precinct in the vicinity of Murphy Street and improve the north south pedestrian connectivity between Bridge Road Murphy Street if feasible.	YCC Developer	Very High
7.10A-4	Provide a new Small Local open space in sub-precinct North Richmond C primarily for the forecast population. This is to be located in the northern part of the sub-precinct in the vicinity of Doonside Street/Victoria Gardens.	YCC Developer	Very High

# 8. Funding and open space contributions

**Extract of key changes** 

### 8.3.1 Development of a new contribution rate

This Strategy updates the City of Yarra's open space program. It is timely to review the contribution rate to ensure it will support Council's implementation of the new Strategy.

New open space contribution rates will be used to update the Yarra Planning Scheme and reflect the changes in the open space program going forward. In calculating the rate options, several factors are being considered including:

- The existing open space reserves, their function, location and qualities, and the improvements to open space that the City of Yarra has undertaken since the adoption of the 2006 Strategy.
- The significant population growth, demographic change and land use change that has occurred in Yarra since the adoption of the 2006 Strategy.
- The increased open space use by the employment population in Yarra.
- The substantial redevelopment that will occur in Yarra in the short and medium term, leading to the forecast increases in both residential and employment populations.
- The need for the City of Yarra to acquire land for new open space and fund capital improvements to open space based on the detailed analysis undertaken for this Strategy.
- The value of providing an updated set of open space upgrades and new open space to respond to the changes in Yarra for a 15 year period to 2031 and beyond.
- The expectation that contributions should fund a reasonable proportion of the
  future open space program having regard to population growth and demographic
  changes, so that the open space contributions levied provide for the open space
  needs of the population on whose behalf the contributions are collected.
- The value of land purchase for new open space is to be included in the calculation of the new contribution rate.
- The rate should apply to all eligible subdivisions in the City of Yarra irrespective of land use type.
- The benefits of implementing a higher single municipal rate to apply to all eligible subdivisions.
- Development outside the existing residential and employment population growth forecasts may trigger the need for expanded or additional open space beyond the specific recommendations in Section 7 of this Strategy.

It is anticipated that a higher municipal open space contribution rate would be in the order of 10 per cent. This is due to the high level of population growth that the Strategy plans for and the density of development in the City of Yarra, both of which are factors in the need for Council to provide new open space in the future. It is noted that the former

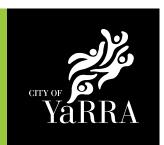
Amcor Alphington Paper Mill Site and the Former Fitzroy Gasworks Site would be exempt from any change in the current rate because the open space contribution requirements for these sites have been established separately.

# **Attachment B**

# Open space survey / feedback form



What is the postcode where you live?



# **Draft Yarra Open Space Strategy**

This draft open space strategy was informed by nearly 3000 participants in our consultation across 2018/2019. Now we'd like to hear what you think of the draft before the final strategy is formally endorsed by Council. Use this form to have your say by 15 March 2020 or visit yoursayyarra.com.au/openspace.

Q2 What is the postcode where you work?

	Postcode Postcode			Pos	tcode	
Q3	Below is a summary of the overall directions in the and why.	draf	t stro	ategy	. Tell	us how important each of them are to you
Ov	erall directions	Very important	Important	Some importance	Not important	Comment
A	Provide additional open space so that the majority of people who live and work in the City of Yarra are within easy walking distance of open space (Diagram C in the Strategy).					
В	Encourage people to be outdoors and to exercise and keep fit by providing a diverse range of facilities in open space.					
C	Increase opportunities for people of all ages, abilities and cultural backgrounds to access, participate and enjoy open space.					
D	Maximise opportunities for open space to have large canopy shade trees and natural features including grass and garden beds to keep them cooler in the summer and mitigate urban heat.					
E	Investigate the provision of additional dog off-leash areas as part of the future review of the Domestic Animal Management Plan.					
F	Implement an open space contribution rate of up to 10 per cent in the Yarra Planning Scheme that applies to new development. This is so the new population contributes fairly to new open space and improvements to existing open space.					
G	Continue to deliver sustainable water harvesting and reuse, contributing to increased urban greening in open space, particularly in higher density areas.					
H	Improve biodiversity values along waterway corridors, including the Yarra River, Merri Creek and Darebin Creek with appropriate revegetation.					
•	Encourage participation in organised sport by providing adequate open space and upgrading facilities to be more inclusive for everyone.					

	If you would like to be kept informed about the project directly, please supply your contact details.						
	Name:						
	Email:						
	Address:						
(	Age range (Please tick appropriate box)  Q5 Gender (Please tick appropriate box)						
	☐ 0-11 ☐ 25-34 ☐ 60-69 ☐ Male ☐ Female						
	12-1735-4970-84Other Prefer not to say						
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wer							
first fold over	Are there any other comments you would like to make on the draft strategy?						
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	Thank you for taking the time to provide us with feedback on the Draft Strategy. Please fold in accordance with the						
	diagram below, hold it closed with a small piece of tape (no staples please) and return free of charge via the post by Sunday 15 March 2020.						
	Note: Your name and address will be entered onto a separate data base and will not be linked to the information contained in this survey.						
	The personal information requested on this form is being collected by the City of Yarra for the purpose of understanding community views about open space provision in the municipality. The personal information will be used solely by Council for that primary purpose or directly						
	related purposes.						
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old unde	For information in your language, please call 9280 1940 and quote the <b>REF</b> number below.   欲知粵語版本的資訊,請致電9280 1932並報上下列 <b>REF</b> 號碼。  Για πληροφορίες στα Ελληνικά, παρακαλούμε καλέστε το 9280 1934 και αναφέρετε τον αριθμό <b>REF</b> παρακάτω.   Per informazioni in italiano siete pregati di						
second fold under	chiamare il numero 9280 1931 e di citare il numero di riferimento ( <b>REF</b> number) sottoindicato.   欲知普通话版本的信息,请致电9280 1937并报上下列 <b>REF</b> 号码。  Para información en castellano. llame al 9280 1935 y cite el número de <b>REF</b> . De más adelante.   Để biết thông tin bằng tiếng việt, xin hãy gọi số 9280 1939 và nói số <b>REF</b> dưới đây. المخلومات باللغة العربية، يُرجى الإتصال هاتفيا بالرقم 9280 والإشارة الى رقم المرجم REF dưới đây.						
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FOLD DIAGRAM

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